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Candidate Nomination Procedures Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Andrew Stoddard

2 3 **LONG TITLE** 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill amends provisions relating to nominating candidates for elective office and 6 placing candidates on a ballot. 7 **Highlighted Provisions:** 8 This bill: 9 defines terms; 10 repeals provisions relating to a qualified political party; 11 • establishes two types of registered political parties: 12 • a primary nominating party that nominates candidates through signature-gathering 13 only, participates in the regular primary election, and has the name of the primary 14 nominating party listed on the regular general election ballot in association with the 15 party's candidates; and 16 a convention nominating party that nominates candidates using a method that does not 17 involve the signature-gathering process described in the preceding paragraph or participation in the regular primary election, and whose candidates are listed on the 18 19 regular general election ballot without an indication of the convention nominating 20 party that nominated the candidates; 21 requires a registered political party to choose whether to be a primary nominating party or 22 a convention nominating party; 23 modifies signature gathering thresholds; and 24 makes technical and conforming changes. 25 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 26 None 27 **Other Special Clauses:** 28 None 29 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 30 AMENDS:

17B-1-306 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 382,

- 32 465
- **20A-1-102** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 438
- **20A-1-201.5** (Effective 05/07/25) (Applies beginning 06/21/24), as last amended by
- Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special Session, Chapter 3
- **20A-1-501** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 234
- **20A-1-502** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 13
- **20A-1-502.5** (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 13
- **20A-1-503** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special
- 40 Session, Chapter 4
- **20A-1-1001** (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 116
- **20A-2-104** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 327,
- 43 406
- **20A-2-107** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 45, 89
- and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 89
- **20A-2-206** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 297
- **20A-5-101** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 45,
- 48 56, 106, 297, and 435
- **20A-6-301** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 136
- **20A-6-302** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
- **20A-6-304 (Effective 05/07/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 136
- **20A-8-103** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 116
- **20A-9-101**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 15, 45
- **20A-9-201 (Effective 05/07/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 465
- **20A-9-201.5** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 45
- **20A-9-202** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special
- 57 Session, Chapter 6
- **20A-9-403** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 503
- **20A-9-405 (Effective 05/07/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 325
- **20A-9-408.5** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 183
- **20A-9-411 (Effective 05/07/25)**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 296
- **20A-9-701** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 296
- **20A-21-101** (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 325
- **63G-2-305** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 18,
- 65 101, 135, 267, 344, and 522

66	ENACTS:
67	20A-9-402.1 (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953
68	20A-9-402.2 (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953
69	20A-9-402.3 (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953
70	20A-9-402.4 (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953
71	REPEALS:
72	20A-9-406 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 13
73	20A-9-407 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 13
74	20A-9-408 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 116
75	20A-9-409 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special
76	Session, Chapter 6
77	
78	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
79	Section 1. Section 17B-1-306 is amended to read:
80	17B-1-306 (Effective 05/07/25). Special district board Election procedures
81	Notice.
82	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (12), each elected board member shall be selected as
83	provided in this section.
84	(2)(a) Each election of a special district board member shall be held:
85	(i) at the same time as the municipal general election or the regular general election,
86	as applicable; and
87	(ii) at polling places designated by the special district board in consultation with the
88	county clerk for each county in which the special district is located, which polling
89	places shall coincide with municipal general election or regular general election
90	polling places, as applicable, whenever feasible.
91	(b) The special district board, in consultation with the county clerk, may consolidate two
92	or more polling places to enable voters from more than one district to vote at one
93	consolidated polling place.
94	(c)(i) Subject to Subsections (5)(h) and (i), the number of polling places under
95	Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in an election of board members of an irrigation district shall
96	be one polling place per division of the district, designated by the district board.
97	(ii) Each polling place designated by an irrigation district board under Subsection
98	(2)(c)(i) shall coincide with a polling place designated by the county clerk under
99	Subsection (2)(a)(ii).

100	(3)(a) The clerk of each special district with a board member position to be filled at the
101	next municipal general election or regular general election, as applicable, shall
102	provide notice of:
103	(i) each elective position of the special district to be filled at the next municipal
104	general election or regular general election, as applicable;
105	(ii) the constitutional and statutory qualifications for each position; and
106	(iii) the dates and times for filing a declaration of candidacy.
107	(b) If the election is to be held at the same time as the municipal general election, a
108	declaration of candidacy shall be filed on the days specified in Subsection
109	20A-9-203(3)(a)(i).
110	(c) If the election is to be held at the same time as the regular general election, a
111	declaration of candidacy shall be filed by the deadline stated in [Subsection
112	20A-9-201.5(2)] <u>Section 20A-9-201.5</u> .
113	(4) The clerk of the special district shall publish the notice described in Subsection (3)(a)
114	for the special district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least 10 days
115	before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy.
116	(5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), to become a candidate for an elective
117	special district board position, an individual shall file a declaration of candidacy in
118	person with an official designated by the special district within the candidate filing
119	period for the applicable election year in which the election for the special district
120	board is held and:
121	(i) during the special district's standard office hours, if the standard office hours
122	provide at least three consecutive office hours each day during the candidate filing
123	period that is not a holiday or weekend; or
124	(ii) if the standard office hours of a special district do not provide at least three
125	consecutive office hours each day, a three-hour consecutive time period each day
126	designated by the special district during the candidate filing period that is not a
127	holiday or weekend.
128	(b) When the candidate filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the filing
129	time shall be extended until the close of normal office hours on the following regular
130	business day.
131	(c) Subject to Subsection (5)(f), an individual may designate an agent to file a
132	declaration of candidacy with the official designated by the special district if:
133	(i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;

134	(ii) the designated agent appears in person before the official designated by the
135	special district; and
136	(iii) the individual communicates with the official designated by the special district
137	using an electronic device that allows the individual and official to see and hear
138	each other.
139	(d)(i) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy from an
140	individual, the filing officer shall:
141	(A) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification
142	requirements for the office that the individual is seeking; and
143	(B) require the individual to state whether the individual meets those requirements.
144	(ii) If the individual does not meet the qualification requirements for the office, the
145	filing officer may not accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.
146	(iii) If it appears that the individual meets the requirements of candidacy, the filing
147	officer shall accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.
148	(e) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:
149	"I, (print name), being first duly sworn, say that I reside at (Street)
150	, City of, County of, state of Utah,
151	(Zip Code), (Telephone Number, if any); that I meet the qualifications
152	for the office of board of trustees member for (state the name of
153	the special district); that I am a candidate for that office to be voted upon at the next election;
154	and that, if filing via a designated agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire
155	candidate filing period, and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official ballot
156	for that election.
157	(Signed)
158	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this day
159	of,
160	(Signed)
161	(Clerk or Notary Public)".
162	(f) An agent designated under Subsection (5)(c) may not sign the form described in
163	Subsection (5)(e).
164	(g) Each individual wishing to become a valid write-in candidate for an elective special
165	district board position is governed by Section 20A-9-601.
166	(h) If at least one individual does not file a declaration of candidacy as required by this
167	section an individual shall be appointed to fill that board position in accordance with

168	the appointment provisions of Section 20A-1-512.
169	(i) If only one candidate files a declaration of candidacy and there is no write-in
170	candidate who complies with Section 20A-9-601, the board, in accordance with
171	Section 20A-1-206, may:
172	(i) consider the candidate to be elected to the position; and
173	(ii) cancel the election.
174	(6)(a) A primary election may be held if:
175	(i) the election is authorized by the special district board; and
176	(ii) the number of candidates for a particular local board position or office exceeds
177	twice the number of persons needed to fill that position or office.
178	(b) The primary election shall be conducted:
179	(i) on the same date as the municipal primary election or the regular primary election,
180	as applicable; and
181	(ii) according to the procedures for primary elections provided under Title 20A,
182	Election Code.
183	(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), within one business day after the
184	deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy, the special district clerk shall certify
185	the candidate names to the clerk of each county in which the special district is located.
186	(b)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c) and in accordance with Section
187	20A-6-305, the clerk of each county in which the special district is located and the
188	special district clerk shall coordinate the placement of the name of each candidate
189	for special district office in the nonpartisan section of the ballot with the
190	appropriate election officer.
191	(ii) If consolidation of the special district election ballot with the municipal general
192	election ballot or the regular general election ballot, as applicable, is not feasible,
193	the special district board of trustees, in consultation with the county clerk, shall
194	provide for a separate special district election ballot to be administered by poll
195	workers at polling places designated under Subsection (2).
196	(c)(i) Subsections (7)(a) and (b) do not apply to an election of a member of the board
197	of an irrigation district established under Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act.
198	(ii)(A) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii)(B), the board of each irrigation district
199	shall prescribe the form of the ballot for each board member election.
200	(B) Each ballot for an election of an irrigation district board member shall be in a
201	nonnartisan format

202	(C) The name of each candidate shall be placed on the ballot in the order specified
203	under Section 20A-6-305.
204	(8)(a) Each voter at an election for a board of trustees member of a special district shall:
205	(i) be a registered voter within the district, except for an election of:
206	(A) an irrigation district board of trustees member; or
207	(B) a basic special district board of trustees member who is elected by property
208	owners; and
209	(ii) meet the requirements to vote established by the district.
210	(b) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are offices to be filled.
211	(c) The candidates who receive the highest number of votes are elected.
212	(9) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the election of special district board
213	members is governed by Title 20A, Election Code.
214	(10)(a) Except as provided in Subsection 17B-1-303(8), a person elected to serve on a
215	special district board shall serve a four-year term, beginning at noon on the January 1
216	after the person's election.
217	(b) A person elected shall be sworn in as soon as practical after January 1.
218	(11)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), each special district shall reimburse
219	the county or municipality holding an election under this section for the costs of the
220	election attributable to that special district.
221	(b) Each irrigation district shall bear the district's own costs of each election the district
222	holds under this section.
223	(12) This section does not apply to an improvement district that provides electric or gas
224	service.
225	(13) Except as provided in Subsection 20A-3a-605(1)(b), the provisions of Title 20A,
226	Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early Voting, do not apply to an election under this section.
227	(14)(a) As used in this Subsection (14), "board" means:
228	(i) a special district board; or
229	(ii) the administrative control board of a special service district that has elected
230	members on the board.
231	(b) If a board desires to hold elections for membership on the board at a regular general
232	election instead of a municipal general election, or at a municipal general election
233	instead of a regular general election, the board may submit an application to the
234	lieutenant governor that:
235	(i) requests permission to change the election year for membership on the board in a

236	manner described in this Subsection (14)(b);
237	(ii) indicates that a change in the election year is beneficial, based on potential cost
238	savings, a potential increase in voter turnout, or another material reason; and
239	(iii) if a change in the election year may result in shortening a board member's term
240	of office, indicates that the members of the board unanimously support the
241	lieutenant governor taking that action.
242	(c) Upon receipt of an application described in Subsection (14)(b), the lieutenant
243	governor may approve the if:
244	(i) the lieutenant governor concludes that changing the election year is beneficial
245	based on the criteria described in Subsection (14)(b)(ii); and
246	(ii) for an application that may result in shortening a board member's term of office,
247	the application satisfies the unanimity requirement described in Subsection
248	(14)(b)(iii).
249	(d) If the lieutenant governor approves a board's application described in this section:
250	(i) all future elections for membership on the board shall be held at the time of the
251	general election specified in the application; and
252	(ii) the board may not hold elections at the time of an election other than the general
253	election specified in the application, unless the board receives permission from the
254	lieutenant governor to change the election under the same procedure, and by
255	applying the same criteria, described in this Subsection (14).
256	(15)(a) This Subsection (15) applies to a special district if:
257	(i) the special district's board members are elected by the owners of real property, as
258	provided in Subsection 17B-1-1402(1)(b); and
259	(ii) the special district was created before January 1, 2020.
260	(b) The board of a special district described in Subsection (15)(a) may conduct an
261	election:
262	(i) to fill a board member position that expires at the end of the term for that board
263	member's position; and
264	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-1-512(1)(a)(i), to fill a vacancy in an unexpired
265	term of a board member.
266	(c) An election under Subsection (15)(b) may be conducted as determined by the special
267	district board, subject to Subsection (15)(d).
268	(d)(i) The special district board shall provide to property owners eligible to vote at
269	the special district election:

270	(A) notice of the election; and
271	(B) a form to nominate an eligible individual to be elected as a board member.
272	(ii)(A) The special district board may establish a deadline for a property owner to
273	submit a nomination form.
274	(B) A deadline under Subsection (15)(d)(ii)(A) may not be earlier than 15 days
275	after the board provides the notice and nomination form under Subsection
276	(15)(d)(i).
277	(iii)(A) After the deadline for submitting nomination forms, the special district
278	board shall provide a ballot to all property owners eligible to vote at the special
279	district election.
280	(B) A special district board shall allow at least five days for ballots to be returned.
281	(iv) A special district board shall certify the results of an election under this
282	Subsection (15) during an open meeting of the board.
283	Section 2. Section 20A-1-102 is amended to read:
284	20A-1-102 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
285	As used in this title:
286	(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive voter
287	by the county clerk.
288	(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines and
289	counts votes recorded on ballots and tabulates the results.
290	(3)(a) "Ballot" means the storage medium, including a paper, mechanical, or electronic
291	storage medium, that records an individual voter's vote.
292	(b) "Ballot" does not include a record to tally multiple votes.
293	(4) "Ballot proposition" means a question, issue, or proposal that is submitted to voters on
294	the ballot for their approval or rejection including:
295	(a) an opinion question specifically authorized by the Legislature;
296	(b) a constitutional amendment;
297	(c) an initiative;
298	(d) a referendum;
299	(e) a bond proposition;
300	(f) a judicial retention question;
301	(g) an incorporation of a city or town; or
302	(h) any other ballot question specifically authorized by the Legislature.
303	(5) "Bind," "binding," or "bound" means securing more than one piece of paper together

304	using staples or another means in at least three places across the top of the paper in the
305	blank space reserved for securing the paper.
306	(6) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and
307	20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
308	(7) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting the
309	proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
310	(8) "Business reply mail envelope" means an envelope that may be mailed free of charge by
311	the sender.
312	(9) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of election
313	results by the board of canvassers.
314	(10) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at the
315	canvass.
316	(11) "Contracting election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or
317	interlocal agreement with a provider election officer.
318	(12) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and
319	delegates are selected.
320	(13) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in
321	charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
322	(14) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during election
323	day.
324	(15) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room for use by the
325	poll workers and counting judges to count ballots.
326	(16) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be elected.
327	(17) "Date of the election" or "election day" or "day of the election":
328	(a) means the day that is specified in the calendar year as the day that the election
329	occurs; and
330	(b) does not include:
331	(i) deadlines established for voting by mail, military-overseas voting, or emergency
332	voting; or
333	(ii) any early voting or early voting period as provided under Chapter 3a, Part 6,
334	Early Voting.
335	(18) "Elected official" means:
336	(a) a person elected to an office under Section 20A-1-303 or Chapter 4, Part 6,
337	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project;

338	(b) a person who is considered to be elected to a municipal office in accordance with
339	Subsection [20A-1-206(1)(c)(ii)] <u>20A-1-206(2)(b)(ii);</u> or
340	(c) a person who is considered to be elected to a special district office in accordance
341	with Subsection 20A-1-206(3)(b)(ii).
342	(19) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a statewide
343	special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal primary
344	election, and a special district election.
345	(20) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by the Help
346	America Vote Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-252.
347	(21) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to file
348	declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.
349	(22) "Election judge" means a poll worker that is assigned to:
350	(a) preside over other poll workers at a polling place;
351	(b) act as the presiding election judge; or
352	(c) serve as a canvassing judge, counting judge, or receiving judge.
353	(23) "Election officer" means:
354	(a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots and elections;
355	(b) the county clerk for:
356	(i) a county ballot and election; and
357	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
358	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
359	(c) the municipal clerk for:
360	(i) a municipal ballot and election; and
361	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
362	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
363	(d) the special district clerk or chief executive officer for:
364	(i) a special district ballot and election; and
365	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
366	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; or
367	(e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for:
368	(i) a school district ballot and election; and
369	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
370	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5.
371	(24) "Election official" means any election officer, election judge, or poll worker.

- 372 (25) "Election results" means:
- 373 (a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and 374 the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or
- 375 (b) for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and against the bond proposition plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers may request.
- 377 (26) "Election returns" includes:
- 378 (a) the pollbook, the military and overseas absentee voter registration and voting
 379 certificates, one of the tally sheets, any unprocessed ballots, all counted ballots, all
 380 excess ballots, all unused ballots, all spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition form, and
 381 the total votes cast form; and
- 382 (b) the record, described in Subsection 20A-3a-401(8)(c), of voters contacted to cure a ballot.
- 384 (27) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.
- 387 (28) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who is listed as inactive by a county clerk 388 under Subsection 20A-2-505(4)(c)(i) or (ii).
- 389 (29) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.
- (30) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county courtjudge.
- 392 (31) "Local election" means a regular county election, a regular municipal election, a
 393 municipal primary election, a local special election, a special district election, and a
 394 bond election.
- 395 (32) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a special district, or a local school district.
- (33) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a
 local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision
 may vote.
- 400 (34) "Manual ballot" means a paper document produced by an election officer on which an individual records an individual's vote by directly placing a mark on the paper document using a pen or other marking instrument.
- 403 (35) "Mechanical ballot" means a record, including a paper record, electronic record, or mechanical record, that:
- 405 (a) is created via electronic or mechanical means; and

406	(b) records an individual voter's vote cast via a method other than an individual directly
407	placing a mark, using a pen or other marking instrument, to record an individual
408	voter's vote.
409	(36) "Municipal executive" means:
410	(a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102; or
411	(b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection
412	10-3b-103(6).
413	(37) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and, as
414	applicable, special districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of
415	each odd-numbered year for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
416	(38) "Municipal legislative body" [meansthe] means the council of the city or town in any
417	form of municipal government.
418	(39) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
419	(40) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be
420	elected.
421	(41) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
422	municipal office.
423	(42) "Municipality" means a city or town.
424	(43) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer for voters to
425	record their votes.
426	(44) "Official endorsement" means the information on the ballot that identifies:
427	(a) the ballot as an official ballot;
428	(b) the date of the election; and
429	(c)(i) for a ballot prepared by an election officer other than a county clerk, the
430	facsimile signature required by Subsection 20A-6-401(1)(a)(iii); or
431	(ii) for a ballot prepared by a county clerk, the words required by Subsection [
432	20A-6-301(1)(b)(iii)] <u>20A-6-301(1)(c)(iii)</u> .
433	(45) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the
434	election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.
435	(46) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to
436	participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party
437	Formation and Procedures.
438	(47)(a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist with an
439	election, voting, or counting votes.

- (b) "Poll worker" includes election judges.
- (c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher.
- 442 (48) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they appear to cast
- votes.
- 444 (49) "Polling place" means a building where voting is conducted.
- 445 (50) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot in
- which the voter marks the voter's choice.
- 447 (51) "Presidential Primary Election" means the election established in Chapter 9, Part 8,
- 448 Presidential Primary Election.
- 449 (52) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions held during the year of the
- regular general election.
- 451 (53) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that:
- 452 (a) is built into a voting machine; and
- (b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever.
- 454 (54) "Provider election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or
- interlocal agreement with a contracting election officer to conduct an election for the
- 456 contracting election officer's local political subdivision in accordance with Section
- 457 20A-5-400.1.
- 458 (55) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person:
- 459 (a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place;
- 460 (b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or
- (c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by a poll worker.
- 462 (56) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by
- Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information
- 464 to verify a person's legal right to vote.
- 465 (57)(a) "Public figure" means an individual who, due to the individual being considered
- for, holding, or having held a position of prominence in a public or private capacity,
- or due to the individual's celebrity status, has an increased risk to the individual's
- safety.
- (b) "Public figure" does not include an individual:
- 470 (i) elected to public office; or
- 471 (ii) appointed to fill a vacancy in an elected public office.
- 472 (58) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the
- duties of the position for which the individual was elected.

