	DRIVER LICENSE AND IMPLIED CONSENT
	MODIFICATIONS
	2019 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Karen Mayne
	House Sponsor: Norman K. Thurston
Ι	LONG TITLE
(Committee Note:
	The Administrative Rules Review Committee recommended this bill.
	Legislative Vote: 8 voting for 0 voting against 2 absent
(General Description:
	This bill amends provisions related to a driver license, implied consent to a chemical
)	est, and driving under the influence.
ŀ	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 amends provisions related to procedures involving law enforcement when an
i	ndividual suspected of driving under the influence refuses to submit to a chemical
t	est;
	 amends provisions related to a temporary driver license and the notice given
r	regarding a temporary driver license and related hearings involving an individual
V	who refuses to submit to a chemical test;
	 extends the time from 30 days to 45 days in which a driver license sanction may be
a	applied; and
	makes technical changes.
N	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None



28	Other Special Clauses:
9	None
0	Utah Code Sections Affected:
1	AMENDS:
2	41-6a-520, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 35
3	41-6a-521, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 181
4	53-3-223, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 417
5	53-3-231, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 417
6	53-3-418, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 35
8	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
9	Section 1. Section 41-6a-520 is amended to read:
0	41-6a-520. Implied consent to chemical tests for alcohol or drug Number of
-1	tests Refusal Warning, report.
-2	(1) (a) A person operating a motor vehicle in this state is considered to have given the
-3	person's consent to a chemical test or tests of the person's breath, blood, urine, or oral fluids for
4	the purpose of determining whether the person was operating or in actual physical control of a
-5	motor vehicle while:
6	(i) having a blood or breath alcohol content statutorily prohibited under Section
7	41-6a-502, 41-6a-530, or 53-3-231;
8	(ii) under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or combination of alcohol and any drug
.9	under Section 41-6a-502; or
0	(iii) having any measurable controlled substance or metabolite of a controlled
1	substance in the person's body in violation of Section 41-6a-517.
52	(b) A test or tests authorized under this Subsection (1) must be administered at the
3	direction of a peace officer having grounds to believe that person to have been operating or in
4	actual physical control of a motor vehicle while in violation of any provision under Subsections
55	(1)(a)(i) through (iii).
6	(c) (i) The peace officer determines which of the tests are administered and how many
7	of them are administered.

(ii) If a peace officer requests more than one test, refusal by a person to take one or

more requested tests, even though the person does submit to any other requested test or tests, is a refusal under this section.

- (d) (i) A person who has been requested under this section to submit to a chemical test or tests of the person's breath, blood, or urine, or oral fluids may not select the test or tests to be administered.
- (ii) The failure or inability of a peace officer to arrange for any specific chemical test is not a defense to taking a test requested by a peace officer, and it is not a defense in any criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding resulting from a person's refusal to submit to the requested test or tests.
- (2) (a) A peace officer requesting a test or tests shall warn a person that refusal to submit to the test or tests may result in revocation of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle, a five or 10 year prohibition of driving with any measurable or detectable amount of alcohol in the person's body depending on the person's prior driving history, and a three-year prohibition of driving without an ignition interlock device if the person:
 - (i) has been placed under arrest;

- (ii) has then been requested by a peace officer to submit to any one or more of the chemical tests under Subsection (1); and
 - (iii) refuses to submit to any chemical test requested.
- (b) (i) Following the warning under Subsection (2)(a), if the person does not immediately request that the chemical test or tests as offered by a peace officer be administered, a peace officer shall, on behalf of the Driver License Division and within 24 hours of the arrest, give notice of the Driver License Division's intention to revoke the person's privilege or license to operate a motor vehicle.
- (ii) When a peace officer gives the notice on behalf of the Driver License Division, the peace officer shall[: (A) take the Utah license certificate or permit, if any, of the operator; (B) issue a temporary license certificate effective for only 29 days from the date of arrest; and (C)] supply to the operator, in a manner specified by the Driver License Division, basic information regarding how to obtain a hearing before the Driver License Division.
- [(c) A citation issued by a peace officer may, if provided in a manner specified by the Driver License Division, also serve as the temporary license certificate.]
 - [(d)] (c) As a matter of procedure, the peace officer shall submit a signed report, within

