1	DECEPTION DETECTION EXAMINERS LICENSING
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2016 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Francis D. Gibson
6	Senate Sponsor: Deidre M. Henderson
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8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends provisions of the Deception Detection Examiners Licensing Act and
11	related provisions.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 creates a new license within the Division of Occupational and Professional
15	Licensing for a deception detection examination administrator;
16	 defines deception detection examination administrator and the qualifications for
17	receiving a license as a deception detection examination administrator;
18	 provides certain exemptions for a law enforcement officer who is using a software
19	application designed for detecting deception; and
20	makes technical changes.
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:
26	AMENDS:
27	58-1-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 150
28	58-64-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 211
29	58-64-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 215

30	58-64-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
31	58-64-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 215
32	58-64-601 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 215
33	58-64-701 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 215

- *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*
 - Section 1. Section **58-1-307** is amended to read:
- **58-1-307.** Exemptions from licensure.
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided by statute or rule, the following individuals may engage in the practice of their occupation or profession, subject to the stated circumstances and limitations, without being licensed under this title:
 - (a) an individual serving in the armed forces of the United States, the United States
 Public Health Service, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, or other federal
 agencies while engaged in activities regulated under this chapter as a part of employment with
 that federal agency if the individual holds a valid license to practice a regulated occupation or
 profession issued by any other state or jurisdiction recognized by the division;
 - (b) a student engaged in activities constituting the practice of a regulated occupation or profession while in training in a recognized school approved by the division to the extent the activities are supervised by qualified faculty, staff, or designee and the activities are a defined part of the training program;
 - (c) an individual engaged in an internship, residency, preceptorship, postceptorship, fellowship, apprenticeship, or on-the-job training program approved by the division while under the supervision of qualified individuals;
 - (d) an individual residing in another state and licensed to practice a regulated occupation or profession in that state, who is called in for a consultation by an individual licensed in this state, and the services provided are limited to that consultation;
 - (e) an individual who is invited by a recognized school, association, society, or other body approved by the division to conduct a lecture, clinic, or demonstration of the practice of a

regulated occupation or profession if the individual does not establish a place of business or regularly engage in the practice of the regulated occupation or profession in this state;

- (f) an individual licensed under the laws of this state, other than under this title, to practice or engage in an occupation or profession, while engaged in the lawful, professional, and competent practice of that occupation or profession;
- (g) an individual licensed in a health care profession in another state who performs that profession while attending to the immediate needs of a patient for a reasonable period during which the patient is being transported from outside of this state, into this state, or through this state;
- (h) an individual licensed in another state or country who is in this state temporarily to attend to the needs of an athletic team or group, except that the practitioner may only attend to the needs of the athletic team or group, including all individuals who travel with the team or group in any capacity except as a spectator;
 - (i) an individual licensed and in good standing in another state, who is in this state:
 - (i) temporarily, under the invitation and control of a sponsoring entity;
- (ii) for a reason associated with a special purpose event, based upon needs that may exceed the ability of this state to address through its licensees, as determined by the division; and
- (iii) for a limited period of time not to exceed the duration of that event, together with any necessary preparatory and conclusionary periods;
 - (j) a law enforcement officer, as defined under Section 53-13-103, who:
- (i) is operating a voice stress analyzer <u>or software application designed for detecting</u> <u>deception</u> in the course of the officer's [full-time] <u>full or part-time</u> employment with a federal, state, or local law enforcement agency;
- (ii) has completed the manufacturer's training course and is certified by the manufacturer to operate [that] the voice stress analyzer or software application designed for detecting deception; and
 - (iii) is operating the voice stress analyzer or software application designed for detecting

86 <u>deception</u> in accordance with Section 58-64-601, regarding deception detection instruments; 87 and

- (k) the spouse of an individual serving in the armed forces of the United States while the individual is stationed within this state, provided:
- (i) the spouse holds a valid license to practice a regulated occupation or profession issued by any other state or jurisdiction recognized by the division; and
 - (ii) the license is current and the spouse is in good standing in the state of licensure.
- (2) (a) A practitioner temporarily in this state who is exempted from licensure under Subsection (1) shall comply with each requirement of the licensing jurisdiction from which the practitioner derives authority to practice.
- (b) Violation of a limitation imposed by this section constitutes grounds for removal of exempt status, denial of license, or other disciplinary proceedings.
- (3) An individual who is licensed under a specific chapter of this title to practice or engage in an occupation or profession may engage in the lawful, professional, and competent practice of that occupation or profession without additional licensure under other chapters of this title, except as otherwise provided by this title.
- (4) Upon the declaration of a national, state, or local emergency, a public health emergency as defined in Section 26-23b-102, or a declaration by the President of the United States or other federal official requesting public health-related activities, the division in collaboration with the board may:
- (a) suspend the requirements for permanent or temporary licensure of individuals who are licensed in another state for the duration of the emergency while engaged in the scope of practice for which they are licensed in the other state;
- (b) modify, under the circumstances described in this Subsection (4) and Subsection (5), the scope of practice restrictions under this title for individuals who are licensed under this title as:
- (i) a physician under Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;

