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COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT AGENCY REVISIONS

2019 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Mike Winder



Other Special Clauses:

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      \hat{S} \rightarrow [ This bill provides a coordination clause.] None \leftarrow \hat{S}
27
      Utah Code Sections Affected:
28
      AMENDS:
29
             10-8-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 59
30
             10-9a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 218
31
             11-58-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 1
32
             17-27a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 218
33
             17-50-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 66
34
             17C-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
35
             17C-1-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 364 and 366
36
             17C-1-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
37
             17C-1-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
38
             17C-1-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 312
39
             17C-1-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 312
40
             17C-1-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
41
             17C-1-803, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
             17C-1-804, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
42
43
             17C-1-805, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
             17C-1-807, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
44
45
             17C-1-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
46
             17C-2-101.5, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
47
             17C-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
48
             17C-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
             17C-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
49
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             17C-2-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
51
             17C-2-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 364
52
             17C-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 125
53
             17C-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 364
54
             17C-2-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
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             17C-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 364
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             17C-5-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
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	17C-5-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
	17C-5-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
	17C-5-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
	17C-5-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 364
	17C-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
	17C-5-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
	17C-5-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
	17C-5-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
	17C-5-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
	17C-5-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456
	17C-5-404, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
	17C-5-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 422
	17C-5-406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
5	17C-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456] ? ←Ŝ
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-	17C-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 456] ? ←Ŝ Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: Section 1. Section 10-8-2 is amended to read:
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- !	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: Section 1. Section 10-8-2 is amended to read: 10-8-2. Appropriations Acquisition and disposal of property Municipal
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- be paid by a nonprofit entity, whether or not the municipality receives consideration in return.
 - (b) A municipality may:

- (i) furnish all necessary local public services within the municipality;
- (ii) purchase, hire, construct, own, maintain and operate, or lease public utilities located and operating within and operated by the municipality; and
- (iii) subject to Subsection (1)(c), acquire by eminent domain, or otherwise, property located inside or outside the corporate limits of the municipality and necessary for any of the purposes stated in Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii), subject to restrictions imposed by Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain, and general law for the protection of other communities.
- (c) Each municipality that intends to acquire property by eminent domain under Subsection (1)(b) shall comply with the requirements of Section 78B-6-505.
- (d) Subsection (1)(b) may not be construed to diminish any other authority a municipality may claim to have under the law to acquire by eminent domain property located inside or outside the municipality.
- (2) (a) Services or assistance provided pursuant to Subsection (1)(a)(v) is not subject to the provisions of Subsection (3).
- (b) The total amount of services or other nonmonetary assistance provided or fees waived under Subsection (1)(a)(v) in any given fiscal year may not exceed 1% of the municipality's budget for that fiscal year.
- (3) It is considered a corporate purpose to appropriate money for any purpose that, in the judgment of the municipal legislative body, provides for the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality subject [to the following:] to this Subsection (3).
- (a) The net value received for any money appropriated shall be measured on a project-by-project basis over the life of the project.
- (b) (i) [The] A municipal legislative body shall establish the criteria for a determination under this Subsection (3) [shall be established by the municipality's legislative body. A determination of value received, made by the municipality's legislative body, shall be].
- (ii) A municipal legislative body's determination of value received is presumed valid unless [it can be shown] a person can show that the determination was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal.

119	(c) The municipality may consider intangible benefits received by the municipality in
120	determining net value received.
121	(d) (i) [Prior to] Before the municipal legislative body [making] makes any decision to
122	appropriate any funds for a corporate purpose under this section, [a public hearing shall be
123	held] the municipal legislative body shall hold a public hearing.
124	(ii) [Notice of the hearing described in Subsection (3)(d)(i) shall be published] The
125	municipal legislative body shall publish a notice of the hearing described in Subsection
126	(3)(d)(i):
127	(A) [(1)] in a newspaper of general circulation at least 14 days before the date of the
128	hearing[;] or, [(HI)-] if there is no newspaper of general circulation, by posting notice in at least
129	three conspicuous places within the municipality for the same time period; and
130	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, at least 14 days
131	before the date of the hearing.
132	[(e) A study shall be performed before notice of the public hearing is given and shall be
133	made available at the municipality for review by interested parties at least 14 days immediately
134	prior to the public hearing, setting forth an analysis and demonstrating the purpose for the
135	appropriation. In making the study, the following factors shall be considered:]
136	(e) (i) Before a municipality provides notice as described in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), the
137	municipality shall perform a study that analyzes and demonstrates the purpose for an
138	appropriation described in this Subsection (3) in accordance with Subsection (3)(e)(iii).
139	(ii) A municipality shall make the study described in Subsection (3)(e)(i) available at
140	the municipality for review by interested parties at least 14 days immediately before the public
141	hearing described in Subsection (3)(d)(i).
142	(iii) A municipality shall consider the following factors when conducting the study
143	described in Subsection (3)(e)(i):
144	[(i)] (A) what identified benefit the municipality will receive in return for any money or
145	resources appropriated;
146	[(ii)] (B) the municipality's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the
147	way the appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being,
148	peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality; and
149	[(iii)] (C) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the

- 150 reasonable goals and objectives of the municipality in the area of economic development, job 151 creation, affordable housing, [blight] elimination of a development impediment, job 152 preservation, the preservation of historic structures and property, and any other public purpose. 153 (f) (i) An appeal may be taken from a final decision of the municipal legislative body, 154 to make an appropriation. 155 (ii) [The appeal shall be filed within 30 days after the date of that decision, to the district court.] A person shall file an appeal as described in Subsection (3)(f)(i) with the district 156 court within 30 days after the day on which the municipal legislative body makes a decision. 157 158 (iii) Any appeal shall be based on the record of the proceedings before the legislative 159 body. 160 (iv) A decision of the municipal legislative body shall be presumed to be valid unless 161 the appealing party shows that the decision was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal. 162 (g) The provisions of this Subsection (3) apply only to those appropriations made after May 6, 2002. 163 164 (h) This section applies only to appropriations not otherwise approved pursuant to Title 165 10, Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns, or Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform 166 Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities. 167 (4) (a) Before a municipality may dispose of a significant parcel of real property, the 168 municipality shall: 169 (i) provide reasonable notice of the proposed disposition at least 14 days before the 170 opportunity for public comment under Subsection (4)(a)(ii); and 171 (ii) allow an opportunity for public comment on the proposed disposition. 172 (b) Each municipality shall, by ordinance, define what constitutes: 173 (i) a significant parcel of real property for purposes of Subsection (4)(a); and 174 (ii) reasonable notice for purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(i). 175 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(d), each municipality intending to acquire 176 real property for the purpose of expanding the municipality's infrastructure or other facilities
- (i) the property is located:

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(A) outside the boundaries of the municipality; and

used for providing services that the municipality offers or intends to offer shall provide written

notice, as provided in this Subsection (5), of its intent to acquire the property if:

181	(B) in a county of the first or second class; and
182	(ii) the intended use of the property is contrary to:
183	(A) the anticipated use of the property under the general plan of the county in whose
184	unincorporated area or the municipality in whose boundaries the property is located; or
185	(B) the property's current zoning designation.
186	(b) Each notice under Subsection (5)(a) shall:
187	(i) indicate that the municipality intends to acquire real property;
188	(ii) identify the real property; and
189	(iii) be sent to:
190	(A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose
191	boundaries the property is located; and
192	(B) each affected entity.
193	(c) A notice under this Subsection (5) is a protected record as provided in Subsection
194	63G-2-305(8).
195	(d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (5)(a) does not apply if the municipality
196	previously provided notice under Section 10-9a-203 identifying the general location within the
197	municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located.
198	(ii) If a municipality is not required to comply with the notice requirement of
199	Subsection (5)(a) because of application of Subsection (5)(d)(i), the municipality shall provide
200	the notice specified in Subsection (5)(a) as soon as practicable after its acquisition of the real
201	property.
202	Section 2. Section 10-9a-403 is amended to read:
203	10-9a-403. General plan preparation.
204	(1) (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section
205	10-9a-203, of its intent to make a recommendation to the municipal legislative body for a
206	general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission
207	initiates the process of preparing its recommendation.
208	(b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a
209	proposed general plan for the area within the municipality.
210	(c) The plan may include areas outside the boundaries of the municipality if, in the

planning commission's judgment, those areas are related to the planning of the municipality's

212 territory.

- (d) Except as otherwise provided by law or with respect to a municipality's power of eminent domain, when the plan of a municipality involves territory outside the boundaries of the municipality, the municipality may not take action affecting that territory without the concurrence of the county or other municipalities affected.
- (2) (a) At a minimum, the proposed general plan, with the accompanying maps, charts, and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's recommendations for the following plan elements:
 - (i) a land use element that:
- (A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and location of land for housing, business, industry, agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate; and
- (B) may include a statement of the projections for and standards of population density and building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan;
- (ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element consisting of the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial and collector streets, mass transit, and any other modes of transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate, all correlated with the population projections and the proposed land use element of the general plan; and
- (iii) for a municipality described in Subsection 10-9a-401(3)(b), a plan that provides a realistic opportunity to meet the need for additional moderate income housing.
 - (b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission:
- (i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that municipalities shall facilitate a reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing:
 - (A) to meet the needs of people desiring to live in the community; and
- (B) to allow persons with moderate incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all aspects of neighborhood and community life; and
- (ii) for a town, may include, and for other municipalities, shall include, an analysis of why the recommended means, techniques, or combination of means and techniques provide a realistic opportunity for the development of moderate income housing within the next five

243	years, which means or techniques may include a recommendation to:
244	(A) rezone for densities necessary to assure the production of moderate income
245	housing;
246	(B) facilitate the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that will encourage the
247	construction of moderate income housing;
248	(C) encourage the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate
249	income housing;
250	(D) consider general fund subsidies to waive construction related fees that are
251	otherwise generally imposed by the city;
252	(E) consider utilization of state or federal funds or tax incentives to promote the
253	construction of moderate income housing;
254	(F) consider utilization of programs offered by the Utah Housing Corporation within
255	that agency's funding capacity;
256	(G) consider utilization of affordable housing programs administered by the
257	Department of Workforce Services; and
258	(H) consider utilization of programs administered by an association of governments
259	established by an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.
260	(c) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall:
261	(i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the municipality; and
262	(ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is
263	inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture.
264	(3) The proposed general plan may include:
265	(a) an environmental element that addresses:
266	(i) the protection, conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including
267	the quality of air, forests, soils, rivers and other waters, harbors, fisheries, wildlife, minerals,
268	and other natural resources; and
269	(ii) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution of
270	streams and other waters, regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other
271	environmentally sensitive areas, the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils,
272	protection of watersheds and wetlands, and the mapping of known geologic hazards;
273	(b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water,

274	waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them,
275	police and fire protection, and other public services;
276	(c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and
277	programs for:
278	(i) historic preservation;
279	(ii) the diminution or elimination of [blight] a development impediment as defined in
280	<u>Section 17C-1-102</u> ; and
281	(iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and
282	public building sites;
283	(d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an
284	economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected municipal
285	revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry,
286	primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity;
287	(e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including
288	the use of land use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community development and
289	promotion, and any other appropriate action;
290	(f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 10-9a-401(2) or (3);
291	and
292	(g) any other element the municipality considers appropriate.
293	Section 3. Section 11-58-601 is amended to read:
294	11-58-601. Port authority receipt and use of property tax differential
295	Distribution of property tax differential.
296	(1) (a) The authority may:
297	(i) subject to Subsections (1)(b), (c), and (d), receive up to 100% of the property tax
298	differential for a period ending up to 25 years after a certificate of occupancy is issued with
299	respect to improvements on a parcel, as determined by the board and as provided in this part;
300	and
301	(ii) use the property tax differential during and after the period described in Subsection
302	(1)(a)(i).
303	(b) With respect to a parcel located within a project area, the 25-year period described

in Subsection (1)(a)(i) begins on the day on which the authority receives the first property tax

differential from that parcel.

- (c) The authority may not receive property tax differential from an area included within a community reinvestment project area[, as defined in Section 17C-1-102,] under a community reinvestment project area plan, as defined in Section 17C-1-102, adopted before March 1, 2018, from a taxing entity that has, before March 1, 2018, entered into a fully executed, legally binding agreement under which the taxing entity agrees to the use of its tax increment, as defined in Section 17C-1-102, under the community reinvestment project area plan.
- (d) The authority shall pay to a community reinvestment agency 10% of the property tax differential generated from land located within that community reinvestment agency, to be used for affordable housing as provided in Section 17C-1-412.
- (2) A county that collects property tax on property within a project area shall pay and distribute to the authority the property tax differential that the authority is entitled to collect under this title, in the manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365.
- (3) (a) The board shall determine by resolution when the entire project area or an individual parcel within a project area is subject to property tax differential.
- (b) The board shall amend the project area budget to reflect whether a parcel within a project area is subject to property tax differential.
- Section 4. Section 17-27a-403 is amended to read:

17-27a-403. Plan preparation.

- (1) (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section 17-27a-203, of its intent to make a recommendation to the county legislative body for a general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission initiates the process of preparing its recommendation.
- (b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a proposed general plan for:
 - (i) the unincorporated area within the county; or
- (ii) if the planning commission is a planning commission for a mountainous planning district, the mountainous planning district.
- (c) (i) The plan may include planning for incorporated areas if, in the planning commission's judgment, they are related to the planning of the unincorporated territory or of the county as a whole.

