DIVISION OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AMENDMENTS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy

Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble

2 **LONG TITLE**

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4 General Description:

- 5 This bill enacts and repeals provisions related to consumer complaints to the Division of
- 6 Consumer Protection (division).

7 Highlighted Provisions:

- 8 This bill:
- 9 provides that consumer complaints are protected records under the Government Records
- 10 Access and Management Act (GRAMA);
- requires the division to reclassify consumer complaints as public under GRAMA under
- 12 certain circumstances;
- rulemaking authority;

 → grants the division rulemaking authority;
- repeals provisions related to consumer complaints;
- 15 defines terms; and
- 16 makes technical and conforming changes.

17 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

- None None
- 19 Other Special Clauses:
- This bill provides a special effective date.
- 21 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 22 AMENDS:
- 23 **13-2-1 (Effective 05/01/24) (Superseded 05/02/24)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
- 24 Chapters 31, 36, 377, 458, 477, 498, and 509
- 25 **13-2-1 (Effective 05/02/24)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 31, 36, 377,
- 26 458, 477, 498, 509, and 536
- 27 **13-11-7 (Effective 05/01/24)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 92

28 **63G-2-305** (Effective 05/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 1, 16, 29 205, and 329 30 **ENACTS:** 31 **13-2-11** (Effective **05/01/24**), as Utah Code Annotated 1953 32 **REPEALS**: 33 **13-15-401** (Effective **05/01/24**), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 243 34 13-26-12 (Effective 05/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 324 35 36 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 37 Section 1. Section 13-2-1 is amended to read: 38 13-2-1 (Effective 05/01/24) (Superseded 05/02/24). Consumer protection division 39 established -- Functions. 40 (1) There is established within the Department of Commerce the Division of Consumer 41 Protection. 42 (2) The division shall administer and enforce the following: 43 (a) Chapter 10a, Music Licensing Practices Act; 44 (b) Chapter 11, Utah Consumer Sales Practices Act; 45 (c) Chapter 15, Business Opportunity Disclosure Act; 46 (d) Chapter 20, New Motor Vehicle Warranties Act; 47 (e) Chapter 21, Credit Services Organizations Act; 48 (f) Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act; 49 (g) Chapter 23, Health Spa Services Protection Act; 50 (h) Chapter 25a, Telephone and Facsimile Solicitation Act; 51 (i) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act; 52 (i) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act; 53 (k) Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter 54 Transaction Information Act: 55 (1) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary School and State Authorization Act; 56 (m) Chapter 41, Price Controls During Emergencies Act; 57 (n) Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act; 58 (o) Chapter 49, Immigration Consultants Registration Act; 59 (p) Chapter 51, Transportation Network Company Registration Act; 60 (q) Chapter 52, Residential Solar Energy Disclosure Act;

(r) Chapter 53, Residential, Vocational and Life Skills Program Act;

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62	(s) Chapter 54, Ticket Website Sales Act;
63	(t) Chapter 56, Ticket Transferability Act;
64	(u) Chapter 57, Maintenance Funding Practices Act;
65	(v) Chapter 61, Utah Consumer Privacy Act;
66	(w) Chapter 63, Utah Social Media Regulation Act;
67	(x) Chapter 64, Vehicle Value Protection Agreement Act;
68	(y) Chapter 65, Utah Commercial Email Act; and
69	(z) Chapter 67, Online Dating Safety Act.
70	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
71	division may make rules to establish:
72	(a) a public list that identifies a person who:
73	(i) violates a chapter described in Subsection (2);
74	(ii) without proper legal justification, fails to comply with an order, subpoena,
75	judgment, or other legal process issued by:
76	(A) the division; or
77	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; or
78	(iii) breaches a settlement agreement, stipulation, assurance of voluntary compliance
79	or similar instrument signed by the person and the division; and
80	(b) a process by which a person may be removed from the list the division establishes as
81	described in Subsection (3)(a).
82	Section 2. Section 13-2-1 is amended to read:
83	13-2-1 (Effective 05/02/24). Consumer protection division established
84	Functions.
85	(1) There is established within the Department of Commerce the Division of Consumer
86	Protection.
87	(2) The division shall administer and enforce the following:
88	(a) Chapter 10a, Music Licensing Practices Act;
89	(b) Chapter 11, Utah Consumer Sales Practices Act;
90	(c) Chapter 15, Business Opportunity Disclosure Act;
91	(d) Chapter 20, New Motor Vehicle Warranties Act;
92	(e) Chapter 21, Credit Services Organizations Act;
93	(f) Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act;
94	(g) Chapter 23, Health Spa Services Protection Act;
95	(h) Chapter 25a, Telephone and Facsimile Solicitation Act;

