	PUBLIC SAFETY RETIREMENT FOR DISPATCHERS	
2	2015 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
Ļ	Chief Sponsor: Kraig Powell	
;	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble	
7	LONG TITLE	
	General Description:	
	This bill allows certified dispatchers to be covered in the public safety retirement	
	systems.	
	Highlighted Provisions:	
	This bill:	
	provides definitions;	
	requires the state to cover its certified dispatchers under the public safety retirement	
	systems;	
	 authorizes other participating employers to elect to cover their certified dispatchers 	
	under the public safety retirement systems; and	
	makes technical corrections.	
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
	None	
	Other Special Clauses:	
	This bill provides a special effective date.	
	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
	AMENDS:	
	49-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 40	
	49-14-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 15	
	49-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 40	
	49-15-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 15	
	49-23-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 40	

49-23-20	1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 15
49-23-50	3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 15
Be it enacted by	the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1	1. Section 49-14-102 is amended to read:
49-14-10	2. Definitions.
As used	in this chapter:
(1) (a) " ⁽	Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
gross income wh	nich are received by a public safety service employee as base income for the
regularly schedu	led work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly
scheduled work	period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member
contributions or	any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for
salary deferral or	r other benefits authorized by federal law.
(b) "Con	npensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
adjustments.	
(c) "Con	npensation" does not include:
(i) overt	ime;
(ii) sick	pay incentives;
(iii) retir	rement pay incentives;
(iv) the	monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence, use of
equipment or un	iform, travel, or similar payments;
(v) a lun	np-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
(vi) all c	contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
other employee l	benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
a member or par	ticipant.
(d) "Con	mpensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
under Internal R	evenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
(2) "Dist	natcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102

[(2)] (3) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest 58 59 three years of annual compensation preceding retirement [$\frac{1}{2}$] subject to Subsections [$\frac{2}{2}$] (3)(a) 60 and (b). 61 (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3)(b), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by 62 63 more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor 64 65 Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. 66 (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 67 office, the limitation in Subsection [(2)] (3)(a) may be exceeded if: (i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or 68 69 (ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position. [(3)] (4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from: 70 71 (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety 72 service employee; or 73 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous 74 training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service 75 employee. 76 (b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that: 77 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service 78 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,

(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;

administrative, or of a nonmanual nature:

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- (iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
 - (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection [(3)] (4)(a).
- 84 [(4)] (5) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation 85 requirements of Section 49-14-201.

86	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average
87	of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is a:
88	(i) law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
89	(ii) correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
90	(iii) special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-14-201 and
91	53-13-105; [and]
92	(iv) dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; or
93	[(iv)] (v) full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
94	77-27-2.
95	(b) Except as provided under [Subsection (5)] Subsections (6)(a)(iv) and (v), "public
96	safety service" also requires that in the course of employment the employee's life or personal
97	safety is at risk.
98	(c) Except for the minimum hour requirement, Subsections $[\frac{(5)}{(5)}]$ $\underline{(6)}$ (a) and (b) do not
99	apply to any person who was eligible for service credit in this system before January 1, 1984.
100	[6] [7] "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating
101	employer who performs public safety service under this chapter.
102	[(7)] (8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
103	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
104	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
105	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
106	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
107	[(8)] (9) "System" means the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System created
108	under this chapter.
109	[(9)] (10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12
110	full months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public
111	safety service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public
112	safety service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military
113	duty.

114	Section 2. Section 49-14-201 is amended to read:
115	49-14-201. System membership Eligibility.
116	(1) Except as provided in Section 49-15-201, a public safety service employee of a
117	participating employer participating in this system is eligible for service credit in this system at
118	the earliest of:
119	(a) July 1, 1969, if the public safety service employee was employed by the
120	participating employer on July 1, 1969, and the participating employer was participating in this
121	system on that date;
122	(b) the date the participating employer begins participating in this system if the public
123	safety service employee was employed by the participating employer on that date; or
124	(c) the date the public safety service employee is employed by the participating
125	employer and is eligible to perform public safety service, except that a public safety service
126	employee initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011,
127	who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan
128	administered by the board, may not participate in this system.
129	(2) (a) (i) A participating employer that has public safety service and firefighter service
130	employees that require cross-training and duty shall enroll those dual purpose employees in the
131	system in which the greatest amount of time is actually worked.
132	(ii) The employees shall either be full-time public safety service or full-time firefighter
133	service employees of the participating employer.
134	(b) (i) Prior to transferring a dual purpose employee from one system to another, the
135	participating employer shall receive written permission from the office.
136	(ii) The office may request documentation to verify the appropriateness of the transfer.
137	(3) The board may combine or segregate the actuarial experience of participating
138	employers in this system for the purpose of setting contribution rates.
139	(4) (a) (i) Each participating employer participating in this system shall annually

submit to the office a schedule indicating the positions to be covered under this system in

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accordance with this chapter.

(ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of any position under this system.

- (b) If there is a dispute between the office and a participating employer or employee over any position to be covered, the disputed position shall be submitted to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council established under Section 53-6-106 for determination.
- (c) (i) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council's authority to decide eligibility for public safety service credit is limited to claims for coverage under this system for time periods after July 1, 1989.
- (ii) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may not be applied to service credit earned in another system prior to July 1, 1989.
- (iii) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(c)(iv), a decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may only be applied prospectively from the date of that decision.
- (iv) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may be applied retroactively only if:
- (A) the participating employer covered other similarly situated positions under this system during the time period in question; and
- (B) the position otherwise meets all eligibility requirements for receiving service credit in this system during the period for which service credit is to be granted.
- (5) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may use a subcommittee to provide a recommendation to the council in determining disputes between the office and a participating employer or employee over a position to be covered under this system.
- (6) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in resolving coverage disputes in this system.
- (7) A public safety employee who is transferred or promoted to an administration position not covered by this system shall continue to earn public safety service credit in this system as long as the employee remains employed in the same department.
 - (8) Any employee who is reassigned to the Department of Technology Services or to

the Department of Human Resource Management, and who was a member of this system, shall
be entitled to remain a member of this system.

- (9) (a) To determine that a position is covered under this system, the office and, if a coverage dispute arises, the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall find that the position requires the employee to:
 - (i) except for a dispatcher, place the employee's life or personal safety at risk; and
- 176 (ii) complete training as provided in Section <u>53-6-303</u>, <u>53-13-103</u>, <u>53-13-104</u>, or <u>53-13-105</u>.

- (b) If a position satisfies the requirements of Subsection (9)(a), the office and the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall consider whether or not the position requires the employee to:
- (i) perform duties that consist primarily of actively preventing or detecting crime and enforcing criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions;
 - (ii) perform duties that consist primarily of providing community protection; and
- (iii) respond to situations involving threats to public safety and make emergency decisions affecting the lives and health of others.
- (10) If a subcommittee is used to recommend the determination of disputes to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, the subcommittee shall comply with the requirements of Subsection (9) in making its recommendation.
- (11) A final order of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council regarding a dispute is a final agency action for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (12) Except as provided under Subsection (13), if a participating employer's public safety service employees are not covered by this system or under Chapter 15, Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement Act, as of January 1, 1998, those public safety service employees who may otherwise qualify for membership in this system shall, at the discretion of the participating employer, remain in their current retirement system.
- 197 (13) (a) A public safety service employee employed by an airport police department,

198	which elects to cover its public safety service employees under the Public Safety
199	Noncontributory Retirement System under Subsection (12), may elect to remain in the public
200	safety service employee's current retirement system.
201	(b) The public safety service employee's election to remain in the current retirement
202	system under Subsection (13)(a):
203	(i) shall be made at the time the employer elects to move its public safety service
204	employees to a public safety retirement system;
205	(ii) documented by written notice to the participating employer; and
206	(iii) is irrevocable.
207	(14) (a) Subject to Subsection (15), beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service
208	employee who is a dispatcher employed by:
209	(i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and
210	(ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in
211	this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover its dispatchers under this
212	system.
213	(b) A participating employer's election to cover its dispatchers under this system under
214	Subsection (14)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the
215	governing body of the participating employer in accordance with rules made by the office.
216	(c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution
217	of a participating employer under Subsection (14)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this
218	system.
219	[(14)] (15) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person initially
220	entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have
221	service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board,
222	may not participate in this system.
223	Section 3. Section 49-15-102 is amended to read:
224	49-15-102. Definitions.
225	As used in this chapter:

(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in gross income received by a public safety service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.

