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#### **Election Record Amendments**

# 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

## **Chief Sponsor: Norman K Thurston**

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#### LONG TITLE

### 4 General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to records created or used during an election.

#### **Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
  - defines terms;
- 9 makes the recorded video of ballot processing a public record for purposes of the
- 10 Government Records Access and Management Act (GRAMA);
- specifies that an election officer shall retain and preserve ballot chain of custody
- documentation created during an election;
- 13 clarifies that an election officer shall package and retain the election database, cast vote
- record, and other materials used in the programming of automatic tabulating equipment;
- 15 for an election administered by a county clerk:
- directs the county clerk to make, preserve, and retain for at least 12 years an electronic
- 17 copy of certain election material;
- authorizes, in certain circumstances, the county clerk or county legislative body to
- 19 examine the electronic copy of election material to conduct research related to an
- 20 election;

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- requires the county clerk to grant certain governmental entities access to the electronic
- 22 copy of election material to conduct research related to an election; and
- creates a process for a governmental entity to conduct a multi-county review of the
- 24 electronic copy of election material;
- 25 specifies that an electronic copy of election material is not a record for purposes of
- 26 GRAMA;
- clarifies that an election officer's obligation to seal official ballots and election returns
- does not prohibit a county clerk, an auditor, or the lieutenant governor from accessing
- 29 the electronic copy of election material;
- clarifies that an election officer shall retain and preserve the election database, cast vote
- 31 record, and other materials for 22 months after an election;

32	<ul> <li>specifies certain types of election-related data that an election officer must include in a</li> </ul>
33	ballot reconciliation report and board of canvassers report;
34	reduces the amount of time that an election officer has to publicize the certified board of
35	canvassers report from seven to three days;
36	<ul> <li>requires an election officer to make a copy of the certified board of canvassers report</li> </ul>
37	available to members of the public in portable document format; and
38	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
39	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
40	None
41	Other Special Clauses:
42	None
43	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
44	AMENDS:
45	20A-3a-401.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 297
46	20A-4-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 156, 297
47	20A-4-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 465
48	20A-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 156, 297
49	20A-4-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 503
50	ENACTS:
51	<b>20A-4-701</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	<b>20A-4-702</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	20A-4-703, Utah Code Annotated 1953
54 55	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
56	Section 1. Section 20A-3a-401.1 is amended to read:
57	20A-3a-401.1 . Ballot chain of custody.
58	(1) As used in this section:
59	(a) "Batch" means a grouping of a specified number of ballots:
60	(i) that is assembled by poll workers, and given a number to distinguish the grouping
61	from other groupings, when the ballots are first received for processing;
62	(ii) that is kept together in the same grouping, and kept separate from other
63	groupings, throughout ballot processing; and
64	(iii) for which a log is kept to document the chain of custody of the grouping.

(b) "Processed" means an action taken in relation to a batch, a ballot in a batch, or a

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66 return envelope that a poll worker has not separated from a ballot, as follows: 67 (i) starting with receiving the ballot; 68 (ii) each step taken in relation to a ballot as part of conducting an election; and 69 (iii) ending after the ballots are counted and stored. 70 (2) An election officer shall preserve the chain of custody of all ballots in accordance with 71 this section. 72 (3) An election officer shall maintain an accurate, updated count of the number of ballots 73 that the election officer: 74 (a) mails or otherwise provides to a voter; 75 (b) receives from a voter; 76 (c) counts; 77 (d) rejects; 78 (e) resolves after rejecting; or 79 (f) does not resolve after rejecting. 80 (4) Upon receiving ballots cast by voters, the election officer shall ensure that poll workers 81 immediately count the number of ballots received and divide the ballots into batches. 82 (5) The election officer shall ensure that: 83 (a) ballots in each batch are kept separate from the ballots in other batches; 84 (b) a ballot is not separated from a batch, except as necessary to the election process; 85 (c) if a ballot is separated from a batch, the batch log indicates: 86 (i) the ballot number; 87 (ii) the date and time of removal; 88 (iii) the identity of the individual who removes the ballot; and 89 (iv) the reason the ballot is removed; 90 (d) poll workers shall keep for each batch a log that includes: 91 (i) a unique identifying code or number for the batch; 92 (ii) the number of ballots in the batch: 93 (iii) the date that the ballots were received; and 94 (iv) for each occasion that the batches, or any of the ballots in the batches, are 95 handled: 96 (A) the date and time that the ballots are handled; 97 (B) a description of what is done with the ballots; 98 (C) the identity of the poll workers who handle the ballots; and 99 (D) any other information required by rule under Subsection [(7)] (9);