90 10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided under Subsection (2)(b), that:

- (i) the peace officer had grounds to believe the arrested person was in violation of any provision under Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii); and
 - (ii) the person had refused to submit to a chemical test or tests under Subsection (1).
- (3) Upon the request of the person who was tested, the results of the test or tests shall be made available to the person.
- (4) (a) The person to be tested may, at the person's own expense, have a physician of the person's own choice administer a chemical test in addition to the test or tests administered at the direction of a peace officer.
- (b) The failure or inability to obtain the additional test does not affect admissibility of the results of the test or tests taken at the direction of a peace officer, or preclude or delay the test or tests to be taken at the direction of a peace officer.
- (c) The additional test shall be subsequent to the test or tests administered at the direction of a peace officer.
- (5) For the purpose of determining whether to submit to a chemical test or tests, the person to be tested does not have the right to consult an attorney or have an attorney, physician, or other person present as a condition for the taking of any test.
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions in this section, a blood test taken under this section is subject to Section 77-23-213.
 - Section 2. Section **41-6a-521** is amended to read:

41-6a-521. Revocation hearing for refusal -- Appeal.

- (1) (a) A person who has been notified of the Driver License Division's intention to revoke the person's license under Section 41-6a-520 is entitled to a hearing.
- (b) A request for the hearing shall be made in writing within 10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided.
- (c) Upon request in a manner specified by the Driver License Division, the Driver License Division shall grant to the person an opportunity to be heard within 29 days after the date of arrest.
- (d) If the person does not make a request for a hearing before the Driver License Division under this Subsection (1), the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in the state is revoked beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest:

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121	(i) for a person 21 years of age or older on the date of arrest, for a period of:
122	(A) 18 months, unless Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) applies; or
123	(B) 36 months, if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2009, and the person has had a
124	previous:
125	(I) license sanction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the
126	date of arrest under Section 41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-530, 53-3-223, or 53-3-231; or
127	(II) conviction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date
128	of arrest under Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this state that would
129	constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502;
130	(ii) for a person under 21 years of age on the date of arrest:
131	(A) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer,
132	if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2011, unless Subsection (1)(d)(ii)(B) applies; or
133	(B) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of 36 months, whichever is
134	longer, if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2009, and the person has had a previous:
135	(I) license sanction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the
136	date of arrest under Section 41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-530, 53-3-223, or 53-3-231; or
137	(II) conviction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date
138	of arrest under Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this state that would
139	constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502; or
140	(iii) for a person that was arrested prior to July 1, 2009, for the suspension periods in
141	effect prior to July 1, 2009.
142	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), if a hearing is requested by the person,
143	the hearing shall be conducted by the Driver License Division in:
144	(i) the county in which the offense occurred; or
145	(ii) a county which is adjacent to the county in which the offense occurred.
146	(b) The Driver License Division may hold a hearing in some other county if the Driver
147	License Division and the person both agree.

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53-3-231; and

(a) whether a peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe that a person was

(3) The hearing shall be documented and shall cover the issues of:

operating a motor vehicle in violation of Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 41-6a-530, or

(b) whether the person refused to submit to the test or tests under Section 41-6a-520.

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- (4) (a) In connection with the hearing, the division or its authorized agent:
- 154 (i) may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and 155 the production of relevant books and papers; and
 - (ii) shall issue subpoenas for the attendance of necessary peace officers.
 - (b) The Driver License Division shall pay witness fees and mileage from the Transportation Fund in accordance with the rates established in Section 78B-1-119.
 - (5) (a) If after a hearing, the Driver License Division determines that the person was requested to submit to a chemical test or tests and refused to submit to the test or tests, or if the person fails to appear before the Driver License Division as required in the notice, the Driver License Division shall revoke the person's license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in Utah beginning on the date the hearing is held:
 - (i) for a person 21 years of age or older on the date of arrest, for a period of:
 - (A) 18 months unless Subsection (5)(a)(i)(B) applies; or
- 166 (B) 36 months, if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2009, and the person has had a previous:
 - (I) license sanction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date of arrest under Section 41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-530, 53-3-223, or 53-3-231; or
 - (II) conviction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date of arrest under Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this state that would constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502;
 - (ii) for a person under 21 years of age on the date of arrest:
 - (A) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, for an arrest that was made on or after July 1, 2011, and unless Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(B) applies; or
 - (B) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of 36 months, whichever is longer, if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2009, and the person has had a previous:
 - (I) license sanction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date of arrest under Section 41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-530, 53-3-223, or 53-3-231; or
- (II) conviction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date of arrest under Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this state that would

constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502; or

- (iii) for a person that was arrested prior to July 1, 2009, for the revocation periods in effect prior to July 1, 2009.
- (b) The Driver License Division shall also assess against the person, in addition to any fee imposed under Subsection 53-3-205(12), a fee under Section 53-3-105, which shall be paid before the person's driving privilege is reinstated, to cover administrative costs.
- (c) The fee shall be cancelled if the person obtains an unappealed court decision following a proceeding allowed under Subsection (2) that the revocation was improper.
- (6) (a) Any person whose license has been revoked by the Driver License Division under this section following an administrative hearing may seek judicial review.
 - (b) Judicial review of an informal adjudicative proceeding is a trial.
 - (c) Venue is in the district court in the county in which the offense occurred.
 - Section 3. Section **53-3-223** is amended to read:
- 53-3-223. Chemical test for driving under the influence -- Temporary license -- Hearing and decision -- Suspension and fee -- Judicial review.
- (1) (a) If a peace officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person may be violating or has violated Section 41-6a-502, prohibiting the operation of a vehicle with a certain blood or breath alcohol concentration and driving under the influence of any drug, alcohol, or combination of a drug and alcohol or while having any measurable controlled substance or metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's body in violation of Section 41-6a-517, the peace officer may, in connection with arresting the person, request that the person submit to a chemical test or tests to be administered in compliance with the standards under Section 41-6a-520.
- (b) In this section, a reference to Section 41-6a-502 includes any similar local ordinance adopted in compliance with Subsection 41-6a-510(1).
- (2) The peace officer shall advise a person prior to the person's submission to a chemical test that a test result indicating a violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517 shall, and the existence of a blood alcohol content sufficient to render the person incapable of safely driving a motor vehicle may, result in suspension or revocation of the person's license to drive a motor vehicle.
 - (3) If the person submits to a chemical test and the test results indicate a blood or

breath alcohol content in violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517, or if a peace officer makes a determination, based on reasonable grounds, that the person is otherwise in violation of Section 41-6a-502, a peace officer shall, on behalf of the division and within 24 hours of arrest, give notice of the division's intention to suspend the person's license to drive a motor vehicle.

- (4) [(a)] When a peace officer gives notice on behalf of the division, the peace officer shall[: (i) take the Utah license certificate or permit, if any, of the driver; (ii) issue a temporary license certificate effective for only 29 days from the date of arrest; and (iii)] supply to the driver, in a manner specified by the division, basic information regarding how to obtain a prompt hearing before the division.
- [(b) A citation issued by a peace officer may, if provided in a manner specified by the division, also serve as the temporary license certificate.]
- (5) As a matter of procedure, a peace officer shall send to the division within 10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided:
 - (a) the person's license certificate;

- (b) a copy of the citation issued for the offense;
- (c) a signed report in a manner specified by the division indicating the chemical test results, if any; and
- (d) any other basis for the peace officer's determination that the person has violated Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517.
- (6) (a) Upon request in a manner specified by the division, the division shall grant to the person an opportunity to be heard within 29 days after the date of arrest. The request to be heard shall be made within 10 calendar days of the day on which notice is provided under Subsection (5).
- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a hearing, if held, shall be before the division in:
 - (A) the county in which the arrest occurred; or
 - (B) a county that is adjacent to the county in which the arrest occurred.
- 242 (ii) The division may hold a hearing in some other county if the division and the person 243 both agree.
 - (c) The hearing shall be documented and shall cover the issues of:

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245 (i) whether a peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving a 246 motor vehicle in violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517; 247

- (ii) whether the person refused to submit to the test; and
- 248 (iii) the test results, if any.

