Representative Walt Brooks proposes the following substitute bill:

1	SOCIAL SECURITY TAX AMENDMENTS				
2		2020 GENERAL SESSION			
3		STATE OF UTAH			
4		Chief Sponsor: Walt Bro	oks		
5		Senate Sponsor: Don L. Ip	oson		
6	Cosponsors:	A. Cory Maloy	V. Lowry Snow		
7	Carl R. Albrecht	Calvin R. Musselman	Keven J. Stratton		
8	Kay J. Christofferson	Merrill F. Nelson	Steve Waldrip		
9	Joel Ferry	Lee B. Perry	Mike Winder		
10	Suzanne Harrison	Susan Pulsipher			
11	Karianne Lisonbee	Rex P. Shipp	Rex P. Shipp		
12					
13					
14	General Description:				
15	-	an individual income tax credit for	certain social security benefits.		
16	Highlighted Provisions:				
17	This bill:				
18	defines terms;				
18 19	· ·	t for social security benefits that are	included in the claimant's		
	· ·	•	included in the claimant's		
19	• enacts a tax cred federal adjusted gross incon	•			
19 20	• enacts a tax cred federal adjusted gross incon	ne; individual who claims the tax credit			
19 20 21	 enacts a tax cred federal adjusted gross incon provides that an not also claim the retiremen 	ne; individual who claims the tax credit	for social security benefits may		





Money Appropriated in this Bill:		
None		
Other Special Clauses:		
This bill provides retrospective operation.		
Utah Code Sections Affected:		
AMENDS:		
59-10-1002.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 263		
59-10-1019, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 389		
ENACTS:		
59-10-1041 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:		
Section 1. Section 59-10-1002.2 is amended to read:		
59-10-1002.2. Apportionment of tax credits.		
(1) A nonresident individual or a part-year resident individual that claims a tax credit		
n accordance with Section 59-10-1017, 59-10-1018, 59-10-1019, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1023,		
59-10-1024, [or] 59-10-1028, or 59-10-1041 may only claim an apportioned amount of the tax		
credit equal to:		
(a) for a nonresident individual, the product of:		
(i) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident individual; and		
(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident individual would have been		
allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section; or		
(b) for a part-year resident individual, the product of:		
(i) the state income tax percentage for the part-year resident individual; and		
(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the part-year resident individual would have been		
allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.		
(2) A nonresident estate or trust that claims a tax credit in accordance with Section		
59-10-1017, 59-10-1020, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1024, or 59-10-1028 may only claim an		
apportioned amount of the tax credit equal to the product of:		
(a) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident estate or trust; and		
(b) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident estate or trust would have been		

30	anowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
57	Section 2. Section 59-10-1019 is amended to read:
58	59-10-1019. Definitions Nonrefundable retirement tax credit.
59	(1) As used in this section:
60	(a) "Eligible over age 65 [or older] retiree" means a claimant, regardless of whether
61	that claimant is retired, who[\div] was born on or before December, $\hat{H} \rightarrow 31 \leftarrow \hat{H}$ 1952.
62	[(i) is 65 years of age or older; and]
63	[(ii) was born on or before December 31, 1952.]
64	[(b) (i) "Eligible retirement income" means income received by an eligible under age
65	65 retiree as a pension or annuity if that pension or annuity is:]
66	[(A) paid to the eligible under age 65 retiree or the surviving spouse of an eligible
67	under age 65 retiree; and]
68	[(B) (I) paid from an annuity contract purchased by an employer under a plan that
69	meets the requirements of Section 404(a)(2), Internal Revenue Code;
70	[(II) purchased by an employee under a plan that meets the requirements of Section
71	408, Internal Revenue Code; or]
72	[(III) paid by:]
73	[(Aa) the United States;]
74	[(Bb) a state or a political subdivision of a state; or]
75	[(Cc) the District of Columbia.]
76	[(ii) "Eligible retirement income" does not include amounts received by the spouse of a
77	living eligible under age 65 retiree because of the eligible under age 65 retiree's having been
78	employed in a community property state.]
79	[(c) "Eligible under age 65 retiree" means a claimant, regardless of whether that
80	claimant is retired, who:]
81	[(i) is younger than 65 years of age;]
82	[(ii) was born on or before December 31, 1952; and]
83	[(iii) has eligible retirement income for the taxable year for which a tax credit is
84	claimed under this section.]
85	[(d)] (b) "Head of household filing status" [is as] means the same as that term is
86	defined in Section 59-10-1018.

