

**IDENTITY THEFT REPORTING SYSTEM AMENDMENTS**

2022 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Jefferson S. Burton**

Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore

---

---

**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill repeals the Identity Theft Reporting Information System (IRIS) Program.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ repeals the Identity Theft Reporting Information System (IRIS) Program within the Office of the Attorney General; and
- ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

**Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

**Other Special Clauses:**

None

**Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

**63G-2-305**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 148, 179, 231, 353, 373, and 382

**67-5-1.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 24

REPEALS:

**67-5-22**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344

**Uncodified Material Affected:**

ENACTS UNCODIFIED MATERIAL

---

---

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

30 Section 1. Section **63G-2-305** is amended to read:

31 **63G-2-305. Protected records.**

32 The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:

33 (1) trade secrets as defined in Section **13-24-2** if the person submitting the trade secret  
34 has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section **63G-2-309**;

35 (2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a  
36 person if:

37 (a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair  
38 competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the  
39 governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;

40 (b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access  
41 than the public in obtaining access; and

42 (c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with  
43 the information specified in Section **63G-2-309**;

44 (3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity  
45 to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or  
46 commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause  
47 substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;

48 (4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a  
49 competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as  
50 defined in Subsection **11-13-103(4)**;

51 (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,  
52 employment, or academic examinations;

53 (6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement  
54 proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or  
55 agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this  
56 Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or  
57 grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:

58 (a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental  
59 entity in response to:

- 60 (i) an invitation for bids;
- 61 (ii) a request for proposals;
- 62 (iii) a request for quotes;
- 63 (iv) a grant; or
- 64 (v) other similar document; or

65 (b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section [63G-6a-712](#);

66 (7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for  
67 information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict  
68 the right of a person to have access to the information, after:

69 (a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been  
70 awarded and signed by all parties; or

71 (b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the  
72 subject of the request for information; and

73 (ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is  
74 issued;

75 (8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real  
76 or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition  
77 before any rights to the property are acquired unless:

78 (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the  
79 governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;

80 (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a  
81 duty of confidentiality to the entity;

82 (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described  
83 property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;

84 (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of  
85 property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value

86 of the property; or

87 (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence  
88 and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire  
89 the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;

90 (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other  
91 compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if  
92 disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value  
93 of the subject property, unless:

94 (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting  
95 access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the  
96 transaction; or

97 (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of  
98 the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or  
99 under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;

100 (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement  
101 purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if  
102 release of the records:

103 (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for  
104 enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;

105 (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement  
106 proceedings;

107 (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial  
108 hearing;

109 (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not  
110 generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of  
111 an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of  
112 government if disclosure would compromise the source; or

113 (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques,

114 procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would  
115 interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;

116 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an  
117 individual;

118 (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental  
119 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft,  
120 or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;

121 (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional  
122 facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere  
123 with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;

124 (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of  
125 Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the  
126 Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the  
127 employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's  
128 jurisdiction;

129 (15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational  
130 procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with  
131 audits or collections;

132 (16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit  
133 until the final audit is released;

134 (17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;

135 (18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,  
136 employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial,  
137 quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;

138 (19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or  
139 from a member of the Legislature; and

140 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of  
141 legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and

142 (b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection  
143 with the preparation of legislation between:

144 (A) members of a legislative body;

145 (B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or

146 (C) members of a legislative body's staff; and

147 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of  
148 legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;

149 (20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and  
150 General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated  
151 legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the  
152 legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and

153 (b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the  
154 Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator  
155 asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such  
156 time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;

157 (21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and  
158 General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared  
159 in response to these requests;

160 (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;

161 (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:

162 (a) collective bargaining; or

163 (b) imminent or pending litigation;

164 (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that  
165 may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the  
166 Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;

167 (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation  
168 concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of  
169 personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;

170 (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or  
171 biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of  
172 valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;

173 (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would  
174 conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;

175 (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in  
176 Section [53B-1-102](#) regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions,  
177 retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in  
178 accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of  
179 the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students  
180 admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;

181 (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative  
182 proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated  
183 policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected  
184 those policies or courses of action or made them public;

185 (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,  
186 revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final  
187 recommendations in these areas;

188 (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state  
189 that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected  
190 records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure  
191 if retained by it;

192 (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a  
193 public body except as provided in Section [52-4-206](#);

194 (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including  
195 final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from  
196 disclosure;

197 (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an

198 administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any  
199 other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;

200 (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered  
201 by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand  
202 or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the  
203 person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not  
204 be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;

205 (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining  
206 the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents,  
207 copyrights, and trade secrets;

208 (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an  
209 institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other  
210 information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of  
211 the donor, provided that:

212 (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;

213 (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be  
214 classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and

215 (c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in  
216 Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged  
217 in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority  
218 over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled  
219 by the donor or the donor's immediate family;

220 (38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and  
221 73-18-13;

222 (39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section  
223 34A-2-205;

224 (40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher  
225 education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,



226 or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:

227 (i) unpublished lecture notes;

228 (ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:

229 (A) relating to research; and

230 (B) of:

231 (I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section

232 [53B-1-102](#); or

233 (II) a sponsor of sponsored research;

234 (iii) unpublished manuscripts;

235 (iv) creative works in process;

236 (v) scholarly correspondence; and

237 (vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;

238 (b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public

239 information required pursuant to Subsection [53B-16-302](#)(2)(a) or (b); and

240 (c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;

241 (41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor

242 General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit

243 prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and

244 (b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the

245 Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that

246 the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General that would

247 reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as

248 protected records until the audit is completed and made public;

249 (42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or

250 other document that indicates the location of:

251 (a) a production facility; or

252 (b) a magazine;

253 (43) information[~~-(a)~~] contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging

254 and Adult Services created by Section [62A-3-311.1](#); ~~[or]~~  
255 ~~[(b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information~~  
256 ~~System (IRIS) established under Section [67-5-22](#);~~  
257 (44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title  
258 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;  
259 (45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the  
260 National Guard's federal mission;  
261 (46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement  
262 agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and  
263 Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;  
264 (47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed  
265 by the Department of Agriculture and Food;  
266 (48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section  
267 [63G-2-106](#), records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or  
268 prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of  
269 which would jeopardize:  
270 (a) the safety of the general public; or  
271 (b) the security of:  
272 (i) governmental property;  
273 (ii) governmental programs; or  
274 (iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency  
275 Management information;  
276 (49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the  
277 identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under  
278 Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control  
279 of Animal Disease;  
280 (50) as provided in Section [26-39-501](#):  
281 (a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint

282 regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to  
283 substantiate; and

284 (b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health  
285 from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;

286 (51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as  
287 provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or  
288 personal mobile phone number, if:

289 (a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,  
290 ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and

291 (b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be  
292 kept confidential due to:

293 (i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and

294 (ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;

295 (52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or  
296 mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone number  
297 where the candidate may be contacted:

298 (a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,  
299 described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405, 20A-9-408,  
300 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;

301 (b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or

302 (c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section  
303 20A-9-408;

304 (53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual  
305 that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:

306 (a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section  
307 53B-1-102; and

308 (b) conducted using animals;

309 (54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance

310 Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to  
311 recommend that the voters retain a judge including information disclosed under Subsection  
312 [78A-12-203\(5\)\(e\)](#);

313 (55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance  
314 Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section [20A-7-702](#) or Title 78A, Chapter  
315 12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public,  
316 the information or report;

317 (56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in  
318 furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section [63L-11-202](#);

319 (57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section  
320 [63H-7a-302](#);

321 (58) in accordance with Section [73-10-33](#):

322 (a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division  
323 of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or

324 (b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or  
325 municipality;

326 (59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General  
327 of Medicaid Services, created in Section [63A-13-201](#):

328 (a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal  
329 misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or  
330 allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services  
331 through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied  
332 upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation  
333 report or final audit report;

334 (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a  
335 person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any  
336 Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or  
337 regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any

338 recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that  
339 the identity of the person be protected;

340 (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final  
341 investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not  
342 an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;

343 (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey  
344 plan, or audit program; or