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- (d) (i) In connection with a hearing the division or its authorized agent:
- (A) may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers; or
 - (B) may issue subpoenas for the attendance of necessary peace officers.
- (ii) The division shall pay witness fees and mileage from the Transportation Fund in accordance with the rates established in Section 78B-1-119.
 - (e) The division may designate one or more employees to conduct the hearing.
- (f) Any decision made after a hearing before any designated employee is as valid as if made by the division.
- (7) (a) If, after a hearing, the division determines that a peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person was driving a motor vehicle in violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517, if the person failed to appear before the division as required in the notice, or if a hearing is not requested under this section, the division shall:
- (i) if the person is 21 years of age or older at the time of arrest and the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2009, suspend the person's license or permit to operate a motor vehicle for a period of:
- (A) 120 days beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a first suspension; or
- (B) two years beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or subsequent suspension for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years; or
- (ii) if the person is under 21 years of age at the time of arrest and the arrest was made on or after May 14, 2013:
 - (A) suspend the person's license or permit to operate a motor vehicle:
- 272 (I) for a period of six months, beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest 273 for a first suspension; or
- 274 (II) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, 275 beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or subsequent suspension

276 for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years; or

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- (B) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit:
- 278 (I) for a period of six months for a first suspension, if the person has not been issued an operator license; or
 - (II) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or subsequent suspension for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years.
 - (b) The division shall deny or suspend a person's license for the denial and suspension periods in effect:
 - (i) prior to July 1, 2009, for an offense that was committed prior to July 1, 2009;
 - (ii) from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, if:
- 287 (A) the person was 20 years 6 months of age or older but under 21 years of age at the time of arrest; and
 - (B) the conviction under Subsection (2) is for an offense that was committed on or after July 1, 2009, and prior to July 1, 2011; or
 - (iii) prior to May 14, 2013, for an offense that was committed prior to May 14, 2013.
 - (c) (i) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A), the division shall reinstate a person's license prior to completion of the 120 day suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A):
 - (A) immediately upon receiving written verification of the person's dismissal of a charge for a violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517, if the written verification is received prior to completion of the suspension period; or
 - (B) no sooner than 60 days beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest upon receiving written verification of the person's reduction of a charge for a violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517, if the written verification is received prior to completion of the suspension period.
 - (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (7)(b), the division shall reinstate a person's license prior to completion of the 120-day suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) immediately upon receiving written verification of the person's conviction of impaired driving under Section 41-6a-502.5 if:
 - (A) the written verification is received prior to completion of the suspension period;

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307	and
308	(B) the reporting court notifies the Driver License Division that the defendant is
309	participating in or has successfully completed the program of a driving under the influence
310	court as defined in Section 41-6a-501.
311	(iii) If a person's license is reinstated under this Subsection (7)(c), the person is
312	required to pay the license reinstatement fees under Subsections 53-3-105(24) and (25).
313	(iv) The driver license reinstatements authorized under this Subsection (7)(c) only
314	apply to a 120 day suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A).
315	(8) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(b)(iii), the division shall
316	shorten a person's two-year license suspension period that is currently in effect to a six-month
317	suspension period if:
318	(i) the driver was under the age of 19 at the time of arrest;
319	(ii) the offense was a first offense that was committed prior to May 14, 2013; and
320	(iii) the suspension under Subsection (7)(b)(iii) was based on the same occurrence
321	upon which the following written verifications are based:
322	(A) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section
323	41-6a-502 pursuant to Subsection 41-6a-509(8);
324	(B) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section
325	41-6a-517 pursuant to Subsection 41-6a-517(11);
326	(C) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section
327	32B-4-409;
328	(D) a dismissal for a violation of Section 41-6a-502, Section 41-6a-517, or Section
329	32B-4-409;
330	(E) a notice of declination to prosecute for a charge under Section 41-6a-502, Section
331	41-6a-517, or Section 32B-4-409;
332	(F) a reduction of a charge under Section 41-6a-502, Section 41-6a-517, or Section
333	32B-4-409; or

335 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 336 division may make rules establishing requirements for acceptable written documentation to 337 shorten a person's driver license suspension period under Subsection (8)(a)(iii)(G).

