7	WORKERS' COMPENSATION AND HOME AND COMMUNIT
	BASED SERVICES
	2014 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Rebecca P. Edwards
	Senate Sponsor: Todd Weiler
LONG	ΓΙΤLE
General	Description:
Т	This bill modifies the Workers' Compensation Act to address home and community
based se	rvices.
Highligl	nted Provisions:
Т	This bill:
•	modifies the definition of employer for purposes of home and community based
services;	
•	removes the exemption of certain workers from the definition of employee; and
•	makes technical changes.
Money A	Appropriated in this Bill:
N	None
Other S	pecial Clauses:
Т	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2015.
Utah Co	ode Sections Affected:
AMENI	OS:
3	4A-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 346
3	4A-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 58
Be it end	acted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
S	Section 1. Section 34A-2-103 is amended to read:
3	4A-2-103. Employers enumerated and defined Regularly employed

Statutory	emp]	lovers.

(1) (a) The state, and each county, city, town, and school district in the state are considered employers under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.

- (b) For the purposes of the exclusive remedy in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act prescribed in Sections 34A-2-105 and 34A-3-102, the state is considered to be a single employer and includes any office, department, agency, authority, commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, or other instrumentality of the state.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), each person, including each public utility and each independent contractor, who regularly employs one or more workers or operatives in the same business, or in or about the same establishment, under any contract of hire, express or implied, oral or written, is considered an employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
 - (b) As used in this Subsection (2):
- (i) "Independent contractor" means any person engaged in the performance of any work for another who, while so engaged, is:
 - (A) independent of the employer in all that pertains to the execution of the work;
 - (B) not subject to the routine rule or control of the employer;
 - (C) engaged only in the performance of a definite job or piece of work; and
- 49 (D) subordinate to the employer only in effecting a result in accordance with the 50 employer's design.
 - (ii) "Regularly" includes all employments in the usual course of the trade, business, profession, or occupation of the employer, whether continuous throughout the year or for only a portion of the year.
 - (3) (a) The client under a professional employer organization agreement regulated under Title 31A, Chapter 40, Professional Employer Organization Licensing Act:
 - (i) is considered the employer of a covered employee; and
- 57 (ii) subject to Section 31A-40-209, shall secure workers' compensation benefits for a

58 covered employee by complying with Subsection 34A-2-201(1) or (2) and commission rules. 59 (b) The division shall promptly inform the Insurance Department if the division has 60 reason to believe that a professional employer organization is not in compliance with 61 Subsection 34A-2-201(1) or (2) and commission rules. (4) A domestic employer who does not employ one employee or more than one 62 employee at least 40 hours per week is not considered an employer under this chapter and 63 Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act. 64 65 (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5): 66 (i) (A) "agricultural employer" means a person who employs agricultural labor as 67 defined in Subsections 35A-4-206(1) and (2) and does not include employment as provided in 68 Subsection 35A-4-206(3); and 69 (B) notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A), only for purposes of determining who is a 70 member of the employer's immediate family under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), if the agricultural 71 employer is a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, "agricultural employer" means 72 an officer, director, or partner of the business entity; 73 (ii) "employer's immediate family" means: (A) an agricultural employer's: 74 75 (I) spouse: 76 (II) grandparent; 77 (III) parent; 78 (IV) sibling; 79 (V) child: 80 (VI) grandchild; 81 (VII) nephew; or 82 (VIII) niece; 83 (B) a spouse of any person provided in [Subsection] Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A)(II) through (VIII); or 84

(C) an individual who is similar to those listed in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(A) or (B) as

86	defined	by rules	of the	commission;	and
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(iii) "nonimmediate family" means a person who is not a member of the employer's immediate family.

