### 111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 552

To reduce the Federal budget deficit by creating a surtax on high income individuals and eliminating big oil and gas company tax loopholes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 10, 2011

Mr. Sanders (for himself and Ms. Mikulski) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

# A BILL

To reduce the Federal budget deficit by creating a surtax on high income individuals and eliminating big oil and gas company tax loopholes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Emergency Deficit Re-
- 5 duction Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Senate finds the following:
- 8 (1) At a time when our Nation has a \$14.2 tril-
- 9 lion national debt and a \$1.6 trillion annual deficit,
- moving aggressively toward deficit reduction means

- that we must include not only well-targeted budget cuts, but revenue raised in a fair and economically just way. Questions every Member of Congress should be asking are the following:
  - (A) Do we ask the highest paid executives on Wall Street to give up a \$1 million a year tax break, or do we ask senior citizens to go cold in the winter by cutting the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program?
  - (B) Do we ask Exxon Mobil and other big oil companies to give up their tax breaks, or do we ask over 9 million college students to go further into debt by cutting Pell Grants by \$5.7 billion?
  - (C) Do we stop cutting taxes for the richest 400 American families, who earned an average of \$345 million in 2007, or do we delay Social Security benefits to 500,000 Americans by a \$1.7 billion cut in the Social Security Administration?
  - (D) Do we establish an emergency deficit reduction surtax on millionaires and billionaires, or do we deny over 200,000 little children the opportunity to enroll in Head Start by cutting this program by \$1.1 billion?

- 1 (E) Do we finally tax hedge fund man2 agers who make at least \$1 billion at a higher
  3 rate than police officers, teachers, firefighters,
  4 and nurses, or will 11 million Americans be de5 nied access to quality primary healthcare by a
  \$1.3 billion cut in community health centers?
  - (2) At a time when the wealthiest people in this country are doing phenomenally well, when the effective Federal tax rates for the richest Americans are the lowest on record, and when the top 2 percent of taxpayers have received hundreds of billions of dollars in tax breaks in recent years, it would be morally wrong for the United States Congress to move towards a balanced budget on the backs of the middle class, the elderly, the sick, and the most vulnerable people in our society while asking nothing of the highest income earners and most profitable corporations.
  - (3) Creating an emergency deficit reduction surtax on income over \$1 million will reduce the deficit in a fair and economically just way by increasing revenue from those who can afford it the most.
  - (4) From 2000 to 2010, the 5 largest oil companies in the United States made nearly \$1 trillion in profits, yet some of them paid nothing in Federal

- income taxes in recent years. Ending outdated and unnecessary tax credits, deductions, and subsidies for big oil companies is a fair and economically just way to raise revenue and reduce the deficit.
- (5) In the midst of the worst recession since the 6 Great Depression, America's middle class and work-7 ing families have already paid a very heavy price in 8 terms of lost jobs, lost homes, lost wages, and lost 9 opportunity. The time has come to ask the wealthi-10 est in our society and the most profitable corpora-11 tions in America to help our Nation address its def-12 icit crisis. Any deficit reduction package must in-13 clude raising revenue from the wealthy and elimi-14 nating tax breaks for big oil companies.

# 15 SEC. 3. EMERGENCY DEFICIT REDUCTION SURCHARGE ON

#### 16 HIGH INCOME INDIVIDUALS.

- 17 (a) In General.—Subchapter A of chapter 1 of the
- 18 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at
- 19 the end the following new part:

# 20 "PART VIII—EMERGENCY DEFICIT REDUCTION

## 21 SURCHARGE ON HIGH INCOME INDIVIDUALS

"Sec. 59B. Emergency deficit reduction surcharge on high income individuals.

1	"SEC. 59B. EMERGENCY DEFICIT REDUCTION SURCHARGE
2	ON HIGH INCOME INDIVIDUALS.
3	"(a) General Rule.—In the case of a taxpayer
4	other than a corporation, there is hereby imposed (in addi-
5	tion to any other tax imposed by this subtitle) a tax equal
6	to 5.4 percent of so much of the modified adjusted gross
7	income of the tax payer as exceeds $1,000,000$ ( $2,000,000$
8	in the case of any taxpayer making a joint return under
9	section 6013).
10	"(b) Modified Adjusted Gross Income.—For
11	purposes of this section, the term 'modified adjusted gross
12	income' means adjusted gross income reduced by any de-
13	duction (not taken into account in determining adjusted
14	gross income) allowed for investment interest (as defined
15	in section 163(d)). In the case of an estate or trust, ad-
16	justed gross income shall be determined as provided in sec-
17	tion 67(e).
18	"(c) Special Rules.—
19	"(1) Nonresident alien.—In the case of a
20	nonresident alien individual, only amounts taken
21	into account in connection with the tax imposed
22	under section 871(b) shall be taken into account
23	under this section.
24	"(2) CITIZENS AND RESIDENTS LIVING
25	ABROAD.—The dollar amount in effect under sub-

