LINE-OF-DUTY DEATH AND DISABILITY AMENDMENTS
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Ronda Rudd Menlove
Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act by amending
provisions relating to line-of-duty death and disability benefits.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 provides that a line-of-duty death for a public safety service or firefighter service
employee includes a death that results from strenuous activity, including a heart
attack or stroke, that occurs during training or another activity required by an act of
duty as a public safety service or firefighter service employee;
 clarifies that a line-of-duty death for a public safety service or firefighter service
employee does not include certain deaths;
 provides that a line-of-duty disability for a firefighter service employee includes a
physical or mental disability that results from strenuous activity, including a heart
attack or stroke, that occurs during training or another activity required by an act of
duty as a firefighter service employee;
 clarifies that a line-of-duty disability for a firefighter service employee does not
include certain physical or mental disabilities; and
makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None

30	Utah Code Sections Affected:
31	AMENDS:
32	49-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 200
33	49-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 200
34	49-16-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 116
35	49-16-601.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 116
36	49-20-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapters 142 and 240
37	49-23-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 200
38	49-23-503 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 266
39 40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section 49-14-102 is amended to read:
42	49-14-102. Definitions.
43	As used in this chapter:
44	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
45	gross income which are received by a public safety service employee as base income for the
16	regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly
1 7	scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member
48	contributions or any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for
19	salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
50	(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
51	adjustments.
52	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
53	(i) overtime;
54	(ii) sick pay incentives;
55	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
56	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence, use of
57	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;

administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;

(v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
a member or participant.
(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
(2) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest three
years of annual compensation preceding retirement, subject to Subsections (2)(a) and (b).
(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the percentage increase in annual
compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
(b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the
office, the limitation in Subsection (2)(a) may be exceeded if:
(i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
(ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
(3) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
service employee[-]; or
(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service
employee.
(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,

(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;

86	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
87	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
88	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (3)(a).
89	(4) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
90	requirements of Section 49-14-201.
91	(5) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of
92	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is a:
93	(i) law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
94	(ii) correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
95	(iii) special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-14-201 and
96	53-13-105; and
97	(iv) full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
98	77-27-2.
99	(b) Except as provided under Subsection (5)(a)(iv), "public safety service" also requires
100	that in the course of employment the employee's life or personal safety is at risk.
101	(c) Except for the minimum hour requirement, Subsections (5)(a) and (b) do not apply
102	to any person who was eligible for service credit in this system before January 1, 1984.
103	(6) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
104	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
105	(7) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
106	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
107	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
108	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
109	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
110	[(7)] (8) "System" means the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System created
111	under this chapter.
112	[(8)] (9) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12
113	full months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public

safety service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty.

- 117 Section 2. Section **49-15-102** is amended to read:
- 118 **49-15-102. Definitions.**

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- 119 As used in this chapter:
- (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in gross income received by a public safety service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
 - (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.
 - (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- (i) overtime;
- (ii) sick pay incentives;
- (iii) retirement pay incentives;
- (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
 - (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
 - (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.
 - (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
 - (2) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (2)(a) and (b).

142	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the percentage increase in annual
143	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
144	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
145	of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
146	Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
147	(b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the
148	office, the limitation in Subsection (2)(a) may be exceeded if:
149	(i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
150	(ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
151	(3) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
152	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
153	service employee[-]; or
154	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
155	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service
156	employee.
157	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
158	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
159	employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
160	administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
161	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
162	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
163	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
164	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (3)(a).
165	(4) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
166	requirements of Section 49-15-201.
167	(5) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of
168	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is a:
169	(i) law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;

170	(ii) correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
171	(iii) special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
172	53-13-105; and
173	(iv) full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
174	77-27-2.
175	(b) Except as provided under Subsection (5)(a)(iv), "public safety service" also requires
176	that in the course of employment the employee's life or personal safety is at risk.
177	(6) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
178	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
179	(7) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
180	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
181	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
182	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
183	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
184	[(7)] (8) "System" means the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System created
185	under this chapter.
186	[(8)] <u>(9)</u> "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12
187	full months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public
188	safety service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public
189	safety service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military
190	duty.
191	Section 3. Section 49-16-102 is amended to read:
192	49-16-102. Definitions.
193	As used in this chapter:
194	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable as
195	gross income which are received by a firefighter service employee as base income for the
196	regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly
197	scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member

contributions or any amounts the firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.