- (b) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a member of the employer's immediate family.
- (c) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if:
- (i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all nonimmediate family employees was less than \$8,000; or
- (ii) (A) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all nonimmediate family employees was equal to or greater than \$8,000 but less than \$50,000; and
- (B) the agricultural employer maintains insurance that covers job-related injuries of the employer's nonimmediate family employees in at least the following amounts:
 - (I) \$300,000 liability insurance, as defined in Section 31A-1-301; and
- (II) \$5,000 for health care benefits similar to benefits under health care insurance as defined in Section 31A-1-301.
- (d) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an agricultural employer is considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if:
- (i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all nonimmediate family employees is equal to or greater than \$50,000; or
- (ii) (A) for the previous year the agricultural employer's total payroll for nonimmediate family employees was equal to or exceeds \$8,000 but is less than \$50,000; and
- (B) the agricultural employer fails to maintain the insurance required under Subsection (5)(c)(ii)(B).
- 112 (6) An employer of agricultural laborers or domestic servants who is not considered an 113 employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, may come under

114 this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, by complying with: 115 (a) this chapter and Chapter 3. Utah Occupational Disease Act; and 116 (b) the rules of the commission. 117 (7) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (7)(a), "employer" includes any of the following 118 persons that procures work to be done by a contractor notwithstanding whether or not the 119 person directly employs a person: 120 (A) a sole proprietorship; 121 (B) a corporation; 122 (C) a partnership; 123 (D) a limited liability company; or (E) a person similar to one described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D). 124 125 (ii) If an employer procures any work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by 126 a contractor over whose work the employer retains supervision or control, and this work is a part or process in the trade or business of the employer, the contractor, all persons employed by 127 128 the contractor, all subcontractors under the contractor, and all persons employed by any of 129 these subcontractors, are considered employees of the original employer for the purposes of 130 this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act. (b) Any person who is engaged in constructing, improving, repairing, or remodeling a 131 132 residence that the person owns or is in the process of acquiring as the person's personal 133 residence may not be considered an employee or employer solely by operation of Subsection 134 (7)(a). 135 (c) A partner in a partnership or an owner of a sole proprietorship is not considered an 136 employee under Subsection (7)(a) if the employer who procures work to be done by the 137 partnership or sole proprietorship obtains and relies on either: 138 (i) a valid certification of the partnership's or sole proprietorship's compliance with 139 Section 34A-2-201 indicating that the partnership or sole proprietorship secured the payment of 140 workers' compensation benefits pursuant to Section 34A-2-201; or

(ii) if a partnership or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a partner of the

142 partnership or owner of the sole proprietorship, a workers' compensation coverage waiver 143 issued pursuant to Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, stating that: 144 (A) the partnership or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an independently 145 established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and 146 (B) the partner or owner personally waives the partner's or owner's entitlement to the 147 benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the 148 partnership or sole proprietorship. 149 (d) A director or officer of a corporation is not considered an employee under 150 Subsection (7)(a) if the director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection 151 34A-2-104(4). 152 (e) A contractor or subcontractor is not an employee of the employer under Subsection (7)(a), if the employer who procures work to be done by the contractor or subcontractor obtains 153 154 and relies on either: 155 (i) a valid certification of the contractor's or subcontractor's compliance with Section 156 34A-2-201; or 157 (ii) if a partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a partner of the partnership, officer of the corporation, or owner of the sole proprietorship, a 158 159 workers' compensation coverage waiver issued pursuant to Part 10, Workers' Compensation 160 Coverage Waivers Act, stating that: 161 (A) the partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and 162 (B) the partner, corporate officer, or owner personally waives the partner's, corporate 163 164 officer's, or owner's entitlement to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah

(B) procures work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by a contractor,

(f) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (7)(f), "eligible employer" means a person who:

Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the partnership's, corporation's, or sole

proprietorship's enterprise under a contract of hire for services.

