Enrolled Copy	H.B. 176

1	UTAH INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES AND DEVELOPMENT	
2	ACT AMENDMENTS	
3	2013 GENERAL SESSION	
4	STATE OF UTAH	
5	Chief Sponsor: Derek E. Brown	
6	Senate Sponsor: Kevin T. Van Tassell	
7	LONG THE E	
8	LONG TITLE	
9	General Description: This hill modifies the Uteh Industrial Escilities and Development Act by adding an array.	
10 11	This bill modifies the Utah Industrial Facilities and Development Act by adding energy	
12	related upgrades to qualified projects for economic growth.	
13	Highlighted Provisions: This bill:	
13	→ defines terms;	
15		
16	 provides that an energy efficiency upgrade project and renewable energy system project are included as projects under the Utah Industrial Facilities and 	
17	Development Act;	
18	 allows bond proceeds to be used to pay for or to reimburse a user as well as a lender 	
19	for the costs of a project; and	
20	► makes technical changes.	
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
22	None	
23	Other Special Clauses:	
24	None	
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
26	AMENDS:	
27	11-17-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378	
28	11-17-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360	
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30	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
31	Section 1. Section 11-17-2 is amended to read:
32	11-17-2. Definitions.
33	As used in this chapter:
34	(1) "Bonds" means bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness.
35	(2) "Energy efficiency upgrade" means an improvement that is permanently affixed to
36	real property and that is designed to reduce energy consumption, including:
37	(a) insulation in:
38	(i) a wall, ceiling, roof, floor, or foundation; or
39	(ii) a heating or cooling distribution system;
40	(b) an insulated window or door, including:
41	(i) a storm window or door;
42	(ii) a multiglazed window or door;
43	(iii) a heat-absorbing window or door;
44	(iv) a heat-reflective glazed and coated window or door;
45	(v) additional window or door glazing;
46	(vi) a window or door with reduced glass area; or
47	(vii) other window or door modifications that reduce energy loss;
48	(c) an automatic energy control system;
49	(d) in a building or a central plant, a heating, ventilation, or air conditioning and
50	distribution system;
51	(e) caulking or weatherstripping;
52	(f) a light fixture that does not increase the overall illumination of a building unless an
53	increase is necessary to conform with the applicable building code;
54	(g) an energy recovery system;
55	(h) a daylighting system;
56	(i) measures to reduce the consumption of water, through conservation or more
57	efficient use of water, including:

58	(i) installation of a low-flow toilet or showerhead;
59	(ii) installation of a timer or timing system for a hot water heater; or
60	(iii) installation of a rain catchment system; or
61	(j) any other modified, installed, or remodeled fixture that is approved as a utility
62	cost-savings measure by the governing body.
63	[(2)] (3) "Finance" or "financing" includes the issuing of bonds by a municipality,
64	county, or state university for the purpose of using a portion, or all or substantially all of the
65	proceeds to pay for or to reimburse the user [or its], lender, or the user or lender's designee for
66	the costs of the acquisition of facilities of a project, or to create funds for the project itself
67	where appropriate, whether these costs are incurred by the municipality, the county, the state
68	university, the user, or a designee of the user. If title to or in these facilities at all times remains
69	in the user, the bonds of the municipality or county shall be secured by a pledge of one or more
70	notes, debentures, bonds, other secured or unsecured debt obligations of the user or lender, or
71	[such] the sinking fund or other arrangement as in the judgment of the governing body is
72	appropriate for the purpose of assuring repayment of the bond obligations to investors in
73	accordance with their terms.
74	[(3)] (4) "Governing body" means:
75	(a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
76	(b) for the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201,
77	the authority board, as defined in Section 63H-1-102;
78	(c) for [the University of Utah and Utah State University] a state university except as
79	provided in Subsection (4)(d), the board or body having the control and supervision of the
80	[University of Utah and Utah State University] state university; and
81	(d) for a nonprofit corporation or foundation created by and operating under the
82	auspices of a state university, the board of directors or board of trustees of that corporation or
83	foundation.
84	[(4)] (5) (a) "Industrial park" means land, including all necessary rights, appurtenances
85	easements, and franchises relating to it, acquired and developed by [any] a municipality,

