1	INCENTIVES AMENDMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Kay J. Christofferson
5	Senate Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to tax credits.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>requires each state agency that issues a tax credit certificate for a tax credit to</li> </ul>
13	provide the State Tax Commission with an electronic link to a webpage where the
14	state agency lists the names of the claimants and amounts of tax credits the
15	claimants are eligible to claim;
16	<ul> <li>requires the State Tax Commission to create a webpage that links to each state</li> </ul>
17	agency's list of tax credit claimants;
18	requires the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to:
19	<ul> <li>evaluate whether performance metrics or reporting requirements for the tax</li> </ul>
20	credit would improve the committee's evaluation of the benefits to the taxpayer
21	and the state from the tax credit and, if so, prepare legislation recommending
22	specific performance metrics or reporting requirements; and
23	• evaluate the effectiveness of the process for claiming a research activities tax
24	credit, including receiving recommendations for improvement from the State

Tax Commission, and prepare legislation if the committee recommends any



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20	changes to the process;
27	<ul> <li>modifies reporting and study requirements related to repealed income tax credits;</li> </ul>
28	<ul> <li>creates a statutory certificate process for the historic preservation tax credits;</li> </ul>
29	requires the State Historic Preservation Office to report the number of estimated
30	new jobs created by approved historic rehabilitation work in the Department of
31	Cultural and Community Engagement's annual report;
32	<ul> <li>modifies the corporate and individual recycling market development zone tax</li> </ul>
33	credits to eliminate the expenditures credit;
34	<ul> <li>clarifies the production capacity requirements for solar equipment to be eligible fo</li> </ul>
35	the renewable energy systems tax credits;
36	<ul> <li>requires the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity to report in the annual</li> </ul>
37	report the amount of new state revenue generated from motion picture projects
38	within the state;
39	repeals the following individual income tax credits:
40	<ul> <li>qualifying solar projects; and</li> </ul>
41	<ul> <li>investment in life sciences establishments;</li> </ul>
42	<ul> <li>repeals the Technology and Life Science Economic Development Act;</li> </ul>
43	<ul> <li>repeals the corporate and individual alternative energy development tax credits;</li> </ul>
44	<ul> <li>repeals the Alternative Energy Development Tax Credit Act; and</li> </ul>
45	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
46	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
47	None
48	Other Special Clauses:
49	This bill provides a special effective date.
50	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
51	AMENDS:
52	59-7-159, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 264, 274
53	59-7-610, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367
54	59-7-614, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 274
55	59-10-137, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 264
56	<b>59-10-1002.2</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 12

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57
            59-10-1007, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 367
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            59-10-1014, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
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            59-10-1106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 280, 374
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            63N-8-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 282
61
            79-6-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 322
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     ENACTS:
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            59-1-214, Utah Code Annotated 1953
64
     REPEALS AND REENACTS:
65
            59-7-609, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 42
66
            59-10-1006, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 223
67
     REPEALS:
68
            59-7-614.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
            59-10-1024, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
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            59-10-1025, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 465
            59-10-1029, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
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            63N-2-801, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
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            63N-2-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 354
            63N-2-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 354
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            63N-2-804, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
            63N-2-805, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
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            63N-2-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 354
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            63N-2-807, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
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            63N-2-808, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 282
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            63N-2-809, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
81
            63N-2-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 362
82
            63N-2-811, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 382
83
            79-6-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
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            79-6-502, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
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            79-6-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 64 and renumbered and
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     amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
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            79-6-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
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88	79-6-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 68
89 90	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
91	Section 1. Section <b>59-1-214</b> is enacted to read:
92	59-1-214. Disclosure of tax credit recipients.
93	(1) As used in this section:
94	(a) "Recipient" means a taxpayer, a claimant, an estate, or a trust that:
95	(i) applies for a tax credit certificate on or after January 1, 2024; and
96	(ii) is eligible to claim a tax credit in the amount for which a tax credit certificate is
97	issued.
98	(b) "Tax credit certificate" means a document that:
99	(i) a state agency is required by statute to issue upon an application by a taxpayer, a
100	claimant, an estate, or a trust;
101	(ii) verifies a taxpayer's, a claimant's, an estate's, or a trust's eligibility to claim a tax
102	credit;
103	(iii) lists the amount of tax credit that a taxpayer, a claimant, an estate, or a trust may
104	claim for the taxable year; and
105	(iv) without which the taxpayer, the claimant, the estate, or the trust may not claim the
106	tax credit.
107	(2) Each state agency shall provide the commission with a link to a webpage where the
108	state agency discloses, for each tax credit for which the state agency issues a tax credit
109	certificate:
110	(a) the names of each recipient of a tax credit certificate; and
111	(b) the amount of tax credit listed on the certificate.
112	(3) The Office of Energy Development is not required to comply with Subsection (2)
113	for a tax credit described in:
114	(a) Subsection 59-7-614(3); or
115	(b) Section 59-10-1014.
116	(4) The commission shall create a single webpage on the commission's website that
117	links to each state agency's webpage containing the information described in Subsection (2).
118	Section 2. Section <b>59-7-159</b> is amended to read:

119	59-7-159. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
120	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
121	Committee.
122	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits described in this chapter as provided
123	in Subsection (3) and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
124	continued, modified, or repealed.
125	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:
126	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
127	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
128	under review to provide testimony;
129	(iii) (A) invite the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity to present a summary
130	and analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Governor's Office of
131	Economic Opportunity is required to make a report under this chapter; and
132	(B) invite the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst to present a summary and
133	analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Office of the Legislative
134	Fiscal Analyst is required to make a report under this chapter;
135	(iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations described in this section include an
136	evaluation of:
137	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
138	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
139	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; [and]
140	(v) evaluate whether performance metrics or reporting requirements for the tax credit
141	would improve the committee's evaluation of the benefits to the taxpayer and the state from the
142	tax credit; and
143	(vi) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as
144	otherwise required by law.
145	(c) The committee shall prepare legislation for consideration by the Legislature at the
146	next general session recommending specific performance metrics or reporting requirements for
147	any tax credit that the committee determines meets the requirement described in Subsection
148	(2)(b)(v).
149	(3) (a) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after 2017, the

