

**Brady Brammer** proposes the following substitute bill:

**Vehicle Registration Modifications**

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Brady Brammer**

House Sponsor:

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill allows the State Tax Commission to contract with a designated agent to assist in address verification for vehicles and vessels insured in the state.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- defines terms;
- allows the State Tax Commission (commission) to contract with a designated agent to determine the address for which a vehicle's or vessel's insurance is tied, to assist the commission in determining whether the owner is a resident of this state;
- based on information provided by the designated agent, allows the commission to investigate whether the owner is a resident for vehicle or vessel registration purposes or otherwise in compliance with relevant registration and tax laws;
- for a person found in violation of certain tax and fee requirements, allows the person 60 days to cure the violation before being subject to a penalty;
- allows the commission to impose penalties in certain circumstances;
- allows funds in the Uninsured Motorist Identification Restricted Account to be used to cover the costs of the designated agent for address verification; and
- makes technical changes.

**Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

**Other Special Clauses:**

This bill provides a special effective date.

**Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

**41-1a-202 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,

29 Chapters 81, 532  
30 **41-12a-301 (Effective 05/03/23)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 94  
31 **41-12a-806 (Effective upon governor's approval)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah  
32 2024, Chapters 268, 319  
33 **59-12-107 (Effective 05/04/22)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 273

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35 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

36 Section 1. Section **41-1a-202** is amended to read:

37 **41-1a-202 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions -- Vehicles exempt**  
38 **from registration -- Registration of vehicles after establishing residency.**

39 (1) ~~[H]~~ As used in this section:

40 (a) "Designated agent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-12a-803.

41 ~~[(a)]~~ (b) "Domicile" means the place:

- 42 (i) where an individual has a fixed permanent home and principal establishment;
- 43 (ii) to which the individual if absent, intends to return; and
- 44 (iii) in which the individual and his family voluntarily reside, not for a special or  
45 temporary purpose, but with the intention of making a permanent home.

46 ~~[(b)]~~ (c)(i) "Resident" means any of the following:

47 (A) an individual who:

- 48 (I) has established a domicile in this state;
- 49 (II) regardless of domicile, remains in this state for an aggregate period of six  
50 months or more during any calendar year;
- 51 (III) engages in a trade, profession, or occupation in this state or who accepts  
52 employment in other than seasonal work in this state and who does not  
53 commute into the state;
- 54 (IV) declares himself to be a resident of this state for the purpose of obtaining a  
55 driver license or motor vehicle registration; or
- 56 (V) declares himself a resident of Utah to obtain privileges not ordinarily  
57 extended to nonresidents, including going to school, or placing children in  
58 school without paying nonresident tuition or fees; or

59 (B) any individual, partnership, limited liability company, firm, corporation,  
60 association, or other entity that:

- 61 (I) maintains a main office, branch office, or warehouse facility in this state  
62 and that bases and operates a motor vehicle in this state; or

- 63 (II) operates a motor vehicle in intrastate transportation for other than seasonal  
64 work.
- 65 (ii) "Resident" does not include any of the following:
- 66 (A) a member of the military temporarily stationed in Utah;
- 67 (B) an out-of-state student, as classified by the institution of higher education,  
68 enrolled with the equivalent of seven or more quarter hours, regardless of  
69 whether the student engages in a trade, profession, or occupation in this state or  
70 accepts employment in this state; and
- 71 (C) an individual domiciled in another state or a foreign country that:
- 72 (I) is engaged in public, charitable, educational, or religious services for a  
73 government agency or an organization that qualifies for tax-exempt status  
74 under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3);
- 75 (II) is not compensated for services rendered other than expense  
76 reimbursements; and
- 77 (III) is temporarily in Utah for a period not to exceed 24 months.
- 78 (iii) Notwithstanding Subsections [~~(1)(b)(i) and (ii)~~] (1)(c)(i) and (ii), "resident"  
79 includes the owner of a vehicle equipped with an automated driving system as  
80 defined in Section 41-26-102.1 if the vehicle is physically present in the state for  
81 more than 30 consecutive days in a calendar year.
- 82 (2)(a) Registration under this chapter is not required for any:
- 83 (i) vehicle registered in another state and owned by a nonresident of the state or  
84 operating under a temporary registration permit issued by the division or a dealer  
85 authorized by this chapter, driven or moved upon a highway in conformance with  
86 the provisions of this chapter relating to manufacturers, transporters, dealers, lien  
87 holders, or interstate vehicles;
- 88 (ii) vehicle driven or moved upon a highway only for the purpose of crossing the  
89 highway from one property to another;
- 90 (iii) implement of husbandry, whether of a type otherwise subject to registration or  
91 not, that is only incidentally operated or moved upon a highway;
- 92 (iv) special mobile equipment;
- 93 (v) vehicle owned or leased by the federal government;
- 94 (vi) motor vehicle not designed, used, or maintained for the transportation of  
95 passengers for hire or for the transportation of property if the motor vehicle is  
96 registered in another state and is owned and operated by a nonresident of this state;

- 97 (vii) vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, used, or maintained for the  
98 transportation of persons for hire or for the transportation of property if the  
99 vehicle or combination of vehicles is registered in another state and is owned and  
100 operated by a nonresident of this state and if the vehicle or combination of  
101 vehicles has a gross laden weight of 26,000 pounds or less;
- 102 (viii) trailer of 750 pounds or less unladen weight and not designed, used, and  
103 maintained for hire for the transportation of property or person;
- 104 (ix) single-axle trailer unless that trailer is:
- 105 (A) a commercial vehicle;
- 106 (B) a trailer designed, used, and maintained for hire for the transportation of  
107 property or person; or
- 108 (C) a travel trailer, camping trailer, or fifth wheel trailer of 750 pounds or more  
109 laden weight;
- 110 (x) manufactured home or mobile home;
- 111 (xi) off-highway vehicle currently registered under Section 41-22-3 if the  
112 off-highway vehicle is:
- 113 (A) being towed;
- 114 (B) operated on a street or highway designated as open to off-highway vehicle  
115 use; or
- 116 (C) operated in the manner prescribed in Subsections 41-22-10.3(1) through (3);
- 117 (xii) off-highway implement of husbandry operated in the manner prescribed in  
118 Subsections 41-22-5.5(3) through (5);
- 119 (xiii) modular and prebuilt homes conforming to the uniform building code and  
120 presently regulated by the United States Department of Housing and Urban  
121 Development that are not constructed on a permanent chassis;
- 122 (xiv) electric assisted bicycle defined under Section 41-6a-102;
- 123 (xv) motor assisted scooter defined under Section 41-6a-102; or
- 124 (xvi) electric personal assistive mobility device defined under Section 41-6a-102.
- 125 (b) For purposes of an implement of husbandry as described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii),  
126 incidental operation on a highway includes operation that is:
- 127 (i) transportation of raw agricultural materials or other agricultural related operations;  
128 and
- 129 (ii) limited to 100 miles round trip on a highway.
- 130 (3)(a) Unless otherwise exempted under Subsection (2), registration under this chapter is

- 131 required for any motor vehicle, combination of vehicles, trailer, semitrailer, vintage  
132 vehicle, or restored-modified vehicle within 60 days of the owner establishing  
133 residency in this state.
- 134 (b)(i) The commission may contract with a designated agent described in Chapter  
135 12a, Part 8, Uninsured Motorist Identification Database Program, to determine the  
136 address for which a contract for owner's or operator's security pertaining to a  
137 certain vehicle or vessel is tied.
- 138 (ii) If the information provided by the designated agent under Subsection (3)(b)(i)  
139 indicates that the owner of a vehicle or vessel is a resident of this state, the  
140 commission may investigate to ensure compliance with this chapter, Chapter 22,  
141 Off-highway Vehicles, Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, and Title 73,  
142 Chapter 18, State Boating Act.
- 143 (c) If the commission's investigation described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii) determines that  
144 the owner of the vehicle or vessel is not in compliance with this chapter, Chapter 22,  
145 Off-highway Vehicles, Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, or Title 73,  
146 Chapter 18, State Boating Act, the commission:
- 147 (i) may impose a penalty on the owner of the vehicle or vessel of \$150; and  
148 (ii) shall provide notice of noncompliance to the owner of the vehicle or vessel and  
149 allow 60 days after the date on which the notice was issued for the owner of the  
150 vehicle or vessel to comply with the provisions identified in the commission's  
151 investigation described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
- 152 (d) If the owner of a vehicle or vessel fails to comply as directed within the time period  
153 described in Subsection (3)(c), the commission created in Section 41-3-104 may  
154 impose on the owner of the vehicle or vessel a penalty equal to the greater of:
- 155 (i) if the commission finds there was an underpayment of tax under Title 59, Chapter  
156 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, a penalty as provided in Subsection 59-1-401(7); or  
157 (ii) \$500.
- 158 (e) Upon making a record of the commission's actions, and upon reasonable cause  
159 shown, the commission may waive, reduce, or compromise any penalty imposed  
160 under Subsection (3)(c) or (3)(d).
- 161 (f)(i) The commission shall deposit money from a penalty under Subsections (3)(c)(i)  
162 and (3)(d)(ii) for failure to properly register or title a vehicle or vessel pursuant to  
163 this chapter, Chapter 22, Off-highway Vehicles, or Title 73, Chapter 18, State  
164 Boating Act, into the Uninsured Motorist Identification Restricted Account

165 created in Section 41-12a-806.

166 (ii) The commission shall deposit money from a penalty under this Subsection (3)

167 (d)(i) for failure to pay a sales and use tax under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and

168 Use Tax Act, into the General Fund.

169 (4) A motor vehicle that is registered under Section 41-3-306 is exempt from the  
170 registration requirements of this part for the time period that the registration under  
171 Section 41-3-306 is valid.

172 (5) A vehicle that has been issued a nonrepairable certificate may not be registered under  
173 this chapter.

174 Section 2. Section **41-12a-301** is amended to read:

175 **41-12a-301 (Effective 05/03/23). Definitions -- Requirement of owner's or**  
176 **operator's security -- Exceptions.**

177 (1) As used in this section:

178 (a) "Highway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-1a-102.

179 (b) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means the same as that term is defined in  
180 Section 53E-1-102.

181 (c) "Quasi-public road or parking area" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
182 41-6a-214.

183 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (5):

184 (a) every resident owner of a motor vehicle shall maintain owner's or operator's security  
185 in effect at any time that the motor vehicle is operated on a highway or on a  
186 quasi-public road or parking area or registered within the state; and

187 (b) every nonresident owner of a motor vehicle that has been physically present in this  
188 state for:

189 (i) 90 or fewer days during the preceding 365 days shall maintain the type and  
190 amount of owner's or operator's security required in his place of residence, in  
191 effect continuously throughout the period the motor vehicle remains within Utah;  
192 or

193 (ii) more than 90 days during the preceding 365 days shall thereafter maintain  
194 owner's or operator's security in effect continuously throughout the period the  
195 motor vehicle remains within Utah.

196 (3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the state and all of its political subdivisions  
197 and their respective departments, institutions, or agencies shall maintain owner's or  
198 operator's security in effect continuously for their motor vehicles.

- 199 (b) Any other state is considered a nonresident owner of its motor vehicles and is subject  
 200 to Subsection (2)(b).
- 201 (4) The United States, any political subdivision of it, or any of its agencies may maintain  
 202 owner's or operator's security in effect for their motor vehicles.
- 203 (5) Owner's or operator's security is not required for any of the following:
- 204 (a) off-highway vehicles registered under Section 41-22-3 when operated either:
- 205 (i) on a highway designated as open for off-highway vehicle use; or
- 206 (ii) in the manner prescribed by Subsections 41-22-10.3(1) through (3);
- 207 (b) off-highway implements of husbandry operated in the manner prescribed by  
 208 Subsections 41-22-5.5(3) through (5);
- 209 (c) electric assisted bicycles as defined under Section 41-6a-102;
- 210 (d) motor assisted scooters as defined under Section 41-6a-102;
- 211 (e) electric personal assistive mobility devices as defined under Section 41-6a-102; or
- 212 (f) an LEA, for a school bus that the LEA authorizes a state entity or political  
 213 subdivision of the state to use.
- 214 (6) If an LEA authorizes a state entity or political subdivision of the state to use a school  
 215 bus:
- 216 (a) the state entity or political subdivision shall maintain owner's or operator's security  
 217 during the term of the school bus use in an amount that is greater than or equal to any  
 218 governmental immunity liability limit;
- 219 (b) the state entity or the political subdivision shall indemnify and defend the LEA for  
 220 any claim that arises from the school bus use including a claim directed at the LEA,  
 221 unless the claim arises from the sole negligence of the LEA; and
- 222 (c) if the school district maintains owner's or operator's security for the school bus  
 223 during the term of school bus use, the owner's and operator's security maintained by  
 224 the state entity or political subdivision of the state is primary to the owner's and  
 225 operator's security maintained by the LEA.

226 Section 3. Section **41-12a-806** is amended to read:

227 **41-12a-806 (Effective upon governor's approval). Restricted account -- Creation**  
 228 **-- Funding -- Interest -- Purposes.**

- 229 (1) There is created within the Transportation Fund a restricted account known as the  
 230 "Uninsured Motorist Identification Restricted Account."
- 231 (2) The account consists of money generated from the following revenue sources:
- 232 (a) money received by the state under Subsection 41-1a-202(3);

- 233        ~~[(a)]~~ (b) money received by the state under Section 41-1a-1218, the uninsured motorist  
234            identification fee;
- 235        ~~[(b)]~~ (c) money received by the state under Section 41-1a-1220, the registration  
236            reinstatement fee; and
- 237        ~~[(e)]~~ (d) appropriations made to the account by the Legislature.
- 238 (3)(a) The account shall earn interest.
- 239        (b) All interest earned on account money shall be deposited into the account.
- 240 (4) The Legislature shall appropriate money from the account to:
- 241        (a) the department to fund the contract with the designated agent;
- 242        (b) the department to offset the costs to state and local law enforcement agencies of  
243            using the information for the purposes authorized under this part;
- 244        (c) the State Tax Commission to:
- 245            (i) offset the costs to the Motor Vehicle Division for revoking and reinstating vehicle  
246            registrations under Subsection 41-1a-110(2)(a)(ii); and
- 247            (ii) cover the contract and other costs of the designated agent for address verification  
248            described in Subsection 41-1a-202(3); and
- 249        (d) the department to reimburse a person for the costs of towing and storing the person's  
250            vehicle if:
- 251            (i) the person's vehicle was impounded in accordance with Subsection 41-1a-1101(4);
- 252            (ii) the impounded vehicle had owner's or operator's security in effect for the vehicle  
253            at the time of the impoundment;
- 254            (iii) the database indicated that owner's or operator's security was not in effect for the  
255            impounded vehicle; and
- 256            (iv) the department determines that the person's vehicle was wrongfully impounded.
- 257 (5) The Legislature may appropriate not more than \$2,000,000 annually from the account to  
258        the Peace Officer Standards and Training Division, created under Section 53-6-103, for  
259        use in law enforcement training, including training on the use of the Uninsured Motorist  
260        Identification Database Program created under~~[Title 41,]~~ Chapter 12a, Part 8, Uninsured  
261        Motorist Identification Database Program.
- 262 (6)(a) By following the procedures in Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures  
263        Act, the department shall hold a hearing to determine whether a person's vehicle was  
264        wrongfully impounded under Subsection 41-1a-1101(4).
- 265        (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the  
266        division shall make rules establishing procedures for a person to apply for a



267 reimbursement under Subsection (4)(d).

268 (c) A person is not eligible for a reimbursement under Subsection (4)(d) unless the  
269 person applies for the reimbursement within six months from the date that the motor  
270 vehicle was impounded.

271 Section 4. Section **59-12-107** is amended to read:

272 **59-12-107 (Effective 05/04/22). Definitions -- Collection, remittance, and**  
273 **payment of tax by sellers or other persons -- Returns -- Reports -- Direct payment by**  
274 **purchaser of vehicle -- Other liability for collection -- Rulemaking authority -- Credits --**  
275 **Treatment of bad debt -- Penalties and interest.**

276 (1) As used in this section:

277 (a) "Ownership" means direct ownership or indirect ownership through a parent,  
278 subsidiary, or affiliate.

279 (b) "Related seller" means a seller that:

280 (i) meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and

281 (ii) delivers tangible personal property, a service, or a product transferred  
282 electronically that is sold:

283 (A) by a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in  
284 Subsection (2)(a)(i); and

285 (B) to a purchaser in the state.

286 (c) "Substantial ownership interest" means an ownership interest in a business entity if  
287 that ownership interest is greater than the degree of ownership of equity interest  
288 specified in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 78p, with respect to a person other than a director or an  
289 officer.

290 (2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f), Section 59-12-107.1, or Section  
291 59-12-123, and subject to Subsection (2)(g), each seller shall pay or collect and remit  
292 the sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter if within this state the seller:

293 (i) has or utilizes:

294 (A) an office;

295 (B) a distribution house;

296 (C) a sales house;

297 (D) a warehouse;

298 (E) a service enterprise; or

299 (F) a place of business similar to Subsections (2)(a)(i)(A) through (E);

300 (ii) maintains a stock of goods;

- 301 (iii) regularly solicits orders, regardless of whether or not the orders are accepted in  
302 the state, unless the seller's only activity in the state is:
- 303 (A) advertising; or  
304 (B) solicitation by:
- 305 (I) direct mail;  
306 (II) electronic mail;  
307 (III) the Internet;  
308 (IV) telecommunications service; or  
309 (V) a means similar to Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) or (B);
- 310 (iv) regularly engages in the delivery of property in the state other than by:
- 311 (A) common carrier; or  
312 (B) United States mail; or
- 313 (v) regularly engages in an activity directly related to the leasing or servicing of  
314 property located within the state.
- 315 (b) A seller is considered to be engaged in the business of selling tangible personal  
316 property, a product transferred electronically, or a service for use in the state, and  
317 shall pay or collect and remit the sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter if:
- 318 (i) the seller holds a substantial ownership interest in, or is owned in whole or in  
319 substantial part by, a related seller; and
- 320 (ii)(A) the seller sells the same or a substantially similar line of products as the  
321 related seller and does so under the same or a substantially similar business  
322 name; or
- 323 (B) the place of business described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) of the related seller or  
324 an in state employee of the related seller is used to advertise, promote, or  
325 facilitate sales by the seller to a purchaser.
- 326 (c) Subject to Section 59-12-107.6, each seller that does not meet one or more of the  
327 criteria provided for in Subsection (2)(a) or is not a seller required to pay or collect  
328 and remit the sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter under Subsection (2)(b)  
329 shall pay or collect and remit the sales and use tax imposed by this chapter if the  
330 seller:
- 331 (i) sells tangible personal property, products transferred electronically, or services for  
332 storage, use, or consumption in the state; and
- 333 (ii) in either the previous calendar year or the current calendar year:
- 334 (A) receives gross revenue from the sale of tangible personal property, products

- 335 transferred electronically, or services for storage, use, or consumption in the  
336 state of more than \$100,000; or
- 337 (B) sells tangible personal property, products transferred electronically, or  
338 services for storage, use, or consumption in the state in 200 or more separate  
339 transactions.
- 340 (d) A seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria provided for in Subsection  
341 (2)(a) or is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under  
342 Subsection (2)(b), Subsection (2)(c), or Section 59-12-107.6 may voluntarily:
- 343 (i) collect a tax on a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and  
344 (ii) remit the tax to the commission as provided in this part.
- 345 (e) The collection and remittance of a tax under this chapter by a seller that is registered  
346 under the agreement may not be used as a factor in determining whether that seller is  
347 required by this Subsection (2) to:
- 348 (i) pay a tax, fee, or charge under:
- 349 (A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;  
350 (B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;  
351 (C) Section 19-6-714;  
352 (D) Section 19-6-805;  
353 (E) Title 69, Chapter 2, Part 4, Prepaid Wireless Telecommunications Service  
354 Charges; or  
355 (F) this title; or
- 356 (ii) collect and remit a tax, fee, or charge under:
- 357 (A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;  
358 (B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;  
359 (C) Section 19-6-714;  
360 (D) Section 19-6-805;  
361 (E) Title 69, Chapter 2, Part 4, Prepaid Wireless Telecommunications Service  
362 Charges; or  
363 (F) this title.
- 364 (f) A person shall pay a use tax imposed by this chapter on a transaction described in  
365 Subsection 59-12-103(1) if:
- 366 (i) the seller did not collect a tax imposed by this chapter on the transaction; and  
367 (ii) the person:
- 368 (A) stores the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in

- 369 the state;
- 370 (B) uses the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the  
371 state; or
- 372 (C) consumes the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically  
373 in the state.
- 374 (g) The ownership of property that is located at the premises of a printer's facility with  
375 which the retailer has contracted for printing and that consists of the final printed  
376 product, property that becomes a part of the final printed product, or copy from  
377 which the printed product is produced, shall not result in the retailer being considered  
378 to have or maintain an office, distribution house, sales house, warehouse, service  
379 enterprise, or other place of business, or to maintain a stock of goods, within this  
380 state.
- 381 (3)(a) Except as provided in Section 59-12-107.1, a seller shall collect a tax under this  
382 chapter from a purchaser.
- 383 (b) A seller may not collect as tax an amount, without regard to fractional parts of one  
384 cent, in excess of the tax computed at the rates prescribed by this chapter.
- 385 (c)(i) Each seller shall:
- 386 (A) give the purchaser a receipt for the tax collected; or  
387 (B) bill the tax as a separate item and declare the name of this state and the seller's  
388 sales and use tax license number on the invoice for the sale.
- 389 (ii) The receipt or invoice is prima facie evidence that the seller has collected the tax  
390 and relieves the purchaser of the liability for reporting the tax to the commission  
391 as a consumer.
- 392 (d) A seller is not required to maintain a separate account for the tax collected, but is  
393 considered to be a person charged with receipt, safekeeping, and transfer of public  
394 money.
- 395 (e) Taxes collected by a seller pursuant to this chapter shall be held in trust for the  
396 benefit of the state and for payment to the commission in the manner and at the time  
397 provided for in this chapter.
- 398 (f) If any seller, during any reporting period, collects as a tax an amount in excess of the  
399 lawful state and local percentage of total taxable sales allowed under this chapter, the  
400 seller shall remit to the commission the full amount of the tax imposed under this  
401 chapter, plus any excess.
- 402 (g) If the accounting methods regularly employed by the seller in the transaction of the

403 seller's business are such that reports of sales made during a calendar month or  
404 quarterly period will impose unnecessary hardships, the commission may accept  
405 reports at intervals that, in the commission's opinion, will better suit the convenience  
406 of the taxpayer or seller and will not jeopardize collection of the tax.

407 (h)(i) For a purchase paid with specie legal tender as defined in Section 59-1-1501.1,  
408 and until such time as the commission accepts specie legal tender for the payment  
409 of a tax under this chapter, if the commission requires a seller to remit a tax under  
410 this chapter in legal tender other than specie legal tender, the seller shall state on  
411 the seller's books and records and on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document  
412 provided to the purchaser:

413 (A) the purchase price in specie legal tender and in the legal tender the seller is  
414 required to remit to the commission;

415 (B) subject to Subsection (3)(h)(ii), the amount of tax due under this chapter in  
416 specie legal tender and in the legal tender the seller is required to remit to the  
417 commission;

418 (C) the tax rate under this chapter applicable to the purchase; and

419 (D) the date of the purchase.

420 (ii)(A) Subject to Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), for purposes of determining the amount  
421 of tax due under Subsection (3)(h)(i), a seller shall use the most recent London  
422 fixing price for the specie legal tender the purchaser paid.

423 (B) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,  
424 the commission may make rules for determining the amount of tax due under  
425 Subsection (3)(h)(i) if the London fixing price is not available for a particular  
426 day.

427 (4)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (5) through (7) and Section 59-12-108, the  
428 sales or use tax imposed by this chapter is due and payable to the commission  
429 quarterly on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each quarterly  
430 calendar period.

431 (b)(i) Each seller shall, on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each  
432 quarterly calendar period, file with the commission a return for the preceding  
433 quarterly period.

434 (ii) The seller shall remit with the return under Subsection (4)(b)(i) the amount of the  
435 tax required under this chapter to be collected or paid for the period covered by  
436 the return.

- 437 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), a return shall contain information and be in  
438 a form the commission prescribes by rule.
- 439 (d)(i) Subject to Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the sales tax as computed in the return shall be  
440 based on the total nonexempt sales made during the period for which the return is  
441 filed, including both cash and charge sales.
- 442 (ii) For a sale that includes the delivery or installation of tangible personal property at  
443 a location other than a seller's place of business described in Subsection (2)(a)(i),  
444 if the delivery or installation is separately stated on an invoice or receipt, a seller  
445 may compute the tax due on the sale for purposes of Subsection (4)(d)(i) based on  
446 the amount the seller receives for that sale during each period for which the seller  
447 receives payment for the sale.
- 448 (e)(i) The use tax as computed in the return shall be based on the total amount of  
449 purchases for storage, use, or other consumption in this state made during the  
450 period for which the return is filed, including both cash and charge purchases.
- 451 (ii)(A) As used in this Subsection (4)(e)(ii), "qualifying purchaser" means a  
452 purchaser that is required to remit taxes under this chapter, but is not required  
453 to remit taxes monthly in accordance with Section 59-12-108, and that converts  
454 tangible personal property into real property.
- 455 (B) Subject to Subsections (4)(e)(ii)(C) and (D), a qualifying purchaser may remit  
456 the taxes due under this chapter on tangible personal property for which the  
457 qualifying purchaser claims an exemption as allowed under Subsection  
458 59-12-104(23) or (25) based on the period in which the qualifying purchaser  
459 receives payment, in accordance with Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(C), for the  
460 conversion of the tangible personal property into real property.
- 461 (C) A qualifying purchaser remitting taxes due under this chapter in accordance  
462 with Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(B) shall remit an amount equal to the total amount of  
463 tax due on the qualifying purchaser's purchase of the tangible personal property  
464 that was converted into real property multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of  
465 which is the payment received in the period for the qualifying purchaser's sale  
466 of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property and the  
467 denominator of which is the entire sales price for the qualifying purchaser's  
468 sale of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property.
- 469 (D) A qualifying purchaser may remit taxes due under this chapter in accordance  
470 with this Subsection (4)(e)(ii) only if the books and records that the qualifying

- 471 purchaser keeps in the qualifying purchaser's regular course of business  
472 identify by reasonable and verifiable standards that the tangible personal  
473 property was converted into real property.
- 474 (f)(i) Subject to Subsection (4)(f)(ii) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,  
475 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule extend the  
476 time for making returns and paying the taxes.
- 477 (ii) An extension under Subsection (4)(f)(i) may not be for more than 90 days.
- 478 (g) The commission may require returns and payment of the tax to be made for other  
479 than quarterly periods if the commission considers it necessary in order to ensure the  
480 payment of the tax imposed by this chapter.
- 481 (h)(i) The commission may require a seller that files a simplified electronic return  
482 with the commission to file an additional electronic report with the commission.
- 483 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,  
484 the commission may make rules providing:
- 485 (A) the information required to be included in the additional electronic report  
486 described in Subsection (4)(h)(i); and
- 487 (B) one or more due dates for filing the additional electronic report described in  
488 Subsection (4)(h)(i).
- 489 (5)(a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Subsection (6)(b), "voluntary seller" means a  
490 seller that is:
- 491 (i) registered under the agreement;
- 492 (ii) described in Subsection (2)(d); and
- 493 (iii) not a:
- 494 (A) model 1 seller;
- 495 (B) model 2 seller; or
- 496 (C) model 3 seller.
- 497 (b)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a tax a voluntary seller collects in  
498 accordance with Subsection (2)(d) is due and payable:
- 499 (A) to the commission;
- 500 (B) annually; and
- 501 (C) on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of  
502 each calendar year.
- 503 (ii) The commission may require that a tax a voluntary seller collects in accordance  
504 with Subsection (2)(d) be due and payable:

- 505 (A) to the commission; and
- 506 (B) on the last day of the month immediately following any month in which the
- 507 seller accumulates a total of at least \$1,000 in agreement sales and use tax.
- 508 (c)(i) If a voluntary seller remits a tax to the commission in accordance with
- 509 Subsection (5)(b), the voluntary seller shall file a return:
- 510 (A) with the commission;
- 511 (B) with respect to the tax;
- 512 (C) containing information prescribed by the commission; and
- 513 (D) on a form prescribed by the commission.
- 514 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
- 515 the commission shall make rules prescribing:
- 516 (A) the information required to be contained in a return described in Subsection
- 517 (5)(c)(i); and
- 518 (B) the form described in Subsection (5)(c)(i)(D).
- 519 (d) A tax a voluntary seller collects in accordance with this Subsection (5) shall be
- 520 calculated on the basis of the total amount of taxable transactions under Subsection
- 521 59-12-103(1) the voluntary seller completes, including:
- 522 (i) a cash transaction; and
- 523 (ii) a charge transaction.
- 524 (6)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a tax a seller that files a simplified
- 525 electronic return collects in accordance with this chapter is due and payable:
- 526 (i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month
- 527 for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and
- 528 (ii) for the month for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter.
- 529 (b) A tax a voluntary seller that files a simplified electronic return collects in accordance
- 530 with this chapter is due and payable as provided in Subsection (5).
- 531 (7)(a) On each vehicle sale made by other than a regular licensed vehicle dealer, the
- 532 purchaser shall pay the sales or use tax directly to the commission if the vehicle is
- 533 subject to titling or registration under the laws of this state.
- 534 (b) The commission shall collect the tax described in Subsection (7)(a) when the vehicle
- 535 is titled or registered.
- 536 (c) If a commission investigation under Section 41-1a-202 determines that an owner of a
- 537 vehicle or vessel is not in compliance with this chapter, the owner shall pay a liability
- 538 under this chapter directly to the commission if the vehicle or vessel is subject to



- 539            titling or registration under the laws of this state.
- 540 (8) If any sale of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
- 541 Subsection 59-12-103(1), is made by a wholesaler to a retailer:
- 542 (a) the wholesaler is not responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed on
- 543 the sale; and
- 544 (b) the retailer is responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed on the sale
- 545 if:
- 546 (i) the retailer represents that the tangible personal property, product transferred
- 547 electronically, or service is purchased by the retailer for resale; and
- 548 (ii) the tangible personal property, product transferred electronically, or service is not
- 549 subsequently resold.
- 550 (9) If any sale of property or service subject to the tax is made to a person prepaying sales
- 551 or use tax in accordance with Title 63M, Chapter 5, Resource Development Act, or to a
- 552 contractor or subcontractor of that person:
- 553 (a) the person to whom such payment or consideration is payable is not responsible for
- 554 the collection or payment of the sales or use tax; and
- 555 (b) the person prepaying the sales or use tax is responsible for the collection or payment
- 556 of the sales or use tax if the person prepaying the sales or use tax represents that the
- 557 amount prepaid as sales or use tax has not been fully credited against sales or use tax
- 558 due and payable under the rules promulgated by the commission.
- 559 (10)(a) For purposes of this Subsection (10):
- 560 (i) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(a)(ii), "bad debt" means the same as that
- 561 term is defined in Section 166, Internal Revenue Code.
- 562 (ii) "Bad debt" does not include:
- 563 (A) an amount included in the purchase price of tangible personal property, a
- 564 product transferred electronically, or a service that is:
- 565 (I) not a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); or
- 566 (II) exempt under Section 59-12-104;
- 567 (B) a financing charge;
- 568 (C) interest;
- 569 (D) a tax imposed under this chapter on the purchase price of tangible personal
- 570 property, a product transferred electronically, or a service;
- 571 (E) an uncollectible amount on tangible personal property or a product transferred
- 572 electronically that:

- 573 (I) is subject to a tax under this chapter; and
- 574 (II) remains in the possession of a seller until the full purchase price is paid;
- 575 (F) an expense incurred in attempting to collect any debt; or
- 576 (G) an amount that a seller does not collect on repossessed property.
- 577 (b)(i) To the extent an amount remitted in accordance with Subsection (4)(d) later
- 578 becomes bad debt, a seller may deduct the bad debt from the total amount from
- 579 which a tax under this chapter is calculated on a return.
- 580 (ii) A qualifying purchaser, as defined in Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(A), may deduct from
- 581 the total amount of taxes due under this chapter the amount of tax the qualifying
- 582 purchaser paid on the qualifying purchaser's purchase of tangible personal
- 583 property converted into real property to the extent that:
- 584 (A) tax was remitted in accordance with Subsection (4)(e) on that tangible
- 585 personal property converted into real property;
- 586 (B) the qualifying purchaser's sale of that tangible personal property converted
- 587 into real property later becomes bad debt; and
- 588 (C) the books and records that the qualifying purchaser keeps in the qualifying
- 589 purchaser's regular course of business identify by reasonable and verifiable
- 590 standards that the tangible personal property was converted into real property.
- 591 (c) A seller may file a refund claim with the commission if:
- 592 (i) the amount of bad debt for the time period described in Subsection (10)(e) exceeds
- 593 the amount of the seller's sales that are subject to a tax under this chapter for that
- 594 same time period; and
- 595 (ii) as provided in Section 59-1-1410.
- 596 (d) A bad debt deduction under this section may not include interest.
- 597 (e) A bad debt may be deducted under this Subsection (10) on a return for the time
- 598 period during which the bad debt:
- 599 (i) is written off as uncollectible in the seller's books and records; and
- 600 (ii) would be eligible for a bad debt deduction:
- 601 (A) for federal income tax purposes; and
- 602 (B) if the seller were required to file a federal income tax return.
- 603 (f) If a seller recovers any portion of bad debt for which the seller makes a deduction or
- 604 claims a refund under this Subsection (10), the seller shall report and remit a tax
- 605 under this chapter:
- 606 (i) on the portion of the bad debt the seller recovers; and

- 607 (ii) on a return filed for the time period for which the portion of the bad debt is  
608 recovered.
- 609 (g) For purposes of reporting a recovery of a portion of bad debt under Subsection (10)(f),  
610 a seller shall apply amounts received on the bad debt in the following order:
- 611 (i) in a proportional amount:
- 612 (A) to the purchase price of the tangible personal property, product transferred  
613 electronically, or service; and
- 614 (B) to the tax due under this chapter on the tangible personal property, product  
615 transferred electronically, or service; and
- 616 (ii) to:
- 617 (A) interest charges;
- 618 (B) service charges; and
- 619 (C) other charges.
- 620 (h) A seller's certified service provider may make a deduction or claim a refund for bad  
621 debt on behalf of the seller:
- 622 (i) in accordance with this Subsection (10); and
- 623 (ii) if the certified service provider credits or refunds the entire amount of the bad  
624 debt deduction or refund to the seller.
- 625 (i) A seller may allocate bad debt among the states that are members of the agreement if  
626 the seller's books and records support that allocation.
- 627 (11)(a) A seller may not, with intent to evade any tax, fail to timely remit the full  
628 amount of tax required by this chapter.
- 629 (b) A violation of this section is punishable as provided in Section 59-1-401.
- 630 (c) Each person that fails to pay any tax to the state or any amount of tax required to be  
631 paid to the state, except amounts determined to be due by the commission under  
632 Chapter 1, Part 14, Assessment, Collections, and Refunds Act, or Section 59-12-111,  
633 within the time required by this chapter, or that fails to file any return as required by  
634 this chapter, shall pay, in addition to the tax, penalties and interest as provided in  
635 Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.
- 636 (d) For purposes of prosecution under this section, each quarterly tax period in which a  
637 seller, with intent to evade any tax, collects a tax and fails to timely remit the full  
638 amount of the tax required to be remitted constitutes a separate offense.

639 **Section 5. Effective date.**

640 This bill takes effect:

- 641 (1) except as provided in Subsection (2), May 7, 2025; or  
642 (2) if approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house:  
643 (a) upon approval by the governor;  
644 (b) without the governor's signature, the day following the constitutional time limit of  
645 Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8; or  
646 (c) in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.