

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

~~{deleted text}~~ shows text that was in SB0195S01 but was deleted in SB0195S02.

inserted text shows text that was not in SB0195S01 but was inserted into SB0195S02.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Senator Daniel McCay proposes the following substitute bill:

GOLF COURSE AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay

House Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill addresses water use by and management of golf courses.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ makes water data regarding golf courses a protected record under Government Records Access and Management Act;
- ▶ defines terms;
- ▶ requires a study of water use by golf courses;
- ▶ outlines process to be followed in conducting and reporting on the study;
- ▶ ~~{creates an advisory board related to golf that is subject to a sunset date}~~ requires the Division of State Parks to develop a master plan for state-owned golf courses and to report on the master plan; and

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

- ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 1, 16, 205, and 329

~~{ **63I-1-279**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 211~~

~~— **79-2-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 34, 205~~

ENACTS:

79-4-207, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **63G-2-305** is amended to read:

63G-2-305. Protected records.

The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:

(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;

(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person if:

(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;

(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than the public in obtaining access; and

(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;

(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;

(4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);

(5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, employment, or academic examinations;

(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:

(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to:

- (i) an invitation for bids;
- (ii) a request for proposals;
- (iii) a request for quotes;
- (iv) a grant; or
- (v) other similar document; or

(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;

(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to the information, after:

(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been awarded and signed by all parties; or

(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the subject of the request for information; and

(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is issued;

(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;

(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;

(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;

(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value of the property; or

(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;

(9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless:

(a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or

(b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;

(10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:

(a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;

(b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;

(c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

(d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or

(e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;

(11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;

(12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;

(13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;

(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's jurisdiction;

(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with audits or collections;

(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until the final audit is released;

(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;

(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer, employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;

(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or from a member of the Legislature; and

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and

(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection with the preparation of legislation between:

(A) members of a legislative body;

(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or

(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and

(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;

(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and

(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;

(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared in response to these requests;

(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;

(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:

(a) collective bargaining; or

(b) imminent or pending litigation;

(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;

(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;

(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;

(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;

(28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;

(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;

(30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas;

(31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;

(32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;

(33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;

(34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;

(35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;

(36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;

(37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:

(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;

(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and

(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;

(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13;

(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section 34A-2-205;

(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to, or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:

(i) unpublished lecture notes;

(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:

(A) relating to research; and

(B) of:

(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102; or

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

- (II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
- (iii) unpublished manuscripts;
- (iv) creative works in process;
- (v) scholarly correspondence; and
- (vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
- (b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
- (c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
- (41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
- (b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
- (42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other document that indicates the location of:
 - (a) a production facility; or
 - (b) a magazine;
- (43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
- (44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80, Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
- (45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the National Guard's federal mission;
- (46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
- (47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by the Department of Agriculture and Food;

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section 63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of which would jeopardize:

- (a) the safety of the general public; or
- (b) the security of:
 - (i) governmental property;
 - (ii) governmental programs; or
 - (iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency

Management information;

(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control of Animal Disease;

(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-408:

(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related to a complaint regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to substantiate; and

(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;

(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or personal mobile phone number, if:

(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law, ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and

(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be kept confidential due to:

- (i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
- (ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;

(52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone number where the candidate may be contacted:

(a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination, described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405, 20A-9-408, 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;

(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or

(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 20A-9-408;

(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:

(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section 53B-1-102; and

(b) conducted using animals;

(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection 78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);

(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public, the information or report;

(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63L-11-202;

(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;

(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:

(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or

(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or municipality;

(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:

(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;

(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;

(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;

(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, or audit program; or

(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an investigation or audit;

(60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;

(61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections 58-68-304(3) and (4);

(62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;

(63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;

(64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a victim, including:

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

(a) a victim's application or request for benefits;
(b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and
(c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to, evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim Reparations Fund;

(65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:

(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f); or
(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording;

(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly announced finalist;

(67) an audio recording that is:
(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition;
(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder service:
(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening condition; and
(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and

(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve their response to an emergency situation;

(68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position with the Legislature;

(69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;

(70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency under Section 61-1-206;

(71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section 31A-37-201;

(72) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;

(73) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of Subsection 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);

(74) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury involving an amusement ride;

(75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition, including a petition or request described in the following titles:

(a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;

(b) Title 17, Counties;

(c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts;

(d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and

(e) Title 20A, Election Code;

(76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a voter registration record;