(i) Chapter 26, Telephone Fraud Prevention Act;

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97	(j) Chapter 28, Prize Notices Regulation Act;
98	(k) Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter
99	Transaction Information Act;
100	(1) Chapter 34, Utah Postsecondary School and State Authorization Act;
101	(m) Chapter 41, Price Controls During Emergencies Act;
102	(n) Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act;
103	(o) Chapter 49, Immigration Consultants Registration Act;
104	(p) Chapter 51, Transportation Network Company Registration Act;
105	(q) Chapter 52, Residential Solar Energy Disclosure Act;
106	(r) Chapter 53, Residential, Vocational and Life Skills Program Act;
107	(s) Chapter 54, Ticket Website Sales Act;
108	(t) Chapter 56, Ticket Transferability Act;
109	(u) Chapter 57, Maintenance Funding Practices Act;
110	(v) Chapter 61, Utah Consumer Privacy Act;
111	(w) Chapter 63, Utah Social Media Regulation Act;
112	(x) Chapter 64, Vehicle Value Protection Agreement Act;
113	(y) Chapter 65, Utah Commercial Email Act;
114	(z) Chapter 67, Online Dating Safety Act; and
115	(aa) Chapter 68, Lawyer Referral Consultants Registration Act.
116	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
117	division may make rules to establish:
118	(a) a public list that identifies a person who:
119	(i) violates a chapter described in Subsection (2);
120	(ii) without proper legal justification, fails to comply with an order, subpoena,
121	judgment, or other legal process issued by:
122	(A) the division; or
123	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; or
124	(iii) breaches a settlement agreement, stipulation, assurance of voluntary compliance
125	or similar instrument signed by the person and the division; and
126	(b) a process by which a person may be removed from the list the division establishes as
127	described in Subsection (3)(a).
128	Section 3. Section 13-2-11 is enacted to read:
129	13-2-11 (Effective 05/01/24). Publication of consumer complaints.

130	(1) As used in this section:
131	(a) "Consumer complaint" means a complaint that:
132	(i) is provided to the division;
133	(ii) alleges facts relating to conduct that the division regulates under Section 13-2-1;
134	<u>and</u>
135	(iii) may contain:
136	(A) information that identifies a respondent; and
137	(B) a narrative description of and information relevant to the conduct described in
138	Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
139	(b) "Consumer narrative" means the narrative description contained in a consumer
140	complaint as described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(B).
141	(c) "Filer" means a person who files a consumer complaint.
142	(d) "Respondent" means a person against whom a filer files a consumer complaint.
143	(2) (a) A consumer complaint is a protected record as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305
144	<u>(88).</u>
145	(b) In carrying out the division's duties, the division may not publicly disclose the
146	identity of a person the division investigates unless:
147	(i) the person's identity becomes a matter of public record in an enforcement
148	proceeding; or
149	(ii) the person consents to public disclosure.
150	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2):
151	(a) the division may reclassify a consumer complaint as public if:
152	(i) (A) the consumer complaint is one of at least 10 consumer complaints filed
153	with the division against the same person, alleging the same or similar conduct,
154	and during the 12-month period immediately preceding the day on which the
155	filer files the consumer complaint;
156	(B) the consumer complaint does not contain information that an agreement with
157	another state or federal agency or a condition of participation in an
158	investigation or litigation requires the division keep confidential;
159	(C) the consumer complaint is not classified as controlled, private, or protected as
160	described in Sections 63G-2-302 through 63G-2-305, for a reason other than
161	that identified by Subsection 63G-2-305(88); and
162	(D) access to the record is not restricted as described by Subsection 63G-2-201
163	(3)(b); or

