PEACE OFFICER AMENDMENTS
2018 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill clarifies that it is unlawful to flee from a peace officer.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• changes the statute for failure to stop at the command of a law enforcement officer,
to failure to stop at the command of a peace officer; and
 makes technical amendments.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
76-8-305.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 288
76-8-1403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 284
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 76-8-305.5 is amended to read:
76-8-305.5. Failure to stop at the command of a peace officer.
A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who flees from or otherwise attempts to



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28	elude a [law enforcement] <u>peace</u> officer:
29	(1) after the officer has issued a verbal or visual command to stop;
30	(2) for the purpose of avoiding arrest; and
31	(3) by any means other than a violation of Section 41-6a-210 regarding failure to stop a
32	vehicle at the command of a [law enforcement] peace officer.
33	Section 2. Section 76-8-1403 is amended to read:
34	76-8-1403. Evading law enforcement by going onto school property Penalty
35	Restitution.
36	(1) As used in this section:
37	(a) "School" means any public or private kindergarten, elementary, or secondary school
38	through grade 12, including all buildings and property of the school.
39	(b) "School property" means real property:
40	(i) that is owned or occupied by a public or private school; or
41	(ii) (A) that is temporarily occupied by students for a school-related activity or
42	program; and
43	(B) regarding which, during the time the activity or program is being conducted, the
44	main use of the real property is allocated to participants in the activity or program.
45	(2) A person is guilty of the class A misdemeanor of evading law enforcement while or
46	school property, if the person enters onto school property when:
47	(a) students are attending the school or students are participating in any school-related
48	activity or program on school property; and
49	(b) the person is in the act of fleeing or evading, or attempting to flee or evade, pursuit
50	or apprehension by any peace officer.
51	(3) It is not a defense that the person did not know that the person had entered onto
52	school property.
53	(4) As a part of the sentence for violation of this section, the court shall order the
54	defendant to reimburse the school for costs incurred by the school in responding to the
55	defendant's presence on the school property.
56	(5) The offense under this section of evading law enforcement while on school
57	property is a separate offense from a violation of:
58	(a) Section 41-6a-210, regarding failure to respond to an officer's signal to stop; or

(b) Section 76-8-305.5, regarding failure to stop at the command of a [law
 enforcement] peace officer.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel