ORDER FOR LIFE SUSTAINING TREATMENT
AMENDMENTS
2024 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Stephanie Gricius
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions related to orders for life sustaining treatment.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 modifies professional conduct standards for physicians, advance practice registered
nurses, and physician assistants to include obtaining a parent or guardian signature
when completing an order for life sustaining treatment for a minor; and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
58-31b-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 223, 301 and 329
58-67-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 2, 301, 317, and 329
58-68-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 2, 301, 317, and 329
58-70a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 329
75-2a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 139, 330



75-2a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 58-31b-502 is amended to read:
58-31b-502. Unprofessional conduct.
(1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes:
(a) failure to safeguard a patient's right to privacy as to the patient's person, condition,
diagnosis, personal effects, or any other matter about which the licensee is privileged to know
because of the licensee's or person with a certification's position or practice as a nurse or
practice as a medication aide certified;
(b) failure to provide nursing service or service as a medication aide certified in a
manner that demonstrates respect for the patient's human dignity and unique personal character
and needs without regard to the patient's race, religion, ethnic background, socioeconomic
status, age, sex, or the nature of the patient's health problem;
(c) engaging in sexual relations with a patient during any:
(i) period when a generally recognized professional relationship exists between the
person licensed or certified under this chapter and the patient; or
(ii) extended period when a patient has reasonable cause to believe a professional
relationship exists between the person licensed or certified under the provisions of this chapter
and the patient;
(d) (i) as a result of any circumstance under Subsection (1)(c), exploiting or using
information about a patient or exploiting the licensee's or the person with a certification's
professional relationship between the licensee or holder of a certification under this chapter and
the patient; or
(ii) exploiting the patient by use of the licensee's or person with a certification's
knowledge of the patient obtained while acting as a nurse or a medication aide certified;
(e) unlawfully obtaining, possessing, or using any prescription drug or illicit drug;
(f) unauthorized taking or personal use of nursing supplies from an employer;
(g) unauthorized taking or personal use of a patient's personal property;

(i) failure to exercise appropriate supervision of persons providing patient care services

(h) unlawful or inappropriate delegation of nursing care;

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under supervision of the licensed nurse;

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- (j) employing or aiding and abetting the employment of an unqualified or unlicensed person to practice as a nurse;
- (k) failure to file or record any medical report as required by law, impeding or obstructing the filing or recording of such a report, or inducing another to fail to file or record such a report;
- (l) breach of a statutory, common law, regulatory, or ethical requirement of confidentiality with respect to a person who is a patient, unless ordered by a court;
 - (m) failure to pay a penalty imposed by the division;
 - (n) violating Section 58-31b-801;
- (o) violating the dispensing requirements of Section 58-17b-309 or Chapter 17b, Part 8, Dispensing Medical Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if applicable;
- (p) performing or inducing an abortion in violation of the requirements of Section 76-7-302 or Section 76-7a-201, regardless of whether the person licensed or certified under the provisions of this chapter is found guilty of a crime in connection with the violation;
 - (q) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to conceal:
- (i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
 - (ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (n) or Subsection 58-1-501(1); [or]
- (r) violating the requirements of Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research and Medical Cannabis[-]; or
- (s) for an advance practice registered nurse, failing to comply with Subsection 75-2a-106(3)(b)(iii) when completing an order for life sustaining treatment for the minor.
- (2) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include, in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research and Medical Cannabis, when registered as a qualified medical provider, or acting as a limited medical provider, as those terms are defined in Section 26B-4-201, recommending the use of medical cannabis.
- (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the division, in consultation with the board and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define unprofessional conduct for an advanced practice registered nurse described in Subsection (2).

90	Section 2. Section 58-67-502 is amended to read:
91	58-67-502. Unprofessional conduct.
92	(1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes, in addition to the definition in Section
93	58-1-501:
94	(a) using or employing the services of any individual to assist a licensee in any manner
95	not in accordance with the generally recognized practices, standards, or ethics of the
96	profession, state law, or division rule;
97	(b) making a material misrepresentation regarding the qualifications for licensure under
98	Section 58-67-302.7 or 58-67-302.8;
99	(c) violating the dispensing requirements of Chapter 17b, Part 8, Dispensing Medical
100	Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if applicable;
101	(d) violating the requirements of Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research
102	and Medical Cannabis;
103	(e) performing or inducing an abortion in violation of the requirements of Section
104	76-7-302 or Section 76-7a-201, regardless of whether the individual licensed under this chapter
105	is found guilty of a crime in connection with the violation;
106	(f) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to conceal:
107	(i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter
108	or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
109	(ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (e) or Subsection 58-1-501(1); [or]
110	(g) performing, or causing to be performed, upon an individual who is less than 18
111	years old:
112	(i) a primary sex characteristic surgical procedure; or
113	(ii) a secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure[-]; or
114	(h) failing to comply with Subsection 75-2a-106(3)(b)(iii) when completing an order
115	for life sustaining treatment for the minor.
116	(2) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include:
117	(a) in compliance with Section 58-85-103:
118	(i) obtaining an investigational drug or investigational device;
119	(ii) administering the investigational drug to an eligible patient; or
120	(iii) treating an eligible patient with the investigational drug or investigational device;

121	or
122	(b) in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research and
123	Medical Cannabis:
124	(i) when registered as a qualified medical provider or acting as a limited medical
125	provider, as those terms are defined in Section 26B-4-201, recommending the use of medical
126	cannabis; <u>or</u>
127	(ii) when registered as a pharmacy medical provider, as that term is defined in Section
128	26B-4-201, providing pharmacy medical provider services in a medical cannabis pharmacy.
129	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), the division, in consultation with the board and
130	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define
131	unprofessional conduct for a physician described in Subsection (2)(b).
132	Section 3. Section 58-68-502 is amended to read:
133	58-68-502. Unprofessional conduct.
134	(1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes, in addition to the definition in Section
135	58-1-501:
136	(a) using or employing the services of any individual to assist a licensee in any manner
137	not in accordance with the generally recognized practices, standards, or ethics of the
138	profession, state law, or division rule;
139	(b) violating the dispensing requirements of Chapter 17b, Part 8, Dispensing Medical
140	Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if applicable;
141	(c) making a material misrepresentation regarding the qualifications for licensure under
142	Section 58-68-302.5;
143	(d) violating the requirements of Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research
144	and Medical Cannabis;
145	(e) performing or inducing an abortion in violation of the requirements of Section
146	76-7-302 or Section 76-7a-201, regardless of whether the individual licensed under this chapter
147	is found guilty of a crime in connection with the violation;
148	(f) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to conceal:
149	(i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter
150	or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
151	(ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (e) or Subsection 58-1-501(1); [or]

152	(g) performing or causing to be performed, upon an individual who is less than 18
153	years old[;]:
154	(i) a primary sex characteristic surgical procedure; or
155	(ii) a secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure[-]; or
156	(h) failing to comply with Subsection 75-2a-106(3)(b)(iii) when completing an order
157	for life sustaining treatment for the minor.
158	(2) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include:
159	(a) in compliance with Section 58-85-103:
160	(i) obtaining an investigational drug or investigational device;
161	(ii) administering the investigational drug to an eligible patient; or
162	(iii) treating an eligible patient with the investigational drug or investigational device;
163	or
164	(b) in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research and
165	Medical Cannabis:
166	(i) when registered as a qualified medical provider or acting as a limited medical
167	provider, as those terms are defined in Section 26B-4-201, recommending the use of medical
168	cannabis; or
169	(ii) when registered as a pharmacy medical provider, as that term is defined in Section
170	26B-4-201, providing pharmacy medical provider services in a medical cannabis pharmacy.
171	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), the division, in consultation with the board and
172	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define
173	unprofessional conduct for a physician described in Subsection (2)(b).
174	Section 4. Section 58-70a-503 is amended to read:
175	58-70a-503. Unprofessional conduct.
176	(1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes:
177	(a) violation of a patient confidence to any person who does not have a legal right and a
178	professional need to know the information concerning the patient;
179	(b) knowingly prescribing, selling, giving away, or directly or indirectly administering,
180	or offering to prescribe, sell, furnish, give away, or administer any prescription drug except for
181	a legitimate medical purpose upon a proper diagnosis indicating use of that drug in the amounts
182	prescribed or provided;