- (ii) Elements of the county plan that address incorporated areas are not an official plan or part of a municipal plan for any municipality, unless it is recommended by the municipal planning commission and adopted by the governing body of the municipality.
- (iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(ii), if property is located in a mountainous planning district, the plan for the mountainous planning district controls and precedes a municipal plan, if any, to which the property would be subject.
- (2) (a) At a minimum, the proposed general plan, with the accompanying maps, charts, and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's recommendations for the following plan elements:
 - (i) a land use element that:
- (A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and location of land for housing, business, industry, agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate; and
- (B) may include a statement of the projections for and standards of population density and building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan;
- (ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element consisting of the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial and collector streets, mass transit, and any other modes of transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate, all correlated with the population projections and the proposed land use element of the general plan;
- (iii) a plan for the development of additional moderate income housing within the unincorporated area of the county or the mountainous planning district, and a plan to provide a realistic opportunity to meet the need for additional moderate income housing; and
- (iv) before May 1, 2017, a resource management plan detailing the findings, objectives, and policies required by Subsection 17-27a-401(3).
 - (b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission:
- (i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that counties should facilitate a reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing:
 - (A) to meet the needs of people desiring to live there; and
 - (B) to allow persons with moderate incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all

367	aspects of neighborhood and community life; and
368	(ii) shall include an analysis of why the re

- (ii) shall include an analysis of why the recommended means, techniques, or combination of means and techniques provide a realistic opportunity for the development of moderate income housing within the planning horizon, which means or techniques may include a recommendation to:
- (A) rezone for densities necessary to assure the production of moderate income housing;
- (B) facilitate the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that will encourage the construction of moderate income housing;
- (C) encourage the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate income housing;
- (D) consider county general fund subsidies to waive construction related fees that are otherwise generally imposed by the county;
- (E) consider utilization of state or federal funds or tax incentives to promote the construction of moderate income housing;
- (F) consider utilization of programs offered by the Utah Housing Corporation within that agency's funding capacity; and
- (G) consider utilization of affordable housing programs administered by the Department of Workforce Services.
 - (c) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall:
- (i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the unincorporated area of the county or mountainous planning district; and
- (ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture.
 - (3) The proposed general plan may include:
 - (a) an environmental element that addresses:
- (i) to the extent not covered by the county's resource management plan, the protection, conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including the quality of air, forests, soils, rivers and other waters, harbors, fisheries, wildlife, minerals, and other natural resources; and
 - (ii) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution of

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398	streams and other waters, regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other
399	environmentally sensitive areas, the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils,
400	protection of watersheds and wetlands, and the mapping of known geologic hazards;
401	(b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water,
402	waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them,
403	police and fire protection, and other public services;
404	(c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and
405	programs for:
406	(i) historic preservation;
407	(ii) the diminution or elimination of [blight] a development impediment as defined in
408	Section 17C-1-102; and
409	(iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and
410	public building sites;
411	(d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an
412	economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected county
413	revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry,
414	primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity;
415	(e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including
416	the use of land use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community development and
417	promotion, and any other appropriate action;
418	(f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 17-27a-401(2) or
419	(3)(a)(i); and
420	(g) any other element the county considers appropriate

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- (g) any other element the county considers appropriate.
- 421 Section 5. Section 17-50-303 is amended to read:
 - 17-50-303. County may not give or lend credit -- County may borrow in anticipation of revenues -- Assistance to nonprofit and private entities.
 - (1) A county may not give or lend its credit to or in aid of any person or corporation, or, except as provided in Subsection (3), appropriate money in aid of any private enterprise.
 - (2) (a) A county may borrow money in anticipation of the collection of taxes and other county revenues in the manner and subject to the conditions of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.

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by the county.

429 (b) A county may incur indebtedness under Subsection (2)(a) for any purpose for which 430 funds of the county may be expended. 431 (3) (a) A county may appropriate money to or provide nonmonetary assistance to a 432 nonprofit entity, or waive fees required to be paid by a nonprofit entity, if, in the judgment of 433 the county legislative body, the assistance contributes to the safety, health, prosperity, moral 434 well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of county residents. 435 (b) A county may appropriate money to a nonprofit entity from the county's own funds 436 or from funds the county receives from the state or any other source. 437 (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4): 438 (i) "Private enterprise" means a person that engages in an activity for profit. 439 (ii) "Project" means an activity engaged in by a private enterprise. 440 (b) A county may appropriate money in aid of a private enterprise project if: 441 (i) subject to Subsection (4)(c), the county receives value in return for the money 442 appropriated; and 443 (ii) in the judgment of the county legislative body, the private enterprise project 444 provides for the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or 445 convenience of the county residents. 446 (c) The county shall measure the net value received by the county for money 447 appropriated by the county to a private entity on a project-by-project basis over the life of the 448 project. 449 (d) (i) Before a county legislative body may appropriate funds in aid of a private 450 enterprise project under this Subsection (4), the county legislative body shall: 451 (A) adopt by ordinance criteria to determine what value, if any, the county will receive 452 in return for money appropriated under this Subsection (4): 453 (B) conduct a study as described in Subsection (4)(e) on the proposed appropriation 454 and private enterprise project; and 455 (C) post notice, subject to Subsection (4)(f), and hold a public hearing on the proposed 456 appropriation and the private enterprise project.

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(ii) The county legislative body may consider an intangible benefit as a value received

(e) (i) Before publishing or posting notice in accordance with Subsection (4)(f), the

460 county shall study:

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- (A) any value the county will receive in return for money or resources appropriated to a private entity;
- (B) the county's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the way the appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the county residents; and
- (C) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the reasonable goals and objectives of the county in the area of economic development, job creation, affordable housing, [blight] elimination of a development impediment, as defined in Section 17C-1-102, job preservation, the preservation of historic structures, analyzing and improving county government structure or property, or any other public purpose.
- (ii) The county shall:
 - (A) prepare a written report of the results of the study; and
- (B) make the report available to the public at least 14 days immediately prior to the scheduled day of the public hearing described in Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C).
- (f) The county shall publish notice of the public hearing required in Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C):
- (i) in a newspaper of general circulation at least 14 days before the date of the hearing or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation, by posting notice in at least three conspicuous places within the county for the same time period; and
- (ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, at least 14 days before the date of the hearing.
- (g) (i) A person may appeal the decision of the county legislative body to appropriate funds under this Subsection (4).
- (ii) A person shall file an appeal with the district court within 30 days after the day on which the legislative body adopts an ordinance or approves a budget to appropriate the funds.
 - (iii) A court shall:
- 487 (A) presume that an ordinance adopted or appropriation made under this Subsection (4) 488 is valid; and
- 489 (B) determine only whether the ordinance or appropriation is arbitrary, capricious, or 490 illegal.

491	(iv) A determination of illegality requires a determination that the decision or					
492	ordinance violates a law, statute, or ordinance in effect at the time the decision was made or the					
493	ordinance was adopted.					
494	(v) The district court's review is limited to:					
495	(A) a review of the criteria adopted by the county legislative body under Subsection					
496	(4)(d)(i)(A);					
497	(B) the record created by the county legislative body at the public hearing described in					
498	Subsection (4)(d)(i)(C); and					
499	(C) the record created by the county in preparation of the study and the study itself as					
500	described in Subsection (4)(e).					
501	(vi) If there is no record, the court may call witnesses and take evidence.					
502	(h) This section applies only to an appropriation not otherwise approved in accordance					
503	with Title 17, Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Counties.					
504	Section 6. Section 17C-1-102 is amended to read:					
505	17C-1-102. Definitions.					
506	As used in this title:					
507	(1) "Active project area" means a project area that has not been dissolved in accordance					
508	with Section 17C-1-702.					
509	(2) "Adjusted tax increment" means the percentage of tax increment, if less than 100%,					
510	that an agency is authorized to receive:					
511	(a) for a pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan, under Section 17C-1-403, excluding tax					
512	increment under Subsection 17C-1-403(3);					
513	(b) for a post-June 30, 1993, project area plan, under Section 17C-1-404, excluding tax					
514	increment under Section 17C-1-406;					
515	(c) under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee; or					
516	(d) under an interlocal agreement that authorizes the agency to receive a taxing entity's					
517	tax increment.					
518	(3) "Affordable housing" means housing owned or occupied by a low or moderate					
519	income family, as determined by resolution of the agency.					
520	(4) "Agency" or "community reinvestment agency" means a separate body corporate					
521	and politic, created under Section 17C-1-201.5 or as a redevelopment agency or community					

development and renewal agency under previous law:

523	(a) that is a political subdivision of the state;					
524	(b) that is created to undertake or promote project area development as provided in this					
525	title; and					
526	(c) whose geographic boundaries are coterminous with:					
527	(i) for an agency created by a county, the unincorporated area of the county; and					
528	(ii) for an agency created by a municipality, the boundaries of the municipality.					
529	(5) "Agency funds" means money that an agency collects or receives for agency					
530	operations, implementing a project area plan, or other agency purposes, including:					
531	(a) project area funds;					
532	(b) income, proceeds, revenue, or property derived from or held in connection with the					
533	agency's undertaking and implementation of project area development; or					
534	(c) a contribution, loan, grant, or other financial assistance from any public or private					
535	source.					
536	(6) "Annual income" means the same as that term is defined in regulations of the					
537	United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 5.609, as					
538	amended or as superseded by replacement regulations.					
539	(7) "Assessment roll" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-102.					
540	(8) "Base taxable value" means, unless otherwise adjusted in accordance with					
541	provisions of this title, a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last					
542	equalized during the base year.					
543	(9) "Base year" means, except as provided in Subsection 17C-1-402(4)(c), the year					
544	during which the assessment roll is last equalized:					
545	(a) for a pre-July 1, 1993, urban renewal or economic development project area plan,					
546	before the project area plan's effective date;					
547	(b) for a post-June 30, 1993, urban renewal or economic development project area					
548	plan, or a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity					
549	committee:					
550	(i) before the date on which the taxing entity committee approves the project area					
551	budget; or					
552	(ii) if taxing entity committee approval is not required for the project area budget,					

553	before the date on which the community legislative body adopts the project area plan;
554	(c) for a project on an inactive airport site, after the later of:
555	(i) the date on which the inactive airport site is sold for remediation and development;
556	or
557	(ii) the date on which the airport that operated on the inactive airport site ceased
558	operations; or
559	(d) for a community development project area plan or a community reinvestment
560	project area plan that is subject to an interlocal agreement, as described in the interlocal
561	agreement.
562	(10) "Basic levy" means the portion of a school district's tax levy constituting the
563	minimum basic levy under Section 59-2-902.
564	[(11) "Blight" or "blighted" means the condition of an area that meets the requirements
565	described in Subsection 17C-2-303(1) for an urban renewal project area or Section 17C-5-405
566	for a community reinvestment project area.]
567	[(12) "Blight hearing" means a public hearing regarding whether blight exists within a
568	proposed:]
569	[(a) urban renewal project area under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C) and Section
570	17C-2-302; or]
571	[(b) community reinvestment project area under Section 17C-5-405.]
572	[(13) "Blight study" means a study to determine whether blight exists within a survey
573	area as described in Section 17C-2-301 for an urban renewal project area or Section 17C-5-403
574	for a community reinvestment project area.]
575	[(14)] (11) "Board" means the governing body of an agency, as described in Section
576	17C-1-203.
577	[(15)] (12) "Budget hearing" means the public hearing on a proposed project area
578	budget required under Subsection 17C-2-201(2)(d) for an urban renewal project area budget,
579	Subsection 17C-3-201(2)(d) for an economic development project area budget, or Subsection
580	17C-5-302(2)(e) for a community reinvestment project area budget.
581	[(16)] (13) "Closed military base" means land within a former military base that the
582	Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission has voted to close or realign when that
583	action has been sustained by the president of the United States and Congress.

584	[(17)] (14) "Combined incremental value" means the combined total of all incremental						
585	values from all project areas, except project areas that contain some or all of a military						
586	installation or inactive industrial site, within the agency's boundaries under project area plans						
587	and project area budgets at the time that a project area budget for a new project area is being						
588	considered.						
589	[(18)] (15) "Community" means a county or municipality.						
590	[(19)] (16) "Community development project area plan" means a project area plan						
591	adopted under Chapter 4, Part 1, Community Development Project Area Plan.						
592	[(20)] (17) "Community legislative body" means the legislative body of the community						
593	that created the agency.						
594	[(21)] (18) "Community reinvestment project area plan" means a project area plan						
595	adopted under Chapter 5, Part 1, Community Reinvestment Project Area Plan.						
596	[(22)] (19) "Contest" means to file a written complaint in the district court of the						
597	county in which the agency is located.						
598	(20) "Development impediment" means a condition of an area that meets the						
599	requirements described in Section 17C-2-303 for an urban renewal project area or Section						
600	17C-5-405 for a community reinvestment project area.						
601	(21) "Development impediment hearing" means a public hearing regarding whether a						
602	development impediment exists within a proposed:						
603	(a) urban renewal project area under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C) and Section						
604	<u>17C-2-302; or</u>						
605	(b) community reinvestment project area under Section 17C-5-404.						
606	(22) "Development impediment study" means a study to determine whether a						
607	development impediment exists within a survey area as described in Section 17C-2-301 for an						
608	urban renewal project area or Section 17C-5-403 for a community reinvestment project area.						
609	(23) "Economic development project area plan" means a project area plan adopted						
610	under Chapter 3, Part 1, Economic Development Project Area Plan.						
611	(24) "Fair share ratio" means the ratio derived by:						
612	(a) for a municipality, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the						
613	municipality that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the percentage of all						
614	housing units within the county in which the municipality is located that are publicly						

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- (b) for the unincorporated part of a county, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the unincorporated county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units.
- (25) "Family" means the same as that term is defined in regulations of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Section 5.403, as amended or as superseded by replacement regulations.
 - (26) "Greenfield" means land not developed beyond agricultural, range, or forestry use.
- (27) "Hazardous waste" means any substance defined, regulated, or listed as a hazardous substance, hazardous material, hazardous waste, toxic waste, pollutant, contaminant, or toxic substance, or identified as hazardous to human health or the environment, under state or federal law or regulation.
- 628 (28) "Housing allocation" means project area funds allocated for housing under Section 629 17C-2-203, 17C-3-202, or 17C-5-307 for the purposes described in Section 17C-1-412.
 - (29) "Housing fund" means a fund created by an agency for purposes described in Section 17C-1-411 or 17C-1-412 that is comprised of:
 - (a) project area funds allocated for the purposes described in Section 17C-1-411; or
 - (b) an agency's housing allocation.
- 634 (30) (a) "Inactive airport site" means land that:
- (i) consists of at least 100 acres;
- 636 (ii) is occupied by an airport:
- (A) (I) that is no longer in operation as an airport; or
- (II) (Aa) that is scheduled to be decommissioned; and
- (Bb) for which a replacement commercial service airport is under construction; and
- (B) that is owned or was formerly owned and operated by a public entity; and
- (iii) requires remediation because:
- (A) of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste; or
- 643 (B) the site lacks sufficient public infrastructure and facilities, including public roads, 644 electric service, water system, and sewer system, needed to support development of the site.
 - (b) "Inactive airport site" includes a perimeter of up to 2,500 feet around the land