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       committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
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       under the following sections:
152
              (i) Section 59-7-601;
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              (ii) Section 59-7-607;
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              (iii) Section 59-7-612;
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              (iv) Section 59-7-614.1; and
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              (v) Section 59-7-614.5.
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              (b) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the committee
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       shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
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       following sections:
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              (i) Section 59-7-609;
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              (ii) Section 59-7-614.2;
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              (iii) Section 59-7-614.10; and
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              (iv) Section 59-7-619.
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              (c) On or before November 30, 2019, and every three years after 2019, the committee
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       shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
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       following sections:
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              (i) Section 59-7-610; and
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              (ii) Section 59-7-614[; and].
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              (iii) Section 59-7-614.7.
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              (d) (i) In addition to the reviews described in this Subsection (3), the committee shall
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       conduct a review of a tax credit described in this chapter that is enacted on or after January 1,
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       2017.
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              (ii) The committee shall complete a review described in this Subsection (3)(d) three
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       years after the effective date of the tax credit and every three years after the initial review date.
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              (4) On or before November 30, 2023, the committee shall:
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              (a) evaluate the effectiveness of the current process for issuing a tax credit described in
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       Section 59-7-612;
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              (b) receive input from the commission regarding improvements to the process for
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       issuing a tax credit described in Section 59-7-612; and
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              (c) if the committee makes a recommendation for improving the process for issuing a
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181	tax credit described in Section 59-7-612, prepare legislation for consideration by the
182	Legislature at the next general session.
183	Section 3. Section 59-7-609 is repealed and reenacted to read:
184	59-7-609. Historic preservation credit.
185	(1) As used in this section:
186	(a) "Certified historic building" means a building that:
187	(i) is listed on the National Register of Historic Places within three years of taking the
188	credit under this section; or
189	(ii) (A) is located in a National Register Historic District; and
190	(B) has been designated by the office as being of significance to the district.
191	(b) "Office" means the State Historic Preservation Office.
192	(c) (i) "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" means any amount properly chargeable to
193	the rehabilitation and restoration of the physical elements of the building.
194	(ii) "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" includes the historic decorative elements
195	and the upgrading of the structural, mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems.
196	(iii) "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" does not include expenditures related to:
197	(A) the taxpayer's personal labor;
198	(B) cost of acquisition of the property;
199	(C) any expenditure attributable to the enlargement of an existing building;
200	(D) rehabilitation of a certified historic building without the approval required in
201	Subsection (3)(a)(i);
202	(E) an expenditure attributable to landscaping or other site features, outbuildings,
203	garages, and related features; or
204	(F) demolition and removal costs for an existing building on a property site.
205	(d) "Residential" means a building used for residential use, either owner occupied or
206	income producing.
207	(2) A taxpayer may claim a nonrefundable tax credit in an amount equal to 20% of
208	qualified rehabilitation expenditures if:
209	(a) the qualified rehabilitation expenditures cost more than \$10,000;
210	(b) the qualified rehabilitation expenditures are incurred in connection with a
211	residential certified historic building; and

212	(c) the taxpayer has a written tax credit certificate issued by the office in accordance
213	with Subsection (3).
214	(3) (a) The office shall issue a tax credit certificate if the office:
215	(i) approves all rehabilitation work for which a taxpayer may claim a tax credit as
216	meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation before completion of the
217	rehabilitation project so that the office can provide corrective comments to the taxpayer to
218	preserve the historic qualities of the building;
219	(ii) determines that the rehabilitation project conforms with the approved rehabilitation
220	work; and
221	(iii) verifies the property is a residential certified historic building and the amount of
222	the taxpayer's qualified rehabilitation expenditures.
223	(b) The tax credit certificate shall list the amount of the tax credit that the taxpayer is
224	eligible to claim.
225	(c) A taxpayer that receives a tax credit certificate under this section shall retain the tax
226	credit certificate for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under
227	Section 59-1-1406.
228	(d) The office shall provide the commission with an electronic report that includes for
229	each taxpayer to which the office issued a tax credit certificate under this section for a taxable
230	year:
231	(i) the name of the taxpayer;
232	(ii) the identifying information of the taxpayer; and
233	(iii) the amount of tax credit that the taxpayer is eligible to claim.
234	(4) A taxpayer may carry forward the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the
235	taxpayer's tax liability for five taxable years after the year in which the taxpayer claims a tax
236	credit under this section.
237	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
238	commission, in consultation with the office, shall make rules to implement this section.
239	(6) The office shall include the number of estimated new jobs created in the state from
240	rehabilitation work in the annual report described in Section 9-1-208.
241	Section 4. Section <b>59-7-610</b> is amended to read:
242	59-7-610. Recycling market development zones tax credits.

243	(1) Subject to other provisions of this section, a taxpayer that is a business operating in
244	a recycling market development zone as defined in Section 19-13-102 may claim [the
245	following nonrefundable tax credits:]
246	[(a)] a nonrefundable tax credit equal to the product of the percentage listed in
247	Subsection 59-7-104(2) and the purchase price paid for machinery and equipment used directly
248	in:
249	[(i)] (a) commercial composting; or
250	[(ii)] (b) manufacturing facilities or plant units that:
251	[(A)] (i) manufacture, process, compound, or produce recycled items of tangible
252	personal property for sale; or
253	[(B)] (ii) reduce or reuse postconsumer waste material[; and].
254	[(b) a tax credit equal to the lesser of:]
255	[(i) 20% of net expenditures to third parties for rent, wages, supplies, tools, test
256	inventory, and utilities made by the taxpayer for establishing and operating recycling or
257	composting technology in the state; and]
258	[ <del>(ii) \$2,000.</del> ]
259	(2) (a) To claim a tax credit described in Subsection (1), the taxpayer shall receive
260	from the Department of Environmental Quality a written certification, on a form approved by
261	the commission, that includes:
262	(i) a statement that the taxpayer is operating a business within the boundaries of a
263	recycling market development zone;
264	[(ii) for a claim of the tax credit described in Subsection (1)(a):]
265	[(A)] (ii) the type of the machinery and equipment that the taxpayer purchased;
266	[(B)] (iii) the date that the taxpayer purchased the machinery and equipment;
267	[(C)] (iv) the purchase price for [the] each item of machinery and equipment;
268	[(D)] (v) the total purchase price for all machinery and equipment for which the
269	taxpayer is claiming a tax credit;
270	[(E)] (vi) a statement that the machinery and equipment are integral to the composting
271	or recycling process; and
272	[(F)] (vii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax credit[; and].
273	[(iii) for a claim of the tax credit described in Subsection (1)(b):]

274	[(A) the type of net expenditure that the taxpayer made to a third party;]
275	[(B) the date that the taxpayer made the payment to a third party;]
276	[(C) the amount that the taxpayer paid to each third party;]
277	[(D) the total amount that the taxpayer paid to all third parties;]
278	[(E) a statement that the net expenditures support the establishment and operation of
279	recycling or composting technology in the state; and]
280	[(F) the amount of the taxpayer's tax credit.]
281	(b) (i) The Department of Environmental Quality shall provide a taxpayer seeking to
282	claim a tax credit under Subsection (1) with a copy of the written certification.
283	(ii) The taxpayer shall retain a copy of the written certification for the same period of
284	time that a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
285	(c) The Department of Environmental Quality shall submit to the commission an
286	electronic list that includes:
287	(i) the name and identifying information of each taxpayer to which the Department of
288	Environmental Quality issues a written certification; and
289	(ii) for each taxpayer, the amount of each tax credit listed on the written certification.
290	(3) A taxpayer may not claim a tax credit [under Subsection (1)(a), Subsection (1)(b),
291	or both] that exceeds 40% of the taxpayer's state income tax liability as the tax liability is
292	calculated:
293	(a) for the taxable year in which the taxpayer made the purchases [or payments];
294	(b) before any other tax credits the taxpayer may claim for the taxable year; and
295	(c) before the taxpayer claims a tax credit authorized by this section.
296	(4) The commission shall make rules governing what information a taxpayer shall file
297	with the commission to verify the entitlement to and amount of a tax credit.
298	(5) Except as provided in Subsections (6) [through (8)] and (7), a taxpayer may carry
299	forward, to the next three taxable years, the amount of a tax credit [described in Subsection
300	(1)(a) that the] that the taxpayer does not use for the taxable year.
301	(6) A taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit [described in Subsection
302	(1)(a) in] under this section for a taxable year during which the taxpayer claims or carries
303	forward a tax credit under Section 63N-2-213.
304	[ <del>(7)</del> A taxpayer may not claim a tax credit described in Subsection (1)(b) in a taxable

305	year during which the taxpayer claims or carries forward a tax credit under Section
306	<del>63N-2-213.</del> ]
307	[(8)] (7) A taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit under this section for a
308	taxable year during which the taxpayer claims the targeted business income tax credit under
309	Section 59-7-624.
310	Section 5. Section 59-7-614 is amended to read:
311	59-7-614. Renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions Certification
312	Rulemaking authority.
313	(1) As used in this section:
314	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
315	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
316	electrical energy; and
317	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) by a separate
318	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.
319	(ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and
320	electrical or mechanical energy generation.
321	(b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in:
322	(i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and
323	(ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
324	(c) "Commercial energy system" means a system that is:
325	(i) (A) an active solar system;
326	(B) a biomass system;
327	(C) a direct use geothermal system;
328	(D) a geothermal electricity system;
329	(E) a geothermal heat pump system;
330	(F) a hydroenergy system;
331	(G) a passive solar system; or
332	(H) a wind system;
333	(ii) located in the state; and
334	(iii) used:
335	(A) to supply energy to a commercial unit; or

336	(B) as a commercial enterprise.
337	(d) "Commercial enterprise" means an entity, the purpose of which is to produce:
338	(i) electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy for sale from a commercial energy system;
339	or
340	(ii) hydrogen for sale from a hydrogen production system.
341	(e) (i) "Commercial unit" means a building or structure that an entity uses to transact
342	business.
343	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e)(i):
344	(A) with respect to an active solar system used for agricultural water pumping or a
345	wind system, each individual energy generating device is considered to be a commercial unit;
346	or
347	(B) if an energy system is the building or structure that an entity uses to transact
348	business, a commercial unit is the complete energy system itself.
349	(f) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that
350	enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building,
351	an industrial process, and aquaculture.
352	(g) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is:
353	(i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and
354	(ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity.
355	(h) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth.
356	(i) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that:
357	(i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well
358	below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and
359	(ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure.
360	(j) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable
361	of:
362	(i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical
363	energy; and
364	(ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
365	(k) "Hydrogen production system" means a system of apparatus and equipment, located
366	in this state, that uses:

367	(i) electricity from a renewable energy source to create hydrogen gas from water,
368	regardless of whether the renewable energy source is at a separate facility or the same facility
369	as the system of apparatus and equipment; or
370	(ii) uses renewable natural gas to produce hydrogen gas.
371	(l) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401.
372	(m) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure
373	of a building and the structure's operable components to provide for collection, storage, and
374	distribution of heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the
375	climate resources available at the site.
376	(ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that
377	are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy
378	(n) "Photovoltaic system" means an active solar system that generates electricity from
379	sunlight.
380	(o) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that
381	constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a commercial energy system.
382	(ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include:
383	(A) an interest charge; or
384	(B) a maintenance expense.
385	(p) "Renewable energy source" means the same as that term is defined in Section
386	54-17-601.
387	(q) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a
388	residential unit:
389	(i) an active solar system;
390	(ii) a biomass system;
391	(iii) a direct use geothermal system;
392	(iv) a geothermal heat pump system;
393	(v) a hydroenergy system;
394	(vi) a passive solar system; or
395	(vii) a wind system.
396	(r) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling
397	unit that:

398 (A) is located in the state; and 399 (B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family. 400 (ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under: 401 (A) Section 59-2-405; 402 (B) Section 59-2-405.1; 403 (C) Section 59-2-405.2; 404 (D) Section 59-2-405.3; or 405 (E) Section 72-10-110.5. 406 (s) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of: 407 (i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and 408 (ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use, sale, 409 or storage. 410 (2) A taxpayer may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in this section 411 against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year. 412 (3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a taxpayer may claim a 413 nonrefundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a residential unit the taxpayer 414 owns or uses if: 415 (i) the taxpayer: 416 (A) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the 417 energy required for the residential unit; or 418 (B) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of 419 the energy required for the residential unit; and 420 (ii) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with 421 Subsection (8). 422 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (iv) and, as applicable, Subsection 423 (3)(c) or (d), the tax credit is equal to 25% of the reasonable costs of each residential energy 424 system installed with respect to each residential unit the taxpayer owns or uses. 425 (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs. 426 (iii) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the taxable year in 427 which the residential energy system is completed and placed in service.

(iv) If the amount of a tax credit under this Subsection (3) exceeds a taxpayer's tax

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429 liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the amount of the 430 tax credit exceeding the liability for a period that does not exceed the next four taxable years. 431 (c) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (3) for a 432 residential energy system, other than a photovoltaic system, may not exceed \$2,000 per 433 residential unit. 434 (d) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (3) for a 435 photovoltaic system may not exceed: 436 (i) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2018, but on or before December 31, 437 2020, \$1,600; 438 (ii) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2021, but on or before December 31, 439 2021, \$1,200; 440 (iii) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2022, but on or before December 31, 441 2022, \$800; 442 (iv) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2023, but on or before December 31, 443 2023, \$400; and 444 (v) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2024, \$0. 445 (e) If a taxpayer sells a residential unit to another person before the taxpayer claims the 446 tax credit under this Subsection (3): 447 (i) the taxpayer may assign the tax credit to the other person; and 448 (ii) (A) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim 449 the tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section 450 to claim the tax credit; or 451 (B) if the other person files a return under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, the 452 other person may claim the tax credit under Section 59-10-1014 as if the other person had met 453 the requirements of Section 59-10-1014 to claim the tax credit. 454 (4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a taxpayer may claim a 455 refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial energy system if:

(B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity;

(A) wind, geothermal electricity, [solar,] or biomass equipment capable of producing a

