EMERGENCY AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT
AMENDMENTS
2010 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Curtis Oda
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Disaster Recovery Funding Act, the Disaster Response and
Recovery Act, and related provisions to address the expenditure of monies relating to a
declared disaster, the governor's powers during a state of emergency, and related
reporting requirements to the Legislative Management Committee or the Executive
Appropriations Committee.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
defines terms and modifies definitions;
► increases the monies that the Division of Homeland Security may expend without
the monies being appropriated by the Legislature to address costs to the state of
emergency disaster services in response to a declared disaster;
addresses the governor's powers during a state of emergency including:
 suspending or modifying a statute or administrative rule during a state of
emergency;
 repealing a requirement that the president of the United States declare an
emergency or major disaster before the governor may exercise certain powers;
and
 addressing the removal of debris or wreckage;



28	 requires certain reports to the Legislative Management Committee or the Executive
29	Appropriations Committee; and
30	 makes technical and conforming changes.
31	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
32	None
33	Other Special Clauses:
34	None
35	Utah Code Sections Affected:
36	AMENDS:
37	26-49-102 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 242
38	53-2-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 77
39	53-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 3 and 183
40	53-2-404 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 183 and 368
41	53-2-406 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 328
42	63J-5-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
43	63J-7-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 195
44	63K-4-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
45	63K-4-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
46	63K-4-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
47	76-8-317, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
48	ENACTS:
49	63K-4-406 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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51	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
52	Section 1. Section 26-49-102 is amended to read:
53	26-49-102. Definitions.
54	As used in this chapter:
55	(1) "Department of Health" shall have the meaning provided for in Section 26-1-4.
56	(2) "Disaster relief organization" means an entity that:
57	(a) provides emergency or disaster relief services that include health or veterinary
58	services provided by volunteer health practitioners;

59	(b) is designated or recognized as a provider of the services described in Subsection
60	(2)(a) under a disaster response and recovery plan adopted by:
61	(i) an agency of the federal government;
62	(ii) the state Department of Health; or
63	(iii) a local health department; and
64	(c) regularly plans and conducts its activities in coordination with:
65	(i) an agency of the federal government;
66	(ii) the Department of Health; or
67	(iii) a local health department.
68	(3) "Emergency" means a "state of emergency" as defined in Section 63K-4-103.
69	(4) "Emergency declaration" [shall have the meaning provided for in Sections] means a
70	declaration made in accordance with Section 63K-4-203 [and] or 63K-4-301.
71	(5) "Emergency Management Assistance Compact" means the interstate compact
72	approved by Congress by Public Law No. 104-321, 110 Stat. 3877 and adopted by Utah in Title
73	53, Chapter 2, Part 2, Emergency Management Assistance Compact.
74	(6) "Entity" means a person other than an individual.
75	(7) "Health facility" means an entity licensed under the laws of this or another state to
76	provide health or veterinary services.
77	(8) "Health practitioner" means an individual licensed under Utah law or another state
78	to provide health or veterinary services.
79	(9) "Health services" means the provision of treatment, care, advice, guidance, other
80	services, or supplies related to the health or death of individuals or human populations, to the
81	extent necessary to respond to an emergency, including:
82	(a) the following, concerning the physical or mental condition or functional status of ar
83	individual or affecting the structure or function of the body:
84	(i) preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance, or palliative care; or
85	(ii) counseling, assessment, procedures, or other services;
86	(b) selling or dispensing a drug, a device, equipment, or another item to an individual
87	in accordance with a prescription; and
88	(c) funeral, cremation, cemetery, or other mortuary services.
89	(10) "Host entity":

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90	(a) means an entity operating in Utah that:
91	(i) uses volunteer health practitioners to respond to an emergency; and
92	(ii) is responsible during an emergency, for actually delivering health services to
93	individuals or human populations, or veterinary services to animals or animal populations; and
94	(b) may include disaster relief organizations, hospitals, clinics, emergency shelters,
95	health care provider offices, or any other place where volunteer health practitioners may
96	provide health or veterinary services.
97	(11) (a) "License" means authorization by a state to engage in health or veterinary
98	services that are unlawful without authorization.
99	(b) "License" includes authorization under this title to an individual to provide health
100	or veterinary services based upon a national or state certification issued by a public or private
101	entity.
102	(12) "Local health department" shall have the meaning provided for in Subsection
103	26A-1-102(5).
104	(13) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, trust, partnership,
105	limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or
106	governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
107	(14) "Scope of practice" means the extent of the authorization to provide health or
108	veterinary services granted to a health practitioner by a license issued to the practitioner in the
109	state in which the principal part of the practitioner's services are rendered, including any
110	conditions imposed by the licensing authority.
111	(15) "State" means:
112	(a) a state of the United States;
113	(b) the District of Columbia;
114	(c) Puerto Rico;
115	(d) the United States Virgin Islands; or
116	(e) any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
117	(16) "Veterinary services" shall have the meaning provided for in Subsection
118	58-28-102(11).
119	(17) (a) "Volunteer health practitioner" means a health practitioner who provides health

or veterinary services, whether or not the practitioner receives compensation for those services.

121	(b) "Volunteer health practitioner" does not include a practitioner who receives
122	compensation under a preexisting employment relationship with a host entity or affiliate that
123	requires the practitioner to provide health services in Utah, unless the practitioner is:
124	(i) not a Utah resident; and
125	(ii) employed by a disaster relief organization providing services in Utah while an
126	emergency declaration is in effect.
127	Section 2. Section 53-2-402 is amended to read:
128	53-2-402. Definitions.
129	(1) Unless otherwise defined in this section, the terms defined in Part 1, Homeland
130	Security Act, shall have the same meaning for this part.
131	(2) As used in this part:
132	(a) "Declared disaster" means one or more events:
133	(i) within the state;
134	(ii) that occur within a limited period of time;
135	(iii) that involve:
136	(A) a significant number of persons being at risk of bodily harm, sickness, or death; or
137	(B) a significant portion of real property at risk of loss;
138	(iv) that are sudden in nature and generally occur less frequently than every three years;
139	and
140	(v) that results in:
141	(A) the president of the United States declaring an emergency or major disaster in the
142	state;
143	(B) the governor declaring a state of emergency under Title 63K, Chapter 4, Disaster
144	Response and Recovery Act; or
145	(C) the chief executive officer of a local government declaring a local emergency under
146	Title 63K, Chapter 4, Disaster Response and Recovery Act.
147	(b) "Disaster recovery fund" means the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account
148	created in Section 53-2-403.
149	(c) "Division" means the Division of Homeland Security created in Section 53-2-103.
150	[(e)] (d) "Emergency preparedness" means the following done for the purpose of being
151	prepared for an emergency as defined by the division by rule made in accordance with Title

152	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
153	(i) the purchase of equipment;
154	(ii) the training of personnel; or
155	(iii) the obtaining of a certification.
156	[(d)] (e) (i) "Emergency disaster services" means the following that are of a temporary
157	basis:
158	(A) evacuation;
159	(B) shelter;
160	(C) medical triage;
161	(D) emergency transportation;
162	(E) repair of infrastructure;
163	(F) safety services, including fencing or roadblocks;
164	(G) sandbagging;
165	(H) emergency debris removal;
166	(I) temporary bridges;
167	(J) procurement and distribution of food, water, or ice;
168	(K) procurement and deployment of generators;
169	(L) rescue or recovery; or
170	(M) services similar to those described in Subsections $(2)[\frac{(d)}{(e)}(i)(A)$ through (L), as
171	defined by the division by rule, that are generally required within the first 96 hours of a
172	declared disaster.
173	(ii) "Emergency disaster services" does not include:
174	(A) emergency preparedness; or
175	(B) notwithstanding whether or not a county participates in the Wildland Fire
176	Suppression Fund created in Section 65A-8-204, any fire suppression or presuppression costs
177	that may be paid for from the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund if the county participates in the
178	Wildland Fire Suppression Fund.
179	[(e)] (f) "Governing body" means:
180	(i) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
181	(ii) for a local district, the board of trustees of the local district; and
182	(iii) for a special service district:

183	(A) the legislative body of the county, city, or town that established the special service
184	district, if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or
185	(B) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
186	control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301.
187	[(f)] (g) "Local district" has the same meaning as defined in Section 17B-1-102.
188	[(g)] (h) "Local fund" means a local government disaster fund created in accordance
189	with Section 53-2-405.
190	[(h)] (i) "Local government" means:
191	(i) a county;
192	(ii) a city or town; or
193	(iii) a local district or special service district that:
194	(A) operates a water system;
195	(B) provides transportation service;
196	(C) provides, operates, and maintains correctional and rehabilitative facilities and
197	programs for municipal, state, and other detainees and prisoners;
198	(D) provides consolidated 911 and emergency dispatch service;
199	(E) operates an airport; or
200	(F) operates a sewage system.
201	[(i)] (j) "Special fund" means a fund other than a general fund of a local government
202	that is created for a special purpose established under the uniform system of budgeting,
203	accounting, and reporting.
204	[(j)] <u>(k)</u> "Special service district" has the same meaning as defined in Section
205	17D-1-102.
206	Section 3. Section 53-2-403 is amended to read:
207	53-2-403. State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account.
208	(1) (a) There is created a restricted account in the General Fund known as the "State
209	Disaster Recovery Restricted Account."
210	(b) The disaster recovery fund shall consist of:
211	(i) monies deposited into the disaster recovery fund in accordance with Section
212	63J-1-314;
213	(ii) monies appropriated to the disaster recovery fund by the Legislature; and

214	(iii) any other public or private monies received by the division that are:
215	(A) given to the division for purposes consistent with this section; and
216	(B) deposited into the disaster recovery fund at the request of:
217	(I) the division; or
218	(II) the person giving the monies.
219	(c) The Division of Finance shall deposit interest or other earnings derived from
220	investment of fund monies into the General Fund.
221	(d) Monies in the disaster recovery fund may only be [used] expended or committed to
222	be expended as follows:
223	(i) (A) subject to Section 53-2-406, without the monies being appropriated by the
224	Legislature, in any fiscal year the division may [use \$100,000 to fund] expend or commit to
225	expend an amount that does not exceed \$250,000, in accordance with Section 53-2-404, to
226	fund costs to the state [of] for emergency disaster services in response to a declared disaster;
227	(B) subject to Section 53-2-406, without the monies being appropriated by the
228	Legislature, in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit to expend an amount that
229	exceeds \$250,000, but does not exceed \$1,000,000, in accordance with Section 53-2-404, to
230	fund costs to the state for emergency disaster services in response to a declared disaster if the
231	division:
232	(I) before making the expenditure or commitment to expend, obtains approval for the
233	expenditure or commitment to expend from the governor;
234	(II) subject to Subsection (4), provides written notice of the expenditure or
235	commitment to expend to the speaker of the House of Representatives, the president of the
236	Senate, the Division of Finance, and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst no later than
237	72 hours after making the expenditure or commitment to expend; and
238	(III) makes the report required by Subsection 53-2-406(2); and
239	(C) subject to Section 53-2-406, without the monies being appropriated by the
240	Legislature, in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit to expend an amount that
241	exceeds \$1,000,000, but does not exceed \$3,000,000, in accordance with Section 53-2-404, to
242	fund costs to the state for emergency disaster services in response to a declared disaster if,
243	before making the expenditure or commitment to expend, the division:
244	(I) obtains approval for the expenditure or commitment to expend from the governor;

245	<u>and</u>
246	(II) obtains:
247	(Aa) a recommendation for the expenditure or commitment to expend from the
248	Executive Appropriations Committee in accordance with Subsection 53-2-406(3)(b)(i); or
249	(Bb) approval from the Legislature to make the expenditure or commitment to expend
250	in accordance with Subsection 53-2-406(3)(b)(iii);
251	(ii) subject to being appropriated by the Legislature, monies not described in
252	Subsection $(1)(d)(i)$ may be [used] expended or committed to be expended to fund costs to the
253	state directly related to a declared disaster that are not costs related to:
254	(A) emergency disaster services;
255	(B) emergency preparedness; or
256	(C) notwithstanding whether or not a county participates in the Wildland Fire
257	Suppression Fund created in Section 65A-8-204, any fire suppression or presuppression costs
258	that may be paid for from the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund if the county participates in the
259	Wildland Fire Suppression Fund; and
260	(iii) for fiscal years 2009 and 2010 only, to address a General Fund budget deficit as
261	defined in Section 63J-1-312.
262	(2) The state treasurer shall invest monies in the disaster recovery fund according to
263	Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
264	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1), the monies in the disaster recovery fund
265	may not be diverted, appropriated, [or used] expended, or committed to be expended for a
266	purpose that is not listed in this section.
267	(b) Notwithstanding Section 63J-1-410, the Legislature may not appropriate monies
268	from the disaster recovery fund to eliminate or otherwise reduce an operating deficit if the
269	monies appropriated from the disaster recovery fund are [used] expended or committed to be
270	expended for a purpose other than one listed in this section.
271	(c) The Legislature may not amend the purposes for which monies in the disaster
272	recovery fund may be [used] expended or committed to be expended except by the affirmative
273	vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house.
274	(4) The division:
275	(a) shall provide the notice required by Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) using the best available