100	(e) an election official who performs a ballot processing function performs the function
101	in the presence of at least one other election official;
102	(f) to the extent reasonably possible, the poll workers who perform a ballot processing
103	function for a batch complete performing that function for the entire batch; and
104	(g) each part of the processing of all ballots is monitored by recorded video, without
105	audio.
106	(6) An election officer shall keep the recordings described in Subsection (5)(g) until the
107	<u>later of:</u>
108	(a) the last day of the calendar year in which the election was held; or
109	(b) if the election is contested, when the contest is resolved.
110	(7) A recorded video described in Subsection (5)(g) is a public record.
111	[(6) An election officer shall:]
112	[(a) keep the recordings described in Subsection (5)(g) until the later of:]
113	[(i) the end of the calendar year in which the election was held; or]
114	[(ii) if the election is contested, when the contest is resolved; and]
115	[(b) ensure that a camera, a video, or a recording of a video described in Subsection (5)(g)
116	may only be accessed:]
117	[(i) by the election officer;]
118	[(ii) by a custodian of the camera, video, or recording;]
119	[(iii) by the lieutenant governor;]
120	[(iv) by the legislative auditor general, when performing an audit; or]
121	[(v) by, or pursuant to an order of, a court of competent jurisdiction.]
122	[(7) An individual may not view a video, or a recording of a video, described in Subsection
123	<del>(5)(g):</del> ]
124	[(a) unless the individual is an individual described in Subsection (6)(b); and]
125	[(b) the individual views the video to the extent necessary to:]
126	[(i) ensure compliance with Subsection (5)(g) or (6); or]
127	[(ii) investigate a concern relating to the processing of ballots.]
128	(8) An election officer shall retain and preserve all chain of custody documentation in the
129	manner provided under Section 20A-4-202 for the retention and preservation of a ballot
130	voted in an election.
131	[(8)] (9) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor may make
132	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
133	establishing specific requirements and procedures for an election officer or poll worker

134	to:
135	(a) fulfill the chain of custody requirements described in this section;
136	(b) perform the signature verification audits described in Section 20A-3a-402.5; and
137	(c) comply with the reconciliation requirements described in Subsection 20A-4-304(2)(h).
138	Section 2. Section 20A-4-106 is amended to read:
139	20A-4-106 . Manual ballots Sealing.
140	(1) After the official canvas of an election, the election officer shall store all election returns
141	in containers that identify the containers' contents.
142	(2) After the ballots are stored under Subsection (1), the ballots may not be examined by
143	anyone, except as follows:
144	(a) when examined during a recount conducted under the authority of Section 20A-4-401
145	or [Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project]
146	Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project;
147	(b) an auditor conducting an audit described in Section 36-12-15.2 may examine the
148	ballots:
149	(i) if the audit uncovers evidence that raises a substantial doubt regarding the
150	accuracy of the results of an election, the auditor may examine the ballots until the
151	later of:
152	(A) the end of the calendar year in which the election was held; or
153	(B) if the election is contested, when the contest is resolved; or
154	(ii) at any time via a subpoena or other legal process; or
155	(c) the lieutenant governor may examine the ballots:
156	(i) until the later of:
157	(A) the [end] last day of the calendar year in which the election was held; or
158	(B) if the election is contested, when the contest is resolved; or
159	(ii) at any time via a subpoena or other legal process.
160	(3) Nothing in this section prohibits a county clerk, an auditor, or the lieutenant governor
161	from accessing and examining the electronic copy of ballots or election returns in
162	accordance with Part 7, Electronic Copy of Election Material - Access and Examination.
163	Section 3. Section <b>20A-4-109</b> is amended to read:
164	20A-4-109. Ballot reconciliation Rulemaking authority.
165	(1) In accordance with this section and rules made under Subsection (2), an election officer
166	whose office processes ballots shall:
167	(a) conduct ballot reconciliations every time ballots are tabulated;

168	(b) conduct a final ballot reconciliation when an election officer concludes processing all
169	ballots;
170	(c) document each ballot reconciliation;
171	(d) publicly release the results of each ballot reconciliation; and
172	(e) in conducting ballot reconciliations:
173	(i) ensure that the sum of the number of uncounted verified ballots and the number of
174	ballots tabulated is equal to the number of voters given credit for voting; or
175	(ii) if the sum described in Subsection (1)(e)(i) is not equal to the number of voters
176	given credit for voting, account for and explain the differences in the numbers.
177	(2) [The] Subject to Subsection (3), the director of elections within the Office of the
178	Lieutenant Governor may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
179	Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing procedures and requirements for
180	conducting, documenting, and publishing a ballot reconciliation.
181	(3) An election officer shall ensure that a published ballot reconciliation includes data
182	describing:
183	(a) the total number of ballots:
184	(i) that the election officer issued to voters; and
185	(ii) that the voters returned to the election officer;
186	(b) of the number described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), a subtotal of the number of ballots
187	that the election officer issued to voters:
188	(i) by mail;
189	(ii) electronically;
190	(iii) at a polling place; and
191	(iv) in person at the office of the election officer; and
192	(c) of the number described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a subtotal of the number of ballots
193	that the voters returned to the election officer:
194	(i) by mail;
195	(ii) electronically;
196	(iii) at a polling place;
197	(iv) at a ballot drop box; and
198	(v) in person at the office of the election officer.
199	Section 4. Section <b>20A-4-202</b> is amended to read:
200	20A-4-202 . Election officers Disposition of ballots Release of number of
201	nrovisional hallots cast

202	(1) Up	on receipt of the <u>ballots and</u> election returns from the poll workers, the election
203	off	icer shall:
204	(a)	ensure that the poll workers have provided all of the ballots and election returns;
205	(b)	inspect the ballots and election returns to ensure that they are sealed;
206	(c)	for manual ballots, deposit and lock the ballots and election returns in a safe and
207		secure place;
208	(d)	for mechanical ballots:
209		(i) count the ballots; and
210		(ii) deposit and lock the ballots and election returns in a safe and secure place; and
211	(e)	for bond elections, provide a copy of the election results to the board of canvassers of
212		the local political subdivision that called the bond election.
213	(2) Eac	ch election officer shall:
214	(a)	before 5 p.m. on the day after the date of the election, determine the number of
215		provisional ballots cast within the election officer's jurisdiction and make that number
216		available to the public;
217	(b)	preserve ballots for 22 months after the date of the election or until the time has
218		expired during which the ballots could be used in an election contest;
219	(c)	preserve all other official election returns for at least 22 months after [an] the date of
220		the election; and
221	(d)	after that time, destroy [them] the ballots and election returns without opening or
222		examining them.
223	(3)(a)	The election officer shall package and retain[all tabulating cards and other]:
224		(i) the election database;
225		(ii) the cast vote record; and
226		(iii) the materials used in the programming of the automatic tabulating equipment.
227	(b)	The election officer:
228		(i) [may access these tabulating cards and other materials] may access the materials
229		described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii);
230		(ii) [may make copies of these materials and make changes to the copies] may make a
231		copy of the materials described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii);
232		(iii) [may not alter or make changes to the materials themselves; and] may not alter or
233		make changes to the materials described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii);
234		(iv) may make changes to the copied materials described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii);
235		(v) shall retain and preserve the materials described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii) and the