114	(ii) a nurse under Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Chapter 31c, Nurse Licensure
115	Compact;
116	(iii) a certified nurse midwife under Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act;
117	(iv) a pharmacist, pharmacy technician, or pharmacy intern under Chapter 17b,
118	Pharmacy Practice Act;
119	(v) a respiratory therapist under Chapter 57, Respiratory Care Practices Act;
120	(vi) a dentist and dental hygienist under Chapter 69, Dentist and Dental Hygienist
121	Practice Act; and
122	(vii) a physician assistant under Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act;
123	(c) suspend the requirements for licensure under this title and modify the scope of
124	practice in the circumstances described in this Subsection (4) and Subsection (5) for medical
125	services personnel or paramedics required to be certified under Section 26-8a-302;
126	(d) suspend requirements in Subsections 58-17b-620(3) through (6) which require
127	certain prescriptive procedures;
128	(e) exempt or modify the requirement for licensure of an individual who is activated as
129	a member of a medical reserve corps during a time of emergency as provided in Section
130	26A-1-126; and
131	(f) exempt or modify the requirement for licensure of an individual who is registered as
132	a volunteer health practitioner as provided in Title 26, Chapter 49, Uniform Emergency
133	Volunteer Health Practitioners Act.
134	(5) Individuals exempt under Subsection (4)(c) and individuals operating under
135	modified scope of practice provisions under Subsection (4)(b):
136	(a) are exempt from licensure or subject to modified scope of practice for the duration
137	of the emergency;
138	(b) must be engaged in the distribution of medicines or medical devices in response to
139	the emergency or declaration; and
140	(c) must be employed by or volunteering for:
141	(i) a local or state department of health; or

142	(ii) a host entity as defined in Section 26-49-102.
143	(6) In accordance with the protocols established under Subsection (8), upon the
144	declaration of a national, state, or local emergency, the Department of Health or a local health
145	department shall coordinate with public safety authorities as defined in Subsection
146	26-23b-110(1) and may:
147	(a) use a vaccine, antiviral, antibiotic, or other prescription medication that is not a
148	controlled substance to prevent or treat a disease or condition that gave rise to, or was a
149	consequence of, the emergency; or
150	(b) distribute a vaccine, antiviral, antibiotic, or other prescription medication that is not
151	a controlled substance:
152	(i) if necessary, to replenish a commercial pharmacy in the event that the commercial
153	pharmacy's normal source of the vaccine, antiviral, antibiotic, or other prescription medication
154	is exhausted; or
155	(ii) for dispensing or direct administration to treat the disease or condition that gave
156	rise to, or was a consequence of, the emergency by:
157	(A) a pharmacy;
158	(B) a prescribing practitioner;
159	(C) a licensed health care facility;
160	(D) a federally qualified community health clinic; or
161	(E) a governmental entity for use by a community more than 50 miles from a person
162	described in Subsections (6)(b)(ii)(A) through (D).
163	(7) In accordance with protocols established under Subsection (8), upon the declaration
164	of a national, state, or local emergency, the Department of Health shall coordinate the
165	distribution of medications:
166	(a) received from the strategic national stockpile to local health departments; and
167	(b) from local health departments to emergency personnel within the local health
168	departments' geographic region.
169	(8) The Department of Health shall establish by rule, made in accordance with Title

170 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, protocols for administering, dispensing, 171 and distributing a vaccine, an antiviral, an antibiotic, or other prescription medication that is not a controlled substance in the event of a declaration of a national, state, or local emergency. 172 173 The protocol shall establish procedures for the Department of Health or a local health 174 department to: 175 (a) coordinate the distribution of: 176 (i) a vaccine, an antiviral, an antibiotic, or other prescription medication that is not a 177 controlled substance received by the Department of Health from the strategic national stockpile 178 to local health departments; and 179 (ii) a vaccine, an antiviral, an antibiotic, or other non-controlled prescription 180 medication received by a local health department to emergency personnel within the local 181 health department's geographic region; (b) authorize the dispensing, administration, or distribution of a vaccine, an antiviral. 182 183 an antibiotic, or other prescription medication that is not a controlled substance to the contact 184 of a patient, as defined in Section 26-6-2, without a patient-practitioner relationship, if the 185 contact's condition is the same as that of the physician's patient; and (c) authorize the administration, distribution, or dispensing of a vaccine, an antiviral, 186 an antibiotic, or other non-controlled prescription medication to an individual who: 187 188 (i) is working in a triage situation: 189 (ii) is receiving preventative or medical treatment in a triage situation: 190 (iii) does not have coverage for the prescription in the individual's health insurance 191 plan; 192 (iv) is involved in the delivery of medical or other emergency services in response to 193 the declared national, state, or local emergency; or 194 (v) otherwise has a direct impact on public health. 195 (9) The Department of Health shall give notice to the division upon implementation of

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the protocol established under Subsection (8).