164	(ii) the division takes public enforcement action against a respondent as a result of
165	the consumer complaint; and
166	(b) the division may disclose a consumer complaint to the respondent.
167	(4) In determining the number of complaints against the same person in accordance with
168	Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), the division may consider consumer complaints that are filed
169	against multiple entities under common ownership as consumer complaints against the
170	same person.
171	(5) A respondent's initial, written response to a consumer complaint that is public under
172	Subsection (3) is a public record.
173	(6) Before making a consumer complaint that is reclassified as public under Subsection (3),
174	or a response described in Subsection (5), available to the public, the division:
175	(a) shall redact from the consumer complaint or the response any information that would
176	disclose:
177	(i) the filer's:
178	(A) address;
179	(B) social security number;
180	(C) bank account information;
181	(D) email address; or
182	(E) telephone number; or
183	(ii) information similar in nature to the information described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)
184	<u>and</u>
185	(b) may redact the filer's name and any other information that could, in the division's
186	judgment, disclose the filer's identity.
187	(7) If the division discloses the consumer complaint to the respondent as described in
188	Subsection (3)(b), the division may redact the filer's:
189	(a) bank account information;
190	(b) social security number;
191	(c) name and any other information that could, in the division's judgment, disclose the
192	filer's identity, if the filer requests anonymity; and
193	(d) other information the disclosure of which constitutes a clearly unwarranted invasion
194	of personal privacy.
195	(8) Nothing in this section precludes the division from disclosing a consumer complaint in
196	accordance with Section 63G-2-201.
197	Section 4 Section 13-11-7 is amended to read:

198	13-11-7 (Effective 05/01/24). Duties of enforcing authority Confidentiality of
199	identity of persons investigated Civil penalty for violation of restraining or
200	injunctive orders.
201	(1) The enforcing authority shall:
202	(a) enforce this chapter throughout the state;
203	(b) cooperate with state and local officials, officials of other states, and officials of the
204	federal government in the administration of comparable statutes;
205	(c) inform consumers and suppliers on a continuing basis of the provisions of this
206	chapter and of acts or practices that violate this chapter [including mailing
207	information concerning final judgments to persons who request it, for which he may
208	charge a reasonable fee to cover the expense];
209	(d) receive and act on complaints; and
210	(e) maintain a public file of final judgments rendered under this chapter that have been
211	either reported officially or made available for public dissemination under Subsection
212	(1)(c), final consent judgments, and to the extent the enforcing authority considers
213	appropriate, assurances of voluntary compliance.
214	[(2) In carrying out his duties, the enforcing authority may not publicly disclose the
215	identity of a person investigated unless his identity has become a matter of public record
216	in an enforcement proceeding or he has consented to public disclosure.]
217	[(3)] (2) On motion of the enforcing authority, or on its own motion, the court may impose a
218	civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each day a temporary restraining order,
219	preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction issued under this chapter is violated, if
220	the supplier received notice of the restraining or injunctive order. Civil penalties
221	imposed under this section shall be paid to the General Fund.
222	Section 5. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
223	63G-2-305 (Effective 05/01/24). Protected records.
224	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
225	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has
226	provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
227	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person
228	if:
229	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
230	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the
231	ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;

232		(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than
233		the public in obtaining access; and
234		(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the
235		information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
236	(3)	commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to
237		the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
238		commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or
239		cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
240	(4)	records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
241		competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project
242		entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
243	(5)	test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
244		employment, or academic examinations;
245	(6)	records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings
246		or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement
247		with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
248		Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract
249		or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
250		(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental
251		entity in response to:
252		(i) an invitation for bids;
253		(ii) a request for proposals;
254		(iii) a request for quotes;
255		(iv) a grant; or
256		(v) other similar document; or
257		(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
258	(7)	information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
259		information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not
260		restrict the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
261		(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
262		awarded and signed by all parties; or
263		(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
264		subject of the request for information; and
265		(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information