474 (59) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the official register at a polling place and provides the voter with a ballot.

- 476 (60) "Registration form" means a form by which an individual may register to vote under this title.
- 478 (61) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot.
- 479 (62) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first
- Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the
- purposes established in Section 20A-1-201.
- 482 (63) "Regular primary election" means the election, held on the date specified in Section
- 483 20A-1-201.5, to nominate candidates of political parties and candidates for nonpartisan
- local school board positions to advance to the regular general election.
- 485 (64) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah.
- 486 (65) "Return envelope" means the envelope, described in Subsection 20A-3a-202(4),
- provided to a voter with a manual ballot:
- (a) into which the voter places the manual ballot after the voter has voted the manual
- ballot in order to preserve the secrecy of the voter's vote; and
- (b) that includes the voter affidavit and a place for the voter's signature.
- 491 (66) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot, published as
- 492 provided in Section 20A-5-405.
- 493 (67) "Special district" means a local government entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose
- Local Government Entities Special Districts, and includes a special service district
- under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act.
- 496 (68) "Special district officers" means those special district board members who are required
- by law to be elected.
- 498 (69) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-203.
- 499 (70) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:
- 500 (a) is spoiled by the voter;
- (b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or
- 502 (c) lacks the official endorsement.
- 503 (71) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or the
- Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.
- 505 (72) "Tabulation system" means a device or system designed for the sole purpose of
- tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.
- 507 (73) "Ticket" means a list of:

508	(a) political parties;
509	(b) candidates for an office; or
510	(c) ballot propositions.
511	(74) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the counting
512	center.
513	(75) "Vacancy" means:
514	(a) except as provided in Subsection (75)(b), the absence of an individual to serve in a
515	position created by state constitution or state statute, whether that absence occurs
516	because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation, or other cause; or
517	(b) in relation to a candidate for a position created by state constitution or state statute,
518	the removal of a candidate due to the candidate's death, resignation, or
519	disqualification.
520	(76) "Valid voter identification" means:
521	(a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may
522	include:
523	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;
524	(ii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:
525	(A) the state; or
526	(B) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;
527	(iii) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;
528	(iv) a currently valid United States passport; or
529	(v) a currently valid United States military identification card;
530	(b) one of the following identification cards, whether or not the card includes a
531	photograph of the voter:
532	(i) a valid tribal identification card;
533	(ii) a Bureau of Indian Affairs card; or
534	(iii) a tribal treaty card; or
535	(c) two forms of identification not listed under Subsection (76)(a) or (b) but that bear the
536	name of the voter and provide evidence that the voter resides in the voting precinct,
537	which may include:
538	(i) a current utility bill or a legible copy thereof, dated within the 90 days before the
539	election;
540	(ii) a bank or other financial account statement, or a legible copy thereof;
541	(iii) a certified birth certificate:

542	(iv) a valid social security card;
543	(v) a check issued by the state or the federal government or a legible copy thereof;
544	(vi) a paycheck from the voter's employer, or a legible copy thereof;
545	(vii) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license;
546	(viii) certified naturalization documentation;
547	(ix) a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States;
548	(x) a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change;
549	(xi) a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card;
550	(xii) a currently valid identification card issued by:
551	(A) a local government within the state;
552	(B) an employer for an employee; or
553	(C) a college, university, technical school, or professional school located within
554	the state; or
555	(xiii) a current Utah vehicle registration.
556	(77) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in candidate
557	by following the procedures and requirements of this title.
558	(78) "Vote by mail" means to vote, using a manual ballot that is mailed to the voter, by:
559	(a) mailing the ballot to the location designated in the mailing; or
560	(b) depositing the ballot in a ballot drop box designated by the election officer.
561	(79) "Voter" means an individual who:
562	(a) meets the requirements for voting in an election;
563	(b) meets the requirements of election registration;
564	(c) is registered to vote; and
565	(d) is listed in the official register book.
566	(80) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in Section
567	20A-2-102.5.
568	(81) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting machines,
569	and ballot box.
570	(82) "Voting booth" means:
571	(a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation
572	of ballots, including the voting enclosure or curtain; or
573	(b) a voting device that is free standing.
574	(83) "Voting device" means any device provided by an election officer for a voter to vote a
575	mechanical ballot

576	(84) "Voting precinct" means the smallest geographical voting unit, established under
577	Chapter 5, Part 3, Duties of the County and Municipal Legislative Bodies.
578	(85) "Watcher" means an individual who complies with the requirements described in
579	Section 20A-3a-801 to become a watcher for an election.
580	(86) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.
581	(87) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for an individual, whose name is not printed on the
582	ballot, in accordance with the procedures established in this title.
583	Section 3. Section 20A-1-201.5 is amended to read:
584	20A-1-201.5 (Effective 05/07/25) (Applies beginning 06/21/24). Primary election
585	dates.
586	(1) The regular primary election shall be held throughout the state on the fourth Tuesday of
587	June of each even numbered year as provided in Section 20A-9-403, [20A-9-407, or
588	20A-9-408,]as applicable, to nominate persons for national, state, school board, and
589	county offices.
590	(2) A municipal primary election shall be held, if necessary, on the second Tuesday
591	following the first Monday in August before the regular municipal election to nominate
592	persons for:
593	(a) municipal offices; or
594	(b) local school board office for a new school district or a reorganized new school
595	district under Section 53G-3-302.
596	(3) A presidential primary election shall be held throughout the state on the first Tuesday in
597	March in the year in which a presidential election will be held.
598	Section 4. Section 20A-1-501 is amended to read:
599	20A-1-501 (Effective 05/07/25). Candidate vacancies Procedure for filling.
600	(1) As used in this section, "central committee" means:
601	(a) the state central committee of a political party, for a candidate for:
602	(i) United States senator, United States representative, governor, lieutenant governor,
603	attorney general, state treasurer, or state auditor; or
604	(ii) state legislator if the legislative district encompasses all or a portion of more than
605	one county; or
606	(b) the county central committee of a political party, for a party candidate seeking an
607	office, other than an office described in Subsection (1)(a), elected at an election held
608	in an even-numbered year.
609	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the central committee may certify the name of

610 another candidate to the appropriate election officer if: 611 (a) for a registered political party that will have a candidate on a ballot in a primary 612 election: 613 (i) after the close of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing 614 through the day before the day on which the lieutenant governor provides the list 615 described in Subsection $\left[\frac{20A-9-403(4)(a)}{20A-9-403(3)(a)}\right]$, only one or two 616 candidates from that party have filed a declaration of candidacy for that office and 617 one or both dies, resigns as a candidate, or is disqualified as a candidate; and 618 (ii) the central committee provides written certification of the replacement candidate 619 to the appropriate election officer before the day on which the lieutenant governor 620 provides the list described in Subsection [20A-9-403(4)(a)] 20A-9-403(3)(a); and 621 (b) for a registered political party that does not have a candidate on the ballot in a 622 primary, but will have a candidate on the ballot for a regular general election: 623 (i) after the close of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing 624 through the day before the day on which the lieutenant governor makes the 625 certification described in Section 20A-5-409, the party's candidate dies, resigns as 626 a candidate, or is disqualified as a candidate; and 627 (ii) the central committee provides written certification of the replacement candidate 628 to the appropriate election officer before the day on which the lieutenant governor 629 makes the certification described in Section 20A-5-409; or 630 (c) for a registered political party with a candidate certified as winning a primary election: 631 632 (i) after the close of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing 633 through the day before the day on which the lieutenant governor makes the 634 certification described in Section 20A-5-409, the party's candidate dies, resigns as 635 a candidate, or is disqualified as a candidate; and 636 (ii) the central committee provides written certification of the replacement candidate 637 to the appropriate election officer before the day on which the lieutenant governor 638 makes the certification described in Section 20A-5-409. 639 (3) If no more than two candidates from a political party have filed a declaration of 640 candidacy for an office elected at a regular general election and one resigns to become 641 the party candidate for another position, the central committee of that political party may 642 certify the name of another candidate to the appropriate election officer. 643 (4) Each replacement candidate shall file a declaration of candidacy as required by Title

644	20A, Chapter 9, Part 2, Candidate Qualifications and Declarations of Candidacy.
645	(5)(a) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (2)(a) after the
646	deadline described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) may not appear on the primary election
647	ballot.
648	(b) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (2)(b) after the deadline
649	described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii) may not appear on the general election ballot.
650	(c) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (2)(c) after the deadline
651	described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii) may not appear on the general election ballot.
652	(6) A political party may not replace a candidate who is disqualified for failure to timely
653	file a campaign disclosure financial report under Title 20A, Chapter 11, Campaign and
654	Financial Reporting Requirements, or Section 17-16-6.5.
655	(7) This section does not apply to a candidate vacancy for a nonpartisan office.
656	Section 5. Section 20A-1-502 is amended to read:
657	20A-1-502 (Effective 05/07/25). Midterm vacancy in office of United States
658	senator.
659	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), when a vacancy occurs in the office of
660	United States senator, the governor shall, within seven days after the day on which the
661	vacancy occurs, issue a proclamation calling a special congressional election to fill the
662	vacancy that:
663	(a) sets a date for a primary congressional special election, and a later date for a general
664	congressional special election, on the same day as one of the following elections:
665	(i) a municipal general election;
666	(ii) a presidential primary election;
667	(iii) a regular primary election; or
668	(iv) a regular general election;
669	(b) sets the date of the primary congressional special election on the same day as the
670	next election described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iv) that is more than 90 days
671	after the day on which the governor issues the proclamation;
672	(c) sets the date of the general special congressional election on the same day as the next
673	election described in Subsection (1)(a) that is more than 90 days after the primary
674	special congressional election described in Subsection (1)(b);
675	(d) provides each [registered political party that is not a qualified political] convention
676	nominating party at least 21 days, but no more than 28 days, to select one candidate,
677	in a manner determined by the [registered political] convention nominating party, as a

678 candidate for the [registered political] convention nominating party to appear on the 679 general special congressional election ballot, in the manner described in Subsection 680 20A-9-402.2(3) and Section 20A-6-301; 681 (e) for each [qualified political] primary nominating party, provides at least 21 days, but 682 no more than 28 days[:] 683 (i) for the qualified political party to select one candidate, using the convention 684 process described in Section 20A-9-407, as a candidate for the qualified political 685 party; and] 686 [(ii)] for a [member of the qualified political] qualified individual to seek the 687 nomination of the primary nominating party to submit signatures to qualify for 688 placement on the primary special congressional election ballot as a candidate for 689 the [qualified political] primary nominating party using the signature-gathering 690 process described in Section [20A-9-408] 20A-9-402.3; 691 (f) consistent with the requirements of this section, establishes the deadlines, time 692 frames, and procedures for filing a declaration of candidacy, giving notice of an 693 election, and other election requirements; and 694 (g) requires an election officer to comply with the requirements of Chapter 16, Uniform 695 Military and Overseas Voters Act. 696 (2)(a) The governor may set a date for a primary special congressional election or a 697 general special congressional election on a date other than a date described in 698 Subsection (1)(a) if: 699 (i) on the same day on which the governor issues the proclamation described in 700 Subsection (1) the governor calls a special session for the Legislature to 701 appropriate money to hold the election on a different day; or 702 (ii) if the governor issues the proclamation described in Subsection (1) on or after 703 January 1, but before the end of the general session of the Legislature, and 704 requests in the proclamation described in Subsection (1) that the Legislature 705 appropriate money to hold the election on a different day. 706 (b) If the Legislature does not, under Subsection (2)(a), appropriate money to hold the 707 election on a different day, the proclamation described in Subsection (1) is void and 708 the governor shall, within seven days after the day on which the Legislature declines 709 to appropriate money to hold the election on a different day, issue a proclamation, in 710 accordance with Subsection (1), that sets the special congressional primary and 711 general elections on dates described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iv).

712	(3) A special congressional election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States senator
713	will not be held if:
714	(a) the next regular general election that occurs after the day on which the vacancy
715	occurs is the regular general election that occurs immediately before the six-year term
716	for the senate office ends; and
717	(b) the vacancy occurs after August 1 of the year before the regular general election
718	described in Subsection (3)(a).
719	(4)(a) The governor shall appoint an individual to temporarily fill a vacancy in the
720	office of United States senator from one of three individuals nominated by the
721	Legislature, each of whom is a member of the political party of which the prior
722	officeholder was a member at the time the prior officeholder was elected.
723	(b) The individual appointed under Subsection (4)(a) shall serve as United States senator
724	until the earlier of the day on which:
725	(i) the vacancy is filled by election under Subsection (1) or (2); or
726	(ii) the six-year term for the senate office ends.
727	(5) An individual elected to fill a vacancy under this section shall serve until the end of the
728	current term in which the vacancy filled by the election occurs.
729	(6) A vacancy in the office of United States senator does not occur unless the senator:
730	(a) has left the office; or
731	(b) submits an irrevocable letter of resignation to the governor or to the president of the
732	United States Senate.
733	Section 6. Section 20A-1-502.5 is amended to read:
734	20A-1-502.5 (Effective 05/07/25). Midterm vacancy in office of United States
735	representative.
736	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (4), when a vacancy occurs in the office of
737	United States representative, the governor shall, within seven days after the day on
738	which the vacancy occurs, issue a proclamation calling a special congressional election
739	to fill the vacancy that:
740	(a) sets a date for a primary congressional special election, and a later date for a general
741	congressional special election, on the same day as one of the following elections:
742	(i) a municipal general election;
743	(ii) a presidential primary election;
744	(iii) a regular primary election; or
745	(iv) a regular general election:

746 (b) sets the date of the primary congressional special election on the same day as the 747 next election described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iv) that is more than 90 days 748 after the day on which the governor issues the proclamation;

- (c) sets the date of the general special congressional election on the same day as the next election described in Subsection (1)(a) that is more than 90 days after the primary special congressional election described in Subsection (1)(b);
- (d) provides each [registered political party that is not a qualified political] convention nominating party at least 21 days, but no more than 28 days, to select one candidate, in a manner determined by the [registered political] convention nominating party, as a candidate for the [registered political] convention nominating party to appear on the general special congressional election ballot, in the manner described in Subsection 20A-9-402.2(3) and Section 20A-6-301;
- (e) for each [qualified political] primary nominating party, provides at least 21 days, but no more than 28 days[:]
 - [(i) for the qualified political party to select one candidate, using the convention process described in Section 20A-9-407, as a candidate for the qualified political party; and]
 - [(ii)] _for a [member of the qualified political] qualified individual to seek the nomination of the primary nominating party to submit signatures to qualify_for placement on the primary special congressional election ballot as a candidate for the [qualified political] primary nominating party using the signature-gathering process described in Section [20A-9-408] 20A-9-402.3;
- (f) consistent with the requirements of this section, establishes the deadlines, time frames, and procedures for filing a declaration of candidacy, giving notice of an election, and other election requirements; and
- (g) requires an election officer to comply with the requirements of Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act.
- 773 (2) The governor may set a date for a primary special congressional election or a general 774 special congressional election on a date other than a date described in Subsection (1)(a) 775 if:
 - (a) on the same day on which the governor issues the proclamation described in Subsection (1) the governor calls a special session for the Legislature to appropriate money to hold the election on a different day; or
 - (b) if the governor issues the proclamation described in Subsection (1) on or after

780 January 1, but before the end of the general session of the Legislature, and requests in 781 the proclamation described in Subsection (1) that the Legislature appropriate money 782 to hold the election on a different day. 783 (3) If the Legislature does not, under Subsection (2), appropriate money to hold the election 784 on a different day, the proclamation described in Subsection (1) is void and the governor 785 shall, within seven days after the day on which the Legislature declines to appropriate 786 money to hold the election on a different day, issue a proclamation, in accordance with 787 Subsection (1), that sets the special congressional primary and general elections on dates 788 described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iv). 789 (4) A special congressional election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States 790 representative will not be held if the vacancy occurs fewer than 180 days before the next 791 regular general election. 792 (5) An individual who fills a vacancy under this section shall serve until the end of the 793 current term in which the vacancy occurs. 794 (6) A vacancy in the office of United States representative does not occur unless the 795 representative: 796 (a) has left the office; or 797 (b) submits an irrevocable letter of resignation to the governor or to the speaker of the 798 United States House of Representatives. 799 Section 7. Section **20A-1-503** is amended to read: 800 20A-1-503 (Effective 05/07/25). Midterm vacancies in the Legislature. 801 (1) As used in this section: 802 (a) "Filing deadline" means the final date for filing: 803 (i) a declaration of candidacy as provided in Section 20A-9-202; and 804 (ii) a certificate of nomination as provided in Section 20A-9-503. 805 (b) "Party liaison" means the political party officer designated to serve as a liaison with 806 the lieutenant governor on all matters relating to the political party's relationship with 807 the state as required by Section 20A-8-401. 808 (2) When a vacancy occurs for any reason in the office of representative in the Legislature, 809 the governor shall fill the vacancy by immediately appointing the person whose name 810 was submitted by the party liaison of the same political party as the prior representative. 811 (3)(a) Except as provided by Subsection (5), when a vacancy occurs for any reason in 812 the office of senator in the Legislature, it shall be filled for the unexpired term at the

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next regular general election.

814	(b) The governor shall fill the vacancy until the next regular general election by
815	immediately appointing the person whose name was submitted by the party liaison of
816	the same political party as the prior senator.
817	(4)(a) If a vacancy described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs after the filing deadline but
818	before August 31 of an even-numbered year in which the term of office does not
819	expire, the lieutenant governor shall:
820	(i) establish a date and time, which is before the date for a candidate to be certified
821	for the ballot under Section 20A-9-701 and no later than 21 days after the day on
822	which the vacancy occurred, by which a person intending to obtain a position on
823	the ballot for the vacant office shall file:
824	(A) a declaration of candidacy; or
825	(B) a certificate of nomination; and
826	(ii) give notice of the vacancy and the date and time described in Subsection (4)(a)(i):
827	(A) on the lieutenant governor's website; and
828	(B) to each registered political party.
829	(b) A person intending to obtain a position on the ballot for the vacant office shall:
830	(i) before the date and time specified in Subsection (4)(a)(i), file a declaration of
831	candidacy or certificate of nomination according to the procedures and
832	requirements of Chapter 9, Candidate Qualifications and Nominating Procedures;
833	and
834	(ii) run in the regular general election if:
835	(A) nominated as a party candidate; or
836	(B) qualified as an unaffiliated candidate as provided by Chapter 9, Candidate
837	Qualifications and Nominating Procedures.
838	(c) If a vacancy described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs after the deadline described in
839	Subsection [20A-9-202(1)(b)] <u>20A-9-201.5(2)</u> and before August 31, of an
840	even-numbered year in which the term of office does not expire, a party liaison from
841	each registered political party may submit a name of a person described in Subsection
842	(4)(b) to the lieutenant governor before 5 p.m. no later than August 30 for placement
843	on the regular general election ballot.
844	(5) If a vacancy described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs on or after August 31 of an
845	even-numbered year in which a term does not expire, the governor shall fill the vacancy
846	for the unexpired term by immediately appointing the person whose name was submitted
847	by the party liaison of the same political party as the prior senator.