86 county, or state university for the establishment and location of a series of sites for plants and 87 other buildings for industrial, distribution, and wholesale use. [There may be included as part 88 of] 89 (b) "Industrial park" includes the development of the land for [any] an industrial park under this chapter or the acquisition and provision of water, sewerage, drainage, street, road, 90 91 sidewalk, curb, gutter, street lighting, electrical distribution, railroad, or docking facilities, or 92 any combination of them, but only to the extent that these facilities are incidental to the use of 93 the land as an industrial park. 94 (6) "Lender" means a trust company, savings bank, savings and loan association, bank, 95 credit union, or any other lending institution that lends, loans, or leases proceeds of a financing 96 to the user or a user's designee. 97 [(5)] (7) "Mortgage" means a mortgage, trust deed, or other security device. 98 [(6)] (8) "Municipality" means any incorporated city or town in the state, including 99 cities or towns operating under home rule charters. 100 [(7)] (9) "Pollution" means any form of environmental pollution including water 101 pollution, air pollution, pollution caused by solid waste disposal, thermal pollution, radiation 102 contamination, or noise pollution. 103 [(8)] (10) (a) "Project" means: 104 [(a)] (i) [anv] an industrial park, land, interest in land, building, structure, facility, 105 system, fixture, improvement, appurtenance, machinery, equipment, or any combination of 106 them, whether or not in existence or under construction: 107 (fi) (A) that is suitable for industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, research, business, 108 and professional office building facilities, commercial, shopping services, food, lodging, low 109 income rental housing, recreational, or any other business purposes; 110 [(ii)] (B) that is suitable to provide services to the general public; [(iii)] (C) that is suitable for use by any corporation, person, or entity engaged in health 111

care services, including hospitals, nursing homes, extended care facilities, facilities for the care

of persons with a physical or mental disability, and administrative and support facilities; or

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114	[(iv)] (D) that is suitable for use by a state university for the purpose of aiding in the	
115	accomplishment of its authorized academic, scientific, engineering, technical, and economic	
116	development functions[, but "project" does not include any property, real, personal, or mixed,	
117	for the purpose of the construction, reconstruction, improvement, or maintenance of a public	
118	utility as defined in Section 54-2-1, and except as provided in Subsection (8)(b)];	
119	[(b)] (ii) any land, interest in land, building, structure, facility, system, fixture,	
120	improvement, appurtenance, machinery, equipment, or any combination of them, used by any	
121	individual, partnership, firm, company, corporation, public utility, association, trust, estate,	
122	political subdivision, state agency, or any other legal entity, or its legal representative, agent, or	
123	assigns, for the reduction, abatement, or prevention of pollution, including the removal or	
124	treatment of any substance in process material, if that material would cause pollution if used	
125	without the removal or treatment;	
126	(iii) an energy efficiency upgrade;	
127	(iv) a renewable energy system;	
128	$\left[\frac{(\mathbf{c})}{(\mathbf{c})}\right]$ (v) facilities, machinery, or equipment, the manufacturing and financing of which	
129	will maintain or enlarge domestic or foreign markets for Utah industrial products; or	
130	[(d)] (vi) any economic development or new venture investment fund to be raised other	
131	than from:	
132	[(i)] (A) municipal or county general fund money;	
133	[(ii)] (B) money raised under the taxing power of any county or municipality; or	
134	[(iii)] (C) money raised against the general credit of any county or municipality.	
135	(b) "Project" does not include any property, real, personal, or mixed, for the purpose of	
136	the construction, reconstruction, improvement, or maintenance of a public utility as defined in	
137	Section 54-2-1.	
138	(11) "Renewable energy system" means a product, system, device, or interacting group	
139	of devices that is permanently affixed to real property and that produces energy from renewable	
140	resources, including:	
141	(a) a photovoltaic system;	