266	is issued;
267	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or
268	personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public
269	acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
270	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
271	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
272	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
273	duty of confidentiality to the entity;
274	(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described
275	property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the
276	property;
277	(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
278	property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's
279	estimated value of the property; or
280	(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence
281	and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations
282	to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
283	(9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated
284	transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if
285	disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated
286	value of the subject property, unless:
287	(a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting
288	access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial
289	benefit of the transaction; or
290	(b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of
291	the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not
292	employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
293	(10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement
294	purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration
295	purposes, if release of the records:
296	(a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for
297	enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
298	(b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement
299	proceedings;

300	(c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial
301	hearing;
302	(d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally
303	known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of
304	an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known
305	outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
306	(e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques,
307	procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if
308	disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
309	(11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
310	(12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental
311	property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from
312	damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
313	(13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional
314	facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would
315	interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment,
316	probation, or parole;
317	(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of
318	Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections,
319	the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that
320	are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any
321	person within the board's jurisdiction;
322	(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures
323	and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
324	audits or collections;
325	(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until
326	the final audit is released;
327	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
328	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
329	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a
330	judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
331	(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
332	from a member of the Legislature; and
333	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of

334	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
335	and
336	(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
337	with the preparation of legislation between:
338	(A) members of a legislative body;
339	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
340	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
341	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
342	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
343	(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
344	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's
345	contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has
346	elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course
347	of action public; and
348	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
349	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a
350	legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected
351	records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of
352	action public;
353	(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and General
354	Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared in
355	response to these requests;
356	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
357	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
358	(a) collective bargaining; or
359	(b) imminent or pending litigation;
360	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may
361	be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
362	Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
363	(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
364	concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion
365	of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
366	(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological
367	resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable

368 historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information; 369 (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict 370 with the fiduciary obligations of the agency; 371 (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 372 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, 373 retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting 374 closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided 375 that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or 376 those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section; 377 (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative 378 proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's 379 contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has 380 implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public; 381 (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, 382 revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final 383 recommendations in these areas; 384 (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that 385 are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as 386 protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to 387 public disclosure if retained by it; 388 (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a 389 public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206; 390 (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final 391 settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from 392 disclosure: 393 (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an 394 administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of 395 any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function; 396 (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or 397 requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand 398 or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm

(36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the

section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;

to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this

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402	governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including
403	patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
404	(37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an
405	institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and
406	other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal
407	the identity of the donor, provided that:
408	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
409	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
410	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
411	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
412	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily
413	engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or
414	legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or
415	any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
416	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13;
417	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
418	34A-2-205;
419	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
420	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered,
421	disclosed to, or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of
422	the institution:
423	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
424	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
425	(A) relating to research; and
426	(B) of:
427	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
428	53B-1-102; or
429	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
430	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
431	(iv) creative works in process;
432	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
433	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
434	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information
435	required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and

436	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
437	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
438	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
439	legislative audit prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
440	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
441	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator
442	asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
443	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
444	legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and
445	made public;
446	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other
447	document that indicates the location of:
448	(a) a production facility; or
449	(b) a magazine;
450	(43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult
451	Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
452	(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80,
453	Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
454	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
455	National Guard's federal mission;
456	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or
457	to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand
458	Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
459	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by
460	the Department of Agriculture and Food;
461	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
462	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is
463	provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and
464	the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
465	(a) the safety of the general public; or
466	(b) the security of:
467	(i) governmental property;
468	(ii) governmental programs; or
469	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency

470	Management information;
471	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification,
472	tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title
473	4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
474	of Animal Disease;
475	(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-408:
476	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related
477	to a complaint regarding a child care program or residential child care which the
478	department is unable to substantiate; and
479	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
480	and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program
481	or residential child care;
482	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided
483	under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
484	personal mobile phone number, if:
485	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
486	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
487	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
488	kept confidential due to:
489	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
490	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
491	(52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or
492	mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone
493	number where the candidate may be contacted:
494	(a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,
495	described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405,
496	20A-9-408, 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
497	(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
498	(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 20A-9-408;
499	(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that
500	is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
501	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
502	53B-1-102; and
503	(b) conducted using animals;