646	described in Subsection (30)(a).
647	(31) (a) "Inactive industrial site" means land that:
648	(i) consists of at least 1,000 acres;
649	(ii) is occupied by an inactive or abandoned factory, smelter, or other heavy industrial
650	facility; and
651	(iii) requires remediation because of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste.
652	(b) "Inactive industrial site" includes a perimeter of up to 1,500 feet around the land
653	described in Subsection (31)(a).
654	(32) "Income targeted housing" means housing that is owned or occupied by a family
655	whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median annual income for a family within the
656	county in which the housing is located.
657	(33) "Incremental value" means a figure derived by multiplying the marginal value of
658	the property located within a project area on which tax increment is collected by a number that
659	represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area that is paid to the agency.
660	(34) "Loan fund board" means the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board,
661	established under Title 35A, Chapter 8, Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund.
662	(35) (a) "Local government building" means a building owned and operated by a
663	community for the primary purpose of providing one or more primary community functions,
664	including:
665	(i) a fire station;
666	(ii) a police station;
667	(iii) a city hall; or
668	(iv) a court or other judicial building.
669	(b) "Local government building" does not include a building the primary purpose of
670	which is cultural or recreational in nature.
671	(36) "Marginal value" means the difference between actual taxable value and base
672	taxable value.
673	(37) "Military installation project area" means a project area or a portion of a project
674	area located within a federal military installation ordered closed by the federal Defense Base
675	Realignment and Closure Commission.
676	(38) "Municipality" means a city, town, or metro township as defined in Section

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677 10-2a-403. 678 (39) "Participant" means one or more persons that enter into a participation agreement 679 with an agency. 680 (40) "Participation agreement" means a written agreement between a person and an 681 agency that: 682 (a) includes a description of: 683 (i) the project area development that the person will undertake; 684 (ii) the amount of project area funds the person may receive; and 685 (iii) the terms and conditions under which the person may receive project area funds; 686 and 687 (b) is approved by resolution of the board. 688 (41) "Plan hearing" means the public hearing on a proposed project area plan required 689 under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(vi) for an urban renewal project area plan. Subsection 690 17C-3-102(1)(d) for an economic development project area plan, Subsection 17C-4-102(1)(d) 691 for a community development project area plan, or Subsection 17C-5-104(3)(e) for a 692 community reinvestment project area plan. 693 (42) "Post-June 30, 1993, project area plan" means a project area plan adopted on or 694 after July 1, 1993, and before May 10, 2016, whether or not amended subsequent to the project 695 area plan's adoption. 696 (43) "Pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan" means a project area plan adopted before July 697 1, 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to the project area plan's adoption. 698 (44) "Private," with respect to real property, means property not owned by a public 699 entity or any other governmental entity. 700 (45) "Project area" means the geographic area described in a project area plan within 701 which the project area development described in the project area plan takes place or is 702 proposed to take place. 703 (46) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative 704 revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a project area prepared in 705 accordance with:

(a) for an urban renewal project area, Section [17C-2-202] 17C-2-201;

(b) for an economic development project area, Section [17C-3-202] 17C-3-201;

708 (c) for a community development project area, Section 17C-4-204; or 709 (d) for a community reinvestment project area, Section 17C-5-302. 710 (47) "Project area development" means activity within a project area that, as 711 determined by the board, encourages, promotes, or provides development or redevelopment for 712 the purpose of implementing a project area plan, including: 713 (a) promoting, creating, or retaining public or private jobs within the state or a 714 community; 715 (b) providing office, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, parking, or other 716 facilities or improvements; 717 (c) planning, designing, demolishing, clearing, constructing, rehabilitating, or 718 remediating environmental issues; 719 (d) providing residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other structures or spaces, 720 including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant to the structures or spaces; (e) altering, improving, modernizing, demolishing, reconstructing, or rehabilitating 721 722 existing structures; 723 (f) providing open space, including streets or other public grounds or space around 724 buildings; 725 (g) providing public or private buildings, infrastructure, structures, or improvements: 726 (h) relocating a business; 727 (i) improving public or private recreation areas or other public grounds: 728 (i) eliminating [blight] a development impediment or the causes of [blight] a 729 development impediment; 730 (k) redevelopment as defined under the law in effect before May 1, 2006; or 731 (1) any activity described in this Subsection (47) outside of a project area that the board 732 determines to be a benefit to the project area. 733 (48) "Project area funds" means tax increment or sales and use tax revenue that an 734 agency receives under a project area budget adopted by a taxing entity committee or an 735 interlocal agreement. 736 (49) "Project area funds collection period" means the period of time that: 737 (a) begins the day on which the first payment of project area funds is distributed to an

agency under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee or an interlocal

739 agreement; and

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- (b) ends the day on which the last payment of project area funds is distributed to an agency under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee or an interlocal agreement.
- (50) "Project area plan" means an urban renewal project area plan, an economic development project area plan, a community development project area plan, or a community reinvestment project area plan that, after the project area plan's effective date, guides and controls the project area development.
- (51) (a) "Property tax" means each levy on an ad valorem basis on tangible or intangible personal or real property.
- 749 (b) "Property tax" includes a privilege tax imposed under Title 59, Chapter 4, Privilege 750 Tax.
- 751 (52) "Public entity" means:
 - (a) the United States, including an agency of the United States;
 - (b) the state, including any of the state's departments or agencies; or
- (c) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, municipality, school district,
 local district, special service district, community reinvestment agency, or interlocal cooperation
 entity.
 - (53) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements" means water, sewer, storm drainage, electrical, natural gas, telecommunication, or other similar systems and lines, streets, roads, curb, gutter, sidewalk, walkways, parking facilities, public transportation facilities, or other facilities, infrastructure, and improvements benefitting the public and to be publicly owned or publicly maintained or operated.
 - (54) "Record property owner" or "record owner of property" means the owner of real property, as shown on the records of the county in which the property is located, to whom the property's tax notice is sent.
 - (55) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is:
- 766 (a) generated from a tax imposed under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; 767 and
- 768 (b) distributed to a taxing entity in accordance with Sections 59-12-204 and 59-12-205.
- 769 (56) "Superfund site":

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- (a) means an area included in the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9605; and
 - (b) includes an area formerly included in the National Priorities List, as described in Subsection (56)(a), but removed from the list following remediation that leaves on site the waste that caused the area to be included in the National Priorities List.
 - (57) "Survey area" means a geographic area designated for study by a survey area resolution to determine whether:
 - (a) one or more project areas within the survey area are feasible; or
 - (b) [blight] a development impediment exists within the survey area.
- 779 (58) "Survey area resolution" means a resolution adopted by a board that designates a survey area.
 - (59) "Taxable value" means:
 - (a) the taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
 - (b) the taxable value of all real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year; and
 - (c) the year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor assesses in accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
 - (60) (a) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
 - (i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property; and
 - (ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area using the base taxable value of the property.
 - (b) "Tax increment" does not include taxes levied and collected under Section 59-2-1602 on or after January 1, 1994, upon the taxable property in the project area unless:
 - (i) the project area plan was adopted before May 4, 1993, whether or not the project area plan was subsequently amended; and
- 799 (ii) the taxes were pledged to support bond indebtedness or other contractual obligations of the agency.

801	(61) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that:
802	(a) levies a tax on property located within a project area; or
803	(b) imposes a sales and use tax under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.
804	(62) "Taxing entity committee" means a committee representing the interests of taxing
805	entities, created in accordance with Section 17C-1-402.
806	(63) "Unincorporated" means not within a municipality.
807	(64) "Urban renewal project area plan" means a project area plan adopted under
808	Chapter 2, Part 1, Urban Renewal Project Area Plan.
809	Section 7. Section 17C-1-207 is amended to read:
810	17C-1-207. Public entities may assist with project area development.
811	(1) In order to assist and cooperate in the planning, undertaking, construction, or
812	operation of project area development within an area in which the public entity is authorized to
813	act, a public entity may:
814	(a) (i) provide or cause to be furnished:
815	(A) parks, playgrounds, or other recreational facilities;
816	(B) community, educational, water, sewer, or drainage facilities; or
817	(C) any other works which the public entity is otherwise empowered to undertake;
818	(ii) provide, furnish, dedicate, close, vacate, pave, install, grade, regrade, plan, or
819	replan streets, roads, roadways, alleys, sidewalks, or other places;
820	(iii) in any part of the project area:
821	(A) (I) plan or replan any property within the project area;
822	(II) plat or replat any property within the project area;
823	(III) vacate a plat;
824	(IV) amend a plat; or
825	(V) zone or rezone any property within the project area; and
826	(B) make any legal exceptions from building regulations and ordinances;
827	(iv) purchase or legally invest in any of the bonds of an agency and exercise all of the
828	rights of any holder of the bonds;
829	(v) notwithstanding any law to the contrary, enter into an agreement for a period of
830	time with another public entity concerning action to be taken pursuant to any of the powers
831	granted in this title;

832	(vi) do anything necessary to aid or cooperate in the planning or implementation of the
833	project area development;
834	(vii) in connection with the project area plan, become obligated to the extent
835	authorized and funds have been made available to make required improvements or construct
836	required structures; and
837	(viii) lend, grant, or contribute funds to an agency for project area development or
838	proposed project area development, including assigning revenue or taxes in support of an
839	agency bond or obligation; and
840	(b) for less than fair market value or for no consideration, and subject to Subsection
841	(3):
842	(i) purchase or otherwise acquire property from an agency;
843	(ii) lease property from an agency;
844	(iii) sell, grant, convey, donate, or otherwise dispose of the public entity's property to
845	an agency; or
846	(iv) lease the public entity's property to an agency.
847	(2) The following are not subject to [Sections] Section 10-8-2 [or], 17-50-312, or
848	<u>17-50-303</u> :
849	(a) project area development assistance that a public entity provides under this section
850	or
851	(b) a transfer of funds or property from an agency to a public entity.
852	(3) A public entity may provide assistance described in Subsection (1)(b) no sooner
853	than 15 days after the day on which the public entity posts notice of the assistance on:
854	(a) the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63F-1-701; and
855	(b) the public entity's public website.
856	Section 8. Section 17C-1-402 is amended to read:
857	17C-1-402. Taxing entity committee.
858	(1) The provisions of this section apply to a taxing entity committee that is created by
859	an agency for:
860	(a) a post-June 30, 1993, urban renewal project area plan or economic development
861	project area plan;
862	(b) any other project area plan adopted before May 10, 2016, for which the agency

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- 863 created a taxing entity committee; and 864 (c) a community reinvestment project area plan adopted before May 14, 2019, that is 865 subject to a taxing entity committee. (2) (a) (i) Each taxing entity committee shall be composed of: 866 867 (A) two school district representatives appointed in accordance with Subsection 868 (2)(a)(ii);869 (B) (I) in a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, two representatives 870 appointed by resolution of the legislative body of the county in which the agency is located; or 871 (II) in a county of the first class, one representative appointed by the county executive 872 and one representative appointed by the legislative body of the county in which the agency is 873 located; 874 (C) if the agency is created by a municipality, two representatives appointed by 875 resolution of the legislative body of the municipality; 876 (D) one representative appointed by the State Board of Education; and 877 (E) one representative selected by majority vote of the legislative bodies or governing 878 boards of all other taxing entities that levy a tax on property within the agency's boundaries, to 879 represent the interests of those taxing entities on the taxing entity committee. 880 (ii) (A) If the agency boundaries include only one school district, that school district 881 shall appoint the two school district representatives under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A). 882 (B) If the agency boundaries include more than one school district, those school 883 districts shall jointly appoint the two school district representatives under Subsection 884 (2)(a)(i)(A). 885 (b) (i) Each taxing entity committee representative described in Subsection (2)(a) shall 886 be appointed within 30 days after the day on which the agency provides notice of the creation 887 of the taxing entity committee. 888 (ii) If a representative is not appointed within the time required under Subsection 889 (2)(b)(i), the board may appoint an individual to serve on the taxing entity committee in the 890 place of the missing representative until that representative is appointed.
 - (c) (i) A taxing entity committee representative may be appointed for a set term or period of time, as determined by the appointing authority under Subsection (2)(a)(i).
 - (ii) Each taxing entity committee representative shall serve until a successor is

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or

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894	appointed and qualified.
895	(d) (i) Upon the appointment of each representative under Subsection (2)(a)(i), whether
896	an initial appointment or an appointment to replace an already serving representative, the
897	appointing authority shall:
898	(A) notify the agency in writing of the name and address of the newly appointed
899	representative; and
900	(B) provide the agency a copy of the resolution making the appointment or, if the
901	appointment is not made by resolution, other evidence of the appointment.
902	(ii) Each appointing authority of a taxing entity committee representative under
903	Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall notify the agency in writing of any change of address of a
904	representative appointed by that appointing authority.
905	(3) At a taxing entity committee's first meeting, the taxing entity committee shall adopt
906	an organizing resolution that:
907	(a) designates a chair and a secretary of the taxing entity committee; and
908	(b) if the taxing entity committee considers it appropriate, governs the use of electronic
909	meetings under Section 52-4-207.
910	(4) (a) A taxing entity committee represents all taxing entities regarding:
911	(i) an urban renewal project area plan;
912	(ii) an economic development project area plan; or
913	(iii) a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity
914	committee.
915	(b) A taxing entity committee may:
916	(i) cast votes that are binding on all taxing entities;
917	(ii) negotiate with the agency concerning a proposed project area plan;
918	(iii) approve or disapprove:
919	(A) an urban renewal project area budget as described in Section 17C-2-204;
920	(B) an economic development project area budget as described in Section 17C-3-203;

(C) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity committee, a community reinvestment project area budget as described in Section 17C-5-302;

