SB0057S02 compared with SB0057S01

{deleted text} shows text that was in SB0057S01 but was deleted in SB0057S02.

inserted text shows text that was not in SB0057S01 but was inserted into SB0057S02.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Senator Lincoln Fillmore proposes the following substitute bill:

COUNTY COUNSEL AMENDMENTS

2022 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore

House	e Sponsor	•	

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill modifies <u>provisions related to</u> the <u>{responsibilities}</u> <u>duties</u> of <u>{certain attorneys</u> who are representing a county} <u>a district or county attorney</u>.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- - modifies the duties of an attorney appointed by a county legislative body in a county
 that has a county executive-council form of county government;
- modifies the duties of a district or county attorney {in a} related to reviewing county {that has a county executive-council form of county government; and
 - makes technical changes} legal documents.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

SB0057S02 compared with **SB0057S01**

None **Other Special Clauses:** None **Utah Code Sections Affected:** AMENDS: 17-15-27, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 68 17-18a-504, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 237 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* Section 1. Section $\frac{17-15-27}{17-18a-504}$ is amended to read: 17-15-27. Appointment of legal counsel by county executive and county legislative body. (1) (a) An elected county executive in a county that has adopted a county executive-council form of county government under Chapter 52a, Changing Forms of County Government, may appoint an attorney to advise and represent the county executive. (b) An attorney appointed under Subsection (1)(a): (i) serves at the pleasure of the county executive; and (ii) may not perform any of the functions of a county attorney or district attorney under this title, except as provided in this section. (c) An attorney appointed under this Subsection (1) may represent the county executive in cases and controversies before courts and administrative agencies and tribunals when a conflict exists that precludes the county or district attorney from representing the county executive. (2) (a) The legislative body of a county that has adopted a county executive-council form of county government under Chapter 52a, Changing Forms of County Government, may appoint an attorney to advise and represent the county legislative body. (b) An attorney appointed under Subsection (2)(a): (i) serves at the pleasure of the county legislative body; and

(ii) may not perform any of the functions of a county attorney or district attorney under

(c) An attorney appointed under this Subsection (2) may represent the county

this title, except as provided in this section and Section 17-18a-504.

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legislative body in cases and controversies before courts and administrative agencies and tribunals when a conflict exists that precludes the county or district attorney from representing the county legislative body.

- Section 2. Section 17-18a-504 is amended to read:
- † 17-18a-504. Review and {approve as to form.
- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Appointed attorney" means an attorney who is appointed to advise and represent the legislative body of a county in accordance with Subsection 17-15-27(2)(a).
- (b) "Civil counsel" means an attorney, as that term is defined in Section 17-18a-102, who is exercising the attorney's civil duties for a county.
- (2) advise as to form.

The civil counsel {[]shall{]]} {may} review and [approve] <u>advise</u> as to form and legality each county contract, ordinance, regulation, { policy, } real estate document, conveyance, and legal document.

{ (3) If a county has an appointed attorney, the legislative body may assign the appointed attorney to review and advise as to form and legality any county contract, ordinance, regulation, policy, real estate document, conveyance, or legal document.

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