504	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
505	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to
506	whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection
507	78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
508	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation
509	Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12,
510	Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes
511	public, the information or report;
512	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
513	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section
514	63L-11-202;
515	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
516	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
517	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
518	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
519	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
520	municipality;
521	(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of
522	Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
523	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
524	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information
525	or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
526	Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the
527	allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
528	Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
529	(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a
530	person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the
531	existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected
532	violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political
533	subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the
534	information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be
535	protected;
536	(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation
537	or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not ar

538	employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
539	(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan,
540	or audit program; or
541	(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an
542	investigation or audit;
543	(60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
544	Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover
545	Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;
546	(61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division
547	of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections
548	58-68-304(3) and (4);
549	(62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
550	(63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system
551	used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;
552	(64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a victim,
553	including:
554	(a) a victim's application or request for benefits;
555	(b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and
556	(c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,
557	evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime
558	Victim Reparations Fund;
559	(65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in
560	Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility
561	as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider,
562	as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that
563	term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:
564	(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
565	(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
566	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
567	(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a
568	law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
569	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f);
570	or
571	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized

572	agent of a subject featured in the recording;
573	(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
574	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
575	announced finalist;
576	(67) an audio recording that is:
577	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
578	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating
579	an individual with a life-threatening condition;
580	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
581	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder
582	service:
583	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
584	condition; and
585	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
586	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
587	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
588	their response to an emergency situation;
589	(68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation
590	by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the
591	Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position
592	with the Legislature;
593	(69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
594	(70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency
595	under Section 61-1-206;
596	(71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section
597	31A-37-201;
598	(72) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;
599	(73) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of Subsection
600	58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);
601	(74) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury
602	involving an amusement ride;
603	(75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a
604	political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition,
605	including a petition or request described in the following titles:

606	(a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;
607	(b) Title 17, Counties;
608	(c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts;
609	(d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and
610	(e) Title 20A, Election Code;
611	(76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a
612	voter registration record;
613	(77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature
614	described in Subsection (75) or (76), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local
615	political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;
616	(78) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 5,
617	Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;
618	(79) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103;
619	(80) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is
620	prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;
621	(81) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail,
622	unless:
623	(a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which
624	the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;
625	(b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:
626	(i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an
627	individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist
628	in apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or
629	(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant
630	to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or
631	locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal
632	proceeding; or
633	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
634	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest;
635	(82) a record:
636	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
637	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
638	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
639	63M-14-205; and

640	(c) the disclosure of which would:
641	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
642	Colorado River system;
643	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
644	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado
645	River system; or
646	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
647	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
648	(83) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's Office
649	of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
650	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (83)
651	may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval
652	decision;
653	(84) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
654	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;
655	and
656	(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the
657	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records
658	described in Subsection (84)(a);
659	(85) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the governmental
660	entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative investigation into
661	potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
662	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
663	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the
664	statement; and
665	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the
666	employee in any criminal proceeding;
667	(86) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in Section
668	53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section
669	53F-6-401; [and]
670	(87) a record:
671	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
672	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
673	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the

674	federal government; and
675	(c) the disclosure of which would:
676	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
677	Great Salt Lake;
678	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
679	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
680	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
681	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake[-];
682	<u>and</u>
683	(88) a consumer complaint described in Section 13-2-11, unless the consumer complaint is
684	reclassified as public as described in Subsection 13-2-11(4).
685	Section 6. Repealer.
686	This bill repeals:
687	Section 13-15-401, (Effective 05/01/24)Consumer complaints.
688	Section 13-26-12, (Effective 05/01/24)Consumer complaints are public.
689	Section 7. Effective date.
690	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024, with the exception of Section 13-2-1 (Effective
691	05/02/2024) which takes effect on May 2, 2024.