(i) the commercial energy system does not use:

total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or

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- 460 (ii) the taxpayer purchases or participates in the financing of the commercial energy 461 system; 462 (iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 463 commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or 464 (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy 465 system as a commercial enterprise; 466 (iv) the taxpayer has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (7) 467 for hydrogen production using electricity for which the taxpayer claims a tax credit under this 468 Subsection (4); and 469 (v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with 470 Subsection (8). 471 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(b)(ii) through (iv), the tax credit is equal to 10% of 472 the reasonable costs of the commercial energy system. 473 (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may include installation costs. 474 (iii) A taxpayer is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) for the taxable 475 year in which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service. 476 (iv) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (4) may 477 not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit. 478 (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(c)(ii) and (iii), a taxpayer that is a lessee of a 479 commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this 480 Subsection (4) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax 481 credit. 482 (ii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim as a tax credit under this 483 Subsection (4) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments. 484 (iii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit under this 485 Subsection (4) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the day on which the 486 lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
  - (i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;

(5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a

refundable tax credit under this Subsection (5) with respect to a commercial energy system if:

491 (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 492 commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or 493 (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise; 494 495 (iii) the taxpayer has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (7) 496 for hydrogen production using electricity for which the taxpayer claims a tax credit under this 497 Subsection (5); and 498 (iv) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with 499 Subsection (8). 500 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5) is equal to 501 the product of: 502 (A) 0.35 cents; and 503 (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year. (ii) A taxpayer is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) for production 504 505 occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial 506 energy system is placed in commercial service. 507 (c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial 508 unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor 509 irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit. 510 (6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), a taxpayer may claim a 511 refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (6) if: 512 (i) the taxpayer owns a commercial energy system that uses solar equipment capable of 513 producing a total of [660] 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity; 514 (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 515 commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or 516 (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise; 517 518 (iii) the taxpayer does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (4) and has not claimed 519 and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (7) for hydrogen production using electricity 520 for which a taxpayer claims a tax credit under this Subsection (6); and 521 (iv) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with

522	Subsection (8).
523	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a tax credit under this Subsection (6) is equal to
524	the product of:
525	(A) 0.35 cents; and
526	(B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
527	(ii) A taxpayer is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (6) for production
528	occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial
529	energy system is placed in commercial service.
530	(c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial
531	unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (6) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor
532	irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
533	(7) (a) A taxpayer may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (7)
534	if:
535	(i) the taxpayer owns a hydrogen production system;
536	(ii) the hydrogen production system is completed and placed in service on or after
537	January 1, 2022;
538	(iii) the taxpayer sells as a commercial enterprise, or supplies for the taxpayer's own
539	use in commercial units, the hydrogen produced from the hydrogen production system;
540	(iv) the taxpayer has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (4),
541	(5), or (6) or Section 59-7-626 for electricity or hydrogen used to meet the requirements of this
542	Subsection (7); and
543	(v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
544	Subsection (8).
545	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (7)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (7)
546	is equal to the product of:
547	(A) \$0.12; and
548	(B) the number of kilograms of hydrogen produced during the taxable year.
549	(ii) A taxpayer may not receive a tax credit under this Subsection (7) for more than
550	5,600 metric tons of hydrogen per taxable year.
551	(iii) A taxpayer is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (7) for production
552	occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the hydrogen

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553 production system is placed in commercial service. 554 (8) (a) Before a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this section, the taxpayer shall 555 obtain a written certification from the office. 556 (b) The office shall issue a taxpayer a written certification if the office determines that: 557 (i) the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and 558 (ii) the residential energy system, the commercial energy system, or the hydrogen 559 production system with respect to which the taxpayer seeks to claim a tax credit: 560 (A) has been completely installed: 561 (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and 562 (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential 563 energy system, the commercial energy system, or the hydrogen production system uses the 564 state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate and economic manner. 565 (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 566 office may make rules: 567 (i) for determining whether a residential energy system, a commercial energy system, 568 or a hydrogen production system meets the requirements of Subsection (8)(b)(ii); and 569 (ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3) or (4), establishing the reasonable 570 costs of a residential energy system or a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of 571 energy production. 572 (d) A taxpayer that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the 573 certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under 574 Section 59-1-1406. 575 (e) The office shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes: 576 (i) the name and identifying information of each taxpayer to which the office issues a 577 written certification; and 578 (ii) for each taxpayer: 579 (A) the amount of the tax credit listed on the written certification; and 580 (B) the date the renewable energy system was installed. 581 (9) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

(10) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the

commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.

584	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
585	Section 6. Section <b>59-10-137</b> is amended to read:
586	59-10-137. Review of credits allowed under this chapter.
587	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Revenue and Taxation Interim
588	Committee.
589	(2) (a) The committee shall review the tax credits described in this chapter as provided
590	in Subsection (3) and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be
591	continued, modified, or repealed.
592	(b) In conducting the review required under Subsection (2)(a), the committee shall:
593	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
594	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the tax credit
595	under review to provide testimony;
596	(iii) (A) invite the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity to present a summary
597	and analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Governor's Office of
598	Economic Opportunity is required to make a report under this chapter; and
599	(B) invite the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst to present a summary and
600	analysis of the information for each tax credit regarding which the Office of the Legislative
601	Fiscal Analyst is required to make a report under this chapter;
602	(iv) ensure that the committee's recommendations described in this section include an
603	evaluation of:
604	(A) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
605	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
606	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit; [and]
607	(v) evaluate whether performance metrics or reporting requirements for the tax credit
608	would improve the committee's evaluation of the benefits to the claimant, estate, or trust and
609	the state from the tax credit; and
610	[(v)] (vi) undertake other review efforts as determined by the committee chairs or as
611	otherwise required by law.
612	(c) The committee shall prepare legislation for consideration by the Legislature at the
613	next general session recommending specific performance metrics or reporting requirements for
614	any tax credit that the committee determines meets the requirement described in Subsection

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615
       (2)(b)(v).
616
               (3) (a) On or before November 30, 2017, and every three years after 2017, the
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       committee shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed
618
       under the following sections:
619
               (i) Section 59-10-1004;
620
               (ii) Section 59-10-1010;
621
               (iii) Section 59-10-1015;
622
               [(iv) Section 59-10-1025;]
623
               \frac{(v)}{(iv)} Section 59-10-1027;
624
               [(vi)] (v) Section 59-10-1031;
625
               [<del>(vii)</del>] (vi) Section 59-10-1032;
626
               [<del>(viii)</del>] (vii) Section 59-10-1035;
627
               [(ix)] (viii) Section 59-10-1104;
628
               [(x)] (ix) Section 59-10-1105; and
629
               [(xi)] (x) Section 59-10-1108.
630
               (b) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the committee
631
       shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
632
       following sections:
633
               (i) Section 59-10-1005;
634
               (ii) Section 59-10-1006;
635
               (iii) Section 59-10-1012;
636
               (iv) Section 59-10-1022;
637
               (v) Section 59-10-1023;
638
               (vi) Section 59-10-1028;
639
               (vii) Section 59-10-1034;
640
               (viii) Section 59-10-1037; and
641
               (ix) Section 59-10-1107.
642
               (c) On or before November 30, 2019, and every three years after 2019, the committee
643
       shall conduct the review required under Subsection (2) of the tax credits allowed under the
644
       following sections:
645
               (i) Section 59-10-1007;
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               (ii) Section 59-10-1014;
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               (iii) Section 59-10-1017;
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               (iv) Section 59-10-1018;
649
               (v) Section 59-10-1019;
650
               (vi) Section 59-10-1024;
651
               [(vii) Section 59-10-1029;]
652
               [<del>(viii)</del>] (vi) Section 59-10-1036;
653
               \frac{(ix)}{(vii)} Section 59-10-1106; and
654
               [(x)] (viii) Section 59-10-1111.
               (d) (i) In addition to the reviews described in this Subsection (3), the committee shall
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656
       conduct a review of a tax credit described in this chapter that is enacted on or after January 1,
657
       2017.
658
               (ii) The committee shall complete a review described in this Subsection (3)(d) three
659
       years after the effective date of the tax credit and every three years after the initial review date.
660
               (4) On or before November 30, 2023, the committee shall:
               (a) evaluate the effectiveness of the current process for issuing a tax credit described in
661
       Section 59-10-1012;
662
663
               (b) receive input from the commission regarding improvements to the process for
664
       issuing a tax credit described in Section 59-10-1012; and
665
               (c) if the committee makes a recommendation for improving the process for issuing a
       tax credit described in Section 59-10-1012, prepare legislation for consideration by the
666
667
       Legislature at the next general session.
668
               Section 7. Section 59-10-1002.2 is amended to read:
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               59-10-1002.2. Apportionment of tax credits.
670
               (1) A nonresident individual or a part-year resident individual that claims a tax credit
671
       in accordance with Section 59-10-1017, 59-10-1018, 59-10-1019, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1023[-
672
       <del>59-10-1024</del>], 59-10-1028, 59-10-1042, 59-10-1043, or 59-10-1044 may only claim an
673
       apportioned amount of the tax credit equal to:
674
               (a) for a nonresident individual, the product of:
675
               (i) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident individual; and
676
               (ii) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident individual would have been
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677	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section; or
678	(b) for a part-year resident individual, the product of:
679	(i) the state income tax percentage for the part-year resident individual; and
680	(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the part-year resident individual would have been
681	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
682	(2) A nonresident estate or trust that claims a tax credit in accordance with Section
683	59-10-1017, 59-10-1020, 59-10-1022[ <del>, 59-10-1024</del> ], or 59-10-1028 may only claim an
684	apportioned amount of the tax credit equal to the product of:
685	(a) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident estate or trust; and
686	(b) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident estate or trust would have been
687	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
688	Section 8. Section 59-10-1006 is repealed and reenacted to read:
689	59-10-1006. Historic preservation tax credit.
690	(1) As used in this section:
691	(a) "Certified historic building" means a building that:
692	(i) is listed on the National Register of Historic Places within three years of taking the
693	credit under this section; or
694	(ii) (A) is located in a National Register Historic District; and
695	(B) has been designated by the office as being of significance to the district.
696	(b) "Office" means the State Historic Preservation Office.
697	(c) (i) "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" means any amount properly chargeable to
698	the rehabilitation and restoration of the physical elements of the building.
699	(ii) "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" includes the historic decorative elements
700	and the upgrading of the structural, mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems.
701	(iii) "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" does not include expenditures related to:
702	(A) the claimant's, estate's, or trust's personal labor;
703	(B) cost of acquisition of the property;
704	(C) any expenditure attributable to the enlargement of an existing building;
705	(D) rehabilitation of a certified historic building without the approval required in
706	Subsection (3)(a)(i);
707	(E) an expenditure attributable to landscaping or other site features, outbuildings,

/08	garages, and related features; or
709	(F) demolition and removal costs for an existing building on a property site.
710	(d) "Residential" means a building used for residential use, either owner occupied or
711	income producing.
712	(2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a nonrefundable tax credit in an amount equal
713	to 20% of qualified rehabilitation expenditures if:
714	(a) the qualified rehabilitation expenditures cost more than \$10,000;
715	(b) the qualified rehabilitation expenditures are incurred in connection with a
716	residential certified historic building; and
717	(c) the claimant, estate, or trust has a written tax credit certificate issued in accordance
718	with Subsection (3).
719	(3) (a) The office shall issue a tax credit certificate if the office:
720	(i) approves all rehabilitation work for which a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a
721	tax credit as meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation before
722	completion of the rehabilitation project so that the office can provide corrective comments to
723	the claimant, estate, or trust to preserve the historic qualities of the building;
724	(ii) determines that the rehabilitation project conforms with the approved rehabilitation
725	work; and
726	(iii) verifies the property is a residential certified historic building and the amount of
727	the claimant's, estate's, or trust's qualified rehabilitation expenditures.
728	(b) The tax credit certificate shall list the amount of the tax credit that the claimant,
729	estate, or trust is eligible to claim.
730	(c) A claimant, estate, or trust that receives a tax credit certificate under this section
731	shall retain the tax credit certificate for the same time period a person is required to keep books
732	and records under Section 59-1-1406.
733	(d) The office shall provide the commission with an electronic report that includes for
734	each claimant, estate, or trust to which the office issued a tax credit certificate under this
735	section for a taxable year:
736	(i) the name of the claimant, estate, or trust;
737	(ii) the identifying information of the claimant, estate, or trust; and
738	(iii) the amount of tax credit that the claimant, estate, or trust is eligible to claim.