183	(c) prescribing prescription drugs for oneself or administering prescription drugs to
184	oneself, except those that have been legally prescribed for the physician assistant by a licensed
185	practitioner and that are used in accordance with the prescription order for the condition
186	diagnosed;
187	(d) in a practice that has physician assistant ownership interests, failure to allow a
188	physician the independent final decision making authority on treatment decisions for the
189	physician's patient;
190	(e) violating the dispensing requirements of Chapter 17b, Part 8, Dispensing Medical
191	Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if applicable;
192	(f) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to conceal:
193	(i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter
194	or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
195	(ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (e) or Subsection 58-1-501(1);
196	[and]
197	(g) violating the requirements of Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research
198	and Medical Cannabis[-]; or
199	(h) failing to comply with Subsection 75-2a-106(3)(b)(iii) when completing an order
200	for life sustaining treatment for the minor.
201	(2) (a) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include, in accordance with Title 26B,
202	Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research and Medical Cannabis, when registered as a qualified
203	medical provider or acting as a limited medical provider, as those terms are defined in Section
204	26B-4-201, recommending the use of medical cannabis.
205	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the division, in consultation with the board and
206	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define
207	unprofessional conduct for a physician assistant described in Subsection (2)(a).
208	Section 5. Section 75-2a-103 is amended to read:
209	75-2a-103. Definitions.
210	As used in this chapter:
211	(1) "Adult" means an individual who is:
212	(a) at least 18 years old; or

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(b) an emancipated minor.

214	(2) "Advance health care directive":
215	(a) includes:
216	(i) a designation of an agent to make health care decisions for an adult when the adult
217	cannot make or communicate health care decisions; or
218	(ii) an expression of preferences about health care decisions;
219	(b) may take one of the following forms:
220	(i) a written document, voluntarily executed by an adult in accordance with the
221	requirements of this chapter; or
222	(ii) a witnessed oral statement, made in accordance with the requirements of this
223	chapter; and
224	(c) does not include [a POLST order] an order for life sustaining treatment.
225	(3) "Agent" means an adult designated in an advance health care directive to make
226	health care decisions for the declarant.
227	(4) "APRN" means an individual who is:
228	(a) certified or licensed as an advance practice registered nurse under Subsection
229	58-31b-301(2)(e);
230	(b) an independent practitioner; and
231	[(c) acting under a consultation and referral plan with a physician; and]
232	[(d)] (c) acting within the scope of practice for that individual, as provided by law, rule,
233	and specialized certification and training in that individual's area of practice.
234	(5) "Best interest" means that the benefits to the [person] individual resulting from a
235	treatment outweigh the burdens to the [person] individual resulting from the treatment, taking
236	into account:
237	(a) the effect of the treatment on the physical, emotional, and cognitive functions of the
238	[person] individual;
239	(b) the degree of physical pain or discomfort caused to the [person] individual by the
240	treatment or the withholding or withdrawal of treatment;
241	(c) the degree to which the [person] individual's medical condition, the treatment, or
242	the withholding or withdrawal of treatment, result in a severe and continuing impairment of the
243	dignity of the [person] individual by subjecting the [person] individual to humiliation and
244	dependency;