276	method under the circumstances as determined by the division; and
277	(b) may provide the notice required by Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) in electronic format.
278	Section 4. Section 53-2-404 is amended to read:
279	53-2-404. State costs for emergency disaster services.
280	(1) Subject to this section and Section 53-2-403, the division shall [use] expend or
281	commit to expend monies described in Subsection 53-2-403(1)(d)(i) to fund costs to the state
282	of emergency disaster services.
283	(2) Monies paid by the division under this section to government entities and private
284	persons providing emergency disaster services are subject to Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah
285	Procurement Code.
286	Section 5. Section 53-2-406 is amended to read:
287	53-2-406. Reporting.
288	(1) By no later than December 31 of each year, the division shall provide a written
289	report to the governor and the [Legislature's] Executive Appropriations Committee of:
290	[(1)] (a) the division's activities under this part;
291	[(2)] (b) monies expended or committed to be expended in accordance with this part;
292	and
293	$[\frac{(3)}{(c)}]$ the balances in the disaster recovery fund.
294	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the governor and the Department of Public
295	Safety shall report to the Legislative Management Committee an expenditure or commitment to
296	expend made in accordance with Subsection 53-2-403(1)(d)(i)(B).
297	(b) The governor and the Department of Public Safety shall make the report required
298	by this Subsection (2) on or before the sooner of:
299	(i) the day on which the governor calls the Legislature into session in accordance with
300	Section 63K-1-302; or
301	(ii) 15 days after the Division of Homeland Security makes the expenditure or
302	commitment to expend described in Subsection 53-2-403(1)(d)(i)(B).
303	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), before the Division of Homeland Security
304	makes an expenditure or commitment to expend described in Subsection 53-2-403(1)(d)(i)(C),
305	the governor and the Department of Public Safety shall submit the expenditure or commitment
306	to expend to the Executive Appropriations Committee for its review and recommendations.

307	(b) The Executive Appropriations Committee shall review the expenditure or
308	commitment to expend and may:
309	(i) recommend that the Division of Homeland Security make the expenditure or
310	commitment to expend;
311	(ii) recommend that the Division of Homeland Security not make the expenditure or
312	commitment to expend; or
313	(iii) recommend to the governor that the governor call a special session of the
314	Legislature to review and approve or reject the expenditure or commitment to expend.
315	Section 6. Section 63J-5-103 is amended to read:
316	63J-5-103. Scope and applicability of chapter.
317	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), and except as otherwise provided by a statute
318	superseding provisions of this chapter by explicit reference to this chapter, the provisions of
319	this chapter apply to each agency and govern each federal funds request.
320	(2) This chapter does not govern federal funds requests for:
321	(a) the Medical Assistance Program, commonly known as Medicaid;
322	(b) the Children's Health Insurance Program;
323	(c) the Women, Infant, and Children program;
324	(d) the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families program;
325	(e) Social Security Act monies;
326	(f) the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment program;
327	(g) Child Care Block grants;
328	(h) Food Stamp Administration and Training monies;
329	(i) Unemployment Insurance Operations monies;
330	(j) Federal Highway Administration monies;
331	(k) the Utah National Guard; or
332	(l) pass-through federal funds.
333	(3) The governor need not seek legislative review or approval of federal funds received
334	by the state [when] if:
335	(a) the governor has declared a state of emergency; and
336	(b) the federal funds are received to assist [disaster] victims of the state of emergency
337	under Subsection $63K-4-201[\frac{(2)}{(2)}](1)$.