(A) is an employer; and

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170	including:
171	(I) all persons employed by the contractor;
172	(II) all subcontractors under the contractor; and
173	(III) all persons employed by any of these subcontractors.
174	(ii) Notwithstanding the other provisions in this Subsection (7), if the conditions of
175	Subsection (7)(f)(iii) are met, an eligible employer is considered an employer for purposes of
176	Section 34A-2-105 of the contractor, subcontractor, and all persons employed by the contractor
177	or subcontractor described in Subsection (7)(f)(i)(B).
178	(iii) Subsection (7)(f)(ii) applies if the eligible employer:
179	(A) under Subsection (7)(a) is liable for and pays workers' compensation benefits as an
180	original employer under Subsection (7)(a) because the contractor or subcontractor fails to
181	comply with Section 34A-2-201;
182	(B) (I) secures the payment of workers' compensation benefits for the contractor or
183	subcontractor pursuant to Section 34A-2-201;
184	(II) procures work to be done that is part or process of the trade or business of the
185	eligible employer; and
186	(III) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury
187	reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d):
188	(Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program;
189	(Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at
190	which the eligible employer procures work; and
191	(Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the
192	terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program; or
193	(C) (I) obtains and relies on:
194	(Aa) a valid certification described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) or (7)(e)(i);
195	(Bb) a workers' compensation coverage waiver described in Subsection (7)(c)(ii) or
196	(7)(e)(ii); or
197	(Cc) proof that a director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection

198	34A-2-104(4);
199	(II) is liable under Subsection (7)(a) for the payment of workers' compensation benefits
200	if the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply with Section 34A-2-201;
201	(III) procures work to be done that is part or process in the trade or business of the
202	eligible employer; and
203	(IV) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury
204	reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d):
205	(Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program;
206	(Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at
207	which the eligible employer procures work; and
208	(Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the
209	terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program.
210	(8) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (8), "unincorporated entity" means an entity
211	organized or doing business in the state that is not:
212	(i) an individual;
213	(ii) a corporation; or
214	(iii) publicly traded.
215	(b) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an
216	unincorporated entity that is required to be licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah
217	Construction Trades Licensing Act, is presumed to be the employer of each individual who
218	holds, directly or indirectly, an ownership interest in the unincorporated entity.
219	Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(c) and Subsection 34A-2-104(3), the unincorporated entity
220	shall provide the individual who holds the ownership interest workers' compensation coverage
221	under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, unless the presumption is
222	rebutted under Subsection (8)(c).
223	(c) Pursuant to rules made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
224	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, an unincorporated entity may rebut the presumption
225	under Subsection (8)(b) for an individual by establishing by clear and convincing evidence that

226	the individual:
227	(i) is an active manager of the unincorporated entity;
228	(ii) directly or indirectly holds at least an 8% ownership interest in the unincorporated
229	entity; or
230	(iii) is not subject to supervision or control in the performance of work by:
231	(A) the unincorporated entity; or
232	(B) a person with whom the unincorporated entity contracts.
233	(d) As part of the rules made under Subsection (8)(c), the commission may define:
234	(i) "active manager";
235	(ii) "directly or indirectly holds at least an 8% ownership interest"; and
236	(iii) "subject to supervision or control in the performance of work."
237	(9) (a) As used in this Subsection (9), "home and community based services" means
238	one or more of the following services provided to an individual with a disability or to the
239	individual's family that helps prevent the individual with a disability from being placed in a
240	more restrictive setting:
241	(i) respite care;
242	(ii) skilled nursing;
243	(iii) nursing assistant services;
244	(iv) home health aide services;
245	(v) personal care and attendant services;
246	(vi) other in-home care, such as support for the daily activities of the individual with a
247	disability;
248	(vii) specialized in-home training for the individual with a disability or a family
249	member of the individual with a disability;
250	(viii) specialized in-home support, coordination, and other supported living services;
251	<u>and</u>
252	(ix) other home and community based services unique to the individual with a
253	disability or the family of the individual with a disability that help prevent the individual with

H.B. 94 **Enrolled Copy** 254 disability from being placed in a more restrictive setting. 255 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4) and subject to Subsection (9)(c), an individual with 256 a disability or designated representative of the individual with a disability is considered an 257 employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, of an individual who provides home and community based services if the individual with a disability or 258 259 designated representative of the individual with a disability: 260 (i) employs the individual to provide home and community based services for seven hours per week or more; and 261 262 (ii) pays the individual providing the home and community based services from state or 263 federal money received by the individual with a disability or designated representative of the individual with a disability to fund home and community based services, including through a 264 265 person designated by the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with Section 3504, Internal 266 Revenue Code, as a fiduciary, agent, or other person who has the control, receipt, custody, or disposal of, or pays the wages of, the individual providing the home and community based 267 268 services. 269 (c) The state and federal money received by an individual with a disability or 270 designated representative of an individual with a disability shall include the cost of the workers' 271 compensation coverage required by this Subsection (9) in addition to the money necessary to 272 fund the home and community based services that the individual with a disability or family of 273 the individual with a disability is eligible to receive so that the home and community based services are not reduced in order to pay for the workers' compensation coverage required by 274

Section 2. Section **34A-2-104** is amended to read:

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this Subsection (9).