(G) other written documentation acceptable to the division.

338 (c) If a person's license sanction is shortened under this Subsection (8), the person is 339 required to pay the license reinstatement fees under Subsections 53-3-105(24) and (25). 340 (9) (a) The division shall assess against a person, in addition to any fee imposed under 341 Subsection 53-3-205(12) for driving under the influence, a fee under Section 53-3-105 to cover 342 administrative costs, which shall be paid before the person's driving privilege is reinstated. 343 This fee shall be cancelled if the person obtains an unappealed division hearing or court decision that the suspension was not proper. 344 345 (b) A person whose license has been suspended by the division under this section 346 following an administrative hearing may file a petition within 30 days after the suspension for a 347 hearing on the matter which, if held, is governed by Section 53-3-224. 348 (10) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i) or (ii), the division shall 349 reinstate a person's license before completion of the suspension period imposed under 350 Subsection (7)(a)(i) or (ii) if the reporting court notifies the Driver License Division that the 351 defendant is participating in or has successfully completed a 24-7 sobriety program as defined 352 in Section 41-6a-515.5. 353 (b) If a person's license is reinstated under Subsection (10)(a), the person is required to 354 pay the license reinstatement fees under Subsections 53-3-105(24) and (25). 355 Section 4. Section 53-3-231 is amended to read: 356 53-3-231. Person under 21 may not operate a vehicle or motorboat with 357 detectable alcohol in body -- Chemical test procedures -- Temporary license -- Hearing 358 and decision -- Suspension of license or operating privilege -- Fees -- Judicial review --Referral to local substance abuse authority or program. 359 360 (1) (a) As used in this section: 361 (i) "Local substance abuse authority" has the same meaning as provided in Section 362 62A-15-102. 363 (ii) "Substance abuse program" means any substance abuse program licensed by the 364 Department of Human Services or the Department of Health and approved by the local 365 substance abuse authority. 366 (b) Calculations of blood, breath, or urine alcohol concentration under this section shall

(2) (a) A person younger than 21 years of age may not operate or be in actual physical

be made in accordance with the procedures in Subsection 41-6a-502(1).

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control of a vehicle or motorboat with any measurable blood, breath, or urine alcohol concentration in the person's body as shown by a chemical test.

- (b) A person who violates Subsection (2)(a), in addition to any other applicable penalties arising out of the incident, shall have the person's operator license denied or suspended as provided in Subsection [(8)] (7).
- (3) (a) When a peace officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person may be violating or has violated Subsection (2), the peace officer may, in connection with arresting the person for a violation of Section 32B-4-409, request that the person submit to a chemical test or tests to be administered in compliance with the standards under Section 41-6a-520.
- (b) The peace officer shall advise a person prior to the person's submission to a chemical test that a test result indicating a violation of Subsection (2)(a) will result in denial or suspension of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle or a refusal to issue a license.
- (c) If the person submits to a chemical test and the test results indicate a blood, breath, or urine alcohol content in violation of Subsection (2)(a), or if a peace officer makes a determination, based on reasonable grounds, that the person is otherwise in violation of Subsection (2)(a), a peace officer shall, on behalf of the division and within 24 hours of the arrest, give notice of the division's intention to deny or suspend the person's license to operate a vehicle or refusal to issue a license under this section.
- (4) When a peace officer gives notice on behalf of the division, the peace officer shall[: (a) take the Utah license certificate or permit, if any, of the operator; (b) issue a temporary license certificate effective for only 29 days from the date of arrest if the driver had a valid operator's license; and (c)] supply to the operator, in a manner specified by the division, basic information regarding how to obtain a prompt hearing before the division.
- [(5) A citation issued by a peace officer may, if provided in a manner specified by the division, also serve as the temporary license certificate under Subsection (4)(b).]
- [(6)] (5) As a matter of procedure, a peace officer shall send to the division within 10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided:
 - (a) the person's driver license certificate, if any;
 - (b) a copy of the citation issued for the offense;
- 398 (c) a signed report in a manner specified by the Driver License Division indicating the chemical test results, if any; and

