26	34A-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 299
27	34A-2-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 136 and 194
28	34A-2-1003, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 146
29	34A-2-1004, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 146
30	34A-2-1005 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 328
31 32	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
33	Section 1. Section 34A-2-102 is amended to read:
34	34A-2-102. Definition of terms.
35	(1) As used in this chapter:
36	(a) "Average weekly wages" means the average weekly wages as determined under
37	Section 34A-2-409.
38	(b) "Award" means a final order of the commission as to the amount of compensation
39	due:
40	(i) an injured employee; or
41	(ii) a dependent of a deceased employee.
42	(c) "Compensation" means the payments and benefits provided for in this chapter or
43	Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
44	(d) (i) "Decision" means a ruling of:
45	(A) an administrative law judge; or
46	(B) in accordance with Section 34A-2-801:
47	(I) the commissioner; or
48	(II) the Appeals Board.
49	(ii) "Decision" includes:
50	(A) an award or denial of a medical, disability, death, or other related benefit under this
51	chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; or
52	(B) another adjudicative ruling in accordance with this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah
53	Occupational Disease Act.
54	(e) "Director" means the director of the division, unless the context requires otherwise.
55	(f) "Disability" means an administrative determination that may result in an entitlement
56	to compensation as a consequence of becoming medically impaired as to function. Disability

57 can be total or partial, temporary or permanent, industrial or nonindustrial. (g) "Division" means the Division of Industrial Accidents. 58 (h) "First responder" means: 59 60 (i) a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103; 61 (ii) an emergency medical technician, as defined in Section 26-8c-102; 62 (iii) an advanced emergency medical technician, as defined in Section 26-8c-102; 63 (iv) a paramedic, as defined in Section 26-8c-102; (v) a firefighter, as defined in Section 34A-3-113: 64 65 (vi) a dispatcher, as defined in Section 53-6-102; or (vii) a correctional officer, as defined in Section 53-13-104. 66 67 (i) "Minor" means an individual who is less than 18 years of age. [(i)] (j) "Impairment" is a purely medical condition reflecting an anatomical or 68 69 functional abnormality or loss. Impairment may be either temporary or permanent, industrial 70 or nonindustrial. 71 (ti) (k) "Order" means an action of the commission that determines the legal rights, 72 duties, privileges, immunities, or other interests of one or more specific persons, but not a class of persons. 73 74 [(k)] (1) (i) "Personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of 75 employment" includes an injury caused by the willful act of a third person directed against an 76 employee because of the employee's employment. 77 (ii) "Personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of employment" does 78 not include a disease, except as the disease results from the injury. 79 [(1)] (m) "Safe" and "safety," as applied to employment or a place of employment, means the freedom from danger to the life or health of employees reasonably permitted by the 80 81 nature of the employment. 82 (2) As used in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act: (a) "Brother or sister" includes a half brother or sister. 83 (b) "Child" includes: 84 85 (i) a posthumous child; or 86 (ii) a child legally adopted prior to an injury. 87 Section 2. Section **34A-2-103** is amended to read:

34A-2-103.	Employers enumerated and defined Regularly employed
Statutory employer	rs Exceptions.

- (1) (a) The state, and each county, city, town, and school district in the state are considered employers under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
- (b) For the purposes of the exclusive remedy in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, prescribed in Sections 34A-2-105 and 34A-3-102, the state is considered to be a single employer and includes any office, department, agency, authority, commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, or other instrumentality of the state.
- (2) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this section, each person, including each public utility and each independent contractor, who regularly employs one or more workers or operatives in the same business, or in or about the same establishment, under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, is considered an employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
 - (b) As used in this Subsection (2):
- (i) "Independent contractor" means any person engaged in the performance of any work for another who, while so engaged, is:
 - (A) independent of the employer in all that pertains to the execution of the work;
 - (B) not subject to the routine rule or control of the employer;
 - (C) engaged only in the performance of a definite job or piece of work; and
 - (D) subordinate to the employer only in effecting a result in accordance with the employer's design.
- (ii) "Regularly" includes all employments in the usual course of the trade, business, profession, or occupation of the employer, whether continuous throughout the year or for only a portion of the year.
- (3) (a) The client under a professional employer organization agreement regulated under Title 31A, Chapter 40, Professional Employer Organization Licensing Act:
 - (i) is considered the employer of a covered employee; and
- (ii) subject to Section 31A-40-209, shall secure workers' compensation benefits for a covered employee by complying with Subsection 34A-2-201(1) and commission rules.
 - (b) The division shall promptly inform the Insurance Department if the division has

family.

119 reason to believe that a professional employer organization is not in compliance with 120 Subsection 34A-2-201(1) and commission rules. 121 (4) A domestic employer who does not employ one employee or more than one 122 employee at least 40 hours per week is not considered an employer under this chapter and 123 Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act. 124 (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5): 125 (i) (A) "Agricultural employer" means a person who employs agricultural labor as 126 defined in Subsections 35A-4-206(1) and (2) and does not include employment as provided in 127 Subsection 35A-4-206(3). 128 (B) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A), only for purposes of determining who is a 129 member of the employer's immediate family under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), if the agricultural 130 employer is a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, "agricultural employer" means 131 an officer, director, or partner of the business entity. (ii) "Employer's immediate family" means: 132 133 (A) an agricultural employer's: 134 (I) spouse; 135 (II) grandparent; 136 (III) parent; 137 (IV) sibling; 138 (V) child; 139 (VI) grandchild; 140 (VII) nephew; or 141 (VIII) niece; 142 (B) a spouse of any person provided in Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)(II) through (VIII); or 143 (C) an individual who is similar to those listed in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(A) or (B) as 144 defined by rules of the commission. (iii) "Nonimmediate family" means a person who is not a member of the employer's 145 146 immediate family. 147 (b) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an 148 agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a member of the employer's immediate