277 34A-2-104. "Employee," "worker," and "operative" defined -- Specific circumstances -- Exemptions.

- (1) As used in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, "employee," "worker," and "operative" mean:
- (a) (i) an elective or appointive officer and any other person:

282	(A) in the service of:
283	(I) the state;
284	(II) a county, city, or town within the state; or
285	(III) a school district within the state;
286	(B) serving the state, or any county, city, town, or school district under:
287	(I) an election;
288	(II) appointment; or
289	(III) any contract of hire, express or implied, written or oral; and
290	(ii) including:
291	(A) an officer or employee of the state institutions of learning; and
292	(B) a member of the National Guard while on state active duty; and
293	(b) a person in the service of any employer, as defined in Section 34A-2-103, who
294	employs one or more workers or operatives regularly in the same business, or in or about the
295	same establishment:
296	(i) under any contract of hire:
297	(A) express or implied; and
298	(B) oral or written;
299	(ii) including aliens and minors, whether legally or illegally working for hire; and
300	(iii) not including any person whose employment:
301	(A) is casual; and
302	(B) not in the usual course of the trade, business, or occupation of the employee's
303	employer.
304	(2) (a) Unless a lessee provides coverage as an employer under this chapter and
305	Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, any lessee in mines or of mining property and each
306	employee and sublessee of the lessee shall be:
307	(i) covered for compensation by the lessor under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
308	Occupational Disease Act;
309	(ii) subject to this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; and

(iii) entitled to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, to the same extent as if the lessee, employee, or sublessee were employees of the lessor drawing the wages paid employees for substantially similar work.

- (b) The lessor may deduct from the proceeds of ores mined by the lessees an amount equal to the insurance premium for that type of work.
- (3) (a) A partnership or sole proprietorship may elect to include any partner of the partnership or owner of the sole proprietorship as an employee of the partnership or sole proprietorship under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
- (b) If a partnership or sole proprietorship makes an election under Subsection (3)(a), the partnership or sole proprietorship shall serve written notice upon its insurance carrier naming the persons to be covered.
- (c) A partner of a partnership or owner of a sole proprietorship may not be considered an employee of the partner's partnership or the owner's sole proprietorship under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, until the notice described in Subsection (3)(b) is given.
- (d) For premium rate making, the insurance carrier shall assume the salary or wage of the partner or sole proprietor electing coverage under Subsection (3)(a) to be 100% of the state's average weekly wage.
- (4) (a) A corporation may elect not to include any director or officer of the corporation as an employee under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
- (b) If a corporation makes an election under Subsection (4)(a), the corporation shall serve written notice naming the individuals who are directors or officers to be excluded from coverage:
 - (i) upon its insurance carrier, if any; or
- (ii) upon the commission if the corporation is self-insured or has no employee other than the one or more directors or officers being excluded.
- (c) A corporation may exclude no more than five individuals who are directors or officers under Subsection (4)(b)(ii).

