EXPUNGEMENT MODIFICATIONS
2024 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Marsha Judkins
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill prohibits the State Board of Education from accessing expunged records and
limits the number of years the state board may consider certain offenses when
conducting a background check.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>prohibits the State Board of Education (state board) from accessing expunged</li> </ul>
records; and
► limits the number of years the state board may consider certain offenses when
conducting a background check.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
53G-11-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 430
77-40a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 265



Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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28	Section 1. Section 53G-11-405 is amended to read:
29	53G-11-405. Due process for individualsReview of criminal history information.
30	(1) (a) In accordance with Section 53-10-108, an authorized entity shall provide an
31	individual an opportunity to review and respond to any criminal history information received
32	under this part.
33	(b) If an authorized entity decides to disqualify an individual as a result of criminal
34	history information received under this part, an individual may request a review of:
35	(i) information received; and
36	(ii) the reasons for the disqualification.
37	(c) An authorized entity shall provide an individual described in Subsection (1)(b) with
38	written notice of:
39	(i) the reasons for the disqualification; and
40	(ii) the individual's right to request a review of the disqualification.
41	(2) (a) An LEA or qualifying private school shall make decisions regarding criminal
42	history information for the individuals subject to the background check requirements under
43	Section 53G-11-402 in accordance with:
44	(i) Subsection (3);
45	(ii) administrative procedures established by the LEA or qualifying private school; and
46	(iii) rules established by the state board.
47	(b) The state board shall make decisions regarding criminal history information for
48	licensed educators in accordance with:
49	(i) Subsection (3);
50	(ii) Title 53E, Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure; and
51	(iii) rules established by the state board.
52	(3) [When] Except as provided in Subsection (4), when making decisions regarding
53	initial employment, initial licensing, or initial appointment for [the individuals subject to
54	background checks] an individual who is subject to a background check under this part, an
55	authorized entity shall consider:
56	[(a) any convictions, including pleas in abeyance;]
57	[(b) any matters involving a felony; and]
58	[(c) any matters involving an alleged:]

59	[ <del>(i)</del> sexual offense;]
60	[(ii) class A misdemeanor drug offense;]
61	[(iii) offense against the person under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the
62	Individual;]
63	[(iv) class A misdemeanor property offense that is alleged to have occurred within the
64	previous three years; and]
65	[(v) any other type of criminal offense, if more than one occurrence of the same type of
66	offense is alleged to have occurred within the previous eight years.]
67	(a) any felony offense of which an individual is convicted, as that term is defined under
68	Section 76-5-303.5;
69	(b) a misdemeanor that is:
70	(i) a property offense under Title 76, Chapter 8, Part 4, Offenses Against Public
71	Property;
72	(ii) an offense while on school property under:
73	(A) Title 76, Chapter 8, Part 14, Disruption of School Activities; or
74	(B) Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 12, Pornographic and Harmful Materials and
75	Performances;
76	(iii) an offense against an individual under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the
77	Individual;
78	(iv) a drug offense, including driving under the influence;
79	(c) any sexual offense, including sexual offenses under:
80	(i) Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses; or
81	(ii) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 7, Miscellaneous Provisions;
82	(iii) Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 13, Prostitution; and
83	(d) an offense against an individual under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the
84	Individual.
85	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the state board, an LEA, or a qualifying
86	private school, when making a decision under Subsection (2) or (3), may not consider a class B
87	or C misdemeanor conviction that occurred more than 10 years from the day the authorized
88	entity conducts the background check.
89	Section 2. Section 77-40a-403 is amended to read:

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90	77-40a-403. Retention and release of expunged records Agencies.
91	(1) (a) The bureau, after receiving an expungement order, shall keep, index, and
92	maintain all expunged records of arrests and convictions.
93	(b) Any agency, other than the bureau, receiving an expungement order shall develop
94	and implement a process to identify and maintain an expunged record.
95	(2) (a) An agency shall provide an individual who receives an expungement with
96	written confirmation that the agency has expunged all records of the offense for which the
97	individual received the expungement if the individual requests confirmation from the agency.
98	(b) The bureau may charge a fee for providing a written confirmation under Subsection
99	(2)(a) in accordance with the process in Section 63J-1-504.
100	(3) (a) An employee of the bureau, or any agency with an expunged record, may not
101	divulge any information contained in the expunged record to any person or agency without a
102	court order unless:
103	(i) specifically authorized by statute; or
104	(ii) subject to Subsection (3)(b), the information in an expunged record is being shared
105	with another agency through a records management system that both agencies use for the
106	purpose of record management.
107	(b) An agency with a records management system may not disclose any information in
108	an expunged record with another agency or person that does not use the records management
109	system for the purpose of record management.
110	(4) The following entities or agencies may receive information contained in expunged
111	records upon specific request:
112	(a) the Board of Pardons and Parole;
113	(b) Peace Officer Standards and Training;
114	(c) federal authorities if required by federal law;
115	[ <del>(d) the State Board of Education;</del> ]
116	[(e)] (d) the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, for purposes of
117	investigating applicants for judicial office; and
118	[(f)] (e) a research institution or an agency engaged in research regarding the criminal
119	justice system if:

(i) the research institution or agency provides a legitimate research purpose for

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gathering information from the expunged records;

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- (ii) the research institution or agency enters into a data sharing agreement with the court or agency with custody of the expunged records that protects the confidentiality of any identifying information in the expunged records;
- (iii) any research using expunged records does not include any individual's name or identifying information in any product of that research; and
- (iv) any product resulting from research using expunged records includes a disclosure that expunged records were used for research purposes.
- (5) Except as otherwise provided by this section or by court order, a person, an agency, or an entity authorized by this section to view expunged records may not reveal or release any information obtained from the expunged records to anyone outside the specific request, including distribution on a public website.
- (6) A prosecuting attorney may communicate with another prosecuting attorney, or another prosecutorial agency, regarding information in an expunged record that includes a conviction, or a charge dismissed as a result of a successful completion of a plea in abeyance agreement, for:
  - (a) stalking as described in Section 76-5-106.5;
    - (b) a domestic violence offense as defined in Section 77-36-1;
- (c) an offense that would require the individual to register as a sex offender, as defined in Section 77-41-102; or
  - (d) a weapons offense under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons.
- (7) Except as provided in Subsection (9), a prosecuting attorney may not use an expunged record for the purpose of a sentencing enhancement or as a basis for charging an individual with an offense that requires a prior conviction.
- (8) The bureau may also use the information in the bureau's index as provided in Section 53-5-704.
- (9) If, after obtaining an expungement, an individual is charged with a felony or an offense eligible for enhancement based on a prior conviction, the state may petition the court to open the expunged records upon a showing of good cause.
- 150 (10) (a) For judicial sentencing, a court may order any records expunged under this 151 chapter or Section 77-27-5.1 to be opened and admitted into evidence.

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(b) The records are confidential and are available for inspection only by the court,
parties, counsel for the parties, and any other person who is authorized by the court to inspect
them.
(c) At the end of the action or proceeding, the court shall order the records expunged
again.
(d) Any person authorized by this Subsection (10) to view expunged records may not
reveal or release any information obtained from the expunged records to anyone outside the
court.
(11) Records released under this chapter are classified as protected under Section
63G-2-305 and are accessible only as provided under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Part 2, Access to
Records, and Subsection 53-10-108(2)(k) for records held by the bureau.
Section 3. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.