150 (c) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an 151 agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if: 152 (i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all 153 nonimmediate family employees was less than \$8,000; or 154 (ii) (A) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll 155 for all nonimmediate family employees was equal to or greater than \$8,000 but less than 156 \$50,000; and 157 (B) the agricultural employer maintains insurance that covers job-related injuries of the 158 employer's nonimmediate family employees in at least the following amounts: 159 (I) \$300,000 liability insurance, as defined in Section 31A-1-301; and 160 (II) \$5,000 for health care benefits similar to benefits under health care insurance as 161 defined in Section 31A-1-301. 162 (d) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an agricultural employer is considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if: 163 164 (i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all 165 nonimmediate family employees is equal to or greater than \$50,000; or 166 (ii) (A) for the previous year the agricultural employer's total payroll for nonimmediate 167 family employees was equal to or exceeds \$8,000 but is less than \$50,000; and 168 (B) the agricultural employer fails to maintain the insurance required under Subsection 169 (5)(c)(ii)(B). 170 (6) An employer of agricultural laborers or domestic servants who is not considered an 171 employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, may come under 172 this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, by complying with: 173 (a) this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; and 174 (b) the rules of the commission. 175 (7) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (7)(a), "employer" includes any of the following 176 persons that procures work to be done by a contractor notwithstanding whether or not the 177 person directly employs a person: 178 (A) a sole proprietorship; 179 (B) a corporation; 180 (C) a partnership;

- (D) a limited liability company; or
- (E) a person similar to one described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D).
 - (ii) If an employer procures any work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by a contractor over whose work the employer retains supervision or control, and this work is a part or process in the trade or business of the employer, the contractor, all persons employed by the contractor, all subcontractors under the contractor, and all persons employed by any of these subcontractors, are considered employees of the original employer for the purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
 - (b) Any person who is engaged in constructing, improving, repairing, or remodeling a residence that the person owns or is in the process of acquiring as the person's personal residence may not be considered an employee or employer solely by operation of Subsection (7)(a).
 - (c) A partner in a partnership or an owner of a sole proprietorship is not considered an employee under Subsection (7)(a) if the employer who procures work to be done by the partnership or sole proprietorship obtains and relies on either:
 - (i) a valid certification of the partnership's or sole proprietorship's compliance with Section 34A-2-201 indicating that the partnership or sole proprietorship secured the payment of workers' compensation benefits pursuant to Section 34A-2-201; or
 - (ii) if a partnership or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a partner of the partnership or owner of the sole proprietorship, a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued pursuant to Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, stating that:
 - (A) the partnership or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and
 - (B) the partner or owner personally waives the partner's or owner's entitlement to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the partnership or sole proprietorship.
 - (d) A director or officer of a corporation is not considered an employee under Subsection (7)(a) if the director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection 34A-2-104(4).
 - (e) A contractor or subcontractor is not an employee of the employer under Subsection (7)(a), if the employer who procures work to be done by the contractor or subcontractor obtains

212	and relies on either:
213	(i) a valid certification of the contractor's or subcontractor's compliance with Section
214	34A-2-201; or
215	(ii) if a partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a
216	partner of the partnership, officer of the corporation, or owner of the sole proprietorship, a
217	workers' compensation coverage waiver issued pursuant to Part 10, Workers' Compensation
218	Coverage Waivers Act, stating that:
219	(A) the partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an
220	independently established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and
221	(B) the partner, corporate officer, or owner personally waives the partner's, corporate
222	officer's, or owner's entitlement to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
223	Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the partnership's, corporation's, or sole
224	proprietorship's enterprise under a contract of hire for services.
225	(f) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (7)(f), "eligible employer" means a person who:
226	(A) is an employer; and
227	(B) procures work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by a contractor,
228	including:
229	(I) all persons employed by the contractor;
230	(II) all subcontractors under the contractor; and
231	(III) all persons employed by any of these subcontractors.
232	(ii) Notwithstanding the other provisions in this Subsection (7), if the conditions of
233	Subsection (7)(f)(iii) are met, an eligible employer is considered an employer for purposes of
234	Section 34A-2-105 of the contractor, subcontractor, and all persons employed by the contractor
235	or subcontractor described in Subsection (7)(f)(i)(B).
236	(iii) Subsection (7)(f)(ii) applies if the eligible employer:
237	(A) under Subsection (7)(a) is liable for and pays workers' compensation benefits as ar
238	original employer under Subsection (7)(a) because the contractor or subcontractor fails to
239	comply with Section 34A-2-201;
240	(B) (I) secures the payment of workers' compensation benefits for the contractor or
241	subcontractor pursuant to Section 344-2-201:

(II) procures work to be done that is part or process of the trade or business of the