- (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.
 - (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- 203 (i) overtime;

- (ii) sick pay incentives;
- (iii) retirement pay incentives;
- (iv) remuneration paid in kind such as a residence, use of equipment, uniforms, travel, or similar payments;
 - (v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
- (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.
- (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
- (2) (a) "Disability" means a physical or mental condition that, in the judgment of the office, is total and presumably permanent, and prevents a member from performing firefighter service.
- (b) The determination of disability is based upon medical and other evidence satisfactory to the office.
- (3) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(a) and (b).
- (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.

226 (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 227 office the limitation in Subsection (3)(a) may be exceeded if: 228 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 229 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. 230 (4) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080 231 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is a firefighter 232 service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a position of hazardous duty 233 with a regularly constituted fire department, but does not include secretarial staff or other 234 similar employees. (5) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer who 235 236 provides firefighter service under this chapter. An employee of a regularly constituted fire 237 department who does not perform firefighter service is not a firefighter service employee. (6) (a) "Line-of-duty death or disability" means a death or any physical or mental 238 239 disability resulting from: 240 (i) external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from firefighter service[7]; or 241 (a) A paid firefighter who has five years of firefighter service credit is eligible for a 242 line-of-duty death or disability resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or respiratory tract 243 condition. 244 (b) A paid firefighter who receives a service connected disability benefit for more than 245 six months due to violence or illness other than heart disease, lung disease, or respiratory tract 246 condition, and then returns to paid firefighter service, may not be eligible for a line-of-duty 247 death or disability benefit due to heart disease, lung disease, or respiratory tract condition for 248 two years after the firefighter returned to work unless clear and convincing evidence is 249 presented that the heart disease, lung disease, or respiratory tract condition was directly a result 250 of firefighter service. 251 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a firefighter service 252

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employee.

254	(b) "Line-of-duty death or disability" does not include a death or any physical or menta
255	disability that:
256	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a firefighter service
257	employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
258	administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
259	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
260	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
261	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
262	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (6)(a).
263	(c) "Line-of-duty death or disability" includes the death of a paid firefighter resulting
264	from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition if the paid firefighter has five
265	years of firefighter service credit.
266	(7) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
267	requirements of Section 49-16-201.
268	(8) "Regularly constituted fire department" means a fire department that employs a fire
269	chief who performs firefighter service for at least 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled paid
270	employment per year.
271	(9) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
272	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
273	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
274	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
275	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
276	[(9)] (10) "System" means the Firefighters' Retirement System created under this
277	chapter.
278	[(10)] (11) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual that is not regularly
279	employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:
280	(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
281	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and

(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department which provides ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.

- (b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of Subsection [(10)] (11)(a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.
- (11) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a firefighter service employee was employed by a participating employer or received full-time pay while on sick leave, including any time the firefighter service employee was absent in the service of the United States on military duty.
 - Section 4. Section **49-16-601.5** is amended to read:

49-16-601.5. Line-of-duty disability benefit -- Benefits -- Monthly allowance.

- (1) An active member of this system who is unable to perform firefighter service due to a physical or mental condition incurred in the line-of-duty may apply to the office for a disability retirement benefit under this section.
- (2) If the condition is classified by the office as a line-of-duty disability, the member shall be granted a disability retirement benefit subject to Section 49-16-602.
- (3) A paid firefighter who has five years of firefighter service credit is eligible for a line-of-duty disability benefit resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition.
- (4) A paid firefighter who receives a service connected disability benefit for more than six months due to violence or illness other than heart disease, lung disease, or respiratory tract condition, and then returns to paid firefighter service, may not be eligible for a line-of-duty disability benefit due to heart disease, lung disease, or respiratory tract condition for two years after the firefighter returned to work unless clear and convincing evidence is presented that the heart disease, lung disease, or respiratory tract condition was directly a result of firefighter service.
- [(3)] (5) The monthly disability retirement benefit is 50% of the member's final average salary.

