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1	DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE CLASSIFICATION				
2	AND SENTENCING REVISIONS				
3	2017 GENERAL SESSION				
4	STATE OF UTAH				
5	Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason				
6	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble				
7					
8	LONG TITLE				
9	General Description:				
10	This bill modifies provisions related to classification of crimes and sentencing of				
11	individuals convicted of driving under the influence.				
12	Highlighted Provisions:				
13	This bill:				
14	 modifies sentencing requirements for an individual convicted of driving under the 				
15	influence; and				
16	makes technical changes.				
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:				
18	None				
19	Other Special Clauses:				
20	None				
21	Utah Code Sections Affected:				
22	AMENDS:				
23	41-6a-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 148				
24					
25	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:				
26	Section 1. Section 41-6a-505 is amended to read:				
27	41-6a-505. Sentencing requirements for driving under the influence of alcohol,				
28	drugs, or a combination of both violations.				
20	(1) As part of any sentence for a first conviction of Section 41-69-502:				

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30	(a) the court shall:
31	(i) (A) impose a jail sentence of not less than 48 consecutive hours; or
32	(B) require the person to work in a compensatory-service work program for not less
33	than 48 hours; [or]
34	[(C) require the person to participate in home confinement of not fewer than 48
35	consecutive hours through the use of electronic monitoring in accordance with Section
36	41-6a-506;]
37	(ii) order the person to participate in a screening;
38	(iii) order the person to participate in an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a
39	screening under Subsection (1)(a)(ii);
40	(iv) order the person to participate in an educational series if the court does not order
41	substance abuse treatment as described under Subsection (1)(b);
42	(v) impose a fine of not less than \$700;
43	(vi) order probation for the person in accordance with Section 41-6a-507, if there is
44	admissible evidence that the person had a blood alcohol level of .16 or higher;
45	(vii) (A) order the person to pay the administrative impound fee described in Section
46	41-6a-1406; or
47	(B) if the administrative impound fee was paid by a party described in Subsection
48	41-6a-1406(5)(a), other than the person sentenced, order the person sentenced to reimburse the
49	party; or
50	(viii) (A) order the person to pay the towing and storage fees described in Section
51	72-9-603; or
52	(B) if the towing and storage fees were paid by a party described in Subsection
53	41-6a-1406(5)(a), other than the person sentenced, order the person sentenced to reimburse the
54	party; and
55	(b) the court may:
56	(i) order the person to obtain substance abuse treatment if the substance abuse
57	treatment program determines that substance abuse treatment is appropriate; or

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58	(ii) order probation for the person in accordance with Section 41-6a-507.
59	(2) If a person has a prior conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2) that is
60	within 10 years of the current conviction under Section 41-6a-502 or the commission of the
61	offense upon which the current conviction is based:
62	(a) the court shall:
63	(i) (A) impose a jail sentence of not less than 240 [consecutive] hours; or
64	[(B) require the person to work in a compensatory-service work program for not less
65	than 240 hours; or]
66	[(C) require the person to participate in home confinement of not fewer than 240
67	consecutive hours through the use of electronic monitoring in accordance with Section
68	41-6a-506;]
69	(B) impose a jail sentence of not less than 120 hours in addition to home confinement
70	of not fewer than 720 consecutive hours through the use of electronic monitoring that includes
71	a substance abuse testing instrument in accordance with Section 41-6a-506;
72	(ii) order the person to participate in a screening;
73	(iii) order the person to participate in an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a
74	screening under Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
75	(iv) order the person to participate in an educational series if the court does not order
76	substance abuse treatment as described under Subsection (2)(b);
77	(v) impose a fine of not less than \$800;
78	(vi) order probation for the person in accordance with Section 41-6a-507;
79	(vii) (A) order the person to pay the administrative impound fee described in Section
80	41-6a-1406; or
81	(B) if the administrative impound fee was paid by a party described in Subsection
82	41-6a-1406(5)(a), other than the person sentenced, order the person sentenced to reimburse the
83	party; or
84	(viii) (A) order the person to pay the towing and storage fees described in Section
85	72-9-603; or

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86	(B) if the towing and storage fees were paid by a party described in Subsection
87	41-6a-1406(5)(a), other than the person sentenced, order the person sentenced to reimburse the
88	party; and
89	(b) the court may order the person to obtain substance abuse treatment if the substance
90	abuse treatment program determines that substance abuse treatment is appropriate.
91	(3) Under Subsection 41-6a-503(2), if the court suspends the execution of a prison
92	sentence and places the defendant on probation[: (a)], the court shall impose:
93	$[\frac{(i)}{2}]$ (a) a fine of not less than \$1,500;
94	[(ii)] (b) a jail sentence of not less than 1,500 hours; and
95	[(iii)] (c) supervised probation[; and].
96	[(b) in lieu of Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the court may require the person to participate in
97	home confinement of not fewer than 1,500 hours through the use of electronic monitoring in
98	accordance with Section 41-6a-506.]
99	(4) For Subsection (3)(a) or Subsection 41-6a-503(2)(b), the court shall impose an
100	order requiring the person to obtain a screening and assessment for alcohol and substance
101	abuse, and treatment as appropriate.
102	(5) (a) The requirements of Subsections (1)(a), (2)(a), (3)(a), and (4) may not be
103	suspended.
104	(b) Probation or parole resulting from a conviction for a violation under this section
105	may not be terminated.
106	(6) If a person is convicted of a violation of Section 41-6a-502 and there is admissible
107	evidence that the person had a blood alcohol level of .16 or higher, the court shall order the
108	following, or describe on record why the order or orders are not appropriate:
109	(a) treatment as described under Subsection (1)(b), (2)(b), or (4); and
110	(b) one or more of the following:
111	(i) the installation of an ignition interlock system as a condition of probation for the
112	person in accordance with Section 41-6a-518;
113	(ii) the imposition of an ankle attached continuous transdermal alcohol monitoring

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114	device as a	condition of	probation	for the	person;	or

(iii) the imposition of home confinement through the use of electronic monitoring in accordance with Section 41-6a-506.