848	Section 8. Section 20A-1-1001 is amended to read:
849	20A-1-1001 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
850	As used in this part:
851	(1)(a) "Clerk" means the lieutenant governor, a county clerk, municipal clerk, town
852	clerk, city recorder, or municipal recorder.
853	(b) "Clerk" includes a board of trustees under Title 17B, Chapter 1, Provisions
854	Applicable to All Special Districts.
855	(2) "Local petition" means:
856	(a) a manual or electronic local initiative petition described in Chapter 7, Part 5, Local
857	Initiatives - Procedures; or
858	(b) a manual or electronic local referendum petition described in Chapter 7, Part 6, Local
859	Referenda - Procedures.
860	(3) "Petition" means one of the following written requests, signed by registered voters,
861	appealing to an authority with respect to a particular cause:
862	(a) a local petition;
863	(b) a petition to consolidate two or more municipalities under Section 10-2-601;
864	(c) a petition for disincorporation of a municipality under Section 10-2-701;
865	(d) a petition to incorporate a proposed municipality under Section 10-2a-208;
866	(e) a petition to consolidate adjoining counties under Section 17-2-103;
867	(f) a petition to annex a portion of a county to an adjoining county under Section
868	17-2-203;
869	(g) a petition for the creation of a new county under Section 17-3-1;
870	(h) a petition for the removal of a county seat under Section 17-11-2;
871	(i) a petition for the adoption of an optional plan under Section 17-52a-303;
872	(j) a petition for the repeal of an optional plan under Section 17-52a-505;
873	(k) a petition to create a special district under Section 17B-1-203;
874	(l) a petition to withdraw an area from a special district under Section 17B-1-504;
875	(m) a petition to dissolve a special district under Section 17B-1-1303;
876	(n) a petition for issuance of local building authority bonds under Section 17D-2-502;
877	(o) a petition to become a registered political party under Section 20A-8-103;
878	(p) a nomination petition for municipal office under Section 20A-9-203;
879	[(q) a nomination petition for a regular primary election under Subsection
880	20A-9-403(3)(a) and Section 20A-9-405;]
881	[(r)] (q) a petition for a political party to qualify as a municipal political party under

882	Section 20A-9-404;
883	[(s)] (r) a petition for the nomination of a [qualified political party under Section
884	20A-9-408] primary nominating party under Section 20A-9-402.3;
885	[(t)] (s) a nomination petition for a candidate not affiliated with a political party under
886	Section 20A-9-502;
887	[(u)] (t) a nomination petition to become a delegate to a ratification convention under
888	Section 20A-15-103;
889	[(v)] (u) a petition to create a new school district under Section 53G-3-301;
890	[(w)] (v) a petition to consolidate school districts under Section 53G-3-401;
891	[(x)] (w) a petition to transfer a portion of a school district to another district under
892	Section 53G-3-501;
893	[(y)] (x) a petition to determine whether a privatization project agreement should be
894	approved under Section 73-10d-4; or
895	[(z)] (y) a statewide petition.
896	(4) "Statewide petition" means:
897	(a) a manual or electronic statewide initiative petition described in Chapter 7, Part 2,
898	Statewide Initiatives; or
899	(b) a manual or electronic statewide referendum petition described in Chapter 7, Part 3,
900	Statewide Referenda.
901	(5)(a) "Substantially similar name" means:
902	(i) the given name, the surname, or both, provided by the individual with the
903	individual's petition signature, contain only minor spelling differences when
904	compared to the given name and surname shown on the official register;
905	(ii) the surname provided by the individual with the individual's petition signature
906	exactly matches the surname shown on the official register, and the given names
907	differ only because one of the given names shown is a commonly used
908	abbreviation or variation of the other;
909	(iii) the surname provided by the individual with the individual's petition signature
910	exactly matches the surname shown on the official register, and the given names
911	differ only because one of the given names shown is accompanied by a first or
912	middle initial or a middle name which is not shown on the other record; or
913	(iv) the surname provided by the individual with the individual's petition signature
914	exactly matches the surname shown on the official register, and the given names
915	differ only because one of the given names shown is an alphabetically

916		corresponding initial that has been provided in the place of a given name shown
917		on the other record.
918	(b)	"Substantially similar name" does not include a name having an initial or a middle
919		name provided by the individual with the individual's petition signature that does not
920		match a different initial or middle name shown on the official register.
921	S	Section 9. Section 20A-2-104 is amended to read:
922	2	0A-2-104 (Effective 05/07/25). Voter registration form Registered voter lists
923	Fees	for copies.
924	(1) As	used in this section:
925	(a)	"Candidate for public office" means an individual:
926		(i) who files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
927		[(ii) who files a notice of intent to gather signatures under Section 20A-9-408; or]
928		[(iii)] (ii) employed by, under contract with, or a volunteer of, an individual described
929		in Subsection (1)(a)(i)[-or (ii)] for political campaign purposes.
930	(b)	"Dating violence" means the same as that term is defined in [Section 78B-7-402 and]
931		the federal Violence Against Women Act of 1994, as amended.
932	(c)	"Domestic violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1 and
933		the federal Violence Against Women Act of 1994, as amended.
934	(d)	"Hash Code" means a code generated by applying an algorithm to a set of data to
935		produce a code that:
936		(i) uniquely represents the set of data;
937		(ii) is always the same if the same algorithm is applied to the same set of data; and
938		(iii) cannot be reversed to reveal the data applied to the algorithm.
939	(e)	"Protected individual" means an individual:
940		(i) who submits a withholding request form with the individual's voter registration
941		record, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the individual indicates
942		on the form that the individual, or an individual who resides with the individual, is
943		a victim of domestic violence or dating violence or is likely to be a victim of
944		domestic violence or dating violence;
945		(ii) who submits a withholding request form with the individual's voter registration
946		record, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the individual indicates
947		on the form and provides verification that the individual, or an individual who
948		resides with the individual, is a law enforcement officer, a member of the armed
949		forces as defined in Section 20A-1-513, a public figure, or protected by a

protective order or protection order; or					
(iii) whose voter registration record was classified as a private record at the request					
the individual before May 12, 2020. (2)(a) An individual applying for voter registration, or an individual preregistering to					
		ndividual preregistering to vote,			
-	_	n form in substantially	the following form:		
		ELECTION REGIST			
Are you a	a citizen of the Unite	ed States of America?	Yes No		
If you che	ecked "no" to the ab	ove question, do not o	complete this form.		
Will you	be 18 years of age of	on or before election d	ay? Yes No		
If you che	ecked "no" to the ab	ove question, are you	16 or 17 years of age and		
preregistering	g to vote?		Yes No		
If you che	ecked "no" to both o	of the prior two question	ons, do not complete this form.		
Name of '	Voter				
First	Middle	Last			
Utah Driver License or Utah Identification Card					
Number Date of Birth					
City	County	State	Zip Code		
Telephone	e Number (optional)			
	dress (optional)				
Email Ad	idiess (optional)				
		eurity Number			
Last four	digits of Social Sec				
Last four Last form	digits of Social Sec	eurity Number			
Last four Last form known)	digits of Social Sec ner address at which	eurity Number	te (if		
Last four Last form known) City	digits of Social Sec ner address at which County	eurity Number			
Last four Last form known) City Political I	digits of Social Sec ner address at which County	eurity Number I was registered to vo	zip Code		
Last four Last form known) City Political I (a listing of	digits of Social Sec ner address at which County Party of each registered p	State Solitical party, as define	zip Code ed in Section 20A-8-101 and		
Last four Last form known) City Political I (a listing of	digits of Social Sec ner address at which County Party of each registered p y the lieutenant gov	State Solitical party, as define	zip Code		

specify)_____

I do swear (or affirm), subject to penalty of law for false statements, that the information contained in this form is true, and that I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state of Utah, residing at the above address. Unless I have indicated above that I am preregistering to vote in a later election, I will be at least 18 years of age and will have resided in Utah for 30 days immediately before the next election. I am not a convicted felon currently incarcerated for commission of a felony.

Signed and sworn

Voter's Signature

DDIVACN INCODA ATION

(month/day/year).

PRIVACY INFORMATION

Voter registration records contain some information that is available to the public, such as your name and address, some information that is available only to government entities, and some information that is available only to certain third parties in accordance with the requirements of law.

Your driver license number, identification card number, social security number, email address, full date of birth, and phone number are available only to government entities. Your year of birth is available to political parties, candidates for public office, certain third parties, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, in accordance with the requirements of law.

You may request that all information on your voter registration records be withheld from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by indicating here:

Yes, I request that all information on my voter registration records be withheld from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers.

REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL PRIVACY PROTECTION

In addition to the protections provided above, you may request that identifying information on your voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form, and any required verification, as described in the following paragraphs.

A person may request that identifying information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their

1018 contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form with this 1019 registration record, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the person is or is likely 1020 to be, or resides with a person who is or is likely to be, a victim of domestic violence or dating violence. 1021 1022 A person may request that identifying information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their 1023 1024 contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form and any 1025 required verification with this registration form, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, 1026 if the person is, or resides with a person who is, a law enforcement officer, a member of the 1027 armed forces, a public figure, or protected by a protective order or a protection order. CITIZENSHIP AFFIDAVIT 1028 1029 Name: 1030 Name at birth, if different: 1031 Place of birth: Date of birth: 1032 1033 Date and place of naturalization (if applicable): 1034 I hereby swear and affirm, under penalties for voting fraud set forth below, that I am a 1035 citizen and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the information above is true and 1036 correct. 1037 1038 Signature of Applicant 1039 In accordance with Section 20A-2-401, the penalty for willfully causing, procuring, or 1040 allowing yourself to be registered or preregistered to vote if you know you are not entitled to 1041 register or preregister to vote is up to one year in jail and a fine of up to \$2,500. 1042 NOTICE: IN ORDER TO BE ALLOWED TO VOTE, YOU MUST PRESENT VALID 1043 VOTER IDENTIFICATION TO THE POLL WORKER BEFORE VOTING, WHICH MUST 1044 BE A VALID FORM OF PHOTO IDENTIFICATION THAT SHOWS YOUR NAME AND 1045 PHOTOGRAPH; OR 1046 TWO DIFFERENT FORMS OF IDENTIFICATION THAT SHOW YOUR NAME 1047 AND CURRENT ADDRESS. 1048 FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY 1049 Type of I.D. 1050 Voting Precinct Voting I.D. Number _____ 1051

(b) The voter registration form described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include a section in
substantially the following form:
BALLOT NOTIFICATIONS
If you have provided a phone number or email address, you can receive notifications by
text message or email regarding the status of a ballot that is mailed to you or a ballot that you
deposit in the mail or in a ballot drop box, by indicating here:
Yes, I would like to receive electronic notifications regarding the status of my
ballot.
(c)(i) Except as provided under Subsection (2)(c)(ii), the county clerk shall retain a
copy of each voter registration form in a permanent countywide alphabetical file,
which may be electronic or some other recognized system.
(ii) The county clerk may transfer a superseded voter registration form to the
Division of Archives and Records Service created under Section 63A-12-101.
(3)(a) Each county clerk shall retain lists of currently registered voters.
(b) The lieutenant governor shall maintain a list of registered voters in electronic form.
(c) If there are any discrepancies between the two lists, the county clerk's list is the
official list.
(d) The lieutenant governor and the county clerks may charge the fees established under
the authority of Subsection 63G-2-203(10) to individuals who wish to obtain a copy
of the list of registered voters.
(4)(a) As used in this Subsection (4), "qualified person" means:
(i) a government official or government employee acting in the government official's
or government employee's capacity as a government official or a government
employee;
(ii) a health care provider, as defined in Section 26B-8-501, or an agent, employee, or
independent contractor of a health care provider;
(iii) an insurance company, as defined in Section 67-4a-102, or an agent, employee,
or independent contractor of an insurance company;
(iv) a financial institution, as defined in Section 7-1-103, or an agent, employee, or
independent contractor of a financial institution;
(v) a political party, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of a political

1086	party;
1087	(vi) a candidate for public office, or an employee, independent contractor, or
1088	volunteer of a candidate for public office;
1089	(vii) a person described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (vi) who, after obtaining a
1090	year of birth from the list of registered voters:
1091	(A) provides the year of birth only to a person described in Subsections (4)(a)(i)
1092	through [(vii)] (vi);
1093	(B) verifies that the person described in Subsection (4)(a)(vii)(A) is a person
1094	described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through [(vii)] (vi);
1095	(C) ensures, using industry standard security measures, that the year of birth may
1096	not be accessed by a person other than a person described in Subsections
1097	(4)(a)(i) through [(vii)] <u>(vi)</u> ;
1098	(D) verifies that each person described in Subsections (4)(a)(ii) through (iv) to
1099	whom the person provides the year of birth will only use the year of birth to
1100	verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an individual or to
1101	confirm the identity of a person in order to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse;
1102	(E) verifies that each person described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) to whom the person
1103	provides the year of birth will only use the year of birth in the person's capacity
1104	as a government official or government employee; and
1105	(F) verifies that each person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) to whom the
1106	person provides the year of birth will only use the year of birth for a political
1107	purpose of the political party or candidate for public office; or
1108	(viii) a person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) who, after obtaining
1109	information under Subsection (4)(n) and (o):
1110	(A) provides the information only to another person described in Subsection
1111	(4)(a)(v) or (vi);
1112	(B) verifies that the other person described in Subsection (4)(a)(viii)(A) is a
1113	person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi);
1114	(C) ensures, using industry standard security measures, that the information may
1115	not be accessed by a person other than a person described in Subsection
1116	(4)(a)(v) or (vi) ; and
1117	(D) verifies that each person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) to whom the
1118	person provides the information will only use the information for a political
1119	purpose of the political party or candidate for public office.

1120	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(j)(iv), and except as provided in
1121	Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(k) or (l), the lieutenant governor or a county clerk shall,
1122	when providing the list of registered voters to a qualified person under this section,
1123	include, with the list, the years of birth of the registered voters, if:
1124	(i) the lieutenant governor or a county clerk verifies the identity of the person and
1125	that the person is a qualified person; and
1126	(ii) the qualified person signs a document that includes the following:
1127	(A) the name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting the list of
1128	registered voters;
1129	(B) an indication of the type of qualified person that the person requesting the list
1130	claims to be;
1131	(C) a statement regarding the purpose for which the person desires to obtain the
1132	years of birth;
1133	(D) a list of the purposes for which the qualified person may use the year of birth
1134	of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters;
1135	(E) a statement that the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the
1136	list of registered voters may not be provided or used for a purpose other than a
1137	purpose described under Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D);
1138	(F) a statement that if the person obtains the year of birth of a registered voter
1139	from the list of registered voters under false pretenses, or provides or uses the
1140	year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered
1141	voters in a manner that is prohibited by law, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor
1142	and is subject to a civil fine;
1143	(G) an assertion from the person that the person will not provide or use the year of
1144	birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters in a
1145	manner that is prohibited by law; and
1146	(H) notice that if the person makes a false statement in the document, the person is
1147	punishable by law under Section 76-8-504.
1148	(c) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk:
1149	(i) may not disclose the year of birth of a registered voter to a person that the
1150	lieutenant governor or county clerk reasonably believes:
1151	(A) is not a qualified person or a person described in Subsection (4)(1); or
1152	(B) will provide or use the year of birth in a manner prohibited by law; and
1153	(ii) may not disclose information under Subsections (4)(n) or (o) to a person that the

1154	lieutenant governor or county clerk reasonably believes:
1155	(A) is not a person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi); or
1156	(B) will provide or use the information in a manner prohibited by law.
1157	(d) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose the voter registration
1158	form of a person, or information included in the person's voter registration form,
1159	whose voter registration form is classified as private under Subsection (4)(h) to a
1160	person other than:
1161	(i) a government official or government employee acting in the government official's
1162	or government employee's capacity as a government official or government
1163	employee; or
1164	(ii) subject to Subsection (4)(e), a person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) for
1165	a political purpose.
1166	(e)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(e)(ii), when disclosing a record or
1167	information under Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the lieutenant governor or county clerk
1168	shall exclude the information described in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(j), other than
1169	the year of birth.
1170	(ii) If disclosing a record or information under Subsection (4)(d)(ii) in relation to the
1171	voter registration record of a protected individual, the lieutenant governor or
1172	county clerk shall comply with Subsections (4)(n) through (p).
1173	(f) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose a withholding request
1174	form, described in Subsections (7) and (8), submitted by an individual, or information
1175	obtained from that form, to a person other than a government official or government
1176	employee acting in the government official's or government employee's capacity as a
1177	government official or government employee.
1178	(g) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the person:
1179	(i) obtains from the list of registered voters, under false pretenses, the year of birth of
1180	a registered voter or information described in Subsection (4)(n) or (o);
1181	(ii) uses or provides the year of birth of a registered voter, or information described in
1182	Subsection (4)(n) or (o), that is obtained from the list of registered voters in a
1183	manner that is not permitted by law;
1184	(iii) obtains a voter registration record described in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(k)
1185	under false pretenses;
1186	(iv) uses or provides information obtained from a voter registration record described
1187	in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(k) in a manner that is not permitted by law;

1188	(v) unlawfully discloses or obtains a voter registration record withheld under
1189	Subsection (7) or a withholding request form described in Subsections (7) and (8);
1190	or
1191	(vi) unlawfully discloses or obtains information from a voter registration record
1192	withheld under Subsection (7) or a withholding request form described in
1193	Subsections (7) and (8).
1194	(h) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk shall classify the voter registration record
1195	of a voter as a private record if the voter:
1196	(i) submits a written application, created by the lieutenant governor, requesting that
1197	the voter's voter registration record be classified as private;
1198	(ii) requests on the voter's voter registration form that the voter's voter registration
1199	record be classified as a private record; or
1200	(iii) submits a withholding request form described in Subsection (7) and any required
1201	verification.
1202	(i) Except as provided in Subsections (4)(d)(ii) and (e)(ii), the lieutenant governor or a
1203	county clerk may not disclose to a person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) a
1204	voter registration record, or information obtained from a voter registration record, if
1205	the record is withheld under Subsection (7).
1206	(j) In addition to any criminal penalty that may be imposed under this section, the
1207	lieutenant governor may impose a civil fine against a person who violates a provision
1208	of this section, in an amount equal to the greater of:
1209	(i) the product of 30 and the square root of the total number of:
1210	(A) records obtained, provided, or used unlawfully, rounded to the nearest whole
1211	dollar; or
1212	(B) records from which information is obtained, provided, or used unlawfully,
1213	rounded to the nearest whole dollar; or
1214	(ii) \$200.
1215	(k) A qualified person may not obtain, provide, or use the year of birth of a registered
1216	voter, if the year of birth is obtained from the list of registered voters or from a voter
1217	registration record, unless the person:
1218	(i) is a government official or government employee who obtains, provides, or uses
1219	the year of birth in the government official's or government employee's capacity
1220	as a government official or government employee;
1221	(ii) is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii), (iii), or (iv) and obtains or

1222	uses the year of birth only to verify the accuracy of personal information
1223	submitted by an individual or to confirm the identity of a person in order to
1224	prevent fraud, waste, or abuse;
1225	(iii) is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) and obtains,
1226	provides, or uses the year of birth for a political purpose of the political party or
1227	candidate for public office; or
1228	(iv) is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(vii) and obtains, provides, or
1229	uses the year of birth to provide the year of birth to another qualified person to
1230	verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an individual or to
1231	confirm the identity of a person in order to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse.
1232	(l) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may provide a year of birth to a member of
1233	the media, in relation to an individual designated by the member of the media, in
1234	order for the member of the media to verify the identity of the individual.
1235	(m) A person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) may not use or disclose
1236	information from a voter registration record for a purpose other than a political
1237	purpose.
1238	(n) Notwithstanding Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(k) or (l), the lieutenant governor or a
1239	county clerk shall, when providing the list of registered voters to a qualified person
1240	described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi), include, from the record of a voter whose
1241	record is withheld under Subsection (7), the information described in Subsection
1242	(4)(o), if:
1243	(i) the lieutenant governor or a county clerk verifies the identity of the person and
1244	that the person is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi); and
1245	(ii) the qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) signs a document
1246	that includes the following:
1247	(A) the name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting the list of
1248	registered voters;
1249	(B) an indication of the type of qualified person that the person requesting the list
1250	claims to be;
1251	(C) a statement regarding the purpose for which the person desires to obtain the
1252	information;
1253	(D) a list of the purposes for which the qualified person may use the information;
1254	(E) a statement that the information may not be provided or used for a purpose
1255	other than a purpose described under Subsection (4)(n)(ii)(D);

1256	(F) a statement that if the person obtains the information under false pretenses, or
1257	provides or uses the information in a manner that is prohibited by law, the
1258	person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and is subject to a civil fine;
1259	(G) an assertion from the person that the person will not provide or use the
1260	information in a manner that is prohibited by law; and
1261	(H) notice that if the person makes a false statement in the document, the person is
1262	punishable by law under Section 76-8-504.
1263	(o) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(p), the information that the lieutenant governor
1264	or a county clerk is required to provide, under Subsection (4)(n), from the record of a
1265	protected individual is:
1266	(i) a single hash code, generated from a string of data that includes both the voter's
1267	voter identification number and residential address;
1268	(ii) the voter's residential address;
1269	(iii) the voter's mailing address, if different from the voter's residential address;
1270	(iv) the party affiliation of the voter;
1271	(v) the precinct number for the voter's residential address;
1272	(vi) the voter's voting history; and
1273	(vii) a designation of which age group, of the following age groups, the voter falls
1274	within:
1275	(A) 25 or younger;
1276	(B) 26 through 35;
1277	(C) 36 through 45;
1278	(D) 46 through 55;
1279	(E) 56 through 65;
1280	(F) 66 through 75; or
1281	(G) 76 or older.
1282	(p) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose:
1283	(i) information described in Subsection (4)(o) that, due to a small number of voters
1284	affiliated with a particular political party, or due to another reason, would likely
1285	reveal the identity of a voter if disclosed; or
1286	(ii) the address described in Subsection (4)(o)(iii) if the lieutenant governor or the
1287	county clerk determines that the nature of the address would directly reveal
1288	sensitive information about the voter.
1289	(q) A qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi), may not obtain, provide,

1290 or use the information described in Subsection (4)(n) or (o), except to the extent that 1291 the qualified person uses the information for a political purpose of a political party or 1292 candidate for public office. 1293 (5) When political parties not listed on the voter registration form qualify as registered 1294 political parties under Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party Formation and Procedures, 1295 the lieutenant governor shall inform the county clerks of the name of the new political 1296 party and direct the county clerks to ensure that the voter registration form is modified to 1297 include that political party. 1298 (6) Upon receipt of a voter registration form from an applicant, the county clerk or the 1299 clerk's designee shall: 1300 (a) review each voter registration form for completeness and accuracy; and 1301 (b) if the county clerk believes, based upon a review of the form, that an individual may 1302 be seeking to register or preregister to vote who is not legally entitled to register or 1303 preregister to vote, refer the form to the county attorney for investigation and 1304 possible prosecution. 1305 (7) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk shall withhold from a person, other than a 1306 person described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), the voter registration record, and information 1307 obtained from the voter registration record, of a protected individual. 1308 (8)(a) The lieutenant governor shall design and distribute the withholding request form 1309 described in Subsection (7) to each election officer and to each agency that provides 1310 a voter registration form. 1311 (b) An individual described in Subsection (1)(e)(i) is not required to provide 1312 verification, other than the individual's attestation and signature on the withholding 1313 request form, that the individual, or an individual who resides with the individual, is a 1314 victim of domestic violence or dating violence or is likely to be a victim of domestic 1315 violence or dating violence. 1316 (c) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make 1317 rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 1318 establishing requirements for providing the verification described in Subsection 1319 (1)(e)(ii).1320 (9) An election officer or an employee of an election officer may not encourage an 1321 individual to submit, or discourage an individual from submitting, a withholding request 1322 form.

(10)(a) The lieutenant governor shall make and execute a plan to provide notice to

1323

1324	registered voters who are protected individuals, that includes the following
1325	information:
1326	(i) that the voter's classification of the record as private remains in effect;
1327	(ii) that certain non-identifying information from the voter's voter registration record
1328	may, under certain circumstances, be released to political parties and candidates
1329	for public office;
1330	(iii) that the voter's name, driver license or identification card number, social security
1331	number, email address, phone number, and the voter's day, month, and year of
1332	birth will remain private and will not be released to political parties or candidates
1333	for public office;
1334	(iv) that a county clerk will only release the information to political parties and
1335	candidates in a manner that does not associate the information with a particular
1336	voter; and
1337	(v) that a county clerk may, under certain circumstances, withhold other information
1338	that the county clerk determines would reveal identifying information about the
1339	voter.
1340	(b) The lieutenant governor may include in the notice described in this Subsection (10) a
1341	statement that a voter may obtain additional information on the lieutenant governor's
1342	website.
1343	(c) The plan described in Subsection (10)(a) may include providing the notice described
1344	in Subsection (10)(a) by:
1345	(i) publication on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 63A-16-601;
1346	(ii) publication on the lieutenant governor's website or a county's website;
1347	(iii) posting the notice in public locations;
1348	(iv) publication in a newspaper;
1349	(v) sending notification to the voters by electronic means;
1350	(vi) sending notice by other methods used by government entities to communicate
1351	with citizens; or
1352	(vii) providing notice by any other method.
1353	(d) The lieutenant governor shall provide the notice included in a plan described in this
1354	Subsection (10) before June 16, 2023.
1355	Section 10. Section 20A-2-107 is amended to read:
1356	20A-2-107 (Effective 05/07/25). Designating or changing party affiliation
1357	Times permitted.

1358	(1) As used in this section, "change of affiliation deadline" means:
1359	(a) for an election held in an even-numbered year in which a presidential election will be
1360	held, the day after the declaration of candidacy deadline described in Subsection [
1361	20A-9-201.5(2)(b)] <u>20A-9-201.5(2);</u> or
1362	(b) for an election held in an even-numbered year in which a presidential election will
1363	not be held, April 1.
1364	(2) The county clerk shall:
1365	(a) except as provided in Subsection (6) or 20A-2-107.5(3), record the party affiliation
1366	designated by the voter on the voter registration form as the voter's party affiliation; or
1367	(b) if no political party affiliation is designated by the voter on the voter registration
1368	form:
1369	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), record the voter's party affiliation as
1370	the party that the voter designated the last time that the voter designated a party on
1371	a voter registration form, unless the voter more recently registered as
1372	"unaffiliated"; or
1373	(ii) record the voter's party affiliation as "unaffiliated" if the voter:
1374	(A) did not previously designate a party;
1375	(B) most recently designated the voter's party affiliation as "unaffiliated"; or
1376	(C) did not previously register.
1377	(3)(a) Any registered voter may designate or change the voter's political party affiliation
1378	by complying with the procedures and requirements of this Subsection (3).
1379	(b) A registered voter may designate or change the voter's political party affiliation by
1380	filing with the county clerk, the municipal clerk, or the lieutenant governor a voter
1381	registration form or another signed form that identifies the registered political party
1382	with which the voter chooses to affiliate.
1383	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), a voter registration form or another signed
1384	form designating or changing a voter's political party affiliation takes effect when the
1385	county clerk receives the signed form.
1386	(d) The party affiliation of a voter who changes party affiliation, or who becomes
1387	unaffiliated from a political party, at any time on or after the change of affiliation
1388	deadline and on or before the date of the regular primary election, takes effect the day
1389	after the statewide canvass for the regular primary election.
1390	(4) For purposes of Subsection (3)(d), a form described in Subsection (3)(c) is received by
1391	the county clerk before the change of affiliation deadline if:

1392 (a) the individual submits the form in person at the county clerk's office no later than 5 1393 p.m. on the day before the change of affiliation deadline; 1394 (b) the individual submits the form electronically through the system described in 1395 Section 20A-2-206, at or before 11:59 p.m. before the day of the change of affiliation 1396 deadline; or 1397 (c) the individual's form is clearly postmarked before the change of affiliation deadline. 1398 (5) Subsection (3)(d) does not apply to the party affiliation designated by a voter on a voter 1399 registration form if: 1400 (a) the voter has not previously been registered to vote in the state; or 1401 (b) the voter's most recent party affiliation was changed to "unaffiliated" by a county 1402 clerk under Subsection (6). 1403 (6) If the most recent party affiliation designated by a voter is for a political party that is no 1404 longer a registered political party, the county clerk shall: 1405 (a) change the voter's party affiliation to "unaffiliated"; and 1406 (b) notify the voter electronically or by mail: 1407 (i) that the voter's affiliation has been changed to "unaffiliated" because the most 1408 recent party affiliation designated by the voter is for a political party that is no 1409 longer a registered political party; and 1410 (ii) of the methods and deadlines for changing the voter's party affiliation. 1411 Section 11. Section **20A-2-206** is amended to read: 1412 20A-2-206 (Effective 05/07/25). Electronic registration. 1413 (1) The lieutenant governor shall create and maintain an electronic system that is publicly 1414 available on the Internet for an individual to apply for voter registration or 1415 preregistration. 1416 (2) An electronic system for voter registration or preregistration shall require: 1417 (a) that an applicant have a valid driver license or identification card, issued under Title 1418 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act, that reflects the applicant's current 1419 principal place of residence; 1420 (b) that the applicant provide the information required by Section 20A-2-104, except 1421 that the applicant's signature may be obtained in the manner described in Subsections 1422 (2)(d) and (5); 1423 (c) that the applicant attest to the truth of the information provided; and 1424 (d) that the applicant authorize the lieutenant governor's and county clerk's use of the 1425 applicant's:

1426	(i) driver license or identification card signature, obtained under Title 53, Chapter 3,
1427	Uniform Driver License Act, for voter registration purposes; or
1428	(ii) signature on file in the lieutenant governor's statewide voter registration database
1429	developed under Section 20A-2-502.
1430	(3) Notwithstanding Section 20A-2-104, an applicant using the electronic system for voter
1431	registration or preregistration created under this section is not required to complete a
1432	printed registration form.
1433	(4) A system created and maintained under this section shall provide the notices concerning
1434	a voter's presentation of identification contained in Subsection [20A-2-104(1)]
1435	<u>20A-2-104(2)</u> .
1436	(5) The lieutenant governor shall:
1437	(a) obtain a digital copy of the applicant's driver license or identification card signature
1438	from the Driver License Division; or
1439	(b) ensure that the applicant's signature is already on file in the lieutenant governor's
1440	statewide voter registration database developed under Section 20A-2-502.
1441	(6) The lieutenant governor shall send the information to the county clerk for the county in
1442	which the applicant's principal place of residence is found for further action as required
1443	by Section 20A-2-304 after:
1444	(a) receiving all information from an applicant; and
1445	(b)(i) receiving all information from the Driver License Division; or
1446	(ii) ensuring that the applicant's signature is already on file in the lieutenant
1447	governor's statewide voter registration database developed under Section
1448	20A-2-502.
1449	(7) The lieutenant governor may use additional security measures to ensure the accuracy
1450	and integrity of an electronically submitted voter registration.
1451	(8) If an individual applies to register under this section no later than 11 calendar days
1452	before the date of an election, the county clerk shall:
1453	(a) accept and process the voter registration form;
1454	(b) unless the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote:
1455	(i) enter the applicant's name on the list of registered voters for the voting precinct in
1456	which the applicant resides; and
1457	(ii) notify the individual that the individual is registered to vote in the upcoming
1458	election; and
1459	(c) if the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote, comply with Section

1460	20A-2-101.1.
1461	(9) If an individual applies to register under this section after the deadline described in
1462	Subsection (8), the county clerk shall, unless the individual is preregistering to vote:
1463	(a) accept the application for registration; and
1464	(b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-2-207(6), if possible, promptly inform the
1465	individual that the individual will not be registered to vote in the pending election,
1466	unless the individual registers to vote by provisional ballot during the early voting
1467	period, if applicable, or on election day, in accordance with Section 20A-2-207.
1468	(10) The lieutenant governor shall provide a means by which a registered voter shall sign
1469	the application form.
1470	Section 12. Section 20A-5-101 is amended to read:
1471	20A-5-101 (Effective 05/07/25). Notice of election.
1472	(1) On or before November 15 in the year before each regular general election year, the
1473	lieutenant governor shall prepare and transmit a written notice to each county clerk that:
1474	(a) designates the offices to be filled at the next year's regular general election;
1475	(b) identifies the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy, and for submitting and
1476	certifying nomination petition signatures, as applicable, under Sections [20A-9-403,
1477	20A-9-407, and 20A-9-408] 20A-9-202 and 20A-9-202.3 for those offices; and
1478	(c) contains a description of any ballot propositions to be decided by the voters that have
1479	qualified for the ballot as of that date.
1480	(2)(a) No later than seven business days after the day on which the lieutenant governor
1481	transmits the written notice described in Subsection (1), each county clerk shall
1482	provide notice for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for
1483	seven days before the day of the election and in accordance with Subsection (3).
1484	(b) The county clerk shall prepare an affidavit of the posting under Subsection (2)(a),
1485	showing a copy of the notice and the places where the notice was posted.
1486	(3) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall:
1487	(a) designate the offices to be voted on in that election; and
1488	(b) identify the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices.
1489	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (6), before each election, the election officer shall give
1490	printed notice of the following information:
1491	(a) the date of election;
1492	(b) the hours during which the polls will be open;
1493	(c) the polling places for each voting precinct, early voting polling place, and election

1494	day voting center;
1495	(d) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available,
1496	the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the
1497	election officer will post on the website any changes to the location of a polling place
1498	and the location of any additional polling place;
1499	(e) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location of
1500	a polling place;
1501	(f) the qualifications for persons to vote in the election: and
1502	(g) instructions regarding how an individual with a disability, who is not able to vote a
1503	manual ballot by mail, may obtain information on voting in an accessible manner.
1504	(5) The election officer shall provide the notice described in Subsection (4) for the
1505	jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least seven days before
1506	the day of the election.
1507	(6) Instead of including the information described in Subsection (4) in the notice, the
1508	election officer may give printed notice that:
1509	(a) is entitled "Notice of Election";
1510	(b) includes the following: "A [indicate election type] will be held in [indicate the
1511	jurisdiction] on [indicate date of election]. Information relating to the election,
1512	including polling places, polling place hours, and qualifications of voters may be
1513	obtained from the following sources:"; and
1514	(c) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain the
1515	information described in Subsection (4):
1516	(i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website;
1517	(ii) the physical address of the jurisdiction offices; and
1518	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
1519	Section 13. Section 20A-6-301 is amended to read:
1520	20A-6-301 (Effective 05/07/25). Manual ballots Regular general election.
1521	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
1522	[(a) all manual ballots furnished for use at the regular general election contain:]
1523	[(i) no captions or other endorsements except as provided in this section;]
1524	[(ii) no symbols, markings, or other descriptions of a political party or group, except for
1525	a registered political party that has chosen to nominate its candidates in accordance
1526	with Section 20A-9-403; and]
1527	(iii) no indication that a candidate for elective office has been nominated by, or has

1528	been endorsed by, or is in any way affiliated with a political party or group, unless
1529	the candidate has been nominated by a registered political party in accordance with
1530	Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5);]
1531	(a) candidates of a primary nominating party who are, in accordance with Sections
1532	20A-9-402.3 and 20A-9-403, nominated to advance to the regular general election
1533	ballot appear on the general election ballot in association with the name of the
1534	primary nominating party;
1535	(b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-402.2(4) in relation to an election for
1536	president and vice president of the United States, candidates of a convention
1537	nominating party who are, in accordance with Section 20A-9-402.4, nominated to be
1538	placed on the regular general election ballot appear on the ballot without any
1539	indication of association with the convention nominating party;
1540	[(b)] (c) at the top of the ballot, the following endorsements are printed in 18 point bold
1541	type:
1542	(i) "Official Ballot for County, Utah";
1543	(ii) the date of the election; and
1544	(iii) the words "certified by the Clerk of County" or, as applicable, the
1545	name of a combined office that includes the duties of a county clerk;
1546	[(e)] (d) unaffiliated candidates, candidates not affiliated with a registered political party,
1547	and all other candidates for elective office who were not nominated by a [registered
1548	political] primary nominating party to advance to the general election ballot in
1549	accordance with [Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5)] Sections
1550	20A-9-402.3 and 20A-9-403, are listed with the other candidates for the same office
1551	in accordance with Section 20A-6-305, without a party name or title;
1552	[(d)] (e) each ticket containing the lists of candidates, including the party name and
1553	device, are separated by heavy parallel lines;
1554	[(e)] (f) the offices to be filled are plainly printed immediately above the names of the
1555	candidates for those offices;
1556	[(f)] (g) the names of candidates are printed in capital letters, not less than one-eighth nor
1557	more than one-fourth of an inch high in heavy-faced type not smaller than 10 point,
1558	between lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart; and
1559	[(g)] (h) on a ticket for a race in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote and in
1560	which a write-in candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601:
1561	(i) the ballot includes a space for a write-in candidate immediately following the last

1562	candidate listed on that ticket; or
1563	(ii) for the offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant
1564	governor, the ballot includes two spaces for write-in candidates immediately
1565	following the last candidates on that ticket, one placed above the other, to enable
1566	the entry of two valid write-in candidates.
1567	(2) An election officer shall ensure that:
1568	(a) each individual nominated by [any registered political party under Subsection
1569	20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5)] a primary nominating party to advance to
1570	the general election ballot in accordance with Sections 20A-9-402.3 and 20A-9-403,
1571	and no other individual, is placed on the ballot:
1572	(i) under the registered political party's name, if any; or
1573	(ii) under the title of the registered political party as designated [by them in their] in
1574	the certificates of nomination or petition, or, if none is designated, then under
1575	some suitable title;
1576	(b) the names of all unaffiliated candidates that qualify as required in Chapter 9, Part 5,
1577	Candidates not Affiliated with a Party, are placed on the ballot;
1578	(c) the names of the candidates for president and vice president are used on the ballot
1579	instead of the names of the presidential electors; and
1580	(d) the ballots contain no other names.
1581	(3) When the ballot contains a nonpartisan section, the election officer shall ensure that:
1582	(a) the designation of the office to be filled in the election and the number of candidates
1583	to be elected are printed in type not smaller than eight point;
1584	(b) the words designating the office are printed flush with the left-hand margin;
1585	(c) the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of candidates for
1586	which the voter may vote)" extend to the extreme right of the column;
1587	(d) the nonpartisan candidates are grouped according to the office for which they are
1588	candidates;
1589	(e) the names in each group are placed in the order specified under Section 20A-6-305
1590	with the surnames last; and
1591	(f) each group is preceded by the designation of the office for which the candidates seek
1592	election, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of
1593	candidates for which the voter may vote)," according to the number to be elected.
1594	(4) Each election officer shall ensure that:
1595	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed on the ballot in accordance

1596	with Section 20A-6-107;
1597	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are listed on the ballot in accordance with
1598	Section 20A-6-107;
1599	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the
1600	title assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206; and
1601	(d) the judicial retention section of the ballot includes a statement at the beginning
1602	directing voters to the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission's website in
1603	accordance with Subsection 20A-12-201(4).
1604	Section 14. Section 20A-6-302 is amended to read:
1605	20A-6-302 (Effective 05/07/25). Manual ballots Placement of candidates'
1606	names.
1607	(1) An election officer shall ensure, for manual ballots in regular general elections, that:
1608	(a) each candidate is listed by party, if nominated by a [registered political] primary
1609	nominating party under [Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5)]
1610	Sections 20A-9-202.3 and 20A-9-403;
1611	(b) candidates' surnames are listed in alphabetical order on the ballots when two or more
1612	candidates' names are required to be listed on a ticket under the title of an office; and
1613	(c) the names of candidates are placed on the ballot in the order specified under Section
1614	20A-6-305.
1615	(2)(a) When there is only one candidate for county attorney at the regular general
1616	election in counties that have three or fewer registered voters of the county who are
1617	licensed active members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the county clerk
1618	shall cause that candidate's name and party affiliation, if any, to be placed on a
1619	separate section of the ballot with the following question: "Shall (name of candidate)
1620	be elected to the office of county attorney? Yes No"
1621	(b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is
1622	elected to the office of county attorney.
1623	(c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not
1624	elected and may not take office, nor may the candidate continue in the office past the
1625	end of the term resulting from any prior election or appointment.
1626	(d) When the name of only one candidate for county attorney is printed on the ballot
1627	under authority of this Subsection (2), the county clerk may not count any write-in
1628	votes received for the office of county attorney.
1629	(e) If no qualified individual files for the office of county attorney or if the candidate is