310	Section 5. Section 49-20-406 is amended to read:
311	49-20-406. Insurance benefits for employees' beneficiaries.
312	(1) As used in this section:
313	(a) "Children" includes stepchildren and legally adopted children.
314	(b) (i) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
315	(A) external force or violence occasioned by an act of duty as an employee[:]; or
316	(B) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
317	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as an employee.
318	(ii) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
319	(A) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as an employee if the
320	activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, administrative, or of a
321	nonmanual nature contributes to the employee's death;
322	(B) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
323	(C) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
324	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
325	(D) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (1)(b)(i).
326	(c) (i) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
327	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
328	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
329	(ii) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
330	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
331	(2) The beneficiary of a covered individual who is employed by the state and who has a
332	line-of-duty death shall receive:
333	(a) the proceeds of a \$50,000 group term life insurance policy paid for by the state and
334	administered and provided as part of the group life insurance program under this chapter; and
335	(b) group health coverage paid for by the state that covers the covered individual's:
336	(i) surviving spouse until remarriage or becoming eligible for Medicare, whichever
337	comes first: and

338	(ii) unmarried children up to the age of 26.
339	(3) A covered employer not required to provide the benefits under Subsection (2) may
340	provide either or both of the benefits under Subsection (2) by paying rates established by the
341	program.
342	(4) The benefit provided under Subsection (2)(a) is subject to the same terms and
343	conditions as the group life insurance program provided under this chapter.
344	Section 6. Section 49-23-102 is amended to read:
345	49-23-102. Definitions.
346	As used in this chapter:
347	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
348	gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as
349	base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall
350	establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the
351	deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee
352	authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
353	(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
354	adjustments.
355	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
356	(i) overtime;
357	(ii) sick pay incentives;
358	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
359	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of
360	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
361	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
362	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
363	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
364	a member or participant.
365	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed

under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).

(2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.

- (3) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(a), (b), (c), and (d).
- (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
- (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection (3)(a) may be exceeded if:
 - (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
 - (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
- (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only.
- (d) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of service credit.
- (4) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department, but does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
 - (5) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer who

394	provides firefighter service under this chapter. An employee of a regularly constituted fire
395	department who does not perform firefighter service is not a firefighter service employee.
396	(6) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
397	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
398	service or firefighter service employee; or
399	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
400	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or
401	firefighter service employee.
402	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
403	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
404	or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity
405	that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
406	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
407	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
408	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
409	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (6)(a).
410	[(6)] (7) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
411	requirements of:
412	(a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202;
413	(b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202;
414	(c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or
415	(d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202.
416	[(7)] (8) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average
417	of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is a:
418	(i) law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
419	(ii) correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
420	(iii) special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
121	53-13-105: and

122	(iv) full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
123	77-27-2.
124	(b) Except as provided under Subsection [(7)] (8)(a)(iv), "public safety service" also
125	requires that in the course of employment the employee's life or personal safety is at risk.
426	[(8)] (9) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating
127	employer who performs public safety service under this chapter.
128	(10) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
129	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
430	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity
431	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
432	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
433	[(9)] (11) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory
134	Retirement System created under this chapter.
435	$[\frac{(10)}{(12)}]$ (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual that is not regularly
436	employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:
437	(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
438	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
139	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department which provides
440	ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
441	(b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of
142	Subsection $[(10)]$ (12) (a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.
143	[(11)] (13) "Years of service credit" means:
144	(a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or
145	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
146	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
147	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
148	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
149	provided by this chapter.

450	Section 7. Section 49-23-503 is amended to read:
451	49-23-503. Death of active member in line of duty Payment of benefits.
452	If an active member of this system dies, benefits are payable as follows:
453	(1) If the death is classified by the office as a line-of-duty death, benefits are payable as
454	follows:
455	(a) If the member has accrued less than 20 years of public safety service or firefighter
456	service credit, the spouse at the time of death shall receive a lump sum of \$1,000 and an
457	allowance equal to 30% of the member's final average monthly salary.
458	(b) If the member has accrued 20 or more years of public safety service or firefighter
459	service credit, the member shall be considered to have retired with an Option One allowance
460	calculated without an actuarial reduction under Section 49-23-304 and the spouse at the time of
461	death shall receive the allowance that would have been payable to the member.
462	(2) (a) A volunteer firefighter is eligible for a line-of-duty death benefit under this
463	section if the death results from external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from
464	firefighter service.
465	(b) The lowest monthly compensation of firefighters of a city of the first class in this
466	state at the time of death shall be considered to be the final average monthly salary of a
467	volunteer firefighter for purposes of computing these benefits.
468	(c) Each volunteer fire department shall maintain a current roll of all volunteer
469	firefighters which meet the requirements of Subsection $49-23-102[\frac{(10)}{(12)}]$ to determine the
470	eligibility for this benefit.
471	(3) (a) If the death is classified as a line-of-duty death by the office, death benefits are
472	payable under this section and the spouse at the time of death is not eligible for benefits under
473	Section 49-23-502.

(b) If the death is not classified as a line-of-duty death by the office, benefits are

payable in accordance with Section 49-23-502.

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