(iv) approve or disapprove an amendment to a project area budget as described in

925	Section 17C-2-206, 17C-3-205, or 17C-5-306;
926	(v) approve an exception to the limits on the value and size of a project area imposed
927	under this title;
928	(vi) approve:
929	(A) an exception to the percentage of tax increment to be paid to the agency;
930	(B) except for a project area funds collection period that is approved by an interlocal
931	agreement, each project area funds collection period; and
932	(C) an exception to the requirement for an urban renewal project area budget, an
933	economic development project area budget, or a community reinvestment project area budget
934	to include a maximum cumulative dollar amount of tax increment that the agency may receive
935	(vii) approve the use of tax increment for publicly owned infrastructure and
936	improvements outside of a project area that the agency and community legislative body
937	determine to be of benefit to the project area, as described in Subsection
938	17C-1-409(1)(a)(iii)(D);
939	(viii) waive the restrictions described in Subsection 17C-2-202(1);
940	(ix) subject to Subsection (4)(c), designate the base taxable value for a project area
941	budget; and
942	(x) give other taxing entity committee approval or consent required or allowed under
943	this title.
944	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the base year may not be a year that
945	is earlier than five years before the beginning of a project area funds collection period.
946	(ii) The taxing entity committee may approve a base year that is earlier than the year
947	described in Subsection (4)(c)(i).
948	(5) A quorum of a taxing entity committee consists of:
949	(a) if the project area is located within a municipality, five members; or
950	(b) if the project area is not located within a municipality, four members.
951	(6) Taxing entity committee approval, consent, or other action requires:
952	(a) the affirmative vote of a majority of all members present at a taxing entity
953	committee meeting:
954	(i) at which a quorum is present; and
955	(ii) considering an action relating to a project area budget for, or approval of a [finding

956	of blight] development impediment determination within, a project area or proposed project
957	area that contains:
958	(A) an inactive industrial site;
959	(B) an inactive airport site; or
960	(C) a closed military base; or
961	(b) for any other action not described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii), the affirmative vote of
962	two-thirds of all members present at a taxing entity committee meeting at which a quorum is
963	present.
964	(7) (a) An agency may call a meeting of the taxing entity committee by sending written
965	notice to the members of the taxing entity committee at least 10 days before the date of the
966	meeting.
967	(b) Each notice under Subsection (7)(a) shall be accompanied by:
968	(i) the proposed agenda for the taxing entity committee meeting; and
969	(ii) if not previously provided and if the documents exist and are to be considered at
970	the meeting:
971	(A) the project area plan or proposed project area plan;
972	(B) the project area budget or proposed project area budget;
973	(C) the analysis required under Subsection 17C-2-103(2), 17C-3-103(2), or
974	17C-5-105(12);
975	(D) the [blight] development impediment study;
976	(E) the agency's resolution making a [finding of blight] development impediment
977	determination under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(ii)(B) or [Subsection] 17C-5-402(2)(c)(ii);
978	and
979	(F) other documents to be considered by the taxing entity committee at the meeting.
980	(c) (i) An agency may not schedule a taxing entity committee meeting on a day on
981	which the Legislature is in session.
982	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(c)(i), a taxing entity committee may, by unanimous
983	consent, waive the scheduling restriction described in Subsection (7)(c)(i).
984	(8) (a) A taxing entity committee may not vote on a proposed project area budget or
985	proposed amendment to a project area budget at the first meeting at which the proposed project
986	area budget or amendment is considered unless all members of the taxing entity committee

987 present at the meeting consent.

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- (b) A second taxing entity committee meeting to consider a proposed project area budget or a proposed amendment to a project area budget may not be held within 14 days after the first meeting unless all members of the taxing entity committee present at the first meeting consent.
- (9) Each taxing entity committee shall be governed by Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
 - (10) A taxing entity committee's records shall be:
 - (a) considered the records of the agency that created the taxing entity committee; and
- (b) maintained by the agency in accordance with Section 17C-1-209.
- (11) Each time a school district representative or a representative of the State Board of Education votes as a member of a taxing entity committee to allow an agency to receive tax increment, to increase the amount of tax increment the agency receives, or to extend a project area funds collection period, that representative shall, within 45 days after the vote, provide to the representative's respective school board an explanation in writing of the representative's vote and the reasons for the vote.
- (12) (a) The auditor of each county in which an agency is located shall provide a written report to the taxing entity committee stating, with respect to property within each project area:
- (i) the base taxable value, as adjusted by any adjustments under Section 17C-1-408; and
 - (ii) the assessed value.
- (b) With respect to the information required under Subsection (12)(a), the auditor shall provide:
- (i) actual amounts for each year from the adoption of the project area plan to the time of the report; and
- (ii) estimated amounts for each year beginning the year after the time of the report and ending the time that each project area funds collection period ends.
- (c) The auditor of the county in which the agency is located shall provide a report under this Subsection (12):
- 1017 (i) at least annually; and

- 3rd Sub. (Cherry) H.B. 245 1018 (ii) upon request of the taxing entity committee, before a taxing entity committee 1019 meeting at which the committee considers whether to allow the agency to receive tax 1020 increment, to increase the amount of tax increment that the agency receives, or to extend a 1021 project area funds collection period. 1022 (13) This section does not apply to: 1023 (a) a community development project area plan; or 1024 (b) a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to an interlocal 1025 agreement. 1026 (14) (a) A taxing entity committee resolution approving a [blight finding] development impediment determination, approving a project area budget, or approving an amendment to a 1027 1028 project area budget:
- 1029 (i) is final; and

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- (ii) is not subject to repeal, amendment, or reconsideration unless the agency first consents by resolution to the proposed repeal, amendment, or reconsideration.
 - (b) The provisions of Subsection (14)(a) apply regardless of when the resolution is adopted.
- Section 9. Section 17C-1-407 is amended to read:

17C-1-407. Limitations on tax increment.

- (1) (a) If the development of retail sales of goods is the primary objective of an urban renewal project area, tax increment from the urban renewal project area may not be paid to or used by an agency unless the agency makes a [finding of blight is made] development impediment determination under Chapter 2, Part 3, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination in Urban Renewal Project Areas.
- (b) Development of retail sales of goods does not disqualify an agency from receiving tax increment.
- (c) After July 1, 2005, an agency may not receive or use tax increment generated from the value of property within an economic development project area that is attributable to the development of retail sales of goods, unless the tax increment was previously pledged to pay for bonds or other contractual obligations of the agency.
- (2) (a) An agency may not be paid any portion of a taxing entity's taxes resulting from an increase in the taxing entity's tax rate that occurs after the taxing entity committee approves

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the project area budget unless, at the time the taxing entity committee approves the project area budget, the taxing entity committee approves payment of those increased taxes to the agency.

- (b) If the taxing entity committee does not approve payment of the increased taxes to the agency under Subsection (2)(a), the county shall distribute to the taxing entity the taxes attributable to the tax rate increase in the same manner as other property taxes.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if, before tax year 2013, increased taxes are paid to an agency without the approval of the taxing entity committee, and notwithstanding the law at the time that the tax was collected or increased:
- (i) the State Tax Commission, the county as the collector of the taxes, a taxing entity, or any other person or entity may not recover, directly or indirectly, the increased taxes from the agency by adjustment of a tax rate used to calculate tax increment or otherwise;
- (ii) the county is not liable to a taxing entity or any other person or entity for the increased taxes that were paid to the agency; and
- (iii) tax increment, including the increased taxes, shall continue to be paid to the agency subject to the same number of tax years, percentage of tax increment, and cumulative dollar amount of tax increment as approved in the project area budget and previously paid to the agency.
- (3) Except as the taxing entity committee otherwise agrees, an agency may not receive tax increment under an urban renewal or economic development project area budget adopted on or after March 30, 2009:
- (a) that exceeds the percentage of tax increment or cumulative dollar amount of tax increment specified in the project area budget; or
 - (b) for more tax years than specified in the project area budget.
- Section 10. Section 17C-1-409 is amended to read:
 - 17C-1-409. Allowable uses of agency funds.
 - (1) (a) An agency may use agency funds:
 - (i) for any purpose authorized under this title;
 - (ii) for administrative, overhead, legal, or other operating expenses of the agency, including consultant fees and expenses under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(b)(ii)(B) or funding for a business resource center;
 - (iii) to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or part of:

- 1080 (A) project area development in a project area, including environmental remediation 1081 activities occurring before or after adoption of the project area plan; 1082 (B) housing-related expenditures, projects, or programs as described in Section 1083 17C-1-411 or 17C-1-412; 1084 (C) an incentive or other consideration paid to a participant under a participation 1085 agreement; 1086 (D) subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (4), the value of the land for and the cost of the installation and construction of any publicly owned building, facility, structure, landscaping, or 1087 1088 other improvement within the project area from which the project area funds are collected; or 1089 (E) the cost of the installation of publicly owned infrastructure and improvements 1090 outside the project area from which the project area funds are collected if the board and the 1091 community legislative body determine by resolution that the publicly owned infrastructure and 1092 improvements benefit the project area: (iv) in an urban renewal project area that includes some or all of an inactive industrial 1093 1094 site and subject to Subsection (1)(e), to reimburse the Department of Transportation created 1095 under Section 72-1-201, or a public transit district created under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, 1096 Public Transit District Act, for the cost of: 1097 (A) construction of a public road, bridge, or overpass: 1098 (B) relocation of a railroad track within the urban renewal project area; or 1099 (C) relocation of a railroad facility within the urban renewal project area; or 1100 (v) subject to Subsection (5), to transfer funds to a community that created the agency. 1101 (b) The determination of the board and the community legislative body under 1102 Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(E) regarding benefit to the project area shall be final and conclusive. 1103 (c) An agency may not use project area funds received from a taxing entity for the 1104 purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(D) under an urban renewal project area plan, an 1105 economic development project area plan, or a community reinvestment project area plan
 - (d) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(d)(ii), an agency may loan project area funds from a project area fund to another project area fund if:
 - (A) the board approves; and

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1110 (B) the community legislative body approves.

without the community legislative body's consent.

- (ii) An agency may not loan project area funds under Subsection (1)(d)(i) unless the projections for agency funds are sufficient to repay the loan amount.

 (iii) A loan described in Subsection (1)(d) is not subject to Title 10, Chapter 5,
- Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns, Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal
 Procedures Act for Utah Cities, Title 17, Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for
 Counties, or Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts.
 - (e) Before an agency may pay any tax increment or sales tax revenue under Subsection (1)(a)(iv), the agency shall enter into an interlocal agreement defining the terms of the reimbursement with:
 - (i) the Department of Transportation; or
 - (ii) a public transit district.
 - (2) (a) Sales and use tax revenue that an agency receives from a taxing entity is not subject to the prohibition or limitations of Title 11, Chapter 41, Prohibition on Sales and Use Tax Incentive Payments Act.
 - (b) An agency may use sales and use tax revenue that the agency receives under an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-4-201 or 17C-5-204 for the uses authorized in the interlocal agreement.
 - (3) (a) An agency may contract with the community that created the agency or another public entity to use agency funds to reimburse the cost of items authorized by this title to be paid by the agency that are paid by the community or other public entity.
 - (b) If land is acquired or the cost of an improvement is paid by another public entity and the land or improvement is leased to the community, an agency may contract with and make reimbursement from agency funds to the community.
 - (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an agency may not use project area funds to construct a local government building unless the taxing entity committee or each taxing entity party to an interlocal agreement with the agency consents.
 - (5) For the purpose of offsetting the community's annual local contribution to the Homeless Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account, the total amount an agency transfers in a calendar year to a community under Subsections (1)(a)(v), 17C-1-411(1)(d), and 17C-1-412 [(1)] (3)(a)(x) may not exceed the community's annual local contribution as defined in Section 35A-8-606.

1142	Section 11. Section 17C-1-412 is amended to read:
1143	17C-1-412. Use of housing allocation Separate accounting required Issuance
1144	of bonds for housing Action to compel agency to provide housing allocation.
1145	(1) (a) An agency shall use the agency's housing allocation[, if applicable,] to:
1146	(i) pay part or all of the cost of land or construction of income targeted housing within
1147	the boundary of the agency, if practicable in a mixed income development or area;
1148	(ii) pay part or all of the cost of rehabilitation of income targeted housing within the
1149	boundary of the agency;
1150	(iii) lend, grant, or contribute money to a person, public entity, housing authority,
1151	private entity or business, or nonprofit corporation for income targeted housing within the
1152	boundary of the agency;
1153	(iv) plan or otherwise promote income targeted housing within the boundary of the
1154	agency;
1155	(v) pay part or all of the cost of land or installation, construction, or rehabilitation of
1156	any building, facility, structure, or other housing improvement, including infrastructure
1157	improvements, related to housing located in a project area where [blight has been found to
1158	exist] a board has determined that a development impediment exists;
1159	(vi) replace housing units lost as a result of the project area development;
1160	(vii) make payments on or establish a reserve fund for bonds:
1161	(A) issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides
1162	income targeted housing within the community; and
1163	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which are used within the community for the purposes
1164	stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
1165	(viii) if the community's fair share ratio at the time of the first adoption of the project
1166	area budget is at least 1.1 to 1.0, make payments on bonds:
1167	(A) that were previously issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority
1168	that provides income targeted housing within the community; and
1169	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which were used within the community for the
1170	purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
1171	(ix) relocate mobile home park residents displaced by project area development; or
1172	(x) subject to Subsection (6), transfer funds to a community that created the agency.

