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	SALE OF DAIRY AMENDMENTS
	2023 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Cheryl K. Acton
	Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
LC	ONG TITLE
Ge	neral Description:
	This bill amends provisions related to the sale of raw milk products.
Hiş	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	► amends the definition of "raw milk product" for provisions regulating the sale of
rav	v milk products.
Mo	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Ot	her Special Clauses:
	None
Uta	ah Code Sections Affected:
AN	MENDS:
	4-3-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 422
Ве	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 4-3-503 is amended to read:
	4-3-503. Sale of raw milk products Suspension of producer's permit
Sev	verability not permitted.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) "Batch" means all the milk emptied from one bulk tank and bottled in a single day.
	(b) "Raw milk product" means [raw milk, cream produced from raw milk, and butter]
anv	v product produced from raw milk.

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30	(c) "Self-owned retail store" means a retail store:
31	(i) of which the producer owns at least 51% of the value of the real property and
32	tangible personal property used in the operations of the retail store; or
33	(ii) for which the producer has the power to vote at least 51% of any class of voting
34	shares or ownership interest in the business entity that operates the retail store.
35	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a raw milk product may be manufactured,
36	distributed, sold, delivered, held, stored, or offered for sale if:
37	(a) the producer obtains a permit from the department to produce the raw milk product
38	under Subsection 4-3-301(6);
39	(b) the sale and delivery of the raw milk product is made upon the premises where the
40	raw milk product is produced, except as provided by Subsection (3);
41	(c) the raw milk product is sold to consumers for household use and not for resale;
42	(d) the raw milk product is bottled or packaged under sanitary conditions and in
43	sanitary containers on the premises where the raw milk product is produced;
44	(e) the raw milk product is labeled "raw milk product" and meets the labeling
45	requirements under 21 C.F.R. Parts 101 and 131 and rules established by the department;
46	(f) the raw milk used to produce the raw milk product is:
47	(i) cooled to 50 degrees Fahrenheit or a lower temperature within one hour after being
48	drawn from the animal;
49	(ii) further cooled to 41 degrees Fahrenheit within two hours of being drawn from the
50	animal; and
51	(iii) maintained at 41 degrees Fahrenheit or a lower temperature until the raw milk is
52	delivered to the consumer or used to produce the raw milk product;
53	(g) the bacterial count of the raw milk used to produce the raw milk product does not
54	exceed 20,000 colony forming units per milliliter;
55	(h) the coliform count of the raw milk used to produce the raw milk product does not
56	exceed 10 colony forming units per milliliter;
57	(i) the production of the raw milk product conforms to departmental rules for the

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58 production of grade A milk products; 59 (i) the dairy animals on the premises are: (i) permanently and individually identifiable; and 60 61 (ii) free of tuberculosis, brucellosis, and other diseases carried through milk; and (k) any person on the premises performing any work in connection with the production, 62 bottling, packaging, handling, or sale of the raw milk product is free from communicable 63 64 disease. (3) A producer may distribute, sell, deliver, hold, store, or offer for sale a raw milk 65 66 product at a self-owned retail store, that is properly staffed, or from a mobile unit where the 67 raw milk product is maintained through mechanical refrigeration at 41 degrees Fahrenheit or a lower temperature, if, in addition to the requirements of Subsection (2), the producer: 68 69 (a) transports the raw milk product from the premises where the raw milk product is 70 produced to the self-owned retail store in a refrigerated truck where the raw milk product is 71 maintained at 41 degrees Fahrenheit or a lower temperature; 72 (b) retains ownership of the raw milk product until it is sold to the final consumer, 73 including transporting the raw milk product from the premises where the raw milk product is 74 produced to the self-owned retail store without any: 75 (i) intervening storage; 76 (ii) change of ownership; or 77 (iii) loss of physical control; 78 (c) stores the raw milk product at 41 degrees Fahrenheit or a lower temperature in a display case equipped with a properly calibrated thermometer at the self-owned retail store: 79 80 (d) places a sign above each display case that contains a raw milk product at the 81 self-owned retail store that: 82 (i) is prominent; 83 (ii) is easily readable by a consumer;

(iii) reads in print that is no smaller than .5 inch in bold type, "This milk product is raw