245	(d) the effect of the treatment on the life expectancy of the [person] individual;
246	(e) the prognosis of the [person] individual for recovery with and without the
247	treatment;
248	(f) the risks, side effects, and benefits of the treatment, or the withholding or
249	withdrawal of treatment; and
250	(g) the religious beliefs and basic values of the [person] individual receiving treatment,
251	to the extent these may assist the decision maker in determining the best interest.
252	(6) "Capacity to appoint an agent" means that the adult understands the consequences
253	of appointing a particular [person] individual as agent.
254	(7) "Declarant" means an adult who has completed and signed or directed the signing
255	of an advance health care directive.
256	(8) "Default surrogate" means the adult who may make decisions for an individual
257	when either:
258	(a) an agent or guardian has not been appointed; or
259	(b) an agent is not able, available, or willing to make decisions for an adult.
260	(9) "Emergency medical services provider" means a person that is licensed, designated,
261	or certified under Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 1, Utah Emergency Medical Services System.
262	(10) "Generally accepted health care standards":
263	(a) is defined only for the purpose of:
264	(i) this chapter and does not define the standard of care for any other purpose under
265	Utah law; and
266	(ii) enabling health care providers to interpret the statutory form set forth in Section
267	75-2a-117; and
268	(b) means the standard of care that justifies a provider in declining to provide life
269	sustaining care because the proposed life sustaining care:
270	(i) will not prevent or reduce the deterioration in the health or functional status of an
271	individual;
272	(ii) will not prevent the impending death of an individual; or
273	(iii) will impose more burden on the individual than any expected benefit to the
274	individual.
275	(11) "Health care" means any care, treatment, service, or procedure to improve,

276 maintain, diagnose, or otherwise affect an individual's physical or mental condition. 277 (12) "Health care decision": 278 (a) means a decision about an adult's health care made by, or on behalf of, an adult, that 279 is communicated to a health care provider; 280 (b) includes: 281 (i) selection and discharge of a health care provider and a health care facility; (ii) approval or disapproval of diagnostic tests, procedures, programs of medication, 282 283 and orders not to resuscitate; and 284 (iii) directions to provide, withhold, or withdraw artificial nutrition and hydration and 285 all other forms of health care; and 286 (c) does not include decisions about an adult's financial affairs or social interactions 287 other than as indirectly affected by the health care decision. (13) "Health care decision making capacity" means an adult's ability to make an 288 informed decision about receiving or refusing health care, including: 289 290 (a) the ability to understand the nature, extent, or probable consequences of health 291 status and health care alternatives; 292 (b) the ability to make a rational evaluation of the burdens, risks, benefits, and 293 alternatives of accepting or rejecting health care; and 294 (c) the ability to communicate a decision. 295 (14) "Health care facility" means: 296 (a) a health care facility as defined in Title 26B, Chapter 2, Part 2, Health Care Facility 297 Licensing and Inspection; and 298 (b) private offices of physicians, dentists, and other health care providers licensed to 299 provide health care under Title 58, Occupations and Professions. 300 (15) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section 301 78B-3-403, except that "health care provider" does not include an emergency medical services

- provider. (16) (a) "Life sustaining care" means any medical intervention, including procedures, administration of medication, or use of a medical device, that maintains life by sustaining,
- restoring, or supplanting a vital function. 305

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(b) "Life sustaining care" does not include care provided for the purpose of keeping an

307	individual comfortable.
308	(17) "Order for life sustaining treatment" means an order related to life sustaining
309	treatment, on a form designated by the Department of Health and Human Services under
310	Section 75-2a-106, that gives direction to health care providers, health care facilities, and
311	emergency medical services providers regarding the specific health care decisions of the
312	individual to whom the order relates.
313	[(17)] (18) "Minor" means an individual who:
314	(a) is under 18 years old; and
315	(b) is not an emancipated minor.
316	[(18)] (19) "Physician" means a physician and surgeon or osteopathic surgeon licensed
317	under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic
318	Medical Practice Act.
319	[(19)] (20) "Physician assistant" means an individual licensed as a physician assistant
320	under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act.
321	[(20) "POLST order" means an order, on a form designated by the Department of
322	Health and Human Services under Section 75-2a-106, that gives direction to health care
323	providers, health care facilities, and emergency medical services providers regarding the
324	specific health care decisions of the individual to whom the order relates.]
325	(21) "Reasonably available" means:
326	(a) readily able to be contacted without undue effort; and
327	(b) willing and able to act in a timely manner considering the urgency of the
328	circumstances.
329	(22) "Substituted judgment" means the standard to be applied by a surrogate when
330	making a health care decision for an adult who previously had the capacity to make health care
331	decisions, which requires the surrogate to consider:
332	(a) specific preferences expressed by the adult:
333	(i) when the adult had the capacity to make health care decisions; and
334	(ii) at the time the decision is being made;
335	(b) the surrogate's understanding of the adult's health care preferences;
336	(c) the surrogate's understanding of what the adult would have wanted under the
337	circumstances; and