1630 not elected by the voters, the county legislative body shall appoint the county 1631 attorney as provided in Section 20A-1-509.2. 1632 (f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (2)(f), be placed on 1633 the ballot under Subsection (2)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (2)(a) 1634 to the two consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate 1635 is seeking election, Subsection (2)(a) does not apply and that candidate shall be 1636 considered to be an unopposed candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate 1637 for another office, unless a petition is filed with the county clerk before 5 p.m. no 1638 later than one day before that year's primary election that: 1639 (i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (2)(a) to be followed; and 1640 (ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number 1641 at least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the 1642 last election at which a governor was elected. (3)(a) When there is only one candidate for district attorney at the regular general 1643 1644 election in a prosecution district that has three or fewer registered voters of the 1645 district who are licensed active members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the 1646 county clerk shall cause that candidate's name and party affiliation, if any, to be 1647 placed on a separate section of the ballot with the following question: "Shall (name of candidate) be elected to the office of district attorney? Yes _____ No ____." 1648 1649 (b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is 1650 elected to the office of district attorney. (c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not 1651 1652 elected and may not take office, nor may the candidate continue in the office past the 1653 end of the term resulting from any prior election or appointment. 1654 (d) When the name of only one candidate for district attorney is printed on the ballot 1655 under authority of this Subsection (3), the county clerk may not count any write-in 1656 votes received for the office of district attorney. 1657 (e) If no qualified individual files for the office of district attorney, or if the only 1658 candidate is not elected by the voters under this subsection, the county legislative 1659 body shall appoint a new district attorney for a four-year term as provided in Section 1660 20A-1-509.2. 1661 (f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (3)(f), be placed on 1662 the ballot under Subsection (3)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (3)(a)

to the two consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate

1663

1664	is seeking election, Subsection (3)(a) does not apply and that candidate shall be
1665	considered to be an unopposed candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate
1666	for another office, unless a petition is filed with the county clerk before 5 p.m. no
1667	later than one day before that year's primary election that:
1668	(i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (3)(a) to be followed; and
1669	(ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number
1670	at least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the
1671	last election at which a governor was elected.
1672	Section 15. Section 20A-6-304 is amended to read:
1673	20A-6-304 (Effective 05/07/25). Regular general election Mechanical ballots.
1674	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
1675	(a) the format and content of a mechanical ballot is arranged in approximately the same
1676	order as manual ballots;
1677	(b) the titles of offices and the names of candidates are displayed in vertical columns or
1678	in a series of separate displays;
1679	(c) the mechanical ballot is of sufficient length to include, after the list of candidates:
1680	(i) the names of candidates for judicial offices and any other nonpartisan offices; and
1681	(ii) any ballot propositions submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection;
1682	(d) the office titles are displayed above or at the side of the names of candidates so as to
1683	indicate clearly the candidates for each office and the number to be elected;
1684	(e) the party designation of each candidate who has been nominated by a [registered
1685	political] primary nominating party under [Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection
1686	20A-9-403(5)] Sections 20A-9-202.4 and 20A-9-403 is displayed adjacent to the
1687	candidate's name; and
1688	(f) if possible, all candidates for one office are grouped in one column or upon one
1689	display screen.
1690	(2) Each election officer shall ensure that:
1691	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are displayed in accordance with
1692	Section 20A-6-107;
1693	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are displayed in accordance with Section
1694	20A-6-107;
1695	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are displayed under the title
1696	assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206; and
1697	(d) the judicial retention section of the ballot includes a statement at the beginning

1698	directing voters to the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission's website in
1699	accordance with Subsection 20A-12-201(4).
1700	Section 16. Section 20A-8-103 is amended to read:
1701	20A-8-103 (Effective 05/07/25). Petition procedures Criminal penalty
1702	Removal of signature.
1703	(1) As used in this section, the proposed name or emblem of a registered political party is
1704	"distinguishable" if a reasonable person of average intelligence will be able to perceive a
1705	difference between the proposed name or emblem and any name or emblem currently
1706	being used by another registered political party.
1707	(2) To become a registered political party, an organization of registered voters that is not a
1708	continuing political party shall:
1709	(a) circulate a petition seeking registered political party status beginning no earlier than
1710	the date of the statewide canvass held after the last regular general election and
1711	ending before 5 p.m. no later than November 30 of the year before the year in which
1712	the next regular general election will be held;
1713	(b) file a petition with the lieutenant governor that is signed, with a holographic
1714	signature, by at least 2,000 registered voters before 5 p.m. no later than November 30
1715	of the year in which a regular general election will be held; and
1716	(c) file, with the petition described in Subsection (2)(b), [a document certifying:] the
1717	certification required in Subsection 20A-9-402.1(1) and, if applicable, Subsection
1718	20A-9-402.1(3).
1719	(i) [the identity of one or more registered political parties whose members may vote
1720	for the organization's candidates;
1721	[(ii) whether unaffiliated voters may vote for the organization's candidates; and]
1722	[(iii) whether, for the next election, the organization intends to nominate the
1723	organization's candidates in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-406.]
1724	(3) The petition shall:
1725	(a) be on sheets of paper 8-1/2 inches long and 11 inches wide;
1726	(b) be ruled with a horizontal line 3/4 inch from the top, with the space above that line
1727	blank for the purpose of binding;
1728	(c) contain the name of the political party and the words "Political Party Registration
1729	Petition" printed directly below the horizontal line;
1730	(d) contain the word "Warning" printed directly under the words described in Subsection
1731	(3)(c);

(e) contain, to the right of the word "Warning," the following statement printed in not less than 1732 1733 eight-point, single leaded type: 1734 "It is a class A misdemeanor for anyone to knowingly sign a political party registration 1735 petition signature sheet with any name other than the individual's own name or more than once 1736 for the same party or if the individual is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend 1737 to become registered to vote in this state before the petition is submitted to the lieutenant 1738 governor."; 1739 (f) contain the following statement directly under the statement described in Subsection (3)(e): "POLITICAL PARTY REGISTRATION PETITION To the Honorable _____, 1740 1741 Lieutenant Governor: 1742 We, the undersigned citizens of Utah, seek registered political party status for _____ 1743 (name); 1744 Each signer says: 1745 I have personally signed this petition with a holographic signature; 1746 I am registered to vote in Utah or will register to vote in Utah before the petition is 1747 submitted to the lieutenant governor; 1748 I am or desire to become a member of the political party; and 1749 My street address is written correctly after my name."; 1750 (g) be vertically divided into columns as follows: (i) the first column shall appear at the extreme left of the sheet, be 5/8 inch wide, be 1751 1752 headed with "For Office Use Only," and be subdivided with a light vertical line down the middle; 1753 1754 (ii) the next column shall be 2-1/2 inches wide, headed "Registered Voter's Printed 1755 Name (must be legible to be counted)"; 1756 (iii) the next column shall be 2-1/2 inches wide, headed "Holographic Signature of 1757 Registered Voter"; 1758 (iv) the next column shall be one inch wide, headed "Birth Date or Age (Optional)"; 1759 (v) the final column shall be 4-3/8 inches wide, headed "Street Address, City, Zip Code"; and 1760 1761 (vi) at the bottom of the sheet, contain the following statement: "Birth date or age information is not required, but it may be used to verify your identity with voter 1762 1763 registration records. If you choose not to provide it, your signature may not be 1764 certified as a valid signature if you change your address before petition signatures 1765 are certified or if the information you provide does not match your voter

1766	registration records.";
1767	(h) have a final page bound to one or more signature sheets that are bound together that
1768	contains the following printed statement:
1769	"Verification
1770	State of Utah, County of
1771	I,, of, hereby state that:
1772	I am a Utah resident and am at least 18 years old;
1773	All the names that appear on the signature sheets bound to this page were signed by
1774	individuals who professed to be the individuals whose names appear on the signature sheets,
1775	and each individual signed the individual's name on the signature sheets in my presence;
1776	I believe that each individual has printed and signed the individual's name and written
1777	the individual's street address correctly, and that each individual is registered to vote in Utah o
1778	will register to vote in Utah before the petition is submitted to the lieutenant governor.
1779	
1780	(Signature) (Residence Address) (Date)"; and
1781	(i) be bound to a cover sheet that:
1782	(i) identifies the political party's name, which may not exceed four words, and the
1783	emblem of the party;
1784	(ii) states the process that the organization will follow to organize and adopt a
1785	constitution and bylaws; and
1786	(iii) is signed by a filing officer, who agrees to receive communications on behalf of
1787	the organization.
1788	(4) The filing officer described in Subsection (3)(i)(iii) shall ensure that the individual in
1789	whose presence each signature sheet is signed:
1790	(a) is at least 18 years old;
1791	(b) meets the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105; and
1792	(c) verifies each signature sheet by completing the verification bound to one or more
1793	signature sheets that are bound together.
1794	(5) An individual may not sign the verification if the individual signed a signature sheet
1795	bound to the verification.
1796	(6) The lieutenant governor shall:
1797	(a) use the procedures described in Section 20A-1-1002 to determine whether a signer is
1798	a registered voter;
1799	(b) review the proposed name and emblem to determine if they are "distinguishable"

1800	from the names and emblems of other registered political parties; and
1801	(c) certify the lieutenant governor's findings to the filing officer described in Subsection
1802	(3)(i)(iii) within 30 days of the filing of the petition.
1803	(7)(a) If the lieutenant governor determines that the petition meets the requirements of
1804	this section, and that the proposed name and emblem are distinguishable, the
1805	lieutenant governor shall authorize the filing officer described in Subsection (3)(i)(iii)
1806	to organize the prospective political party.
1807	(b) If the lieutenant governor finds that the name, emblem, or both are not
1808	distinguishable from the names and emblems of other registered political parties, the
1809	lieutenant governor shall notify the filing officer that the filing officer has seven days
1810	to submit a new name or emblem to the lieutenant governor.
1811	(8) A registered political party may not change its name or emblem during the regular
1812	general election cycle.
1813	(9)(a) It is unlawful for an individual to:
1814	(i) knowingly sign a political party registration petition:
1815	(A) with any name other than the individual's own name;
1816	(B) more than once for the same political party; or
1817	(C) if the individual is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend to
1818	become registered to vote in this state before the petition is submitted to the
1819	lieutenant governor; or
1820	(ii) sign the verification of a political party registration petition signature sheet if the
1821	individual:
1822	(A) does not meet the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105;
1823	(B) has not witnessed the signing by those individuals whose names appear on the
1824	political party registration petition signature sheet; or
1825	(C) knows that an individual whose signature appears on the political party
1826	registration petition signature sheet is not registered to vote in this state and
1827	does not intend to become registered to vote in this state.
1828	(b) An individual who violates this Subsection (9) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
1829	(10)(a) A voter who signs a petition under this section may have the voter's signature
1830	removed from the petition by, no later than three business days after the day on
1831	which the petition is filed with the lieutenant governor, submitting to the lieutenant
1832	governor a statement requesting that the voter's signature be removed.
1833	(b) A statement described in Subsection (10)(a) shall comply with the requirements

1834	described in Subsection 20A-1-1003(2).
1835	(c) The lieutenant governor shall use the procedures described in Subsection
1836	20A-1-1003(3) to determine whether to remove an individual's signature from a
1837	petition after receiving a timely, valid statement requesting removal of the signature.
1838	Section 17. Section 20A-9-101 is amended to read:
1839	20A-9-101 . Definitions.
1840	As used in this chapter:
1841	(1)(a) "Candidates for elective office" means persons who file a declaration of
1842	candidacy under Section 20A-9-202 to run in a regular general election for a federal
1843	office, constitutional office, multicounty office, or county office.
1844	(b) "Candidates for elective office" does not mean candidates for:
1845	(i) justice or judge of court of record or not of record;
1846	(ii) presidential elector;
1847	(iii) any political party offices; and
1848	(iv) municipal or special district offices.
1849	(2) "Constitutional office" means the state offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney
1850	general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
1851	(3) "Continuing political party" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1852	20A-8-101.
1853	(4) "Convention nominating party" means a registered political party that:
1854	(a) timely makes the certification described in Subsection 20A-9-402.1(1)(b); or
1855	(b) fails to timely make a certification described in Subsection 20A-9-402.1(1).
1856	$[\underbrace{(4)}]$ $(\underline{5})$ (a) "County office" means an elective office where the officeholder is selected
1857	by voters entirely within one county.
1858	(b) "County office" does not mean:
1859	(i) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;
1860	(ii) the office of presidential elector;
1861	(iii) any political party offices;
1862	(iv) any municipal or special district offices; and
1863	(v) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative.
1864	[(5)] <u>(6)</u> "Electronic candidate qualification process" means[:]
1865	[(a) as it relates to a registered political party that is not a qualified political party,] the
1866	process for gathering signatures electronically to seek the nomination of a [registered
1867	political] primary nominating party, described in:

1868	(a) Section 20A-9-202.3;
1869	[(i)] (b) Section 20A-9-403; and
1870	[(ii) Section 20A-9-405, except Subsections 20A-9-405(3) and (5); and]
1871	[(iii)] (c) Section 20A-21-201[; and] .
1872	[(b) as it relates to a qualified political party, the process, for gathering signatures
1873	electronically to seek the nomination of a registered political party, described in:]
1874	[(i) Section 20A-9-405, except Subsections 20A-9-405(3) and (5);]
1875	[(ii) Section 20A-9-408; and]
1876	[(iii) Section 20A-21-201.]
1877	[(6)] (7) "Federal office" means an elective office for United States Senator and United
1878	States Representative.
1879	[(7)] <u>(8)</u> "Filing officer" means:
1880	(a) the lieutenant governor, for:
1881	(i) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative; and
1882	(ii) all constitutional offices;
1883	(b) for the office of a state senator, state representative, or the state school board, the
1884	lieutenant governor or the applicable clerk described in Subsection [(7)(c) or (d)]
1885	(8)(c) or (d);
1886	(c) the county clerk, for county offices and local school district offices;
1887	(d) the county clerk in the filer's county of residence, for multicounty offices;
1888	(e) the city or town clerk, for municipal offices; or
1889	(f) the special district clerk, for special district offices.
1890	[(8)] (9) "Local government office" includes county offices, municipal offices, and special
1891	district offices and other elective offices selected by the voters from a political division
1892	entirely within one county.
1893	[(9)] (10) "Manual candidate qualification process" means the process for gathering
1894	signatures to seek the nomination of a registered political party, using paper signature
1895	packets that a signer physically signs.
1896	[(10)] (11)(a) "Multicounty office" means an elective office where the officeholder is
1897	selected by the voters from more than one county.
1898	(b) "Multicounty office" does not mean:
1899	(i) a county office;
1900	(ii) a federal office;
1901	(iii) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;

1902	(iv) the office of presidential elector;
1903	(v) any political party offices; or
1904	(vi) any municipal or special district offices.
1905	[(11)] (12) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
1906	[(12)] (13)(a) "Political division" means a geographic unit from which an officeholder is
1907	elected and that an officeholder represents.
1908	(b) "Political division" includes a county, a city, a town, a special district, a school
1909	district, a legislative district, and a county prosecution district.
1910	[(13) "Qualified political party" means a registered political party that:]
1911	[(a)(i) permits a delegate for the registered political party to vote on a candidate
1912	nomination in the registered political party's convention remotely; or]
1913	[(ii) provides a procedure for designating an alternate delegate if a delegate is not present
1914	at the registered political party's convention;]
1915	[(b) does not hold the registered political party's convention before the fourth Saturday in
1916	March of an even-numbered year;]
1917	[(e) permits a member of the registered political party to seek the registered political
1918	party's nomination for any elective office by the member choosing to seek the
1919	nomination by either or both of the following methods:]
1920	[(i) seeking the nomination through the registered political party's convention process, in
1921	accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-407; or]
1922	[(ii) seeking the nomination by collecting signatures, in accordance with the provisions of
1923	Section 20A-9-408; and]
1924	[(d)(i) if the registered political party is a continuing political party, no later than 5 p.m.
1925	on the first Monday of October of an odd-numbered year, certifies to the lieutenant
1926	governor that, for the election in the following year, the registered political party intends
1927	to nominate the registered political party's candidates in accordance with the provisions
1928	of Section 20A-9-406; or]
1929	[(ii) if the registered political party is not a continuing political party, certifies at the time
1930	that the registered political party files the petition described in Section 20A-8-103 that,
1931	for the next election, the registered political party intends to nominate the registered
1932	political party's candidates in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-406.]
1933	(14) "Primary nominating party" means a registered political party that timely makes the
1934	certification described in Subsection 20A-9-402.1(1)(a).
1935	(15) "Qualified individual" means an individual who:

1936	(a) meets or, if applicable will timely meet, the qualifications for the office for which the
1937	individual is seeking the nomination of a registered political party;
1938	(b)(i) is a member of the registered political party for which the individual is seeking
1939	the nomination; or
1940	(ii) if the individual is not a member described in Subsection (15)(b)(i), the individual
1941	is permitted by the registered political party to seek the party's nomination; and
1942	(c) meets or, if applicable will timely meet, the residency requirements for the office for
1943	which the individual is seeking the nomination.
1944	[(14)] (16) "Signature," as it relates to a petition for a candidate to seek the nomination of a
1945	registered political party, means:
1946	(a) when using the manual candidate qualification process, a holographic signature
1947	collected physically on a nomination petition described in [Subsection 20A-9-405(3)]
1948	Section 20A-9-202.3; or
1949	(b) when using the electronic candidate qualification process:
1950	(i) an electronic signature collected under Subsection 20A-21-201(6)(c)(ii)(A); or
1951	(ii) a holographic signature collected electronically under Subsection
1952	20A-21-201(6)(c)(ii)(B).
1953	[(15)] (17) "Special district office" means an elected office in a special district.
1954	Section 18. Section 20A-9-201 is amended to read:
1955	20A-9-201 (Effective 05/07/25). Declarations of candidacy Candidacy for
1956	more than one office or of more than one political party prohibited with exceptions
1957	General filing and form requirements Affidavit of impecuniosity.
1958	(1) Before filing a declaration of candidacy for election to any office, an individual shall:
1959	(a) be a United States citizen; and
1960	(b) meet the legal requirements of that office[; and] .
1961	[(e) if seeking a registered political party's nomination as a candidate for elective office,
1962	state:]
1963	[(i) the registered political party of which the individual is a member; or]
1964	[(ii) that the individual is not a member of a registered political party.]
1965	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an individual may not:
1966	(i) file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more than one office in
1967	Utah during any election year;
1968	(ii) appear on the ballot as the candidate of more than one political party; or
1969	(iii) file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party of which the

1970	individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political party
1971	permits otherwise in the registered political party's bylaws.
1972	(b)(i) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for,
1973	president or vice president of the United States and another office, if the
1974	individual resigns the individual's candidacy for the other office after the
1975	individual is officially nominated for president or vice president of the United
1976	States.
1977	(ii) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more
1978	than one justice court judge office.
1979	(iii) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for lieutenant governor even in
1980	the individual filed a declaration of candidacy for another office in the same
1981	election year if the individual withdraws as a candidate for the other office in
1982	accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(6) before filing the declaration of
1983	candidacy for lieutenant governor.
1984	(3)(a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, before
1985	the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy, the filing officer shall:
1986	(i) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification requirements
1987	for the office that the individual is seeking;
1988	(ii) require the individual to state whether the individual meets the requirements
1989	described in Subsection (3)(a)(i);
1990	(iii) if the declaration of candidacy is for a county office, inform the individual that
1991	an individual who holds a county elected office may not, at the same time, hold a
1992	municipal elected office; and
1993	(iv) if the declaration of candidacy is for a legislative office, inform the individual
1994	that Utah Constitution, Article VI, Section 6, prohibits a person who holds a
1995	public office of profit or trust, under authority of the United States or Utah, from
1996	being a member of the Legislature.
1997	(b) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county attorney, the
1998	county clerk shall ensure that the individual filing that declaration of candidacy is:
1999	(i) a United States citizen;
2000	(ii) an attorney licensed to practice law in the state who is an active member in good
2001	standing of the Utah State Bar;
2002	(iii) a registered voter in the county in which the individual is seeking office; and
2003	(iv) a current resident of the county in which the individual is seeking office and