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1173 (b) As an alternative to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), an agency may pay all or 1174 any portion of the agency's housing allocation to: 1175 (i) the community for use as described in Subsection (1)(a); 1176 (ii) a housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community 1177 for use in providing income targeted housing within the community; 1178 (iii) a housing authority established by the county in which the agency is located for 1179 providing: 1180 (A) income targeted housing within the county; 1181 (B) permanent housing, permanent supportive housing, or a transitional facility, as 1182 defined in Section 35A-5-302, within the county; or 1183 (C) homeless assistance within the county; or 1184 (iv) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, established under Title 35A, Chapter 8, 1185 Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, for use in providing income targeted housing within 1186 the community. 1187 (2) The agency shall create a housing fund and separately account for the agency's 1188 housing allocation, together with all interest earned by the housing allocation and all payments 1189 or repayments for loans, advances, or grants from the housing allocation. 1190 (3) An agency may: 1191 (a) issue bonds to finance a housing-related project under this section, including the 1192 payment of principal and interest upon advances for surveys and plans or preliminary loans; 1193 and 1194 (b) issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of bonds under Subsection 1195 (3)(a) previously issued by the agency. 1196 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an agency shall allocate money to the 1197 housing fund each year in which the agency receives sufficient tax increment to make a 1198 housing allocation required by the project area budget. 1199 (b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply in a year in which tax increment is insufficient. 1200 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), if an agency fails to provide a housing

allocation in accordance with the project area budget and [, if applicable,] the housing plan

the agency to provide the housing allocation.

adopted under Subsection 17C-2-204(2), the loan fund board may bring legal action to compel

1204	(b) In an action under Subsection (5)(a), the court:
1205	(i) shall award the loan fund board reasonable attorney fees, unless the court finds that
1206	the action was frivolous; and
1207	(ii) may not award the agency the agency's attorney fees, unless the court finds that the
1208	action was frivolous.
1209	(6) For the purpose of offsetting the community's annual local contribution to the
1210	Homeless Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account, the total amount an agency transfers in
1211	a calendar year to a community under Subsections (1)(a)(x), 17C-1-409(1)(a)(v), and
1212	17C-1-411(1)(d) may not exceed the community's annual local contribution as defined in
1213	Section 35A-8-606.
1214	Section 12. Section 17C-1-802 is amended to read:
1215	17C-1-802. Combining hearings.
1216	A board may combine any combination of a [blight] development impediment hearing,
1217	a plan hearing, and a budget hearing.
1218	Section 13. Section 17C-1-803 is amended to read:
1219	17C-1-803. Continuing a hearing.
1220	Subject to Section 17C-1-804, the board may continue:
1221	(1) a [blight] development impediment hearing;
1222	(2) a plan hearing;
1223	(3) a budget hearing; or
1224	(4) a combined hearing under Section 17C-1-802.
1225	Section 14. Section 17C-1-804 is amended to read:
1226	17C-1-804. Notice required for continued hearing.
1227	The board shall give notice of a hearing continued under Section [17C-1-802]
1228	17C-1-803 by announcing at the hearing:
1229	(1) the date, time, and place the hearing will be resumed; or
1230	(2) (a) that the hearing is being continued to a later time; and
1231	(b) that the board will cause a notice of the continued hearing to be published on the
1232	Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, at least seven days before the day on
1233	which the hearing is scheduled to resume.
1234	Section 15. Section 17C-1-805 is amended to read:

1233	1/C-1-805. Agency to provide notice of nearings.
1236	(1) Each agency shall provide notice, in accordance with this part, of each:
1237	(a) [blight] development impediment hearing;
1238	(b) plan hearing; or
1239	(c) budget hearing.
1240	(2) The notice required under Subsection (1) may be combined with the notice required
1241	for any of the other hearings if the hearings are combined under Section 17C-1-802.
1242	Section 16. Section 17C-1-807 is amended to read:
1243	17C-1-807. Additional requirements for notice of a development impediment
1244	hearing.
1245	Each notice under Section 17C-1-806 for a [blight] development impediment hearing
1246	shall also include:
1247	(1) a statement that:
1248	(a) a project area is being proposed;
1249	(b) the proposed project area may be [declared] determined to have [blight] a
1250	development impediment;
1251	(c) the record owner of property within the proposed project area has the right to
1252	present evidence at the [blight] development impediment hearing contesting the existence of
1253	[blight] a development impediment;
1254	(d) except for a hearing continued under Section 17C-1-803, the agency will notify the
1255	record owner of property referred to in Subsection 17C-1-806(1)(b)(i) of each additional public
1256	hearing held by the agency concerning the proposed project area before the adoption of the
1257	project area plan; and
1258	(e) a person contesting the existence of [blight] a development impediment in the
1259	proposed project area may appear before the board and show cause why the proposed project
1260	area should not be designated as a project area; and
1261	(2) if the agency anticipates acquiring property in an urban renewal project area or a
1262	community reinvestment project area by eminent domain, a clear and plain statement that:
1263	(a) the project area plan may require the agency to use eminent domain; and
1264	(b) the proposed use of eminent domain will be discussed at the [blight] development
1265	impediment hearing.

1266	Section 17. Section 17C-1-902 is amended to read:
1267	17C-1-902. Use of eminent domain Conditions.
1268	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), an agency may not use eminent domain to
1269	acquire property.
1270	(2) Subject to the provisions of this part, an agency may, in accordance with Title 78B,
1271	Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain, use eminent domain to acquire an interest in property:
1272	(a) within an urban renewal project area if:
1273	(i) the board makes a [finding of blight] development impediment determination under
1274	Chapter 2, Part 3, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination in Urban Renewal Project
1275	Areas; and
1276	(ii) the urban renewal project area plan provides for the use of eminent domain;
1277	(b) that is owned by an agency board member or officer and located within a project
1278	area, if the board member or officer consents;
1279	(c) within a community reinvestment project area if:
1280	(i) the board makes a [finding of blight in accordance with] development impediment
1281	determination under Chapter 5, Part 4, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination in a
1282	Community Reinvestment Project Area;
1283	(ii) (A) the original community reinvestment project area plan provides for the use of
1284	eminent domain; or
1285	(B) the community reinvestment project area plan is amended in accordance with
1286	Subsection 17C-5-112(4); and
1287	(iii) the agency creates a taxing entity committee in accordance with Section
1288	17C-1-402;
1289	(d) that:
1290	(i) is owned by a participant or a property owner that is entitled to receive tax
1291	increment or other assistance from the agency;
1292	(ii) is within a project area, regardless of when the project area is created, for which the
1293	[agency made a finding of blight under Section 17C-2-102 or 17C-5-405] board made a
1294	development impediment determination under Chapter 2, Part 3, Development Impediment
1295	Determination in Urban Renewal Project Areas, or Chapter 5, Part 4, Development Impediment
1296	Determination in a Community Reinvestment Project Area: and

1297	(iii) (A) the participant or property owner described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) fails to
1298	develop or improve in accordance with the participation agreement or the project area plan; or
1299	(B) for a period of 36 months does not generate the amount of tax increment that the
1300	agency projected to receive under the project area budget; or
1301	(e) if a property owner requests in writing that the agency exercise eminent domain to
1302	acquire the property owner's property within a project area.
1303	(3) An agency shall, in accordance with the provisions of this part, commence the
1304	acquisition of property described in Subsections (2)(a) through (c) by adopting a resolution
1305	authorizing eminent domain within five years after the day on which the project area plan is
1306	effective.
1307	Section 18. Section 17C-2-101.5 is amended to read:
1308	17C-2-101.5. Resolution designating survey area Request to adopt resolution.
1309	(1) A board may begin the process of adopting an urban renewal project area plan by
1310	adopting a resolution that:
1311	(a) designates an area located within the agency's boundaries as a survey area;
1312	(b) contains a statement that the survey area requires study to determine whether:
1313	(i) one or more urban renewal project areas within the survey area are feasible; and
1314	(ii) [blight] a development impediment exists within the survey area; and
1315	(c) contains a boundary description or map of the survey area.
1316	(2) (a) Any person or any group, association, corporation, or other entity may submit a
1317	written request to the board to adopt a resolution under Subsection (1).
1318	(b) A request under Subsection (2)(a) may include plans showing the project area
1319	development proposed for an area within the agency's boundaries.
1320	(c) The board may, in the board's sole discretion, grant or deny a request under
1321	Subsection (2)(a).
1322	Section 19. Section 17C-2-102 is amended to read:
1323	17C-2-102. Process for adopting urban renewal project area plan Prerequisites
1324	Restrictions.
1325	(1) (a) In order to adopt an urban renewal project area plan, after adopting a resolution
1326	under Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1) the agency shall:
1327	(i) unless a [finding of blight] development impediment determination is based on a

1328	[finding] determination made under Subsection 17C-2-303(1)(b) relating to an inactive
1329	industrial site or inactive airport site:
1330	(A) cause a [blight] development impediment study to be conducted within the survey
1331	area as provided in Section 17C-2-301;
1332	(B) provide notice of a [blight] development impediment hearing as required under
1333	Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing and Notice Requirements; and
1334	(C) hold a [blight] development impediment hearing as described in Section
1335	17C-2-302;
1336	(ii) after the [blight] development impediment hearing has been held or, if no [blight]
1337	development impediment hearing is required under Subsection (1)(a)(i), after adopting a
1338	resolution under Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1), hold a board meeting at which the board shall:
1339	(A) consider:
1340	(I) [the issue of blight and] the evidence and information relating to the existence or
1341	nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment; and
1342	(II) whether adoption of one or more urban renewal project area plans should be
1343	pursued; and
1344	(B) by resolution:
1345	(I) make a [finding] determination regarding the existence of [blight] a development
1346	impediment in the proposed urban renewal project area;
1347	(II) select one or more project areas comprising part or all of the survey area; and
1348	(III) authorize the preparation of a proposed project area plan for each project area;
1349	(iii) prepare a proposed project area plan and conduct any examination, investigation,
1350	and negotiation regarding the project area plan that the agency considers appropriate;
1351	(iv) make the proposed project area plan available to the public at the agency's offices
1352	during normal business hours;
1353	(v) provide notice of the plan hearing in accordance with Sections 17C-1-806 and
1354	17C-1-808;
1355	(vi) hold a plan hearing on the proposed project area plan and, at the plan hearing:
1356	(A) allow public comment on:
1357	(I) the proposed project area plan; and
1358	(II) whether the proposed project area plan should be revised, approved, or rejected;

development impediment conditions.

1359	and
1360	(B) receive all written and hear all oral objections to the proposed project area plan;
1361	(vii) before holding the plan hearing, provide an opportunity for the State Board of
1362	Education and each taxing entity that levies a tax on property within the proposed project area
1363	to consult with the agency regarding the proposed project area plan;
1364	(viii) if applicable, hold the election required under Subsection 17C-2-105(3);
1365	(ix) after holding the plan hearing, at the same meeting or at a subsequent meeting
1366	consider:
1367	(A) the oral and written objections to the proposed project area plan and evidence and
1368	testimony for and against adoption of the proposed project area plan; and
1369	(B) whether to revise, approve, or reject the proposed project area plan;
1370	(x) approve the proposed project area plan, with or without revisions, as the project
1371	area plan by a resolution that complies with Section 17C-2-106; and
1372	(xi) submit the project area plan to the community legislative body for adoption.
1373	(b) (i) If an agency makes a [finding] determination under Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) that
1374	[blight] a development impediment exists in the proposed urban renewal project area, the
1375	agency may not adopt the project area plan until the taxing entity committee approves the
1376	[finding of blight] development impediment determination.
1377	(ii) (A) A taxing entity committee may not disapprove an agency's [finding of blight]
1378	development impediment determination unless the committee demonstrates that the conditions
1379	the agency found to exist in the urban renewal project area that support the agency's [finding o
1380	blight] development impediment determination under Section 17C-2-303:
1381	(I) do not exist; or
1382	(II) do not constitute [blight] a development impediment.
1383	(B) (I) If the taxing entity committee questions or disputes the existence of some or all
1384	of the [blight] development impediment conditions that the agency [found] determined to exist
1385	in the urban renewal project area or that those conditions constitute [blight] a development
1386	impediment, the taxing entity committee may hire a consultant, mutually agreed upon by the
1387	taxing entity committee and the agency, with the necessary expertise to assist the taxing entity
1388	committee to make a determination as to the existence of the questioned or disputed [blight]

1390	(II) The agency shall pay the fees and expenses of each consultant hired under
1391	Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(B)(I).
1392	(III) The [findings] determination of a consultant under this Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(B)
1393	shall be binding on the taxing entity committee and the agency.
1394	(2) An agency may not propose a project area plan under Subsection (1) unless the
1395	community in which the proposed project area is located:
1396	(a) has a planning commission; and
1397	(b) has adopted a general plan under:
1398	(i) if the community is a municipality, Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part 4, General Plan; or
1399	(ii) if the community is a county, Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 4, General Plan.
1400	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), a board may not approve a project area plan more
1401	than one year after adoption of a resolution making a [finding of blight] development
1402	impediment determination under Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B).
1403	(b) If a project area plan is submitted to an election under Subsection 17C-2-105(3),
1404	the time between the plan hearing and the date of the election does not count for purposes of
1405	calculating the year period under Subsection (3)(a).
1406	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a proposed project area plan may not
1407	be modified to add real property to the proposed project area unless the board holds a plan
1408	hearing to consider the addition and gives notice of the plan hearing as required under Sections
1409	17C-1-806 and 17C-1-808.
1410	(b) The notice and hearing requirements under Subsection (4)(a) do not apply to a
1411	proposed project area plan being modified to add real property to the proposed project area if:
1412	(i) the property is contiguous to the property already included in the proposed project
1413	area under the proposed project area plan;
1414	(ii) the record owner of the property consents to adding the real property to the
1415	proposed project area; and
1416	(iii) the property is located within the survey area.
1417	Section 20. Section 17C-2-103 is amended to read:
1418	17C-2-103. Urban renewal project area plan requirements.
1419	(1) [Each] An agency shall ensure that each urban renewal project area plan and
1420	proposed project area plan [shall]:

1421	(a) [describe] describes the boundaries of the project area, subject to Section
1422	17C-1-414, if applicable;
1423	(b) [contain] contains a general statement of the land uses, layout of principal streets,
1424	population densities, and building intensities of the project area and how they will be affected
1425	by the project area development;
1426	(c) [state] states the standards that will guide the project area development;
1427	(d) [show] shows how the purposes of this title will be attained by the project area
1428	development;
1429	(e) [be] is consistent with the general plan of the community in which the project area
1430	is located and show that the project area development will conform to the community's general
1431	plan;
1432	(f) [describe] describes how the project area development will reduce or eliminate
1433	[blight] a development impediment in the project area;
1434	(g) [describe] describes any specific project or projects that are the object of the
1435	proposed project area development;
1436	(h) [identify] identifies how a participant will be selected to undertake the project area
1437	development and identify each participant currently involved in the project area development;
1438	(i) [state] states the reasons for the selection of the project area;
1439	(j) [describe] describes the physical, social, and economic conditions existing in the
1440	project area;
1441	(k) [describe] describes any tax incentives offered private entities for facilities located
1442	in the project area;
1443	(l) [include] includes the analysis described in Subsection (2);
1444	(m) if any of the existing buildings or uses in the project area are included in or eligible
1445	for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places or the State Register, [state] states that
1446	the agency shall comply with Section 9-8-404 as though the agency were a state agency; and
1447	(n) [include] includes other information that the agency determines to be necessary or
1448	advisable.
1449	(2) [Each] An agency shall ensure that each analysis under Subsection (1)(1) [shall
1450	considers:

(a) the benefit of any financial assistance or other public subsidy proposed to be