338	(d) to the extent that the preferences described in Subsections (22)(a) through (c) are
339	unknown, the best interest of the adult.
340	(23) "Surrogate" means a health care decision maker who is:
341	(a) an appointed agent;
342	(b) a default surrogate under the provisions of Section 75-2a-108; or
343	(c) a guardian.
344	Section 6. Section 75-2a-106 is amended to read:
345	75-2a-106. Emergency medical services Order for life sustaining treatment.
346	(1) [A POLST order] An order for life sustaining treatment may be created by or on
347	behalf of [a person] an individual as described in this section.
348	(2) [A POLST order] An order for life sustaining treatment shall, in consultation with
349	the [person] individual authorized to consent to the order pursuant to this section, be prepared
350	by:
351	(a) the physician, APRN, or[5] [subject to Subsection (11)5] physician assistant of the
352	[person] individual to whom the [POLST order] order for life sustaining treatment relates; or
353	(b) a health care provider who:
354	(i) is acting under the supervision of [a person] an individual described in Subsection
355	(2)(a); and
356	(ii) is:
357	(A) a nurse, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
358	(B) a physician assistant, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
359	Assistant Act;
360	(C) a mental health professional, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 60, Mental Health
361	Professional Practice Act; or
362	(D) another health care provider, designated by rule as described in Subsection (10).
363	(3) [A POLST order] An order for life sustaining treatment shall be signed:
364	(a) personally, by the physician, APRN, or[, subject to Subsection (11),] physician
365	assistant of the [person] individual to whom the [POLST order] order for life sustaining
366	treatment relates; and
367	(b) (i) if the [person] individual to whom the [POLST order] order for life sustaining
368	treatment relates is an adult with health care decision making capacity, by:

369	(A) the [person] individual; or
370	(B) an adult who is directed by the [person] individual to sign the [POLST order] order
371	for life sustaining treatment on behalf of the [person] individual;
372	(ii) if the [person] individual to whom the [POLST order] order for life sustaining
373	treatment relates is an adult who lacks health care decision making capacity, by:
374	(A) the surrogate with the highest priority under Section 75-2a-111;
375	(B) the majority of the class of surrogates with the highest priority under Section
376	75-2a-111; or
377	(C) [a person] an individual directed to sign the [POLST order] order for life sustaining
378	treatment by, and on behalf of, the [persons] individuals described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A)
379	or (B); or
380	(iii) if the [person] individual to whom the [POLST order] order for life sustaining
381	treatment relates is a minor, by a parent or guardian of the minor.
382	(4) If [a POLST order] an order for life sustaining treatment relates to a minor and
383	directs that life sustaining treatment be withheld or withdrawn from the minor, the order shall
384	include a certification by two physicians that, in their clinical judgment, an order to withhold or
385	withdraw life sustaining treatment is in the best interest of the minor.
386	(5) [A POLST order] An order for life sustaining treatment:
387	(a) shall be in writing, on a form designated by the Department of Health and Human
388	Services;
389	(b) shall state the date on which the [POLST order] order for life sustaining treatment
390	was made;
391	(c) may specify the level of life sustaining care to be provided to the [person]
392	individual to whom the order relates; and
393	(d) may direct that life sustaining care be withheld or withdrawn from the [person]
394	<u>individual</u> to whom the order relates.
395	(6) A health care provider or emergency medical service provider, licensed or certified
396	under Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 1, Utah Emergency Medical Services System, is immune from
397	civil or criminal liability, and is not subject to discipline for unprofessional conduct, for:
398	(a) complying with [a POLST order] an order for life sustaining treatment in good
399	faith; or