2004 either has been a resident of that county for at least one year before the date of the 2005 election or was appointed and is currently serving as county attorney and became 2006 a resident of the county within 30 days after appointment to the office. 2007 (c) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of district attorney, the 2008 county clerk shall ensure that, as of the date of the election, the individual filing that 2009 declaration of candidacy is: 2010 (i) a United States citizen; 2011 (ii) an attorney licensed to practice law in the state who is an active member in good 2012 standing of the Utah State Bar; 2013 (iii) a registered voter in the prosecution district in which the individual is seeking 2014 office; and 2015 (iv) a current resident of the prosecution district in which the individual is seeking 2016 office and either will have been a resident of that prosecution district for at least 2017 one year before the date of the election or was appointed and is currently serving 2018 as district attorney and became a resident of the prosecution district within 30 2019 days after receiving appointment to the office. 2020 (d) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county sheriff, the 2021 county clerk shall ensure that the individual filing the declaration: 2022 (i) is a United States citizen; 2023 (ii) is a registered voter in the county in which the individual seeks office; 2024 (iii)(A) has successfully met the standards and training requirements established 2025 for law enforcement officers under Title 53, Chapter 6, Part 2, Peace Officer 2026 Training and Certification Act; or 2027 (B) has met the waiver requirements in Section 53-6-206; 2028 (iv) is qualified to be certified as a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 2029 53-13-103; and 2030 (v) before the date of the election, will have been a resident of the county in which 2031 the individual seeks office for at least one year. 2032 (e) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of governor, lieutenant 2033 governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state legislator, or State 2034 Board of Education member, the filing officer shall ensure that the individual filing 2035 the declaration of candidacy also makes the conflict of interest disclosure described 2036 in Section 20A-11-1603. 2037 (4) If an individual who files a declaration of candidacy does not meet the qualification

2038	requirements for the office the individual is seeking, the filing officer may not accept the
2039	individual's declaration of candidacy.
2040	(5) If an individual who files a declaration of candidacy meets the requirements described
2041	in Subsection (3), the filing officer shall:
2042	(a) inform the individual that:
2043	(i) the individual's name will appear on the ballot as the individual's name is written
2044	on the individual's declaration of candidacy;
2045	(ii) the individual may be required to comply with state or local campaign finance
2046	disclosure laws; and
2047	(iii) the individual is required to file a financial statement before the individual's
2048	political convention under:
2049	(A) Section 20A-11-204 for a candidate for constitutional office;
2050	(B) Section 20A-11-303 for a candidate for the Legislature; or
2051	(C) local campaign finance disclosure laws, if applicable;
2052	(b) except for a presidential candidate, provide the individual with a copy of the current
2053	campaign financial disclosure laws for the office the individual is seeking and inform
2054	the individual that failure to comply will result in disqualification as a candidate and
2055	removal of the individual's name from the ballot;
2056	(c)(i) provide the individual with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the
2057	Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the
2058	individual of the submission deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a);
2059	(ii) inform the individual that the individual must provide the filing officer with an
2060	email address that the individual actively monitors:
2061	(A) to receive a communication from a filing officer or an election officer; and
2062	(B) if the individual wishes to display a candidate profile on the Statewide
2063	Electronic Voter Information Website, to submit to the website the
2064	biographical and other information described in Subsection 20A-7-801
2065	(4)(a)(ii);
2066	(iii) inform the individual that the email address described in Subsection (5)(c)(ii) is
2067	not a record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
2068	Management Act; and
2069	(iv) obtain from the individual the email address described in Subsection (5)(c)(ii);
2070	(d) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices described
2071	under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that

2072	(i) signing the pledge is voluntary; and
2073	(ii) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer;
2074	(e) accept the individual's declaration of candidacy; and
2075	(f) if the individual has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
2076	declaration of candidacy to the chair of the county or state political party [of] for
2077	which the individual is [a member] seeking nomination.
2078	(6) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing officer
2079	shall:
2080	(a) accept the candidate's pledge; and
2081	(b) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
2082	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party [of] for which the
2083	candidate is [a member] seeking nomination.
2084	[(7)(a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, the form
2085	of the declaration of candidacy shall:]
2086	(i) be substantially as follows:
2087	"State of Utah, County of
2088	I,, declare my candidacy for the office of, seeking the
2089	nomination of the party. I do solemnly swear, under penalty of perjury, that: I will meet
2090	the qualifications to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at
2091	in the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code Phone No; I will not
2092	knowingly violate any law governing campaigns and elections; if filing via a designated agent,
2093	I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing period; I will file all
2094	campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so
2095	will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and removal of my name from
2096	the ballot. The mailing address that I designate for receiving official election notices is
2097	
2098	
2099	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).]
2100	[Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath)."; and]
2101	[(ii) require the candidate to state, in the sworn statement described in Subsection (7)(a)(i):]
2102	[(A) the registered political party of which the candidate is a member; or]
2103	[(B) that the candidate is not a member of a registered political party.]
2104	[(b)] (7) An agent designated under Subsection [20A-9-202(1)(e)] 20A-9-202(1)(b) to file a
2105	declaration of candidacy may not sign the form described in Subsection (7)(a) or

2106	Section 20A-9-408.5.
2107	(8)(a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, the fee
2108	for filing a declaration of candidacy is:
2109	(i) \$50 for candidates for the local school district board; and
2110	(ii) \$50 plus 1/8 of 1% of the total salary for the full term of office legally paid to the
2111	person holding the office for all other federal, state, and county offices.
2112	(b) Except for presidential candidates, the filing officer shall refund the filing fee to any
2113	candidate:
2114	(i) who is disqualified; or
2115	(ii) who the filing officer determines has filed improperly.
2116	(c)(i) The county clerk shall immediately pay to the county treasurer all fees received
2117	from candidates.
2118	(ii) The lieutenant governor shall:
2119	(A) apportion to and pay to the county treasurers of the various counties all fees
2120	received for filing of nomination certificates or acceptances; and
2121	(B) ensure that each county receives that proportion of the total amount paid to the
2122	lieutenant governor from the congressional district that the total vote of that
2123	county for all candidates for representative in Congress bears to the total vote
2124	of all counties within the congressional district for all candidates for
2125	representative in Congress.
2126	(d)(i) A person who is unable to pay the filing fee may file a declaration of
2127	candidacy without payment of the filing fee upon a prima facie showing of
2128	impecuniosity as evidenced by an affidavit of impecuniosity filed with the filing
2129	officer and, if requested by the filing officer, a financial statement filed at the time
2130	the affidavit is submitted.
2131	(ii) A person who is able to pay the filing fee may not claim impecuniosity.
2132	(iii)(A) False statements made on an affidavit of impecuniosity or a financial
2133	statement filed under this section shall be subject to the criminal penalties
2134	provided under Sections 76-8-503 and 76-8-504 and any other applicable
2135	criminal provision.
2136	(B) Conviction of a criminal offense under Subsection (8)(d)(iii)(A) shall be
2137	considered an offense under this title for the purposes of assessing the penalties
2138	provided in Subsection 20A-1-609(2).
2139	(iv) The filing officer shall ensure that the affidavit of impecuniosity is printed in substantially

2140	the following form:
2141	"Affidavit of Impecuniosity
2142	Individual Name
2143	Address
2144	Phone Number
2145	I,(name), do solemnly [swear] [affirm], under penalty of
2146	law for false statements, that, owing to my poverty, I am unable to pay the filing fee required
2147	by law.
2148	Date
2149	Signature Affiant
2150	Subscribed and sworn to before me on (month\day\year)
2151	
2152	(signature)
2153	Name and Title of Officer Authorized to Administer Oath".
2154	(v) The filing officer shall provide to a person who requests an affidavit of impecuniosity a
2155	statement printed in substantially the following form, which may be included on the affidavit
2156	of impecuniosity:
2157	"Filing a false statement is a criminal offense. In accordance with Section 20A-1-609, a
2158	candidate who is found guilty of filing a false statement, in addition to being subject to
2159	criminal penalties, will be removed from the ballot."
2160	(vi) The filing officer may request that a person who makes a claim of impecuniosity
2161	under this Subsection (8)(d) file a financial statement on a form prepared by the
2162	election official.
2163	(9) An individual who fails to file a declaration of candidacy or certificate of nomination
2164	within the time provided in this chapter is ineligible for nomination to office.
2165	(10) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section may not be amended or modified
2166	after the final date established for filing a declaration of candidacy.
2167	Section 19. Section 20A-9-201.5 is amended to read:
2168	20A-9-201.5 (Effective 05/07/25). Declaration of candidacy filing period for a
2169	registered political party.
2170	[(1) In 2022, for a qualified political party, the filing period to file a declaration of
2171	candidacy for an elective office that is to be filled at the next regular general election
2172	begins at 8 a.m. on February 28, 2022, and ends at 5 p.m. on March 4, 2022.]
2173	[(2) Beginning on January 1, 2024, for a qualified political party, the] For a registered

2174	political party, the filing period to file a declaration of candidacy for an elective office
2175	that is to be filled at the next regular general election:
2176	[(a)] (1) begins at 8:00 a.m. on the later of:
2177	[(i)] (a) January 2 of the year in which the next regular general election is held; or
2178	[(ii)] (b) if January 2 is not a business day, the first business day after January 2; and
2179	[(b)] (2) ends at 5 p.m. on the fourth business day after the day on which the filing period
2180	begins.
2181	Section 20. Section 20A-9-202 is amended to read:
2182	20A-9-202 (Effective 05/07/25). Declarations of candidacy for regular general
2183	elections.
2184	(1)(a) An individual seeking to become a candidate for an elective office that is to be
2185	filled at the next regular general election shall:
2186	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(1)(e)] (1)(b), file a declaration of candidacy in
2187	person with the filing officer[-on or after January 1 of the regular general election
2188	year, and, if applicable, before the individual circulates nomination petitions under
2189	Section 20A-9-405] <u>:</u>
2190	(A) during the applicable candidacy filing period; and
2191	(B) for a individual seeking the nomination of a primary nominating party, before
2192	the individual circulates nomination petitions under Section 20A-9-202.3; and
2193	(ii) pay the filing fee.
2194	[(b) Unless expressly provided otherwise in this title, for a registered political party that
2195	is not a qualified political party, the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for
2196	an elective office that is to be filled at the next regular general election is 5 p.m. on
2197	the first Monday after the fourth Saturday in April.]
2198	$[\underline{\text{(c)}}]$ $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ Subject to Subsection $[\underline{20A-9-201(7)(b)}]$ $\underline{20A-9-201(7)}$, an individual may
2199	designate an agent to file a declaration of candidacy with the filing officer if:
2200	(i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;
2201	(ii) the designated agent appears in person before the filing officer;
2202	(iii) the individual communicates with the filing officer using an electronic device
2203	that allows the individual and filing officer to see and hear each other; and
2204	(iv) the individual provides the filing officer with an email address to which the filing
2205	officer may send the individual the copies described in Subsection 20A-9-201(5).
2206	[(d)] (c) Each county clerk who receives a declaration of candidacy from a candidate for
2207	multicounty office shall transmit the filing fee and a copy of the candidate's

2208	declaration of candidacy to the lieutenant governor within one business day after the
2209	candidate files the declaration of candidacy.
2210	[(e)] (d) Each day during the filing period, each county clerk shall notify the lieutenant
2211	governor electronically or by telephone of candidates who have filed a declaration of
2212	candidacy with the county clerk.
2213	[(f)] (e) Each individual seeking the office of lieutenant governor, the office of district
2214	attorney, or the office of president or vice president of the United States shall comply
2215	with the specific declaration of candidacy requirements established by this section.
2216	(2)(a) Each individual intending to become a candidate for the office of district attorney
2217	within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next regular general
2218	election shall:
2219	(i) file a declaration of candidacy with the clerk designated in the interlocal
2220	agreement creating the prosecution district[-on or after January 1 of the regular
2221	general election year, and] :
2222	(A) during the applicable candidacy filing period; and
2223	(B) for a individual seeking the nomination of a primary nominating party, before
2224	the individual circulates nomination petitions under Section [20A-9-405]
2225	<u>20A-9-202.3;</u> and
2226	(ii) pay the filing fee.
2227	(b) The designated clerk shall provide to the county clerk of each county in the
2228	prosecution district a certified copy of each declaration of candidacy filed for the
2229	office of district attorney.
2230	(3)(a) [Before the deadline described in Subsection (1)(b)] <u>During the applicable</u>
2231	candidacy filing period, each lieutenant governor candidate shall:
2232	(i) file a declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor;
2233	(ii) pay the filing fee; and
2234	(iii) submit a letter from a candidate for governor who has received certification for
2235	the primary-election ballot under Section 20A-9-403 that names the lieutenant
2236	governor candidate as a joint-ticket running mate.
2237	(b)(i) A candidate for lieutenant governor who fails to timely file is disqualified.
2238	(ii) If a candidate for lieutenant governor is disqualified, another candidate may file
2239	to replace the disqualified candidate.
2240	(4) Before 5 p.m. no later than August 31, each registered political party shall:
2241	(a) certify the names of the political party's candidates for president and vice president of

2242	the United States to the lieutenant governor; or
2243	(b) provide written authorization for the lieutenant governor to accept the certification of
2244	candidates for president and vice president of the United States from the national
2245	office of the registered political party.
2246	(5)(a) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section is valid unless a written
2247	objection is filed with the clerk or lieutenant governor before 5 p.m. on the last
2248	business day that is at least 10 days before the [deadline described in Subsection
2249	20A-9-409(4)(e)] first Wednesday before the fourth Saturday in April.
2250	(b) If an objection is made, the clerk or lieutenant governor shall:
2251	(i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate
2252	immediately; and
2253	(ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after it is filed.
2254	(c) If the clerk or lieutenant governor sustains the objection, the candidate may cure the
2255	problem by amending the declaration or petition before 5 p.m. within three days after
2256	the day on which the objection is sustained or by filing a new declaration before 5
2257	p.m. within three days after the day on which the objection is sustained.
2258	(d)(i) The clerk's or lieutenant governor's decision upon objections to form is final.
2259	(ii) The clerk's or lieutenant governor's decision upon substantive matters is
2260	reviewable by a district court if prompt application is made to the court.
2261	(iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the
2262	exercise of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.
2263	(6) Any person who filed a declaration of candidacy may withdraw as a candidate by filing
2264	a written affidavit with the clerk.
2265	(7)(a) Except for a candidate who is certified by a registered political party under
2266	Subsection (4), and except as provided in Section 20A-9-504, before 5 p.m. no later
2267	than August 31 of a general election year, each individual running as a candidate for
2268	vice president of the United States shall:
2269	(i) file a declaration of candidacy, in person or via a designated agent, on a form
2270	developed by the lieutenant governor, that:
2271	(A) contains the individual's name, address, and telephone number;
2272	(B) states that the individual meets the qualifications for the office of vice
2273	president of the United States;
2274	(C) names the presidential candidate, who has qualified for the general election
2275	ballot, with which the individual is running as a joint-ticket running mate;

2276	(D) states that the individual agrees to be the running mate of the presidential
2277	candidate described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(C); and
2278	(E) contains any other necessary information identified by the lieutenant governor
2279	(ii) pay the filing fee; and
2280	(iii) submit a letter from the presidential candidate described in Subsection
2281	(7)(a)(i)(C) that names the individual as a joint-ticket running mate as a vice
2282	presidential candidate.
2283	(b) A designated agent described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) may not sign the declaration of
2284	candidacy.
2285	(c) A vice presidential candidate who fails to meet the requirements described in this
2286	Subsection (7) may not appear on the general election ballot.
2287	(8) An individual filing a declaration of candidacy for president or vice president of the
2288	United States shall pay a filing fee of \$500.
2289	Section 21. Section 20A-9-402.1 is enacted to read:
2290	20A-9-402.1 (Effective 05/07/25). Registered political party candidate
2291	nomination process Certification of political party's candidate nominating process
2292	method.
2293	(1) Beginning in 2026:
2294	(a) a registered political party is either a primary nominating party or a convention
2295	nominating party;
2296	(b) a registered political party that is a primary nominating party:
2297	(i) shall, except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(4) for a federal presidential
2298	election, nominate the registered political party's candidates to run for office using
2299	the process described in Section 20A-9-402.3; and
2300	(ii) may not nominate the registered political party's candidates to run for office using
2301	any process other than the process described in Section 20A-9-402.3; and
2302	(c) a registered political party that is a convention nominating party:
2303	(i) may nominate the registered political party's candidates to run for office in the
2304	regular general election using any lawful process other than the process described
2305	in Section 20A-9-402.3;
2306	(ii) may not nominate the registered political party's candidates to run for office using
2307	the process described in Section 20A-9-402.3; and
2308	(iii) may not participate in the regular primary election.
2309	(2) A registered political party that is a continuing political party shall, before 5 p.m. on the

2310	first Monday of October of an odd-numbered year, certify in writing to the lieutenant
2311	governor one of the following:
2312	(a) that, for the elections in the following year, the registered political party chooses to:
2313	(i) be a primary nominating party;
2314	(ii) nominate the registered political party's candidates solely by using the signature
2315	and primary election process described in Sections 20A-9-402.3 and 20A-9-403;
2316	(iii) participate in the regular primary election; and
2317	(iv) have the party's candidates placed on the regular general election ballot in the
2318	manner described in Subsections 20A-9-402.2(2) and 20A-6-301(1)(a); or
2319	(b) that, for the elections in the following year, the registered political party chooses to:
2320	(i) be a convention nominating party;
2321	(ii) nominate the registered political party's candidates by using a method other than
2322	using the petition and primary election process described in Sections 20A-9-402.3
2323	and 20A-9-403;
2324	(iii) not participate in the regular primary election; and
2325	(iv) have the party's candidates placed on the regular general election ballot in the
2326	manner described in Subsections 20A-9-402.2(3) and 20A-6-301(1)(b).
2327	(3) A registered political party that makes the certification described in Subsection (2)(a)
2328	shall include in the written certification:
2329	(a) the identity of one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for
2330	the registered political party's candidates in the next regular primary election; and
2331	(b) a statement regarding whether unaffiliated voters may vote for the registered political
2332	party's candidates in the next regular primary election.
2333	(4) A registered political party that fails to timely make a certification described in
2334	Subsection (2):
2335	(a) is, by failing to timely make the certification, making the choices described in
2336	Subsection (2)(b); and
2337	(b) is a convention nominating party for the elections in the year following the
2338	certification deadline.
2339	(5) A registered political party that makes a certification described in Subsection (2) or (3)
2340	may not change the certification, or the choices made in the certification, until the next
2341	odd-numbered year.
2342	(6) A registered political party that is not a continuing political party shall make the
2343	certification described in Subsection (2) and, if applicable, Subsection (3), at the time