739	(4) A claimant, estate, or trust may carry forward the amount of the tax credit that
740	exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability for five taxable years after the year in
741	which the claimant, estate, or trust claims a tax credit under this section.
742	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
743	commission, in consultation with the office, shall make rules to implement this section.
744	(6) The office shall include the number of estimated new jobs created in the state from
745	rehabilitation work in the annual report described in Section 9-1-208.
746	Section 9. Section <b>59-10-1007</b> is amended to read:
747	59-10-1007. Recycling market development zones tax credits.
748	(1) Subject to other provisions of this section, a claimant, estate, or trust [in a recycling
749	market development zone as defined in Section 19-13-102 may claim the following
750	nonrefundable tax credits:]
751	[(a) a] may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to the product of the percentage
752	listed in Subsection 59-10-104(2) and the purchase price paid for machinery and equipment
753	used directly in:
754	[(i)] (a) commercial composting; or
755	[(ii)] (b) manufacturing facilities or plant units that:
756	[(A)] (i) manufacture, process, compound, or produce recycled items of tangible
757	personal property for sale; or
758	[(B)] (ii) reduce or reuse postconsumer waste material[; and].
759	[(b) a tax credit equal to the lesser of:]
760	[(i) 20% of net expenditures to third parties for rent, wages, supplies, tools, test
761	inventory, and utilities made by the claimant, estate, or trust for establishing and operating
762	recycling or composting technology in the state; and]
763	[ <del>(ii) \$2,000.</del> ]
764	(2) (a) To claim a tax credit described in Subsection (1), the claimant, estate, or trust
765	shall receive from the Department of Environmental Quality a written certification, on a form
766	approved by the commission, that includes:
767	(i) a statement that the claimant, estate, or trust is operating within the boundaries of a
768	recycling market development zone;
769	[(ii) for a claim of the tax credit described in Subsection (1)(a):

770	$\left[\frac{A}{A}\right]$ (ii) the type of the machinery and equipment that the claimant, estate, or trust
771	purchased;
772	[(B)] (iii) the date that the claimant, estate, or trust purchased the machinery and
773	equipment;
774	[(C)] (iv) the purchase price for [the] each item of machinery and equipment;
775	[(D)] (v) the total purchase price for all machinery and equipment for which the
776	claimant, estate, or trust is claiming a tax credit;
777	(vi) a statement that the machinery and equipment are integral to the composting or
778	recycling process; and
779	[(E)] (vii) the amount of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax credit[; and].
780	[(F) a statement that the machinery and equipment are integral to the composting or
781	recycling process; and]
782	[(iii) for a claim of the tax credit described in Subsection (1)(b):]
783	[(A) the type of net expenditure that the claimant, estate, or trust made to a third party;]
784	[(B) the date that the claimant, estate, or trust made the payment to a third party;]
785	[(C) the amount that the claimant, estate, or trust paid to each third party;]
786	[(D) the total amount that the claimant, estate, or trust paid to all third parties;]
787	[(E) a statement that the net expenditures support the establishment and operation of
788	recycling or composting technology in the state; and]
789	[(F) the amount of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax credit.]
790	(b) (i) The Department of Environmental Quality shall provide a claimant, estate, or
791	trust seeking to claim a tax credit under Subsection (1) with a copy of the written certification.
792	(ii) The claimant, estate, or trust shall retain a copy of the written certification for the
793	same period of time that a person is required to keep books and records under Section
794	59-1-1406.
795	(c) The Department of Environmental Quality shall submit to the commission an
796	electronic list that includes:
797	(i) the name and identifying information of each claimant, estate, or trust to which the
798	Department of Environmental Quality issues a written certification; and
799	(ii) for each claimant, estate, or trust, the amount of each tax credit listed on the writter
800	certification

801	(3) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim a tax credit [under Subsection (1)(a),
802	Subsection (1)(b), or both] that exceeds 40% of the claimant's, estate's, or trust's state income
803	tax liability as the tax liability is calculated:
804	(a) for the taxable year in which the claimant, estate, or trust made the purchases [or
805	payments];
806	(b) before any other tax credits the claimant, estate, or trust may claim for the taxable
807	year; and
808	(c) before the claimant, estate, or trust claims a tax credit authorized by this section.
809	(4) The commission shall make rules governing what information a claimant, estate, or
810	trust shall file with the commission to verify the entitlement to and amount of a tax credit.
811	(5) Except as provided in Subsections (6) [through (8)] and (7), a claimant, estate, or
812	trust may carry forward, to the next three taxable years, the amount of a tax credit [described in
813	Subsection (1)(a)] that the claimant, estate, or trust does not use for the taxable year.
814	(6) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim or carry forward a tax credit [described in
815	Subsection (1)(a) in] under this section for a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or
816	trust claims or carries forward a tax credit under Section 63N-2-213.
817	[(7) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim a tax credit described in Subsection
818	(1)(b) in a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust claims or carries forward a
819	tax credit under Section 63N-2-213.]
820	[(8)] (7) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim or carry forward a tax credit under
821	this section for a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust claims the targeted
822	business income tax credit under Section 59-10-1112.
823	Section 10. Section <b>59-10-1014</b> is amended to read:
824	59-10-1014. Nonrefundable renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions
825	Certification Rulemaking authority.
826	(1) As used in this section:
827	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
828	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
829	electrical energy; and
830	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) by a separate
831	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.

832 (ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and 833 electrical or mechanical energy generation. 834 (b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in: 835 (i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and 836 (ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage. 837 (c) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that 838 enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building, 839 an industrial process, and aquaculture. 840 (d) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is: 841 (i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and 842 (ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity. 843 (e) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth. 844 (f) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that: 845 (i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well 846 below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and 847 (ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure. 848 (g) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable 849 of: 850 (i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical 851 energy; and 852 (ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage. 853 (h) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401. 854 (i) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure of 855 a building and its operable components to provide for collection, storage, and distribution of 856 heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the climate resources 857 available at the site. 858 (ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that 859 are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy. 860 (j) "Photovoltaic system" means an active solar system that generates electricity from 861 sunlight. 862 (k) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that

863 constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a residential energy system. 864 (ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include: (A) an interest charge; or 865 866 (B) a maintenance expense. 867 (1) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a 868 residential unit: 869 (i) an active solar system; 870 (ii) a biomass system; 871 (iii) a direct use geothermal system; 872 (iv) a geothermal heat pump system; 873 (v) a hydroenergy system; 874 (vi) a passive solar system; or 875 (vii) a wind system. 876 (m) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling 877 unit that: 878 (A) is located in the state; and 879 (B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family. 880 (ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under: 881 (A) Section 59-2-405; 882 (B) Section 59-2-405.1; 883 (C) Section 59-2-405.2; 884 (D) Section 59-2-405.3; or 885 (E) Section 72-10-110.5. 886 (n) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of: 887 (i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and 888 (ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use or 889 storage. 890 (2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in 891 this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year. 892 (3) For a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2007, a claimant, estate, or trust

may claim a nonrefundable tax credit under this section with respect to a residential unit the

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2023, \$400; and

894 claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses if: 895 (a) the claimant, estate, or trust: 896 (i) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the 897 energy required for the residential unit; or 898 (ii) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of 899 the energy required for the residential unit; 900 (b) the residential energy system is installed on or after January 1, 2007; and 901 (c) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in 902 accordance with Subsection (5). 903 (4) (a) For a residential energy system, other than a photovoltaic system, the tax credit 904 described in this section is equal to the lesser of: 905 (i) 25% of the reasonable costs, including installation costs, of each residential energy 906 system installed with respect to each residential unit the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses; 907 and 908 (ii) \$2,000. 909 (b) Subject to Subsection (5)(d), for a residential energy system that is a photovoltaic 910 system, the tax credit described in this section is equal to the lesser of: 911 (i) 25% of the reasonable costs, including installation costs, of each system installed 912 with respect to each residential unit the claimant, estate, or trust owns or uses; or 913 (ii) (A) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2007, but on or before December 914 31, 2017, \$2,000; 915 (B) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2018, but on or before December 31, 916 2020, \$1,600; 917 (C) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2021, but on or before December 31, 918 2021, \$1,200; 919 (D) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2022, but on or before December 31, 920 2022, \$800;

(F) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2024, \$0.