1432	provided by the agency, including:
1453	(i) an evaluation of the reasonableness of the costs of the project area development;
1454	(ii) efforts the agency or participant has made or will make to maximize private
1455	investment;
1456	(iii) the rationale for use of tax increment, including an analysis of whether the
1457	proposed project area development might reasonably be expected to occur in the foreseeable
1458	future solely through private investment; and
1459	(iv) an estimate of the total amount of tax increment that will be expended in
1460	undertaking project area development and the project area funds collection period; and
1461	(b) the anticipated public benefit to be derived from the project area development,
1462	including:
1463	(i) the beneficial influences upon the tax base of the community;
1464	(ii) the associated business and economic activity likely to be stimulated; and
1465	(iii) whether adoption of the project area plan is necessary and appropriate to reduce or
1466	eliminate [blight] a development impediment.
1467	Section 21. Section 17C-2-106 is amended to read:
1468	17C-2-106. Board resolution approving urban renewal project area plan
1469	Requirements.
1470	[Each board] A board shall ensure that each resolution approving a proposed urban
1471	renewal project area plan as the project area plan under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(x) [shall
1472	contain] contains:
1473	(1) a boundary description of the boundaries of the project area that is the subject of the
1474	project area plan;
1475	(2) the agency's purposes and intent with respect to the project area;
1476	(3) the project area plan incorporated by reference;
1477	(4) a statement that the board previously made a [finding of blight] development
1478	impediment determination within the project area and the date of the board's [finding of blight]
1479	determination; and
1480	(5) the board findings and determinations that:
1481	(a) there is a need to effectuate a public purpose;
1482	(b) there is a public benefit under the analysis described in Subsection 17C-2-103(2);

1483 (c) it is economically sound and feasible to adopt and carry out the project area plan; 1484 (d) the project area plan conforms to the community's general plan; and 1485 (e) carrying out the project area plan will promote the public peace, health, safety, and 1486 welfare of the community in which the project area is located. 1487 Section 22. Section 17C-2-110 is amended to read: 1488 17C-2-110. Amending an urban renewal project area plan. (1) [An] An agency may amend an urban renewal project area plan [may be amended] 1489 1490 as provided in this section. 1491 (2) If an agency proposes to amend an urban renewal project area plan to enlarge the 1492 project area: 1493 (a) subject to Subsection (2)(e), the requirements under this part that apply to adopting 1494 a project area plan apply equally to the proposed amendment as if it were a proposed project area plan; 1495 (b) for a pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan, the base year for the new area added to the 1496 1497 project area shall be determined under Subsection 17C-1-102(9) using the effective date of the 1498 amended project area plan: 1499 (c) for a post-June 30, 1993, project area plan: 1500 (i) the base year for the new area added to the project area shall be determined under 1501 Subsection 17C-1-102(9) using the date of the taxing entity committee's consent referred to in 1502 Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and 1503 (ii) the agency shall obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee before the agency 1504 may collect tax increment from the area added to the project area by the amendment; (d) the agency shall make a [finding] determination regarding the existence of [blight] 1505 1506 a development impediment in the area proposed to be added to the project area by following the procedure set forth in Chapter 2, Part 3, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination 1507 1508 in Urban Renewal Project Areas: and 1509 (e) the agency need not make a [finding regarding the existence of blight] development impediment determination in the project area as described in the original project area plan, if 1510 1511 the agency made a [finding of the existence of blight] development impediment determination regarding that project area in connection with adoption of the original project area plan. 1512 1513 (3) If a proposed amendment does not propose to enlarge an urban renewal project

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1514 area, a board may adopt a resolution approving an amendment to a project area plan after: 1515 (a) the agency gives notice, as provided in Section 17C-1-806, of the proposed 1516 amendment and of the public hearing required by Subsection (3)(b); 1517 (b) the board holds a public hearing on the proposed amendment that meets the 1518 requirements of a plan hearing; 1519 (c) the agency obtains the taxing entity committee's consent to the amendment, if the 1520 amendment proposes: 1521 (i) to enlarge the area within the project area from which tax increment is collected: 1522 (ii) to permit the agency to receive a greater percentage of tax increment or to extend 1523 the project area funds collection period, or both, than allowed under the adopted project area 1524 plan; or 1525 (iii) for an amendment to a project area plan that was adopted before April 1, 1983, to 1526 expand the area from which tax increment is collected to exceed 100 acres of private property; 1527 and 1528 (d) the agency obtains the consent of the legislative body or governing board of each 1529 taxing entity affected, if the amendment proposes to permit the agency to receive, from less 1530 than all taxing entities, a greater percentage of tax increment or to extend the project area funds 1531 collection period, or both, than allowed under the adopted project area plan. 1532 (4) (a) [An] An agency may amend an urban renewal project area plan [may be 1533 amended] without complying with the notice and public hearing requirements of Subsections 1534 (2)(a) and (3)(a) and (b) and without obtaining taxing entity committee approval under 1535 Subsection (3)(c) if the amendment: 1536 (i) makes a minor adjustment in the boundary description of a project area boundary 1537 requested by a county assessor or county auditor to avoid inconsistent property boundary lines; 1538 or 1539 (ii) subject to Subsection (4)(b), removes one or more parcels from a project area 1540 because the agency determines that each parcel removed is: 1541 (A) tax exempt:

(B) [no longer blighted] without a development impediment; or

(C) no longer necessary or desirable to the project area.

(b) [An] An agency may make an amendment removing one or more parcels from a

- project area under Subsection (4)(a)(ii) [may be made] without the consent of the record property owner of each parcel being removed.
 - (5) (a) An amendment approved by board resolution under this section may not take effect until adopted by ordinance of the legislative body of the community in which the project area that is the subject of the project area plan being amended is located.
- (b) Upon a community legislative body passing an ordinance adopting an amendment to a project area plan, the agency whose project area plan was amended shall comply with the requirements of Sections 17C-2-108 and 17C-2-109 to the same extent as if the amendment were a project area plan.
- (6) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which an amendment to a project area plan becomes effective, a person may contest the amendment to the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the amendment to the project area plan if the amendment or procedure fails to comply with a provision of this title.
- (b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (6)(a) expires, a person may not contest the amendment to the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the amendment to the project area plan for any cause.
 - Section 23. Section 17C-2-202 is amended to read:
- 17C-2-202. Combined incremental value -- Restriction against adopting an urban renewal project area budget -- Taxing entity committee may waive restriction.
- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), an agency may not adopt an urban renewal project area budget if, at the time the urban renewal project area budget is being considered, the combined incremental value for the agency exceeds 10% of the total taxable value of property within the agency's boundaries in the year that the urban renewal project area budget is being considered.
- (2) (a) A taxing entity committee may waive the restrictions imposed by Subsection (1).
- (b) Subsection (1) does not apply to an urban renewal project area budget if the agency's [finding of blight] development impediment determination in the project area to which the budget relates is based on a [finding] determination under Subsection 17C-2-303(1)(b).
- Section 24. Section 17C-2-301 is amended to read:
 - Part 3. Development Impediment Determination in Urban Renewal Project Areas

13/0	1/C-2-301. Development impediment study Requirements Deadline.
1577	(1) [Each blight] An agency shall ensure that each development impediment study
1578	required under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(A) [shall]:
1579	(a) [undertake] undertakes a parcel by parcel survey of the survey area;
1580	(b) [provide] provides data so the board and taxing entity committee may determine:
1581	(i) whether the conditions described in Subsection 17C-2-303(1):
1582	(A) exist in part or all of the survey area; and
1583	(B) qualify an area within the survey area as a project area; and
1584	(ii) whether the survey area contains all or part of a superfund site, an inactive
1585	industrial site, or inactive airport site;
1586	(c) [includes] includes a written report setting forth:
1587	(i) the conclusions reached;
1588	(ii) any recommended area within the survey area qualifying as a project area; and
1589	(iii) any other information requested by the agency to determine whether an urban
1590	renewal project area is feasible; and
1591	(d) [be] is completed within one year after the adoption of the survey area resolution.
1592	(2) (a) If a [blight] development impediment study is not completed within one year
1593	after the adoption of the resolution under Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1) designating a survey area,
1594	the agency may not approve an urban renewal project area plan based on that [blight]
1595	development impediment study unless [it] the agency first adopts a new resolution under
1596	Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1).
1597	(b) A new resolution under Subsection (2)(a) shall in all respects be considered to be a
1598	resolution under Subsection 17C-2-101.5(1) adopted for the first time, except that any actions
1599	taken toward completing a [blight] development impediment study under the resolution that the
1600	new resolution replaces shall be considered to have been taken under the new resolution.
1601	Section 25. Section 17C-2-302 is amended to read:
1602	17C-2-302. Development impediment hearing Owners may review evidence of
1603	a development impediment.
1604	(1) In each hearing required under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C), the agency shall:
1605	(a) permit all evidence of the existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development
1606	impediment within the proposed urban renewal project area to be presented; and

1607	(b) permit each record owner of property located within the proposed urban renewal
1608	project area or the record property owner's representative the opportunity to:
1609	(i) examine and cross-examine witnesses providing evidence of the existence or
1610	nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment; and
1611	(ii) present evidence and testimony, including expert testimony, concerning the
1612	existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment.
1613	(2) The agency shall allow record owners of property located within a proposed urban
1614	renewal project area the opportunity, for at least 30 days before the hearing, to review the
1615	evidence of [blight] a development impediment compiled by the agency or by the person or
1616	firm conducting the [blight] development impediment study for the agency, including any
1617	expert report.
1618	Section 26. Section 17C-2-303 is amended to read:
1619	17C-2-303. Conditions on board determination of a development impediment
1620	Conditions of a development impediment caused by the participant.
1621	(1) A board may not make a [finding of blight] development impediment determination
1622	in a resolution under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(ii)(B) unless the board finds that:
1623	(a) (i) the proposed project area consists predominantly of nongreenfield parcels;
1624	(ii) the proposed project area is currently zoned for urban purposes and generally
1625	served by utilities;
1626	(iii) at least 50% of the parcels within the proposed project area contain nonagricultural
1627	or nonaccessory buildings or improvements used or intended for residential, commercial,
1628	industrial, or other urban purposes, or any combination of those uses;
1629	(iv) the present condition or use of the proposed project area substantially impairs the
1630	sound growth of the municipality, retards the provision of housing accommodations, or
1631	constitutes an economic liability or is detrimental to the public health, safety, or welfare, as
1632	shown by the existence within the proposed project area of at least four of the following
1633	factors:
1634	(A) one of the following, although sometimes interspersed with well maintained
1635	buildings and infrastructure:
1636	(I) substantial physical dilapidation, deterioration, or defective construction of
1637	buildings or infrastructure; or

1638 (II) significant noncompliance with current building code, safety code, health code, or 1639 fire code requirements or local ordinances; 1640 (B) unsanitary or unsafe conditions in the proposed project area that threaten the 1641 health, safety, or welfare of the community; 1642 (C) environmental hazards, as defined in state or federal law, that require remediation 1643 as a condition for current or future use and development; 1644 (D) excessive vacancy, abandoned buildings, or vacant lots within an area zoned for 1645 urban use and served by utilities: 1646 (E) abandoned or outdated facilities that pose a threat to public health, safety, or 1647 welfare; 1648 (F) criminal activity in the project area, higher than that of comparable [nonblighted] 1649 areas in the municipality or county that are without a development impediment; and 1650 (G) defective or unusual conditions of title rendering the title nonmarketable; and (v) (A) at least 50% of the privately-owned parcels within the proposed project area are 1651 affected by at least one of the factors, but not necessarily the same factor, listed in Subsection 1652 1653 (1)(a)(iv); and 1654 (B) the affected parcels comprise at least 66% of the privately-owned acreage of the 1655 proposed project area; or 1656 (b) the proposed project area includes some or all of a superfund site, inactive 1657 industrial site, or inactive airport site. 1658 (2) No single parcel comprising 10% or more of the acreage of the proposed project area may be counted as satisfying Subsection (1)(a)(iii) or (iv) unless at least 50% of the area of 1659 1660 that parcel is occupied by buildings or improvements. 1661 (3) (a) For purposes of Subsection (1), if a participant involved in the project area 1662 development has caused a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(iv) within the proposed project 1663 area, that condition may not be used in the determination of [blight] a development 1664 impediment. 1665 (b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to a condition that was caused by an owner or 1666 tenant who becomes a participant. 1667 Section 27. Section 17C-2-304 is amended to read: 1668 17C-2-304. Challenging a development impediment determination -- Time limit --

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- (1) If the board makes a [finding of blight] <u>development impediment determination</u> under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(ii)(B) and that [finding] <u>determination</u> is approved by resolution adopted by the taxing entity committee, a record owner of property located within the proposed urban renewal project area may challenge the [finding] <u>determination</u> by filing an action with the district court for the county in which the property is located.
- (2) [Each] A person shall file a challenge under Subsection (1) [shall be filed] within 30 days after the taxing entity committee approves the board's [finding of blight] development impediment determination.
- (3) In each action under this section, the district court shall review the [finding of blight] development impediment determination under the standards of review provided in Subsection 10-9a-801(3).
 - Section 28. Section 17C-5-103 is amended to read:

17C-5-103. Initiating a community reinvestment project area plan.