338	Section 7. Section 63J-7-102 is amended to read:
339	63J-7-102. Scope and applicability of chapter.
340	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), and except as otherwise provided by a statute
341	superseding provisions of this chapter by explicit reference to this chapter, the provisions of
342	this chapter apply to each agency and govern each grant received on or after May 5, 2008.
343	(2) This chapter does not govern:
344	(a) a grant deposited into a General Fund restricted account;
345	(b) a grant deposited into a Trust and Agency Fund as defined in Section 51-5-4;
346	(c) a grant deposited into an Enterprise Fund as defined in Section 51-5-4;
347	(d) a grant made to the state without a restriction or other designated purpose that is
348	deposited into the General Fund as free revenue;
349	(e) a grant made to the state that is restricted only to "education" and that is deposited
350	into the Education Fund or Uniform School Fund as free revenue;
351	(f) in-kind donations;
352	(g) a tax, fees, penalty, fine, surcharge, money judgment, or other monies due the state
353	when required by state law or application of state law;
354	(h) a contribution made under Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 13, Individual Income Tax
355	Contribution Act;
356	(i) a grant received by an agency from another agency or political subdivision;
357	(j) a grant to the Dairy Commission created in Title 4, Chapter 22, Dairy Promotion
358	Act;
359	(k) a grant to the Heber Valley Railroad Authority created in Title 9, Chapter 3, Part 3,
360	Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority;
361	(l) a grant to the Utah Science Center Authority created in Title 9, Chapter 3, Part 4,
362	Utah Science Center Authority;
363	(m) a grant to the Utah Housing Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 9, Utah
364	Housing Corporation Act;
365	(n) a grant to the Utah State Fair Corporation created in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 11,
366	Utah State Fair Corporation Act;
367	(o) a grant to the Workers' Compensation Fund created in Title 31A, Chapter 33,
368	Workers' Compensation Fund;

369	(p) a grant to the Utah State Retirement Office created in Title 49, Chapter 11, Utah
370	State Retirement Systems Administration;
371	(q) a grant to the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration created in Title
372	53C, Chapter 1, Part 2, School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration;
373	(r) a grant to the Utah Communications Agency Network created in Title 63C, Chapter
374	7, Utah Communications Agency Network Act;
375	(s) a grant to the Medical Education Program created in Section 63C-8-102;
376	(t) a grant to the Utah Capital Investment Corporation created in Title 63M, Chapter 1,
377	Part 12, Utah Venture Capital Enhancement Act;
378	(u) a grant to the State Charter School Finance Authority created in Section
379	53A-20b-103;
380	(v) a grant to the State Building Ownership Authority created in Section 63B-1-304;
381	(w) a grant to the Utah Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool created in Section
382	31A-29-104; or
383	(x) a grant to the Military Installation Development Authority created in Section
384	63H-1-201.
385	(3) An agency need not seek legislative review or approval of grants under Part 2,
386	Grant Approval Requirements, [when] if:
387	(a) the governor has declared a state of emergency; and
388	(b) the grant is donated to the agency to assist [disaster] victims of the state of
389	emergency under Subsection $63K-4-201[\frac{(2)}{(2)}](1)$.
390	Section 8. Section 63K-4-201 is amended to read:
391	63K-4-201. Authority of governor Federal assistance Fraud in application
392	for financial assistance Penalty.
393	(1) In addition to any other authorities conferred upon the governor, \underline{if} the governor
394	[during the declared] issues an executive order declaring a state of emergency [is authorized
395	and empowered to] the governor may:
396	(a) utilize all available resources of state government as reasonably necessary to cope
397	with a ["]state of emergency["];
398	(b) employ measures and give direction to state and local officers and agencies which
399	are reasonable and necessary for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of this

	act and with orders,	rules and	regulations	made	pursuant	to	this	act
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- (c) recommend and advise the evacuation of all or part of the population from any stricken or threatened area within the state if necessary for the preservation of life;
- (d) recommend routes, modes of transportation, and destination in connection with evacuation;
- (e) in connection with evacuation suspend or limit the sale, dispensing, or transportation of alcoholic beverages, explosives, and combustibles, not to include the lawful bearing of arms;
- (f) control ingress and egress to and from a disaster area, the movement of persons within the area, and recommend the occupancy or evacuation of premises in a disaster area;
- (g) clear or remove from publicly or privately owned land or water [through the use of state departments or agencies], debris or wreckage [which may threaten] that is an immediate threat to public health, public safety, or private property [as hereinafter provided: (i) whenever the governor provides for clearance of debris or wreckage pursuant to this subsection, employees of the designated state agencies are authorized] including allowing an employee of a state department or agency designated by the governor to enter upon private land or waters and perform any tasks necessary for the removal or clearance operation[; (ii) authority under this subsection shall not be exercised unless the affected] if the political subdivision, corporation, organization, or individual [shall first present] that is affected by the removal of the debris or wreckage:
- (i) presents an unconditional authorization for removal of [such] the debris or wreckage from private property; and [agree]
- (ii) agrees to indemnify the state [government] against any claim arising from [such removal] the removal of the debris or wreckage;
- [(h) recommend to the legislature additional action the governor deems necessary to earry out the provisions of this act.]
- [(2) When the governor has proclaimed a "state of emergency" under this act and when the president of the United States, at the request of the governor, has declared an "emergency" or a "major disaster" to exist in this state, the governor is authorized:]
 - [(a)] (h) to enter into agreement with any agency of the United States:
- 430 (i) for temporary housing units to be occupied by [disaster victims and to make such