142	(b) a solar thermal system;
143	(c) a wind system;
144	(d) a geothermal system, including:
145	(i) a direct-use system; or
146	(ii) a ground source heat pump system;
147	(e) a micro-hydro system; or
148	(f) another renewable energy system approved by the governing body.
149	[(9)] (12) "State university" means [the University of Utah and Utah State University]
150	an institution of higher education as described in Section 53B-2-101 and includes any nonprofit
151	corporation or foundation created by and operating under their authority.
152	[(10)] (13) "User" means the person, whether natural or corporate, who will occupy,
153	operate, maintain, and employ the facilities of, or manage and administer a project after the
154	financing, acquisition, or construction of it, whether as owner, manager, purchaser, lessee, or
155	otherwise.
156	Section 2. Section 11-17-3 is amended to read:
157	11-17-3. Powers of municipalities, counties, and state universities.
158	(1) [Each] A municipality, county, and state university may:
159	(a) finance or acquire, whether by construction, purchase, devise, gift, exchange, or
160	lease, or any one or more of those methods, and construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain,
161	equip, and furnish or fund one or more projects, [which shall be located] within this state, and
162	which shall be located within, or partially within, the municipality or county or within the
163	county within which a state university is located, unless an agreement under [the] Title 11,
164	Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, has been entered into as authorized by Subsection (5),
165	except that if a governing body finds, by resolution, that the effects of international trade
166	practices have been or will be adverse to Utah manufacturers of industrial products and,
167	therefore, it is desirable to finance a project in order to maintain or enlarge domestic or foreign
168	markets for Utah industrial products, a project may consist of the financing on behalf of a user
169	

170 from, the state;

(b) finance for, sell, lease, contract the management of, or otherwise dispose of to, any person, firm, partnership, or corporation, either public or private, including without limitation any person, firm, partnership, or corporation engaged in business for a profit, any or all of its projects upon the terms and conditions as the governing body considers advisable and which do not conflict with this chapter;

- (c) issue revenue bonds for the purpose of defraying the cost of financing, acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, improving, maintaining, equipping, furnishing, or funding any project and secure the payment of the bonds as provided in this chapter, which revenue bonds may be issued in one or more series or issues where considered advisable, and each series or issue may contain different maturity dates, interest rates, priorities on securities available for guaranteeing payment of them, and other differing terms and conditions considered necessary and not in conflict with this chapter;
- (d) (i) grant options to renew any lease with respect to any project and to buy any project at a price the governing body considers desirable; and
- (ii) sell and convey any real or personal property acquired under Subsection (1)(a) at public or private sale, and make an order respecting the sale considered conducive to the best interests of the municipality, county, or state university, the sale or conveyance to be subject to the terms of any lease but to be free and clear of any other encumbrance;
 - (e) establish, acquire, develop, maintain, and operate industrial parks; and
- (f) offer to the holders of its bonds issued [pursuant to] under this chapter the right, where its governing body considers it appropriate, to convert the bonds or some portion of the bond obligation into an equity position in some or all of the assets developed with the proceeds of the bond offering.
- (2) (a) An economic development or new venture investment fund [shall be] is considered to be located in the municipality or county where its headquarters is located or where any office of it is located, [as long as] if it is headquartered within the state. [It]
 - (b) An economic development or new venture investment fund need not make all of its

198 investments within the state or [such] the county or municipality, [so long as it] if it: 199 (i) locates within the state, [or such] the county, or the municipality its headquarters 200 where its actual investment decisions and management functions occur [and agrees to, and 201 does, limit]; and 202 (ii) limits the aggregate amount of its investments in companies located outside the 203 state to an amount which in the aggregate does not exceed the aggregate amount of investments 204 made by institutions and funds located outside the state in companies headquartered in Utah 205 which the locally managed fund has sponsored or in which it has invested and which it has 206 brought to the attention of investors outside the state. 207 (c) (i) For purposes of enabling an offering of bonds to fund [such] a fund described in 208 this Subsection (2), a certification of an executive managerial officer of the manager of [said] 209 the fund of the intention to comply with this provision may be relied upon. [Each] 210 (ii) A fund shall at least annually certify to the governmental offeror of [such] the 211 bonds its compliance with this provision. 212 (3) (a) Before any municipality, county, or state university issues revenue bonds under 213 this chapter for the purpose of defraying the cost of acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, 214 improving, maintaining, equipping, or furnishing any industrial park project, the governing 215 body of the state university, county, or municipality shall: 216 (i) adopt and establish a plan of development for the tracts of land to constitute the 217 industrial park [and shall,]; and 218 (ii) by resolution, find: 219 (A) that the project for the establishment of the industrial park is well conceived and has a reasonable prospect of success, and that the project will tend to provide proper economic 220 221 development of the municipality or county and will encourage industry to locate within or near 222 the municipality or county; or[-] (B) in the case of state universities, will further, through industrial research and 223 224 development, the instructional progress of the state university.

(b) There may be included as a part of any plan of development for any industrial park:

226	(i) zoning regulations, including:
227	(A) restrictions on usage of sites within the boundaries of the industrial park[-,];
228	(B) minimum size of sites[,]; and
229	(C) parking and loading regulations[7]; and
230	(ii) methods for the providing and furnishing of police and fire protection and for the
231	furnishing of other municipal or county services which are considered necessary in order to
232	provide for the maintenance of the public health and safety.
233	(c) If any water or sewerage facilities are to be acquired as part of the development of
234	the land for an industrial park under this chapter, water and sewerage facilities may be acquired
235	as part of the issue of bonds issued under this chapter, through the issuance of bonds payable
236	from water and sewer charges [in the manner as is now or as may hereafter be] as provided by
237	law, in combination with an issue of refunding bonds, in combination with an issue of bonds
238	upon the consent of the holders of outstanding bonds issued for the same purpose, in
239	combination with bonds issued for the purposes of financing water and sewer facilities which
240	will not be a part of an industrial park, or in any combination of the foregoing. [Any]
241	(d) (i) A municipality, county, or state university establishing an industrial park may
242	lease any land acquired and developed as part of an industrial park to one or more lessees.
243	(ii) The lessee may sublease all or a portion of the land so leased from the municipality
244	or county. [Municipalities, counties, and state universities]
245	(iii) A municipality, county, or state university may sell or lease land in connection
246	with the establishment, acquisition, development, maintenance, and operation of an industrial
247	park project. [Any such]
248	(iv) A lease or sale of land shall be undertaken only after the adoption by the governing
249	body of a resolution authorizing the lease or sale of the land for industrial park purposes.
250	(4) (a) (i) [No] A municipality, county, or state university may not:
251	(A) operate any project [referred to in] under this section, as a business or in any other
252	manner, except as the lessor or administrator of it[, nor may it]; or
253	(B) acquire any [such] project, or any part of it, by condemnation. [This prohibition

254	does]
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(ii) The provisions of Subsection (4)(a)(i) do not apply to projects involving research conducted, administered, or managed by a state university.

- (b) [No] Except for a project described in Subsection 11-17-2(10)(a)(ii) or (vi), a municipality, county, or state university may not, under this chapter, acquire or lease projects, or issue revenue bonds for the purpose of defraying the cost of any project or part of it, used for the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric energy beyond the project site, or the production, transmission, or distribution of natural gas[, except for any project defined in Subsection 11-17-2(8)(b) or (d)].
- (5) (a) [Each] A municipality, county, [and] or state university may enter, either before or after the bonds have been issued, into interlocal agreements under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, with one or more municipalities, counties, state universities, or special service districts created [pursuant to] under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, in order to accomplish economies of scale or other cost savings and any other additional purposes to be specified in the interlocal agreement, for the issuance of bonds under this chapter on behalf of all of the signatories to the interlocal agreement by one of the municipalities, counties, or state universities which is a signatory to the interlocal agreement for the financing or acquisition of projects qualifying as a project [under Subsection 11-17-2(8)].
- (b) For all purposes of Section 11-13-207 the signatory to the interlocal agreement designated as the issuer of the bonds constitutes the administrator of the interlocal agreement.
- (6) [Subsection (4) to the contrary notwithstanding] Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (4), the governing body of any state university owning or desiring to own facilities or administer projects [described in Subsection 11-17-2(8)] may:
- 278 (a) become a signatory to the interlocal agreement [provided for in] <u>under Subsection</u> 279 (5);
 - (b) enter into a separate security agreement with the issuer of the bonds, as provided in Section 11-17-5 for the financing or acquisition of a project [under Subsection 11-17-2(8)] to

be owned by the state university;