2344	that the registered political party files the petition described in Section 20A-8-103.
2345	Section 22. Section 20A-9-402.2 is enacted to read:
2346	20A-9-402.2 (Effective 05/07/25). Effect of choosing party nomination status.
2347	(1)(a) A registered political party that chooses, under Subsection 20A-9-402.1(2)(a), to
2348	be a primary nominating party shall participate in the regular primary election
2349	process described in Sections 20A-9-402.3 and 20A-9-403.
2350	(b) A registered political party that chooses, under Subsection 20A-9-402.1(2)(b) or (4),
2351	to be a convention nominating party may not:
2352	(i) participate in the regular primary election process described in Sections
2353	20A-9-402.3 and 20A-9-403; or
2354	(ii) participate in the regular primary election.
2355	(2) The candidates of a primary nominating party who are, in accordance with Sections
2356	20A-9-402.3 and 20A-9-403, nominated to advance to the regular general election ballot
2357	shall appear on the general election ballot in association with the name of the primary
2358	nominating party.
2359	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4):
2360	(a) the candidates of a convention nominating party who are, in accordance with Section
2361	20A-9-402.4, nominated to be placed on the regular general election ballot shall
2362	appear on the ballot without any indication of association with the convention
2363	nominating party; and
2364	(b) a general election ballot may not include a convention nominating party's name,
2365	symbol, description, or other representation of the convention nominating party.
2366	(4) A registered political party may, regardless of whether the registered political party is a
2367	primary nominating party or a convention nominating party:
2368	(a) participate in a presidential primary; and
2369	(b) have the names of the registered political party's candidates for president and vice
2370	president of the United States appear on a ballot in association with the registered
2371	political party's name.
2372	Section 23. Section 20A-9-402.3 is enacted to read:
2373	20A-9-402.3 (Effective 05/07/25). Primary nominating party Nomination
2374	process Filing as a candidate Signature requirements and review - Removal of
2375	signatures.
2376	(1) A primary nominating party shall use the process described in this section and the
2377	primary election process described in Subsection 20A-9-403 to nominate the registered

2378		political party's candidates to run for office.
2379	<u>(2)</u>	Except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(4) for a federal presidential election, a
2380		qualified individual who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the primary
2381		nominating party for an elective office that is to be filled at the next general election
2382		shall:
2383		(a) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy, in
2384		person, with the filing officer during the declaration of candidacy filing period
2385		described in Section 20A-9-201.5; and
2386		(b) pay the filing fee.
2387	<u>(3)</u>	A qualified individual who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the primary
2388		nominating party for the office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution
2389		district that is to be filled at the next general election shall:
2390		(a) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy, in
2391		person, with the filing officer during the declaration of candidacy filing period
2392		described in Section 20A-9-201.5; and
2393		(b) pay the filing fee.
2394	<u>(4)</u>	A qualified individual who files as a candidate for lieutenant governor as the joint-ticket
2395		running mate of an individual who is nominated by a primary nominating party, under
2396		this section, for the office of governor:
2397		(a) shall, during the declaration of candidacy filing period described in Section
2398		20A-9-201.5, file a declaration of candidacy and submit a letter from the candidate
2399		for governor that names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket running
2400		mate; and
2401		(b) is not required to gather signatures under this section.
2402	<u>(5)</u>	A qualified individual may seek the nomination of a primary nominating party for an
2403		elective office by:
2404		(a) complying with the requirements described in this section; and
2405		(b) collecting signatures, on a nomination petition form approved by the lieutenant
2406		governor that complies with Subsection 20A-9-405(3), during the period beginning
2407		when the member files a declaration of candidacy and ending at 5 p.m. on the first
2408		Tuesday in April, in the following amounts:
2409		(i) for a statewide race, 14,000 signatures of registered voters in the state who are
2410		permitted by the primary nominating party to vote for the primary nominating
2411		party's candidates in a regular primary election;

2412	(ii) for a congressional district race, 3,500 signatures of registered voters who are
2413	residents of the congressional district and are permitted by the primary nominating
2414	party to vote for the primary nominating party's candidates in a regular primary
2415	election;
2416	(iii) for a state Senate district race, 1,000 signatures of registered voters who are
2417	residents of the state Senate district and are permitted by the primary nominating
2418	party to vote for the primary nominating party candidates in a regular primary
2419	election;
2420	(iv) for a state House district race, 500 signatures of registered voters who are
2421	residents of the state House district and are permitted by the primary nominating
2422	party to vote for the primary nominating party's candidates in a regular primary
2423	election;
2424	(v) for a State Board of Education race, the lesser of:
2425	(A) 1,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the State Board of
2426	Education district and are permitted by the primary nominating party to vote
2427	for the primary nominating party's candidates in a regular primary election; or
2428	(B) 3% of the registered voters who are residents of the applicable State Board of
2429	Education district and are permitted by the primary nominating party to vote
2430	for the primary nominating party's candidates in a regular primary election; and
2431	(vi) for a county office race, signatures of 3% of the registered voters who are
2432	residents of the area permitted to vote for the county office and are permitted by
2433	the primary nominating party to vote for the primary nominating party's
2434	candidates in a primary election.
2435	(6)(a) The lieutenant governor shall:
2436	(i) for each district or office described in Subsection (5)(b)(v) or (vi), determine the
2437	total number of signatures that must be submitted to meet the percentage
2438	described in Subsection (5)(b)(v)(B) or (vi) based on the count as it exists on
2439	November 15 of each odd-numbered year; and
2440	(ii) publish the results of the determination described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) no later
2441	than November 30 of each odd-numbered year.
2442	(b) A registered voter who is otherwise qualified to sign a nomination petition under this
2443	section may sign the nomination petition regardless of whether the voter is an active
2444	voter or an inactive voter.
2445	(7)(a) This Subsection (7) applies only to the manual candidate qualification process.

2446	<u>(b)</u>	A qualified individual who uses the manual candidate qualification process to seek
2447		the nomination of a primary nominating party shall:
2448		(i) collect the signatures on a form approved by the lieutenant governor that complies
2449		with Subsection 20A-9-405(3), using the same circulation and verification
2450		requirements described in Sections 20A-7-105 and 20A-7-204; and
2451		(ii) submit the signatures to the election officer before 5 p.m. on the first Tuesday in
2452		April.
2453	<u>(c)</u>	Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (5) and (7)(b), the
2454		election officer shall, no later than the earlier of 14 days after the day on which the
2455		election officer receives the signatures, or the first Tuesday in April:
2456		(i) check the name of each individual who completes the verification for a signature
2457		packet to determine whether each individual is at least 18 years old;
2458		(ii) submit the name of each individual described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) who is not at
2459		least 18 years old to the attorney general and the county attorney;
2460		(iii) with the assistance of the county clerk as applicable, determine whether each
2461		signer is a registered voter who is qualified to sign the petition, using the same
2462		method, described in Section 20A-1-1002, used to verify a signature on a petition;
2463		<u>and</u>
2464		(iv) certify whether each name is that of a registered voter who is qualified to sign the
2465		signature packet.
2466	<u>(d)</u>	(i) A registered voter who physically signs a form under Subsections (5) and
2467		(7)(b) may have the voter's signature removed from the form by, no later than
2468		three business days after the day on which the member submits the signature form
2469		to the election officer, submitting to the election officer a statement requesting
2470		that the voter's signature be removed.
2471		(ii) A statement described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) shall comply with the requirements
2472		described in Subsection 20A-1-1003(2).
2473		(iii) With the assistance of the county clerk as applicable, the election officer shall
2474		use the procedures described in Subsection 20A-1-1003(3) to determine whether
2475		to remove an individual's signature after receiving a timely, valid statement
2476		requesting removal of the signature.
2477	(8)(a) T	This Subsection (8) applies only to the electronic candidate qualification process.
2478	<u>(b)</u>	$\label{eq:condition} A \ qualified \ individual \ who \ uses \ the \ electronic \ candidate \ qualification \ process \ to \ seek$
2479		the nomination of a primary nominating party shall:

H.B. 232

2480	(i) collect signatures in accordance with Section 20A-21-201; and
2481	(ii) use progressive screens, in a format approved by the lieutenant governor, that
2482	complies with Subsection 20A-9-405(4).
2483	(c) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (5) and (8)(b), the
2484	election officer shall, no later than the earlier of 14 days after the day on which the
2485	election officer receives the signatures, or the first Tuesday in April:
2486	(i) check the name of each individual who completes the verification for a signature
2487	to determine whether each individual is least 18 years old; and
2488	(ii) submit the name of each individual described in Subsection (8)(c)(i) who is not at
2489	least 18 years old to the attorney general and the county attorney.
2490	(9) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections (5) and (7)(b), or
2491	Subsections (5) and (8)(b), the election officer shall, no later than the first Tuesday in
2492	April, notify a primary nominating party and the lieutenant governor of the name of each
2493	member of the primary nominating party who qualifies for placement on the primary
2494	election ballot to seek the nomination of the primary nominating party under this section.
2495	(10) A qualified individual who gathers signatures under this section may submit additional
2496	signatures before 5 p.m. on the first Tuesday in April.
2497	(11) Except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-21-201, the election officer shall, with
2498	the assistance of the county clerk, as applicable, use the procedures described in Section
2499	20A-1-1002 to verify submitted nomination petition signatures.
2500	(12) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2501	director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor may make rules that
2502	provide for the transparent, orderly, and timely submission, verification, and
2503	certification of nomination petition signatures.
2504	Section 24. Section 20A-9-402.4 is enacted to read:
2505	20A-9-402.4 (Effective 05/07/25). Convention nominating party Nomination
2506	process.
2507	(1) Except as otherwise provided for a federal presidential election, a qualified individual
2508	who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of a convention nominating party for
2509	an elective office that is to be filled at the next general election shall:
2510	(a) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy, in
2511	person, with the filing officer during the declaration of candidacy filing period
2512	described in Section 20A-9-201.5; and
2513	(b) pay the filing fee.

2514	<u>(2)</u>	A qualified individual who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of a
2515		convention nominating party for the office of district attorney within a multicounty
2516		prosecution district that is to be filled at the next general election shall:
2517		(a) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy, in
2518		person, with the filing officer during the declaration of candidacy filing period
2519		described in Section 20A-9-201.5; and
2520		(b) pay the filing fee.
2521	<u>(3)</u>	A qualified individual who files as a candidate for lieutenant governor as the joint-ticket
2522		running mate of an individual who is nominated by a convention nominating party,
2523		under this section, for the office of governor shall, during the declaration of candidacy
2524		filing period described in Section 20A-9-201.5, file a declaration of candidacy and
2525		submit a letter from the candidate for governor that names the lieutenant governor
2526		candidate as a joint-ticket running mate.
2527	<u>(4)</u>	A qualified individual may seek the nomination of a convention nominating party for an
2528		elective office by participating in the process established by the convention nominating
2529		party to nominate the convention nominating party's candidates.
2530	<u>(5)</u>	Except as otherwise provided for a federal presidential election, an individual
2531		nominated to run for office by a convention nominating party:
2532		(a) may not participate in the regular primary election; and
2533		(b) may participate in the regular general election, only in accordance with this section
2534		and Subsections 20A-9-402.2(3) and 20A-6-301(1)(b).
2535	<u>(6)</u>	A convention nominating party:
2536		(a) shall, before 5 p.m. on the first Monday after the fourth Saturday in April, certify to
2537		the lieutenant governor the names of each candidate nominated by the convention
2538		nominating party to be placed on the regular general election ballot; and
2539		(b) may not nominate more than one candidate for each office to be filled at the regular
2540		general election.
2541		Section 25. Section 20A-9-403 is amended to read:
2542		20A-9-403 (Effective 05/07/25). Regular primary elections.
2543	(1)	(a) Candidates for elective office that are to be filled at the next regular general
2544		election who are seeking the nomination of a primary nomination party shall be
2545		nominated in a regular primary election[-by direct vote of the people in the manner
2546		prescribed] , as described in this section[. The regular primary election is held] , on
2547		the date specified in Section 20A-1-201.5. [-Nothing in this section shall affect a

H.B. 232

2548	candidate's ability to qualify for a regular general election's ballot as an unaffiliated
2549	candidate under Section 20A-9-501 or to participate in a regular general election as a
2550	write-in candidate under Section 20A-9-601.]
2551	[(b) Each registered political party that chooses to have the names of the registered
2552	political party's candidates for elective office featured with party affiliation on the
2553	ballot at a regular general election shall comply with the requirements of this section
2554	and shall nominate the registered political party's candidates for elective office in the
2555	manner described in this section.]
2556	[(c) A filing officer may not permit an official ballot at a regular general election to be
2557	produced or used if the ballot denotes affiliation between a registered political party
2558	or any other political group and a candidate for elective office who is not nominated
2559	in the manner prescribed in this section or in Subsection 20A-9-202(4).]
2560	[(d) Unless noted otherwise, the dates in this section refer to those that occur in each
2561	even-numbered year in which a regular general election will be held.]
2562	[(2)(a) Each registered political party, in a statement filed with the lieutenant governor,
2563	shall:]
2564	[(i) either declare the registered political party's intent to participate in the next regular
2565	primary election or declare that the registered political party chooses not to have the
2566	names of the registered political party's candidates for elective office featured on the
2567	ballot at the next regular general election; and]
2568	[(ii) if the registered political party participates in the upcoming regular primary election,
2569	identify one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the
2570	registered political party's candidates and whether individuals identified as unaffiliated
2571	with a political party may vote for the registered political party's candidates.]
2572	[(b)(i) A registered political party that is a continuing political party shall file the
2573	statement described in Subsection (2)(a) with the lieutenant governor no later than 5
2574	p.m. on November 30 of each odd-numbered year.]
2575	[(ii) An organization that is seeking to become a registered political party under Section
2576	20A-8-103 shall file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) at the time that the
2577	registered political party files the petition described in Section 20A-8-103.]
2578	[(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e), an individual who submits a declaration of
2579	eandidacy under Section 20A-9-202 shall appear as a candidate for elective office on the
2580	regular primary ballot of the registered political party listed on the declaration of
2581	candidacy only if the individual is certified by the appropriate filing officer as having

2582	submitted a nomination petition that was:
2583	[(i) circulated and completed in accordance with Section 20A-9-405; and]
2584	[(ii) signed by at least 2% of the registered political party's members who reside in the
2585	political division of the office that the individual seeks.]
2586	[(b)(i) A candidate for elective office shall submit signatures for a nomination petition to
2587	the appropriate filing officer for verification and certification no later than 5 p.m. on the
2588	final day in March.]
2589	[(ii) A candidate may supplement the candidate's submissions at any time on or before the
2590	filing deadline.]
2591	[(e)(i) The lieutenant governor shall determine for each elective office the total number of
2592	signatures that must be submitted under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) or 20A-9-408(8) by
2593	counting the aggregate number of individuals residing in each elective office's political
2594	division who have designated a particular registered political party on the individuals'
2595	voter registration forms on or before November 15 of each odd-numbered year.]
2596	[(ii) The lieutenant governor shall publish the determination for each elective office no
2597	later than November 30 of each odd-numbered year.]
2598	[(d) The filing officer shall:]
2599	[(i) except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-21-201, verify signatures on nomination
2600	petitions in a transparent and orderly manner, no later than 14 days after the day on
2601	which a candidate submits the signatures to the filing officer;]
2602	[(ii) for all qualifying candidates for elective office who submit nomination petitions to the
2603	filing officer, issue certifications referenced in Subsection (3)(a) no later than the
2604	deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b);]
2605	[(iii) consider active and inactive voters eligible to sign nomination petitions;]
2606	[(iv) consider an individual who signs a nomination petition a member of a registered
2607	political party for purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(ii) if the individual has designated that
2608	registered political party as the individual's party membership on the individual's voter
2609	registration form; and]
2610	[(v) except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-21-201 and with the assistance of the
2611	county clerk as applicable, use the procedures described in Section 20A-1-1002 to verify
2612	submitted nomination petition signatures, or use statistical sampling procedures to verify
2613	submitted nomination petition signatures in accordance with rules made under
2614	Subsection (3)(f).]
2615	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Subsection (3), a candidate for lieutenant

2616	governor may appear on the regular primary ballot of a registered political party without
2617	submitting nomination petitions if the candidate files a declaration of candidacy and
2618	complies with Subsection 20A-9-202(3).
2619	[(f) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2620	director of elections, within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, may make rules that:]
2621	[(i) provide for the use of statistical sampling procedures that:]
2622	[(A) filing officers are required to use to verify signatures under Subsection (3)(d); and]
2623	[(B) reflect a bona fide effort to determine the validity of a candidate's entire submission
2624	using widely recognized statistical sampling techniques; and]
2625	[(ii) provide for the transparent, orderly, and timely submission, verification, and
2626	certification of nomination petition signatures.]
2627	[(g)] (2) The county clerk shall:
2628	[(i)] (a) review the declarations of candidacy filed by candidates for local boards of
2629	education to determine if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat;
2630	[(ii)] (b) place the names of all candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy for a
2631	local board of education seat on the nonpartisan section of the ballot if more than two
2632	candidates have filed for the same seat; and
2633	[(iii)] (c) determine the order of the local board of education candidates' names on the
2634	ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305.
2635	[(4)] (3)(a) Before [the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-409(4)(c)] 5 p.m. on the
2636	first Wednesday after the fourth Saturday in April, the lieutenant governor shall:
2637	(i) provide to the county clerks:
2638	[(i)] (A) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional,
2639	multi-county, single county, and county offices who have [received
2640	certifications under Subsection (3)] qualified for placement on the primary
2641	election ballot under Section 20A-9-402.3, along with instructions on how
2642	those names shall appear on the primary election ballot in accordance with
2643	Section 20A-6-305; and
2644	[(ii)] (B) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been
2645	nominated by a [registered political] primary nominating party under
2646	Subsection $[\frac{(5)(c)}{(4)(c)}]$ and $[-]$
2647	(ii) instruct the county clerks to exclude the unopposed candidates from the primary
2648	election ballot.
2649	(b) A candidate for lieutenant governor and a candidate for governor campaigning as

2650	joint-ticket running mates to obtain the nomination of a primary nominating party
2651	shall appear jointly on the primary election ballot.
2652	(c) After the county clerk receives the certified list from the lieutenant governor under
2653	Subsection $[(4)(a)]$ $(3)(a)$, the county clerk shall post or publish a primary election notice in
2654	substantially the following form:
2655	"Notice is given that a primary election will be held Tuesday, June,
2656	(year), to nominate party candidates for the parties and candidates for nonpartisan
2657	local school board positions listed on the primary ballot. The polling place for voting precinct
2658	is The polls will open at 7 a.m. and continue open until 8 p.m. of the same day.
2659	Attest: county clerk."
2660	[(5)] (4)(a) A candidate who, at the regular primary election, receives the highest
2661	number of votes cast for the office sought by the candidate is:
2662	(i) nominated for that office by the [candidate's registered political] primary
2663	nominating party whose nomination the candidate sought; or
2664	(ii) for a nonpartisan local school board position, nominated for that office.
2665	(b) If two or more candidates are to be elected to the office at the regular general
2666	election, those party candidates equal in number to positions to be filled who receive
2667	the highest number of votes at the regular primary election are the nominees of the [
2668	eandidates'] primary nominating party for those positions.
2669	(c)(i) As used in this Subsection $[(5)(c)]$ $(4)(c)$, a candidate is "unopposed" if:
2670	(A) no individual other than the candidate [receives a certification] qualifies for
2671	placement under Subsection (3) for the regular primary election ballot of the [
2672	candidate's registered political] primary nominating party for a particular
2673	elective office; or
2674	(B) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the
2675	number of candidates who [receive certification] qualify for placement under
2676	Subsection (3) for the regular primary election of the [eandidate's registered
2677	political] primary nominating party does not exceed the total number of
2678	candidates to be elected or nominated for that office.
2679	(ii) A candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary
2680	election of a [registered political] primary nominating party is nominated by the
2681	party for that office without appearing on the primary election ballot.
2682	[(6)] (5) The expense of providing all ballots, blanks, or other supplies to be used at any
2683	primary election provided for by this section, and all expenses necessarily incurred in