400	(b) providing life sustaining treatment to [a person] an individual when [a POLST
401	order] an order for life sustaining treatment directs that the life sustaining treatment be
402	withheld or withdrawn.
403	(7) To the extent that the provisions of [a POLST order] an order for life sustaining
404	treatment described in this section conflict with the provisions of an advance health care
405	directive made under Section 75-2a-107, the provisions of the [POLST order] order for life
406	sustaining treatment take precedence.
407	(8) An adult, or a parent or guardian of a minor, may revoke [a POLST order] an order
408	for life sustaining treatment by:
409	(a) orally informing emergency service personnel;
410	(b) writing "void" across the [POLST order] order for life sustaining treatment form;
411	(c) burning, tearing, or otherwise destroying or defacing:
412	(i) the [POLST order] order for life sustaining treatment form; or
413	(ii) a bracelet or other evidence of the [POLST order] order for life sustaining
414	<u>treatment;</u>
415	(d) asking another adult to take the action described in this Subsection (8) on the
416	[person] individual's behalf;
417	(e) signing or directing another adult to sign a written revocation on the [person]
418	individual's behalf;
419	(f) stating, in the presence of an adult witness, that the [person] individual wishes to
420	revoke the order; or
421	(g) completing a new [POLST order] order for life sustaining treatment.
422	(9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), a surrogate for an adult who lacks
423	health care decision making capacity may only revoke [a POLST order] an order for life
424	sustaining treatment if the revocation is consistent with the substituted judgment standard.
425	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), a surrogate who has authority under this
426	section to sign [a POLST order] an order for life sustaining treatment may revoke [a POLST
427	order] an order for life sustaining treatment, in accordance with Subsection (9)(a), by:
428	(i) signing a written revocation of the [POLST order] order for life sustaining
429	<u>treatment</u> ; or
430	(ii) completing and signing a new [POLST order] order for life sustaining treatment.

431	(c) A surrogate may not revoke [a POLST order] an order for life sustaining treatment
432	during the period of time beginning when an emergency service provider is contacted for
433	assistance, and ending when the emergency ends.
434	(10) (a) The Department of Health and Human Services shall make rules, in
435	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
436	(i) create the forms and systems described in this section; and
437	(ii) develop uniform instructions for the form established in Section 75-2a-117.
438	(b) The Department of Health and Human Services may make rules, in accordance
439	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to designate health care
440	professionals, in addition to those described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), who may prepare [a
441	POLST order] an order for life sustaining treatment.
442	(c) The Department of Health and Human Services may assist others with training of
443	health care professionals regarding this chapter.
444	[(11) A physician assistant may not prepare or sign a POLST order, unless the
445	physician assistant is permitted to prepare or sign the POLST order under the physician
446	assistant's delegation of services agreement, as defined in Section 58-70a-102.]
447	$\left[\frac{(12)}{(11)}\right]$ (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section:
448	(i) the provisions of Title 46, Chapter 4, Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, apply to
449	any signature required on the [POLST order] order for life sustaining treatment; and
450	(ii) a verbal confirmation satisfies the requirement for a signature from an individual
451	under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) or (iii), if:
452	(A) requiring the individual described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B), (ii), or (iii) to sign the
453	[POLST order] order for life sustaining treatment in person or electronically would require
454	significant difficulty or expense; and
455	(B) a licensed health care provider witnesses the verbal confirmation and signs the
456	[POLST order] order for life sustaining treatment attesting that the health care provider
457	witnessed the verbal confirmation.
458	(b) The health care provider described in Subsection [(12)(a)(ii)(B)] (11)(a)(ii)(B):
459	(i) may not be the same individual who signs the [POLST order] order for life
460	sustaining treatment under Subsection (3)(a); and
461	(ii) shall verify, in accordance with HIPAA as defined in Section 26B-3-126, the

identity of the individual who is providing the verbal confirmation.

- Section 7. **Effective date.**
- This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.