(c) enter into agreements to secure the obligations of the state university under a security agreement entered into under Subsection (6)(b), or to provide liquidity for [such] the obligations including, without limitation, letter of credit agreements with banking institutions for letters of credit or for standby letters of credit, reimbursement agreements with financial institutions, line of credit agreements, standby bond purchase agreements, and to provide for payment of fees, charges, and other amounts coming due under the agreements entered into under the authority contained in this Subsection (6)(c);

- (d) provide in security agreements entered into under Subsection (6)(b) and in agreements entered into under Subsection (6)(c) that the obligations of the state university under an agreement shall be special obligations payable solely from the revenues derived from the operation or management of the project, owned by the state university and from net profits from proprietary activities and any other revenues pledged other than appropriations by the Utah Legislature, and the governing body of the state university shall pledge all or any part of [such] the revenues to the payment of its obligations under an agreement; and
- (e) in order to secure the prompt payment of the obligations of the state university under a security agreement entered into under Subsection (6)(b) or an agreement entered into under Subsection (6)(c) and the proper application of the revenues pledged to them, covenant and provide appropriate provisions in an agreement to the extent [permitted and provided for] allowed under Section 53B-21-102.
- (7) [Subsection (4) to the contrary notwithstanding] Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (4), the governing body of any municipality, county, or special service district owning, desiring to own, or administering projects or facilities [described in Subsection 11-17-2(8)] may:
 - (a) become a signatory to the interlocal agreement provided [for] in Subsection (5);
- (b) enter into a separate security agreement with the issuer of the bonds, as provided in Section 11-17-5, for the financing or acquisition of a project [under Subsection 11-17-2(8)] to be owned by the municipality, county, or special service district, [as the case may be,] except

that no municipality, county, or special service district may mortgage the facilities [so] financed or acquired;

- (c) enter into agreements to secure the obligations of the municipality, county, or special service district, as the case may be, under a security agreement entered into under Subsection (7)(b), or to provide liquidity for [such] the obligations including, without limitation, letter of credit agreements with banking institutions for letters of credit or for standby letters of credit, reimbursement agreements with financial institutions, line of credit agreements, standby bond purchase agreements, and to provide for payment of fees, charges, and other amounts coming due under the agreements entered into under the authority contained in this Subsection (7)(c);
- (d) provide in security agreements entered into under Subsection (7)(b) and in agreements entered into under Subsection (7)(c) that the obligations of the municipality, county, or special service district, as the case may be, under an agreement shall be special obligations payable solely from the revenues derived from the operation or management of the project, owned by the municipality, county, or special service district[, as the case may be,] and the governing body of the municipality, county, or special service district[, as the case may be,] shall pledge all or any part of [such] the revenues to the payment of its obligations under an agreement; and
- (e) in order to secure the prompt payment of obligations under a security agreement entered into under Subsection (7)(b) or an agreement entered into under Subsection (7)(c) and the proper application of the revenues pledged to them, covenant and provide appropriate provisions in an agreement to the extent permitted and provided for with respect to revenue obligations under Section 11-14-306.
- (8) In connection with the issuance of bonds under this chapter, a municipality, county, or state university <u>may</u>:
- (a) [may] provide for the repurchase of bonds tendered by their owners and may enter into an agreement to provide liquidity for [such] the repurchases, including a letter of credit agreement, line of credit agreement, standby bond purchase agreement, or other type of

liquidity agreement;

(b) [may] enter into remarketing, indexing, tender agent, or other agreements incident to the financing of the project or the performance of the issuer's obligations relative to the bonds; and

(c) [may] provide for payment of fees, charges, and other amounts coming due under

the agreements entered into [pursuant to authority contained in] under Subsection (6).

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