243	eligible employer; and
244	(III) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury
245	reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d):
246	(Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program;
247	(Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at
248	which the eligible employer procures work; and
249	(Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the
250	terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program; or
251	(C) (I) obtains and relies on:
252	(Aa) a valid certification described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) or (7)(e)(i);
253	(Bb) a workers' compensation coverage waiver described in Subsection (7)(c)(ii) or
254	(7)(e)(ii); or
255	(Cc) proof that a director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection
256	34A-2-104(4);
257	(II) is liable under Subsection (7)(a) for the payment of workers' compensation benefits
258	if the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply with Section 34A-2-201;
259	(III) procures work to be done that is part or process in the trade or business of the
260	eligible employer; and
261	(IV) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury
262	reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d):
263	(Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program;
264	(Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at
265	which the eligible employer procures work; and
266	(Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the
267	terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program.
268	(g) A minor employee of a partnership, a sole proprietorship, or a limited liability
269	company, if the limited liability company is taxed as a partnership or sole proprietorship, is not
270	considered an employee under Subsection (7)(a), if the employer who procures work to be done
271	by the partnership, sole proprietorship, or limited liability company obtains and relies on either
272	(i) a valid certification of the partnership, sole proprietorship, or limited liability
273	company's compliance with Section 34A-2-201, indicating that the partnership, sole

274	proprietorship, or limited liability company secured the payment of workers' compensation
275	benefits in accordance with Section 34A-2-201; or
276	(ii) a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued under Subsection 34A-2-1003(2).
277	(8) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (8), "unincorporated entity" means an entity
278	organized or doing business in the state that is not:
279	(i) an individual;
280	(ii) a corporation; or
281	(iii) publicly traded.
282	(b) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an
283	unincorporated entity that is required to be licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah
284	Construction Trades Licensing Act, is presumed to be the employer of each individual who
285	holds, directly or indirectly, an ownership interest in the unincorporated entity.
286	Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(c) and Subsection 34A-2-104(3), the unincorporated entity
287	shall provide the individual who holds the ownership interest workers' compensation coverage
288	under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, unless the presumption is
289	rebutted under Subsection (8)(c).
290	(c) Pursuant to rules made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3
291	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, an unincorporated entity may rebut the presumption
292	under Subsection (8)(b) for an individual by establishing by clear and convincing evidence that
293	the individual:
294	(i) is an active manager of the unincorporated entity;
295	(ii) directly or indirectly holds at least an 8% ownership interest in the unincorporated
296	entity; or
297	(iii) is not subject to supervision or control in the performance of work by:
298	(A) the unincorporated entity; or
299	(B) a person with whom the unincorporated entity contracts.
300	(d) As part of the rules made under Subsection (8)(c), the commission may define:
301	(i) "active manager";
302	(ii) "directly or indirectly holds at least an 8% ownership interest"; and
303	(iii) "subject to supervision or control in the performance of work."
304	(9) (a) As used in this Subsection (9), "home and community based services" means

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services.

305 one or more of the following services provided to an individual with a disability or to the 306 individual's family that helps prevent the individual with a disability from being placed in a 307 more restrictive setting: 308 (i) respite care; 309 (ii) skilled nursing; 310 (iii) nursing assistant services; (iv) home health aide services; 311 312 (v) personal care and attendant services; 313 (vi) other in-home care, such as support for the daily activities of the individual with a 314 disability; 315 (vii) specialized in-home training for the individual with a disability or a family 316 member of the individual with a disability; 317 (viii) specialized in-home support, coordination, and other supported living services; 318 and 319 (ix) other home and community based services unique to the individual with a 320 disability or the family of the individual with a disability that help prevent the individual with a 321 disability from being placed in a more restrictive setting. 322 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4) and subject to Subsection (9)(c), an individual with 323 a disability or designated representative of the individual with a disability is considered an 324 employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, of an individual 325 who provides home and community based services if the individual with a disability or 326 designated representative of the individual with a disability: 327 (i) employs the individual to provide home and community based services for seven 328 hours per week or more; and 329 (ii) pays the individual providing the home and community based services from state or 330 federal money received by the individual with a disability or designated representative of the 331 individual with a disability to fund home and community based services, including through a 332 person designated by the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with Section 3504, Internal

Revenue Code, as a fiduciary, agent, or other person who has the control, receipt, custody, or

disposal of, or pays the wages of, the individual providing the home and community based

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- (c) The state and federal money received by an individual with a disability or designated representative of an individual with a disability shall include the cost of the workers' compensation coverage required by this Subsection (9) in addition to the money necessary to fund the home and community based services that the individual with a disability or family of the individual with a disability is eligible to receive so that the home and community based services are not reduced in order to pay for the workers' compensation coverage required by this Subsection (9).
- (10) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (10), "federal executive agency" means an executive agency, as defined in 5 U.S.C. Sec. 105, of the federal government.
- (b) For purposes of determining whether two or more persons are considered joint employers under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an administrative ruling of a federal executive agency may not be considered a generally applicable law unless that administrative ruling is determined to be generally applicable by a court of law, or adopted by statute or rule.
 - (11) (a) As used in this Subsection (11):
 - (i) "Franchise" means the same as that term is defined in 16 C.F.R. Sec. 436.1.
 - (ii) "Franchisee" means the same as that term is defined in 16 C.F.R. Sec. 436.1.
 - (iii) "Franchisor" means the same as that term is defined in 16 C.F.R. Sec. 436.1.
 - (b) For purposes of this chapter, a franchisor is not considered to be an employer of:
- 355 (i) a franchisee; or
- 356 (ii) a franchisee's employee.
 - (c) With respect to a specific claim for relief under this chapter made by a franchisee or a franchisee's employee, this Subsection (11) does not apply to a franchisor under a franchise that exercises a type or degree of control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employee not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of protecting the franchisor's trademarks and brand.
 - Section 3. Section 34A-2-104 is amended to read:
- 363 34A-2-104. "Employee," "worker," and "operative" defined -- Specific circumstances -- Exemptions.
- 365 (1) As used in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, "employee," 366 "worker," and "operative" mean:

307	(a) (1) an elective of appointive officer and any other person:
368	(A) in the service of:
369	(I) the state;
370	(II) a county, city, or town within the state; or
371	(III) a school district within the state;
372	(B) serving the state, or any county, city, town, or school district under:
373	(I) an election;
374	(II) appointment; or
375	(III) any contract of hire, express or implied, written or oral; and
376	(ii) including:
377	(A) an officer or employee of the state institutions of learning; and
378	(B) a member of the Utah National Guard or Utah State Defense Force while on state
379	active duty; and
380	(b) a person in the service of any employer, as defined in Section 34A-2-103, who
381	employs one or more workers or operatives regularly in the same business, or in or about the
382	same establishment:
383	(i) under any contract of hire:
384	(A) express or implied; and
385	(B) oral or written;
386	(ii) including aliens and minors, whether legally or illegally working for hire; and
387	(iii) not including any person whose employment:
388	(A) is casual; and
389	(B) not in the usual course of the trade, business, or occupation of the employee's
390	employer.
391	(2) (a) Unless a lessee provides coverage as an employer under this chapter and
392	Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, any lessee in mines or of mining property and each
393	employee and sublessee of the lessee shall be:
394	(i) covered for compensation by the lessor under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
395	Occupational Disease Act;
396	(ii) subject to this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; and
397	(iii) entitled to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease

- Act, to the same extent as if the lessee, employee, or sublessee were employees of the lessor drawing the wages paid employees for substantially similar work.
 - (b) The lessor may deduct from the proceeds of ores mined by the lessees an amount equal to the insurance premium for that type of work.
 - (3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a partnership or sole proprietorship may elect to include any partner of the partnership or owner of the sole proprietorship as an employee of the partnership or sole proprietorship under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
 - (ii) If a partnership or sole proprietorship makes an election under Subsection (3)(a), the partnership or sole proprietorship shall serve written notice upon its insurance carrier naming the persons to be covered.
 - (iii) A partner of a partnership or owner of a sole proprietorship may not be considered an employee of the partner's partnership or the owner's sole proprietorship under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, until the notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) is given.
 - (iv) For premium rate making, the insurance carrier shall assume the salary or wage of the partner or sole proprietor electing coverage under Subsection (3)(a)(i) to be 100% of the state's average weekly wage.
 - (b) A partner of a partnership or an owner of a sole proprietorship is an employee of the partnership or sole proprietorship under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, if:
 - (i) the partnership or sole proprietorship:
 - (A) is a motor carrier; and
 - (B) employs at least one individual who is not a partner or an owner; and
 - (ii) the partner or owner personally operates a motor vehicle for the motor carrier.
 - (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(g), a corporation may elect not to include any director or officer of the corporation as an employee under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
 - (b) If a corporation makes an election under Subsection (4)(a), the corporation shall serve written notice naming the individuals who are directors or officers to be excluded from coverage:

429	(i) upon its insurance carrier, if any; or
430	(ii) upon the commission if the corporation is self-insured or has no employee other
431	than the one or more directors or officers being excluded.
432	(c) A corporation may exclude no more than five individuals who are directors or
433	officers under Subsection (4)(b)(ii).
434	(d) An exclusion under this Subsection (4) is subject to Subsection 34A-2-103(7)(d).
435	(e) A director or officer of a corporation is considered an employee under this chapter
436	and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, until the notice described in Subsection (4)(b)
437	is given.
438	(f) The commission may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
439	Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the form of the notice described in Subsection
440	(4)(b)(ii), including a requirement to provide documentation, if any.
441	(g) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to a director or an officer of a motor carrier if the
442	director or officer personally operates a motor vehicle for the motor carrier.
443	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), the following entities may elect not to include as
444	an employee under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, as many as
445	three minors the entity employs:
446	(i) a partnership;
447	(ii) a sole proprietorship; or
448	(iii) a limited liability company that pays federal income tax as either a partnership or
449	sole proprietorship.
450	(b) An entity may only make the election described in Subsection (5)(a) if:
451	(i) (A) in the partnership, there are only two partners and the partners are legally
452	married to each other;
453	(B) in the sole proprietorship, there is only one owner; or
454	(C) in the limited liability company:
455	(I) there are only two members and the members are legally married to each other; or
456	(II) there is only one member;
457	(ii) the entity employs no employee other than:
458	(A) a minor for whom the entity makes the election described in Subsection (5)(a);
459	(B) if a sole proprietorship, the owner's legal spouse; or

460	(C) if a limited liability company with a single member, the member's legal spouse;
461	(iii) each employed minor is a child of:
462	(A) a partner of the partnership;
463	(B) the owner of the sole proprietorship; or
464	(C) a member of the limited liability company;
465	(iv) the entity carries for each minor health insurance coverage that:
466	(A) meets the minimum coverage standard that applies to employer-sponsored health
467	plans under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111-148; and
468	(B) covers work-related injuries; and
469	(v) the entity obtains a waiver in accordance with Section 34A-2-1004.
470	(c) A minor a partnership, sole proprietorship, or limited liability company employs as
471	described in this Subsection (5) is considered an employee under this chapter and Chapter 3,
472	Utah Occupational Disease Act, until the insurance coverage described in Subsection (5)(b)(iv)
473	is in effect.
474	[(5)] (6) As used in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act,
475	"employee," "worker," and "operative" do not include:
476	(a) a sales agent or associate broker, as defined in Section 61-2f-102, who performs
477	services in that capacity for a principal broker if:
478	(i) substantially all of the sales agent's or associate broker's income for services is from
479	real estate commissions; and
480	(ii) the sales agent's or associate broker's services are performed under a written
481	contract that provides that:
482	(A) the real estate agent is an independent contractor; and
483	(B) the sales agent or associate broker is not to be treated as an employee for federal
484	income tax purposes;
485	(b) an offender performing labor under Section 64-13-16 or 64-13-19, except as
486	required by federal statute or regulation;
487	(c) an individual who for an insurance producer, as defined in Section 31A-1-301,
488	solicits, negotiates, places, or procures insurance if:
489	(i) substantially all of the individual's income from those services is from insurance
490	commissions; and