(77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature described in Subsection (75) or (76), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;

(78) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

5, Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;

(79) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103;

(80) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;

(81) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail, unless:

(a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;

(b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:

(i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist in apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or

(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal proceeding; or

(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest;

(82) a record:

(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;

(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section 63M-14-205; and

(c) the disclosure of which would:

(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the Colorado River system;

(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system; or

(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;

(83) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

Office of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (83) may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval decision;

(84) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:

(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;

and

(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records described in Subsection (84)(a);

(85) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the governmental entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative investigation into potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:

(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the statement; and

(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the employee in any criminal proceeding;

(86) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in Section 53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section 53F-6-401; [~~and~~]

(87) a record:

(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;

(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the federal government; and

(c) the disclosure of which would:

(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the Great Salt Lake;

(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or

(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake[-]; and

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

(88) a record of water data provided to the Utah State University Institute of Land, Air, and Water under Section 79-4-207.

Section 2. Section ~~{63I-1-279 is amended to read:~~

~~63I-1-279. Repeal dates: Title 79.~~

~~(1) Subsection 79-2-201(2)(p), related to the Heritage Trees Advisory Committee, is repealed July 1, 2026.~~

~~(2) Subsection 79-2-201(2)(q), related to the Utah Outdoor Recreation Infrastructure Advisory Committee, is repealed July 1, 2027.~~

~~(3) Subsection 79-2-201(2)(r)(i), related to an advisory council created by the Division of Outdoor Recreation to advise on boating policies, is repealed July 1, 2024.~~

~~(4) Subsection 79-2-201(2)(s), related to the Wildlife Board Nominating Committee, is repealed July 1, 2028.~~

~~(5) Subsection 79-2-201(2)(t), related to regional advisory councils for the Wildlife Board, is repealed July 1, 2028.~~

~~(6) the following related to the Golf Advisory Board are repealed on July 1, 2029:~~

~~(a) Subsection 79-2-201(2)(x); and~~

~~(b) Subsection 79-4-207.~~

~~[(6)] (7) Section 79-7-206, creating the Utah Outdoor Recreation Infrastructure Advisory Committee, is repealed July 1, 2027.~~

~~[(7)] (8) Title 79, Chapter 8, Part 4, Outdoor Recreational Infrastructure Grant Program, is repealed January 1, 2028.~~

~~Section 3. Section 79-2-201 is amended to read:~~

~~79-2-201. Department of Natural Resources created.~~

~~(1) There is created the Department of Natural Resources.~~

~~(2) The department comprises the following:~~

~~(a) Board of Water Resources, created in Section 73-10-1.5;~~

~~(b) Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining, created in Section 40-6-4;~~

~~(c) Board of State Parks, created in Section 79-4-301;~~

~~(d) Office of Energy Development, created in Section 79-6-401;~~

~~(e) Wildlife Board, created in Section 23A-2-301;~~

~~(f) Board of the Utah Geological Survey, created in Section 79-3-301;~~

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

- ~~—— (g) Water Development Coordinating Council, created in Section 73-10c-3;~~
 - ~~—— (h) Division of Water Rights, created in Section 73-2-1.1;~~
 - ~~—— (i) Division of Water Resources, created in Section 73-10-18;~~
 - ~~—— (j) Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, created in Section 65A-1-4;~~
 - ~~—— (k) Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining, created in Section 40-6-15;~~
 - ~~—— (l) Division of State Parks, created in Section 79-4-201;~~
 - ~~—— (m) Division of Outdoor Recreation, created in Section 79-7-201;~~
 - ~~—— (n) Division of Wildlife Resources, created in Section 23A-2-201;~~
 - ~~—— (o) Utah Geological Survey, created in Section 79-3-201;~~
 - ~~—— (p) Heritage Trees Advisory Committee, created in Section 65A-8-306;~~
 - ~~—— (q) Utah Outdoor Recreation Infrastructure Advisory Committee, created in Section 79-7-206;~~
 - ~~—— (r) (i) an advisory council that includes in the advisory council's duties advising on state boating policy, authorized by Section 73-18-3.5; or~~
 - ~~—— (ii) an advisory council that includes in the advisory council's duties advising on off-highway vehicle use, authorized by Section 41-22-10;~~
 - ~~—— (s) Wildlife Board Nominating Committee, created in Section 23A-2-302;~~
 - ~~—— (t) Wildlife Regional Advisory Councils, created in Section 23A-2-303;~~
 - ~~—— (u) Utah Watersheds Council, created in Section 73-10g-304;~~
 - ~~—— (v) Utah Natural Resources Legacy Fund Board, created in Section 23A-3-305;~~
- ~~[and]~~
- ~~—— (w) Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office created in Section 63L-11-201[.];~~
- ~~and~~
- ~~—— (x) Golf Advisory Board created in Section 79-4-207.~~
- ~~(3) The department shall provide office space, furnishings, and supplies to the Great Salt Lake commissioner appointed under Section 73-32-201, the Office of the Great Salt Lake Commissioner created in Section 73-32-301, and support staff for the Office of the Great Salt Lake Commissioner.~~