400	(d) any other basis for a peace officer's determination that the person has violated
401	Subsection (2).
402	[(7)] (6) (a) (i) Upon request in a manner specified by the division, the Driver License
403	Division shall grant to the person an opportunity to be heard within 29 days after the date of
404	arrest under Section 32B-4-409.
405	(ii) The request shall be made within 10 calendar days of the day on which notice is
406	provided.
407	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6)(b)(ii), a hearing, if held, shall be
408	before the division in:
409	(A) the county in which the arrest occurred; or
410	(B) a county that is adjacent to the county in which the arrest occurred.
411	(ii) The division may hold a hearing in some other county if the division and the person
412	both agree.
413	(c) The hearing shall be documented and shall cover the issues of:
414	(i) whether a peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person was operating
415	a motor vehicle or motorboat in violation of Subsection (2)(a);
416	(ii) whether the person refused to submit to the test; and
417	(iii) the test results, if any.
418	(d) In connection with a hearing, the division or its authorized agent may administer
419	oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant
420	books and papers and records as defined in Section 46-4-102.
421	(e) One or more members of the division may conduct the hearing.
422	(f) Any decision made after a hearing before any number of the members of the
423	division is as valid as if made after a hearing before the full membership of the division.
424	[(8)] (7) If, after a hearing, the division determines that a peace officer had reasonable
425	grounds to believe that the person was driving a motor vehicle in violation of Subsection (2)(a)
426	if the person fails to appear before the division as required in the notice, or if the person does
427	not request a hearing under this section, the division shall for a person under 21 years of age on
428	the date of arrest:
429	(a) deny the person's license until the person complies with Subsection $[\frac{(12)}{(11)}]$ $\underline{(11)}(b)(i)$
430	but for a period of not less than six months beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of

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arrest for a first offense under Subsection (2)(a) committed on or after May 14, 2013;

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- (b) suspend the person's license until the person complies with Subsection [(12)] (11)(b)(i) and until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (2)(a) committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within 10 years of a prior denial or suspension;
- (c) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit until the person complies with Subsection [(12)] (11)(b)(i) but for a period of not less than six months if:
 - (i) the person has not been issued an operator license; and
- 440 (ii) the suspension is for a first offense under Subsection (2)(a) committed on or after 441 July 1, 2009;
 - (d) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit until the person complies with Subsection [(12)] (11)(b)(i) and until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, if:
 - (i) the person has not been issued an operator license; and
 - (ii) the suspension is for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (2)(a) committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within 10 years of a prior denial or suspension; or
 - (e) deny or suspend a person's license for the denial and suspension periods in effect:
 - (i) prior to July 1, 2009, for a violation under Subsection (2)(a) that was committed prior to July 1, 2009;
 - (ii) from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, if the person was 20 years 6 months of age or older but under 21 years of age at the time of arrest and the conviction under Subsection (2) is for an offense that was committed on or after July 1, 2009, and prior to July 1, 2011; or
 - (iii) prior to May 14, 2013, for a violation under Subsection (2)(a) that was committed prior to May 14, 2013.
 - [(9)] (8) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection [(8)] (7)(e)(iii), the division shall shorten a person's one-year license suspension or denial period that is currently in effect to a six-month suspension or denial period if:
 - (i) the driver was under the age of 19 at the time of arrest;
- 460 (ii) the offense was a first offense that was committed prior to May 14, 2013; and
- 461 (iii) the suspension or denial under Subsection [(8)] (7)(e)(iii) was based on the same

- occurrence upon which the following written verifications are based:
- 463 (A) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section 41-6a-502 pursuant to Subsection 41-6a-509(8);
- 465 (B) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section 41-6a-517 pursuant to Subsection 41-6a-517(11);
- 467 (C) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section 468 32B-4-409;
- 469 (D) a dismissal for a violation of Section 41-6a-502, Section 41-6a-517, or Section 470 32B-4-409;
- 471 (E) a notice of declination to prosecute for a charge under Section 41-6a-502, Section 472 41-6a-517, or Section 32B-4-409;
- 473 (F) a reduction of a charge under Section 41-6a-502, Section 41-6a-517, or Section 474 32B-4-409; or
 - (G) other written documentation acceptable to the division.