491	(ii) the services of the individual are performed under a written contract that states that
492	the individual:
493	(A) is an independent contractor;
494	(B) is not to be treated as an employee for federal income tax purposes; and
495	(C) can derive income from more than one insurance company; or
496	(d) subject to Subsections $[(6), (7), (8)]$ and $[(8)]$ (9) , an individual who:
497	(i) (A) owns a motor vehicle; or
498	(B) leases a motor vehicle to a motor carrier;
499	(ii) personally operates the motor vehicle described in Subsection [(5)] (6)(d)(i);
500	(iii) operates the motor vehicle described in Subsection [(5)] $(6)(d)(i)$ under a written
501	agreement with the motor carrier that states that the individual operates the motor vehicle as an
502	independent contractor; and
503	(iv) (A) provides to the motor carrier at the time the written agreement described in
504	Subsection $[(5)]$ (6) (d) (iii) is executed or as soon after the execution as provided by the
505	commission, a copy of a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued pursuant to Part 10,
506	Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, to the individual; and
507	(B) provides to the motor carrier at the time the written agreement described in
508	Subsection $[(5)]$ (6) (d) (iii) is executed or as soon after the execution as provided by an insurer,
509	proof that the individual is covered by occupational accident related insurance with the
510	coverage and benefit limits listed in Subsection $[(7)]$ (8)(c).
511	[6] An individual described in Subsection $[6]$ $[6]$ (d) may become an employee
512	under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, if the employer of the
513	individual complies with:
514	(a) this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; and
515	(b) commission rules.
516	$\left[\frac{(7)}{8}\right]$ As used in this section:
517	(a) "Motor carrier" means a person engaged in the business of transporting freight,
518	merchandise, or other property by a commercial vehicle on a highway within this state.
519	(b) "Motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle intended primarily for use and
520	operation on the highways, including a trailer or semitrailer designed for use with another
521	motorized vehicle.

522	(c) "Occupational accident related insurance" means insurance that provides the
523	following coverage at a minimum aggregate policy limit of \$1,000,000 for all benefits paid,
524	including medical expense benefits, for an injury sustained in the course of working under a
525	written agreement described in Subsection [(5)] (6)(d)(iii):
526	(i) disability benefits;
527	(ii) death benefits; and
528	(iii) medical expense benefits, which include:
529	(A) hospital coverage;
530	(B) surgical coverage;
531	(C) prescription drug coverage; and
532	(D) dental coverage.
533	$[\underbrace{(8)}]$ (9) For an individual described in Subsection $[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (6)(d):
534	(a) if the individual is not covered by a workers' compensation policy, the individual
535	shall obtain:
536	(i) occupational accident related insurance; and
537	(ii) a waiver in accordance with Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers
538	Act; and
539	(b) the commission shall verify the existence of occupational accident insurance
540	coverage with the coverage and benefit limits listed in Subsection [(7)] (8)(c) before the
541	commission may issue a workers' compensation coverage waiver to the individual pursuant to
542	Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act.
543	Section 4. Section 34A-2-704 is amended to read:
544	34A-2-704. Uninsured Employers' Fund.
545	(1) (a) There is created an Uninsured Employers' Fund. The Uninsured Employers'
546	Fund has the purpose of assisting in the payment of workers' compensation benefits to a person
547	entitled to the benefits, if:
548	(i) that person's employer:
549	(A) is individually, jointly, or severally liable to pay the benefits; and
550	(B) (I) becomes or is insolvent;
551	(II) appoints or has appointed a receiver; or
552	(III) otherwise does not have sufficient funds, insurance, sureties, or other security to

553 cover workers' compensation liabilities; and 554 (ii) the employment relationship between that person and the person's employer is 555 localized within the state as provided in Subsection (20). 556 (b) The Uninsured Employers' Fund succeeds to money previously held in the Default 557 Indemnity Fund. 558 (c) If it becomes necessary to pay benefits, the Uninsured Employers' Fund is liable for 559 the obligations of the employer set forth in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, with the exception of a penalty on those obligations. 560 561 (2) (a) Money for the Uninsured Employers' Fund shall be deposited into the Uninsured Employers' Fund in accordance with this chapter and Subsection 59-9-101(2). 562 563 (b) The commissioner shall appoint an administrator of the Uninsured Employers' 564 Fund. 565 (c) (i) The state treasurer is the custodian of the Uninsured Employers' Fund. 566 (ii) The administrator shall make provisions for and direct distribution from the 567 Uninsured Employers' Fund. 568 (3) Reasonable costs of administering the Uninsured Employers' Fund or other fees 569 required to be paid by the Uninsured Employers' Fund may be paid from the Uninsured 570 Employers' Fund. 571 (4) The state treasurer shall: 572 (a) receive workers' compensation premium assessments from the State Tax 573 Commission; and 574 (b) invest the Uninsured Employers' Fund to ensure maximum investment return for 575 both long and short term investments in accordance with Section 34A-2-706. 576 (5) (a) The administrator may employ, retain, or appoint counsel to represent the 577 Uninsured Employers' Fund in a proceeding brought to enforce a claim against or on behalf of 578 the Uninsured Employers' Fund. 579 (b) If requested by the commission, the following shall aid in the representation of the 580 Uninsured Employers' Fund: 581 (i) the attorney general; or 582 (ii) the city attorney, or county attorney of the locality in which:

(A) an investigation, hearing, or trial under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah

condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); or

584	Occupational Disease Act, is pending;
585	(B) the employee resides; or
586	(C) an employer:
587	(I) resides; or
588	(II) is doing business.
589	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Title 63A, Chapter 3, Part 5, Office of State Debt Collection,
590	the administrator shall provide for the collection of money required to be deposited in the
591	Uninsured Employers' Fund under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
592	(ii) To comply with Subsection (5)(c)(i), the administrator may:
593	(A) take appropriate action, including docketing an award in a manner consistent with
594	Section 34A-2-212; and
595	(B) employ counsel and other personnel necessary to collect the money described in
596	Subsection (5)(c)(i).
597	(6) To the extent of the compensation and other benefits paid or payable to or on behalf
598	of an employee or the employee's dependents from the Uninsured Employers' Fund, the
599	Uninsured Employers' Fund, by subrogation, has the rights, powers, and benefits of the
600	employee or the employee's dependents against the employer failing to make the compensation
601	payments.
602	(7) (a) The receiver, trustee, liquidator, or statutory successor of an employer meeting a
603	condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) is bound by a settlement of a covered claim by the
604	Uninsured Employers' Fund.
605	(b) A court with jurisdiction shall grant a payment made under this section a priority
606	equal to that to which the claimant would have been entitled in the absence of this section
607	against the assets of the employer meeting a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B).
608	(c) The expenses of the Uninsured Employers' Fund in handling a claim shall be
609	accorded the same priority as the liquidator's expenses.
610	(8) (a) The administrator shall periodically file the information described in Subsection
611	(8)(b) with the receiver, trustee, or liquidator of:
612	(i) an employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B);
613	(ii) a public agency insurance mutual, as defined in Section 31A-1-103, that meets a

(iii) an insolvent insurance carrier.

615

616 (b) The information required to be filed under Subsection (8)(a) is: 617 (i) a statement of the covered claims paid by the Uninsured Employers' Fund; and 618 (ii) an estimate of anticipated claims against the Uninsured Employers' Fund. 619 (c) A filing under this Subsection (8) preserves the rights of the Uninsured Employers' 620 Fund for claims against the assets of the employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection 621 (1)(a)(i)(B). 622 (9) When an injury or death for which compensation is payable from the Uninsured 623 Employers' Fund has been caused by the wrongful act or neglect of another person not in the 624 same employment, the Uninsured Employers' Fund has the same rights as allowed under 625 Section 34A-2-106. 626 (10) The Uninsured Employers' Fund, subject to approval of the administrator, shall 627 discharge its obligations by: 628 (a) adjusting its own claims; or 629 (b) contracting with an adjusting company, risk management company, insurance 630 company, or other company that has expertise and capabilities in adjusting and paying workers' 631 compensation claims. 632 (11) (a) For the purpose of maintaining the Uninsured Employers' Fund, an 633 administrative law judge, upon rendering a decision with respect to a claim for workers' 634 compensation benefits in which an employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection 635 (1)(a)(i)(B) is duly joined as a party, shall: 636 (i) order the employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) to 637 reimburse the Uninsured Employers' Fund for the benefits paid to or on behalf of an injured 638 employee by the Uninsured Employers' Fund along with interest, costs, and attorney fees; and 639 (ii) impose a penalty against the employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection 640 (1)(a)(i)(B): 641 (A) of 15% of the value of the total award in connection with the claim; and 642 (B) that shall be deposited into the Uninsured Employers' Fund. 643 (b) An award under this Subsection (11) shall be collected by the administrator in 644 accordance with Subsection (5)(c). 645 (12) The state, the commission, and the state treasurer, with respect to payment of

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646	compensation benefits, expenses, fees, or disbursement properly chargeable against the
647	Uninsured Employers' Fund:
648	(a) are liable only to the assets in the Uninsured Employers' Fund; and
649	(b) are not otherwise in any way liable for the making of a payment.
650	(13) The commission may make reasonable rules for the processing and payment of a
651	claim for compensation from the Uninsured Employers' Fund.
652	(14) (a) (i) If it becomes necessary for the Uninsured Employers' Fund to pay benefits
653	under this section to an employee described in Subsection (14)(a)(ii), the Uninsured Employers'
654	Fund may assess all other self-insured employers amounts necessary to pay:
655	(A) the obligations of the Uninsured Employers' Fund subsequent to a condition listed
656	in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurring;
657	(B) the expenses of handling covered a claim subsequent to a condition listed in
658	Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurring;
659	(C) the cost of an examination under Subsection (15); and
660	(D) other expenses authorized by this section.
661	(ii) This Subsection (14) applies to benefits paid to an employee of:
662	(A) a self-insured employer, as defined in Section 34A-2-201.5, that meets a condition
663	listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); or
664	(B) if the self-insured employer that meets a condition described in Subsection
665	(1)(a)(i)(B) is a public agency insurance mutual, a member of the public agency insurance
666	mutual.
667	(b) The assessments of a self-insured employer shall be in the proportion that the
668	manual premium of the self-insured employer for the preceding calendar year bears to the
669	manual premium of all self-insured employers for the preceding calendar year.
670	(c) A self-insured employer shall be notified of the self-insured employer's assessment
671	not later than 30 days before the day on which the assessment is due.
672	(d) (i) A self-insured employer may not be assessed in any year an amount greater than
673	2% of that self-insured employer's manual premium for the preceding calendar year.

(ii) If the maximum assessment does not provide in a year an amount sufficient to make all necessary payments from the Uninsured Employers' Fund for one or more self-insured employers that meet a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B), the unpaid portion shall be

paid as soon as money becomes available.

- (e) A self-insured employer is liable under this section for a period not to exceed three years after the day on which the Uninsured Employers' Fund first pays benefits to an employee described in Subsection (14)(a)(ii) for the self-insured employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B).
- (f) This Subsection (14) does not apply to a claim made against a self-insured employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) if the condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurred before July 1, 1986.
- (15) (a) The following shall notify the division of any information indicating that any of the following may be insolvent or in a financial condition hazardous to its employees or the public:
 - (i) a self-insured employer; or
- (ii) if the self-insured employer is a public agency insurance mutual, a member of the public agency insurance mutual.
- (b) Upon receipt of the notification described in Subsection (15)(a) and with good cause appearing, the division may order an examination of:
 - (i) that self-insured employer; or
- (ii) if the self-insured employer is a public agency insurance mutual, a member of the public agency mutual.
- (c) The cost of the examination ordered under Subsection (15)(b) shall be assessed against all self-insured employers as provided in Subsection (14).
- (d) The results of the examination ordered under Subsection (15)(b) shall be kept confidential.
- (16) (a) In a claim against an employer by the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or by or on behalf of the employee to whom or to whose dependents compensation and other benefits are paid or payable from the Uninsured Employers' Fund, the burden of proof is on the employer or other party in interest objecting to the claim.
- (b) A claim described in Subsection (16)(a) is presumed to be valid up to the full amount of workers' compensation benefits claimed by the employee or the employee's dependents.
 - (c) This Subsection (16) applies whether the claim is filed in court or in an adjudicative

liable for the benefits; or

708	proceeding under the authority of the commission.
709	(17) A partner in a partnership or an owner of a sole proprietorship may not recover
710	compensation or other benefits from the Uninsured Employers' Fund if:
711	(a) the person is not included as an employee under Subsection 34A-2-104(3) or (5); or
712	(b) the person is included as an employee under Subsection 34A-2-104(3), but:
713	(i) the person's employer fails to insure or otherwise provide adequate payment of
714	direct compensation; and
715	(ii) the failure described in Subsection (17)(b)(i) is attributable to an act or omission
716	over which the person had or shared control or responsibility.
717	(18) A director or officer of a corporation may not recover compensation or other
718	benefits from the Uninsured Employers' Fund if the director or officer is excluded from
719	coverage under Subsection 34A-2-104(4).
720	(19) The Uninsured Employers' Fund:
721	(a) shall be:
722	(i) used in accordance with this section only for:
723	(A) the purpose of assisting in the payment of workers' compensation benefits in
724	accordance with Subsection (1); and
725	(B) in accordance with Subsection (3), payment of:
726	(I) reasonable costs of administering the Uninsured Employers' Fund; or
727	(II) fees required to be paid by the Uninsured Employers' Fund; and
728	(ii) expended according to processes that can be verified by audit; and
729	(b) may not be used for:
730	(i) administrative costs unrelated to the Uninsured Employers' Fund; or
731	(ii) an activity of the commission other than an activity described in Subsection (19)(a)
732	(20) (a) For purposes of Subsection (1), an employment relationship is localized in the
733	state if:
734	(i) (A) the employer who is liable for the benefits has a business premise in the state;
735	and
736	(B) (I) the contract for hire is entered into in the state; or
737	(II) the employee regularly performs work duties in the state for the employer who is

139	(ii) the employee is:
740	(A) a resident of the state; and
741	(B) regularly performs work duties in the state for the employer who is liable for the
742	benefits.
743	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
744	commission shall by rule define what constitutes regularly performing work duties in the state.
745	Section 5. Section 34A-2-1003 is amended to read:
746	34A-2-1003. Issuance of a waiver.
747	(1) The commission shall issue a workers' compensation coverage waiver to a business
748	entity that:
749	(a) elects not to include an owner, partner, or corporate officer or director as an
750	employee under a workers' compensation policy in accordance with Section 34A-2-103 and
751	Subsection 34A-2-104(3) or (4);
752	(b) employs no other employee on the day on which the commission issues the waiver
753	to the business entity;
754	(c) provides to the commission the information required by Section 34A-2-1004; and
755	(d) pays a fee [established by] the commission establishes in accordance with Section
756	63J-1-504, [except that the fee may] that does not exceed \$50.
757	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the commission may issue a workers'
758	compensation coverage waiver for as many as three employed minors to:
759	(i) a partnership;
760	(ii) a sole proprietorship; or
761	(iii) a limited liability company that pays federal income tax as a partnership or sole
762	proprietorship.
763	(b) The commission shall issue a workers' compensation coverage waiver to an entity
764	described in Subsection (2)(a), if the entity:
765	(i) elects not to include a minor as an employee under a workers' compensation policy
766	in accordance with Section 34A-2-103 and Subsection 34A-2-104(5);
767	(ii) on the day on which the commission issues the waiver to the entity, employs no
768	employee other than:
769	(A) a minor for whom the entity makes the election described in Subsection (2)(b)(i);