~~—— Section 4. Section 79-4-207 is enacted to read:~~

~~79-4-207 is enacted to read:~~

~~79-4-207. Water use by golf courses -- {Golf Advisory Board};Master plan for~~

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

state-owned golf courses.

(1) As used in this section:

~~{ (a) "Advisory board" means the Golf Advisory Board created in Subsection (4).~~

~~‡ (b) "Division" means the Division of State Parks.~~

~~{c} "Golf course" means:~~

~~(i) real property that may be used for golf, golf practice areas, or a driving range by the public or by the members and guests of a private club; and~~

~~(ii) improvements to the real property described in Subsection (1)(c)(i), including turf, bunkers, trees, irrigation, lakes, lake liners, bridges, practice ranges, golf greens, golf tees, paths, and trails.~~

~~{d} "Institute" means the Utah State University Institute of Land, Air, and Water.~~

~~(2) (a) The Utah State University Institute of Land, Air, and Water shall study the use of water on golf courses in the state.~~

~~(b) As part of the study under this Subsection (2), the institute shall identify best practices for water use for the unique elements of Utah's diverse geography and topography, including:~~

~~(i) surveying practices in similar climate states;~~

~~(ii) determining how much water is used by golf courses;~~

~~(iii) determining how much irrigable acreage is playing versus non-playing areas; and~~

~~(iv) recommending methods for capturing possible water savings.~~

~~(c) The institute shall work with owners and operators of golf courses to identify strategic water savings opportunities.~~

~~(d) Notwithstanding Section 63G-2-305, in preparing the report described in Subsection (2)(e), the institute shall consult and share data with the following stakeholders:~~

~~(i) two individuals selected by the Golf Alliance Utah;~~

~~(ii) one individual selected by the Utah Section of the Professional Golfers' Association of America;~~

~~(iii) one individual selected by the Utah Golf Association; and~~

~~(iv) three individuals selected by the Utah Golf Course Superintendents Association.~~

~~(e) The institute shall report the findings of the study, in a manner that does not identify golf courses, by no later than June 30, 2027, to the Legislative Water Development~~

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

Commission created in Section 73-27-102.

(3) An owner or operator of a golf course in the state shall work with the institute as part of the study under Subsection (2).

(4) (a) ~~{There is created an advisory board known as the "Golf Advisory Board" that consists of the following six members:~~

~~—— (i) two members appointed by the president of the Senate;~~

~~—— (ii) two members appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;~~

~~—— (iii) one member appointed by the governor; and~~

~~—— (iv) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources or the executive director's designee;~~

~~—— (b) Four members of the advisory board constitutes a quorum. The action of at least three members when a quorum is present constitutes action by the advisory board.~~

~~—— (c) The executive director of the Department of Natural Resources or executive director's designee shall chair the advisory board.~~

~~—— (d) (i) Except as required by Subsection (4)(d)(ii), appointed members of the advisory board are appointed to four-year terms.~~

~~—— (ii) The president of the Senate, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the governor shall jointly, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of appointed board members are staggered so that approximately half of the advisory board is appointed every two years.~~

~~—— (e) A member of the advisory board may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:~~

~~—— (i) Section 63A-3-106;~~

~~—— (ii) Section 63A-3-107; and~~

~~—— (iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.~~

~~—— (f) The advisory board shall:~~

~~—— (i) advise the division regarding water use at state-owned golf courses; and~~

~~—— (ii) assist in developing}~~ The division shall develop a master plan for state-owned golf courses, including addressing capital facilities and water use and conservation.

(b) The division shall report to the following committees regarding the division's

SB0195S02 compared with SB0195S01

master plan by no later than the November 2025 interim meetings of the Legislature:

- (i) Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee; and
- (ii) Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee.

Section ~~5~~3. **Effective date.**

This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.