Section 2. Section **58-64-102** is amended to read:

198	58-64-102. Definitions.
199	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
200	(1) "Board" means the Deception Detection Examiners Board created in Section
201	58-64-201.
202	(2) "Deception detection examination" means the use of an instrument, or software
203	application designed for detecting deception, on an individual for the purpose of detecting
204	whether that individual is engaged in deception.
205	(3) "Deception detection examination administrator" means an individual who engages
206	in or represents that the individual is engaged in:
207	(a) conducting or administering a deception detection examination using a software
208	application designed for detecting deception without intervention from the examination
209	administrator; or
210	(b) the interpretation of deception detection examination results derived from a
211	software application designed for detecting deception.
212	[(3)] (4) "Deception detection examiner" means an individual who engages in or
213	represents that the individual is engaged in conducting or performing deception detection
214	examinations or in the interpretation of deception detection examinations.
215	[(4)] (5) "Deception detection intern" means an individual who engages in deception
216	detection examinations under the supervision and control of a deception detection examiner for
217	the purpose of training and qualification as a deception detection examiner.
218	[(5)] (6) "Instrument" means a polygraph, voice stress analyzer, ocular-motor test, or
219	any other device or software application that records the examinee's cardiovascular patterns,
220	respiratory patterns, galvanic skin response, cognitive response, eye behavior, memory recall,
221	or other physiologic characteristics of the examinee for the purpose of monitoring factors
222	relating to whether the examinee is truthful or engaged in deception.
223	[(6)] (7) "Unlawful conduct" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Sections
224	58-1-501 and 58-64-501.
225	[(7)] (8) "Unprofessional conduct" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in

226	Sections 58-1-501 and 58-64-502 and as may be further defined by rule.
227	Section 3. Section 58-64-301 is amended to read:
228	58-64-301. Licensure required License classifications.
229	(1) A license is required to engage in the practice of deception detection, except as
230	specifically provided in Section 58-64-304 or 58-1-307.
231	(2) The division shall issue to an individual who qualifies under this chapter a license
232	in the classifications of:
233	(a) deception detection examiner; [or]
234	(b) deception detection intern[:]; or
235	(c) deception detection examination administrator.
236	Section 4. Section 58-64-302 is amended to read:
237	58-64-302. Qualifications for licensure.
238	(1) Each applicant for licensure as a deception detection examiner [shall]:
239	(a) shall submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
240	(b) shall pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
241	(c) shall be of good moral character in that the applicant has not been convicted of a
242	felony, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or any other crime which when considered
243	with the duties and responsibilities of a deception detection examiner is considered by the
244	division and the board to indicate that the best interests of the public will not be served by
245	granting the applicant a license;
246	(d) <u>may</u> not have been declared by any court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by
247	reason of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
248	(e) may not be currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or
249	dependence;
250	(f) shall have completed one of the following:
251	(i) have earned a bachelor's degree from a four year university or college meeting
252	standards established by the division by rule in collaboration with the board;

(ii) have completed not less than 8,000 hours of investigation experience approved by

the division in collaboration with the board; or

- (iii) have completed a combination of university or college education and investigation experience, as defined by rule by the division in collaboration with the board as being equivalent to the requirements under Subsection (1)(f)(i) or (1)(f)(ii);
- (g) <u>shall</u> have successfully completed a training program in detection deception meeting criteria established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board; and
- (h) <u>shall</u> have performed satisfactorily as a licensed deception detection intern for a period of not less than one year and shall have satisfactorily conducted not less than 100 deception detection examinations under the supervision of a licensed deception detection examiner.
 - (2) Each applicant for licensure as a deception detection intern [shall]:
 - (a) shall submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
 - (b) shall pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
- (c) <u>shall</u> be of good moral character in that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or any other crime which when considered with the duties and responsibilities of a deception detection intern is considered by the division and the board to indicate that the best interests of the public will not be served by granting the applicant a license;
- (d) <u>may</u> not have been declared by any court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by reason of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
- (e) may not be currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or dependence;
 - (f) shall have completed one of the following:
- (i) have earned a bachelor's degree from a four year university or college meeting standards established by the division by rule in collaboration with the board;
- (ii) have completed not less than 8,000 hours of investigation experience approved by the division in collaboration with the board; or
- 281 (iii) have completed a combination of university or college education and investigation

282	experience, as defined by rule by the division in collaboration with the board as being
283	equivalent to the requirements under Subsection (2)(f)(i) or (2)(f)(ii);
284	(g) shall have successfully completed a training program in detection deception
285	meeting criteria established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board; and
286	(h) shall provide the division with an intern supervision agreement in a form prescribed
287	by the division under which:
288	(i) a licensed deception detection examiner agrees to supervise the intern; and
289	(ii) the applicant agrees to be supervised by that licensed deception detection examiner.
290	(3) Each applicant for licensure as a deception detection examination administrator:
291	(a) shall submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
292	(b) shall pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
293	(c) shall be of good moral character in that the applicant has not been convicted of a
294	felony, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or any other crime that when considered with
295	the duties and responsibilities of a deception detection examination administrator is considered
296	by the division and the board to indicate that the best interests of the public will not be served
297	by granting the applicant a license;
298	(d) may not have been declared by a court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by
299	reason of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
300	(e) may not be currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or
301	dependence;
302	(f) shall have earned an associate degree from a state-accredited university or college or
303	have an equivalent number of years' work experience; and
304	(g) shall have successfully completed a training program and have obtained
305	certification in deception detection examination administration provided by the manufacturer
306	of a scientific or technology-based software application solution that is approved by the
307	<u>director.</u>
308	[(3)] (4) To determine if an applicant meets the qualifications of Subsection (1)(c) $[or]$,
309	(2)(c), or (3)(c) the division shall provide an appropriate number of copies of fingerprint cards

310	to the Department of Public Safety with the division's request to:
311	(a) conduct a search of records of the Department of Public Safety for criminal history
312	information relating to each applicant for licensure under this chapter; and
313	(b) forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation a fingerprint card of each applicant
314	requiring a check of records of the F.B.I. for criminal history information under this section.
315	[(4)] (5) The Department of Public Safety shall send to the division:
316	(a) a written record of criminal history, or certification of no criminal history record, as
317	contained in the records of the Department of Public Safety in a timely manner after receipt of
318	a fingerprint card from the division and a request for review of Department of Public Safety
319	records; and
320	(b) the results of the F.B.I. review concerning an applicant in a timely manner after
321	receipt of information from the F.B.I.
322	[(5)] (6) (a) The division shall charge each applicant a fee, in accordance with Section
323	63J-1-504, equal to the cost of performing the records reviews under this section.
324	(b) The division shall pay the Department of Public Safety the costs of all records
325	reviews, and the Department of Public Safety shall pay the F.B.I. the costs of records reviews
326	under this chapter.
327	[6] (7) Information obtained by the division from the reviews of criminal history
328	records of the Department of Public Safety and the F.B.I. shall be used or disseminated by the
329	division only for the purpose of determining if an applicant for licensure under this chapter is
330	qualified for licensure.
331	Section 5. Section 58-64-303 is amended to read:
332	58-64-303. Term of license Expiration Renewal.
333	(1) The division shall issue each license under this chapter in accordance with a
334	two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may by rule extend or shorten a
335	renewal period by as much as one year to stagger the renewal cycles it administers.
336	(2) At the time of renewal, the licensee shall show satisfactory evidence of:

(a) having performed not less than 25 deception detection examinations during the two

338	years immediately preceding the date of the renewal notice[-]; and
339	(b) obtaining recertification within the past two years from the manufacturer of a
340	scientific or technology-based software solution, if the licensee is renewing a deception
341	detection examination administrator license.
342	(3) Each license automatically expires on the expiration date shown on the license
343	unless the licensee renews it in accordance with Section 58-1-308.
344	Section 6. Section 58-64-601 is amended to read:
345	58-64-601. Deception detection instruments.
346	(1) Instruments or software applications used in performing deception detection
347	examinations shall be those that are generally recognized in the profession or, if approved by
348	the director, those with results published in peer-reviewed, scientific journals generally
349	recognized by the scientific community.
350	(2) An instrument or software application used for deception detection shall have a
351	permanent recording or written report produced by the instrument or software application for
352	objective analysis by the examiner, the division, or the board.
353	(3) A written interpretation by an examiner while conducting a deception detection
354	examination does not satisfy the requirements of a permanent recording.
355	Section 7. Section 58-64-701 is amended to read:
356	58-64-701. State preemption of local regulation.
357	(1) A political subdivision of [this] the state may not enact [any] legislation, [code, or
358	ordinance, or make any rules ordinances, or rules relating to the licensing, training, or
359	regulation of deception detection examiners [or], deception detection interns, or deception
360	detection examination administrators.
361	(2) Any legislation, [code, ordinance, or rules] ordinances, or rules made by [any] a
362	political subdivision of [this] the state[7] relating to the licensing, training, or regulation of
363	deception detection examiners [or], deception detection interns, or deception detection
364	examination administrators is superseded by this chapter.