770	(B) if a sole proprietorship, the owner's legal spouse; or
771	(C) if a limited liability company with a single member, the member's legal spouse;
772	(iii) provides to the commission the information required by Section 34A-2-1004; and
773	(iv) pays a fee the commission establishes in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, that
774	does not exceed \$50.
775	[(2)] (3) (a) A waiver issued under this section expires one year from the day on which
776	it is issued unless renewed by the holder of the waiver.
777	(b) To renew a waiver issued under [this part] Subsection (1), the holder of the waiver
778	shall:
779	(i) employ no other employee on the day on which the commission renews the waiver;
780	(ii) provide to the commission the information required by Section 34A-2-1004; and
781	(iii) pay a fee established by the commission in accordance with Section 63J-1-504,
782	[except that the fee may] that does not exceed \$50.
783	(c) To renew a waiver issued under Subsection (2), the holder of the waiver shall:
784	(i) provide to the commission the information required by Section 34A-2-1004; and
785	(ii) pay a fee the commission establishes in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, that
786	does not exceed \$50.
787	[(3)] (4) (a) As of the day on which a business entity described in Subsection (1)
788	employs an employee other than an owner, partner, or corporate officer or director described in
789	Subsection (1)(a):
790	[(a)] (i) the business entity's waiver is invalid; and
791	[(b)] (ii) the business entity is required to provide workers' compensation coverage for
792	that employee in accordance with Section 34A-2-201.
793	(b) As of the day on which an entity described in Subsection (2) employs any
794	individual other than an individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii) or fails to provide health
795	insurance coverage to the extent required under Subsection 34A-2-104(5):
796	(i) the entity's waiver is invalid; and
797	(ii) the entity is required to provide workers' compensation coverage for the employed
798	minor in accordance with Section 34A-2-201.
799	[4) The commission shall deposit a fee collected under this section in the
800	Industrial Accident Restricted Account created in Section 34A-2-705

801	[(5)] (6) Unless invalidated under Section 34A-2-1005, notwithstanding the other
802	provisions of this section, a waiver issued by an insurer that is valid on June 30, 2011, remains
803	valid until [its] the waiver's expiration date.
804	Section 6. Section 34A-2-1004 is amended to read:
805	34A-2-1004. Information required to obtain a waiver.
806	(1) To obtain or renew a waiver, a business entity shall submit to the commission:
807	[(1)] (a) a copy of two or more of the following:
808	[(a)] (i) the business entity's federal or state income tax return that shows business
809	income for the complete taxable year that immediately precedes the day on which the business
810	entity submits the information;
811	[(b)] (ii) a valid business license;
812	[(c)] (iii) a license to engage in an occupation or profession, including a license under
813	Title 58, Occupations and Professions; or
814	[(d)] (iv) documentation of an active liability insurance policy that covers the business
815	entity's activities; or
816	[(2)] (b) a copy of one item listed in Subsection (1)(a) and a copy of two or more of the
817	following:
818	[(a)] (i) proof of a bank account for the business entity;
819	[(b)] (ii) proof that for the business entity there is:
820	$[\frac{(i)}{A}]$ a telephone number; and
821	[(ii)] (B) a physical location; or
822	[(c)] (iii) an advertisement of services showing the business entity's name and contact
823	information:
824	[(i)] (A) in a newspaper of general circulation;
825	[(ii)] (B) in a telephone directory;
826	[(iii)] (C) on a website or social media; or
827	[(iv)] (D) in a trade magazine.
828	(2) In addition to the requirements described in Subsection (1), to obtain or renew a
829	waiver under Subsection 34A-2-1003(2), an entity shall submit to the commission:
830	(a) proof that the entity employs no employee other than:
831	(i) a minor for whom the entity elects to obtain a workers' compensation coverage

832	waiver;
833	(ii) if a sole proprietorship, the owner's legal spouse; or
834	(iii) if a limited liability company with a single member, the member's legal spouse;
835	(b) proof that each minor employee for whom the entity seeks to obtain or renew a
836	waiver is a child of:
837	(i) a partner of the partnership;
838	(ii) the owner of the sole proprietorship; or
839	(iii) a member of the limited liability company;
840	(c) proof that the entity carries health insurance coverage for each minor employee for
841	whom the entity seeks to obtain or renew a waiver to the extent required under Subsection
842	34A-2-104(5); and
843	(d) written confirmation from the entity's insurer that the insurer will cover each minor
844	employee for any work-related injury.
845	Section 7. Section 34A-2-1005 is amended to read:
846	34A-2-1005. Enforcement.
847	(1) The commission may investigate a business entity to determine whether:
848	(a) the business entity validly elects to not cover an owner, partner, or corporate officer
849	or director as an employee under a workers' compensation policy in accordance with Section
850	34A-2-103[-]; or
851	(b) the business entity validly elects not to cover an employed minor as an employee
852	under a workers' compensation policy in accordance with Section 34A-2-103 or 34A-2-104.
853	(2) If the commission determines that a business entity's election as provided in this
854	section is invalid, the commission may:
855	(a) prohibit a business entity from using a waiver obtained under this part; and
856	(b) take any action provided for under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational
857	Disease Act, for failure to obtain workers' compensation coverage for an employee.