431	units] victims of a state of emergency or persons who assist victims of a state of emergency;
432	<u>and</u>
433	(ii) to make the housing units described in Subsection (1)(h)(i) available to [any] a
434	political subdivision of this state;
435	[(b)] (i) to assist any political subdivision of this state to acquire sites and utilities
436	necessary for [such] temporary housing units described in Subsection (1)(h)(i) by passing
437	through any funds made available to the governor by an agency of the United States for this
438	purpose;
439	[(c)] (j) subject to Sections 63K-4-401 and 63K-4-406, to temporarily suspend or
440	modify by [proclamation] executive order, during the [period of the] state of emergency, any
441	public health, safety, zoning, transportation or other requirement of [the law or regulation] \underline{a}
442	statute or administrative rule within this state if such action is essential to provide temporary
443	housing [for disaster victims] described in Subsection (1)(h)(i);
444	[(d)] (k) upon determination that a political subdivision of the state will suffer a
445	substantial loss of tax and other revenues because of a [disaster] state of emergency and the
446	political subdivision so affected has demonstrated a need for financial assistance to perform its
447	governmental functions, in accordance with [the provisions of the] Utah Constitution, Article
448	XIV, Sections 3 and 4, and Section 10-8-6, to:
449	(i) apply to the federal government for a loan on behalf of the political subdivision[;
450	and to] if the amount of the loan that the governor applies for does not exceed 25% of the
451	annual operating budget of the political subdivision for the fiscal year in which the state of
452	emergency occurs; and
453	(ii) receive and disburse the [proceeds to the applicant] amount of the loan to the
454	political subdivision[. No application amount shall exceed 25% of the annual operating budget
455	of the applicant political subdivision for the fiscal year in which the disaster occurs];
456	[(e)] (1) to accept funds from the federal government and make grants to any political
457	subdivision for the purpose of removing debris or wreckage from publicly owned land or
458	water;
459	[(f)] (m) upon determination that financial assistance is essential to meet [disaster
460	related] expenses related to a state of emergency of individuals or families adversely affected
461	by [a disaster which] the state of emergency that cannot be sufficiently met from other means

462	of assistance, to apply for, accept and expend a grant by the federal government to fund [such]
463	the financial assistance, subject to the terms and conditions imposed upon the grant[-]; or
464	(n) recommend to the Legislature other actions the governor considers to be necessary
465	to address a state of emergency.
466	[(3) Any] (2) A person who fraudulently or willfully makes a misstatement of fact in
467	connection with an application for financial assistance under this section shall, upon conviction
468	of each offense, be subject to a fine of not more than \$5,000 or imprisonment for not more than
469	one year, or both.
470	Section 9. Section 63K-4-203 is amended to read:
471	63K-4-203. State of emergency Declaration Termination
472	Commander-in-chief of military forces.
473	(1) A ["]state of emergency["] may be declared by [proclamation] executive order of
474	the governor after a proclamation of local emergency as provided under Section 63K-4-301 if
475	the governor finds a disaster has occurred or the occurrence or threat of a disaster is imminent
476	in any area of the state in which state government assistance is required to supplement the
477	response and recovery efforts of the affected political subdivision or political subdivisions.
478	[The "state]
479	(2) A state of emergency["] shall continue until the governor finds the threat or danger
480	has passed or the disaster reduced to the extent that emergency conditions no longer exist. [No
481	"state]
482	(3) A state of emergency["] may not continue for longer than 30 days unless extended
483	by joint resolution of the Legislature, which may also terminate a ["]state of emergency["] by
484	joint resolution at any time.
485	(4) The governor shall issue an executive order [or proclamation] ending the ["]state of
486	emergency["] on receipt of the Legislature's resolution. [All executive orders or proclamations
487	issued under this subsection shall state:
488	(5) An executive order described in this section shall state:
489	(a) the nature of the ["]state of emergency["];
490	(b) the area or areas threatened; <u>and</u>
491	(c) the conditions creating such an emergency or those conditions allowing termination
492	of the ["Istate of emergency.["]