(E) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2023, but on or before December 31,

(c) (i) The office shall determine the amount of the tax credit that a claimant, estate, or

trust may claim and list that amount on the written certification that the office issues under Subsection (5).

- (ii) The claimant, estate, or trust may claim the tax credit in the amount listed on the written certification that the office issues under Subsection (5).
- (d) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under Subsection (3) for the taxable year in which the residential energy system is installed.
- (e) If the amount of a tax credit listed on the written certification exceeds a claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the claimant, estate, or trust may carry forward the amount of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period that does not exceed the next four taxable years.
- (f) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit with respect to additional residential energy systems or parts of residential energy systems for a subsequent taxable year if the total amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust claims does not exceed \$2,000 per residential unit.
- (g) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(g)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that leases a residential energy system installed on a residential unit may claim a tax credit under Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (4)(g)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim as a tax credit under Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
- (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (4)(g)(i) that leases a residential energy system may claim a tax credit under Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the date the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
- (h) If a claimant, estate, or trust sells a residential unit to another person before the claimant, estate, or trust claims the tax credit under Subsection (3):
  - (i) the claimant, estate, or trust may assign the tax credit to the other person; and
- (ii) (A) if the other person files a return under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the other person may claim the tax credit as if the other person had met the requirements of Section 59-7-614 to claim the tax credit; or
  - (B) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim the

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tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section to claim the tax credit.

- (5) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office.
- (b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office determines that:
- (i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
- (ii) the office determines that the residential energy system with respect to which the claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit:
  - (A) has been completely installed;
  - (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
- (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential energy system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate and economic manner.
- (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office may make rules:
- (i) for determining whether a residential energy system meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii); and
- (ii) for purposes of determining the amount of a tax credit that a claimant, estate, or trust may receive under Subsection (4), establishing the reasonable costs of a residential energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
- (d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under Section 59-1-1406.
  - (e) The office shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes:
- (i) the name and identifying information of each claimant, estate, or trust to which the office issues a written certification; and
  - (ii) for each claimant, estate, or trust:
  - (A) the amount of the tax credit listed on the written certification; and
- 986 (B) the date the renewable energy system was installed.

987 (6) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the 988 laws or rules and regulations of the United States. 989 [(7) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section 990 59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this 991 section for that purchase. 992 Section 11. Section **59-10-1106** is amended to read: 993 59-10-1106. Refundable renewable energy systems tax credits -- Definitions --994 Certification -- Rulemaking authority. 995 (1) As used in this section: 996 (a) "Active solar system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 997 59-10-1014. 998 (b) "Biomass system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014. 999 (c) "Commercial energy system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-7-614. 1000 1001 (d) "Commercial enterprise" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-7-614. 1002 1003 (e) "Commercial unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-7-614. 1004 (f) "Direct use geothermal system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1005 59-10-1014. (g) "Geothermal electricity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1006 1007 59-10-1014. (h) "Geothermal energy" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014. 1008 (i) "Geothermal heat pump system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1009 59-10-1014. 1010 1011 (i) "Hydroenergy system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1012 59-10-1014. 1013 (k) "Hydrogen production system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1014 59-7-614. 1015 (1) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401. (m) "Passive solar system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1016 1017 59-10-1014.

1018	(n) "Principal recovery portion" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1019	59-10-1014.
1020	(o) "Wind system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
1021	(2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in
1022	this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year.
1023	(3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust
1024	may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a commercial
1025	energy system if:
1026	(i) the commercial energy system does not use:
1027	(A) wind, geothermal electricity[, solar], or biomass equipment capable of producing a
1028	total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or
1029	(B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity;
1030	(ii) the claimant, estate, or trust purchases or participates in the financing of the
1031	commercial energy system;
1032	(iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by
1033	commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or
1034	(B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the
1035	commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
1036	(iv) the claimant, estate, or trust has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under
1037	Subsection (6) for hydrogen production using electricity for which the claimant, estate, or trust
1038	claims a tax credit under this Subsection (3); and
1039	(v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in
1040	accordance with Subsection (7).
1041	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (iv), the tax credit is equal to 10% of
1042	the reasonable costs of the commercial energy system.
1043	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs.
1044	(iii) A claimant, estate, or trust is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3)
1045	for the taxable year in which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service.
1046	(iv) The total amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim under this
1047	Subsection (3) may not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit.

(c) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(c)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that is a

- lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim as a tax credit under this Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
- (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the day on which the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
- (4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
- (i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
- (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or
- (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
- (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (6) for hydrogen production using electricity for which the claimant, estate, or trust claims a tax credit under this Subsection (4); and
- (iv) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (7).
- (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(b)(ii), a tax credit under this Subsection (4) is equal to the product of:
  - (A) 0.35 cents; and
  - (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
- (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy system is placed in commercial service.
- (c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) if the claimant, estate, or

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1080	trust confirms	that the lesson	rirrevocably	elects not to	claim the tax	credit

- (5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (5) if:
- (i) the claimant, estate, or trust owns a commercial energy system that uses solar equipment capable of producing a total of [660] 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity;
- (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or
- (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise;
  - (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (3);
- (iv) the claimant, estate, or trust has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (6) for hydrogen production using electricity for which a taxpayer claims a tax credit under this Subsection (5); and
- (v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (7).
- (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5) is equal to the product of:
  - (A) 0.35 cents; and
  - (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
- (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial energy system is placed in commercial service.
- (c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
- (6) (a) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (6) if:
  - (i) the claimant, estate, or trust owns a hydrogen production system;
- 1108 (ii) the hydrogen production system is completed and placed in service on or after 1109 January 1, 2022;
- (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust sells as a commercial enterprise, or supplies for the

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office may make rules:

1111 claimant's, estate's, or trust's own use in commercial units, the hydrogen produced from the 1112 hydrogen production system; 1113 (iv) the claimant, estate, or trust has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under 1114 Subsection (3), (4), or (5) for electricity used to meet the requirements of this Subsection (6); 1115 and 1116 (v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with Subsection (7). 1117 1118 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (6)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (6) 1119 is equal to the product of: 1120 (A) \$0.12; and 1121 (B) the number of kilograms of hydrogen produced during the taxable year. 1122 (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust may not receive a tax credit under this Subsection (6) for 1123 more than 5,600 metric tons of hydrogen per taxable year. 1124 (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (6) for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the 1125 1126 hydrogen production system is placed in commercial service. (7) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the 1127 1128 claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office. 1129 (b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office 1130 determines that: 1131 (i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax 1132 credit; and 1133 (ii) the commercial energy system or the hydrogen production system with respect to which the claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit: 1134 1135 (A) has been completely installed; 1136 (B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and 1137 (C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the commercial 1138 energy system or the hydrogen production system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable 1139 resources in an appropriate and economic manner.