- (1) Subject to Subsection (2), a board shall initiate the process of adopting a community reinvestment project area plan by adopting a survey area resolution that:
- (a) designates a geographic area located within the agency's boundaries as a survey area;
 - (b) contains a description or map of the boundaries of the survey area;
- (c) contains a statement that the survey area requires study to determine whether project area development is feasible within one or more proposed community reinvestment project areas within the survey area; and
 - (d) authorizes the agency to:
- (i) prepare a proposed community reinvestment project area plan for each proposed community reinvestment project area; and
- (ii) conduct any examination, investigation, or negotiation regarding the proposed community reinvestment project area that the agency considers appropriate.
- (2) If an agency anticipates using eminent domain to acquire property within the survey area, the resolution described in Subsection (1) shall include:
- (a) a statement that the survey area requires study to determine whether [blight] \underline{a} development impediment exists within the survey area; and

1700	(b) authorization for the agency to conduct a [blight] development impediment study in
1701	accordance with Section 17C-5-403.
1702	Section 29. Section 17C-5-104 is amended to read:
1703	17C-5-104. Process for adopting a community reinvestment project area plan
1704	Prerequisites Restrictions.
1705	(1) An agency may not propose a community reinvestment project area plan unless the
1706	community in which the proposed community reinvestment project area plan is located:
1707	(a) has a planning commission; and
1708	(b) has adopted a general plan under:
1709	(i) if the community is a municipality, Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part 4, General Plan; or
1710	(ii) if the community is a county, Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 4, General Plan.
1711	(2) (a) Before an agency may adopt a proposed community reinvestment project area
1712	plan, the agency shall conduct a [blight] development impediment study and make a [blight]
1713	development impediment determination in accordance with Part 4, [Blight] Development
1714	Impediment Determination in a Community Reinvestment Project Area, if the agency
1715	anticipates using eminent domain to acquire property within the proposed community
1716	reinvestment project area.
1717	(b) If applicable, an agency may not approve a community reinvestment project area
1718	plan more than one year after the agency adopts a resolution making a [finding of blight]
1719	development impediment determination under Section 17C-5-402.
1720	(3) To adopt a community reinvestment project area plan, an agency shall:
1721	(a) prepare a proposed community reinvestment project area plan in accordance with
1722	Section 17C-5-105;
1723	(b) make the proposed community reinvestment project area plan available to the
1724	public at the agency's office during normal business hours for at least 30 days before the plan
1725	hearing described in Subsection (3)(e);
1726	(c) before holding the plan hearing described in Subsection (3)(e), provide an
1727	opportunity for the State Board of Education and each taxing entity that levies or imposes a tax
1728	within the proposed community reinvestment project area to consult with the agency regarding
1729	the proposed community reinvestment project area plan;

(d) provide notice of the plan hearing in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing

1731	and Notice Requirements;
1732	(e) hold a plan hearing on the proposed community reinvestment project area plan and,
1733	at the plan hearing:
1734	(i) allow public comment on:
1735	(A) the proposed community reinvestment project area plan; and
1736	(B) whether the agency should revise, approve, or reject the proposed community
1737	reinvestment project area plan; and
1738	(ii) receive all written and oral objections to the proposed community reinvestment
1739	project area plan; and
1740	(f) following the plan hearing described in Subsection (3)(e), or at a subsequent agency
1741	meeting:
1742	(i) consider:
1743	(A) the oral and written objections to the proposed community reinvestment project
1744	area plan and evidence and testimony for and against adoption of the proposed community
1745	reinvestment project area plan; and
1746	(B) whether to revise, approve, or reject the proposed community reinvestment project
1747	area plan;
1748	(ii) adopt a resolution in accordance with Section 17C-5-108 that approves the
1749	proposed community reinvestment project area plan, with or without revisions, as the
1750	community reinvestment project area plan; and
1751	(iii) submit the community reinvestment project area plan to the community legislative
1752	body for adoption.
1753	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an agency may not modify a proposed
1754	community reinvestment project area plan to add one or more parcels to the proposed
1755	community reinvestment project area unless the agency holds a plan hearing to consider the
1756	addition and gives notice of the plan hearing in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing and
1757	Notice Requirements.
1758	(b) The notice and hearing requirements described in Subsection (4)(a) do not apply to
1759	a proposed community reinvestment project area plan being modified to add one or more
1760	parcels to the proposed community reinvestment project area if:

(i) each parcel is contiguous to one or more parcels already included in the proposed

1762	community reinvestment project area under the proposed community reinvestment project area
1763	plan;
1764	(ii) the record owner of each parcel consents to adding the parcel to the proposed
1765	community reinvestment project area; and
1766	(iii) each parcel is located within the survey area.
1767	Section 30. Section 17C-5-105 is amended to read:
1768	17C-5-105. Community reinvestment project area plan requirements.
1769	[Each] An agency shall ensure that each community reinvestment project area plan and
1770	proposed community reinvestment project area plan [shall]:
1771	(1) subject to Section 17C-1-414, if applicable, [include] includes a boundary
1772	description and a map of the community reinvestment project area;
1773	(2) [contains] contains a general statement of the existing land uses, layout of principal
1774	streets, population densities, and building intensities of the community reinvestment project
1775	area and how each will be affected by project area development;
1776	(3) [state] states the standards that will guide project area development;
1777	(4) [show] shows how project area development will further purposes of this title;
1778	(5) [be] is consistent with the general plan of the community in which the community
1779	reinvestment project area is located and [show] shows that project area development will
1780	conform to the community's general plan;
1781	(6) if applicable, [describe] describes how project area development will eliminate or
1782	reduce [blight] a development impediment in the community reinvestment project area;
1783	(7) [describe] describes any specific project area development that is the object of the
1784	community reinvestment project area plan;
1785	(8) if applicable, [explain] explains how the agency plans to select a participant;
1786	(9) [state] states each reason the agency selected the community reinvestment project
1787	area;
1788	(10) [describe] describes the physical, social, and economic conditions that exist in the
1789	community reinvestment project area;
1790	(11) [describe] describes each type of financial assistance that the agency anticipates
1791	offering a participant;
1792	(12) [include] includes an analysis or description of the anticipated public benefit

1793	resulting from project area development, including benefits to the community's economic
1794	activity and tax base;
1795	(13) if applicable, [state] states that the agency shall comply with Section 9-8-404 as
1796	required under Section 17C-5-106;
1797	(14) [state] for a community reinvestment project area plan that an agency adopted
1798	before May 14, 2019, states whether the community reinvestment project area plan or proposed
1799	community reinvestment project area plan is subject to a taxing entity committee or an
1800	interlocal agreement; and
1801	(15) [include] includes other information that the agency determines to be necessary or
1802	advisable.
1803	Section 31. Section 17C-5-108 is amended to read:
1804	17C-5-108. Board resolution approving a community reinvestment project area
1805	plan Requirements.
1806	A board shall ensure that a resolution approving a proposed community reinvestment
1807	area plan as the community reinvestment project area plan under Section 17C-5-104 [shall
1808	contain] contains:
1809	(1) a boundary description of the community reinvestment project area that is the
1810	subject of the community reinvestment project area plan;
1811	(2) the agency's purposes and intent with respect to the community reinvestment
1812	project area;
1813	(3) the proposed community reinvestment project area plan incorporated by reference;
1814	(4) the board findings and determinations that the proposed community reinvestment
1815	project area plan:
1816	(a) serves a public purpose;
1817	(b) produces a public benefit as demonstrated by the analysis described in Subsection
1818	17C-5-105(12);
1819	(c) is economically sound and feasible;
1820	(d) conforms to the community's general plan; and
1821	(e) promotes the public peace, health, safety, and welfare of the community in which
1822	the proposed community reinvestment project area is located; and
1823	(5) if the board made a [finding of blight] development impediment determination

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agency:

1824	under Section 17C-5-402, a statement that the board made a [finding of blight] development
1825	impediment determination within the proposed community reinvestment project area and the
1826	date on which the board made the [finding of blight] determination.
1827	Section 32. Section 17C-5-112 is amended to read:
1828	17C-5-112. Amending a community reinvestment project area plan.
1829	(1) An agency may amend a community reinvestment project area plan in accordance
1830	with this section.
1831	(2) (a) If an amendment proposes to enlarge a community reinvestment project area's
1832	geographic area, the agency shall:
1833	(i) comply with this part as though the agency were creating a community reinvestment
1834	project area;
1835	(ii) if the agency anticipates receiving project area funds from the area proposed to be
1836	added to the community reinvestment project area, before the agency may collect project area
1837	funds:
1838	(A) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity
1839	committee, obtain approval to receive tax increment from the taxing entity committee; or
1840	(B) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to an interlocal
1841	agreement, obtain the approval of the taxing entity that is a party to the interlocal agreement;
1842	and
1843	(iii) if the agency anticipates acquiring property in the area proposed to be added to the
1844	community reinvestment project area by eminent domain, follow the procedures described in
1845	Section 17C-5-402.
1846	(b) The base year for the area proposed to be added to the community reinvestment
1847	project area shall be determined using the date of:
1848	(i) the taxing entity committee's consent as described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A); or
1849	(ii) the taxing entity's consent as described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B).
1850	(3) If an amendment does not propose to enlarge a community reinvestment project

(a) if the amendment does not propose to allow the agency to receive a greater amount of project area funds or to extend a project area funds collection period:

area's geographic area, the board may adopt a resolution approving the amendment after the

1855	(i) gives notice in accordance with Section 17C-1-806; and
1856	(ii) holds a public hearing on the proposed amendment that meets the requirements
1857	described in Subsection 17C-5-104(3); or
1858	(b) if the amendment proposes to also allow the agency to receive a greater amount of
1859	project area funds or to extend a project area funds collection period:
1860	(i) complies with Subsection (3)(a)(i) and (ii); and
1861	(ii) (A) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity
1862	committee, obtains approval from the taxing entity committee; or
1863	(B) for a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to an interlocal
1864	agreement, obtains approval to receive project area funds from the taxing entity that is a party
1865	to the interlocal agreement.
1866	[(4) (a) An agency may amend a community reinvestment project area plan for a
1867	community reinvestment project area that is subject to an interlocal agreement for the purpose
1868	of using eminent domain to acquire one or more parcels within the community reinvestment
1869	project area.]
1870	(4) (a) If a board has not made a determination under Part 4, Development Impediment
1871	Determination in a Community Reinvestment Project Area, but intends to use eminent domain
1872	within a community reinvestment project area, the agency may amend the community
1873	reinvestment project area plan in accordance with this Subsection (4).
1874	(b) To amend a community reinvestment project area plan as described in Subsection
1875	(4)(a), an agency shall:
1876	(i) adopt a survey area resolution that identifies each parcel that the agency intends to
1877	study to determine whether [blight] a development impediment exists;
1878	(ii) in accordance with Part 4, [Blight] Development Impediment Determination in a
1879	Community Reinvestment Project Area, conduct a [blight] development impediment study
1880	within the survey area and make a [blight] development impediment determination; and
1881	[(iii) create a taxing entity committee whose sole purpose is to approve any finding of
1882	blight in accordance with Subsection 17C-5-402(3); and
1883	[(iv)] (iii) obtain approval to amend the community reinvestment project area plan
1884	from each taxing entity that is \underline{a} party to an interlocal agreement.
1885	(c) Amending a community reinvestment project area plan as described in this

1886	Subsection ((4)	does	not	affect

- (i) the base year of the parcel or parcels that are the subject of an amendment under this Subsection (4); and
- (ii) any interlocal agreement under which the agency is authorized to receive project area funds from the community reinvestment project area.
- (5) An agency may amend a community reinvestment project area plan without obtaining the consent of a taxing entity or a taxing entity committee and without providing notice or holding a public hearing if the amendment:
- (a) makes a minor adjustment in the community reinvestment project area boundary that is requested by a county assessor or county auditor to avoid inconsistent property boundary lines; or
- (b) removes one or more parcels from a community reinvestment project area because the agency determines that each parcel is:
 - (i) tax exempt;
 - (ii) [no longer blighted] without a development impediment; or
 - (iii) no longer necessary or desirable to the project area.
- (6) (a) An amendment approved by board resolution under this section may not take effect until the community legislative body adopts an ordinance approving the amendment.
- (b) Upon the community legislative body adopting an ordinance approving an amendment under Subsection (6)(a), the agency shall comply with the requirements described in Sections 17C-5-110 and 17C-5-111 as if the amendment were a community reinvestment project area plan.
- (7) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which an amendment to a project area plan becomes effective, a person may contest the amendment to the project area plan or the procedure used to adopt the amendment to the project area plan if the amendment or procedure fails to comply with a provision of this title.
- (b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (7)(a) expires, a person may not contest the amendment to the project area plan or procedure used to adopt the amendment to the project area plan for any cause.
- 1915 Section 33. Section 17C-5-202 is amended to read:
 - 17C-5-202. Community reinvestment project area funding.

- (1) (a) [Except] Beginning on May 14, 2019, and except as provided in Subsection (2), for the purpose of receiving project area funds for use within a community reinvestment project area, an agency shall negotiate and enter into an interlocal agreement with a taxing entity in accordance with Section 17C-5-204 to receive all or a portion of the taxing entity's tax increment or sales and use tax revenue in accordance with the interlocal agreement.
- (b) If a community reinvestment project area is subject to an interlocal agreement under Subsection (1)(a) and the agency subsequently amends the community reinvestment project area plan as described in Subsection 17C-5-112(4), the agency shall continue to receive project area funds under the interlocal agreement.
- [(2) If an agency plans to create a community reinvestment project area and adopt a community reinvestment project area plan that provides for the use of eminent domain to acquire property within the community reinvestment project area, the agency shall create a taxing entity committee as described in Section 17C-1-402 and receive tax increment in accordance with Section 17C-5-203.]
- (2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an agency may receive tax increment in accordance with Section 17C-5-203 if the agency created a community reinvestment project area before May 14, 2019, that is subject to a taxing entity committee and provides for the use of eminent domain to acquire property within the community reinvestment project area.
- (3) An agency shall comply with [Chapter 5,] Part 3, Community Reinvestment Project Area Budget, regardless of whether an agency enters into an interlocal agreement under Subsection [(1) or creates a taxing entity committee] (1) or receives tax increment under Subsection (2).
 - Section 34. Section 17C-5-203 is amended to read:
- 17C-5-203. Community reinvestment project area subject to taxing entity committee -- Tax increment.
- (1) This section applies to a community reinvestment project area <u>that an agency</u> <u>created before May 14, 2019, and</u> that is subject to a taxing entity committee under Subsection 17C-5-202(2).
- (2) Subject to the taxing entity committee's approval of a community reinvestment project area budget under Section 17C-5-304, and for the purpose of implementing a community reinvestment project area plan, an agency may receive up to 100% of a taxing

1948	entity's tax increment, or any specified dollar amount of tax increment, for any period of time.
1949	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), an agency that adopts a community reinvestment
1950	project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity committee may negotiate and enter into an
1951	interlocal agreement with a taxing entity and receive all or a portion of the taxing entity's sales
1952	and use tax revenue for any period of time.
1953	Section 35. Section 17C-5-205 is amended to read:
1954	17C-5-205. Interlocal agreement to provide project area funds for the community
1955	reinvestment project area subject to interlocal agreement Notice Effective date of
1956	interlocal agreement Time to contest interlocal agreement Availability of interlocal
1957	agreement.
1958	(1) [The] An agency shall:
1959	(a) approve and adopt an interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-5-204 at an
1960	open and public meeting; and
1961	(b) provide a notice of the meeting $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\frac{\text{which includes a statement that the interlocal}}{2}]$
1962	agreement authorizes the diversion of property tax for a community reinvestment project area.] titled
1962a	"Diversion of Property Tax for a Community Reinvestment Project Area." ←Ŝ
1963	(2) (a) Upon the execution of an interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-5-204,
1964	the agency shall provide notice of the execution by:
1965	(i) (A) publishing or causing to be published a notice in a newspaper of general
1966	circulation within the agency's boundaries; or
1967	(B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries,
1968	causing the notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's boundaries;
1969	and
1970	(ii) publishing or causing the notice to be published on the Utah Public Notice Website
1971	created in Section 63F-1-701.
1972	(b) A notice described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include:
1973	(i) a summary of the interlocal agreement; and
1974	(ii) a statement that the interlocal agreement:
1975	(A) is available for public inspection and the hours for inspection; and
1976	(B) authorizes the agency to receive all or a portion of a taxing entity's tax increment or
1977	sales and use tax revenue.

