1	REVENUE AND TAXATION INTERIM COMMITTEE REPORT
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2016 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
6	Senate Sponsor: Deidre M. Henderson
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill addresses reports to and by the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	<ul> <li>repeals certain reports to and by the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee;</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>requires that certain reports be provided electronically to the committee;</li> </ul>
15	<ul> <li>addresses requirements of reports made by the Governor's Office of Economic</li> </ul>
16	Development to the committee; and
17	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
23	AMENDS:
24	35A-5-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 315
25	59-1-213, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 176
26	59-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
27	59-2-303.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 131
28	59-2-1308.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 325
29	59-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 310

30	59-7-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 223
31	59-7-612, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 405
32	59-7-613, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 384
33	59-7-614.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
34	59-7-614.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
35	59-7-614.7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 410
36	59-7-614.8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
37	59-7-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 312
38	59-7-903, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 41
39	59-9-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 266
40	59-10-1002.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 30 and 41
41	59-10-1010, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 223
42	59-10-1012, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 405
43	<b>59-10-1013</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 384
44	59-10-1029, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 410
45	<b>59-10-1030</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
46	<b>59-10-1107</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
47	<b>59-10-1108</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
48	59-10-1304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 30 and 41
49	<b>59-12-103.1</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 150
50	59-12-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 11, 294, and 353
51	59-12-104.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 203
52	59-12-104.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 41
53	59-23-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 105
54	63M-4-505, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 410
55	63N-2-810, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
56	REPEALS:
57	59-26-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 300

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)	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
)	Section 1. Section <b>35A-5-306</b> is amended to read:
1	35A-5-306. Report to the Legislature.
2	Beginning with the 2016 interim, the department shall [report] annually provide an
3	electronic report to the Economic Development and Workforce Services Interim Committee
4	and the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee:
5	(1) on or before the November interim meeting; and
6	(2) on the amount of tax credits the department grants under this part.
7	Section 2. Section <b>59-1-213</b> is amended to read:
3	59-1-213. Annual report on Internal Revenue Code changes.
)	The commission shall annually provide an electronic report to the Revenue and
)	Taxation Interim Committee on or before the October interim meeting concerning the impacts
1	of the reliance of this title on the Internal Revenue Code, including:
2	(1) any modification to the Internal Revenue Code that is likely to have a fiscal impact
3	on state revenues:
4	(a) that became effective:
5	(i) if the commission is preparing its initial report in accordance with this section,
5	during the previous calendar year; or
7	(ii) if the commission has prepared a previous report in accordance with this section,
3	after the most recent report prepared in accordance with this section; or
)	(b) that have been enacted and will become effective prior to the end of the calendar
)	year that begins January 1 following the current report prepared in accordance with this
1	section;
2	(2) the fiscal impacts a modification described in Subsection (1) may have on state
3	revenues; and
4	(3) statutory or administrative options to:
5	(a) implement the effects on this title of a modification described in Subsection (1); or

86	(b) change this title to prevent this title from implementing a modification described in
87	Subsection (1).
88	Section 3. Section <b>59-1-304</b> is amended to read:
89	59-1-304. Definition Limitations on maintaining a class action that relates to a
90	tax or fee Requirements for a person to be included as a member of a class in a class
91	action Rulemaking authority Limitations on recovery by members of a class
92	Severability.
93	(1) As used in this section, "tax or fee" means a tax or fee administered by the
94	commission.
95	(2) A class action that relates to a tax or fee may not be maintained in any court if a
96	claim sought by a representative party seeking to maintain the class action arises as a result of:
97	(a) a person collecting a tax or fee from the representative party if the representative
98	party is not required by law to pay the tax or fee; or
99	(b) any of the following that requires a change in the manner in which a tax or fee is
100	required to be collected or paid:
101	(i) an administrative rule made by the commission;
102	(ii) a private letter ruling issued by the commission; or
103	(iii) a decision issued by:
104	(A) the commission; or
105	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction.
106	(3) (a) A person may be included as a member of a class in a class action relating to a
107	tax or fee only if the person:
108	(i) exhausts all administrative remedies with the commission; and
109	(ii) requests in writing to be included as a member of the class.
110	(b) (i) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
111	the commission shall make rules to simplify and expedite the administrative remedies a person
112	shall exhaust as required by Subsection (3)(a).
113	(ii) The rules required by Subsection (3)(b)(i) may include rules providing for:

114	(A) expedited filing procedures and forms;
115	(B) consolidation of hearings procedures as may be reasonably needed to accommodate
116	potential inclusion of similarly situated persons; and
117	(C) the designation of test or sample cases to avoid multiple hearings.
118	[(iii) The commission shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee on
119	the status of the rules required by this Subsection (3)(b) on or before the October 2004 interim
120	meeting.]
121	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), in a class action brought under this section against the
122	state or its political subdivisions in which members of the class are awarded a refund or credit
123	of a tax or fee by a court of competent jurisdiction, the total amount that may be recovered by
124	members of the class may not exceed the difference between:
125	(a) the sum of:
126	(i) the amount of the refund or credit awarded to members of the class; and
127	(ii) interest as provided in Section 59-1-402; and
128	(b) if awarded in accordance with Subsection (5), the sum of:
129	(i) reasonable costs; and
130	(ii) reasonable attorney fees.
131	(5) (a) For purposes of Subsection (4), at the discretion of the court, the court may
132	award:
133	(i) reasonable costs as determined by the court; and
134	(ii) reasonable attorney fees determined under Subsection (5)(b).
135	(b) Reasonable attorney fees awarded in a class action may not exceed a reasonable
136	hourly rate for work actually performed:
137	(i) as determined by the court; and
138	(ii) taking into account all facts and circumstances that the court considers reasonable.
139	(6) If any provision of this section, or the application of any provision of this section to
140	any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent
141	jurisdiction, the remainder of the section shall be given effect without the invalid provision or

142	application.
143	Section 4. Section <b>59-2-303.1</b> is amended to read:
144	59-2-303.1. Mandatory cyclical appraisals.
145	(1) For purposes of this section:
146	(a) "Corrective action" includes:
147	(i) factoring pursuant to Section 59-2-704;
148	(ii) notifying the state auditor that the county failed to comply with the requirements of
149	this section; or
150	(iii) filing a petition for a court order requiring a county to take action.
151	(b) "Mass appraisal system" means a computer assisted mass appraisal system that:
152	(i) a county assessor uses to value real property; and
153	(ii) includes at least the following system features:
154	(A) has the ability to update all parcels of real property located within the county each
155	year;
156	(B) can be programmed with specialized criteria;
157	(C) provides uniform and equal treatment of parcels within the same class of real
158	property throughout the county; and
159	(D) annually updates all parcels of residential real property within the county using
160	accepted valuation methodologies as determined by rule.
161	(c) "Property review date" means the date a county assessor completes a detailed
162	review of the property characteristics of a parcel of real property in accordance with Subsection
163	(3)(a).
164	(2) (a) The county assessor shall annually update property values of property as
165	provided in Section 59-2-301 based on a systematic review of current market data.
166	(b) The county assessor shall conduct the annual update described in Subsection (2)(a)
167	by using a mass appraisal system on or before the following:
168	(i) for a county of the first class, January 1, 2009;
169	(ii) for a county of the second class, January 1, 2011;

170	(iii) for a county of the third class, January 1, 2014; and
171	(iv) for a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, January 1, 2015.
172	(c) The county assessor and the commission shall jointly certify that the county's mass
173	appraisal system meets the requirements:
174	(i) described in Subsection (1)(b); and
175	(ii) of the commission.
176	(3) (a) In addition to the requirements in Subsection (2), the county assessor shall
177	complete a detailed review of property characteristics for each property at least once every five
178	years.
179	(b) The county assessor shall maintain on the county's computer system, a record of the
180	last property review date for each parcel of real property located within the county assessor's
181	county.
182	(4) (a) The commission shall take corrective action if the commission determines that:
183	(i) a county assessor has not satisfactorily followed the current mass appraisal
184	standards, as provided by law;
185	(ii) the sales-assessment ratio, coefficients of dispersion, or other statistical measures
186	of appraisal performance related to the studies required by Section 59-2-704 are not within the
187	standards provided by law; or
188	(iii) the county assessor has failed to comply with the requirements of this section.
189	(b) If a county assessor fails to comply with the requirements of this section for one
190	year, the commission shall assist the county assessor in fulfilling the requirements of
191	Subsections (2) and (3).
192	(c) If a county assessor fails to comply with the requirements of this section for two
193	consecutive years, the county will lose the county's allocation of the revenue generated
194	statewide from the imposition of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy authorized in

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Sections 59-2-1602 and 59-2-1603.

(d) If a county loses its allocation of the revenue generated statewide from the

imposition of the multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection (4)(c), the

198 revenue the county would have received shall be distributed to the Multicounty Appraisal Trust 199 created by interlocal agreement by all counties in the state. 200 (5) (a) On or before July 1, 2008, the county assessor shall prepare a five-year plan to 201 comply with the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3). 202 (b) The plan shall be available in the county assessor's office for review by the public 203 upon request. 204 (c) The plan shall be annually reviewed and revised as necessary. 205 (6) [(a)] A county assessor shall create, maintain, and regularly update a database 206 containing the following information that the county assessor may use to enhance the county's 207 ability to accurately appraise and assess property on an annual basis: 208 [(i)] (a) fee and other appraisals; [(ii)] (b) property characteristics and features; 209 210 [(iii)] (c) property surveys; 211 [(iv)] (d) sales data; and 212 [<del>(v)</del>] (e) any other data or information on sales, studies, transfers, changes to property, 213 or property characteristics. 214 (b) A county assessor shall submit a report to the commission on or before September 215 1 stating the progress of the county assessor to meet the requirements of Subsection (6)(a). 216 [(c) The commission shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee on 217 or before the October interim meeting concerning the information received from the county 218 assessors pursuant to Subsection (6)(b). 219 Section 5. Section **59-2-1308.5** is amended to read: 220 59-2-1308.5. Equal payment agreements. 221 (1) (a) The commission may enter into an agreement with a commercial or industrial 222 taxpayer to provide for equal, or approximately equal, property tax payments over a reasonable 223 period of years, not to exceed 20 years, if: 224 (i) the payment schedule is based on an accepted valuation methodology that

reasonably estimates the property's anticipated fair market value over the period of the

226	proposed	equal	payments

(ii) the agreement includes a provision making the initial equal payment schedule subject to an annual adjustment, as necessary, to account for differences between the property's fair market value as of the annual lien date and the property's fair market value that formed the basis of the initial equal payment schedule;

- (iii) the commission, the taxpayer, and each affected taxing entity approve the agreement; and
- (iv) the total amount the taxpayer pays under the agreement is no less than the amount the taxpayer would have paid in the absence of the agreement.
- (b) A taxing entity may not approve an agreement under this section on behalf of another taxing entity.
- (2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), a tax lien under this chapter against the taxpayer's property is not affected by a payment pursuant to an agreement under this section to the extent of the difference between the amount the taxpayer would have been required to pay in the absence of the agreement and the amount of the payment under the agreement.
- (b) For purposes of enforcing a tax lien under this chapter, a taxpayer's failure to pay the full amount of taxes that the taxpayer would have been required to pay in the absence of an agreement under this section does not constitute a failure to pay the full amount of taxes owing:
  - (i) if the taxpayer pays the full amount of the payment owing under the agreement; and
  - (ii) unless the taxpayer:
  - (A) files for bankruptcy;
  - (B) transfers ownership of the property that is the subject of the property taxes; or
- (C) has a change in ownership and the new owner does not assume all responsibility and liability under the agreement.
- (3) (a) The commission may revise, accelerate, or cancel an equal payment agreement under this section to the same extent and for the same reasons that the commission may revise, accelerate, or cancel an installment agreement under Section 59-1-1004.
  - (b) The commission shall give the taxpayer reasonable notice of its intent to revise or

H.B. 26 **Enrolled Copy** 254 cancel an equal payment agreement under this section. 255 (4) The commission shall promulgate rules to ensure that tax revenue derived from payments pursuant to an agreement under this section do not affect the calculation of the 256 257 certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924. 258 (5) [(a) The] If the commission or a taxing entity enters into an equal payment 259 agreement under this section: 260 (a) the commission shall annually provide an electronic report to the Revenue and 261 Taxation Interim Committee [an assessment of] on the effects of equal payment agreements 262 under this section[-]; and 263 (b) the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall annually review and assess the 264 effects of equal payment agreements under this section. 265 Section 6. Section **59-5-102** is amended to read: 59-5-102. Severance tax -- Rate -- Computation -- Annual exemption -- Tax credit 266 -- Tax rate reduction. 267 268 (1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), a person owning an interest in oil or gas produced from a well in the state, including a working interest, royalty interest, payment out of 269 270 production, or any other interest, or in the proceeds of the production of oil or gas, shall pay to 271 the state a severance tax on the basis of the value determined under Section 59-5-103.1 of the 272 oil or gas: 273 (i) produced; and 274 (ii) (A) saved; 275 (B) sold; or 276 (C) transported from the field where the substance was produced.

278 in the proceeds of the production of oil or gas produced from a well in the state except for: 279 (i) an interest of the United States in oil or gas or in the proceeds of the production of

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280 oil or gas;

(b) This section applies to an interest in oil or gas produced from a well in the state or

(ii) an interest of the state or a political subdivision of the state in oil or gas or in the

282	proceeds of the production of oil or gas; or
283	(iii) an interest of an Indian or Indian tribe as defined in Section 9-9-101 in oil or gas or
284	in the proceeds of the production of oil or gas produced from land under the jurisdiction of the
285	United States.
286	(2) (a) [Subject to Subsection (2)(d), the] The severance tax rate for oil is as follows:
287	(i) 3% of the value of the oil up to and including the first \$13 per barrel for oil; and
288	(ii) 5% of the value of the oil from \$13.01 and above per barrel for oil.
289	(b) [Subject to Subsection (2)(d), the] The severance tax rate for natural gas is as
290	follows:
291	(i) 3% of the value of the natural gas up to and including the first \$1.50 per MCF for
292	gas; and
293	(ii) 5% of the value of the natural gas from \$1.51 and above per MCF for gas.
294	(c) [Subject to Subsection (2)(d), the] The severance tax rate for natural gas liquids is
295	4% of the value of the natural gas liquids.
296	[(d) (i) On or before December 15, 2004, the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst
297	and the Governor's Office of Management and Budget shall prepare a revenue forecast
298	estimating the amount of revenues that:]
299	[(A) would be generated by the taxes imposed by this part for the calendar year
300	beginning on January 1, 2004 had 2004 General Session S.B. 191 not taken effect; and]
301	[(B) will be generated by the taxes imposed by this part for the calendar year beginning
302	on January 1, 2004.]
303	[(ii) Effective on January 1, 2005, the tax rates described in Subsections (2)(a) through
304	(c) shall be:]
305	[(A) increased as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(iii) if the amount of revenues estimated
306	under Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B) is less than the amount of revenues estimated under Subsection
307	<del>(2)(d)(i)(A); or</del> ]
308	[(B) decreased as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(iii) if the amount of revenues
309	estimated under Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B) is greater than the amount of revenues estimated under

310	Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A).
311	[(iii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(ii):]
312	[(A) subject to Subsection (2)(d)(iv)(B):]
313	[(I) if an increase is required under Subsection (2)(d)(ii)(A), the total increase in the tax
314	rates shall be by the amount necessary to generate for the calendar year beginning on January 1,
315	2005 revenues equal to the amount by which the revenues estimated under Subsection
316	(2)(d)(i)(A) exceed the revenues estimated under Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B); or]
317	[(II) if a decrease is required under Subsection (2)(d)(ii)(B), the total decrease in the
318	tax rates shall be by the amount necessary to reduce for the calendar year beginning on January
319	1, 2005 revenues equal to the amount by which the revenues estimated under Subsection
320	(2)(d)(i)(B) exceed the revenues estimated under Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A); and]
321	[(B) an increase or decrease in each tax rate under Subsection (2)(d)(ii) shall be in
322	proportion to the amount of revenues generated by each tax rate under this part for the calendar
323	year beginning on January 1, 2003.]
324	[(iv) (A) The commission shall calculate any tax rate increase or decrease required by
325	Subsection (2)(d)(ii) using the best information available to the commission.]
326	[(B) If the tax rates described in Subsections (2)(a) through (c) are increased or
327	decreased as provided in this Subsection (2)(d), the commission shall mail a notice to each
328	person required to file a return under this part stating the tax rate in effect on January 1, 2005
329	as a result of the increase or decrease.]
330	(3) If oil or gas is shipped outside the state:
331	(a) the shipment constitutes a sale; and
332	(b) the oil or gas is subject to the tax imposed by this section.
333	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), if the oil or gas is stockpiled, the tax is
334	not imposed until the oil or gas is:
335	(i) sold;
336	(ii) transported; or
337	(iii) delivered.