(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

1142 (i) for determining whether a commercial energy system or a hydrogen production 1143 system meets the requirements of Subsection (7)(b)(ii); and 1144 (ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3), establishing the reasonable costs 1145 of a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production. 1146 (d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall 1147 retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records 1148 under Section 59-1-1406. 1149 (e) The office shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes: 1150 (i) the name and identifying information of each claimant, estate, or trust to which the 1151 office issues a written certification; and 1152 (ii) for each claimant, estate, or trust: 1153 (A) the amount of the tax credit listed on the written certification; and 1154 (B) the date the commercial energy system or the hydrogen production system was 1155 installed. 1156 (8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1157 commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section. 1158 (9) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the 1159 laws or rules and regulations of the United States. 1160 [(10) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section 1161 59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this 1162 section for that purchase. 1163 Section 12. Section 63N-8-105 is amended to read: 63N-8-105. Annual report. 1164 1165 The office shall include the following information in the annual written report described 1166 in Section 63N-1a-306: 1167 (1) the office's success in attracting within-the-state production of television series, 1168 made-for-television movies, and motion pictures, including feature films and independent 1169 films; 1170 (2) the amount of incentive commitments made by the office under this part and the period of time over which the incentives will be paid; and 1171 1172 (3) the economic impact on the state related to:

11/3	(a) dollars left in the state; [and]
1174	(b) new state revenues generated by a motion picture company or a digital media
1175	company for each state-approved production; and
1176	[(b)] (c) providing motion picture incentives under this part.
1177	Section 13. Section <b>79-6-401</b> is amended to read:
1178	79-6-401. Office of Energy Development Creation Director Purpose
1179	Rulemaking regarding confidential information Fees Transition for employees.
1180	(1) There is created an Office of Energy Development in the Department of Natural
1181	Resources.
1182	(2) (a) The energy advisor shall serve as the director of the office or, on or before June
1183	30, 2029, appoint a director of the office.
1184	(b) The director:
1185	(i) shall, if the energy advisor appoints a director under Subsection (2)(a), report to the
1186	energy advisor; and
1187	(ii) may appoint staff as funding within existing budgets allows.
1188	(c) The office may consolidate energy staff and functions existing in the state energy
1189	program.
1190	(3) The purposes of the office are to:
1191	(a) serve as the primary resource for advancing energy and mineral development in the
1192	state;
1193	(b) implement:
1194	(i) the state energy policy under Section 79-6-301; and
1195	(ii) the governor's energy and mineral development goals and objectives;
1196	(c) advance energy education, outreach, and research, including the creation of
1197	elementary, higher education, and technical college energy education programs;
1198	(d) promote energy and mineral development workforce initiatives; and
1199	(e) support collaborative research initiatives targeted at Utah-specific energy and
1200	mineral development.
1201	(4) By following the procedures and requirements of Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal
1202	Funds Procedures Act, the office may:
1203	(a) seek federal grants or loans:

1204	(b) seek to participate in federal programs; and			
1205	(c) in accordance with applicable federal program guidelines, administer federally			
1206	funded state energy programs.			
1207	(5) The office shall perform the duties required by Sections 11-42a-106, 59-5-102,			
1208	[ <del>59-7-614.7, 59-10-1029</del> ], and 63C-26-202, [Part 5, Alternative Energy Development Tax			
1209	Credit Act,] and Part 6, High Cost Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act.			
1210	(6) (a) For purposes of administering this section, the office may make rules, by			
1211	following Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to maintain as			
1212	confidential, and not as a public record, information that the office receives from any source.			
1213	(b) The office shall maintain information the office receives from any source at the			
1214	level of confidentiality assigned by the source.			
1215	(7) The office may charge application, filing, and processing fees in amounts			
1216	determined by the office in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 as dedicated credits for			
1217	performing office duties described in this part.			
1218	(8) (a) An employee of the office is an at-will employee.			
1219	(b) For an employee of the office on July 1, 2021, the employee shall have the same			
1220	salary and benefit options the employee had when the office was part of the office of the			
1221	governor.			
1222	Section 14. Repealer.			
1223	This bill repeals:			
1224	Section 59-7-614.7, Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.			
1225	Section 59-10-1024, Nonrefundable tax credit for qualifying solar projects.			
1226	Section 59-10-1025, Nonrefundable tax credit for investment in certain life science			
1227	establishments.			
1228	Section 59-10-1029, Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.			
1229	Section 63N-2-801, Title.			
1230	Section 63N-2-802, Definitions.			
1231	Section 63N-2-803, Tax credits issued by office.			
1232	Section 63N-2-804, Person may not claim or pass through a tax credit without tax			
1233	credit certificate.			
1234	Section 63N-2-805, Application process.			

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1235
               Section 63N-2-806, Criteria for tax credits.
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               Section 63N-2-807, Rulemaking authority.
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               Section 63N-2-808, Agreements between office and tax credit applicant and life
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        science establishment -- Tax credit certificate.
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               Section 63N-2-809, Issuance of tax credit certificates.
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               Section 63N-2-810, Reports on tax credit certificates.
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               Section 63N-2-811, Reports of tax credits.
               Section 79-6-501, Title.
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               Section 79-6-502, Definitions.
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               Section 79-6-503, Tax credits.
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               Section 79-6-504, Qualifications for tax credit -- Procedure.
               Section 79-6-505, Report to the Legislature.
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               Section 15. Effective date.
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               (1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), this bill takes effect on January 1,
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        2024.
               (2) The actions affecting the following sections take effect on May 3, 2023:
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               (a) Section 59-7-159; and
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               (b) Section 59-10-137.
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               (3) The actions affecting the following sections take effect for a taxable year beginning
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        on or after January 1, 2024:
               (a) Section 59-7-609;
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               (b) Section 59-7-610;
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               (c) Section 59-7-614;
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               (d) Section 59-7-614.7;
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               (e) Section 59-10-1002.2;
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               (f) Section 59-10-1006;
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               (g) Section 59-10-1007;
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               (h) Section 59-10-1014;
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               (i) Section 59-10-1024;
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               (i) Section 59-10-1025;
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               (k) Section 59-10-1029; and
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(1) Section <u>59-10-1106</u>.