section (a) shall be decreased by the excess of—

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1	"(A) the amounts excluded from the tax-
2	payer's gross income under section 911, over
3	"(B) the amounts of any deductions or ex-
4	clusions disallowed under section 911(d)(6)
5	with respect to the amounts described in sub-
6	paragraph (A).
7	"(3) Charitable Trusts.—Subsection (a)
8	shall not apply to a trust all the unexpired interests
9	in which are devoted to one or more of the purposes
10	described in section 170(e)(2)(B).
11	"(4) Not treated as tax imposed by this
12	CHAPTER FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES.—The tax im-
13	posed under this section shall not be treated as tax
14	imposed by this chapter for purposes of determining
15	the amount of any credit under this chapter or for
16	purposes of section 55.".
17	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of parts for
18	subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code
19	of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following
20	new item:
	"PART VIII. EMERGENCY DEFICIT REDUCTION SURCHARGE ON HIGH INCOME INDIVIDUALS.".

21 (c) Section 15 Not To Apply.—The amendment 22 made by subsection (a) shall not be treated as a change 23 in a rate of tax for purposes of section 15 of the Internal 24 Revenue Code of 1986.

- 1 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 2 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 3 December 31, 2010.
- 4 SEC. 4. REPEAL OF EXPENSING AND 60-MONTH AMORTIZA-
- 5 TION OF INTANGIBLE DRILLING COSTS.
- 6 Subsection (c) of section 263 of the Internal Revenue
- 7 Code of 1986 is amended by striking the period at the
- 8 end of the third sentence and inserting ", or to any costs
- 9 paid or incurred after December 31, 2010.".
- 10 SEC. 5. REPEAL OF PERCENTAGE DEPLETION FOR OIL AND
- GAS WELLS.
- 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 613 of the Internal Rev-
- 13 enue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the
- 14 following new subsection:
- 15 "(f) Termination of Percentage Depletion
- 16 FOR OIL AND GAS PROPERTIES.—In the case of oil and
- 17 gas properties, this section shall not apply to any taxable
- 18 year beginning after December 31, 2010.".
- 19 (b) Limitations on Percentage Depletion in
- 20 Case of Oil and Gas Wells.—Section 613A of the In-
- 21 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the
- 22 end the following new subsection:
- "(f) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to
- 24 any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2010.".

1	SEC. 6. DENIAL OF DEDUCTION FOR INCOME ATTRIB-
2	UTABLE TO DOMESTIC PRODUCTION OF OIL,
3	NATURAL GAS, OR PRIMARY PRODUCTS
4	THEREOF.
5	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (B) of section
6	199(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amend-
7	ed by striking "or" at the end of clause (ii), by striking
8	the period at the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", or",
9	and by inserting after clause (iii) the following new clause:
10	"(iv) the production, refining, proc-
11	essing, transportation, or distribution of
12	oil, natural gas, or any primary product
13	thereof.".
14	(b) PRIMARY PRODUCT.—Section 199(c)(4)(B) of the
15	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at
16	the end the following flush sentence:
17	"For purposes of clause (iv), the term 'primary
18	product' has the same meaning as when used in
19	section 927(a)(2)(C), as in effect before its re-
20	peal.".
21	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
22	(1) Section 199(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue
23	Code of 1986 is amended—
24	(A) in subparagraph (A)(i)(III) by striking
25	"electricity, natural gas," and inserting "elec-
26	tricity", and

1	(B) in subparagraph (B)(ii) by striking
2	"electricity, natural gas," and inserting "elec-
3	tricity".
4	(2) Section 199(d) of such Code is amended by
5	striking paragraph (9) and by redesignating para-
6	graph (10) as paragraph (9).
7	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
8	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
9	December 31, 2010.

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