493	[(2)] (6) During the continuance of any ["]state of emergency["] the governor is
494	commander-in-chief of the military forces of the state in accordance with [the provisions of]
495	<u>Utah Constitution</u> Article VII, Section 4, [of the Constitution of Utah,] and Title 39, Chapter 1,
496	State Militia.
497	Section 10. Section 63K-4-401 is amended to read:
498	63K-4-401. Orders, rules, and regulations having force of law Filing
499	requirements Suspension of state agency rules Suspension of certain statutes during
500	a state of emergency.
501	(1) All orders, rules, and regulations promulgated by the governor, a political
502	subdivision, or other agency authorized by this act to make orders, rules, and regulations, not in
503	conflict with existing laws except as specifically provided herein, shall have the full force and
504	effect of law during the state of emergency, when a copy of the order, rule, or regulation is filed
505	with:
506	(a) the Division of Administrative Rules, if issued by the governor or a state agency; or
507	(b) the office of the clerk of the political subdivision, if issued by the chief executive
508	officer of a political subdivision of the state or agency of the state.
509	(2) The governor may suspend the provisions of any order, rule, or regulation of any
510	state agency, if the strict compliance with the provisions of the order, rule, or regulation would
511	substantially prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the emergency or
512	disaster.
513	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) and subject to Subsection (3)(c) and
514	Section 63K-4-406, the governor may by executive order suspend the enforcement of a statute
515	<u>if:</u>
516	(i) the governor declares a state of emergency in accordance with Section 63K-4-203;
517	(ii) the governor determines that suspending the enforcement of the statute is:
518	(A) directly related to the state of emergency described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
519	(B) necessary to address the state of emergency described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
520	(iii) the governor acts in good faith.
521	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the governor may not suspend the
522	enforcement of a criminal penalty created in statute.
523	(ii) The governor may suspend the enforcement of a misdemeanor or infraction if:

524	(A) the misdemeanor or infraction relates to food, health, or transportation; and
525	(B) the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) are met.
526	(c) A suspension described in this Subsection (3) terminates on the date the governor
527	terminates the state of emergency in accordance with Section 63K-4-203 to which the
528	suspension relates.
529	Section 11. Section 63K-4-406 is enacted to read:
530	63K-4-406. Reporting on the suspension or modification of certain statutes or
531	rules.
532	(1) The governor and the Department of Public Safety shall report the following to the
533	Legislative Management Committee:
534	(a) a suspension or modification of a statute or rule under Subsection 63K-4-201(1)(j);
535	<u>or</u>
536	(b) a suspension of the enforcement of a statute under Subsection 63K-4-401(3).
537	(2) The governor and the Department of Public Safety shall make the report required
538	by this section on or before the sooner of:
539	(a) the day on which the governor calls the Legislature into session in accordance with
540	<u>Section 63K-1-302; or</u>
541	(b) 15 days after the date the governor declares the state of emergency to which the
542	suspension or modification relates.
543	Section 12. Section 76-8-317 is amended to read:
544	76-8-317. Refusal to comply with order to evacuate or other orders issued in a
545	local or state emergency Penalties.
546	(1) A person may not refuse to comply with an order to evacuate issued under this
547	chapter or refuse to comply with any other order issued by the governor in a state of an
548	emergency <u>under Section 63K-4-201</u> or by a chief executive officer in a local emergency under
549	[Sections 63K-4-201 or] Section 63K-4-202, if notice of the order has been given to that
550	person.
551	(2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-4-10 2:19 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 139 - Emergency and Disaster Management Amendments

Fiscal Note

2010 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

This bill allows the Department of Homeland Security to spend as much as \$2.9 million from the Disaster Recovery Fund without appropriation by the Legislature.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill may result in benefits to local governments, businesses, and individuals in the event of a disaster or emergency.

2/11/2010, 11:23:33 AM, Lead Analyst: Ricks, G./Attny: RLR

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst