1	RECIPROCAL PROFESSIONAL LICENSING
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2023 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6	House Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill addresses reciprocal professional licensing and certification by certain state
11	agencies.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
15	<ul><li>enacts the PA Licensure Compact;</li></ul>
16	<ul> <li>creates a process for the following state agencies to issue certain professional</li> </ul>
17	licenses and certificates by endorsement:
18	• the Department of Agriculture and Food;
19	• the Pete Suazo Utah Athletic Commission within the Department of Cultural
20	and Community Engagement;
21	• the Department of Commerce;
22	• the Department of Environmental Quality;
23	• the Department of Health and Human Services;
24	• the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation within the Department of Workforce
25	Services;



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26	• the Labor Commission;
27	<ul> <li>the State Board of Education; and</li> </ul>
28	• the Department of Transportation;
29	<ul> <li>provides administrative rulemaking authority; and</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
31	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
32	None
33	Other Special Clauses:
34	None
35	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
36	AMENDS:
37	58-1-301.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 221, 438 and 466
38	58-1-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 415
39	58-70a-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 312
40	ENACTS:
41	4-1-112, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	9-23-301.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	13-1-17, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	<b>19-1-208</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	26B-3-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	<b>35A-13-606.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	<b>40-2-403</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	53E-6-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	<b>58-70a-301.1</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	<b>58-70c-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	<b>58-70c-102</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	<b>58-70c-103</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	<b>58-70c-104</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	58-70c-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	<b>58-70c-106</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	58-70c-107. Utah Code Annotated 1953

57	<b>58-70c-108</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	<b>58-70c-109</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
59	<b>58-70c-110</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
60	<b>58-70c-111</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
61	<b>58-70c-112</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
62	<b>58-70c-113</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
63	<b>58-70c-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
64	<b>72-9-602.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
65 66	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
67	Section 1. Section 4-1-112 is enacted to read:
68	4-1-112. License by endorsement.
69	(1) As used in this section, "license" means an authorization that permits the holder to
70	engage in the practice of a profession regulated under this title.
71	(2) Subject to Subsections (4) through (7), the department shall issue a license to an
72	applicant who has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States if:
73	(a) the department determines that the license issued by the other state, district, or
74	territory encompasses a similar scope of practice as the license sought in this state;
75	(b) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
76	in the other state, district, or territory; and
77	(c) the applicant's license is in good standing in the other state, district, or territory.
78	(3) Subject to Subsections (4) through (7), the department may issue a license to an
79	applicant who:
80	(a) has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
81	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
82	(i) (A) the department determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills
83	demonstrate competency in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state; and
84	(B) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
85	in the other state, district, territory, or jurisdiction; or
86	(ii) the department determines that the licensure requirements of the other state,
87	district, territory, or jurisdiction at the time the license was issued were substantially similar to

88	the requirements for the license sought in this state; or
89	(b) has never been licensed in a state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
90	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
91	(i) the applicant was educated in or obtained relevant experience in a state, district, or
92	territory of the United States, or a jurisdiction outside of the United States; and
93	(ii) the department determines that the education or experience was substantially
94	similar to the education or experience requirements for the license sought in this state.
95	(4) The department may refuse to issue a license to an applicant under this section if:
96	(a) the department determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the
97	applicant is not qualified to receive the license in this state; or
98	(b) the applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the applicant's
99	other license.
100	(5) Before the department issues a license to an applicant under this section, the
101	applicant shall:
102	(a) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
103	(b) produce satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity, qualifications, and good
104	standing in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state.
105	(6) The department may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
106	Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the administration and requirements of this
107	section.
108	(7) This section is subject to and may be supplemented or altered by licensure
109	endorsement provisions or multistate licensure compacts in specific chapters of this title.
110	Section 2. Section 9-23-301.5 is enacted to read:
111	9-23-301.5. License by endorsement.
112	(1) As used in this section, "license" means an authorization that permits the holder to
113	engage in the practice of a profession regulated under this chapter.
114	(2) Subject to Subsections (4) through (6), the commission shall issue a license to an
115	applicant who has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States if:
116	(a) the commission determines that the license issued by the other state, district, or
117	territory encompasses a similar scope of practice as the license sought in this state;
118	(b) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued

119	in the other state, district, or territory, and
120	(c) the applicant's license is in good standing in the other state, district, or territory.
121	(3) Subject to Subsections (4) through (6), the commission may issue a license to an
122	applicant who:
123	(a) has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
124	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
125	(i) (A) the commission determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills
126	demonstrate competency in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state; and
127	(B) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
128	in the other state, district, territory, or jurisdiction; or
129	(ii) the commission determines that the licensure requirements of the other state,
130	district, territory, or jurisdiction at the time the license was issued were substantially similar to
131	the requirements for the license sought in this state; or
132	(b) has never been licensed in a state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
133	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
134	(i) the applicant was educated in or obtained relevant experience in a state, district, or
135	territory of the United States, or a jurisdiction outside of the United States; and
136	(ii) the commission determines that the education or experience was substantially
137	similar to the education or experience requirements for the license sought in this state.
138	(4) The commission may refuse to issue a license to an applicant under this section if:
139	(a) the commission determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the
140	applicant is not qualified to receive the license in this state; or
141	(b) the applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the applicant's
142	other license.
143	(5) Before the commission issues a license to an applicant under this section, the
144	applicant shall:
145	(a) pay a fee determined by the commission under Section 63J-1-504; and
146	(b) produce satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity, qualifications, and good
147	standing in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state.
148	(6) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
149	Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the administration and requirements of this

150	section.
151	Section 3. Section 13-1-17 is enacted to read:
152	13-1-17. License by endorsement.
153	(1) As used in this section:
154	(a) "License" means, except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an authorization that
155	permits the holder to engage in the practice of a profession regulated under this title.
156	(b) "License" does not include an authorization that permits the holder to engage in the
157	practice of a profession regulated by the Division of Real Estate under Title 61, Securities
158	Division - Real Estate Division, or the Division of Professional Licensing under Title 58,
159	Occupations and Professions.
160	(2) Subject to Subsections (4) through (7), the department shall issue a license to an
161	applicant who has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States if:
162	(a) the department determines that the license issued by the other state, district, or
163	territory encompasses a similar scope of practice as the license sought in this state;
164	(b) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
165	in the other state, district, or territory; and
166	(c) the applicant's license is in good standing in the other state, district, or territory.
167	(3) Subject to Subsections (4) through (7), the department may issue a license to an
168	applicant who:
169	(a) has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
170	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
171	(i) (A) the department determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills
172	demonstrate competency in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state; and
173	(B) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
174	in the other state, district, territory, or jurisdiction; or
175	(ii) the department determines that the licensure requirements of the other state,
176	district, territory, or jurisdiction at the time the license was issued were substantially similar to
177	the requirements for the license sought in this state; or
178	(b) has never been licensed in a state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
179	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
180	(i) the applicant was educated in or obtained relevant experience in a state, district, or

181	territory of the United States, or a jurisdiction outside of the United States; and
182	(ii) the department determines that the education or experience was substantially
183	similar to the education or experience requirements for the license sought in this state.
184	(4) The department may refuse to issue a license to an applicant under this section if:
185	(a) the department determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the
186	applicant is not qualified to receive the license in this state; or
187	(b) the applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the applicant's
188	other license.
189	(5) Before the department issues a license to an applicant under this section, the
190	applicant shall:
191	(a) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
192	(b) produce satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity, qualifications, and good
193	standing in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state.
194	(6) The department may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
195	Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the administration and requirements of this
196	section.
197	(7) This section is subject to and may be supplemented or altered by licensure
198	endorsement provisions or multistate licensure compacts in specific chapters of this title.
199	Section 4. Section 19-1-208 is enacted to read:
200	19-1-208. License by endorsement.
201	(1) As used in this section, "license" means an authorization that permits the holder to
202	engage in the practice of a profession regulated under this title.
203	(2) Subject to Subsections (4) through (7), the department shall issue a license to an
204	applicant who has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States if:
205	(a) the department determines that the license issued by the other state, district, or
206	territory encompasses a similar scope of practice as the license sought in this state;
207	(b) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
208	in the other state, district, or territory; and
209	(c) the applicant's license is in good standing in the other state, district, or territory.
210	(3) Subject to Subsections (4) through (7), the department may issue a license to an
211	applicant who:

212	(a) has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
213	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
214	(i) (A) the department determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills
215	demonstrate competency in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state; and
216	(B) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
217	in the other state, district, territory, or jurisdiction; or
218	(ii) the department determines that the licensure requirements of the other state,
219	district, territory, or jurisdiction at the time the license was issued were substantially similar to
220	the requirements for the license sought in this state; or
221	(b) has never been licensed in a state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
222	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
223	(i) the applicant was educated in or obtained relevant experience in a state, district, or
224	territory of the United States, or a jurisdiction outside of the United States; and
225	(ii) the department determines that the education or experience was substantially
226	similar to the education or experience requirements for the license sought in this state.
227	(4) The department may refuse to issue a license to an applicant under this section if:
228	(a) the department determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the
229	applicant is not qualified to receive the license in this state; or
230	(b) the applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the applicant's
231	other license.
232	(5) Before the department issues a license to an applicant under this section, the
233	applicant shall:
234	(a) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
235	(b) produce satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity, qualifications, and good
236	standing in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state.
237	(6) The department may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
238	Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the administration and requirements of this
239	section.
240	(7) This section is subject to and may be supplemented or altered by licensure
241	endorsement provisions or multistate licensure compacts in specific chapters of this title.
242	Section 5. Section 26B-3-102 is enacted to read:

243	<b>26B-3-102.</b> License by endorsement.
244	(1) As used in this section, "license" means an authorization that permits the holder to
245	engage in the practice of a profession regulated under this title.
246	(2) Subject to Subsections (4) through (7), the department shall issue a license to an
247	applicant who has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States if:
248	(a) the department determines that the license issued by the other state, district, or
249	territory encompasses a similar scope of practice as the license sought in this state;
250	(b) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
251	in the other state, district, or territory; and
252	(c) the applicant's license is in good standing in the other state, district, or territory.
253	(3) Subject to Subsections (4) through (7), the department may issue a license to an
254	applicant who:
255	(a) has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
256	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
257	(i) (A) the department determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills
258	demonstrate competency in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state; and
259	(B) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
260	in the other state, district, territory, or jurisdiction; or
261	(ii) the department determines that the licensure requirements of the other state,
262	district, territory, or jurisdiction at the time the license was issued were substantially similar to
263	the requirements for the license sought in this state; or
264	(b) has never been licensed in a state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
265	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
266	(i) the applicant was educated in or obtained relevant experience in a state, district, or
267	territory of the United States, or a jurisdiction outside of the United States; and
268	(ii) the department determines that the education or experience was substantially
269	similar to the education or experience requirements for the license sought in this state.
270	(4) The department may refuse to issue a license to an applicant under this section if:
271	(a) the department determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the
272	applicant is not qualified to receive the license in this state; or
273	(b) the applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the applicant's

2/4	other license.
275	(5) Before the department issues a license to an applicant under this section, the
276	applicant shall:
277	(a) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
278	(b) produce satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity, qualifications, and good
279	standing in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state.
280	(6) The department may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
281	Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the administration and requirements of this
282	section.
283	(7) This section is subject to and may be supplemented or altered by licensure
284	endorsement provisions or multistate licensure compacts in specific chapters of this title.
285	Section 6. Section <b>35A-13-606.5</b> is enacted to read:
286	35A-13-606.5. Certificate by endorsement.
287	(1) As used in this section, "license" means an authorization that permits the holder to
288	engage in the practice of a profession described in Section 35A-13-605.
289	(2) Subject to Subsections (3) through (5), the director may issue a certificate described
290	in Section 35A-13-605 to an applicant who has been licensed in another state, district, or
291	territory of the United States, or in a jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
292	(a) the director determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills
293	demonstrate competency in the profession for which certification is sought; or
294	(b) the director determines that the licensure requirements of the other state, district,
295	territory, or jurisdiction at the time the license was issued were substantially similar to the
296	requirements for the certificate.
297	(3) The director may refuse to issue a certificate to an applicant under this section if:
298	(a) the director determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the applicant is
299	not qualified to receive the certificate; or
300	(b) the applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the applicant's
301	other license.
302	(4) Before the director issues a certificate to an applicant under this section, the
303	applicant shall:
304	(a) pay a fee determined by the director under Section 35A-13-606; and

305	(b) produce satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity, qualifications, and good
306	standing in the profession for which certification is sought.
307	(5) The director may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
308	Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the administration and requirements of this
309	section.
310	Section 7. Section 40-2-403 is enacted to read:
311	40-2-403. Certificate by endorsement.
312	(1) As used in this section, "license" means an authorization that permits the holder to
313	engage in the practice of an occupation described in Section 40-2-402.
314	(2) Subject to Subsections (4) through (6), the commission shall issue a certificate
315	described in Section 40-2-401 to an applicant who has been licensed in another state, district,
316	or territory of the United States if:
317	(a) the commission determines that the license issued by the other state, district, or
318	territory encompasses a similar scope of practice as the certificate;
319	(b) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
320	in the other state, district, or territory; and
321	(c) the applicant's license is in good standing in the other state, district, or territory.
322	(3) Subject to Subsections (4) through (6), the commission may issue a certificate
323	described in Section 40-2-401 to an applicant who:
324	(a) has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
325	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
326	(i) (A) the commission determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills
327	demonstrate competency in the occupation for which certification is sought; and
328	(B) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
329	in the other state, district, territory, or jurisdiction; or
330	(ii) the commission determines that the licensure requirements of the other state,
331	district, territory, or jurisdiction at the time the license was issued were substantially similar to
332	the requirements for the certificate; or
333	(b) has never been licensed in a state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
334	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
335	(i) the applicant was educated in or obtained relevant experience in a state, district, or

336	territory of the United States, or a jurisdiction outside of the United States; and
337	(ii) the commission determines that the education or experience was substantially
338	similar to the education or experience requirements for the certificate.
339	(4) The commission may refuse to issue a certificate to an applicant under this section
340	<u>if:</u>
341	(a) the commission determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the
342	applicant is not qualified to receive the certificate; or
343	(b) the applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the applicant's
344	other license.
345	(5) Before the commission issues a certificate to an applicant under this section, the
346	applicant shall:
347	(a) pay a fee determined by the commission under Section 63J-1-504; and
348	(b) produce satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity, qualifications, and good
349	standing in the occupation for which certification is sought.
350	(6) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
351	Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the administration and requirements of this
352	section.
353	Section 8. Section 53E-6-205 is enacted to read:
354	53E-6-205. License by endorsement.
355	(1) Subject to Subsections (3) through (6), the state board shall issue a license to an
356	applicant who has been issued a certificate in another state, district, or territory of the United
357	States if:
358	(a) the state board determines that the certificate encompasses a similar scope of
359	practice as the license sought in this state;
360	(b) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the certificate; and
361	(c) the applicant's certificate is in good standing in the other state, district, or territory.
362	(2) Subject to Subsections (3) through (6), the state board may issue a license to an
363	applicant who:
364	(a) has been issued a certificate in another state, district, or territory of the United
365	States, or in a jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
366	(i) (A) the state board determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills

50/	demonstrate competency in the profession for which ficensure is sought in this state; and
368	(B) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the certificate; or
369	(ii) the state board determines that the certification requirements of the other state,
370	district, territory, or jurisdiction at the time the certificate was issued were substantially similar
371	to the requirements for the license sought in this state; or
372	(b) has never been issued a certificate in a state, district, or territory of the United
373	States, or in a jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
374	(i) the applicant was educated in or obtained relevant experience in a state, district, or
375	territory of the United States, or a jurisdiction outside of the United States; and
376	(ii) the state board determines that the education or experience was substantially
377	similar to the education or experience requirements for the license sought in this state.
378	(3) The state board may refuse to issue a license to an applicant under this section if:
379	(a) the state board determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the applicant
380	is not qualified to receive the license in this state; or
381	(b) the applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the applicant's
382	certificate.
383	(4) Before the state board issues a license to an applicant under this section, the
384	applicant shall:
385	(a) pay a fee determined by the state board under Section 63J-1-504; and
386	(b) produce satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity, qualifications, and good
387	standing in the profession for which licensure is sought in this state.
388	(5) The state board may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
389	Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the administration and requirements of this
390	section.
391	(6) This section is subject to and may be supplemented or altered by licensure
392	endorsement provisions or multistate licensure compacts in specific chapters of this chapter.
393	Section 9. Section <b>58-1-301.5</b> is amended to read:
394	58-1-301.5. Division access to Bureau of Criminal Identification records.
395	(1) The division shall have direct access to local files maintained by the Bureau of
396	Criminal Identification under Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification,
397	for background screening of individuals who are applying for licensure, licensure renewal,

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       licensure reinstatement, or relicensure, as required in:
399
              (a) Section 58-17b-307;
400
              (b) Sections 58-24b-302 and 58-24b-302.1;
401
              (c) Section 58-31b-302;
402
              (d) Sections 58-42a-302 and 58-42a-302.1, of Chapter 42a, Occupational Therapy
403
       Practice Act;
404
              (e) Section 58-44a-302.1;
405
              (f) Section 58-47b-302;
406
              (g) Section 58-55-302, as Section 58-55-302 applies to alarm companies and alarm
407
       company agents;
408
              (h) Sections 58-60-103.1, 58-60-205, 58-60-305, and 58-60-405, of Chapter 60, Mental
409
       Health Professional Practice Act;
410
              (i) Sections 58-61-304 and 58-61-304.1;
411
              (i) Section 58-63-302;
412
              (k) Section 58-64-302;
413
              (1) Sections 58-67-302 and 58-67-302.1; [and]
414
              (m) Sections 58-68-302 and 58-68-302.1[-]; and
415
              (n) Sections 58-70a-301.1 and 58-70a-302, of Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant
416
       Act.
              (2) The division's access to criminal background information under this section:
417
418
              (a) shall meet the requirements of Section 53-10-108; and
419
              (b) includes convictions, pleas of nolo contendere, pleas of guilty or nolo contendere
420
       held in abeyance, dismissed charges, and charges without a known disposition.
421
              (3) The division may not disseminate outside of the division any criminal history
422
       record information that the division obtains from the Bureau of Criminal Identification or the
423
       Federal Bureau of Investigation under the criminal background check requirements of this
424
       section.
425
              Section 10. Section 58-1-302 is amended to read:
426
              58-1-302. License by endorsement.
427
              (1) As used in this section, "license" means an authorization that permits the holder to
       engage in the practice of a profession regulated under this title.
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429	(2) Subject to Subsections [(3) through (6),] (4) through (7), the division shall issue a
430	license to [a person] an applicant who has been licensed in [a] another state, district, or territory
431	of the United States if:
432	(a) the division determines that the license issued in the other state, district, or territory
433	encompasses a similar scope of practice as the license sought in this state;
434	(b) [after being licensed outside of this state, the person] the applicant has at least one
435	year of experience <u>practicing under the license issued</u> in the <u>other</u> state, district, or territory [of
436	the United States] [where the license was issued]; and
437	[(b)] (c) the [person's] applicant's license is in good standing in the other state, district,
438	or territory [of the United States] where the license was issued[; and].
439	[(c) the division determines that the license issued by the state, district, or territory of
440	the United States encompasses a similar scope of practice as the license sought in this state.]
441	[(2)] (3) Subject to Subsections [(3) through (6),] (4) through (7), the division may
442	issue a license to [a person] an applicant who:
443	(a) has been licensed in $[a]$ another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in
444	a jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
445	(i) (A) the division determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills
446	demonstrate competency in the profession for which the licensure is sought in this state; and
447	(B) [after being licensed, the person] the applicant has at least one year of experience
448	practicing under the license issued in the other state, district, territory, or jurisdiction [where
449	the license was issued]; [and] or
450	[(B) the division determines that the person's education, experience, and skills
451	demonstrate competency in the occupation or profession for which the person seeks licensure;
452	or]
453	(ii) the division determines that the licensure requirements of the other state, district,
454	territory, or jurisdiction at the time the license was issued were substantially similar to the
455	current [licensure] requirements [of] for the license sought in this state; or
456	(b) has never been licensed in a state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
457	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
458	(i) the [person] applicant was educated in or obtained relevant experience in a state,
459	district, or territory of the United States, or a jurisdiction outside of the United States; and

460 (ii) the division determines that the education or experience was substantially similar to 461 the current education or experience requirements for [licensure] the license sought in this state. 462 [(3) The division, in consultation with the applicable licensing board, may make rules 463 in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the 464 administration and requirements of this section. 465 (4) The division may refuse to issue a license to [a person under the provisions of] an 466 applicant under this section if: 467 (a) the division determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the [person] 468 applicant is not qualified to receive [a] the license in this state; or 469 (b) the [person] applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the 470 [person's] applicant's license. (5) Before [a person may be issued] the division issues a license to an applicant under 471 472 this section, the [person] applicant shall: (a) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and 473 474 (b) produce satisfactory evidence of the [person's] applicant's identity, qualifications, 475 and good standing in the [occupation or] profession for which licensure is sought in this state. 476 (6) The division, in consultation with the applicable licensing board, may make rules in 477 accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the 478 administration and requirements of this section. 479 [<del>(6)</del>] (7) In accordance with Section 58-1-107, licensure endorsement provisions in this 480 section are subject to and may be supplemented or altered by licensure endorsement provisions or multistate licensure compacts in specific chapters of this title. 481 [(7) On or before October 1, 2022, the division shall provide a written report to the 482 Business and Labor Interim Committee regarding the effectiveness and sufficiency of the 483 484 provisions of this section at ensuring that persons receiving a license without examination 485 under the provisions of this section are qualified to receive a license in this state. 486 Section 11. Section **58-70a-301.1** is enacted to read: 487 58-70a-301.1. Criminal background check. 488 (1) An applicant for licensure under this chapter who requires a criminal background 489 check shall: 490 (a) submit fingerprint cards in a form acceptable to the division at the time the license

491	application is filed; and
492	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check conducted by the Bureau of Criminal
493	Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation regarding the application.
494	(2) The division shall:
495	(a) in addition to other fees authorized by this chapter, collect from each applicant
496	submitting fingerprints in accordance with this section the fee that the Bureau of Criminal
497	<u>Identification is authorized to collect for the services provided under Section 53-10-108 and the</u>
498	fee charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fingerprint processing for the purpose of
499	obtaining federal criminal history record information;
500	(b) submit from each applicant the fingerprint card and the fees described in
501	Subsection (2)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
502	(c) obtain and retain in division records a signed waiver approved by the Bureau of
503	Criminal Identification in accordance with Section 53-10-108 for each applicant.
504	(3) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall, in accordance with the requirements of
505	Section <u>53-10-108:</u>
506	(a) check the fingerprints submitted under Subsection (2)(b) against the applicable state
507	and regional criminal records databases;
508	(b) forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national
509	criminal history background check; and
510	(c) provide the results from the state, regional, and nationwide criminal history
511	background checks to the division.
512	(4) For purposes of conducting a criminal background check required under this
513	section, the division shall have direct access to criminal background information maintained
514	under Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification.
515	(5) The division may not:
516	(a) disseminate outside of the division any criminal history record information that the
517	division obtains from the Bureau of Criminal Identification or the Federal Bureau of
518	Investigation under the criminal background check requirements of this section; or
519	(b) issue a letter of qualification to participate in the PA Licensure Compact under
520	Chapter 70c, PA Licensure Compact, until the criminal background check described in this
521	section is completed.

522	Section 12. Section 58-70a-302 is amended to read:
523	58-70a-302. Qualifications for licensure.
524	Each applicant for licensure as a physician assistant shall:
525	(1) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
526	(2) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
527	(3) have successfully completed a physician assistant program accredited by:
528	(a) the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant; or
529	(b) if prior to January 1, 2001, either the:
530	(i) Committee on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs; or
531	(ii) Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation;
532	(4) have passed the licensing examinations required by division rule made in
533	collaboration with the board; [and]
534	(5) meet with the board and representatives of the division, if requested, for the
535	purpose of evaluating the applicant's qualifications for licensure[-]; and
536	(6) if the applicant is applying to participate in the PA Licensure Compact under
537	Chapter 70c, PA Licensure Compact, consent to a criminal background check in accordance
538	with Section 58-70a-301.1 and any requirements established by division rule made in
539	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
540	Section 13. Section <b>58-70c-101</b> is enacted to read:
541	<b>CHAPTER 70c. PA LICENSURE COMPACT</b>
542	Part 1. Compact Text
543	<u>58-70c-101.</u> Section 1 Purpose.
544	In order to strengthen access to Medical Services, and in recognition of the advances in
545	the delivery of Medical Services, the Participating States of the PA Licensure Compact have
546	allied in common purpose to develop a comprehensive process that complements the existing
547	authority of State Licensing Boards to license and discipline PAs and seeks to enhance the
548	portability of a License to practice as a PA while safeguarding the safety of patients. This
549	Compact allows Medical Services to be provided by PAs, via the mutual recognition of the
550	Licensees Qualifying License by other Compact Participating States. This Compact also adopted
551	the prevailing standard for PA licensure and affirms that the practice and delivery of Medical
552	Services by the PA occurs where the patient is located at the time of the patient encounter, and

553	therefore requires the PA to be under the jurisdiction of the State Licensing Board where the
554	patient is located. State Licensing Boards that participate in this Compact retain the jurisdiction
555	to impose Adverse Action against a Compact Privilege in that State issued to a PA through the
556	procedures of this Compact. The PA Licensure Compact will alleviate burdens for military
557	families by allowing active duty military personnel and their spouses to obtain a Compact
558	Privilege based on having an unrestricted License in good standing from a Participating State.
559	Section 14. Section <b>58-70c-102</b> is enacted to read:
560	58-70c-102. Section 1 Definitions.
561	In this Compact:
562	A. "Adverse Action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action
563	permitted by a State's laws which is imposed by a Licensing Board or other authority against a
564	PA License or License application or Compact Privilege such as License denial, censure,
565	revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the Licensee, or restriction on the Licensee's
566	<u>practice.</u>
567	B. "Compact Privilege" means the authorization granted by a Remote State to allow a
568	Licensee from another Participating State to practice as a PA to provide Medical Services and
569	other licensed activity to a patient located in the Remote State under the Remote State's laws
570	and regulations.
571	C. "Conviction" means a finding by a court that an individual is guilty of a felony or
572	misdemeanor offense through adjudication or entry of a plea of guilt or no contest to the charge
573	by the offender.
574	D. "Criminal Background Check" means the submission of fingerprints or other
575	biometric-based information for a License applicant for the purpose of obtaining that
576	applicant's criminal history record information, as defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(d), from the
577	State's criminal history record repository as defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(f).
578	E. "Data System" means the repository of information about Licensees, including but
579	not limited to License status and Adverse Actions, which is created and administered under the
580	terms of this Compact.
581	F. "Executive Committee" means a group of directors and ex-officio individuals elected
582	or appointed pursuant to Section 7.F.2.
583	G. "Impaired Practitioner" means a PA whose practice is adversely affected by

584	health-related condition(s) that impact their ability to practice.
585	H. "Investigative Information" means information, records, or documents received or
586	generated by a Licensing Board pursuant to an investigation.
587	I. "Jurisprudence Requirement" means the assessment of an individual's knowledge of
588	the laws and Rules governing the practice of a PA in a State.
589	J. "License" means current authorization by a State, other than authorization pursuant to
590	a Compact Privilege, for a PA to provide Medical Services, which would be unlawful without
591	current authorization.
592	K. "Licensee" means an individual who holds a License from a State to provide
593	Medical Services as a PA.
594	L. "Licensing Board" means any State entity authorized to license and otherwise
595	regulate PAs.
596	M. "Medical Services" means health care services provided for the diagnosis,
597	prevention, treatment, cure or relief of a health condition, injury, or disease, as defined by a
598	State's laws and regulations.
599	N. "Model Compact" means the model for the PA Licensure Compact on file with The
600	Council of State Governments or other entity as designated by the Commission.
601	O. "Participating State" means a State that has enacted this Compact.
602	P. "PA" means an individual who is licensed as a physician assistant in a State. For
603	purposes of this Compact, any other title or status adopted by a State to replace the term
604	"physician assistant" shall be deemed synonymous with "physician assistant" and shall confer
605	the same rights and responsibilities to the Licensee under the provisions of this Compact at the
606	time of its enactment.
607	Q. "PA Licensure Compact Commission," "Compact Commission," or "Commission"
608	mean the national administrative body created pursuant to Section 7.A of this Compact.
609	R. "Qualifying License" means an unrestricted License issued by a Participating State to
610	provide Medical Services as a PA.
611	S. "Remote State" means a Participating State where a Licensee who is not licensed as a
612	PA is exercising or seeking to exercise the Compact Privilege.
613	T. "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by an entity that has the force and effect of
614	law.

615	U. "Significant Investigative Information" means Investigative Information that a
616	Licensing Board, after an inquiry or investigation that includes notification and an opportunity
617	for the PA to respond if required by State law, has reason to believe is not groundless and, if
618	proven true, would indicate more than a minor infraction.
619	V. "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or territory of the United States.
620	Section 15. Section <b>58-70c-103</b> is enacted to read:
621	58-70c-103. Section 3 State Participation in this Compact.
622	A. To participate in this Compact, a Participating State shall:
623	1. License PAs.
624	2. Participate in the Compact Commission's Data System.
625	3. Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints against
626	Licensees and License applicants.
627	4. Notify the Commission, in compliance with the terms of this Compact and
628	Commission Rules, of any Adverse Action against a Licensee or License applicant and the
629	existence of Significant Investigative Information regarding a Licensee or License applicant.
630	5. Fully implement a Criminal Background Check requirement, within a time frame
631	established by Commission Rule, by its Licensing Board receiving the results of a Criminal
632	Background Check and reporting to the Commission whether the License applicant has been
633	granted a License.
634	6. Comply with the Rules of the Compact Commission.
635	7. Utilize passage of a recognized national exam such as the NCCPA PANCE as a
636	requirement for PA licensure.
637	8. Grant the Compact Privilege to a holder of a Qualifying License in a Participating
638	State.
639	B. Nothing in this Compact prohibits a Participating State from charging a fee for
640	granting the Compact Privilege.
641	Section 16. Section <b>58-70c-104</b> is enacted to read:
642	58-70c-104. Section 4 Compact Privilege.
643	A. To exercise the Compact Privilege, a Licensee must:
644	1. Have graduated from a PA program accredited by the Accreditation Review
645	Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant Inc. or other programs authorized by

646	Commission Rule.
647	2. Hold current NCCPA certification.
648	3. Have no felony or misdemeanor Conviction.
649	4. Have never had a controlled substance license, permit, or registration suspended or
650	revoked by a State or by the United States Drug Enforcement Administration.
651	5. Have a unique identifier as determined by Commission Rule.
652	6. Hold a Qualifying License.
653	7. Have had no revocation of a License or limitation or restriction on any License
654	currently held due to an adverse action.
655	8. If a Licensee has had a limitation or restriction on a License or Compact Privilege
656	due to an Adverse Action, two years must have elapsed from the date on which the License or
657	Compact Privilege is no longer limited or restricted due to the Adverse Action.
658	9. If a Compact Privilege has been revoked or is limited or restricted in a Participating
659	State for conduct that would not be a basis for disciplinary action in a Participating State in
660	which the Licensee is practicing or applying to practice under a Compact Privilege, that
661	Participating State shall have the discretion not to consider such action as an Adverse Action
662	requiring the denial or removal of a Compact Privilege in that State.
663	10. Notify the Compact Commission that the Licensee is seeking the Compact Privilege
664	in a Remote State.
665	11. Meet any Jurisprudence Requirement of a Remote State in which the Licensee is
666	seeking to practice under the Compact Privilege and pay any fees applicable to satisfying the
667	Jurisprudence Requirement.
668	12. Report to the Commission any Adverse Action taken by a non-participating State
669	within thirty (30) days after the action is taken.
670	B. The Compact Privilege is valid until the expiration or revocation of the Qualifying
671	License unless terminated pursuant to an Adverse Action. The Licensee must also comply with
672	all of the requirements of Subsection A above to maintain the Compact Privilege in a Remote
673	State. If the Participating State takes Adverse Action against a Qualifying License, the Licensee
674	shall lose the Compact Privilege in any Remote State in which the Licensee has a Compact
675	Privilege until all of the following occur:
676	1. The License is no longer limited or restricted; and

677	2. Two (2) years have elapsed from the date on which the License is no longer limited
678	or restricted due to the Adverse Action.
679	C. Once a restricted or limited License satisfies the requirements of Subsection B.1 and
680	2, the Licensee must meet the requirements of Subsection A to obtain a Compact Privilege in
681	any Remote State.
682	D. For each Remote State in which a PA seeks authority to prescribe controlled
683	substances, the PA shall satisfy all requirements imposed by such State in granting or renewing
684	such authority.
685	Section 17. Section <b>58-70c-105</b> is enacted to read:
686	58-70c-105. Section 5 Designation of the State from Which Licensee is Applying
687	for a Compact Privilege.
688	A. Upon a Licensee's application for a Compact Privilege, the Licensee shall identify to
689	the Commission the Participating State from which the Licensee is applying, in accordance
690	with applicable Rules adopted by the Commission, and subject to the following requirements:
691	1. When applying for a Compact Privilege, the Licensee shall provide the Commission
692	with the address of the Licensee's primary residence and thereafter shall immediately report to
693	the Commission any change in the address of the Licensee's primary residence.
694	2. When applying for a Compact Privilege, the Licensee is required to consent to accept
695	service of process by mail at the Licensee's primary residence on file with the Commission
696	with respect to any action brought against the Licensee by the Commission or a Participating
697	State, including a subpoena, with respect to any action brought or investigation conducted by
698	the Commission or a Participating State.
699	Section 18. Section <b>58-70c-106</b> is enacted to read:
700	58-70c-106. Section 6 Adverse Actions.
701	A. A Participating State in which a Licensee is licensed shall have exclusive power to
702	impose Adverse Action against the Qualifying License issued by that Participating State.
703	B. In addition to the other powers conferred by State law, a Remote State shall have the
704	authority, in accordance with existing State due process law, to do all of the following:
705	1. Take Adverse Action against a PA's Compact Privilege within that State to remove a
706	<u>Licensee's Compact Privilege or take other action necessary under applicable law to protect the</u>
707	health and safety of its citizens.

708	2. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and
709	testimony of witnesses as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a Licensing
710	Board in a Participating State for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production
711	of evidence from another Participating State shall be enforced in the latter State by any court of
712	competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to
713	subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness
714	fees, travel expenses, mileage and other fees required by the service statutes of the State in
715	which the witnesses or evidence are located.
716	3. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, subpoenas may not be issued by a Participating State
717	to gather evidence of conduct in another State that is lawful in that other State for the purpose
718	of taking Adverse Action against a Licensee's Compact Privilege or application for a Compact
719	Privilege in that Participating State.
720	4. Nothing in this Compact authorizes a Participating State to impose discipline against
721	a PA's Compact Privilege or to deny an application for a Compact Privilege in that
722	Participating State for the individual's otherwise lawful practice in another State.
723	C. For purposes of taking Adverse Action, the Participating State which issued the
724	Qualifying License shall give the same priority and effect to reported conduct received from
725	any other Participating State as it would if the conduct had occurred within the Participating
726	State which issued the Qualifying License. In so doing, that Participating State shall apply its
727	own State laws to determine appropriate action.
728	D. A Participating State, if otherwise permitted by State law, may recover from the
729	affected PA the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any Adverse
730	Action taken against that PA.
731	E. A Participating State may take Adverse Action based on the factual findings of a
732	Remote State, provided that the Participating State follows its own procedures for taking the
733	Adverse Action.
734	F. Joint Investigations.
735	1. In addition to the authority granted to a Participating State by its respective State PA
736	laws and regulations or other applicable State law, any Participating State may participate with
737	other Participating States in joint investigations of Licensees.
738	2. Participating States shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance materials

739	in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation initiated under this Compact.
740	G. If an Adverse Action is taken against a PA's Qualifying License, the PA's Compact
741	Privilege in all Remote States shall be deactivated until two (2) years have elapsed after all
742	restrictions have been removed from the State License. All disciplinary orders by the
743	Participating State which issued the Qualifying License that impose Adverse Action against a
744	PA's License shall include a Statement that the PA's Compact Privilege is deactivated in all
745	Participating States during the pendency of the order.
746	H. If any Participating State takes Adverse Action, it promptly shall notify the
747	administrator of the Data System.
748	Section 19. Section <b>58-70c-107</b> is enacted to read:
749	58-70c-107. Section 7 Establishment of the PA Licensure Compact
750	Commission.
751	A. The Participating States hereby create and establish a joint government agency and
752	national administrative body known as the PA Licensure Compact Commission. The
753	Commission is an instrumentality of the Compact States acting jointly and not an
754	instrumentality of any one State. The Commission shall come into existence on or after the
755	effective date of the Compact as set forth in Section 11.A.
756	B. Membership, Voting, and Meetings
757	1. Each Participating State shall have and be limited to one (1) delegate selected by that
758	Participating State's Licensing Board or, if the State has more than one Licensing Board,
759	selected collectively by the Participating State's Licensing Boards.
760	2. The delegate shall be either:
761	a. A current PA, physician or public member of a Licensing Board or PA
762	Council/Committee; or
763	b. An administrator of a Licensing Board.
764	3. Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the laws of
765	the State from which the delegate is appointed.
766	4. The Participating State Licensing Board shall fill any vacancy occurring in the
767	Commission within sixty (60) days.
768	5. Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote on all matters voted on by the
769	Commission and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs

770	of the Commission. A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the
771	bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates' participation in meetings by
772	telecommunications, video conference, or other means of communication.
773	6. The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional
774	meetings shall be held as set forth in this Compact and the bylaws.
775	7. The Commission shall establish by Rule a term of office for delegates.
776	C. The Commission shall have the following powers and duties:
777	1. Establish a code of ethics for the Commission;
778	2. Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;
779	3. Establish fees;
780	4. Establish bylaws;
781	5. Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;
782	6. Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this Compact and
783	the bylaws;
784	7. Promulgate Rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation and administration of
785	this Compact. The Rules shall have the force and effect of law and shall be binding in all
786	Participating States;
787	8. Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the Commission,
788	provided that the standing of any State Licensing Board to sue or be sued under applicable law
789	shall not be affected;
790	9. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
791	10. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to,
792	employees of a Participating State;
793	11. Hire employees and engage contractors, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation,
794	define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of this
795	Compact, and establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts
796	of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;
797	12. Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies
798	materials and services, and receive, utilize and dispose of the same, provided that at all times
799	the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest;
800	13. Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise own, hold,

801	improve or use, any property, real, personal or mixed, provided that at all times the
802	Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety;
803	14. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of
804	any property real, personal, or mixed;
805	15. Establish a budget and make expenditures;
806	16. Borrow money;
807	17. Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of members, State
808	regulators, State legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such
809	other interested persons as may be designated in this Compact and the bylaws;
810	18. Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law enforcement
811	agencies;
812	19. Elect a Chair, Vice Chair, Secretary and Treasurer and such other officers of the
813	Commission as provided in the Commission's bylaws;
814	20. Reserve for itself, in addition to those reserved exclusively to the Commission
815	under the Compact, powers that the Executive Committee may not exercise;
816	21. Approve or disapprove a State's participation in the Compact based upon its
817	determination as to whether the State's Compact legislation departs in a material manner from
818	the Model Compact language;
819	22. Prepare and provide to the Participating States an annual report; and
820	23. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
821	purposes of this Compact consistent with the State regulation of PA licensure and practice.
822	D. Meetings of the Commission
823	1. All meetings of the Commission that are not closed pursuant to this subsection shall
824	be open to the public. Notice of public meetings shall be posted on the Commission's website
825	at least thirty (30) days prior to the public meeting.
826	2. Notwithstanding subsection D.1 of this section, the Commission may convene a
827	public meeting by providing at least twenty-four (24) hours prior notice on the Commission's
828	website, and any other means as provided in the Commission's Rules, for any of the reasons it
829	may dispense with notice of proposed rulemaking under Section 9.L.
830	3. The Commission may convene in a closed, non-public meeting or non-public part of
831	a nublic meeting to receive legal advice or to discuss

832	a. Non-compliance of a Participating State with its obligations under this Compact;
833	b. The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters, practices or procedures
834	related to specific employees or other matters related to the Commission's internal personnel
835	practices and procedures;
836	c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;
837	d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods, services, or real
838	estate;
839	e. Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
840	f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged
841	or confidential;
842	g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a
843	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
844	h. Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
845	i. Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports prepared by or on behalf
846	of or for use of the Commission or other committee charged with responsibility of investigation
847	or determination of compliance issues pursuant to this Compact;
848	j. Legal advice; or
849	k. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or Participating States'
850	statutes.
851	4. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this provision, the chair of
852	the meeting or the chair's designee shall certify that the meeting or portion of the meeting may
853	be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision.
854	5. The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters
855	discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken,
856	including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with
857	an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting
858	shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the Commission or order of a
859	court of competent jurisdiction.
860	E. Financing of the Commission
861	1. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of
862	its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

863	2. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources, donations, and
864	grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
865	3. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each
866	Participating State and may impose Compact Privilege fees on Licensees of Participating States
867	to whom a Compact Privilege is granted to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the
868	Commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget
869	as approved by the Commission each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources.
870	The aggregate annual assessment amount levied on Participating States shall be allocated based
871	upon a formula to be determined by Commission Rule.
872	a. A Compact Privilege expires when the Licensee's Qualifying License in the
873	Participating State from which the Licensee applied for the Compact Privilege expires.
874	b. If the Licensee terminates the Qualifying License through which the Licensee applied
875	for the Compact Privilege before its scheduled expiration, and the Licensee has a Qualifying
876	License in another Participating State, the Licensee shall inform the Commission that it is
877	changing to that Participating State the Participating State through which it applies for a
878	Compact Privilege and pay to the Commission any Compact Privilege fee required by
879	Commission Rule.
880	4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds
881	adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the
882	Participating States, except by and with the authority of the Participating State.
883	5. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The
884	receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the financial review and
885	accounting procedures established under its bylaws. All receipts and disbursements of funds
886	handled by the Commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by a certified or
887	licensed public accountant, and the report of the financial review shall be included in and
888	become part of the annual report of the Commission.
889	F. The Executive Committee
890	1. The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Commission
891	according to the terms of this Compact and Commission Rules.
892	2. The Executive Committee shall be composed of nine (9) members:
893	a. Seven voting members who are elected by the Commission from the current

894	membership of the Commission;
895	b. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized national PA professional
896	association; and
897	c. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized national PA certification
898	organization.
899	3. The ex-officio members will be selected by their respective organizations.
900	4. The Commission may remove any member of the Executive Committee as provided
901	<u>in its bylaws.</u>
902	5. The Executive Committee shall meet at least annually.
903	6. The Executive Committee shall have the following duties and responsibilities:
904	a. Recommend to the Commission changes to the Commission's Rules or bylaws,
905	changes to this Compact legislation, fees to be paid by Compact Participating States such as
906	annual dues, and any Commission Compact fee charged to Licensees for the Compact
907	Privilege;
908	b. Ensure Compact administration services are appropriately provided, contractual or
909	otherwise;
910	c. Prepare and recommend the budget;
911	d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission;
912	e. Monitor Compact compliance of Participating States and provide compliance reports
913	to the Commission;
914	f. Establish additional committees as necessary;
915	g. Exercise the powers and duties of the Commission during the interim between
916	Commission meetings, except for issuing proposed rulemaking or adopting Commission Rules
917	or bylaws, or exercising any other powers and duties exclusively reserved to the Commission
918	by the Commission's Rules; and
919	h. Perform other duties as provided in the Commission's Rules or bylaws.
920	7. All meetings of the Executive Committee at which it votes or plans to vote on
921	matters in exercising the powers and duties of the Commission shall be open to the public and
922	public notice of such meetings shall be given as public meetings of the Commission are given.
923	8. The Executive Committee may convene in a closed, non-public meeting for the same
924	reasons that the Commission may convene in a non-public meeting as set forth in Section 7.D.3

and shall announce the closed meeting as the Commission is required to under Section 7.D.4 and keep minutes of the closed meeting as the Commission is required to under Section 7.D.5.

- G. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification
- 1. The members, officers, executive director, employees and representatives of the Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, both personally and in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. The procurement of insurance of any type by the Commission shall not in any way compromise or limit the immunity granted hereunder.
- 2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, and representative of the Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or as determined by the commission that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining their own counsel at their own expense, and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.
- 3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, and representative of the Commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
  - 4. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be

956	brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of
957	the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses in
958	any proceedings as authorized by Commission Rules.
959	5. Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on the liability of any Licensee for
960	professional malpractice or misconduct, which shall be governed solely by any other applicable
961	State laws.
962	6. Nothing herein shall be construed to designate the venue or jurisdiction to bring
963	actions for alleged acts of malpractice, professional misconduct, negligence, or other such civil
964	action pertaining to the practice of a PA. All such matters shall be determined exclusively by
965	State law other than this Compact.
966	7. Nothing in this Compact shall be interpreted to waive or otherwise abrogate a
967	Participating State's state action immunity or state action affirmative defense with respect to
968	antitrust claims under the Sherman Act, Clayton Act, or any other State or federal antitrust or
969	anticompetitive law or regulation.
970	8. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity by
971	the Participating States or by the Commission.
972	Section 20. Section <b>58-70c-108</b> is enacted to read:
973	<b>58-70c-108.</b> Section 8 Data System.
974	A. The Commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, operation, and
975	utilization of a coordinated data and reporting system containing licensure, Adverse Action,
976	and the reporting of the existence of Significant Investigative Information on all licensed PAs
977	and applicants denied a License in Participating States.
978	B. Notwithstanding any other State law to the contrary, a Participating State shall
979	submit a uniform data set to the Data System on all PAs to whom this Compact is applicable
980	(utilizing a unique identifier) as required by the Rules of the Commission, including:
981	1. Identifying information;
982	2. Licensure data;
983	3. Adverse Actions against a License or Compact Privilege;
984	4. Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s) for such denial (excluding
985	the reporting of any Criminal history record information where prohibited by law);
986	5. The existence of Significant Investigative Information; and

987	6. Other information that may facilitate the administration of this Compact, as
988	determined by the Rules of the Commission.
989	C. Significant Investigative Information pertaining to a Licensee in any Participating
990	State shall only be available to other Participating States.
991	D. The Commission shall promptly notify all Participating States of any Adverse
992	Action taken against a Licensee or an individual applying for a License that has been reported
993	to it. This Adverse Action information shall be available to any other Participating State.
994	E. Participating States contributing information to the Data System may, in accordance
995	with State or federal law, designate information that may not be shared with the public without
996	the express permission of the contributing State. Notwithstanding any such designation, such
997	information shall be reported to the Commission through the Data System.
998	F. Any information submitted to the Data System that is subsequently expunged
999	pursuant to federal law or the laws of the Participating State contributing the information shall
1000	be removed from the Data System upon reporting of such by the Participating State to the
1001	Commission.
1002	G. The records and information provided to a Participating State pursuant to this
1003	Compact or through the Data System, when certified by the Commission or an agent thereof,
1004	shall constitute the authenticated business records of the Commission, and shall be entitled to
1005	any associated hearsay exception in any relevant judicial, quasi-judicial or administrative
1006	proceedings in a Participating State.
1007	Section 21. Section <b>58-70c-109</b> is enacted to read:
1008	<b>58-70c-109.</b> Section 9 Rulemaking.
1009	A. The Commission shall exercise its Rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set
1010	forth in this Section and the Rules adopted thereunder. Commission Rules shall become
1011	binding as of the date specified by the Commission for each Rule.
1012	B. The Commission shall promulgate reasonable Rules in order to effectively and
1013	efficiently implement and administer this Compact and achieve its purposes. A Commission
1014	Rule shall be invalid and have not force or effect only if a court of competent jurisdiction holds
1015	that the Rule is invalid because the Commission exercised its rulemaking authority in a manner
1016	that is beyond the scope of the purposes of this Compact, or the powers granted hereunder, or
1017	based upon another applicable standard of review.

1018	C. The Rules of the Commission shall have the force of law in each Participating State,
1019	provided however that where the Rules of the Commission conflict with the laws of the
1020	Participating State that establish the medical services a PA may perform in the Participating
1021	State, as held by a court of competent jurisdiction, the Rules of the Commission shall be
1022	ineffective in that State to the extent of the conflict.
1023	D. If a majority of the legislatures of the Participating States rejects a Commission
1024	Rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt this Compact
1025	within four (4) years of the date of adoption of the Rule, then such Rule shall have no further
1026	force and effect in any Participating State or to any State applying to participate in the
1027	Compact.
1028	E. Commission Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the
1029	Commission.
1030	F. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final Rule or Rules by the Commission, and
1031	at least thirty (30) days in advance of the meeting at which the Rule will be considered and
1032	voted upon, the Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking:
1033	1. On the website of the Commission or other publicly accessible platform; and
1034	2. To persons who have requested notice of the Commission's notices of proposed
1035	rulemaking, and
1036	3. In such other way(s) as the Commission may by Rule specify.
1037	G. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:
1038	1. The time, date, and location of the public hearing on the proposed Rule and the
1039	proposed time, date and location of the meeting in which the proposed Rule will be considered
1040	and voted upon;
1041	2. The text of the proposed Rule and the reason for the proposed Rule;
1042	3. A request for comments on the proposed Rule from any interested person and the
1043	date by which written comments must be received; and
1044	4. The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the Commission of
1045	their intention to attend the public hearing or provide any written comments.
1046	H. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule, the Commission shall allow persons to submit
1047	written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
1048	I. If the hearing is to be held via electronic means, the Commission shall publish the

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1049	mechanism for access to the electronic hearing.
1050	1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall as directed in the Notice of
1051	Proposed Rulemaking, not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled date of the
1052	hearing, notify the Commission of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing.
1053	2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to
1054	comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing.
1055	3. All hearings shall be recorded. A copy of the recording and the written comments,
1056	data, facts, opinions, and arguments received in response to the proposed rulemaking shall be
1057	made available to a person upon request.
1058	4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each
1059	proposed Rule. Proposed Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at
1060	hearings required by this section.
1061	J. Following the public hearing the Commission shall consider all written and oral
1062	comments timely received.
1063	K. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all delegates, take final action on the
1064	proposed Rule and shall determine the effective date of the Rule, if adopted, based on the
1065	Rulemaking record and the full text of the Rule.
1066	1. If adopted, the Rule shall be posted on the Commission's website.
1067	2. The Commission may adopt changes to the proposed Rule provided the changes do
1068	not enlarge the original purpose of the proposed Rule.
1069	3. The Commission shall provide on its website an explanation of the reasons for
1070	substantive changes made to the proposed Rule as well as reasons for substantive changes not
1071	made that were recommended by commenters.
1072	4. The Commission shall determine a reasonable effective date for the Rule. Except for
1073	an emergency as provided in subsection L, the effective date of the Rule shall be no sooner
1074	than thirty (30) days after the Commission issued the notice that adopted the Rule.
1075	L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and
1076	adopt an emergency Rule with twenty-four (24) hours prior notice, without the opportunity for
1077	comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in this Compact
1078	and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the Rule as soon as reasonably possible, in

no event later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the Rule. For the purposes of this

1080	provision, an emergency Rule is one that must be adopted immediately by the Commission in
1081	order to:
1082	1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
1083	2. Prevent a loss of Commission or Participating State funds;
1084	3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of a Commission Rule that is established by
1085	federal law or Rule; or
1086	4. Protect public health and safety.
1087	M. The Commission or an authorized committee of the Commission may direct
1088	revisions to a previously adopted Commission Rule for purposes of correcting typographical
1089	errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any
1090	revisions shall be posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to
1091	challenge by any person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be
1092	challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a Rule. A challenge
1093	shall be made as set forth in the notice of revisions and delivered to the Commission prior to
1094	the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without
1095	further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the
1096	approval of the Commission.
1097	N. No Participating State's rulemaking requirements shall apply under this Compact.
1098	Section 22. Section <b>58-70c-110</b> is enacted to read:
1099	58-70c-110. Section 10 Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement.
1100	A. Oversight
1101	1. The executive and judicial branches of State government in each Participating State
1102	shall enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to implement the
1103	Compact.
1104	2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be
1105	brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of
1106	the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to
1107	the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
1108	Nothing herein shall affect or limit the selection or propriety of venue in any action against a
1109	licensee for professional malpractice, misconduct or any such similar matter.
1110	3. The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any proceeding

1111	regarding the enforcement or interpretation of the Compact or the Commission's Rules and
1112	shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide the
1113	Commission with service of process shall render a judgment or order in such proceeding void
1114	as to the Commission, this Compact, or Commission Rules.
1115	B. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination
1116	1. If the Commission determines that a Participating State has defaulted in the
1117	performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact or the Commission Rules,
1118	the Commission shall provide written notice to the defaulting State and other Participating
1119	States. The notice shall describe the default, the proposed means of curing the default and any
1120	other action that the Commission may take and shall offer remedial training and specific
1121	technical assistance regarding the default.
1122	2. If a State in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting State may be terminated
1123	from this Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the delegates of the Participating
1124	States, and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this Compact upon such State may be
1125	terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the
1126	offending State of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
1127	3. Termination of participation in this Compact shall be imposed only after all other
1128	means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate
1129	shall be given by the Commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the
1130	defaulting State's legislature, and to the Licensing Board(s) of each of the Participating States.
1131	4. A State that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and
1132	liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend
1133	beyond the effective date of termination.
1134	5. The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a State that is found to be in
1135	default or that has been terminated from this Compact, unless agreed upon in writing between
1136	the Commission and the defaulting State.
1137	6. The defaulting State may appeal its termination from the Compact by the
1138	Commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal
1139	district where the Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be
1140	awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
1141	7. Upon the termination of a State's participation in the Compact, the State shall

1142	immediately provide notice to all Licensees within that State of such termination:
1143	a. Licensees who have been granted a Compact Privilege in that State shall retain the
1144	Compact Privilege for one hundred eighty (180) days following the effective date of such
1145	termination.
1146	b. Licensees who are licensed in that State who have been granted a Compact Privilege
1147	in a Participating State shall retain the Compact Privilege for one hundred eighty (180) days
1148	unless the Licensee also has a Qualifying License in a Participating State or obtains a
1149	Qualifying License in a Participating State before the one hundred eighty (180)-day period
1150	ends, in which case the Compact Privilege shall continue.
1151	C. Dispute Resolution
1152	1. Upon request by a Participating State, the Commission shall attempt to resolve
1153	disputes related to this Compact that arise among Participating States and between participating
1154	and non-Participating States.
1155	2. The Commission shall promulgate a Rule providing for both mediation and binding
1156	dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.
1157	D. Enforcement.
1158	1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the
1159	provisions of this Compact and Rules of the Commission.
1160	2. If compliance is not secured after all means to secure compliance have been
1161	exhausted, by majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action in the United States
1162	District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its
1163	principal offices, against a Participating State in default to enforce compliance with the
1164	provisions of this Compact and the Commission's promulgated Rules and bylaws. The relief
1165	sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is
1166	necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
1167	reasonable attorney's fees.
1168	3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Commission. The
1169	Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or State law.
1170	E. Legal Action Against the Commission
1171	1. A Participating State may initiate legal action against the Commission in the U.S.
1172	District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its

1173	principal offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and its Rules. The
1174	relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement
1175	is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
1176	reasonable attorney's fees.
1177	2. No person other than a Participating State shall enforce this Compact against the
1178	Commission.
1179	Section 23. Section <b>58-70c-111</b> is enacted to read:
1180	58-70c-111. Section 11 Date of Implementation of the PA Licensure Compact
1181	Commission.
1182	A. This Compact shall come into effect on the date on which this Compact statute is
1183	enacted into law in the seventh Participating State.
1184	1. On or after the effective date of the Compact, the Commission shall convene and
1185	review the enactment of each of the States that enacted the Compact prior to the Commission
1186	convening ("Charter Participating States") to determine if the statute enacted by each such
1187	Charter Participating State is materially different than the Model Compact.
1188	a. A Charter Participating State whose enactment is found to be materially different
1189	from the Model Compact shall be entitled to the default process set forth in Section 10.B.
1190	b. If any Participating State later withdraws from the Compact or its participation is
1191	terminated, the Commission shall remain in existence and the Compact shall remain in effect
1192	even if the number of Participating States should be less than seven. Participating States
1193	enacting the Compact subsequent to the Commission convening shall be subject to the process
1194	set forth in Section 7.C.21 to determine if their enactments are materially different from the
1195	Model Compact and whether they qualify for participation in the Compact.
1196	2. Participating States enacting the Compact subsequent to the seven initial Charter
1197	Participating States shall be subject to the process set forth in Section 7.C.21 to determine if
1198	their enactments are materially different from the Model Compact and whether they qualify for
1199	participation in the Compact.
1200	3. All actions taken for the benefit of the Commission or in furtherance of the purposes
1201	of the administration of the Compact prior to the effective date of the Compact or the
1202	Commission coming into existence shall be considered to be actions of the Commission unless
1203	specifically repudiated by the Commission.

1204	B. Any State that joins this Compact shall be subject to the Commission's Rules and
1205	bylaws as they exist on the date on which this Compact becomes law in that State. Any Rule
1206	that has been previously adopted by the Commission shall have the full force and effect of law
1207	on the day this Compact becomes law in that State.
1208	C. Any Participating State may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute
1209	repealing the same.
1210	1. A Participating State's withdrawal shall not take effect until one hundred eighty (180)
1211	days after enactment of the repealing statute. During this one hundred eighty (180) day-period,
1212	all Compact Privileges that were in effect in the withdrawing State and were granted to
1213	Licensees licensed in the withdrawing State shall remain in effect. If any Licensee licensed in
1214	the withdrawing State is also licensed in another Participating State or obtains a license in
1215	another Participating State within the one hundred eighty (180) days, the Licensee's Compact
1216	Privileges in other Participating States shall not be affected by the passage of the one hundred
1217	eighty (180) days.
1218	2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the State Licensing
1219	Board(s) of the withdrawing State to comply with the investigative, and Adverse Action
1220	reporting requirements of this Compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
1221	3. Upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing a State from this Compact, the State
1222	shall immediately provide notice of such withdrawal to all Licensees within that State. Such
1223	withdrawing State shall continue to recognize all licenses granted pursuant to this Compact for
1224	a minimum of one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of such notice of withdrawal.
1225	D. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any
1226	PA licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between Participating States and
1227	between a Participating State and non-Participating State that does not conflict with the
1228	provisions of this Compact.
1229	E. This Compact may be amended by the Participating States. No amendment to this
1230	Compact shall become effective and binding upon any Participating State until it is enacted
1231	materially in the same manner into the laws of all Participating States as determined by the
1232	Commission.
1233	Section 24. Section 58-70c-112 is enacted to read:
1234	58-70c-112. Section 12 Construction and Severability.

1265	58-70c-201. Rulemaking authority State authority over scope of practice.
1264	Part 2. Division Implementation
1263	Section 26. Section <b>58-70c-201</b> is enacted to read:
1262	accordance with their terms.
1261	C. All agreements between the Commission and the Participating States are binding in
1260	extent of the conflict.
1259	B. Any laws in a Participating State in conflict with this Compact are superseded to the
1258	that is not inconsistent with this Compact.
1257	A. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a Participating State
1256	58-70c-113. Section 13 Binding Effect of Compact.
1255	Section 25. Section <b>58-70c-113</b> is enacted to read:
1254	effect as to the Participating State affected as to all severable matters.
1253	remain in full force and effect as to the remaining Participating States and in full force and
1252	shall be held to be contrary to the constitution of any Participating State, the Compact shall
1251	participate in the Compact, a material departure from the Compact. Otherwise, if this Compact
1250	requirement of a Participating State is, or would be with respect to a State seeking to
1249	a Participating State's participation in the Compact, if it determines that a constitutional
1248	participation in the Compact or, in accordance with the requirements of Section 10.B, terminate
1247	C. Notwithstanding subsection B or this section, the Commission may deny a State's
1246	circumstance shall not be affected thereby.
1245	this Compact and the applicability thereof to any other government, agency, person or
1244	held to be unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of
1243	United States, or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is
1242	constitution of any Participating State, a State seeking participation in the Compact, or of the
1241	or provision of this Compact is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the
1240	B. The provisions of this Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence
1239	purposes.
1238	Rules shall not be construed to limit the Commission's rulemaking authority solely for those
1237	Compact. Provisions of the Compact expressly authorizing or requiring the promulgation of
1236	construed so as to effectuate the purposes, and the implementation and administration of the
1235	A. This Compact and the Commission's rulemaking authority shall be liberally

1266	(1) The division may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1267	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement this chapter.
1268	(2) Notwithstanding any provision in Sections 58-70c-101 through 58-70c-113,
1269	Sections 58-70c-101 through 58-70c-113 do not supersede state law related to an individual's
1270	scope of practice under this title.
1271	Section 27. Section <b>72-9-602.5</b> is enacted to read:
1272	72-9-602.5. Certificate by endorsement.
1273	(1) As used in this section, "license" means an authorization that permits the holder to
1274	engage in the practice of a profession described in Section 72-9-602.
1275	(2) Subject to Subsections (4) through (6), the department shall issue a certificate
1276	described in Section 72-9-602 to an applicant who has been licensed in another state, district,
1277	or territory of the United States if:
1278	(a) the department determines that the license issued by the other state, district, or
1279	territory encompasses a similar scope of practice as the certificate;
1280	(b) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
1281	in the other state, district, or territory; and
1282	(c) the applicant's license is in good standing in the other state, district, or territory.
1283	(3) Subject to Subsections (4) through (6), the department may issue a certificate
1284	described in Section 72-9-602 to an applicant who:
1285	(a) has been licensed in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
1286	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
1287	(i) (A) the department determines that the applicant's education, experience, and skills
1288	demonstrate competency in the occupation for which certification is sought; and
1289	(B) the applicant has at least one year of experience practicing under the license issued
1290	in the other state, district, territory, or jurisdiction; or
1291	(ii) the department determines that the licensure requirements of the other state,
1292	district, territory, or jurisdiction at the time the license was issued were substantially similar to
1293	the requirements for the certificate; or
1294	(b) has never been licensed in a state, district, or territory of the United States, or in a
1295	jurisdiction outside of the United States, if:
1296	(i) the applicant was educated in or obtained relevant experience in a state, district, or

1297	territory of the United States, or a jurisdiction outside of the United States; and
1298	(ii) the department determines that the education or experience was substantially
1299	similar to the education or experience requirements for the certificate.
1300	(4) The department may refuse to issue a certificate to an applicant under this section
1301	<u>if:</u>
1302	(a) the department determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the
1303	applicant is not qualified to receive the certificate; or
1304	(b) the applicant has a previous or pending disciplinary action related to the applicant's
1305	other license.
1306	(5) Before the department issues a certificate to an applicant under this section, the
1307	applicant shall:
1308	(a) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
1309	(b) produce satisfactory evidence of the applicant's identity, qualifications, and good
1310	standing in the occupation for which certification is sought.
1311	(6) The department may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1312	Administrative Rulemaking Act, prescribing the administration and requirements of this
1313	section.