87	[(a) Loint filing status [ig. eg] many the same as that term is defined in Section
	[(e)] (c) "Joint filing status" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
88	59-10-1018.
89	[(f)] <u>(d)</u> "Married filing separately status" means a married individual who:
90	(i) does not file a single federal individual income tax return jointly with that married
91	individual's spouse for the taxable year; and
92	(ii) files a single federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
93	[(g)] <u>(e)</u> "Modified adjusted gross income" means the sum of an eligible <u>over</u> age 65
94	[or older] retiree's [or eligible under age 65 retiree's]:
95	(i) adjusted gross income for the taxable year for which a tax credit is claimed under
96	this section;
97	(ii) any interest income that is not included in adjusted gross income for the taxable
98	year described in Subsection (1)[(g)](e)(i); and
99	(iii) any addition to adjusted gross income required by Section 59-10-114 for the
100	taxable year described in Subsection (1)[(g)](e)(i).
101	[(h)] (f) "Single filing status" means a single individual who files a single federal
102	individual income tax return for the taxable year.
103	(2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2 and [subject to] Subsections (3)
104	[through (5): (a)] and (4), each eligible age over 65 [or older] retiree may claim a
105	nonrefundable tax credit of \$450 against taxes otherwise due under this part[; or].
106	[(b) each eligible under age 65 retiree may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against
107	taxes otherwise due under this part in an amount equal to the lesser of:]
108	[(i) \$288; or]
109	[(ii) the product of:]
110	[(A) the eligible under age 65 retiree's eligible retirement income for the taxable year
111	for which the eligible under age 65 retiree claims a tax credit under this section; and]
112	[(B) 6%.]
113	[(3) A tax credit under this section may not be carried forward or carried back.]
114	(3) (a) An eligible over age 65 retiree may not:
115	(i) carry forward or carry back a tax credit under this section; or
116	(ii) claim a tax credit under this section and a tax credit under Section 59-10-1041.
117	(b) An eligible over age 65 retiree who qualifies for a tax credit under this section and

118	a tax credit under Section 59-10-1041 may elect whether to claim a tax credit under this section		
119	or a tax credit under Section 59-10-1041.		
120	(4) The [sum of the tax credits] tax credit allowed by Subsection (2) claimed on [one] a		
121	return filed under this part shall be reduced by \$.025 for each dollar by which modified		
122	adjusted gross income for purposes of the return exceeds:		
123	(a) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a married filing separately		
124	status, \$16,000;		
125	(b) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a single filing status,		
126	\$25,000;		
127	(c) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a head of household filing		
128	status, \$32,000; or		
129	(d) for a return under this chapter that is allowed a joint filing status, \$32,000.		
130	[(5) For purposes of determining the ownership of items of retirement income under		
131	this section, common law doctrine shall be applied in all cases even though some items of		
132	retirement income may have originated from service or investments in a community property		
133	state.]		
134	Section 3. Section 59-10-1041 is enacted to read:		
135	59-10-1041. Nonrefundable tax credit for social security benefits.		
136	(1) As used in this section:		
137	(a) "Head of household filing status" means the same as that term is defined in Section		
138	<u>59-10-1018.</u>		
139	(b) "Joint filing status" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1018.		
140	(c) "Married filing separately status" means a married individual who:		
141	(i) does not file a single federal individual income tax return jointly with that married		
142	individual's spouse for the taxable year; and		
143	(ii) files a single federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.		
144	(d) "Modified adjusted gross income" means the sum of a claimant's:		
145	(i) adjusted gross income for the taxable year for which a tax credit is claimed under		
146	this section;		
147	(ii) any interest income that is not included in adjusted gross income for the taxable		
148	year described in Subsection (1)(d)(i); and		

149	(iii) any addition to adjusted gross income required by Section 59-10-114 for the
150	taxable year described in Subsection (1)(d)(i).
151	(e) "Single filing status" means a single individual who files a single federal individual
152	income tax return for the taxable year.
153	(f) "Social security benefit" means an amount received by a claimant as a monthly
154	benefit in accordance with the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 401 et seq.
155	(2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2 and Subsections (3) and (4), each
156	claimant on a return that receives a social security benefit may claim a nonrefundable tax credit
157	against taxes otherwise due under this part equal to the product of:
158	(a) the percentage listed in Subsection 59-10-104(2); and
159	(b) the claimant's social security benefit that is included in adjusted gross income on
160	the claimant's federal income tax return for the taxable year.
161	(3) (a) A claimant may not:
162	(i) carry forward or carry back a tax credit under this section; or
163	(ii) claim a tax credit under this section and a tax credit under Section 59-10-1019.
164	(b) A claimant that qualifies for a tax credit under this section and a tax credit under
165	Section 59-10-1019 may elect whether to claim a tax credit under this section or a tax credit
166	<u>under Section 59-10-1019.</u>
167	(4) The tax credit allowed by Subsection (2) claimed on a return filed under this part
168	shall be reduced by \$.025 for each dollar by which modified adjusted gross income for
169	purposes of the return exceeds:
170	(a) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a married filing separately
171	status, \$22,500;
172	(b) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a single filing status,
173	<u>\$30,000;</u>
174	(c) for a federal individual income tax return that is allowed a head of household filing
175	status, \$45,000; or
176	(d) for a return under this chapter that is allowed a joint filing status, \$45,000.
177	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
178	commission may make rules governing the calculation and method for claiming the tax credit
179	described in this section.

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1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 181

180		Section 4. Retrospective operation.
181		This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
182	<u>2020.</u>	