338	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), if oil or gas is stockpiled for more than two
339	years, the oil or gas is subject to the tax imposed by this section.
340	(5) A tax is not imposed under this section upon:
341	(a) stripper wells, unless the exemption prevents the severance tax from being treated
342	as a deduction for federal tax purposes;
343	(b) the first 12 months of production for wildcat wells started after January 1, 1990; or
344	(c) the first six months of production for development wells started after January 1,
345	1990.
346	(6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(b) and (c), a working interest owner who pays for all
347	or part of the expenses of a recompletion or workover may claim a nonrefundable tax credit
348	equal to 20% of the amount paid.
349	(b) The tax credit under Subsection (6)(a) for each recompletion or workover may not
350	exceed \$30,000 per well during each calendar year.
351	(c) If any amount of tax credit a taxpayer is allowed under this Subsection (6) exceeds
352	the taxpayer's tax liability under this part for the calendar year for which the taxpayer claims
353	the tax credit, the amount of tax credit exceeding the taxpayer's tax liability for the calendar
354	year may be carried forward for the next three calendar years.
355	(7) A 50% reduction in the tax rate is imposed upon the incremental production
356	achieved from an enhanced recovery project.
357	(8) The taxes imposed by this section are:
358	(a) in addition to all other taxes provided by law; and
359	(b) delinquent, unless otherwise deferred, on June 1 next succeeding the calendar year
360	when the oil or gas is:
361	(i) produced; and
362	(ii) (A) saved;
363	(B) sold; or
364	(C) transported from the field.
365	(9) With respect to the tax imposed by this section on each owner of oil or gas or in the

366 proceeds of the production of those substances produced in the state, each owner is liable for 367 the tax in proportion to the owner's interest in the production or in the proceeds of the 368 production. 369 (10) The tax imposed by this section shall be reported and paid by each producer that takes oil or gas in kind pursuant to agreement on behalf of the producer and on behalf of each 370 371 owner entitled to participate in the oil or gas sold by the producer or transported by the 372 producer from the field where the oil or gas is produced. 373 (11) Each producer shall deduct the tax imposed by this section from the amounts due 374 to other owners for the production or the proceeds of the production. 375 (12) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the applicability of the tax provided for in this chapter to coal-to-liquids, oil shale, and tar sands technology on 376 377 or before the October 2011 interim meeting. 378 [(b) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in its review the cost 379 and benefit of not applying the tax provided for in this chapter to coal-to-liquids, oil shale, and 380 tar sands technology. 381 (c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall report its findings and 382 recommendations under this Subsection (12) to the Legislative Management Committee on or 383 before the November 2011 interim meeting. 384 Section 7. Section **59-7-607** is amended to read: 385 59-7-607. Utah low-income housing tax credit. (1) As used in this section: 386 387 (a) "Allocation certificate" means: 388 (i) the certificate prescribed by the commission and issued by the Utah Housing 389 Corporation to each taxpayer that specifies the percentage of the annual federal low-income 390 housing tax credit that each taxpayer may take as an annual credit against state income tax; or 391 (ii) a copy of the allocation certificate that the housing sponsor provides to the 392 taxpayer.

(b) "Building" means a qualified low-income building as defined in Section 42(c).

394 Internal Revenue Code.

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- 395 (c) "Federal low-income housing tax credit" means the tax credit under Section 42,396 Internal Revenue Code.
  - (d) "Housing sponsor" means a corporation in the case of a C corporation, a partnership in the case of a partnership, a corporation in the case of an S corporation, or a limited liability company in the case of a limited liability company.
  - (e) "Qualified allocation plan" means the qualified allocation plan adopted by the Utah Housing Corporation pursuant to Section 42(m), Internal Revenue Code.
    - (f) "Special low-income housing tax credit certificate" means a certificate:
  - (i) prescribed by the commission;
    - (ii) that a housing sponsor issues to a taxpayer for a taxable year; and
  - (iii) that specifies the amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this section if the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section.
  - (g) "Taxpayer" means a person that is allowed a tax credit in accordance with this section which is the corporation in the case of a C corporation, the partners in the case of a partnership, the shareholders in the case of an S corporation, and the members in the case of a limited liability company.
  - (2) (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, there is allowed a nonrefundable tax credit against taxes otherwise due under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, for taxpayers issued an allocation certificate.
    - (b) The tax credit shall be in an amount equal to the greater of the amount of:
  - (i) federal low-income housing tax credit to which the taxpayer is allowed during that year multiplied by the percentage specified in an allocation certificate issued by the Utah Housing Corporation; or
  - (ii) tax credit specified in the special low-income housing tax credit certificate that the housing sponsor issues to the taxpayer as provided in Subsection (2)(c).
- 421 (c) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the tax credit is equal to the product of:

(i) the total amount of low-income housing tax credit under this section that:

423	(A) a housing sponsor is allowed for a building; and
424	(B) all of the taxpayers may claim with respect to the building if the taxpayers meet the
425	requirements of this section; and
426	(ii) the percentage of tax credit a taxpayer may claim:
427	(A) under this section if the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section; and
428	(B) as provided in the agreement between the taxpayer and the housing sponsor.
429	(d) (i) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1995, through the calendar year
430	beginning on January 1, 2015, the aggregate annual tax credit that the Utah Housing
431	Corporation may allocate for the credit period described in Section 42(f), Internal Revenue
432	Code, pursuant to this section and Section 59-10-1010 is an amount equal to the product of:
433	(A) 12.5 cents; and
434	(B) the population of Utah.
435	(ii) For purposes of this section, the population of Utah shall be determined in
436	accordance with Section 146(j), Internal Revenue Code.
437	(3) (a) By October 1, 1994, the Utah Housing Corporation shall determine criteria and
438	procedures for allocating the tax credit under this section and Section 59-10-1010 and
439	incorporate the criteria and procedures into the Utah Housing Corporation's qualified allocation
440	plan.
441	(b) The Utah Housing Corporation shall create the criteria under Subsection (3)(a)
442	based on:
443	(i) the number of affordable housing units to be created in Utah for low and moderate
444	income persons in the residential housing development of which the building is a part;
445	(ii) the level of area median income being served by the development;
446	(iii) the need for the tax credit for the economic feasibility of the development; and
447	(iv) the extended period for which the development commits to remain as affordable
448	housing.
449	(4) (a) The following may apply to the Utah Housing Corporation for a tax credit under

450	this section:
451	(i) any housing sponsor that has received an allocation of the federal low-income
452	housing tax credit; or
453	(ii) any applicant for an allocation of the federal low-income housing tax credit.
454	(b) The Utah Housing Corporation may not require fees for applications of the tax
455	credit under this section in addition to those fees required for applications for the federal
456	low-income housing tax credit.
457	(5) (a) The Utah Housing Corporation shall determine the amount of the tax credit to
458	allocate to a qualifying housing sponsor in accordance with the qualified allocation plan of the
459	Utah Housing Corporation.
460	(b) (i) The Utah Housing Corporation shall allocate the tax credit to housing sponsors
461	by issuing an allocation certificate to qualifying housing sponsors.
462	(ii) The allocation certificate under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall specify the allowed
463	percentage of the federal low-income housing tax credit as determined by the Utah Housing
464	Corporation.
465	(c) The percentage specified in an allocation certificate may not exceed 100% of the
466	federal low-income housing tax credit.
467	(6) A housing sponsor shall provide a copy of the allocation certificate to each taxpayer
468	that is issued a special low-income housing tax credit certificate.
469	(7) (a) A housing sponsor shall provide to the commission a list of:
470	(i) the taxpayers issued a special low-income housing tax credit certificate; and
471	(ii) for each taxpayer described in Subsection (7)(a)(i), the amount of tax credit listed
472	on the special low-income housing tax credit certificate.
473	(b) A housing sponsor shall provide the list required by Subsection (7)(a):
474	(i) to the commission;
475	(ii) on a form provided by the commission; and

(iii) with the housing sponsor's tax return for each taxable year for which the housing

sponsor issues a special low-income housing tax credit certificate described in this Subsection

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H.B. 26 **Enrolled Copy** 478 **(7)**. 479 (8) (a) All elections made by the taxpayer pursuant to Section 42, Internal Revenue 480 Code, shall apply to this section. 481 (b) (i) If a taxpayer is required to recapture a portion of any federal low-income 482 housing tax credit, the taxpayer shall also be required to recapture a portion of any state tax 483 credits authorized by this section. 484 (ii) The state recapture amount shall be equal to the percentage of the state tax credit 485 that equals the proportion the federal recapture amount bears to the original federal low-income 486 housing tax credit amount subject to recapture. 487 (9) (a) Any tax credits returned to the Utah Housing Corporation in any year may be 488 reallocated within the same time period as provided in Section 42, Internal Revenue Code. 489 (b) Tax credits that are unallocated by the Utah Housing Corporation in any year may 490 be carried over for allocation in the subsequent year. 491 (10) (a) Amounts otherwise qualifying for the tax credit, but not allowable because the 492 tax credit exceeds the tax, may be carried back three years or may be carried forward five years 493 as a credit against the tax. 494 (b) Carryover tax credits under Subsection (10)(a) shall be applied against the tax: (i) before the application of the tax credits earned in the current year; and 495 496 (ii) on a first-earned first-used basis. (11) Any tax credit taken in this section may be subject to an annual audit by the 497 498 commission.

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(12) The Utah Housing Corporation shall annually provide an [annual] electronic

(13) The commission may, in consultation with the Utah Housing Corporation,

report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee which shall include at least:

(a) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits; and

(b) the benefits of the tax credits to the state.

Section 8. Section **59-7-612** is amended to read:

promulgate rules to implement this section.

506	59-7-612. Tax credits for research activities conducted in the state Carry
507	forward Commission to report modification or repeal of certain federal provisions
508	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
509	(1) (a) A taxpayer meeting the requirements of this section may claim the following
510	nonrefundable tax credits:
511	(i) a research tax credit of 5% of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses for the
512	current taxable year that exceed the base amount provided for under Subsection (4);
513	(ii) a tax credit for a payment to a qualified organization for basic research as provided
514	in Section 41(e), Internal Revenue Code, of 5% for the current taxable year that exceed the
515	base amount provided for under Subsection (4); and
516	(iii) a tax credit equal to 7.5% of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses for the
517	current taxable year.
518	(b) Subject to Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under:
519	(i) Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (1)(a)(iii), for the taxable year for which the taxpayer incurs
520	the qualified research expenses; or
521	(ii) Subsection (1)(a)(ii), for the taxable year for which the taxpayer makes the payment
522	to the qualified organization.
523	(c) The tax credits provided for in this section do not include the alternative
524	incremental credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code.
525	(2) For purposes of claiming a tax credit under this section, a unitary group as defined
526	in Section 59-7-101 is considered to be one taxpayer.
527	(3) Except as specifically provided for in this section:
528	(a) the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1) shall be calculated as provided in
529	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code; and
530	(b) the definitions provided in Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, apply in calculating
531	the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1).
532	(4) For purposes of this section:
533	(a) the base amount shall be calculated as provided in Sections 41(c) and 41(h),

534	Internal Revenue Code, except that:
535	(i) the base amount does not include the calculation of the alternative incremental
536	credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code;
537	(ii) a taxpayer's gross receipts include only those gross receipts attributable to sources
538	within this state as provided in Part 3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income - Utah
539	UDITPA Provisions; and
540	(iii) notwithstanding Section 41(c), Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of calculating
541	the base amount, a taxpayer:
542	(A) may elect to be treated as a start-up company as provided in Section 41(c)(3)(B)
543	regardless of whether the taxpayer meets the requirements of Section 41(c)(3)(B)(i)(I) or (II);
544	and
545	(B) may not revoke an election to be treated as a start-up company under Subsection
546	(4)(a)(iii)(A);
547	(b) "basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except
548	that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state;
549	(c) "qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except
550	that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state;
551	(d) "qualified research expenses" is as defined and calculated in Section 41(b), Internal
552	Revenue Code, except that the term includes only:
553	(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and
554	(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state; and
555	(e) a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under
556	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
557	(5) (a) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under Subsection (1)(a)(i) or
558	(ii) exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the
559	tax credit exceeding the tax liability:
560	(i) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years;
561	and

(ii) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year.

- (b) A taxpayer may not carry forward the tax credit allowed by Subsection (1)(a)(iii).
- (6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for qualified organizations to ensure that amounts paid to the qualified organizations are for basic research conducted in this state.
- (7) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the commission shall <u>provide an electronic</u> report <u>of</u> the modification or repeal to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal becomes effective.
- (8) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the commission reports under Subsection (7) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the termination date provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under this section:
  - (i) the cost of the tax credits provided for in this section;
  - (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section:
  - (iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and
- (iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be:
- 586 (A) continued;

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- 587 (B) modified; or
- 588 (C) repealed.
- 589 (d) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits provided

590	for in this section, the committee shall report its findings to the Legislative Management
591	Committee on or before the November interim meeting of the year in which the Revenue and
592	Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits.
593	Section 9. Section <b>59-7-613</b> is amended to read:
594	59-7-613. Tax credits for machinery, equipment, or both primarily used for
595	conducting qualified research or basic research Carry forward Commission to report
596	modification or repeal of certain federal provisions Revenue and Taxation Interim
597	Committee study.
598	(1) As used in this section:
599	(a) "Basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except
600	that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state.
601	(b) "Equipment" includes:
602	(i) a computer;
603	(ii) computer equipment; and
604	(iii) computer software.
605	(c) "Purchase price":
606	(i) includes the cost of installing an item of machinery or equipment; and
607	(ii) does not include a tax imposed under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, on an
608	item of machinery or equipment.
609	(d) "Qualified organization" is as defined in Section 41(e)(6), Internal Revenue Code.
610	(e) "Qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except
611	that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state.
612	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), for taxable years beginning on or after
613	January 1, 1999, but beginning before December 31, 2010, a taxpayer meeting the requirements
614	of this section may claim the following nonrefundable tax credits:
615	(i) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price of machinery, equipment, or both:
616	(A) purchased by the taxpayer during the taxable year;
617	(B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; and

618	(C) that is primarily used to conduct qualified research in this state; and
619	(ii) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price of machinery, equipment, or both:
620	(A) purchased by the taxpayer during the taxable year;
621	(B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
622	(C) that is donated to a qualified organization; and
623	(D) that is primarily used to conduct basic research in this state.
624	(b) Subject to Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this section for
625	the taxable year for which the taxpayer purchases the machinery, equipment, or both.
626	(c) If a taxpayer qualifies for a tax credit under Subsection (2)(a) for a purchase of
627	machinery, equipment, or both, the taxpayer may not claim the tax credit or carry the tax credit
628	forward if the machinery, equipment, or both, is primarily used to conduct qualified research in
629	the state for a time period that is less than 12 consecutive months.
630	(3) For purposes of claiming a tax credit under this section, a unitary group as defined
631	in Section 59-7-101 is considered to be one taxpayer.
632	(4) Notwithstanding Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code, a tax credit provided for in
633	this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
634	(5) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under this section exceeds the
635	taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit
636	exceeding the tax liability:
637	(a) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years;
638	and
639	(b) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year.
640	(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
641	commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for
642	qualified organizations to ensure that machinery, equipment, or both provided to the qualified
643	organization is to be primarily used to conduct basic research in this state.
644	(7) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the

commission shall <u>provide an electronic</u> report <u>of</u> the modification or repeal to the Revenue and

646 Taxation Interim Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal 647 becomes effective. (8) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits 648 649 provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the commission reports under Subsection (7) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41, 650 651 Internal Revenue Code. 652 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a 653 654 provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the termination date 655 provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code. (c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under this 656 657 section the: 658 (i) cost of the tax credits provided for in this section; 659 (ii) purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section: (iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and 660 661 (iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be: (A) continued; 662 663 (B) modified; or 664 (C) repealed. (d) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits provided 665 for in this section, the committee shall report its findings to the Legislative Management 666 Committee on or before the November interim meeting of the year in which the Revenue and 667 668 Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits. 669 Section 10. Section **59-7-614.2** is amended to read: 670 59-7-614.2. Refundable economic development tax credit. 671 (1) As used in this section: (a) "Business entity" means a taxpayer that meets the definition of "business entity" as 672

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defined in Section 63N-2-103.

674	(b) "Community development and renewal agency" [is as] means the same as that term
675	is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
676	(c) "Local government entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
677	63N-2-103.
678	(d) "New incremental jobs" means the same as that term is defined in Section
679	<u>63N-2-103.</u>
680	(e) "New state revenues" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-103.
681	[(d)] (f) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
682	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a business entity, local government
683	entity, or community development and renewal agency may claim a refundable tax credit for
684	economic development.
685	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
686	tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity, local government entity, or
687	community development and renewal agency for the taxable year.
688	(4) A community development and renewal agency may claim a tax credit under this
689	section only if a local government entity assigns the tax credit to the community development
690	and renewal agency in accordance with Section 63N-2-104.
691	(5) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
692	(5)(b), the commission shall make a refund to the following that claim a tax credit under this
693	section:
694	(i) a local government entity;
695	(ii) a community development and renewal agency; or
696	(iii) a business entity if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the business entity's tax
697	liability for a taxable year.
698	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
699	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a business entity,
700	local government entity, or community development and renewal agency as required by
701	Subsection (5)(a)

702	(6) (a) On or before October 1, 2013, and every five years after October 1, 2013, the
703	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and
704	make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax
705	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
706	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (6), the office shall provide
707	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
708	means:
709	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each business entity, local
710	government entity, or community development and renewal agency for each calendar year;
711	(ii) the criteria that the office uses in granting a tax credit;
712	(iii) (A) for a business entity, the new state revenues generated by the business entity
713	for the calendar year; or
714	(B) for a local government entity, regardless of whether the local government entity
715	assigns the tax credit in accordance with Section 63N-2-104, the new state revenues generated
716	as a result of a new commercial project within the local government entity for each calendar
717	year;
718	(iv) estimates for each of the next five calendar years of the following:
719	(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;
720	(B) the amount of new state revenues that will be generated; and
721	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
722	$\left[\frac{\text{(iv)}}{\text{(v)}}\right]$ the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
723	Section 63N-2-106; and
724	[ <del>(v)</del> ] <u>(vi)</u> any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee
725	requests.
726	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
727	recommendations under Subsection (6)(a) include an evaluation of:
728	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
729	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and

730	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
731	Section 11. Section <b>59-7-614.5</b> is amended to read:
732	59-7-614.5. Refundable motion picture tax credit.
733	(1) As used in this section:
734	(a) "Motion picture company" means a taxpayer that meets the definition of a motion
735	picture company under Section 63N-8-102.
736	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
737	(c) "State-approved production" has the same meaning as defined in Section
738	63N-8-102.
739	(2) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a motion picture company
740	may claim a refundable tax credit for a state-approved production.
741	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
742	tax credit certificate that the office issues to a motion picture company under Section
743	63N-8-103 for the taxable year.
744	(4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
745	(4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a motion picture company that claims a tax
746	credit under this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the motion picture company's
747	tax liability for a taxable year.
748	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
749	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a motion picture
750	company as required by Subsection (4)(a).
751	(5) (a) On or before October 1, 2014, and every five years after October 1, 2014, the
752	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and
753	make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax
754	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
755	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
756	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
757	means:

758	(i) (A) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each motion picture company
759	for each calendar year; and
760	(B) estimates of the amount of tax credit that the office will grant for each of the next
761	five calendar years;
762	(ii) the criteria that the office uses in granting the tax credit;
763	(iii) the dollars left in the state, as defined in Section 63N-8-102, by each motion
764	picture company for each calendar year;
765	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
766	Section 63N-8-105; and
767	(v) any other information requested by the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee.
768	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
769	recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
770	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
771	(ii) the effectiveness of the tax credit; and
772	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
773	Section 12. Section <b>59-7-614.7</b> is amended to read:
774	59-7-614.7. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.
775	(1) As used in this section:
776	(a) "Alternative energy entity" is as defined in Section 63M-4-502.
777	(b) "Alternative energy project" is as defined in Section 63M-4-502.
778	(c) "Office" is as defined in Section 63M-4-401.
779	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
780	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section.
781	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
782	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 5, Alternative
783	Energy Development Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
784	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
785	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:

786	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
787	taxable year; and
788	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
789	under this chapter for that taxable year.
790	(5) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017, the
791	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and
792	make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax
793	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
794	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
795	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
796	means:
797	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
798	each taxable year;
799	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project;
800	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
801	Section 63M-4-505; and
802	(iv) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests.
803	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
804	recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
805	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
806	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
807	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
808	Section 13. Section <b>59-7-614.8</b> is amended to read:
809	59-7-614.8. Nonrefundable alternative energy manufacturing tax credit.
810	(1) As used in this section:
811	(a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
812	63N-2-702.
813	(b) "Alternative energy manufacturing project" [is as] means the same as that term is

814	defined in Section 63N-2-702.
815	(c) "New incremental job within the state" means the same as that term is defined in
816	Section 63N-2-702.
817	(d) "New state revenues" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-702.
818	[(e)] (e) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
819	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
820	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy manufacturing as provided in this
821	section.
822	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
823	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 7, Alternative
824	Energy Manufacturing Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
825	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
826	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
827	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
828	taxable year; and
829	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
830	under this chapter for that taxable year.
831	(5) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017, the
832	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and
833	make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax
834	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
835	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
836	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
837	means:
838	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
839	each taxable year;
840	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy manufacturing project;
841	(iii) estimates for each of the next five calendar years of the following:

842	(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;
843	(B) the amount of new state revenues that will be generated; and
844	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
845	[(iii)] (iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
846	Section 63N-2-705; and
847	[(iv)] $(v)$ any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee
848	requests.
849	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
850	recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
851	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
852	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
853	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
854	Section 14. Section 59-7-701 is amended to read:
855	59-7-701. Taxation of S corporations.
856	(1) Except as provided in Section 59-7-102 and subject to the other provisions of this
857	part, beginning on July 1, 1994, and ending on the last day of the taxable year that begins on or
858	after January 1, 2012, but begins on or before December 31, 2012, an S corporation is subject
859	to taxation in the same manner as that S corporation is taxed under Subchapter S - Tax
860	Treatment of S Corporations and Their Shareholders, Sec. 1361 et seq., Internal Revenue Code
861	(2) An S corporation is taxed at the tax rate provided in Section 59-7-104.
862	(3) The business income and nonbusiness income of an S corporation is subject to Part
863	3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income - Utah UDITPA Provisions.
864	(4) An S corporation having income derived from or connected with Utah sources shall
865	make a return in accordance with Section 59-10-507.
866	(5) An S corporation shall make payments of estimated tax as required by Section
867	59-7-504.
868	(6) An S corporation is subject to Chapter 10, Part 14, Pass-Through Entities and

Pass-Through Entity Taxpayers Act.

870	(7) A pass-through entity taxpayer as defined in Section 59-10-1402 of an S
871	corporation is subject to Chapter 10, Part 14, Pass-Through Entities and Pass-Through Entity
872	Taxpayers Act.
873	(8) Provisions under this chapter governing the following apply to an S corporation:
874	(a) an assessment;
875	(b) a penalty;
876	(c) a refund; or
877	(d) a record required for an S corporation.
878	[(9) (a) During the 2011 interim, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall
879	study the fiscal impacts of:]
880	[(i) the enactment of Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 312; and]
881	[(ii) the taxation of S corporations under this part.]
882	[(b) On or before November 30, 2011, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee
883	shall report its findings and recommendations on the study to the Executive Appropriations
884	Committee.]
885	Section 15. Section 59-7-903 is amended to read:
886	59-7-903. Removal of tax credit from tax return Prohibition on claiming or
887	carrying forward a tax credit Commission publishing requirements.
888	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the commission shall remove a tax credit from a tax
889	return and a person filing a tax return may not claim or carry forward the tax credit if:
890	(a) the total amount of tax credit claimed or carried forward by all persons who file a
891	tax return is less than \$10,000 per taxable year for three consecutive taxable years; and
892	(b) less than 10 persons per year for the three consecutive taxable years described in
893	Subsection (1)(a) file a tax return claiming or carrying forward the tax credit.
894	(2) If the commission determines the requirements of Subsection (1) are met, the
895	commission shall remove a tax credit from a tax return and a person filing a tax return may not
896	claim or carry forward the tax credit beginning two taxable years after the January 1
897	immediately following the date the commission determines the requirements of Subsection (1)

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(3) The commission shall, on or before the November interim meeting of the year after the taxable year in which the commission determines the requirements of Subsection (1) are met, report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee <u>by electronic means</u> that, in accordance with this section:

- (a) the commission is required to remove a tax credit from a return on which the tax credit appears; and
  - (b) a person filing a tax return may not claim or carry forward the tax credit.
- (4) (a) Within a 30-day period after making the report required by Subsection (3), the commission shall publish a list in accordance with Subsection (4)(b) stating each tax credit that the commission will remove from a return on which the tax credit appears.
  - (b) The list shall:
- 910 (i) be published on:
- 911 (A) the commission's website; and
- 912 (B) the public legal notice website in accordance with Section 45-1-101;
- 913 (ii) include a statement that:
- 914 (A) the commission is required to remove the tax credit from each return on which the 915 tax credit appears; and
  - (B) the tax credit may not be claimed or carried forward on a return;
- 917 (iii) state the taxable year for which the removal described in Subsection (4)(a) takes 918 effect; and
- 919 (iv) remain available for viewing and searching until the commission publishes a new 920 list in accordance with this Subsection (4).
- 921 Section 16. Section **59-9-101** is amended to read:
- 922 59-9-101. Tax basis -- Rates -- Exemptions -- Rate reductions.
- 923 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), (1)(d), or (5), an admitted insurer shall 924 pay to the commission on or before March 31 in each year, a tax of 2-1/4% of the total 925 premiums received by it during the preceding calendar year from insurance covering property

926	or risks located in this state.
927	(b) This Subsection (1) does not apply to:
928	(i) workers' compensation insurance, assessed under Subsection (2);
929	(ii) title insurance premiums taxed under Subsection (3);
930	(iii) annuity considerations;
931	(iv) insurance premiums paid by an institution within the state system of higher
932	education as specified in Section 53B-1-102; and
933	(v) ocean marine insurance.
934	(c) The taxable premium under this Subsection (1) shall be reduced by:
935	(i) the premiums returned or credited to policyholders on direct business subject to tax
936	in this state;
937	(ii) the premiums received for reinsurance of property or risks located in this state; and
938	(iii) the dividends, including premium reduction benefits maturing within the year:
939	(A) paid or credited to policyholders in this state; or
940	(B) applied in abatement or reduction of premiums due during the preceding calendar
941	year.
942	(d) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (1)(d):
943	(A) "Utah variable life insurance premium" means an insurance premium paid:
944	(I) by:
945	(Aa) a corporation; or
946	(Bb) a trust established or funded by a corporation; and
947	(II) for variable life insurance covering risks located within the state.
948	(B) "Variable life insurance" means an insurance policy that provides for life
949	insurance, the amount or duration of which varies according to the investment experience of
950	one or more separate accounts that are established and maintained by the insurer pursuant to
951	Title 31A, Insurance Code.
952	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), beginning on January 1, 2006, the tax on that

portion of the total premiums subject to a tax under Subsection (1)(a) that is a Utah variable

954	life insurance premium shall be calculated as follows:
955	(A) 2-1/4% of the first \$100,000 of Utah variable life insurance premiums:
956	(I) paid for each variable life insurance policy; and
957	(II) received by the admitted insurer in the preceding calendar year; and
958	(B) 0.08% of the Utah variable life insurance premiums that exceed \$100,000:
959	(I) paid for the policy described in Subsection (1)(d)(ii)(A); and
960	(II) received by the admitted insurer in the preceding calendar year.
961	[(iii) (A) On or before October 1, 2009, and every three years after October 1, 2009, the
962	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the rate reduction contained in this
963	Subsection (1)(d).]
964	[(B) As part of the study required by Subsection (1)(d)(iii)(A) the Revenue and
965	Taxation Interim Committee shall:
966	[(I) hear testimony from the commission and industry representatives;]
967	[(II) make recommendations concerning whether the rate reduction should be
968	continued, modified, or repealed; and]
969	[(HI) make findings regarding:]
970	[(Aa) the cost of the rate reduction;]
971	[(Bb) the purpose and effectiveness of the rate reduction; and]
972	[(Cc) any benefits of the rate reduction to the state.]
973	(2) (a) An admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance in this state,
974	including the Workers' Compensation Fund created under Title 31A, Chapter 33, Workers'
975	Compensation Fund, shall pay to the tax commission, on or before March 31 in each year, a
976	premium assessment on the basis of the total workers' compensation premium income received
977	by the insurer from workers' compensation insurance in this state during the preceding calendar
978	year as follows:
979	(i) on or before December 31, 2010, an amount of equal to or greater than 1%, but
980	equal to or less than 5.75% of the total workers' compensation premium income described in
981	this Subsection (2);

(ii) on and after January 1, 2011, but on or before December 31, 2017, an amount of equal to or greater than 1%, but equal to or less than 4.25% of the total workers' compensation premium income described in this Subsection (2); and

(iii) on and after January 1, 2018, an amount equal to 1.25% of the total workers' compensation premium income described in this Subsection (2).

- (b) Total workers' compensation premium income means the net written premium as calculated before any premium reduction for any insured employer's deductible, retention, or reimbursement amounts and also those amounts equivalent to premiums as provided in Section 34A-2-202.
- (c) The percentage of premium assessment applicable for a calendar year shall be determined by the Labor Commission under Subsection (2)(d). The total premium income shall be reduced in the same manner as provided in Subsections (1)(c)(i) and (1)(c)(ii), but not as provided in Subsection (1)(c)(iii). The commission shall promptly remit from the premium assessment collected under this Subsection (2):
- (i) income to the state treasurer for credit to the Employers' Reinsurance Fund created under Subsection 34A-2-702(1) as follows:
- (A) on or before December 31, 2009, an amount of up to 5% of the total workers' compensation premium income;
- (B) on and after January 1, 2010, but on or before December 31, 2010, an amount of up to 4.5% of the total workers' compensation premium income;
- (C) on and after January 1, 2011, but on or before December 31, 2017, an amount of up to 3% of the total workers' compensation premium income; and
- (D) on and after January 1, 2018, 0% of the total workers' compensation premium income;
- (ii) an amount equal to 0.25% of the total workers' compensation premium income to the state treasurer for credit to the Workplace Safety Account created by Section 34A-2-701;
- 1008 (iii) an amount of up to 0.5% and any remaining assessed percentage of the total workers' compensation premium income to the state treasurer for credit to the Uninsured

1010 Employers' Fund created under Section 34A-2-704; and

(iv) beginning on January 1, 2010, 0.5% of the total workers' compensation premium income to the state treasurer for credit to the Industrial Accident Restricted Account created in Section 34A-2-705.

- (d) (i) The Labor Commission shall determine the amount of the premium assessment for each year on or before each October 15 of the preceding year. The Labor Commission shall make this determination following a public hearing. The determination shall be based upon the recommendations of a qualified actuary.
- (ii) The actuary shall recommend a premium assessment rate sufficient to provide payments of benefits and expenses from the Employers' Reinsurance Fund and to project a funded condition with assets greater than liabilities by no later than June 30, 2025.
- (iii) The actuary shall recommend a premium assessment rate sufficient to provide payments of benefits and expenses from the Uninsured Employers' Fund and to maintain it at a funded condition with assets equal to or greater than liabilities.
- (iv) At the end of each fiscal year the minimum approximate assets in the Employers' Reinsurance Fund shall be \$5,000,000 which amount shall be adjusted each year beginning in 1990 by multiplying by the ratio that the total workers' compensation premium income for the preceding calendar year bears to the total workers' compensation premium income for the calendar year 1988.
- (v) The requirements of Subsection (2)(d)(iv) cease when the future annual disbursements from the Employers' Reinsurance Fund are projected to be less than the calculations of the corresponding future minimum required assets. The Labor Commission shall, after a public hearing, determine if the future annual disbursements are less than the corresponding future minimum required assets from projections provided by the actuary.
- (vi) At the end of each fiscal year the minimum approximate assets in the Uninsured Employers' Fund shall be \$2,000,000, which amount shall be adjusted each year beginning in 1990 by multiplying by the ratio that the total workers' compensation premium income for the preceding calendar year bears to the total workers' compensation premium income for the

calendar year 1988.

(e) A premium assessment that is to be transferred into the General Fund may be collected on premiums received from Utah public agencies.

- (3) An admitted insurer writing title insurance in this state shall pay to the commission, on or before March 31 in each year, a tax of .45% of the total premium received by either the insurer or by its agents during the preceding calendar year from title insurance concerning property located in this state. In calculating this tax, "premium" includes the charges made to an insured under or to an applicant for a policy or contract of title insurance for:
- (a) the assumption by the title insurer of the risks assumed by the issuance of the policy or contract of title insurance; and
- (b) abstracting title, title searching, examining title, or determining the insurability of title, and every other activity, exclusive of escrow, settlement, or closing charges, whether denominated premium or otherwise, made by a title insurer, an agent of a title insurer, a title insurance producer, or any of them.
- (4) Beginning July 1, 1986, a former county mutual and a former mutual benefit association shall pay the premium tax or assessment due under this chapter. Premiums received after July 1, 1986, shall be considered in determining the tax or assessment.
- (5) The following insurers are not subject to the premium tax on health care insurance that would otherwise be applicable under Subsection (1):
- (a) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
- (b) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
- (c) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
  - (d) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals;
  - (e) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
- 1065 (f) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 13, Employee Welfare Funds and

1066	Plans; and
1067	(g) an insurer licensed under Title 31A, Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers.
1068	(6) An insurer issuing multiple policies to an insured may not artificially allocate the
1069	premiums among the policies for purposes of reducing the aggregate premium tax or
1070	assessment applicable to the policies.
1071	(7) The retaliatory provisions of Title 31A, Chapter 3, Department Funding, Fees, and
1072	Taxes, apply to the tax or assessment imposed under this chapter.
1073	Section 17. Section <b>59-10-1002.1</b> is amended to read:
1074	59-10-1002.1. Removal of tax credit from tax return and prohibition on claiming
1075	or carrying forward a tax credit Conditions for removal and prohibition on claiming or
1076	carrying forward a tax credit Commission publishing requirements.
1077	(1) As used in this section, "tax return" means a tax return filed in accordance with this
1078	chapter.
1079	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), beginning two taxable years after the
1080	requirements of Subsection (3) are met:
1081	(a) the commission shall remove a tax credit allowed under this part from each tax
1082	return on which the tax credit appears; and
1083	(b) a claimant, estate, or trust filing a tax return may not claim or carry forward the tax
1084	credit.
1085	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the commission shall remove a tax credit
1086	allowed under this part from a tax return and a claimant, estate, or trust filing a tax return may
1087	not claim or carry forward the tax credit as provided in Subsection (2) if:
1088	(a) the total amount of the tax credit claimed or carried forward by all claimants,
1089	estates, or trusts filing tax returns is less than \$10,000 per year for three consecutive taxable
1090	years beginning on or after January 1, 2002; and
1091	(b) less than 10 claimants, estates, and trusts per year for the three consecutive taxable
1092	years described in Subsection (3)(a), file a tax return claiming or carrying forward the tax

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credit.

1094	(4) This section does not apply to a tax credit under Section 59-10-102/.
1095	(5) The commission shall, on or before the November interim meeting of the year after
1096	the taxable year in which the requirements of Subsection (3) are met, report to the Revenue and
1097	Taxation Interim Committee by electronic means that in accordance with this section:
1098	(a) the commission is required to remove a tax credit from each tax return on which the
1099	tax credit appears; and
1100	(b) a claimant, estate, or trust filing a tax return may not claim or carry forward the tax
1101	credit.
1102	(6) (a) Within a 30-day period after making the report required by Subsection (5), the
1103	commission shall publish a list in accordance with Subsection (6)(b) stating each tax credit that
1104	the commission will remove from a return on which the tax credit appears.
1105	(b) The list shall:
1106	(i) be published on:
1107	(A) the commission's website; and
1108	(B) the public legal notice website in accordance with Section 45-1-101;
1109	(ii) include a statement that:
1110	(A) the commission is required to remove the tax credit from each return on which the
1111	tax credit appears; and
1112	(B) the tax credit may not be claimed or carried forward on a return;
1113	(iii) state the taxable year for which the removal described in Subsection (6)(a) takes
1114	effect; and
1115	(iv) remain available for viewing and searching until the commission publishes a new
1116	list in accordance with this Subsection (6).
1117	Section 18. Section <b>59-10-1010</b> is amended to read:
1118	59-10-1010. Utah low-income housing tax credit.
1119	(1) As used in this section:
1120	(a) "Allocation certificate" means:
1121	(i) the certificate prescribed by the commission and issued by the Utah Housing

1122 Corporation to each claimant, estate, or trust that specifies the percentage of the annual federal 1123 low-income housing credit that each claimant, estate, or trust may take as an annual tax credit 1124 against a tax imposed by this chapter; or 1125 (ii) a copy of the allocation certificate that the housing sponsor provides to the 1126 claimant, estate, or trust. (b) "Building" means a qualified low-income building as defined in Section 42(c). 1127 1128 Internal Revenue Code. 1129 (c) "Federal low-income housing credit" means the low-income housing credit under 1130 Section 42, Internal Revenue Code. 1131 (d) "Housing sponsor" means a corporation in the case of a C corporation, a partnership in the case of a partnership, a corporation in the case of an S corporation, or a limited liability 1132 1133 company in the case of a limited liability company. 1134 (e) "Qualified allocation plan" means the qualified allocation plan adopted by the Utah Housing Corporation pursuant to Section 42(m), Internal Revenue Code. 1135 1136 (f) "Special low-income housing tax credit certificate" means a certificate: 1137 (i) prescribed by the commission; 1138 (ii) that a housing sponsor issues to a claimant, estate, or trust for a taxable year; and (iii) that specifies the amount of a tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim under 1139 1140 this section if the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section. (2) (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, there is allowed a 1141 nonrefundable tax credit against taxes otherwise due under this chapter for a claimant, estate, 1142 or trust issued an allocation certificate. 1143 1144 (b) The tax credit shall be in an amount equal to the greater of the amount of: 1145 (i) federal low-income housing credit to which the claimant, estate, or trust is allowed 1146 during that year multiplied by the percentage specified in an allocation certificate issued by the

housing sponsor issues to the claimant, estate, or trust as provided in Subsection (2)(c).

Utah Housing Corporation; or

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1150	(c) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the tax credit is equal to the product of:
1151	(i) the total amount of low-income housing tax credit under this section that:
1152	(A) a housing sponsor is allowed for a building; and
1153	(B) all of the claimants, estates, and trusts may claim with respect to the building if the
1154	claimants, estates, and trusts meet the requirements of this section; and
1155	(ii) the percentage of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim:
1156	(A) under this section if the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this
1157	section; and
1158	(B) as provided in the agreement between the claimant, estate, or trust and the housing
1159	sponsor.
1160	(d) (i) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1995, through the calendar year
1161	beginning on January 1, 2015, the aggregate annual tax credit that the Utah Housing
1162	Corporation may allocate for the credit period described in Section 42(f), Internal Revenue
1163	Code, pursuant to this section and Section 59-7-607 is an amount equal to the product of:
1164	(A) 12.5 cents; and
1165	(B) the population of Utah.
1166	(ii) For purposes of this section, the population of Utah shall be determined in
1167	accordance with Section 146(j), Internal Revenue Code.
1168	(3) (a) By October 1, 1994, the Utah Housing Corporation shall determine criteria and
1169	procedures for allocating the tax credit under this section and Section 59-7-607 and incorporate
1170	the criteria and procedures into the Utah Housing Corporation's qualified allocation plan.
1171	(b) The Utah Housing Corporation shall create the criteria under Subsection (3)(a)
1172	based on:
1173	(i) the number of affordable housing units to be created in Utah for low and moderate
1174	income persons in the residential housing development of which the building is a part;
1175	(ii) the level of area median income being served by the development;
1176	(iii) the need for the tax credit for the economic feasibility of the development; and
1177	(iv) the extended period for which the development commits to remain as affordable

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1179 (4) (a) The following may apply to the Utah Housing Corporation for a tax credit under this section:

- (i) any housing sponsor that is a claimant, estate, or trust if that housing sponsor has received an allocation of the federal low-income housing credit; or
- (ii) any applicant for an allocation of the federal low-income housing credit if that applicant is a claimant, estate, or trust.
- (b) The Utah Housing Corporation may not require fees for applications of the tax credit under this section in addition to those fees required for applications for the federal low-income housing credit.
- (5) (a) The Utah Housing Corporation shall determine the amount of the tax credit to allocate to a qualifying housing sponsor in accordance with the qualified allocation plan of the Utah Housing Corporation.
- (b) (i) The Utah Housing Corporation shall allocate the tax credit to housing sponsors by issuing an allocation certificate to qualifying housing sponsors.
- (ii) The allocation certificate under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall specify the allowed percentage of the federal low-income housing credit as determined by the Utah Housing Corporation.
- (c) The percentage specified in an allocation certificate may not exceed 100% of the federal low-income housing credit.
- (6) A housing sponsor shall provide a copy of the allocation certificate to each claimant, estate, or trust that is issued a special low-income housing tax credit certificate.
  - (7) (a) A housing sponsor shall provide to the commission a list of:
- (i) the claimants, estates, and trusts issued a special low-income housing tax credit certificate; and
- 1203 (ii) for each claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (7)(a)(i), the amount of 1204 tax credit listed on the special low-income housing tax credit certificate.
- 1205 (b) A housing sponsor shall provide the list required by Subsection (7)(a):

1206	(1) to the commission;
1207	(ii) on a form provided by the commission; and
1208	(iii) with the housing sponsor's tax return for each taxable year for which the housing
1209	sponsor issues a special low-income housing tax credit certificate described in this Subsection
1210	(7).
1211	(8) (a) All elections made by the claimant, estate, or trust pursuant to Section 42,
1212	Internal Revenue Code, shall apply to this section.
1213	(b) (i) If a claimant, estate, or trust is required to recapture a portion of any federal
1214	low-income housing credit, the claimant, estate, or trust shall also be required to recapture a
1215	portion of any state tax credits authorized by this section.
1216	(ii) The state recapture amount shall be equal to the percentage of the state tax credit
1217	that equals the proportion the federal recapture amount bears to the original federal low-income
1218	housing credit amount subject to recapture.
1219	(9) (a) Any tax credits returned to the Utah Housing Corporation in any year may be
1220	reallocated within the same time period as provided in Section 42, Internal Revenue Code.
1221	(b) Tax credits that are unallocated by the Utah Housing Corporation in any year may
1222	be carried over for allocation in the subsequent year.
1223	(10) (a) Amounts otherwise qualifying for the tax credit, but not allowable because the
1224	tax credit exceeds the tax, may be carried back three years or may be carried forward five years
1225	as a tax credit.
1226	(b) Carryover tax credits under Subsection (10)(a) shall be applied against the tax:
1227	(i) before the application of the tax credits earned in the current year; and
1228	(ii) on a first-earned first-used basis.
1229	(11) Any tax credit taken in this section may be subject to an annual audit by the
1230	commission.
1231	(12) The Utah Housing Corporation shall <u>annually</u> provide an [annual] <u>electronic</u>
1232	report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee which shall include at least:

(a) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits; and

1234	(b) the benefits of the tax credits to the state.
1235	(13) The commission may, in consultation with the Utah Housing Corporation,
1236	promulgate rules to implement this section.
1237	Section 19. Section <b>59-10-1012</b> is amended to read:
1238	59-10-1012. Tax credits for research activities conducted in the state Carry
1239	forward Commission to report modification or repeal of certain federal provisions
1240	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
1241	(1) (a) A claimant, estate, or trust meeting the requirements of this section may claim
1242	the following nonrefundable tax credits:
1243	(i) a research tax credit of 5% of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's qualified research
1244	expenses for the current taxable year that exceed the base amount provided for under
1245	Subsection (3);
1246	(ii) a tax credit for a payment to a qualified organization for basic research as provided
1247	in Section 41(e), Internal Revenue Code of 5% for the current taxable year that exceed the base
1248	amount provided for under Subsection (3); and
1249	(iii) a tax credit equal to 7.5% of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's qualified research
1250	expenses for the current taxable year.
1251	(b) Subject to Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under:
1252	(i) Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (1)(a)(iii), for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate,
1253	or trust incurs the qualified research expenses; or
1254	(ii) Subsection (1)(a)(ii), for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust
1255	makes the payment to the qualified organization.
1256	(c) The tax credits provided for in this section do not include the alternative
1257	incremental credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code.
1258	(2) Except as specifically provided for in this section:
1259	(a) the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1) shall be calculated as provided in
1260	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code; and
1261	(b) the definitions provided in Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, apply in calculating

1262	the tax credits authorized under Subsection (1).
1263	(3) For purposes of this section:
1264	(a) the base amount shall be calculated as provided in Sections 41(c) and 41(h),
1265	Internal Revenue Code, except that:
1266	(i) the base amount does not include the calculation of the alternative incremental
1267	credit provided for in Section 41(c)(4), Internal Revenue Code;
1268	(ii) a claimant's, estate's, or trust's gross receipts include only those gross receipts
1269	attributable to sources within this state as provided in Section 59-10-118; and
1270	(iii) notwithstanding Section 41(c), Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of calculating
1271	the base amount, a claimant, estate, or trust:
1272	(A) may elect to be treated as a start-up company as provided in Section 41(c)(3)(B),
1273	Internal Revenue Code, regardless of whether the claimant, estate, or trust meets the
1274	requirements of Section 41(c)(3)(B)(i)(I) or (II), Internal Revenue Code; and
1275	(B) may not revoke an election to be treated as a start-up company under Subsection
1276	(3)(a)(iii)(A);
1277	(b) "basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except
1278	that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state;
1279	(c) "qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except
1280	that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state;
1281	(d) "qualified research expenses" is as defined and calculated in Section 41(b), Internal
1282	Revenue Code, except that the term includes only:
1283	(i) in-house research expenses incurred in this state; and
1284	(ii) contract research expenses incurred in this state; and
1285	(e) a tax credit provided for in this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under
1286	Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
1287	(4) (a) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under
1288	Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii) exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this
1289	chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability:

1290 (i) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years; 1291 and 1292 (ii) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year. 1293 (b) A claimant, estate, or trust may not carry forward the tax credit allowed by 1294 Subsection (1)(a)(iii). 1295 (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1296 commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for 1297 qualified organizations to ensure that amounts paid to the qualified organizations are for basic 1298 research conducted in this state. 1299 (6) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the commission shall report the modification or repeal by electronic means to the Revenue and 1300 Taxation Interim Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal 1301 1302 becomes effective. 1303 (7) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits 1304 provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the 1305 commission reports under Subsection (6) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code. 1306 1307 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee is 1308 not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a 1309 provision of Section 41. Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the termination date 1310 provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code. (c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under this 1311 1312 section: 1313 (i) the cost of the tax credits provided for in this section; 1314 (ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section; (iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and 1315

(iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be:

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(A) continued:

1318	(B) modified; or
1319	(C) repealed.
1320	(d) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits provided
1321	for in this section, the committee shall report its findings to the Legislative Management
1322	Committee on or before the November interim meeting of the year in which the Revenue and
1323	Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits.
1324	Section 20. Section <b>59-10-1013</b> is amended to read:
1325	59-10-1013. Tax credits for machinery, equipment, or both primarily used for
1326	conducting qualified research or basic research Carry forward Commission to report
1327	modification or repeal of certain federal provisions Revenue and Taxation Interim
1328	Committee study.
1329	(1) As used in this section:
1330	(a) "Basic research" is as defined in Section 41(e)(7), Internal Revenue Code, except
1331	that the term includes only basic research conducted in this state.
1332	(b) "Equipment" includes:
1333	(i) a computer;
1334	(ii) computer equipment; and
1335	(iii) computer software.
1336	(c) "Purchase price":
1337	(i) includes the cost of installing an item of machinery or equipment; and
1338	(ii) does not include a tax imposed under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, on an
1339	item of machinery or equipment.
1340	(d) "Qualified organization" is as defined in Section 41(e)(6), Internal Revenue Code.
1341	(e) "Qualified research" is as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code, except
1342	that the term includes only qualified research conducted in this state.
1343	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), for taxable years beginning on or after
1344	January 1, 1999, but beginning before December 31, 2010, a claimant, estate, or trust meeting
1345	the requirements of this section may claim the following nonrefundable tax credits:

1346	(i) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price of machinery, equipment, or both:
1347	(A) purchased by the claimant, estate, or trust during the taxable year;
1348	(B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1349	(C) that is primarily used to conduct qualified research in this state; and
1350	(ii) a tax credit of 6% of the purchase price paid by the claimant, estate, or trust for
1351	machinery, equipment, or both:
1352	(A) purchased by the claimant, estate, or trust during the taxable year;
1353	(B) that is subject to a tax under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
1354	(C) that is donated to a qualified organization; and
1355	(D) that is primarily used to conduct basic research in this state.
1356	(b) Subject to Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under
1357	this section for the taxable year for which the claimant, estate, or trust purchases the machinery,
1358	equipment, or both.
1359	(c) If a claimant, estate, or trust qualifies for a tax credit under Subsection (2)(a) for a
1360	purchase of machinery, equipment, or both, the claimant, estate, or trust may not claim the tax
1361	credit or carry the tax credit forward if the machinery, equipment, or both, is primarily used to
1362	conduct qualified research in the state for a time period that is less than 12 consecutive months.
1363	(3) Notwithstanding Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code, a tax credit provided for in
1364	this section is not terminated if a credit terminates under Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
1365	(4) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this section
1366	exceeds a claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the
1367	amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability:
1368	(a) may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next 14 taxable years;
1369	and
1370	(b) may not be carried back to a taxable year preceding the current taxable year.
1371	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1372	commission may make rules for purposes of this section prescribing a certification process for

qualified organizations to ensure that machinery, equipment, or both provided to the qualified

organization is to be primarily used to conduct basic research in this state.

- (6) If a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is modified or repealed, the commission shall report the modification or repeal <u>by electronic means</u> to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee within 60 days after the day on which the modification or repeal becomes effective.
- (7) (a) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided for in this section on or before October 1 of the year after the year in which the commission reports under Subsection (6) a modification or repeal of a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee is not required to review the tax credits provided for in this section if the only modification to a provision of Section 41, Internal Revenue Code, is the extension of the termination date provided for in Section 41(h), Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall address in a review under this section the:
  - (i) cost of the tax credits provided for in this section;
  - (ii) purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits provided for in this section;
  - (iii) whether the tax credits provided for in this section benefit the state; and
  - (iv) whether the tax credits provided for in this section should be:
- 1393 (A) continued:

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- 1394 (B) modified; or
- 1395 (C) repealed.
  - (d) If the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits provided for in this section, the committee shall report its findings to the Legislative Management Committee on or before the November interim meeting of the year in which the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the tax credits.
- 1400 Section 21. Section **59-10-1029** is amended to read:
- 1401 **59-10-1029.** Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.

1402	(1) As used in this section:
1403	(a) "Alternative energy entity" is as defined in Section 63M-4-502.
1404	(b) "Alternative energy project" is as defined in Section 63M-4-502.
1405	(c) "Office" is as defined in Section 63M-4-401.
1406	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
1407	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section.
1408	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
1409	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63M, Chapter 4, Part 5, Alternative
1410	Energy Development Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
1411	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
1412	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
1413	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
1414	taxable year; and
1415	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
1416	under this chapter for that taxable year.
1417	(5) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017, the
1418	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and
1419	make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax
1420	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
1421	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
1422	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
1423	means:
1424	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
1425	each taxable year;
1426	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project;
1427	(iii) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1428	Section 63M-4-505; and

(iv) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests.

1430	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
1431	recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
1432	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1433	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1434	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1435	Section 22. Section <b>59-10-1030</b> is amended to read:
1436	59-10-1030. Nonrefundable alternative energy manufacturing tax credit.
1437	(1) As used in this section:
1438	(a) "Alternative energy entity" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
1439	63N-2-702.
1440	(b) "Alternative energy manufacturing project" [is as] means the same as that term is
1441	defined in Section 63N-2-702.
1442	(c) "New incremental job with the state" means the same as that term is defined in
1443	Section 63N-2-702.
1444	(d) "New state revenues" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-702.
1445	[(e)] (e) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
1446	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
1447	claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy manufacturing as provided in this
1448	section.
1449	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
1450	tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 7, Alternative
1451	Energy Manufacturing Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.
1452	(4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
1453	period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:
1454	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
1455	taxable year; and
1456	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
1457	under this chapter for that taxable year.

1458	(5) (a) On or before October 1, 2017, and every five years after October 1, 2017, the
1459	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and
1460	make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax
1461	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
1462	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
1463	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
1464	means:
1465	(i) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
1466	each taxable year;
1467	(ii) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy manufacturing project;
1468	(iii) estimates for each of the next five calendar years of the following:
1469	(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;
1470	(B) the amount of new state revenues that will be generated; and
1471	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
1472	[(iii)] (iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1473	Section 63N-2-705; and
1474	[(iv)] $(v)$ any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee
1475	requests.
1476	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
1477	recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
1478	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1479	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1480	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1481	Section 23. Section <b>59-10-1107</b> is amended to read:
1482	59-10-1107. Refundable economic development tax credit.
1483	(1) As used in this section:
1484	(a) "Business entity" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the definition of
1485	"business entity" as defined in Section 63N-2-103.

1486	(b) "New incremental jobs" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1487	<u>63N-2-103.</u>
1488	(c) "New state revenues" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-103.
1489	[(b)] (d) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
1490	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a
1491	refundable tax credit for economic development.
1492	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
1493	tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for the taxable year.
1494	(4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
1495	(4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a business entity that claims a tax credit under
1496	this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the business entity's tax liability for a
1497	taxable year.
1498	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1499	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a refund to a business entity as
1500	required by Subsection (4)(a).
1501	(5) (a) On or before October 1, 2013, and every five years after October 1, 2013, the
1502	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and
1503	make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax
1504	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
1505	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
1506	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
1507	means:
1508	(i) the amount of tax credit the office grants to each taxpayer for each calendar year;
1509	(ii) the criteria the office uses in granting a tax credit;
1510	(iii) the new state revenues generated by each taxpayer for each calendar year;
1511	(iv) estimates for each of the next five calendar years of the following:
1512	(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;
1513	(B) the amount of new state revenues that will be generated; and

1514	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
1515	[(iv)] (v) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1516	Section 63N-2-106; and
1517	[(v)] (vi) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee
1518	requests.
1519	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
1520	recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
1521	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1522	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1523	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1524	Section 24. Section <b>59-10-1108</b> is amended to read:
1525	59-10-1108. Refundable motion picture tax credit.
1526	(1) As used in this section:
1527	(a) "Motion picture company" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the
1528	definition of a motion picture company under Section 63N-8-102.
1529	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
1530	(c) "State-approved production" has the same meaning as defined in Section
1531	63N-8-102.
1532	(2) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a motion picture company
1533	may claim a refundable tax credit for a state-approved production.
1534	(3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on the
1535	tax credit certificate that the office issues to a motion picture company under Section
1536	63N-8-103 for the taxable year.
1537	(4) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
1538	(4)(b), the commission shall make a refund to a motion picture company that claims a tax
1539	credit under this section if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the motion picture company's
1540	tax liability for the taxable year.
1541	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

1372	commission may make rules providing procedures for making a return to a motion picture
1543	company as required by Subsection (4)(a).
1544	(5) (a) On or before October 1, 2014, and every five years after October 1, 2014, the
1545	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and
1546	make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee concerning whether the tax
1547	credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
1548	(b) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (5), the office shall provide
1549	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
1550	means:
1551	(i) (A) the amount of tax credit the office grants to each taxpayer for each calendar
1552	year; and
1553	(B) estimates of the amount of tax credit that the office will grant for each of the next
1554	five calendar years;
1555	(ii) the criteria the office uses in granting a tax credit;
1556	(iii) the dollars left in the state, as defined in Section 63N-8-102, by each motion
1557	picture company for each calendar year;
1558	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
1559	Section 63N-8-105; and
1560	(v) any other information requested by the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee.
1561	(c) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that its
1562	recommendations under Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
1563	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
1564	(ii) the effectiveness of the tax credit; and
1565	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
1566	Section 25. Section <b>59-10-1304</b> is amended to read:
1567	59-10-1304. Removal of designation and prohibitions on collection for certain
1568	contributions on income tax return Conditions for removal and prohibitions on
1569	collection Commission publication requirements.

1570 (1) (a) If a contribution or combination of contributions described in Subsection (1)(b) 1571 generate less than \$30,000 per year for three consecutive years, the commission shall remove the designation for the contribution from the individual income tax return and may not collect 1572 1573 the contribution from a resident or nonresident individual beginning two taxable years after the three-year period for which the contribution generates less than \$30,000 per year. 1574 1575 (b) The following contributions apply to Subsection (1)(a): 1576 (i) the contribution provided for in Section 59-10-1306; (ii) the sum of the contributions provided for in Subsection 59-10-1307(1); 1577 1578 (iii) the contribution provided for in Section 59-10-1308; 1579 (iv) the contribution provided for in Section 59-10-1310; (v) the contribution provided for in Section 59-10-1315; 1580 (vi) the sum of the contributions provided for in: 1581 1582 (A) Section 59-10-1316; and (B) Section 59-10-1317; or 1583 (vii) the contribution provided for in Section 59-10-1318. 1584 1585 (2) If the commission removes the designation for a contribution under Subsection (1), the commission shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic 1586 means that the commission removed the designation on or before the November interim 1587 1588 meeting of the year in which the commission determines to remove the designation. (3) (a) Within a 30-day period after making the report required by Subsection (2), the 1589 1590 commission shall publish a list in accordance with Subsection (3)(b) stating each contribution 1591 that the commission will remove from the individual income tax return. 1592 (b) The list shall: 1593 (i) be published on: 1594 (A) the commission's website; and (B) the public legal notice website in accordance with Section 45-1-101; 1595 1596 (ii) include a statement that the commission: 1597 (A) is required to remove the contribution from the individual income tax return; and

1598	(B) may not collect the contribution;
1599	(iii) state the taxable year for which the removal described in Subsection (3)(a) takes
1600	effect; and
1601	(iv) remain available for viewing and searching until the commission publishes a new
1602	list in accordance with this Subsection (3).
1603	Section 26. Section 59-12-103.1 is amended to read:
1604	59-12-103.1. Action by Supreme Court of the United States authorizing or action
1605	by Congress permitting a state to require certain sellers to collect a sales or use tax
1606	Collection of tax by commission Commission report to Revenue and Taxation Interim
1607	Committee Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study Division of Finance
1608	requirement to make certain deposits.
1609	(1) Except as provided in Section 59-12-107.1, a seller shall remit a tax to the
1610	commission as provided in Section 59-12-107 if:
1611	(a) the Supreme Court of the United States issues a decision authorizing a state to
1612	require the following sellers to collect a sales or use tax:
1613	(i) a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
1614	59-12-107(2)(a); or
1615	(ii) a seller that is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes
1616	under Subsection 59-12-107(2)(b); or
1617	(b) Congress permits the state to require the following sellers to collect a sales or use
1618	tax:
1619	(i) a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
1620	59-12-107(2)(a); or
1621	(ii) a seller that is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes
1622	under Subsection 59-12-107(2)(b).
1623	(2) The commission shall:
1624	(a) collect the tax described in Subsection (1) from the seller:
1625	(i) to the extent:

1626	(A) authorized by the Supreme Court of the United States; or
1627	(B) permitted by Congress; and
1628	(ii) beginning on the first day of a calendar quarter as prescribed by the Revenue and
1629	Taxation Interim Committee; and
1630	(b) make a report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
1631	means:
1632	(i) regarding the actions taken by:
1633	(A) the Supreme Court of the United States; or
1634	(B) Congress; and
1635	(ii) (A) stating the amount of state revenue collected at the time of the report, if any;
1636	and
1637	(B) estimating the state sales and use tax rate reduction that would offset the amount of
1638	state revenue estimated to be collected for the current fiscal year and the next fiscal year; and
1639	[(iii) (A) at] (c) report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee at:
1640	(i) the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee meeting immediately following the
1641	day on which the actions of the Supreme Court of the United States or Congress become
1642	effective; and
1643	[(B)] (ii) any other meeting of the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee as
1644	requested by the chairs of the committee.
1645	(3) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall after [hearing] receiving the
1646	commission's [reports] reports under [Subsection] Subsections (2)(b) and (c):
1647	(a) review the actions taken by:
1648	(i) the Supreme Court of the United States; or
1649	(ii) Congress;
1650	(b) direct the commission regarding the day on which the commission is required to
1651	collect the tax described in Subsection (1); and
1652	(c) make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee:
1653	(i) regarding whether as a result of the actions of the Supreme Court of the United

1654	States or Congress any provisions of this chapter should be amended or repealed; and
1655	(ii) within a one-year period after the day on which the commission makes a report
1656	under Subsection (2)[(b)](c).
1657	(4) The Division of Finance shall deposit a portion of the revenue collected under this
1658	section into the Remote Sales Restricted Account as required by Section 59-12-103.2.
1659	Section 27. Section <b>59-12-104</b> is amended to read:
1660	59-12-104. Exemptions.
1661	Exemptions from the taxes imposed by this chapter are as follows:
1662	(1) sales of aviation fuel, motor fuel, and special fuel subject to a Utah state excise tax
1663	under Chapter 13, Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act;
1664	(2) subject to Section 59-12-104.6, sales to the state, its institutions, and its political
1665	subdivisions; however, this exemption does not apply to sales of:
1666	(a) construction materials except:
1667	(i) construction materials purchased by or on behalf of institutions of the public
1668	education system as defined in Utah Constitution Article X, Section 2, provided the
1669	construction materials are clearly identified and segregated and installed or converted to real
1670	property which is owned by institutions of the public education system; and
1671	(ii) construction materials purchased by the state, its institutions, or its political
1672	subdivisions which are installed or converted to real property by employees of the state, its
1673	institutions, or its political subdivisions; or
1674	(b) tangible personal property in connection with the construction, operation,
1675	maintenance, repair, or replacement of a project, as defined in Section 11-13-103, or facilities
1676	providing additional project capacity, as defined in Section 11-13-103;
1677	(3) (a) sales of an item described in Subsection (3)(b) from a vending machine if:
1678	(i) the proceeds of each sale do not exceed \$1; and
1679	(ii) the seller or operator of the vending machine reports an amount equal to 150% of
1680	the cost of the item described in Subsection (3)(b) as goods consumed; and
1681	(b) Subsection (3)(a) applies to:

1682	(i) food and food ingredients; or
1683	(ii) prepared food;
1684	(4) (a) sales of the following to a commercial airline carrier for in-flight consumption:
1685	(i) alcoholic beverages;
1686	(ii) food and food ingredients; or
1687	(iii) prepared food;
1688	(b) sales of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically:
1689	(i) to a passenger;
1690	(ii) by a commercial airline carrier; and
1691	(iii) during a flight for in-flight consumption or in-flight use by the passenger; or
1692	(c) services related to Subsection (4)(a) or (b);
1693	(5) (a) (i) beginning on July 1, 2008, and ending on September 30, 2008, sales of parts
1694	and equipment:
1695	(A) (I) by an establishment described in NAICS Code 336411 or 336412 of the 2002
1696	North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the
1697	President, Office of Management and Budget; and
1698	(II) for:
1699	(Aa) installation in an aircraft, including services relating to the installation of parts or
1700	equipment in the aircraft;
1701	(Bb) renovation of an aircraft; or
1702	(Cc) repair of an aircraft; or
1703	(B) for installation in an aircraft operated by a common carrier in interstate or foreign
1704	commerce; or
1705	(ii) beginning on October 1, 2008, sales of parts and equipment for installation in an
1706	aircraft operated by a common carrier in interstate or foreign commerce; and
1707	(b) notwithstanding the time period of Subsection 59-1-1410(8) for filing for a refund,
1708	a person may claim the exemption allowed by Subsection (5)(a)(i)(B) for a sale by filing for a
1709	refund:

1710	(i) if the sale is made on or after July 1, 2008, but on or before September 30, 2008;
1711	(ii) as if Subsection (5)(a)(i)(B) were in effect on the day on which the sale is made;
1712	(iii) if the person did not claim the exemption allowed by Subsection (5)(a)(i)(B) for
1713	the sale prior to filing for the refund;
1714	(iv) for sales and use taxes paid under this chapter on the sale;
1715	(v) in accordance with Section 59-1-1410; and
1716	(vi) subject to any extension allowed for filing for a refund under Section 59-1-1410, if
1717	the person files for the refund on or before September 30, 2011;
1718	(6) sales of commercials, motion picture films, prerecorded audio program tapes or
1719	records, and prerecorded video tapes by a producer, distributor, or studio to a motion picture
1720	exhibitor, distributor, or commercial television or radio broadcaster;
1721	(7) (a) subject to Subsection (7)(b), sales of cleaning or washing of tangible personal
1722	property if the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal property is not assisted cleaning or
1723	washing of tangible personal property;
1724	(b) if a seller that sells at the same business location assisted cleaning or washing of
1725	tangible personal property and cleaning or washing of tangible personal property that is not
1726	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property, the exemption described in
1727	Subsection (7)(a) applies if the seller separately accounts for the sales of the assisted cleaning
1728	or washing of the tangible personal property; and
1729	(c) for purposes of Subsection (7)(b) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1730	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules:
1731	(i) governing the circumstances under which sales are at the same business location;
1732	and
1733	(ii) establishing the procedures and requirements for a seller to separately account for
1734	sales of assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
1735	(8) sales made to or by religious or charitable institutions in the conduct of their regular
1736	religious or charitable functions and activities, if the requirements of Section 59-12-104.1 are

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fulfilled;

1738	(9) sales of a vehicle of a type required to be registered under the motor vehicle laws of
1739	this state if the vehicle is:
1740	(a) not registered in this state; and
1741	(b) (i) not used in this state; or
1742	(ii) used in this state:
1743	(A) if the vehicle is not used to conduct business, for a time period that does not
1744	exceed the longer of:
1745	(I) 30 days in any calendar year; or
1746	(II) the time period necessary to transport the vehicle to the borders of this state; or
1747	(B) if the vehicle is used to conduct business, for the time period necessary to transport
1748	the vehicle to the borders of this state;
1749	(10) (a) amounts paid for an item described in Subsection (10)(b) if:
1750	(i) the item is intended for human use; and
1751	(ii) (A) a prescription was issued for the item; or
1752	(B) the item was purchased by a hospital or other medical facility; and
1753	(b) (i) Subsection (10)(a) applies to:
1754	(A) a drug;
1755	(B) a syringe; or
1756	(C) a stoma supply; and
1757	(ii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1758	commission may by rule define the terms:
1759	(A) "syringe"; or
1760	(B) "stoma supply";
1761	(11) purchases or leases exempt under Section 19-12-201;
1762	(12) (a) sales of an item described in Subsection (12)(c) served by:
1763	(i) the following if the item described in Subsection (12)(c) is not available to the
1764	general public:
1765	(A) a church; or

1766	(B) a charitable institution;
1767	(ii) an institution of higher education if:
1768	(A) the item described in Subsection (12)(c) is not available to the general public; or
1769	(B) the item described in Subsection (12)(c) is prepaid as part of a student meal plan
1770	offered by the institution of higher education; or
1771	(b) sales of an item described in Subsection (12)(c) provided for a patient by:
1772	(i) a medical facility; or
1773	(ii) a nursing facility; and
1774	(c) Subsections (12)(a) and (b) apply to:
1775	(i) food and food ingredients;
1776	(ii) prepared food; or
1777	(iii) alcoholic beverages;
1778	(13) (a) except as provided in Subsection (13)(b), the sale of tangible personal property
1779	or a product transferred electronically by a person:
1780	(i) regardless of the number of transactions involving the sale of that tangible personal
1781	property or product transferred electronically by that person; and
1782	(ii) not regularly engaged in the business of selling that type of tangible personal
1783	property or product transferred electronically;
1784	(b) this Subsection (13) does not apply if:
1785	(i) the sale is one of a series of sales of a character to indicate that the person is
1786	regularly engaged in the business of selling that type of tangible personal property or product
1787	transferred electronically;
1788	(ii) the person holds that person out as regularly engaged in the business of selling that
1789	type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
1790	(iii) the person sells an item of tangible personal property or product transferred
1791	electronically that the person purchased as a sale that is exempt under Subsection (25); or
1792	(iv) the sale is of a vehicle or vessel required to be titled or registered under the laws of

this state in which case the tax is based upon:

1794	(A) the bill of sale or other written evidence of value of the vehicle or vessel being
1795	sold; or
1796	(B) in the absence of a bill of sale or other written evidence of value, the fair market
1797	value of the vehicle or vessel being sold at the time of the sale as determined by the
1798	commission; and
1799	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1800	commission shall make rules establishing the circumstances under which:
1801	(i) a person is regularly engaged in the business of selling a type of tangible personal
1802	property or product transferred electronically;
1803	(ii) a sale of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically is one of
1804	a series of sales of a character to indicate that a person is regularly engaged in the business of
1805	selling that type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically; or
1806	(iii) a person holds that person out as regularly engaged in the business of selling a type
1807	of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
1808	(14) (a) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease:
1809	(i) by a manufacturing facility located in the state; and
1810	(ii) of machinery, equipment, or normal operating repair or replacement parts if the
1811	machinery, equipment, or normal operating repair or replacement parts have an economic life
1812	of three or more years and are used:
1813	(A) in the manufacturing process to manufacture an item sold as tangible personal
1814	property; or
1815	(B) for a scrap recycler, to process an item sold as tangible personal property;
1816	(b) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease:
1817	(i) by an establishment:
1818	(A) described in NAICS Subsector 212, Mining (except Oil and Gas), or NAICS Code
1819	213113, Support Activities for Coal Mining, 213114, Support Activities for Metal Mining, or
1820	213115, Support Activities for Nonmetallic Minerals (except Fuels) Mining, of the 2002 North
1821	American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President,

1022	Office of Management and Budget, and
1823	(B) located in the state; and
1824	(ii) of machinery, equipment, or normal operating repair or replacement parts if the
1825	machinery, equipment, or normal operating repair or replacement parts have an economic life
1826	of three or more years and are used in:
1827	(A) the production process to produce an item sold as tangible personal property;
1828	(B) research and development;
1829	(C) transporting, storing, or managing tailings, overburden, or similar waste materials
1830	produced from mining;
1831	(D) developing or maintaining a road, tunnel, excavation, or similar feature used in
1832	mining; or
1833	(E) preventing, controlling, or reducing dust or other pollutants from mining;
1834	(c) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease:
1835	(i) by an establishment:
1836	(A) described in NAICS Code 518112, Web Search Portals, of the 2002 North
1837	American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President,
1838	Office of Management and Budget; and
1839	(B) located in the state; and
1840	(ii) of machinery, equipment, or normal operating repair or replacement parts if the
1841	machinery, equipment, or normal operating repair or replacement parts:
1842	(A) are used in the operation of the web search portal; and
1843	(B) have an economic life of three or more years; and
1844	(d) for purposes of this Subsection (14) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1845	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission:
1846	(i) shall by rule define the term "establishment"; and
1847	(ii) may by rule define what constitutes:
1848	(A) processing an item sold as tangible personal property;
1849	(B) the production process, to produce an item sold as tangible personal property; or

1850	(C) research and development; [and]
1851	[(e) on or before October 1, 2016, and every five years after October 1, 2016, the
1852	commission shall:]
1853	[(i) review the exemptions described in this Subsection (14) and make
1854	recommendations to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee concerning whether the
1855	exemptions should be continued, modified, or repealed; and]
1856	[(ii) include in its report:]
1857	[(A) an estimate of the cost of the exemptions;]
1858	[(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the exemptions; and]
1859	[(C) the benefits of the exemptions to the state;]
1860	(15) (a) sales of the following if the requirements of Subsection (15)(b) are met:
1861	(i) tooling;
1862	(ii) special tooling;
1863	(iii) support equipment;
1864	(iv) special test equipment; or
1865	(v) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tooling or equipment described in
1866	Subsections (15)(a)(i) through (iv); and
1867	(b) sales of tooling, equipment, or parts described in Subsection (15)(a) are exempt if:
1868	(i) the tooling, equipment, or parts are used or consumed exclusively in the
1869	performance of any aerospace or electronics industry contract with the United States
1870	government or any subcontract under that contract; and
1871	(ii) under the terms of the contract or subcontract described in Subsection (15)(b)(i),
1872	title to the tooling, equipment, or parts is vested in the United States government as evidenced
1873	by:
1874	(A) a government identification tag placed on the tooling, equipment, or parts; or
1875	(B) listing on a government-approved property record if placing a government
1876	identification tag on the tooling, equipment, or parts is impractical;
1877	(16) sales of newspapers or newspaper subscriptions;

1878	(17) (a) except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), tangible personal property or a
1879	product transferred electronically traded in as full or part payment of the purchase price, except
1880	that for purposes of calculating sales or use tax upon vehicles not sold by a vehicle dealer,
1881	trade-ins are limited to other vehicles only, and the tax is based upon:
1882	(i) the bill of sale or other written evidence of value of the vehicle being sold and the
1883	vehicle being traded in; or
1884	(ii) in the absence of a bill of sale or other written evidence of value, the then existing
1885	fair market value of the vehicle being sold and the vehicle being traded in, as determined by the
1886	commission; and
1887	(b) Subsection (17)(a) does not apply to the following items of tangible personal
1888	property or products transferred electronically traded in as full or part payment of the purchase
1889	price:
1890	(i) money;
1891	(ii) electricity;
1892	(iii) water;
1893	(iv) gas; or
1894	(v) steam;
1895	(18) (a) (i) except as provided in Subsection (18)(b), sales of tangible personal property
1896	or a product transferred electronically used or consumed primarily and directly in farming
1897	operations, regardless of whether the tangible personal property or product transferred
1898	electronically:
1899	(A) becomes part of real estate; or
1900	(B) is installed by a:
1901	(I) farmer;
1902	(II) contractor; or
1903	(III) subcontractor; or
1904	(ii) sales of parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property or a

product transferred electronically if the tangible personal property or product transferred

1906	electronically is exempt under Subsection (18)(a)(i); and
1907	(b) amounts paid or charged for the following are subject to the taxes imposed by this
1908	chapter:
1909	(i) (A) subject to Subsection (18)(b)(i)(B), the following if used in a manner that is
1910	incidental to farming:
1911	(I) machinery;
1912	(II) equipment;
1913	(III) materials; or
1914	(IV) supplies; and
1915	(B) tangible personal property that is considered to be used in a manner that is
1916	incidental to farming includes:
1917	(I) hand tools; or
1918	(II) maintenance and janitorial equipment and supplies;
1919	(ii) (A) subject to Subsection (18)(b)(ii)(B), tangible personal property or a product
1920	transferred electronically if the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically
1921	is used in an activity other than farming; and
1922	(B) tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically that is considered
1923	to be used in an activity other than farming includes:
1924	(I) office equipment and supplies; or
1925	(II) equipment and supplies used in:
1926	(Aa) the sale or distribution of farm products;
1927	(Bb) research; or
1928	(Cc) transportation; or
1929	(iii) a vehicle required to be registered by the laws of this state during the period
1930	ending two years after the date of the vehicle's purchase;
1931	(19) sales of hay;
1932	(20) exclusive sale during the harvest season of seasonal crops, seedling plants, or
1933	garden, farm, or other agricultural produce if the seasonal crops are, seedling plants are, or

1934	garden, farm, or other agricultural produce is sold by:
1935	(a) the producer of the seasonal crops, seedling plants, or garden, farm, or other
1936	agricultural produce;
1937	(b) an employee of the producer described in Subsection (20)(a); or
1938	(c) a member of the immediate family of the producer described in Subsection (20)(a);
1939	(21) purchases made using a coupon as defined in 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2012 that is issued
1940	under the Food Stamp Program, 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2011 et seq.;
1941	(22) sales of nonreturnable containers, nonreturnable labels, nonreturnable bags,
1942	nonreturnable shipping cases, and nonreturnable casings to a manufacturer, processor,
1943	wholesaler, or retailer for use in packaging tangible personal property to be sold by that
1944	manufacturer, processor, wholesaler, or retailer;
1945	(23) a product stored in the state for resale;
1946	(24) (a) purchases of a product if:
1947	(i) the product is:
1948	(A) purchased outside of this state;
1949	(B) brought into this state:
1950	(I) at any time after the purchase described in Subsection (24)(a)(i)(A); and
1951	(II) by a nonresident person who is not living or working in this state at the time of the
1952	purchase;
1953	(C) used for the personal use or enjoyment of the nonresident person described in
1954	Subsection (24)(a)(i)(B)(II) while that nonresident person is within the state; and
1955	(D) not used in conducting business in this state; and
1956	(ii) for:
1957	(A) a product other than a boat described in Subsection (24)(a)(ii)(B), the first use of
1958	the product for a purpose for which the product is designed occurs outside of this state;
1959	(B) a boat, the boat is registered outside of this state; or
1960	(C) a vehicle other than a vehicle sold to an authorized carrier, the vehicle is registered
1961	outside of this state;

1962	(b) the exemption provided for in Subsection (24)(a) does not apply to:
1963	(i) a lease or rental of a product; or
1964	(ii) a sale of a vehicle exempt under Subsection (33); and
1965	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
1966	purposes of Subsection (24)(a), the commission may by rule define what constitutes the
1967	following:
1968	(i) conducting business in this state if that phrase has the same meaning in this
1969	Subsection (24) as in Subsection (63);
1970	(ii) the first use of a product if that phrase has the same meaning in this Subsection (24)
1971	as in Subsection (63); or
1972	(iii) a purpose for which a product is designed if that phrase has the same meaning in
1973	this Subsection (24) as in Subsection (63);
1974	(25) a product purchased for resale in this state, in the regular course of business, either
1975	in its original form or as an ingredient or component part of a manufactured or compounded
1976	product;
1977	(26) a product upon which a sales or use tax was paid to some other state, or one of its
1978	subdivisions, except that the state shall be paid any difference between the tax paid and the tax
1979	imposed by this part and Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act, and no adjustment is allowed if
1980	the tax paid was greater than the tax imposed by this part and Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax
1981	Act;
1982	(27) any sale of a service described in Subsections 59-12-103(1)(b), (c), and (d) to a
1983	person for use in compounding a service taxable under the subsections;
1984	(28) purchases made in accordance with the special supplemental nutrition program for
1985	women, infants, and children established in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1786;
1986	(29) sales or leases of rolls, rollers, refractory brick, electric motors, or other
1987	replacement parts used in the furnaces, mills, or ovens of a steel mill described in SIC Code
1988	3312 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of
1989	the President, Office of Management and Budget;

1990	(30) sales of a boat of a type required to be registered under Title 73, Chapter 18, State
1991	Boating Act, a boat trailer, or an outboard motor if the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor is:
1992	(a) not registered in this state; and
1993	(b) (i) not used in this state; or
1994	(ii) used in this state:
1995	(A) if the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor is not used to conduct business, for a
1996	time period that does not exceed the longer of:
1997	(I) 30 days in any calendar year; or
1998	(II) the time period necessary to transport the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor to
1999	the borders of this state; or
2000	(B) if the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor is used to conduct business, for the time
2001	period necessary to transport the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor to the borders of this
2002	state;
2003	(31) sales of aircraft manufactured in Utah;
2004	(32) amounts paid for the purchase of telecommunications service for purposes of
2005	providing telecommunications service;
2006	(33) sales, leases, or uses of the following:
2007	(a) a vehicle by an authorized carrier; or
2008	(b) tangible personal property that is installed on a vehicle:
2009	(i) sold or leased to or used by an authorized carrier; and
2010	(ii) before the vehicle is placed in service for the first time;
2011	(34) (a) 45% of the sales price of any new manufactured home; and
2012	(b) 100% of the sales price of any used manufactured home;
2013	(35) sales relating to schools and fundraising sales;
2014	(36) sales or rentals of durable medical equipment if:
2015	(a) a person presents a prescription for the durable medical equipment; and
2016	(b) the durable medical equipment is used for home use only;
2017	(37) (a) sales to a ski resort of electricity to operate a passenger ropeway as defined in

2018	Section 72-11-102; and
2019	(b) the commission shall by rule determine the method for calculating sales exempt
2020	under Subsection (37)(a) that are not separately metered and accounted for in utility billings;
2021	(38) sales to a ski resort of:
2022	(a) snowmaking equipment;
2023	(b) ski slope grooming equipment;
2024	(c) passenger ropeways as defined in Section 72-11-102; or
2025	(d) parts used in the repairs or renovations of equipment or passenger ropeways
2026	described in Subsections (38)(a) through (c);
2027	(39) sales of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuels for industrial use;
2028	(40) (a) subject to Subsection (40)(b), sales or rentals of the right to use or operate for
2029	amusement, entertainment, or recreation an unassisted amusement device as defined in Section
2030	59-12-102;
2031	(b) if a seller that sells or rents at the same business location the right to use or operate
2032	for amusement, entertainment, or recreation one or more unassisted amusement devices and
2033	one or more assisted amusement devices, the exemption described in Subsection (40)(a)
2034	applies if the seller separately accounts for the sales or rentals of the right to use or operate for
2035	amusement, entertainment, or recreation for the assisted amusement devices; and
2036	(c) for purposes of Subsection (40)(b) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2037	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules:
2038	(i) governing the circumstances under which sales are at the same business location;
2039	and
2040	(ii) establishing the procedures and requirements for a seller to separately account for
2041	the sales or rentals of the right to use or operate for amusement, entertainment, or recreation for
2042	assisted amusement devices;
2043	(41) (a) sales of photocopies by:
2044	(i) a governmental entity; or
2045	(ii) an entity within the state system of public education, including:

2046	(A) a school; or
2047	(B) the State Board of Education; or
2048	(b) sales of publications by a governmental entity;
2049	(42) amounts paid for admission to an athletic event at an institution of higher
2050	education that is subject to the provisions of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972,
2051	20 U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.;
2052	(43) (a) sales made to or by:
2053	(i) an area agency on aging; or
2054	(ii) a senior citizen center owned by a county, city, or town; or
2055	(b) sales made by a senior citizen center that contracts with an area agency on aging;
2056	(44) sales or leases of semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development
2057	materials regardless of whether the semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or
2058	development materials:
2059	(a) actually come into contact with a semiconductor; or
2060	(b) ultimately become incorporated into real property;
2061	(45) an amount paid by or charged to a purchaser for accommodations and services
2062	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) to the extent the amount is exempt under Section
2063	59-12-104.2;
2064	(46) beginning on September 1, 2001, the lease or use of a vehicle issued a temporary
2065	sports event registration certificate in accordance with Section 41-3-306 for the event period
2066	specified on the temporary sports event registration certificate;
2067	(47) (a) sales or uses of electricity, if the sales or uses are made under a tariff adopted
2068	by the Public Service Commission of Utah only for purchase of electricity produced from a
2069	new alternative energy source, as designated in the tariff by the Public Service Commission of
2070	Utah; and
2071	(b) the exemption under Subsection (47)(a) applies to the portion of the tariff rate a
2072	customer pays under the tariff described in Subsection (47)(a) that exceeds the tariff rate under
2073	the tariff described in Subsection (47)(a) that the customer would have paid absent the tariff;

2074	(48) sales or rentals of mobility enhancing equipment if a person presents a
2075	prescription for the mobility enhancing equipment;
2076	(49) sales of water in a:
2077	(a) pipe;
2078	(b) conduit;
2079	(c) ditch; or
2080	(d) reservoir;
2081	(50) sales of currency or coins that constitute legal tender of a state, the United States,
2082	or a foreign nation;
2083	(51) (a) sales of an item described in Subsection (51)(b) if the item:
2084	(i) does not constitute legal tender of a state, the United States, or a foreign nation; and
2085	(ii) has a gold, silver, or platinum content of 50% or more; and
2086	(b) Subsection (51)(a) applies to a gold, silver, or platinum:
2087	(i) ingot;
2088	(ii) bar;
2089	(iii) medallion; or
2090	(iv) decorative coin;
2091	(52) amounts paid on a sale-leaseback transaction;
2092	(53) sales of a prosthetic device:
2093	(a) for use on or in a human; and
2094	(b) (i) for which a prescription is required; or
2095	(ii) if the prosthetic device is purchased by a hospital or other medical facility;
2096	(54) (a) except as provided in Subsection (54)(b), purchases, leases, or rentals of
2097	machinery or equipment by an establishment described in Subsection (54)(c) if the machinery
2098	or equipment is primarily used in the production or postproduction of the following media for
2099	commercial distribution:
2100	(i) a motion picture;
2101	(ii) a television program;

2102	(iii) a movie made for television;
2103	(iv) a music video;
2104	(v) a commercial;
2105	(vi) a documentary; or
2106	(vii) a medium similar to Subsections (54)(a)(i) through (vi) as determined by the
2107	commission by administrative rule made in accordance with Subsection (54)(d); or
2108	(b) purchases, leases, or rentals of machinery or equipment by an establishment
2109	described in Subsection (54)(c) that is used for the production or postproduction of the
2110	following are subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter:
2111	(i) a live musical performance;
2112	(ii) a live news program; or
2113	(iii) a live sporting event;
2114	(c) the following establishments listed in the 1997 North American Industry
2115	Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management
2116	and Budget, apply to Subsections (54)(a) and (b):
2117	(i) NAICS Code 512110; or
2118	(ii) NAICS Code 51219; and
2119	(d) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2120	commission may by rule:
2121	(i) prescribe what constitutes a medium similar to Subsections (54)(a)(i) through (vi);
2122	or
2123	(ii) define:
2124	(A) "commercial distribution";
2125	(B) "live musical performance";
2126	(C) "live news program"; or
2127	(D) "live sporting event";
2128	(55) (a) leases of seven or more years or purchases made on or after July 1, 2004, but
2129	on or before June 30, 2027, of tangible personal property that:

2130	(i) is leased or purchased for or by a facility that:
2131	(A) is an alternative energy electricity production facility;
2132	(B) is located in the state; and
2133	(C) (I) becomes operational on or after July 1, 2004; or
2134	(II) has its generation capacity increased by one or more megawatts on or after July 1,
2135	2004, as a result of the use of the tangible personal property;
2136	(ii) has an economic life of five or more years; and
2137	(iii) is used to make the facility or the increase in capacity of the facility described in
2138	Subsection (55)(a)(i) operational up to the point of interconnection with an existing
2139	transmission grid including:
2140	(A) a wind turbine;
2141	(B) generating equipment;
2142	(C) a control and monitoring system;
2143	(D) a power line;
2144	(E) substation equipment;
2145	(F) lighting;
2146	(G) fencing;
2147	(H) pipes; or
2148	(I) other equipment used for locating a power line or pole; and
2149	(b) this Subsection (55) does not apply to:
2150	(i) tangible personal property used in construction of:
2151	(A) a new alternative energy electricity production facility; or
2152	(B) the increase in the capacity of an alternative energy electricity production facility;
2153	(ii) contracted services required for construction and routine maintenance activities;
2154	and
2155	(iii) unless the tangible personal property is used or acquired for an increase in capacity
2156	of the facility described in Subsection (55)(a)(i)(C)(II), tangible personal property used or
2157	acquired after:

2158	(A) the alternative energy electricity production facility described in Subsection
2159	(55)(a)(i) is operational as described in Subsection (55)(a)(iii); or
2160	(B) the increased capacity described in Subsection (55)(a)(i) is operational as described
2161	in Subsection (55)(a)(iii);
2162	(56) (a) leases of seven or more years or purchases made on or after July 1, 2004, but
2163	on or before June 30, 2027, of tangible personal property that:
2164	(i) is leased or purchased for or by a facility that:
2165	(A) is a waste energy production facility;
2166	(B) is located in the state; and
2167	(C) (I) becomes operational on or after July 1, 2004; or
2168	(II) has its generation capacity increased by one or more megawatts on or after July 1,
2169	2004, as a result of the use of the tangible personal property;
2170	(ii) has an economic life of five or more years; and
2171	(iii) is used to make the facility or the increase in capacity of the facility described in
2172	Subsection (56)(a)(i) operational up to the point of interconnection with an existing
2173	transmission grid including:
2174	(A) generating equipment;
2175	(B) a control and monitoring system;
2176	(C) a power line;
2177	(D) substation equipment;
2178	(E) lighting;
2179	(F) fencing;
2180	(G) pipes; or
2181	(H) other equipment used for locating a power line or pole; and
2182	(b) this Subsection (56) does not apply to:
2183	(i) tangible personal property used in construction of:
2184	(A) a new waste energy facility; or
2185	(R) the increase in the canacity of a waste energy facility:

2186	(ii) contracted services required for construction and routine maintenance activities;
2187	and
2188	(iii) unless the tangible personal property is used or acquired for an increase in capacity
2189	described in Subsection (56)(a)(i)(C)(II), tangible personal property used or acquired after:
2190	(A) the waste energy facility described in Subsection (56)(a)(i) is operational as
2191	described in Subsection (56)(a)(iii); or
2192	(B) the increased capacity described in Subsection (56)(a)(i) is operational as described
2193	in Subsection (56)(a)(iii);
2194	(57) (a) leases of five or more years or purchases made on or after July 1, 2004, but on
2195	or before June 30, 2027, of tangible personal property that:
2196	(i) is leased or purchased for or by a facility that:
2197	(A) is located in the state;
2198	(B) produces fuel from alternative energy, including:
2199	(I) methanol; or
2200	(II) ethanol; and
2201	(C) (I) becomes operational on or after July 1, 2004; or
2202	(II) has its capacity to produce fuel increase by 25% or more on or after July 1, 2004, as
2203	a result of the installation of the tangible personal property;
2204	(ii) has an economic life of five or more years; and
2205	(iii) is installed on the facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i);
2206	(b) this Subsection (57) does not apply to:
2207	(i) tangible personal property used in construction of:
2208	(A) a new facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i); or
2209	(B) the increase in capacity of the facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i); or
2210	(ii) contracted services required for construction and routine maintenance activities;
2211	and
2212	(iii) unless the tangible personal property is used or acquired for an increase in capacity
2213	described in Subsection (57)(a)(i)(C)(II), tangible personal property used or acquired after:

2214	(A) the facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i) is operational; or
2215	(B) the increased capacity described in Subsection (57)(a)(i) is operational;
2216	(58) (a) subject to Subsection (58)(b) or (c), sales of tangible personal property or a
2217	product transferred electronically to a person within this state if that tangible personal property
2218	or product transferred electronically is subsequently shipped outside the state and incorporated
2219	pursuant to contract into and becomes a part of real property located outside of this state;
2220	(b) the exemption under Subsection (58)(a) is not allowed to the extent that the other
2221	state or political entity to which the tangible personal property is shipped imposes a sales, use,
2222	gross receipts, or other similar transaction excise tax on the transaction against which the other
2223	state or political entity allows a credit for sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter; and
2224	(c) notwithstanding the time period of Subsection 59-1-1410(8) for filing for a refund,
2225	a person may claim the exemption allowed by this Subsection (58) for a sale by filing for a
2226	refund:
2227	(i) if the sale is made on or after July 1, 2004, but on or before June 30, 2008;
2228	(ii) as if this Subsection (58) as in effect on July 1, 2008, were in effect on the day on
2229	which the sale is made;
2230	(iii) if the person did not claim the exemption allowed by this Subsection (58) for the
2231	sale prior to filing for the refund;
2232	(iv) for sales and use taxes paid under this chapter on the sale;
2233	(v) in accordance with Section 59-1-1410; and
2234	(vi) subject to any extension allowed for filing for a refund under Section 59-1-1410, if
2235	the person files for the refund on or before June 30, 2011;
2236	(59) purchases:
2237	(a) of one or more of the following items in printed or electronic format:
2238	(i) a list containing information that includes one or more:
2239	(A) names; or
2240	(B) addresses; or
2241	(ii) a database containing information that includes one or more:

2242	(A) names; or
2243	(B) addresses; and
2244	(b) used to send direct mail;
2245	(60) redemptions or repurchases of a product by a person if that product was:
2246	(a) delivered to a pawnbroker as part of a pawn transaction; and
2247	(b) redeemed or repurchased within the time period established in a written agreement
2248	between the person and the pawnbroker for redeeming or repurchasing the product;
2249	(61) (a) purchases or leases of an item described in Subsection (61)(b) if the item:
2250	(i) is purchased or leased by, or on behalf of, a telecommunications service provider;
2251	and
2252	(ii) has a useful economic life of one or more years; and
2253	(b) the following apply to Subsection (61)(a):
2254	(i) telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or software;
2255	(ii) telecommunications equipment, machinery, or software required for 911 service;
2256	(iii) telecommunications maintenance or repair equipment, machinery, or software;
2257	(iv) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
2258	(v) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software;
2259	(62) (a) beginning on July 1, 2006, and ending on June 30, 2027, purchases of tangible
2260	personal property or a product transferred electronically that are used in the research and
2261	development of alternative energy technology; and
2262	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2263	commission may, for purposes of Subsection (62)(a), make rules defining what constitutes
2264	purchases of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically that are used in
2265	the research and development of alternative energy technology;
2266	(63) (a) purchases of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically
2267	if:
2268	(i) the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically is:
2269	(A) purchased outside of this state;

2270	(B) brought into this state at any time after the purchase described in Subsection
2271	(63)(a)(i)(A); and
2272	(C) used in conducting business in this state; and
2273	(ii) for:
2274	(A) tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically other than the
2275	tangible personal property described in Subsection (63)(a)(ii)(B), the first use of the property
2276	for a purpose for which the property is designed occurs outside of this state; or
2277	(B) a vehicle other than a vehicle sold to an authorized carrier, the vehicle is registered
2278	outside of this state;
2279	(b) the exemption provided for in Subsection (63)(a) does not apply to:
2280	(i) a lease or rental of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically;
2281	or
2282	(ii) a sale of a vehicle exempt under Subsection (33); and
2283	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
2284	purposes of Subsection (63)(a), the commission may by rule define what constitutes the
2285	following:
2286	(i) conducting business in this state if that phrase has the same meaning in this
2287	Subsection (63) as in Subsection (24);
2288	(ii) the first use of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if
2289	that phrase has the same meaning in this Subsection (63) as in Subsection (24); or
2290	(iii) a purpose for which tangible personal property or a product transferred
2291	electronically is designed if that phrase has the same meaning in this Subsection (63) as in
2292	Subsection (24);
2293	(64) sales of disposable home medical equipment or supplies if:
2294	(a) a person presents a prescription for the disposable home medical equipment or
2295	supplies;
2296	(b) the disposable home medical equipment or supplies are used exclusively by the
2297	person to whom the prescription described in Subsection (64)(a) is issued; and

2298	(c) the disposable home medical equipment and supplies are listed as eligible for
2299	payment under:
2300	(i) Title XVIII, federal Social Security Act; or
2301	(ii) the state plan for medical assistance under Title XIX, federal Social Security Act;
2302	(65) sales:
2303	(a) to a public transit district under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit
2304	District Act; or
2305	(b) of tangible personal property to a subcontractor of a public transit district, if the
2306	tangible personal property is:
2307	(i) clearly identified; and
2308	(ii) installed or converted to real property owned by the public transit district;
2309	(66) sales of construction materials:
2310	(a) purchased on or after July 1, 2010;
2311	(b) purchased by, on behalf of, or for the benefit of an international airport:
2312	(i) located within a county of the first class; and
2313	(ii) that has a United States customs office on its premises; and
2314	(c) if the construction materials are:
2315	(i) clearly identified;
2316	(ii) segregated; and
2317	(iii) installed or converted to real property:
2318	(A) owned or operated by the international airport described in Subsection (66)(b); and
2319	(B) located at the international airport described in Subsection (66)(b);
2320	(67) sales of construction materials:
2321	(a) purchased on or after July 1, 2008;
2322	(b) purchased by, on behalf of, or for the benefit of a new airport:
2323	(i) located within a county of the second class; and
2324	(ii) that is owned or operated by a city in which an airline as defined in Section
2325	59-2-102 is headquartered; and