345 (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an  
346 investigation or audit;

347 (60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid  
348 Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or  
349 abuse;

350 (61) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational  
351 and Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections  
352 58-68-304(3) and (4);

353 (62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;

354 (63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader  
355 system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;

356 (64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a  
357 victim, including:

358 (a) a victim's application or request for benefits;

359 (b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and

360 (c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,  
361 evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim  
362 Reparations Fund;

363 (65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is  
364 defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care  
365 facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care

366 provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as  
367 that term is defined in Section 62A-2-101, except for recordings that:

368 (a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;

369 (b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in  
370 death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;

371 (c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against  
372 a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;

373 (d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection  
374 76-2-408(1)(f); or

375 (e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or  
376 authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording;

377 (66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher  
378 education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly  
379 announced finalist;

380 (67) an audio recording that is:

381 (a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or  
382 piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an  
383 individual with a life-threatening condition;

384 (b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law  
385 enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder service:

386 (i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening  
387 condition; and

388 (ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an  
389 individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and

390 (c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve  
391 their response to an emergency situation;

392 (68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a  
393 recommendation by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget

394 Subcommittee, or the Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an  
395 employment position with the Legislature;

396 (69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;

397 (70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency  
398 under Section 61-1-206;

399 (71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section  
400 31A-37-201;

401 (72) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;

402 (73) any record created by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing as  
403 a result of Subsection 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);

404 (74) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury  
405 involving an amusement ride;

406 (75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual  
407 on a political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition,  
408 including a petition or request described in the following titles:

409 (a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;

410 (b) Title 17, Counties;

411 (c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts;

412 (d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and

413 (e) Title 20A, Election Code;

414 (76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in  
415 a voter registration record;

416 (77) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a  
417 signature described in Subsection (75) or (76), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a  
418 local political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;

419 (78) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part  
420 5, Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;

421 (79) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Subsection

422 31A-48-103(1)(b);

423 (80) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is  
424 prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;

425 (81) (a) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual  
426 into jail, unless:

427 (i) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which  
428 the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;

429 (ii) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image after determining  
430 that:

431 (A) the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an individual or to public  
432 safety; and

433 (B) releasing or disseminating the image will assist in apprehending the individual or  
434 reducing or eliminating the threat; or

435 (iii) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the  
436 release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest.

437 (82) a record:

438 (a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;

439 (b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a  
440 representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section

441 63M-14-205; and

442 (c) the disclosure of which would:

443 (i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the  
444 Colorado River system;

445 (ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to  
446 negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River  
447 system; or

448 (iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations  
449 regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system; and



450 (83) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's  
451 Office of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if  
452 disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (83) may  
453 not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval decision.

454 Section 2. Section 67-5-1.5 is amended to read:

455 **67-5-1.5. Special duties -- Employment of staff.**

456 (1) The attorney general may undertake special duties and projects as follows:

457 (a) employment of child protection services investigators under Section 67-5-16;

458 (b) administration of the Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force under Section  
459 67-5-20;

460 (c) administration of the Internet Crimes Against Children (ICAC) Unit under Section  
461 67-5-21;

462 [~~(d) administration of the Identity Theft Reporting Information System (IRIS) Program~~  
463 ~~under Section 67-5-22;]~~

464 [(~~e~~)] (d) administration of the Attorney General Crime and Violence Prevention Fund  
465 under Section 67-5-24; and

466 [(~~f~~)] (e) administration of the Mortgage and Financial Fraud Unit under Section  
467 67-5-30.

468 (2) As permitted by the provisions of this chapter, the attorney general may employ or  
469 contract with investigators, prosecutors, and necessary support staff to fulfill the special duties  
470 undertaken under this section.

471 Section 3. **Repealer.**

472 This bill repeals:

473 Section 67-5-22, **Identity theft reporting information system -- Internet website**  
474 **and database -- Access -- Maintenance and rulemaking -- Criminal provisions.**

475 Section 4. **Deletion of information.**

476 The Office of the Attorney General shall, on or before the effective date of this bill,  
477 delete all information received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting

478 Information System (IRIS).