338	(d) An exclusion under this Subsection (4) is subject to Subsection 34A-2-103(7)(d).
339	(e) A director or officer of a corporation is considered an employee under this chapter
340	and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, until the notice described in Subsection (4)(b)
341	is given.
342	(f) The commission may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
343	Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the form of the notice described in Subsection
344	(4)(b)(ii), including a requirement to provide documentation, if any.
345	(5) As used in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, "employee,"
346	"worker," and "operative" do not include:
347	(a) a sales agent or associate broker, as defined in Section 61-2f-102, who performs
348	services in that capacity for a principal broker if:
349	(i) substantially all of the sales agent's or associate broker's income for services is from
350	real estate commissions; and
351	(ii) the sales agent's or associate broker's services are performed under a written
352	contract that provides that:
353	(A) the real estate agent is an independent contractor; and
354	(B) the sales agent or associate broker is not to be treated as an employee for federal
355	income tax purposes;
356	(b) an offender performing labor under Section 64-13-16 or 64-13-19, except as
357	required by federal statute or regulation;
358	(c) an individual who for an insurance producer, as defined in Section 31A-1-301,
359	solicits, negotiates, places, or procures insurance if:
360	(i) substantially all of the individual's income from those services is from insurance
361	commissions; and
362	(ii) the services of the individual are performed under a written contract that states that
363	the individual:
364	(A) is an independent contractor;
365	(B) is not to be treated as an employee for federal income tax purposes; and

366	(C) can derive income from more than one insurance company; <u>or</u>
367	[(d) notwithstanding Subsection 34A-2-103(4), an individual who provides domestic
368	work for a person if:]
369	[(i) the person for whom the domestic work is being provided receives or is eligible to
370	receive the domestic work under a state or federal program designed to pay the costs of
371	domestic work to prevent the person from being placed in:]
372	[(A) an institution; or]
373	[(B) a more restrictive placement than where that person resides at the time the person
374	receives the domestic work;]
375	[(ii) the individual is paid by a person designated by the Secretary of the Treasury in
376	accordance with Section 3504, Internal Revenue Code, as a fiduciary, agent, or other person
377	that has the control, receipt, custody, or disposal of, or pays the wages of the individual; and]
378	[(iii) the domestic work is performed under a written contract that notifies the
379	individual that the individual is not an employee under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah
380	Occupational Disease Act; or]
381	[(e)] (d) subject to Subsections (6), (7), and (8), an individual who:
382	(i) (A) owns a motor vehicle; or
383	(B) leases a motor vehicle to a motor carrier;
384	(ii) personally operates the motor vehicle described in Subsection (5)[(e)](d)(i);
385	(iii) operates the motor vehicle described in Subsection $(5)[(e)](d)(i)$ under a written
386	agreement with the motor carrier that states that the individual operates the motor vehicle as an
387	independent contractor; and
388	(iv) (A) provides to the motor carrier at the time the written agreement described in
389	Subsection $(5)[(e)](d)(iii)$ is executed or as soon after the execution as provided by the
390	commission, a copy of a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued pursuant to Part 10,
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391	Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, to the individual; and
391	Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, to the individual; and (B) provides to the motor carrier at the time the written agreement described in

proof that the individual is covered by occupational accident related insurance with the coverage and benefit limits listed in Subsection (7)(c).

- (6) An individual described in Subsection (5)(d) [or (e)] may become an employee under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, if the employer of the individual complies with:
 - (a) this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; and
- 400 (b) commission rules.

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- (7) For purposes of Subsection (5)[(e)](d):
- (a) "Motor carrier" means a person engaged in the business of transporting freight, merchandise, or other property by a commercial vehicle on a highway within this state.
- (b) "Motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle intended primarily for use and operation on the highways, including a trailer or semitrailer designed for use with another motorized vehicle.
- (c) "Occupational accident related insurance" means insurance that provides the following coverage at a minimum aggregate policy limit of \$1,000,000 for all benefits paid, including medical expense benefits, for an injury sustained in the course of working under a written agreement described in Subsection (5)[(e)](d)(iii):
- (i) disability benefits;
- 412 (ii) death benefits; and
 - (iii) medical expense benefits, which include:
- 414 (A) hospital coverage;
- 415 (B) surgical coverage;
- 416 (C) prescription drug coverage; and
- 417 (D) dental coverage.
 - (8) For an individual described in Subsection (5)[(e)](d), the commission shall verify the existence of occupational accident insurance coverage with the coverage and benefit limits listed in Subsection (7)(c) before the commission may issue a workers' compensation coverage waiver to the individual pursuant to Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act.

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- 422 Section 3. Effective date.
- 423 This bill takes effect on July 1, 2015.