236	copied materials described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), for at least 22 months after the
237	date of the election; and
238	[(iv)] (vi) [within 22 months after the election in which they were used, may dispose
239	of those materials or retain them] after the date described in Subsection (3)(b)(v),
240	may dispose of or retain the materials described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii), or the
241	copied materials described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
242	(4)(a) If an election contest is begun within 12 months after the date of an election, the
243	election officer shall, except as provided in Subsection (4)(c):
244	(i) keep the ballots and election returns unopened and unaltered until the contest is
245	complete; or
246	(ii) surrender the ballots and election returns to the custody of the court having
247	jurisdiction of the contest when ordered or subpoenaed to do so by that court.
248	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), when all election contests arising from an
249	election are complete, the election officer shall either:
250	(i) retain the ballots and election returns until the time for preserving them under this
251	section has run; or
252	(ii) destroy the ballots and election returns remaining in the election officer's custody
253	without opening or examining them if the time for preserving them under this
254	section has run.
255	(c)(i) An auditor conducting an audit described in Section 36-12-15.2 may examine
256	the ballots and election returns described in this Subsection (4).
257	(ii) The lieutenant governor may examine the ballots and election returns described in
258	this Subsection (4).
259	(5)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the legislative auditor general:
260	(i) may make and keep [eopies] a copy of ballots or election returns as part of a
261	legislative audit; and
262	(ii) may not examine, make [eopies] a copy, or keep [eopies,] a copy of a ballot in a
263	manner that identifies [a] the ballot with the voter who casts the ballot.
264	(b) A copy described in Subsection (5)(a) is not a record, and <u>is not subject to disclosure</u> ,
265	under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
266	Section 5. Section <b>20A-4-304</b> is amended to read:
267	20A-4-304 . Declaration of results Canvassers' report.
268	(1)(a) Except as provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a
269	board of canvassers shall declare "elected" or "nominated" those persons who:

270	(i) had the highest number of votes; and
271	(ii) sought election or nomination to an office completely within the board's
272	jurisdiction.
273	(b) Except as provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a
274	board of canvassers shall declare a "tie vote" if:
275	(i) two or more candidates for an office receive an equal and the highest number of
276	votes for that office; or
277	(ii) in a race for an at-large office:
278	(A) two or more candidates receive an equal number of votes; and
279	(B) a recount is necessary to determine which candidates are elected to the at-large
280	office.
281	(c) A board of canvassers shall declare:
282	(i) "approved" those ballot propositions that:
283	(A) had more "yes" votes than "no" votes; and
284	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction; or
285	(ii) "rejected" those ballot propositions that:
286	(A) had more "no" votes than "yes" votes or an equal number of "no" votes and
287	"yes" votes; and
288	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction.
289	(d) A board of canvassers shall:
290	(i) certify the vote totals for [persons] candidates and for and against ballot
291	propositions that were submitted to voters within and beyond the board's
292	jurisdiction and transmit those vote totals to the lieutenant governor; and
293	(ii) if applicable, certify the results of each special district election to the special
294	district clerk.
295	(2) The election officer shall submit a report to the board of canvassers that includes the
296	following information:
297	(a) the total number of votes cast in the board's jurisdiction;
298	(b) each office that appeared on the ballot;
299	[(b)] (c)(i) [the names of each candidate whose name appeared on the ballot;] the
300	name of each candidate whose name appeared on the ballot; and
301	(ii) whether the candidate is an unaffiliated candidate, a write-in candidate, or, if the
302	candidate is the nominee of a registered political party, the name of the registered
303	political party;

304	[(e)] (d) the title of each ballot proposition that appeared on the ballot;
305	[(d)] (e) [each office that appeared on the ballot] the total number of votes given in the
306	board's jurisdiction to each candidate, and for and against each ballot proposition;
307	[(e)] (f) from each voting precinct:
308	(i) the number of votes for each candidate;
309	(ii) for each race conducted by instant runoff voting under Part 6, Municipal
310	Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, the number of valid votes cast for each
311	candidate for each potential ballot-counting phase and the name of the candidate
312	excluded in each ballot-counting phase; and
313	(iii) the number of votes for and against each ballot proposition;
314	[(f) the total number of votes given in the board's jurisdiction to each candidate, and for
315	and against each ballot proposition;]
316	(g) standardized statistics, on a form provided by the lieutenant governor, disclosing, at a
317	<u>minimum</u> :
318	(i) the number of active voters in the board's jurisdiction;
319	(ii) of the number described in Subsection (2)(g)(i), the number of voters classified as
320	private or withheld under Section 20A-2-104;
321	(iii) [the number of ballots counted] the number of ballots the election officer counted;
322	[(ii)] (iv) [provisional ballots] of the number described in Subsection (2)(g)(iii), the
323	number of provisional ballots; and
324	[(iii)] (v) [the number of ballots rejected;] each of the following:
325	(A) the number of provisional ballots that could not legally be counted;
326	(B) the number of ballots, other than provisional ballots, that the election officer
327	rejected because the ballots could not legally be cured; and
328	(C) the number of ballots, other than provisional ballots, that were rejected, could
329	have been cured by the voter, but were not cured;
330	(h) a final ballot reconciliation report;
331	(i) other information required by law to be provided to the board of canvassers; and
332	(j) a statement certifying that the information contained in the report is accurate.
333	(3) The election officer and the board of canvassers shall:
334	(a) review the report to ensure that the report is correct; and
335	(b) sign the report.
336	(4) The election officer shall:
337	(a) record or file the certified report in a book kept for that purpose:

338	(b) prepare and transmit a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal to
339	each nominated or elected candidate;
340	(c) publish a copy of the certified report in accordance with Subsection (5); and
341	(d) file a copy of the certified report with the lieutenant governor.
342	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the election officer shall, no later than [seven]
343	three business days after the day on which the board of canvassers declares the election
344	results, publicize the certified report described in Subsection (2) for the <u>board's</u>
345	jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least seven days.
346	(6)(a) Instead of including a copy of the entire certified report, a notice required under
347	Subsection (5) may contain a statement that:
348	[(a)] (i) includes the following: "The Board of Canvassers for [indicate name of
349	jurisdiction] has prepared a report of the election results for the [indicate type and
350	date of election]."; and
351	[(b)] (ii) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain a
352	copy of the entire certified report:
353	[(i)] (A) if the board's jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website;
354	[(ii)] (B) the physical address for the board's jurisdiction; and
355	[(iii)] (C) a mailing address and telephone number.
356	(b) An election officer:
357	(i) shall ensure that an individual may obtain a digital copy of the certified report as a
358	PDF file; and
359	(ii) may make the certified report available in any machine readable format that the
360	election officer determines is helpful to members of the public.
361	(7) When there has been a regular general or a statewide special election for statewide
362	officers, for officers that appear on the ballot in more than one county, or for a statewide
363	or two or more county ballot proposition, each board of canvassers shall:
364	(a) prepare a separate report detailing the number of votes for each candidate and the
365	number of votes for and against each ballot proposition; and
366	(b) transmit the separate report by registered mail to the lieutenant governor.
367	(8) In each county election, municipal election, school election, special district election, and
368	local special election, the election officer shall transmit the reports to the lieutenant
369	governor within 14 days after the date of the election.
370	(9) In a regular primary election and in a presidential primary election, the board shall
371	transmit to the lieutenant governor:

372	(a) the county totals for multi-county races, to be telephoned or faxed to the lieutenant
373	governor not later than the second Tuesday after the election; and
374	(b) a complete tabulation showing voting totals for all primary races, precinct by
375	precinct, to be mailed to the lieutenant governor on or before the third Friday
376	following the primary election.
377	Section 6. Section <b>20A-4-701</b> is enacted to read:
378	Part 7. Electronic Copy of Election Material - Access and Examination
379	<b>20A-4-701</b> . Definitions.
380	As used in this part:
381	(1) "Election material" means:
382	(a) the return envelopes described in Sections 20A-3a-401 and 20A-3a-402;
383	(b) the verification documentation described in Subsection 20A-3a-401(7)(b)(iv);
384	(c) the chain of custody documentation described in Section 20A-3a-401.1;
385	(d) the log of replicated ballots described in Subsection 20A-4-104(3)(b);
386	(e) the ballots and election returns described in Section 20A-4-202;
387	(f) the election database and cast vote record described in Subsection 20A-4-202(3); and
388	(g) the materials used in the programming of the automatic tabulating equipment
389	described in Subsection 20A-4-202(3).
390	(2) "Governmental entity" means:
391	(a) the office of:
392	(i) the lieutenant governor;
393	(ii) the attorney general;
394	(iii) the legislative auditor general; or
395	(iv) the state auditor; or
396	(b) a contractor of a governmental entity described in Subsection (2)(a).
397	(3) "Interim committee" means the same as that term is defined in legislative rule.
398	(4) "Standing committee" means a Senate or House committee established under Senate or
399	House rule for the purpose of considering proposed legislation during an annual general
400	session or a special session.
401	(5) "Voting equipment" means:
402	(a) the computer-based hardware or software used by a county clerk to access, display,
403	or examine an electronic copy of election material; or
404	(b) the equipment used by a county clerk to make an electronic copy of election material.
405	Section 7. Section 20A-4-702 is enacted to read:

406	20A-4-702 . Electronic copy of election material Examination by county clerk
407	or county legislative body.
408	(1) Following an election administered by a county clerk, and except as provided in
409	Subsection (11), the county clerk shall, no later than 90 days after the day on which the
410	board of canvassers declares the results of an election:
411	(a) make an electronic copy of all election material;
412	(b) store the electronic copy of election material in a secure place that is physically
413	separate from the place where the county clerk stores election material;
414	(c) ensure that the electronic copy of election material is not altered, changed, or
415	destroyed;
416	(d) preserve the electronic copy of election material for at least 12 years after the day on
417	which the electronic copy is made; and
418	(e) certify to the lieutenant governor a statement indicating that the county clerk has
419	complied with Subsections (1)(a) and (b).
420	(2) A county clerk may access and examine the election material described in Subsection (1):
421	(a) to respond to an interim committee or a standing committee that makes an inquiry
422	regarding an election; or
423	(b) to conduct research on an issue or a process related to an election, if:
424	(i) the county clerk submits a written request to the county legislative body in
425	accordance with Subsection (3); and
426	(ii) the county legislative body approves the request.
427	(3) A county clerk who wishes to access the election material described in Subsection (1)
428	for a reason described in Subsection (2)(b) shall submit a written request to the county
429	clerk's county legislative body that:
430	(a) describes, in detail, the reason the county clerk seeks to examine the election material:
431	(b) describes the type or sampling of election material that is relevant to the county
432	clerk's research of the election material; and
433	(c) estimates the duration of time that the county clerk requires access to the election
434	material.
435	(4) A county legislative body that receives a request described in Subsection (3) shall, after
436	reviewing the request:
437	(a) approve the request; or
438	(b) deny the request.
439	(5) If a county legislative body:

440	(a) approves a request described in Subsection (3), the county clerk:
441	(i) may access the type or sampling of election material that the county clerk
442	described in the request; and
443	(ii) shall, after the county clerk's research is complete, submit written findings and
444	conclusions, and recommendations, if any, to the county legislative body; or
445	(b) denies a request described in Subsection (3), the county legislative body shall explain
446	the reason for the denial in writing to the county clerk.
447	(6) A county legislative body may access and examine the election material described in
448	Subsection (1) to conduct research on an issue or process related to an election
449	administered in the county if:
450	(a) the county legislative body submits a written request to the county clerk in
451	accordance with Subsection (7); and
452	(b) the county clerk approves the request.
453	(7) A county legislative body that wishes to access the election material described in
454	Subsection (1) shall submit a written request to the county clerk that:
455	(a) describes, in detail, the reason the county legislative body seeks to examine the
456	election material; and
457	(b) estimates the duration of time that the county legislative body requires access to the
458	election material.
459	(8) A county clerk that receives a request described in Subsection (7) shall, after reviewing
460	the request:
461	(a) approve the request; or
462	(b) deny the request.
463	(9)(a) If the county clerk approves a request described in Subsection (7), the county
464	clerk shall:
465	(i) in the county clerk's reasonable discretion, determine:
466	(A) the date and time that the county legislative body may access the election
467	material;
468	(B) any safeguard or security measure that the county legislative body must take
469	or observe while examining the election material; and
470	(C) the type or sampling of election material that is relevant to the county
471	legislative body's research of the election material; and
472	(ii) after making the determinations described in Subsection (9)(a)(i):
473	(A) notify the county legislative body of the determinations in writing; and