2326	(c) If the construction materials are:
2327	(i) clearly identified;
2328	(ii) segregated; and
2329	(iii) installed or converted to real property:
2330	(A) owned or operated by the new airport described in Subsection (67)(b);
2331	(B) located at the new airport described in Subsection (67)(b); and
2332	(C) as part of the construction of the new airport described in Subsection (67)(b);
2333	(68) sales of fuel to a common carrier that is a railroad for use in a locomotive engine;
2334	(69) purchases and sales described in Section 63H-4-111;
2335	(70) (a) sales of tangible personal property to an aircraft maintenance, repair, and
2336	overhaul provider for use in the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishment in this state of
2337	a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft if that fixed wing turbine powered aircraft's registration
2338	lists a state or country other than this state as the location of registry of the fixed wing turbine
2339	powered aircraft; or
2340	(b) sales of tangible personal property by an aircraft maintenance, repair, and overhaul
2341	provider in connection with the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishment in this state of
2342	a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft if that fixed wing turbine powered aircraft's registration
2343	lists a state or country other than this state as the location of registry of the fixed wing turbine
2344	powered aircraft;
2345	(71) subject to Section 59-12-104.4, sales of a textbook for a higher education course:
2346	(a) to a person admitted to an institution of higher education; and
2347	(b) by a seller, other than a bookstore owned by an institution of higher education, if
2348	51% or more of that seller's sales revenue for the previous calendar quarter are sales of a
2349	textbook for a higher education course;
2350	(72) a license fee or tax a municipality imposes in accordance with Subsection
2351	10-1-203(5) on a purchaser from a business for which the municipality provides an enhanced
2352	level of municipal services;
2353	(73) amounts paid or charged for construction materials used in the construction of a

2354	new or expanding life science research and development facility in the state, if the construction
2355	materials are:
2356	(a) clearly identified;
2357	(b) segregated; and
2358	(c) installed or converted to real property;
2359	(74) amounts paid or charged for:
2360	(a) a purchase or lease of machinery and equipment that:
2361	(i) are used in performing qualified research:
2362	(A) as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code; and
2363	(B) in the state; and
2364	(ii) have an economic life of three or more years; and
2365	(b) normal operating repair or replacement parts:
2366	(i) for the machinery and equipment described in Subsection (74)(a); and
2367	(ii) that have an economic life of three or more years;
2368	(75) a sale or lease of tangible personal property used in the preparation of prepared
2369	food if:
2370	(a) for a sale:
2371	(i) the ownership of the seller and the ownership of the purchaser are identical; and
2372	(ii) the seller or the purchaser paid a tax under this chapter on the purchase of that
2373	tangible personal property prior to making the sale; or
2374	(b) for a lease:
2375	(i) the ownership of the lessor and the ownership of the lessee are identical; and
2376	(ii) the lessor or the lessee paid a tax under this chapter on the purchase of that tangible
2377	personal property prior to making the lease;
2378	(76) (a) purchases of machinery or equipment if:
2379	(i) the purchaser is an establishment described in NAICS Subsector 713, Amusement,
2380	Gambling, and Recreation Industries, of the 2012 North American Industry Classification
2381	System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget:

2382	(ii) the machinery or equipment:
2383	(A) has an economic life of three or more years; and
2384	(B) is used by one or more persons who pay admission or user fees described in
2385	Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f) to the purchaser of the machinery and equipment; and
2386	(iii) 51% or more of the purchaser's sales revenue for the previous calendar quarter is:
2387	(A) amounts paid or charged as admission or user fees described in Subsection
2388	59-12-103(1)(f); and
2389	(B) subject to taxation under this chapter; and
2390	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2391	commission may make rules for verifying that 51% of a purchaser's sales revenue for the
2392	previous calendar quarter is:
2393	(i) amounts paid or charged as admission or user fees described in Subsection
2394	59-12-103(1)(f); and
2395	(ii) subject to taxation under this chapter; [and]
2396	[(c) on or before the November 2018 interim meeting, and every five years after the
2397	November 2018 interim meeting, the commission shall review the exemption provided in this
2398	Subsection (76) and report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee on:
2399	[(i) the revenue lost to the state and local taxing jurisdictions as a result of the
2400	exemption;]
2401	[(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the exemption; and]
2402	[(iii) whether the exemption benefits the state;]
2403	(77) purchases of a short-term lodging consumable by a business that provides
2404	accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i);
2405	(78) amounts paid or charged to access a database:
2406	(a) if the primary purpose for accessing the database is to view or retrieve information
2407	from the database; and
2408	(b) not including amounts paid or charged for a:
2409	(i) digital audiowork;

2410	(ii) digital audio-visual work; or
2411	(iii) digital book;
2412	(79) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease made by an electronic financial
2413	payment service, of:
2414	(a) machinery and equipment that:
2415	(i) are used in the operation of the electronic financial payment service; and
2416	(ii) have an economic life of three or more years; and
2417	(b) normal operating repair or replacement parts that:
2418	(i) are used in the operation of the electronic financial payment service; and
2419	(ii) have an economic life of three or more years;
2420	(80) beginning on April 1, 2013, sales of a fuel cell as defined in Section 54-15-102;
2421	(81) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of tangible personal property or a
2422	product transferred electronically if the tangible personal property or product transferred
2423	electronically:
2424	(a) is stored, used, or consumed in the state; and
2425	(b) is temporarily brought into the state from another state:
2426	(i) during a disaster period as defined in Section 53-2a-1202;
2427	(ii) by an out-of-state business as defined in Section 53-2a-1202;
2428	(iii) for a declared state disaster or emergency as defined in Section 53-2a-1202; and
2429	(iv) for disaster- or emergency-related work as defined in Section 53-2a-1202;
2430	(82) sales of goods and services at a morale, welfare, and recreation facility, as defined
2431	in Section 39-9-102, made pursuant to Title 39, Chapter 9, State Morale, Welfare, and
2432	Recreation Program;
2433	(83) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of molten magnesium; and
2434	(84) (a) except as provided in Subsection (84)(b), amounts paid or charged for a
2435	purchase or lease made by a drilling equipment manufacturer of machinery, equipment,
2436	materials, or normal operating repair or replacement parts:
2437	(i) that are used or consumed exclusively in the drilling equipment manufacturer's

2438	manufacturing process; and
2439	(ii) except for office:
2440	(A) equipment; or
2441	(B) supplies; and
2442	(b) beginning on July 1, 2015, and ending on June 30, 2017, a person may claim an
2443	exemption described in Subsection (84)(a) only by filing for a refund:
2444	(i) of 50% of the tax paid on the amounts paid or charged; and
2445	(ii) in accordance with Section 59-1-1410.
2446	Section 28. Section <b>59-12-104.2</b> is amended to read:
2447	59-12-104.2. Exemption for accommodations and services taxed by the Navajo
2448	Nation.
2449	(1) As used in this section "tribal taxing area" means the geographical area that:
2450	(a) is subject to the taxing authority of the Navajo Nation; and
2451	(b) consists of:
2452	(i) notwithstanding the issuance of a patent, all land:
2453	(A) within the limits of an Indian reservation under the jurisdiction of the federal
2454	government; and
2455	(B) including any rights-of-way running through the reservation; and
2456	(ii) all Indian allotments the Indian titles to which have not been extinguished,
2457	including any rights-of-way running through an Indian allotment.
2458	(2) (a) Beginning July 1, 2001, amounts paid by or charged to a purchaser for
2459	accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) are exempt from the tax
2460	imposed by Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i)(A) or (2)(d)(i)(A)(I) to the extent permitted under
2461	Subsection (2)(b) if:
2462	(i) the accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) are
2463	provided within:
2464	(A) the state; and
2465	(B) a tribal taxing area;

2466 (ii) the Navajo Nation imposes and collects a tax on the amounts paid by or charged to 2467 the purchaser for the accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i); (iii) the Navajo Nation imposes the tax described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) without 2468 2469 regard to whether or not the purchaser that pays or is charged for the accommodations and services is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation; and 2470 2471 (iv) the requirements of Subsection (4) are met. 2472 (b) If but for Subsection (2)(a) the amounts paid by or charged to a purchaser for 2473 accommodations and services described in Subsection (2)(a) are subject to a tax imposed by 2474 Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i)(A) or (2)(d)(i)(A)(I): 2475 (i) the seller shall collect and pay to the state the difference described in Subsection (3) if that difference is greater than \$0; and 2476 2477 (ii) a person may not require the state to provide a refund, a credit, or similar tax relief 2478 if the difference described in Subsection (3) is equal to or less than \$0. (3) The difference described in Subsection (2)(b) is equal to the difference between: 2479 (a) the amount of tax imposed by Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i)(A) or (2)(d)(i)(A)(I)2480 2481 on the amounts paid by or charged to a purchaser for accommodations and services described 2482 in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i); less (b) the tax imposed and collected by the Navajo Nation on the amounts paid by or 2483 2484 charged to a purchaser for the accommodations and services described in Subsection 2485 59-12-103(1)(i). 2486 (4) (a) If, on or after July 1, 2001, the Navajo Nation changes the tax rate of a tax imposed on amounts paid by or charged to a purchaser for accommodations and services 2487 2488 described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i), any change in the amount of the exemption under 2489 Subsection (2) as a result of the change in the tax rate is not effective until the first day of the 2490 calendar quarter after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (4)(b) from the Navajo Nation. 2491 2492 (b) The notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall state:

(i) that the Navajo Nation has changed or will change the tax rate of a tax imposed on

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2494	amounts paid by or charged to a purchaser for accommodations and services described in
2495	Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i);
2496	(ii) the effective date of the rate change on the tax described in Subsection (4)(b)(i);
2497	and
2498	(iii) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
2499	[(5) Beginning with the 2006 interim, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee:]
2500	[(a) shall review the exemption provided for in this section one or more times every
2501	five years;]
2502	[(b) shall determine on or before the November interim meeting of the year in which
2503	the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the exemption provided for in this
2504	section whether the exemption should be:]
2505	[ <del>(i) continued;</del> ]
2506	[(ii) modified; or]
2507	[(iii) repealed; and]
2508	[(c) may review any other issue related to the exemption provided for in this section as
2509	determined by the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee.]
2510	Section 29. Section <b>59-12-104.5</b> is amended to read:
2511	59-12-104.5. Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee review of sales and use
2512	taxes.
2513	The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall:
2514	(1) review Subsection 59-12-104(28) before October 1 of the year after the year in
2515	which Congress permits a state to participate in the special supplemental nutrition program
2516	under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1786 even if state or local sales taxes are collected within the state on
2517	purchases of food under that program; and
2518	(2) review Subsection 59-12-104(21) before October 1 of the year after the year in
2519	which Congress permits a state to participate in the SNAP as defined in Section 35A-1-102,
2520	even if state or local sales taxes are collected within the state on purchases of food under that
2521	nrogram[ <del>· and</del> ]

2522	[(3) review Subsection 59-12-104(62) before the October 2011 interim meeting.]
2523	Section 30. Section <b>59-23-4</b> is amended to read:
2524	59-23-4. Brine shrimp royalty Royalty rate Commission to prepare billing
2525	statement Deposit of revenue.
2526	(1) A person shall pay for each tax year a brine shrimp royalty of 3.75 cents multiplied
2527	by the total number of pounds of unprocessed brine shrimp eggs that the person harvests within
2528	the state during the tax year.
2529	(2) (a) A person that harvests unprocessed brine shrimp eggs shall report to the
2530	Department of Natural Resources the total number of pounds of unprocessed brine shrimp eggs
2531	harvested by that person for that tax year on or before the February 15 immediately following
2532	the last day of that tax year.
2533	(b) The Department of Natural Resources shall provide the following information to
2534	the commission on or before the March 1 immediately following the last day of a tax year:
2535	(i) the total number of pounds of unprocessed brine shrimp eggs harvested for that tax
2536	year; and
2537	(ii) for each person that harvested unprocessed brine shrimp eggs for that tax year:
2538	(A) the total number of pounds of unprocessed brine shrimp eggs harvested by that
2539	person for that tax year; and
2540	(B) a current billing address for that person; and
2541	(iii) any additional information required by the commission.
2542	(c) (i) The commission shall prepare and mail a billing statement to each person that
2543	harvested unprocessed brine shrimp eggs in a tax year by the March 30 immediately following
2544	the last day of a tax year.
2545	(ii) The billing statement under Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall specify:
2546	(A) the total number of pounds of unprocessed brine shrimp eggs harvested by that
2547	person for that tax year;
2548	(B) the brine shrimp royalty that the person owes; and
2549	(C) the date that the brine shrimp royalty payment is due as provided in Section

2550	59-23-5.
2551	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2552	commission may make rules prescribing the information required under Subsection (2)(b)(iii).
2553	(3) Revenue generated by the brine shrimp royalty shall be deposited in the Species
2554	Protection Account created in Section 79-2-303.
2555	[(4) Beginning with the 2004 interim, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee:]
2556	[(a) shall review the brine shrimp royalty imposed under this section at least every five
2557	<del>years;</del> ]
2558	[(b) shall determine on or before the November interim meeting of the year in which
2559	the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the brine shrimp royalty imposed under
2560	this section whether the brine shrimp royalty should be continued, modified, or repealed; and]
2561	[(c) may review any other issue related to the brine shrimp royalty imposed under this
2562	<del>part.</del> ]
2563	Section 31. Section <b>63M-4-505</b> is amended to read:
2564	63M-4-505. Report to the Legislature.
2565	The office shall <u>annually provide an electronic</u> report [annually] to the Public Utilities
2566	and Technology Interim Committee and the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee
2567	describing:
2568	(1) its success in attracting alternative energy projects to the state and the resulting
2569	increase in new state revenues under this part;
2570	(2) the amount of tax credits the office has granted or will grant and the time period
2571	during which the tax credits have been or will be granted; and
2572	(3) the economic impact on the state by comparing new state revenues to tax credits
2573	that have been or will be granted under this part.
2574	Section 32. Section <b>63N-2-810</b> is amended to read:
2575	63N-2-810. Reports on tax credit certificates Study by legislative committees.
2576	(1) The office shall include the following information in the annual written report
2577	described in Section 63N-1-301:

2578	(a) the total amount listed on tax credit certificates the office issues under this part;
2579	(b) the criteria that the office uses in prioritizing the issuance of tax credits amongst tax
2580	credit applicants under this part; and
2581	(c) the economic impact on the state related to providing tax credits under this part.
2582	(2) (a) On or before November 1, 2016, and every five years after November 1, 2016,
2583	the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall:
2584	(i) study the tax credits allowed under Sections 59-7-614.6, 59-10-1025, and
2585	59-10-1109; and
2586	(ii) make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued,
2587	modified, or repealed.
2588	(b) The study under Subsection (2)(a) shall include an evaluation of:
2589	(i) the cost of the tax credits under Sections 59-7-614.6, 59-10-1025, and 59-10-1109;
2590	(ii) the purposes and effectiveness of the tax credits; and
2591	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits.
2592	(c) For purposes of the study required by this Subsection (2), the office shall provide
2593	the following information to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee by electronic
2594	means:
2595	(i) the amount of tax credits that the office grants to each eligible business entity for
2596	each taxable year;
2597	(ii) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues generated by each eligible product or
2598	project;
2599	(iii) estimates for each of the next five calendar years of the following:
2600	(A) the amount of tax credits that the office will grant;
2601	(B) the amount of eligible new state tax revenues that will be generated; and
2602	(C) the number of new incremental jobs within the state that will be generated;
2603	(iv) the information contained in the office's latest report to the Legislature under
2604	Section 63N-2-705; and
2605	(v) any other information that the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee requests.

Section 33. Repealer.

This bill repeals:

Section 59-26-110, Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.