1	ABUSE OF PROCESS AND DEMANDS CONCERNING	
2	AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT	
3	2018 GENERAL SESSION	
4	STATE OF UTAH	
5	Chief Sponsor: Norman K. Thurston	
6	Senate Sponsor: Todd Weiler	
7 8	LONG TITLE	
9	General Description:	
10	This bill enacts a cause of action for abuse of process and demands concerning the	
11	Americans with Disabilities Act.	
12	Highlighted Provisions:	
13	This bill:	
14	provides legislative findings;	
15	defines terms;	
16	 prohibits abuse of process and payment demands; 	
17	establishes remedies; and	
18	provides for exceptions.	
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
20	None	
21	Other Special Clauses:	
22	None	
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
24	ENACTS:	
25	78B-6-2201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953	



	78B-6-2202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	78B-6-2203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	78B-6-2204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	78B-6-2205 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 78B-6-2201 is enacted to read:
	Part 22. Abuse of Process Concerning Americans with Disabilities Act
	78B-6-2201. Title Purpose.
	(1) This part is known as the "Abuse of Process Concerning Americans with
	Disabilities Act."
	(2) This part seeks to protect persons, Utah businesses, and property owners from
	abuse of process when a person wrongfully asserts a violation of the public accommodations
	protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act to demand unjust settlement compensation
	by commencing or threatening to file litigation alleging violation of public accommodations
	protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act against persons or business owners to
	induce or compel payment and unjust compensation. Abusive compensation demands that may
1	nequitably result in unjust enrichment or compensation may also constitute vexatious,
	frivolous, and unethical litigation and be subject to sanctions as may be ordered by the court
l	pursuant to Rule 11, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, or other just and proper relief.
	(3) This part is intended to apply only to public accommodations protections of the
	Americans with Disabilities Act and is not intended to apply to demands, communications, or
	settlements in other areas of the law.
	Section 2. Section 78B-6-2202 is enacted to read:
	78B-6-2202. Definitions.
	As used in this part:
	(1) "Abusive compensation demand" means a letter, email, or other written
	communication directed to a target that asserts that the target has violated the public
	accommodations protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act to obtain unjust
	compensation in excess of actual and reasonable attorney fees as a condition of forbearance of
	filing threatened litigation or settlement of a vexatious or frivolous claim.

57	(2) "Disability advocate agency" means an entity that:
58	(a) has as its primary purpose advocating or assisting persons with a disability;
59	(b) is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue
60	Code; and
61	(c) is primarily funded from federal grants, charitable contributions, and money from
62	the state.
63	(3) "Protection and advocacy agency" means an entity designated by the governor
64	pursuant to federal law for the protection and advocacy of persons with disabilities.
65	(4) "Public accommodations protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act" means
66	a violation of Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12181 through
67	<u>12189.</u>
68	(5) "Sponsor" means a party responsible, directly or indirectly, for issuance of an
69	abusive compensation demand.
70	(6) "Target" means a person residing in, incorporated in, or organized under the laws of
71	this state that receives an abusive compensation demand.
72	(7) "Vexatious or frivolous claim" means any claim that is in violation of Rule 11,
73	Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, for which sanctions may be issued.
74	Section 3. Section 78B-6-2203 is enacted to read:
75	78B-6-2203. Prohibition against abusive compensation demands.
76	(1) A sponsor may not issue an abusive compensation demand to a target under threat
77	of litigation or settlement of a vexatious or frivolous claim.
78	(2) A court may consider the following factors as evidence in determining whether a
79	sponsor has issued an abusive compensation demand for which sanctions may be imposed by
80	the court as recognized in Rule 11, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure:
81	(a) whether the demand fails to contain a description of a valid instance that constitutes
82	a violation of the public accommodations protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act in
83	sufficient detail to allow the target to assess the intent and merits of the alleged violation of the
84	public accommodations protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act;
85	(b) whether the demand contains any of the following:
86	(i) an assertion of a violation of the public accommodations protections of the
87	Americans with Disabilities Act that the sponsor knows has been previously held invalid in a

00	mai judiciai action from which no appear is possible,
89	(ii) an assertion that a complaint has been filed alleging that the target has violated the
90	public accommodations protections of the Americans with Disabilities Act when no complaint
91	has been filed;
92	(iii) an assertion of a violation of the public accommodations protections of the
93	Americans with Disabilities Act for which the sponsor does not have the right to file a
94	complaint;
95	(iv) an assertion or threat that the settlement amount will increase if the target retains
96	counsel to defend against the assertions in the demand;
97	(v) a false or misleading statement; or
98	(vi) a demand for payment of compensation within an unreasonably short period of
99	time depending on the number and complexity of the claims; and
100	(c) the sponsor has shown a pattern or practice of issuing abusive compensation
101	demands in excess of actual and reasonable attorney fees or asserting vexatious or frivolous
102	claims.
103	(3) A court may consider as mitigating evidence that a sponsor has not violated this
104	part and the extent to which the sponsor is able to show that the sponsor did not receive any
105	unjust enrichment or engage in abusive compensation demands as defined in this part.
106	Section 4. Section 78B-6-2204 is enacted to read:
107	78B-6-2204. Action Enforcement Remedies Damages.
108	(1) (a) A target who receives an abusive compensation demand, as defined in this part,
109	may bring an action in district court.
110	(b) A court may award or impose any relief the court considers prudent, including the
111	following remedies to a target who prevails in an action brought pursuant to this part:
112	(i) equitable relief;
113	(ii) actual damages; and
114	(iii) reasonable attorney fees and court costs.
115	(2) (a) A court may summarily dismiss with prejudice a case brought under this part if
116	the court determines that the person bringing the action is doing so for a purpose that violates
117	42 U.S.C. Sec. 12203 or this part.
118	(b) In addition to any remedy provided in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12203, the court may award

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119	attorney fees and court costs.
120	Section 5. Section 78B-6-2205 is enacted to read:
121	78B-6-2205. Exceptions.
122	The following are exempt from this part:
123	(1) a protection and advocacy agency;
124	(2) a disability advocate agency $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{\cdot}] : or \leftarrow \hat{S}$
125	(3) an individual or professional who:
126	(a) acts in good faith and with civility; and
127	(b) does not have a pattern or practice of vexatious or frivolous claims or abusive
128	compensation demands.