474	(B) grant the county legislative body access to the election material that the
475	county clerk determines is relevant under Subsection (9)(a)(i)(C).
476	(b) If the county clerk denies a request described in Subsection (7), the county clerk
477	shall explain the reason for the denial in writing to the county legislative body.
478	(10) A county clerk or county legislative body that accesses the electronic copy of election
479	material described this section:
480	(a) may only examine the election material at the county clerk's office; and
481	(b) may not make a copy of or remove the election material from the county clerk's
482	office.
483	(11) A county clerk need not make an electronic copy of the side of a ballot return envelope
484	that does not contain a voter's signature if the county's voting equipment is not capable
485	<u>of:</u>
486	(a) simultaneously making an electronic copy of the front and back sides of a ballot
487	return envelope; and
488	(b) simultaneously associating the front and back sides of a ballot return envelope with
489	one another.
490	(12) The electronic copy of election material described in this section is not a record, and is
491	not subject to disclosure, under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
492	Management Act.
493	Section 8. Section <b>20A-4-703</b> is enacted to read:
494	20A-4-703. Electronic copy of election material Examination by governmental
495	entity.
496	(1) A county clerk shall grant a governmental entity access to the election material
497	described in Subsection 20A-4-702(1) if:
498	(a) the governmental entity seeks to examine the election material to conduct research on
499	an issue or a process related to an election; and
500	(b) the governmental entity submits a written notice to the county clerk in accordance
501	with Subsection (2).
502	(2) Subject to Subsection (5), a governmental entity that seeks to access the election
503	material described in Subsection 20A-4-702(1) shall provide the county clerk a written
504	notice that:
505	(a) informs the county clerk of the governmental entity's intent to access the election
506	material;
507	(b) describes, in detail, the reason the governmental entity seeks to examine the election

508	material; and
509	(c) estimates the duration of time that the governmental entity requires access to the
510	election material.
511	(3) Subject to Subsection (5), a county clerk that receives a notice described in Subsection
512	(2) shall:
513	(a) in the county clerk's reasonable discretion, determine:
514	(i) the date and time that the governmental entity may access the election material;
515	(ii) any safeguard or security measure that the governmental entity must take or
516	observe while examining the election material; and
517	(iii) the type or sampling of election material that is relevant to the governmental
518	entity's research of the election material; and
519	(b) after making the determinations described in Subsection (3)(a):
520	(i) notify the governmental entity of the determinations in writing; and
521	(ii) grant the governmental entity access to the election material that the county clerk
522	determines is relevant under Subsection (3)(a)(iii).
523	(4) A governmental entity that seeks access to the election material described in Subsection
524	20A-4-702(1) for an election administered in more than one county may, in the notice
525	described in Subsection (2), select, among each county where the election was
526	administered, a county in which to examine the election material.
527	(5) If a governmental entity makes the selection described in Subsection (4):
528	(a) the governmental entity shall submit the notice described in Subsection (2) to each
529	county clerk who administered the election;
530	(b) the county clerk of the selected county shall:
531	(i) take the actions described in Subsections (3)(a) and (b);
532	(ii) notify each county clerk to whom the governmental entity submitted the notice of
533	the type of sampling of election material that the county clerk determines is
534	relevant under Subsection (3)(a)(iii);
535	(iii) after receiving, from each county clerk, the election material described in
536	Subsection (5)(c), grant the governmental entity access to that election material;
537	and
538	(iv) after the governmental entity's research is complete, destroy the election material
539	described in Subsection (5)(c); and
540	(c) the county clerk of each non-selected county shall, except as provided in Subsection
541	(6), transfer to the county clerk of the selected county, by secure electronic

542	transmission, the type or sampling of election material that the county clerk
543	determines is relevant under Subsection (3)(a)(iii).
544	(6) A county clerk is not required to make the transfer described in Subsection (5)(c) if the
545	voting equipment used by the county clerk is incompatible with the voting equipment
546	used by the county clerk of the selected county.
547	(7) A governmental entity that accesses the electronic copy of election material described
548	this section:
549	(a) may only examine the election material at the county clerk's office; and
550	(b) may not make a copy of or remove the election material from the county clerk's
551	office.
552	(8) The electronic copy of election material described in this section is not a record, and is
553	not subject to disclosure, under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
554	Management Act.
555	Section 9. Effective Date.
556	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.