Representative Norman Thurston proposes the following substitute bill	:
STATE HOLIDAY AMENDMENTS	
2023 GENERAL SESSION	
STATE OF UTAH	
Chief Sponsor: Norman Thurston	
Senate Sponsor:	
LONG TITLE	
General Description:	
This bill modifies provisions related to legal state holidays.	
Highlighted Provisions:	
This bill:	
 modifies state holidays and leave days; 	
 requires the Division of Human Resource Management to establish rules gov 	verning
paid time off and associated compensation for state employees required to work on	
legal holidays;	
 requires the governor to determine which state offices and services will be c 	losed
and unavailable to the public on legal state holidays; and	
 requires the governor to provide methods for the public to access state service 	ces on a
legal state holiday, where practicable.	
Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
None	
Other Special Clauses:	
None	
Utah Code Sections Affected:	
AMENDS:	

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26	63G-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 331
27	ENACTS:
28	63A-17-513, Utah Code Annotated 1953
29	REPEALS:
30	63A-17-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
31	
32	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
33	Section 1. Section 63A-17-513 is enacted to read:
34	<u>63A-17-513.</u> Personal holiday.
35	As soon as practicable but no later than July 1, 2027, in accordance with Title 63G,
36	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the division shall make rules establishing
37	policies and procedures to allow each employee to substitute the Columbus Day paid holiday
38	with another day of the employee's choosing, called a personal holiday.
39	Section 2. Section 63G-1-301 is amended to read:
40	63G-1-301. Legal state holidays Governor authorized to declare additional
41	days.
42	(1) (a) The following [-]named days are legal <u>state</u> holidays [in this state]:
43	(i) every Sunday, except as provided in Subsection [(1)(e)] (1)(d);
44	(ii) January 1, called New Year's Day;
45	(iii) the third Monday of January, called Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day;
46	(iv) the third Monday of February, called Washington and Lincoln Day;
47	(v) the last Monday of May, called Memorial Day;
48	(vi) on the day described in Subsection $[(1)(f)]$ (1)(e), Juneteenth National Freedom
49	Day;
50	(vii) July 4, called Independence Day;
51	(viii) July 24, called Pioneer Day;
52	(ix) the first Monday of September, called Labor Day;
53	(x) the second Monday of October, called Columbus Day;
54	(xi) November 11, called Veterans Day;
55	(xii) the fourth Thursday of November, called Thanksgiving Day;
56	(xiii) December 25, called Christmas; and

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57	(xiv) all days which may be set apart by the President of the United States, or the
58	governor of this state by proclamation as days of fast or thanksgiving.
59	(b) [If any of the holidays under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (v) or Subsections
60	(1)(a)(vii) through (xiv),] Except for Juneteenth National Freedom Day, if a holiday described
61	in Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (xiv) falls on Sunday, then the following Monday shall be the
62	state holiday.
63	(c) [If any of the holidays under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (v) or Subsections
64	(1)(a)(vii) through (xiv)] Except for Juneteenth National Freedom Day, if a holiday described
65	in Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (xiv) falls on Saturday, then the preceding Friday shall be the
66	holiday.
67	[(d) Each employee may select one additional day, called Personal Preference Day, to
68	be scheduled pursuant to rules adopted by the Division of Human Resource Management.]
69	[(c)] (d) For purposes of Utah Constitution Article VI, Section 16, Subsection (1),
70	regarding the exclusion of state holidays from the 45-day legislative general session, Sunday is
71	not considered a state holiday.
72	[(f)] (e) (i) The Juneteenth National Freedom Day holiday is on June 19, if that day is
73	on a Monday.
74	(ii) If June 19 is on a Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, or Friday, the Juneteenth
75	National Freedom Day state holiday is on the immediately preceding Monday.
76	(iii) If June 19 is on a Saturday or Sunday, the Juneteenth National Freedom Day state
77	holiday is on the immediately following Monday.
78	(2) (a) Whenever in the governor's opinion extraordinary conditions exist justifying the
79	action, the governor may:
80	(i) declare, by proclamation, [legal] state holidays in addition to those state holidays
81	under Subsection (1); and
82	(ii) limit the state holidays to certain classes of business and activities to be designated
83	by the governor.
84	(b) A state holiday may not extend for a longer period than 60 consecutive days.
85	(c) [Any] A state holiday may be renewed for one or more periods not exceeding 30
86	days each as the governor may consider necessary, and [any] a state holiday may, by like
87	proclamation, be terminated before the expiration of the period for which [it] the state holiday

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88	was declared.
89	(3) For each state holiday:
90	(a) the governor shall determine which executive branch offices or services shall be
91	closed to the public;
92	(b) the governor shall provide opportunities for the public to access executive branch
93	services on the state holiday, where practicable; and
94	(c) the Division of Human Resource Management shall, in accordance with Title 63G,
95	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules governing paid time off for the
96	state holiday and associated compensation for executive branch employees that are required to
97	work on the state holiday.
98	Section 3. Repealer.
99	This bill repeals:
100	Section 63A-17-101, Title.