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- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the division may make rules establishing requirements for acceptable documentation to shorten a person's driver license suspension or denial period under this Subsection [(9)] <u>(8)</u>.
- (c) If a person's license sanction is shortened under this Subsection [(9)] (8), the person is required to pay the license reinstatement fees under Subsections 53-3-105(24) and (25).
- [(10)] (9) (a) (i) Following denial or suspension the division shall assess against a person, in addition to any fee imposed under Subsection 53-3-205(12), a fee under Section 53-3-105, which shall be paid before the person's driving privilege is reinstated, to cover administrative costs.
- (ii) This fee shall be canceled if the person obtains an unappealed division hearing or court decision that the suspension was not proper.
- (b) A person whose operator license has been denied, suspended, or postponed by the division under this section following an administrative hearing may file a petition within 30 days after the suspension for a hearing on the matter which, if held, is governed by Section 53-3-224.
- 491 [(11)] (10) After reinstatement of an operator license for a first offense under this 492 section, a report authorized under Section 53-3-104 may not contain evidence of the denial or

suspension of the person's operator license under this section if the person has not been convicted of any other offense for which the denial or suspension may be extended.

[(12)] (11) (a) In addition to the penalties in Subsection [(8)] (9), a person who violates

- (i) obtain an assessment and recommendation for appropriate action from a substance abuse program, but any associated costs shall be the person's responsibility; or
- (ii) be referred by the division to the local substance abuse authority for an assessment and recommendation for appropriate action.
- (b) (i) Reinstatement of the person's operator license or the right to obtain an operator license within five years of the effective date of the license sanction under Subsection [(8)] (7) is contingent upon successful completion of the action recommended by the local substance abuse authority or the substance abuse program.
- (ii) The local substance abuse authority's or the substance abuse program's recommended action shall be determined by an assessment of the person's alcohol abuse and may include:
 - (A) a targeted education and prevention program;
 - (B) an early intervention program; or

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Subsection (2)(a) shall:

- (C) a substance abuse treatment program.
- (iii) Successful completion of the recommended action shall be determined by standards established by the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health.
- (c) At the conclusion of the penalty period imposed under Subsection (2), the local substance abuse authority or the substance abuse program shall notify the division of the person's status regarding completion of the recommended action.
- (d) The local substance abuse authorities and the substance abuse programs shall cooperate with the division in:
 - (i) conducting the assessments;
 - (ii) making appropriate recommendations for action; and
- (iii) notifying the division about the person's status regarding completion of the recommended action.
- 522 (e) (i) The local substance abuse authority is responsible for the cost of the assessment 523 of the person's alcohol abuse, if the assessment is conducted by the local substance abuse

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- (ii) The local substance abuse authority or a substance abuse program selected by a person is responsible for:
 - (A) conducting an assessment of the person's alcohol abuse; and
- (B) for making a referral to an appropriate program on the basis of the findings of the assessment.
- (iii) (A) The person who violated Subsection (2)(a) is responsible for all costs and fees associated with the recommended program to which the person selected or is referred.
- (B) The costs and fees under Subsection [(12)] (11)(e)(iii)(A) shall be based on a sliding scale consistent with the local substance abuse authority's policies and practices regarding fees for services or determined by the substance abuse program.
 - Section 5. Section 53-3-418 is amended to read:

53-3-418. Prohibited alcohol level for drivers -- Procedures, including hearing.