- (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.
 - (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- (i) overtime;

- (ii) sick pay incentives;
- (iii) retirement pay incentives;
- 238 (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
 - (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
 - (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.
 - (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
 - (2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
 - [(2)] (3) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(2)] (3)(a) and (b).
 - (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3)(b), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor

254	Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
255	(b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the
256	office, the limitation in Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) (a) may be exceeded if:
257	(i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or
258	(ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position.
259	[(3)] (4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
260	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
261	service employee; or
262	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
263	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service
264	employee.
265	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
266	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
267	employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical,
268	administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
269	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
270	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
271	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
272	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) (a).
273	[(4)] (5) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
274	requirements of Section 49-15-201.
275	[(5)] (6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average
276	of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is a:
277	(i) law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
278	(ii) correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
279	(iii) special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
280	53-13-105; [and]
281	(iv) dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; or

282	[(iv)] (v) full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
283	77-27-2.
284	(b) Except as provided under [Subsection (5)] Subsections (6)(a)(iv) and (v), "public
285	safety service" also requires that in the course of employment the employee's life or personal
286	safety is at risk.
287	[(6)] (7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating
288	employer who performs public safety service under this chapter.
289	[(7)] (8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
290	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
291	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
292	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
293	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
294	[(8)] (9) "System" means the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System created
295	under this chapter.
296	[9] (10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12
297	full months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public
298	safety service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public
299	safety service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military
300	duty.
301	Section 4. Section 49-15-201 is amended to read:
302	49-15-201. System membership Eligibility.
303	(1) (a) A public safety service employee employed by the state after July 1, 1989, but
304	before July 1, 2011, is eligible for service credit in this system.
305	(b) A public safety service employee employed by the state prior to July 1, 1989, may
306	either elect to receive service credit in this system or continue to receive service credit under
307	the system established under Chapter 14, Public Safety Contributory Retirement Act, by
308	following the procedures established by the board under this chapter.

(2) (a) Public safety service employees of a participating employer other than the state

that elected on or before July 1, 1989, to remain in the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System shall be eligible only for service credit in that system.

- (b) (i) A participating employer other than the state that elected on or before July 1, 1989, to participate in this system shall, have allowed, prior to July 1, 1989, a public safety service employee to elect to participate in either this system or the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System.
- (ii) Except as expressly allowed by this title, the election of the public safety service employee is final and may not be changed.
- (c) A public safety service employee hired by a participating employer other than the state after July 1, 1989, but before July 1, 2011, shall become a member in this system.
- (d) A public safety service employee of a participating employer other than the state who began participation in this system after July 1, 1989, but before July 1, 2011, is only eligible for service credit in this system.
- (e) A person initially entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, may not participate in this system.
- (3) (a) (i) A participating employer that has public safety service and firefighter service employees that require cross-training and duty shall enroll those dual purpose employees in the system in which the greatest amount of time is actually worked.
- (ii) The employees shall either be full-time public safety service or full-time firefighter service employees of the participating employer.
- (b) (i) Prior to transferring a dual purpose employee from one system to another, the participating employer shall receive written permission from the office.
 - (ii) The office may request documentation to verify the appropriateness of the transfer.
- (4) The board may combine or segregate the actuarial experience of participating employers in this system for the purpose of setting contribution rates.
- (5) (a) (i) Each participating employer participating in this system shall annually submit to the office a schedule indicating the positions to be covered under this system in

accordance with this chapter.

(ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of any position under this system.

- (b) If there is a dispute between the office and a participating employer or employee over any position to be covered, the disputed position shall be submitted to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council established under Section 53-6-106 for determination.
- (c) (i) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council's authority to decide eligibility for public safety service credit is limited to claims for coverage under this system for time periods after July 1, 1989.
- (ii) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may not be applied to service credit earned in another system prior to July 1, 1989.
- (iii) Except as provided under Subsection (5)(c)(iv), a decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may only be applied prospectively from the date of that decision.
- (iv) A decision of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council granting a position coverage under this system may be applied retroactively only if:
- (A) the participating employer covered other similarly situated positions under this system during the time period in question; and
- (B) the position otherwise meets all eligibility requirements for receiving service credit in this system during the period for which service credit is to be granted.
- (6) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council may use a subcommittee to provide a recommendation to the council in determining disputes between the office and a participating employer or employee over a position to be covered under this system.
- (7) The Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in resolving coverage disputes in this system.
- (8) A public safety service employee who is transferred or promoted to an administration position not covered by this system shall continue to earn public safety service credit in this system as long as the employee remains employed in the same department.

366 (9) Any employee who is reassigned to the Department of Technology Services or to 367 the Department of Human Resource Management, and who was a member in this system, shall 368 be entitled to remain a member in this system. 369 (10) (a) To determine that a position is covered under this system, the office and, if a coverage dispute arises, the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall find that the 370 371 position requires the employee to: 372 (i) except for a dispatcher, place the employee's life or personal safety at risk; and 373 (ii) complete training as provided in Section 53-6-303, 53-13-103, 53-13-104, or 374 53-13-105. 375 (b) If a position satisfies the requirements of Subsection (10)(a), the office and Peace Officer Standards and Training Council shall consider whether the position requires the 376 377 employee to: 378 (i) perform duties that consist primarily of actively preventing or detecting crime and enforcing criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of its political subdivisions; 379 380 (ii) perform duties that consist primarily of providing community protection; and 381 (iii) respond to situations involving threats to public safety and make emergency 382 decisions affecting the lives and health of others. (11) If a subcommittee is used to recommend the determination of disputes to the 383 384 Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, the subcommittee shall comply with the 385 requirements of Subsection (10) in making its recommendation. 386 (12) A final order of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council regarding a dispute is a final agency action for purposes of Title 63G. Chapter 4. Administrative 387 388 Procedures Act. 389 (13) Except as provided under Subsection (14), if a participating employer's public 390 safety service employees are not covered by this system or under Chapter 14, Public Safety 391 Contributory Retirement Act, as of January 1, 1998, those public safety service employees who

may otherwise qualify for membership in this system shall, at the discretion of the participating

employer, remain in their current retirement system.

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394	(14) (a) A public safety service employee employed by an airport police department,
395	which elects to cover its public safety service employees under the Public Safety
396	Noncontributory Retirement System under Subsection (13), may elect to remain in the public
397	safety service employee's current retirement system.
398	(b) The public safety service employee's election to remain in the current retirement
399	system under Subsection (14)(a):
400	(i) shall be made at the time the employer elects to move its public safety service
401	employees to a public safety retirement system;
402	(ii) documented by written notice to the participating employer; and
403	(iii) is irrevocable.
404	(15) (a) Subject to Subsection (16), beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service
405	employee who is a dispatcher employed by:
406	(i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and
407	(ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in
408	this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover its dispatchers under this
409	system.
410	(b) A participating employer's election to cover its dispatchers under this system under
411	Subsection (15)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the
412	governing body of the participating employer in accordance with rules made by the office.
413	(c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution
414	of a participating employer under Subsection (15)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this
415	system.
416	[(15)] (16) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person initially
417	entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have
418	service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board,
419	may not participate in this system.
420	Section 5. Section 49-23-102 is amended to read:
421	49-23-102. Definitions.

422	As used in this chapter:
423	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in
424	gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as
425	base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall
426	establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the
427	deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee
428	authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.
429	(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
430	adjustments.
431	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
432	(i) overtime;
433	(ii) sick pay incentives;
434	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
435	(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of
436	equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
437	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
438	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
439	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
440	a member or participant.
441	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
442	under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
443	(2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered
444	the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
445	(3) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
446	[(3)] (4) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest
447	five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [(3)] (4) (a), (b),
448	(c), and (d).

(a) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)] (4)(b), the percentage increase in annual

compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.

- (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) may be exceeded if:
 - (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
 - (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.

- (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only.
- (d) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of service credit.
- [(4)] (5) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department, but does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
- [(5)] (6) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer who provides firefighter service under this chapter. An employee of a regularly constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service is not a firefighter service employee.
 - [(6)] (7) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
- (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety service or firefighter service employee; or
- (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or

478	firefighter service employee.
479	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
480	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
481	or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity
482	that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
483	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
484	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
485	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
486	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection [$\frac{(6)}{(7)}$] $\frac{(7)}{(a)}$.
487	[(7)] (8) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
488	requirements of:
489	(a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202;
490	(b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202;
491	(c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or
492	(d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202.
493	[(8)] (9) (a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average
494	of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is a:
495	(i) law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
496	(ii) correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
497	(iii) special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
498	53-13-105; [and]
499	(iv) dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; and
500	[(iv)] (v) full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
501	77-27-2.
502	(b) Except as provided under [Subsection (8)] Subsections (9)(a)(iv) and (v), "public
503	safety service" also requires that in the course of employment the employee's life or personal
504	safety is at risk.
505	[(9)] (10) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating

506	employer who performs public safety service under this chapter.
507	[(10)] (11) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful,
508	or vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
509	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
510	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
511	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
512	[(11)] (12) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory
513	Retirement System created under this chapter.
514	$[\frac{(12)}{(13)}]$ (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual that is not regularly
515	employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:
516	(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
517	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
518	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department which provides
519	ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
520	(b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of
521	Subsection $[(12)]$ (13) (a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.
522	[(13)] (14) "Years of service credit" means:
523	(a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or
524	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
525	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
526	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
527	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
528	provided by this chapter.
529	Section 6. Section 49-23-201 is amended to read:
530	49-23-201. System membership Eligibility.
531	(1) Beginning July 1, 2011, a participating employer that employs public safety service
532	employees or firefighter service employees shall participate in this system.
533	(2) (a) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially

534 entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who does not have 535 service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board, 536 is eligible: 537 (i) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or 538 539 (ii) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contributions plan established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan. 540 541 (b) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially entering 542 employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, shall: 543 (i) make an election to participate in the system created under this chapter within 30 days from the date of eligibility for accrual of benefits: 544 545 (A) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid 546 retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or 547 (B) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution plan 548 established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan; and 549 (ii) electronically submit to the office notification of the member's election under 550 Subsection (2)(b)(i) in a manner approved by the office. (c) An election made by a public safety service employee or firefighter service 551 employee initially entering employment with a participating employer under this Subsection (2) 552 553 is irrevocable beginning one year from the date of eligibility for accrual of benefits. 554 (d) If no election is made under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee shall become a member eligible for service credit and defined 555 556 contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid 557 Retirement System. 558 (3) (a) Beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service employee who is a dispatcher 559 employed by:

(ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in

(i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and

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this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover its dispatchers under this
system.
(b) A participating employer's election to cover its dispatchers under this system under
Subsection (3)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the
governing body of the participating employer in accordance with rules made by the office.
(c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution
of a participating employer under Subsection (3)(b), is not eligible for service credit in this
system.
Section 7. Section 49-23-503 is amended to read:
49-23-503. Death of active member in line of duty Payment of benefits.
If an active member of this system dies, benefits are payable as follows:
(1) If the death is classified by the office as a line-of-duty death, benefits are payable as
follows:
(a) If the member has accrued less than 20 years of public safety service or firefighter
service credit, the spouse at the time of death shall receive a lump sum of \$1,000 and an
allowance equal to 30% of the member's final average monthly salary.
(b) If the member has accrued 20 or more years of public safety service or firefighter
service credit, the member shall be considered to have retired with an Option One allowance
calculated without an actuarial reduction under Section 49-23-304 and the spouse at the time of
death shall receive the allowance that would have been payable to the member.
(2) (a) A volunteer firefighter is eligible for a line-of-duty death benefit under this
section if the death results from external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from
firefighter service.
(b) The lowest monthly compensation of firefighters of a city of the first class in this
state at the time of death shall be considered to be the final average monthly salary of a
volunteer firefighter for purposes of computing these benefits.
(c) Each volunteer fire department shall maintain a current roll of all volunteer

firefighters which meet the requirements of Subsection 49-23-102[(12)](13) to determine the

H.B. 115 **Enrolled Copy** 590 eligibility for this benefit. 591 (3) (a) If the death is classified as a line-of-duty death by the office, death benefits are 592 payable under this section and the spouse at the time of death is not eligible for benefits under 593 Section 49-23-502. 594 (b) If the death is not classified as a line-of-duty death by the office, benefits are 595 payable in accordance with Section 49-23-502. 596 (4) (a) A spouse who qualifies for a monthly benefit under this section shall apply in 597 writing to the office. 598 (b) The allowance shall begin on the first day of the month following the month in 599 which the: 600 (i) member or participant died, if the application is received by the office within 90 days of the date of death of the member or participant; or 601 602 (ii) application is received by the office, if the application is received by the office 603 more than 90 days after the date of death of the member or participant.

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Section 8. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on July 1, 2015.