(3) An interlocal agreement described in Section 17C-5-204 is effective the day on

1979	which the notice described in Subsection (2) is published or posted in accordance with
1980	Subsection (2)(a).
1981	(4) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which the interlocal agreement is effective, a
1982	person may contest the interlocal agreement or the procedure used to adopt the interlocal
1983	agreement if the interlocal agreement or procedure fails to comply with a provision of this title.
1984	(b) After the 30-day period described in Subsection (4)(a) expires, a person may not
1985	contest:
1986	(i) the interlocal agreement;
1987	(ii) a distribution of tax increment to the agency under the interlocal agreement; or
1988	(iii) the agency's use of project area funds under the interlocal agreement.
1989	(5) A taxing entity that enters into an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-5-204
1990	shall make a copy of the interlocal agreement available to the public at the taxing entity's office
1991	for inspection and copying during normal business hours.
1992	Section 36. Section 17C-5-401 is amended to read:
1993	Part 4. Development Impediment Determination in a Community
1994	Reinvestment Project Area
1995	17C-5-401. Title.
1996	This part is known as "[Blight] Development Impediment Determination in a
1997	Community Reinvestment Project Area."
1998	Section 37. Section 17C-5-402 is amended to read:
1999	17C-5-402. Development impediment determination in a community
2000	reinvestment project area Prerequisites Restrictions.
2001	(1) An agency shall comply with the provisions of this section before the agency may
2002	use eminent domain to acquire property under Chapter 1, Part 9, Eminent Domain.
2003	(2) An agency shall, after adopting a survey area resolution as described in Section
2004	17C-5-103:
2005	(a) cause a [blight] development impediment study to be conducted within the survey
2006	area in accordance with Section 17C-5-403;
2007	(b) provide notice and hold a [blight] development impediment hearing in accordance
2008	with Chapter 1, Part 8, Hearing and Notice Requirements; and
2009	(c) after the [blight] development impediment hearing, at the same or at a subsequent

2010	meeting:
2011	(i) consider [the issue of blight and] the evidence and information relating to the
2012	existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment; and
2013	(ii) by resolution, make a [finding] determination regarding whether [blight] a
2014	development impediment exists in all or part of the survey area.
2015	[(3) (a) If an agency makes a finding of blight under Subsection (2), the agency may
2016	not adopt an original community reinvestment project area plan or an amendment to a
2017	community reinvestment project area plan under Subsection 17C-5-112(4) until the taxing
2018	entity committee approves the finding of blight.]
2019	[(b) (i) A taxing entity committee shall approve an agency's finding of blight unless the
2020	taxing entity committee demonstrates that the conditions the agency found to exist in the
2021	survey area that support the agency's finding of blight:
2022	[(A) do not exist; or]
2023	[(B) do not constitute blight under Section 17C-5-405.]
2024	[(ii) (A) If the taxing entity committee questions or disputes the existence of some or
2025	all of the blight conditions that the agency found to exist in the survey area, the taxing entity
2026	committee may hire a consultant, mutually agreed upon by the taxing entity committee and the
2027	agency, with the necessary expertise to assist the taxing entity committee in making a
2028	determination as to the existence of the questioned or disputed blight conditions.]
2029	[(B) The agency shall pay the fees and expenses of each consultant hired under
2030	Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A).
2031	[(C) The findings of a consultant hired under Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A) are binding on
2032	the taxing entity committee and the agency.]
2033	Section 38. Section 17C-5-403 is amended to read:
2034	17C-5-403. Development impediment study Requirements Deadline.
2035	(1) [A blight] An agency shall ensure that a development impediment study [shall]:
2036	(a) [undertake] undertakes a parcel by parcel survey of the survey area;
2037	(b) [provide] provides data so the board [and taxing entity committee] may determine:
2038	(i) whether the conditions described in Section 17C-5-405:
2039	(A) exist in part or all of the survey area; and
2040	(B) meet the qualifications for a [finding of blight] development impediment

2041	determination in all or part of the survey area; and
2042	(ii) whether the survey area contains all or part of a superfund site;
2043	(c) [include] includes a written report that states:
2044	(i) the conclusions reached;
2045	(ii) any area within the survey area that meets the statutory criteria of [blight] \underline{a}
2046	development impediment under Section 17C-5-405; and
2047	(iii) any other information requested by the agency to determine whether [blight] \underline{a}
2048	development impediment exists within the survey area; and
2049	(d) [be] is completed within one year after the day on which the survey area resolution
2050	is adopted.
2051	(2) (a) If a [blight] development impediment study is not completed within the time
2052	described in Subsection (1)(d), the agency may not approve a community reinvestment project
2053	area plan or an amendment to a community reinvestment project area plan under Subsection
2054	17C-5-112(4) based on a [blight] development impediment study unless the agency first adopts
2055	a new resolution under Subsection 17C-5-103(1).
2056	(b) A new resolution described in Subsection (2)(a) shall in all respects be considered
2057	to be a resolution under Subsection 17C-5-103(1) adopted for the first time, except that any
2058	actions taken toward completing a [blight] development impediment study under the resolution
2059	that the new resolution replaces shall be considered to have been taken under the new
2060	resolution.
2061	(3) (a) For the purpose of making a [blight] development impediment determination
2062	under Subsection 17C-5-402(2)(c)(ii), a [blight] development impediment study is valid for
2063	one year from the day on which the [blight] development impediment study is completed.
2064	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), an agency that makes a [blight]
2065	development impediment determination under a valid [blight] development impediment study
2066	and subsequently adopts a community reinvestment project area plan in accordance with
2067	Section 17C-5-104 may amend the community reinvestment project area plan without
2068	conducting a new [blight] development impediment study.
2069	(ii) An agency shall conduct a supplemental [blight] development impediment study
2070	for the area proposed to be added to the community reinvestment project area if the agency

proposes an amendment to a community reinvestment project area plan that:

2072	(A) increases the community reinvestment project area's geographic boundary and the
2073	area proposed to be added was not included in the original [blight] development impediment
2074	study; and
2075	(B) provides for the use of eminent domain within the area proposed to be added to the
2076	community reinvestment project area.
2077	Section 39. Section 17C-5-404 is amended to read:
2078	17C-5-404. Development impediment hearing Owners may review evidence of
2079	a development impediment.
2080	(1) In a hearing required under Subsection 17C-5-402(2)(b), an agency shall:
2081	(a) permit all evidence of the existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development
2082	impediment within the survey area to be presented; and
2083	(b) permit each record owner of property located within the survey area or the record
2084	property owner's representative the opportunity to:
2085	(i) examine and cross-examine each witness that provides evidence of the existence or
2086	nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment; and
2087	(ii) present evidence and testimony, including expert testimony, concerning the
2088	existence or nonexistence of [blight] a development impediment.
2089	(2) An agency shall allow each record owner of property located within a survey area
2090	the opportunity, for at least 30 days before the day on which the hearing takes place, to review
2091	the evidence of [blight] a development impediment compiled by the agency or by the person or
2092	firm conducting the [blight] development impediment study for the agency, including any
2093	expert report.
2094	Section 40. Section 17C-5-405 is amended to read:
2095	17C-5-405. Conditions on a development impediment determination
2096	Conditions of a development impediment caused by a participant.
2097	(1) A board may not make a [finding of blight] development impediment determination
2098	in a resolution under Subsection 17C-5-402(2)(c)(ii) unless the board finds that:
2099	(a) (i) the survey area consists predominantly of nongreenfield parcels;
2100	(ii) the survey area is currently zoned for urban purposes and generally served by
2101	utilities;
2102	(iii) at least 50% of the parcels within the survey area contain nonagricultural or

	` '
2103	nonaccessory buildings or improvements used or intended for residential, commercial,
2104	industrial, or other urban purposes;
2105	(iv) the present condition or use of the survey area substantially impairs the sound
2106	growth of the community, delays the provision of housing accommodations, constitutes an
2107	economic liability, or is detrimental to the public health, safety, or welfare, as shown by the
2108	existence within the survey area of at least four of the following factors:
2109	(A) although sometimes interspersed with well maintained buildings and infrastructure,
2110	substantial physical dilapidation, deterioration, or defective construction of buildings or
2111	infrastructure, or significant noncompliance with current building code, safety code, health
2112	code, or fire code requirements or local ordinances;
2113	(B) unsanitary or unsafe conditions in the survey area that threaten the health, safety, or
2114	welfare of the community;
2115	(C) environmental hazards, as defined in state or federal law, which require
2116	remediation as a condition for current or future use and development;
2117	(D) excessive vacancy, abandoned buildings, or vacant lots within an area zoned for
2118	urban use and served by utilities;
2119	(E) abandoned or outdated facilities that pose a threat to public health, safety, or
2120	welfare;
2121	(F) criminal activity in the survey area, higher than that of comparable [nonblighted]
2122	areas in the municipality or county that are without a development impediment; and
2123	(G) defective or unusual conditions of title rendering the title nonmarketable; and
2124	(v) (A) at least 50% of the privately owned parcels within the survey area are affected
2125	by at least one of the factors, but not necessarily the same factor, listed in Subsection (1)(a)(iv);

- (B) the affected parcels comprise at least 66% of the privately owned acreage within the survey area; or
 - (b) the survey area includes some or all of:
 - (i) a superfund site;

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and

- 2131 (ii) a site used for the disposal of solid waste or hazardous waste, as those terms are defined in Section 19-6-102;
- 2133 (iii) an inactive industrial site; or

2134	(iv) an inactive airport site.
2135	(2) A single parcel comprising 10% or more of the acreage within the survey area may
2136	not be counted as satisfying the requirement described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii) or (iv) unless at
2137	least 50% of the area of the parcel is occupied by buildings or improvements.
2138	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), for purposes of Subsection (1), if a
2139	participant or proposed participant involved in the project area development has caused a
2140	condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(iv) within the survey area, that condition may not be used
2141	in the determination of [blight] a development impediment.
2142	(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to a condition that was caused by an owner or
2143	tenant who later becomes a participant.
2144	Section 41. Section 17C-5-406 is amended to read:
2145	17C-5-406. Challenging a finding of development impediment determination
2146	Time limit Standards governing court review.
2147	(1) If a board makes a [finding of blight] development impediment determination
2148	under Subsection 17C-5-402(2)(c)(ii) [and the finding is approved by resolution adopted by the
2149	taxing entity committee], a record owner of property located within the survey area may
2150	challenge the [finding] determination by filing an action in the district court in the county in
2151	which the property is located no later than 30 days after the day on which the board makes the
2152	determination.
2153	[(2) A person shall file an action under Subsection (1) no later than 30 days after the
2154	day on which the taxing entity committee approves the board's finding of blight.]
2155	$\left[\frac{(3)}{2}\right]$ In an action under this section:
2156	(a) the agency shall transmit to the district court the record of the agency's proceedings,
2157	including any minutes, findings, determinations, orders, or transcripts of the agency's
2158	proceedings;
2159	(b) the district court shall review the [finding of blight] development impediment
2160	determination under the standards of review provided in Subsection 10-9a-801(3); and
2161	(c) (i) if there is a record:
2162	(A) the district court's review is limited to the record provided by the agency; and
2163	(B) the district court may not accept or consider any evidence outside the record of the
2164	agency, unless the evidence was offered to the agency and the district court determines that the

	agency improperty excluded the evidence, or
	(ii) if there is no record, the district court may call witnesses and take evidence.
	Ŝ→ [Section 42. Coordinating H.B. 245 with S.B. 98 Substantive amendments.
	If this H.B. 245 and S.B. 98, Community Reinvestment Agency Amendments, both
	pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that Section 17C-5-202 shall be
	amended to read:
	"17C-5-202. Community reinvestment project area funding options.
	(1) (a) [Except] Beginning on May 14, 2019, and except as provided in Subsection (2),
	for the purpose of receiving project area funds for use within a community reinvestment project
	area, an agency shall negotiate and enter into an interlocal agreement with a taxing entity in
	accordance with Section 17C-5-204 to receive all or a portion of the taxing entity's tax
	increment or sales and use tax revenue in accordance with the interlocal agreement.
	(b) If a community reinvestment project area is subject to an interlocal agreement
	under Subsection (1)(a) and the agency subsequently amends the community reinvestment
	project area plan as described in Subsection 17C-5-112(4), the agency shall continue to receive
	project area funds under the interlocal agreement.
	[(2) If an agency plans to create a community reinvestment project area and adopt a
C	community reinvestment project area plan that provides for the use of eminent domain to
ŧ	acquire property within the community reinvestment project area, the agency shall create a
	taxing entity committee as described in Section 17C-1-402 and receive tax increment in
	accordance with Section 17C-5-203.]
	[(3) An agency shall comply with Chapter 5, Part 3, Community Reinvestment Project
	Area Budget, regardless of whether an agency enters into an interlocal agreement under
	Subsection (1) or creates a taxing entity committee under Subsection (2).]
	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an agency may receive tax increment in
	accordance with Section 17C-5-203 if the agency created a community reinvestment project
	area before May 14, 2019, that is subject to a taxing entity committee and provides for the use
	of eminent domain to acquire property within the community reinvestment project area.
	(3) Regardless of whether an agency enters into an interlocal agreement under
	Subsection (1) or receives tax increment under Subsection (2), an agency:
	(a) shall comply with Part 3, Community Reinvestment Project Area Budget; and

2196	(b) except as provided in Subsection 17C-1-409(6)(b), may not pay a taxing entity that	
2197	is not the community that created the agency a one-time or ongoing:	
2198	(i) administrative fee; or	
2199	(ii) fee related to the creation, operation, or administration of a project area." [←Ŝ	