2684	the preparation for or the conduct of that primary election shall be paid out of the
2685	treasury of the county or state, in the same manner as for the regular general elections.
2686	[(7)] (6) An individual may not file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party
2687	of which the individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political
2688	party permits otherwise under the registered political party's bylaws.
2689	Section 26. Section 20A-9-405 is amended to read:
2690	20A-9-405 (Effective 05/07/25). Nomination petitions for regular primary
2691	elections.
2692	(1) This section applies to the form and circulation of nomination petitions for regular
2693	primary elections [described in Subsection 20A-9-403(3)(a)] in accordance with Section
2694	<u>20A-9-402.2</u> .
2695	(2) A candidate for elective office, and the agents of the candidate, may not circulate
2696	nomination petitions until the candidate has submitted a declaration of candidacy in
2697	accordance with [Subsection 20A-9-202(1)] Section 20A-9-202.
2698	(3) For the manual candidate qualification process, the nomination petitions shall be in
2699	substantially the following form:
2700	(a) the petition shall be printed on paper 8-1/2 inches long and 11 inches wide;
2701	(b) the petition shall be ruled with a horizontal line 3/4 inch from the top, with the space
2702	above that line blank for purposes of binding;
2703	(c) the petition shall be headed by a caption stating the purpose of the petition and the
2704	name of the proposed candidate;
2705	(d) the petition shall feature the word "Warning" followed by the following statement in
2706	no less than eight-point, single leaded type: "It is a class A misdemeanor for anyone
2707	to knowingly sign a nomination petition with any name other than the person's own
2708	name, or more than once for the same candidate, or if the person is not registered to
2709	vote in this state.";
2710	(e) the petition shall feature 10 lines spaced one-half inch apart and consecutively
2711	numbered one through 10;
2712	(f) the signature portion of the petition shall be divided into columns headed by the
2713	following titles:
2714	(i) Registered Voter's Printed Name;
2715	(ii) Signature of Registered Voter;
2716	(iii) Party Affiliation of Registered Voter;
2717	(iv) Birth Date or Age (Optional);

2718	(v) Street Address, City, Zip Code; and
2719	(vi) Date of Signature; and
2720	(g) a photograph of the candidate may appear on the nomination petition.
2721	(4) For the electronic candidate qualification process, the lieutenant governor shall design
2722	an electronic form, using progressive screens, that includes:
2723	(a) the following warning:
2724	"Warning: It is a class A misdemeanor for anyone to knowingly sign a nomination
2725	petition with any name other than the person's own name, or more than once for the same
2726	candidate, or if the person is not registered to vote in this state."; and
2727	(b) the following information for each individual who signs the petition:
2728	(i) name;
2729	(ii) party affiliation;
2730	(iii) date of birth or age, (optional);
2731	(iv) street address, city, zip code;
2732	(v) date of signature;
2733	(vi) other information required under Section 20A-21-201; and
2734	(vii) other information required by the lieutenant governor.
2735	(5) For the manual candidate qualification process, if one or more nomination petitions are
2736	bound together, a page shall be bound to the nomination petition(s) that features the following
2737	printed verification statement to be signed and dated by the petition circulator:
2738	"Verification
2739	State of Utah, County of
2740	I,, of, hereby state that:
2741	I am a Utah resident and am at least 18 years old;
2742	All the names that appear on the signature sheets bound to this page were, to the best of
2743	my knowledge, signed by the persons who professed to be the persons whose names appear or
2744	the signature sheets, and each of them signed the person's name on the signature sheets in my
2745	presence;
2746	I believe that each has printed and signed the person's name and written the person's
2747	street address correctly, and that each signer is registered to vote in Utah."
2748	(6) The lieutenant governor shall prepare and make public model nomination petition forms
2749	and associated instructions.
2750	(7) A nomination petition circulator must be at least 18 years old[-and a resident of the state],
2751	but may affiliate with any political party.

H.B. 232

2752	(8) It is unlawful for any person to:
2753	(a) knowingly sign the nomination petition described in this section or Section [
2754	20A-9-408] <u>20A-9-402.3</u> :
2755	(i) with any name other than the person's own name;
2756	(ii) more than once for the same candidate; or
2757	(iii) if the person is not registered to vote in this state;
2758	(b) sign the verification of a signature for a nomination petition if the person:
2759	[(i) does not meet the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105;]
2760	[(ii)] (i) has not witnessed the signing by those persons whose names appear on the
2761	nomination petition; or
2762	[(iii)] (ii) knows that a person whose signature appears on the nomination petition is
2763	not registered to vote in this state;
2764	(c) pay compensation to any person to sign a nomination petition; or
2765	(d) pay compensation to any person to circulate a nomination petition, if the
2766	compensation is based directly on the number of signatures submitted to a filing
2767	officer rather than on the number of signatures verified or on some other basis.
2768	(9) Any person violating Subsection (8) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
2769	[(10) Withdrawal of petition signatures is prohibited.]
2770	Section 27. Section 20A-9-408.5 is amended to read:
2771	20A-9-408.5 (Effective 05/07/25). Declaration of candidacy for offices to be filled
2772	at regular general election.
2773	The declaration of candidacy form [described in Sections 20A-9-407 and 20A-9-408] for
2774	an office to be filled at the regular general election shall:
2775	(1) be substantially as follows:
2776	"State of Utah, County of
2777	I,, declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of
2778	as a candidate for the party. I do solemnly swear, under penalty of perjury, that: I will
2779	meet the qualifications to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside
2780	at in the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code, Phone No; I will
2781	not knowingly violate any law governing campaigns and elections; I will file all campaign
2782	financial disclosure reports as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so will result
2783	in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and removal of my name from the ballot.
2784	The mailing address that I designate for receiving official election notices is
2785	

2786	
2787	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year). Notary Public (or
2788	other officer qualified to administer oath)."; and
2789	(2) direct the candidate to state, in the sworn statement described in Subsection (1):
2790	(a) the registered political party of which the candidate is a member[;] or
2791	[(b)] _that the candidate is not a member of a registered political party; and
2792	(b) the registered political party whose nomination the candidate seeks.
2793	[(3) direct the candidate to indicate whether the candidate is seeking the nomination using:]
2794	[(a) the convention process described in Section 20A-9-407;]
2795	[(b) the signature-gathering process described in Section 20A-9-408; or]
2796	[(c) both processes described in Subsections (3)(a) and (b).]
2797	Section 28. Section 20A-9-411 is amended to read:
2798	20A-9-411 (Effective 05/07/25). Signing multiple nomination petitions.
2799	[(1)] An individual who signs a petition, described in Section [20A-9-403 or 20A-9-408]
2800	20A-9-402.3, to nominate a candidate may [not-]sign a petition to nominate another
2801	candidate for the same office.
2802	[(2) If an individual signs more than one petition in violation of Subsection (1), the
2803	election officer may only count the signature on the first petition that the election officer
2804	reviews for that office.]
2805	Section 29. Section 20A-9-701 is amended to read:
2806	20A-9-701 (Effective 05/07/25). Certification of party candidates to county
2807	clerks Display on ballot.
2808	(1) No later than August 31 of each regular general election year, the lieutenant governor
2809	shall certify to each county clerk, for offices to be voted upon at the regular general
2810	election in that county clerk's county:
2811	(a) the names of each candidate nominated under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or
2812	Subsection $[20A-9-403(5)]$ $20A-9-403(4)$; and
2813	(b) the names of the candidates for president and vice president that are certified by the
2814	registered political party as the party's nominees.
2815	(2) The names shall be certified by the lieutenant governor and shall be displayed on the
2816	ballot as they are provided on the candidate's declaration of candidacy.
2817	(3) No [other-]names, other than the names certified under Subsection (1) may appear on
2818	the ballot as affiliated with, endorsed by, or nominated by any other registered political
2819	party, political party, or other political group.

2820		Section 30. Section 20A-21-101 is amended to read:
2821		20A-21-101 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
2822		As used in this chapter:
2823	(1)	"Approved device" means a device described in Subsection 20A-21-201(4).
2824	(2)	"Candidate qualification process" means the process, described in Section [20A-9-403
2825		or 20A-9-408] 20A-9-202.3, of gathering signatures to seek the nomination of a [
2826		registered political] primary nominating party.
2827	(3)	"Electronic candidate qualification process" means the same as that term is defined in
2828		Section 20A-9-101.
2829	(4)	"Electronic initiative process" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2830		20A-7-101.
2831	(5)	"Electronic referendum process" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2832		20A-7-101.
2833	(6)	"Manual candidate qualification process" means the same as that term is defined in
2834		Section 20A-9-101.
2835	(7)	"Petition" means:
2836		(a) as it relates to the electronic initiative process or the electronic referendum process,
2837		the electronic record that an individual signs to indicate the individual is in favor of
2838		placing the initiative or referendum on the ballot; or
2839		(b) as it relates to electronic candidate qualification process, the electronic record that an
2840		individual signs to indicate the individual is in favor of placing an individual's name
2841		on the ballot to run for a particular elective office.
2842	(8)	"Signature" means:
2843		(a) as it relates to a signature gathered for an initiative or referendum, the same as that
2844		term is defined in Section 20A-7-101; or
2845		(b) as it relates to a signature gathered for the candidate qualification process, the same
2846		as that term is defined in Section 20A-9-101.
2847	(9)	"Website" means:
2848		(a) as it relates to the electronic initiative process or the electronic referendum process,
2849		the website designated by the lieutenant governor for collecting the signatures and
2850		other information relating to the electronic initiative process or the electronic
2851		referendum process; or
2852		(b) as it relates to the electronic candidate qualification process, a website designated by
2853		the lieutenant governor for collecting the signatures and other information relating to

2854		the electronic candidate qualification process.
2855		Section 31. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
2856		63G-2-305 (Effective 05/07/25). Protected records.
2857		The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
2858	(1)	trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has
2859		provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
2860	(2)	commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person
2861		if:
2862		(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
2863		competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the
2864		ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
2865		(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than
2866		the public in obtaining access; and
2867		(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the
2868		information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
2869	(3)	commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to
2870		the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
2871		commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or
2872		cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
2873	(4)	records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
2874		competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project
2875		entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
2876	(5)	test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
2877		employment, or academic examinations;
2878	(6)	records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings
2879		or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement
2880		with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
2881		Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract
2882		or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
2883		(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental
2884		entity in response to:
2885		(i) an invitation for bids;
2886		(ii) a request for proposals;
2887		(iii) a request for quotes:

2888	(iv) a grant; or
2889	(v) other similar document; or
2890	(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
2891	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
2892	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not
2893	restrict the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
2894	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
2895	awarded and signed by all parties; or
2896	(b)(i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
2897	subject of the request for information; and
2898	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information
2899	is issued;
2900	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or
2901	personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public
2902	acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
2903	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
2904	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
2905	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
2906	duty of confidentiality to the entity;
2907	(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described
2908	property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the
2909	property;
2910	(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
2911	property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's
2912	estimated value of the property; or
2913	(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence
2914	and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiation
2915	to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
2916	(9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated
2917	transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if
2918	disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated
2919	value of the subject property, unless:
2920	(a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting
2921	access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial

2922	benefit of the transaction; or
2923	(b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of
2924	the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not
2925	employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
2926	(10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement
2927	purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration
2928	purposes, if release of the records:
2929	(a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for
2930	enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
2931	(b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement
2932	proceedings;
2933	(c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial
2934	hearing;
2935	(d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally
2936	known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of
2937	an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known
2938	outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
2939	(e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques,
2940	procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if
2941	disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
2942	(11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
2943	(12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental
2944	property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from
2945	damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
2946	(13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional
2947	facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would
2948	interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment,
2949	probation, or parole;
2950	(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of
2951	Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections,
2952	the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that
2953	are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any
2954	person within the board's jurisdiction;
2955	(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures

2956	and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
2957	audits or collections;
2958	(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until
2959	the final audit is released;
2960	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
2961	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
2962	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a
2963	judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
2964	(19)(a)(i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
2965	from a member of the Legislature; and
2966	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
2967	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
2968	and
2969	(b)(i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
2970	with the preparation of legislation between:
2971	(A) members of a legislative body;
2972	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
2973	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
2974	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
2975	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
2976	(20)(a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
2977	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's
2978	contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has
2979	elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course
2980	of action public; and
2981	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
2982	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a
2983	legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected
2984	records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of
2985	action public;
2986	(21) a research request from a legislator to a legislative staff member and research findings
2987	prepared in response to the request;
2988	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
2989	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:

2990	(a) collective bargaining; or
2991	(b) imminent or pending litigation;
2992	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may
2993	be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
2994	Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
2995	(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
2996	concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion
2997	of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
2998	(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological
2999	resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable
3000	historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
3001	(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict
3002	with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
3003	(28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
3004	53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions,
3005	retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting
3006	closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided
3007	that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or
3008	those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
3009	(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative
3010	proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's
3011	contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has
3012	implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
3013	(30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,
3014	revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final
3015	recommendations in these areas;
3016	(31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that
3017	are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as
3018	protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to
3019	public disclosure if retained by it;
3020	(32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a
3021	public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
3022	(33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final
3023	settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from

3024	disclosure;
3025	(34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an
3026	administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of
3027	any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
3028	(35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or
3029	requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand
3030	or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm
3031	to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this
3032	section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
3033	(36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the
3034	governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including
3035	patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
3036	(37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an
3037	institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and
3038	other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal
3039	the identity of the donor, provided that:
3040	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
3041	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
3042	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
3043	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
3044	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily
3045	engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or
3046	legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or
3047	any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
3048	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13;
3049	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
3050	34A-2-205;
3051	(40)(a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
3052	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered,
3053	disclosed to, or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of
3054	the institution:
3055	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
3056	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
3057	(A) relating to research; and

3058	(B) of:
3059	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
3060	53B-1-102; or
3061	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
3062	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
3063	(iv) creative works in process;
3064	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
3065	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
3066	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information
3067	required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
3068	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
3069	(41)(a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
3070	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
3071	legislative audit prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
3072	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
3073	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator
3074	asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
3075	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
3076	legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and
3077	made public;
3078	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other
3079	document that indicates the location of:
3080	(a) a production facility; or
3081	(b) a magazine;
3082	(43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult
3083	Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
3084	(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80,
3085	Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
3086	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
3087	National Guard's federal mission;
3088	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or
3089	to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand
3090	Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
3091	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by

3092	the Department of Agriculture and Food;
3093	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
3094	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is
3095	provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and
3096	the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
3097	(a) the safety of the general public; or
3098	(b) the security of:
3099	(i) governmental property;
3100	(ii) governmental programs; or
3101	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
3102	Management information;
3103	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification,
3104	tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title
3105	4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
3106	of Animal Disease;
3107	(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-709:
3108	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related
3109	to a complaint regarding a provider, program, or facility which the department is
3110	unable to substantiate; and
3111	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
3112	and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a provider, program
3113	or facility;
3114	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided
3115	under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
3116	personal mobile phone number, if:
3117	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
3118	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
3119	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
3120	kept confidential due to:
3121	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
3122	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
3123	(52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or
3124	mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone
3125	number where the candidate may be contacted:

3126	(a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,
3127	described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-202.3, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404,
3128	20A-9-405, [20A-9-408,]20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601; or
3129	(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201;[-or]
3130	[(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 20A-9-408;]
3131	(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that
3132	is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
3133	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
3134	53B-1-102; and
3135	(b) conducted using animals;
3136	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
3137	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to
3138	whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection
3139	78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
3140	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation
3141	Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12,
3142	Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes
3143	public, the information or report;
3144	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
3145	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section
3146	63L-11-202;
3147	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
3148	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
3149	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
3150	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
3151	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
3152	municipality;
3153	(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of
3154	Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
3155	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
3156	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information
3157	or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
3158	Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the
3159	allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid

3160 Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report; 3161 (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a 3162 person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the 3163 existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected 3164 violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political 3165 subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the 3166 information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be 3167 protected; 3168 (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation 3169 or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an 3170 employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information; 3171 (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, 3172 or audit program; or 3173 (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an 3174 investigation or audit; 3175 (60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 3176 Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover 3177 Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse; 3178 (61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division 3179 of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections 3180 58-68-304(3) and (4); 3181 (62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210; 3182 (63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system 3183 used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003; 3184 (64) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in 3185 Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility 3186 as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider, 3187 as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that 3188 term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that: 3189 (a) depict the commission of an alleged crime; 3190 (b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in 3191 death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon; 3192 (c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a 3193 law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;

3194	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f);
3195	or
3196	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized
3197	agent of a subject featured in the recording;
3198	(65) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
3199	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
3200	announced finalist;
3201	(66) an audio recording that is:
3202	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
3203	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating
3204	an individual with a life-threatening condition;
3205	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
3206	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder
3207	service:
3208	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
3209	condition; and
3210	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
3211	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
3212	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
3213	their response to an emergency situation;
3214	(67) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation
3215	by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the
3216	Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position
3217	with the Legislature;
3218	(68) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
3219	(69) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency
3220	under Section 61-1-206;
3221	(70) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section
3222	31A-37-201;
3223	(71) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;
3224	(72) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of Subsection
3225	58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);
3226	(73) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury
3227	involving an amusement ride;

3228	(74) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a
3229	political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition,
3230	including a petition or request described in the following titles:
3231	(a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;
3232	(b) Title 17, Counties;
3233	(c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts;
3234	(d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and
3235	(e) Title 20A, Election Code;
3236	(75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a
3237	voter registration record;
3238	(76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature
3239	described in Subsection (74) or (75), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local
3240	political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;
3241	(77) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 5,
3242	Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;
3243	(78) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103;
3244	(79) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is
3245	prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;
3246	(80) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail,
3247	unless:
3248	(a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which
3249	the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;
3250	(b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:
3251	(i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an
3252	individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist
3253	in apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or
3254	(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant
3255	to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or
3256	locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal
3257	proceeding;
3258	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
3259	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest; or
3260	(d) the image is displayed to a person who is permitted to view the image under Section
3261	17-22-30[.] ;

3262	(81) a record:
3263	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
3264	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
3265	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
3266	63M-14-205; and
3267	(c) the disclosure of which would:
3268	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
3269	Colorado River system;
3270	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
3271	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado
3272	River system; or
3273	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
3274	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
3275	(82) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's Office
3276	of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
3277	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (82)
3278	may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval
3279	decision;
3280	(83) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
3281	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;
3282	and
3283	(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the
3284	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records
3285	described in Subsection (83)(a);
3286	(84) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the governmental
3287	entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative investigation into
3288	potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
3289	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
3290	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the
3291	statement; and
3292	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the
3293	employee in any criminal proceeding;
3294	(85) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in Section
3295	53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section

3296	53F-6-401;
3297	(86) a record:
3298	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
3299	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
3300	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the
3301	federal government; and
3302	(c) the disclosure of which would:
3303	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
3304	Great Salt Lake;
3305	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
3306	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
3307	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
3308	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; and
3309	(87) a consumer complaint described in Section 13-2-11, unless the consumer complaint is
3310	reclassified as public as described in Subsection 13-2-11(4).
3311	(88) a record of the Utah water agent, appointed under Section 73-10g-702:
3312	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters;
3313	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
3314	representative from another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other
3315	government entity as provided in Title 73, Chapter 10g, Part 6, Utah Water Agent;
3316	and
3317	(c) the disclosure of which would:
3318	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water;
3319	(ii) harm the ability of the Utah water agent to negotiate the best terms and conditions
3320	regarding the use of water; or
3321	(iii) give an advantage to another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other
3322	government entity in negotiations regarding the use of water.
3323	Section 32. Repealer.
3324	This bill repeals:
3325	Section 20A-9-406, Qualified political party Requirements and exemptions.
3326	Section 20A-9-407, Convention process to seek the nomination of a qualified political
3327	party.
3328	Section 20A-9-408, Signature-gathering process to seek the nomination of a qualified
3329	political party Removal of signature.

3330	Section 20A-9-409, Primary election provisions relating to qualified political part
3331	Section 33. Effective Date.
3332	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.