- (1) A person who holds or is required to hold a CDL may not drive a commercial motor vehicle in this state if the person:
- (a) has sufficient alcohol in the person's body that a subsequent chemical test shows that the person has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .04 grams or greater at the time of the test after the alleged driving of the commercial motor vehicle;
- (b) is under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol and any drug to degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a commercial motor vehicle; or
- (c) has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .04 grams or greater at the time of driving the commercial motor vehicle.
- (2) A person who holds or is required to hold a CDL and who drives a commercial motor vehicle in this state is considered to have given the person's consent to a test or tests of the person's blood, breath, or urine to determine the concentration of alcohol or the presence of other drugs in the person's physical system.
- (3) If a peace officer or port-of-entry agent has reasonable cause to believe that a person may be violating this section, the peace officer or port-of-entry agent may request the person to submit to a chemical test to be administered in compliance with Section 41-6a-515.
 - (4) When a peace officer or port-of-entry agent requests a person to submit to a test

under this section, the peace officer or port-of-entry agent shall advise the person that test
results indicating a violation of Subsection (1) or refusal to submit to any test requested will
result in the person's disqualification under Section 53-3-414 from driving a commercial motor
vehicle.

- (5) If test results under this section indicate a violation of Subsection (1) or the person refuses to submit to any test requested under this section, a peace officer or port-of-entry agent shall, on behalf of the division and within 24 hours of the arrest, give the person notice of the division's intention to disqualify the person's privilege to drive a commercial motor vehicle.
- (6) When a peace officer or port-of-entry agent gives notice under Subsection (5), the peace officer or port-of-entry agent shall:
 - (a) take any Utah license certificate or permit held by the driver;
- [(b) issue to the driver a temporary license certificate effective for 29 days from the date of arrest;]
- [(c)] (a) provide the driver, in a manner specified by the division, basic information regarding how to obtain a prompt hearing before the division; and
 - [(d)] (b) issue a 24-hour out-of-service order.
- [(7) A notice of disqualification issued under Subsection (6) may serve also as the temporary license certificate under Subsection (6), if provided in a manner specified by the division.]
- [(8)] (7) As a matter of procedure, a peace officer or port-of-entry agent shall, within 10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided, send to the division the person's license certificate, a copy of the notice, and a report signed by the peace officer or port-of-entry agent that indicates the results of any chemical test administered or that the person refused a test.
- [(9)] (a) A person disqualified under this section has the right to a hearing regarding the disqualification.
- (b) The request for the hearing shall be submitted to the division in a manner specified by the division and shall be made within 10 calendar days of the date the notice was issued. If requested, the hearing shall be conducted within 29 days after the date of arrest.
- [(10)] (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(10)] (9)(a)(ii), a hearing held under this section shall be held before the division and in:

- 586 (A) the county where the notice was issued; or
- (B) a county that is adjacent to the county where the notice was issued.
- 588 (ii) The division may hold a hearing in some other county if the division and the person both agree.
 - (b) The hearing shall be documented and shall determine:
 - (i) whether the peace officer or port-of-entry agent had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving a motor vehicle in violation of this section;
 - (ii) whether the person refused to submit to any requested test; and
- 594 (iii) any test results obtained.

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- (c) In connection with a hearing the division or its authorized agent may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books and documents.
 - (d) One or more members of the division may conduct the hearing.
- (e) A decision made after a hearing before any number of members of the division is as valid as if the hearing were held before the full membership of the division.
- (f) After a hearing under this section the division shall indicate by order if the person's CDL is disqualified.
- (g) If the person for whom the hearing is held fails to appear before the division as required in the notice, the division shall indicate by order if the person's CDL is disqualified.
- [(11)] (10) (a) If the division disqualifies a person under this section following an administrative hearing, the person may petition for a hearing under Section 53-3-224.
- (b) The petition shall be filed within 30 days after the division issues the disqualification.
- [(12)] (11) (a) A person who violates this section shall be punished in accordance with Section 53-3-414.
 - (b) (i) In accordance with Section 53-3-414, the first disqualification under this section shall be for one year, and a second disqualification shall be for life.
- (ii) A disqualification under Section 53-3-414 begins on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest.
- 615 [(13)] (12) (a) In addition to the fees imposed under Section 53-3-205 for reinstatement 616 of a CDL, a fee under Section 53-3-105 to cover administrative costs shall be paid before the

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(b) The fees under Sections 53-3-105 and 53-3-205 shall be canceled if an unappealed
hearing at the division or court level determines the disqualification was not proper.

[(14)] (13) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a blood test taken under this section is subject to Section 77-23-213.