and unpasteurized. Please keep refrigerated."; and

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86	(iv) meets any other requirement established by the department by rule;
87	(e) labels the raw milk product with:
88	(i) a date, no more than nine days after the raw milk product is produced, by which the
89	raw milk product should be sold;
90	(ii) the statement "Raw milk products, no matter how carefully produced, may be
91	unsafe.";
92	(iii) handling instructions to preserve quality and avoid contamination or spoilage;
93	(iv) a specific colored label as determined by the department by rule; and
94	(v) any other information required by rule;
95	(f) refrains from offering the raw milk product for sale until:
96	(i) the department or a third party certified by the department tests each batch of raw
97	milk used to produce a raw milk product for standard plate count and coliform count; and
98	(ii) the test results meet the minimum standards established for those tests;
99	(g) (i) maintains a database of the raw milk product sales; and
100	(ii) makes the database available to the Department of Health and Human Services
101	during the self-owned retail store's business hours for purposes of epidemiological
102	investigation;
103	(h) ensures that the plant and retail store complies with Chapter 5, Utah Wholesome
104	Food Act, and the rules governing food establishments enacted under Section 4-5-301; and
105	(i) complies with the applicable rules adopted as authorized by this chapter.
106	(4) A producer may distribute, sell, deliver, hold, store, or offer for sale a raw milk
107	product and pasteurized milk at the same self-owned retail store if:
108	(a) the self-owned retail store is properly staffed; and
109	(b) the producer:
110	(i) meets the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3);
111	(ii) operates the self-owned retail store on the same property where the raw milk
112	product is produced; and
113	(iii) maintains separate, labeled, refrigerated display cases for raw milk products and

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114	pasteurized milk.
115	(5) A producer may, without meeting the requirements of Subsection (2), sell up to 120
116	gallons of raw milk per month if:
117	(a) the sale is directly to an end consumer, for household use and not for resale;
118	(b) the sale and delivery of the raw milk is made upon the premises where the raw milk
119	is produced;
120	(c) the producer labels the raw milk with:
121	(i) the producer's name and address;
122	(ii) a date, no more than nine days after the raw milk is produced, by which the raw
123	milk should be sold;
124	(iii) the statement "This raw milk has not been licensed or inspected by the state of
125	Utah. Raw milk, no matter how carefully produced, may be unsafe."; and
126	(iv) handling instructions to preserve quality and avoid contamination or spoilage;
127	(d) the raw milk is:
128	(i) cooled to 50 degrees Fahrenheit or a lower temperature within one hour after being
129	drawn from the animal; and
130	(ii) further cooled to 41 degrees Fahrenheit within two hours of being drawn from the
131	animal;
132	(e) the producer conducts a monthly test ensuring the coliform count of the raw milk
133	does not exceed 10 colony-forming units per milliliter;
134	(f) the dairy animals on the producer's premises are free of tuberculosis, brucellosis,
135	and other diseases carried through milk;
136	(g) the producer maintains records of tests and sales for a minimum of two years; and
137	(h) the producer notifies the department of the producer's intent to sell raw milk
138	pursuant to this Subsection (5) and includes in the notification the producer's name and
139	address.
140	(6) A person who conducts a test required by Subsection (3) shall send a copy of the

test results to the department as soon as the test results are available.

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142	(7) (a) The department shall adopt rules, as authorized by Section 4-3-201, governing
143	the sale of raw milk products at a self-owned retail store.
144	(b) The rules adopted by the department shall include rules regarding:
145	(i) permits;
146	(ii) building and premises requirements;
147	(iii) sanitation and operating requirements, including bulk milk tanks requirements;
148	(iv) additional tests;
149	(v) frequency of inspections, including random cooler checks;
150	(vi) recordkeeping; and
151	(vii) packaging and labeling.
152	(c) The department may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
153	Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the standards of identity for a raw milk product.
154	(d) (i) The department shall establish and collect a fee for the tests and inspections
155	required by this section and by rule in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
156	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 63J-1-504, the department shall retain the fees as
157	dedicated credits and may only use the fees to administer and enforce this section.
158	(8) (a) The department shall suspend a permit issued under Section 4-3-301 if:
159	(i) two out of four consecutive samples or two samples in a 30-day period violate
160	sample limits established under this section; or
161	(ii) a producer violates this section or a rule adopted as authorized by this section.
162	(b) The department may reissue a permit that has been suspended under Subsection
163	(8)(a) if the producer has complied with all of the requirements of this section and rules
164	adopted as authorized by this section.
165	(9) (a) If any subsection of this section or the application of any subsection to any
166	person or circumstance is held invalid by a final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction,
167	the remainder of the section may not be given effect without the invalid subsection or
168	application.
169	(b) The provisions of this section may not be severed.

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170	(10) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to impede the Department of Health and
171	<u>Human Services</u> or the Department of Agriculture and Food in investigation of foodborne
172	illness.
173	(11) The department shall issue a cease and desist order to a producer linked to a
174	foodborne illness and shall stop sale of a raw milk product currently being sold.
175	(12) The order shall remain in effect until the department verifies that the producer:
176	(a) adheres to this section; and
177	(b) has three consecutive clean tests of the raw milk product.
178	(13) In addition to Subsections (11) and (12), if a producer's raw milk product has been
179	linked to a foodborne illness outbreak, and the department finds that the producer has violated
180	the applicable provisions of this section, the department may impose upon the producer the
181	following administrative penalties:
182	(a) upon the first violation, a penalty of no more than \$300;
183	(b) upon a second violation, a penalty of no more than \$750; and
184	(c) upon a third or subsequent violation a penalty of no more than \$1,500.