Representative Gage Froerer proposes the following substitute bill:

1	MEDICAL CANNABIS ACT
2	2016 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Mark B. Madsen
5	House Sponsor: Gage Froerer
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies and enacts provisions related to medical cannabis.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 allows an individual with a qualifying illness who registers with the Department of
13	Health to possess and use, under certain circumstances, a cannabis product or a
14	medical cannabis device;
15	 directs the Department of Health, the Department of Agriculture and Food, the
16	Department of Public Safety, and the Department of Technology Services to:
17	 determine the function and operation of a state electronic verification system;
18	and
19	 select a third party provider to develop and maintain the state electronic
20	verification system;
21	directs the Department of Health to issue:
22	• a license to operate a cannabis dispensary to a person who meets certain
23	qualifications; and
24	• to an individual who meets certain qualifications, a registration card to act as an
25	agent of a cannabis dispensary;



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the law of another state;

- 26 • directs the Department of Agriculture and Food to issue, to a person who meets 27 certain qualifications, a license to operate a cannabis production establishment, 28 including: 29 • a cannabis cultivation facility; 30 • a cannabis processing facility; or 31 an independent cannabis testing laboratory; 32 • directs the Department of Agriculture and Food to issue, to an individual who meets 33 certain qualifications, a registration card to act as an agent of a cannabis production 34 establishment; 35 directs the Department of Health to issue a medical cannabis card to an individual 36 who meets the requirements of: 37 • a qualified patient; 38 • a parent or guardian of a minor who is a qualified patient; or a designated caregiver of a qualified patient; 39 40 allows a licensed cannabis dispensary to possess a cannabis product or a medical 41 cannabis device, and to sell the cannabis product or medical cannabis device to an 42 individual with a medical cannabis card; 43 ▶ allows a licensed cannabis cultivation facility to grow cannabis, possess cannabis, 44 and sell the cannabis to a licensed cannabis processing facility; 45 • allows a licensed cannabis processing facility to possess cannabis, process cannabis 46 into a cannabis product, and sell the cannabis product to a licensed cannabis 47 dispensary; 48 ► allows a licensed independent cannabis testing laboratory to possess cannabis or a 49 cannabis product for the purpose of testing the cannabis or cannabis product for 50 content and safety; 51 ▶ allows an individual driving with a measurable metabolite of cannabis to assert, as 52 an affirmative defense, that the individual used the cannabis pursuant to Utah law or
- prohibits a court from discriminating against a parent in a child custody case based 55 on the parent's lawful possession or use of a cannabis product;
 - prohibits a peace officer or child welfare worker from removing a child from an

57	individual's home on the basis of the individual's lawful possession or use of a cannabis
58	product;
59	 imposes a tax on the sale of a cannabis product or a medical cannabis device at a
60	cannabis dispensary;
61	 exempts from sales and use tax the sale of a cannabis product or a medical cannabis
62	device by a cannabis dispensary;
63	 creates the Medical Cannabis Restricted Account, consisting of:
64	 proceeds of the medical cannabis tax;
65	 medical cannabis card application fees;
66	 cannabis dispensary application and licensing fees;
67	 cannabis production establishment application and licensing fees; and
68	 fines collected for violations of state medical cannabis law; and
69	 repeals and replaces, after state medical cannabis regulation is implemented, the
70	Hemp Extract Regulation Act.
71	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
72	None
73	Other Special Clauses:
74	This bill provides a special effective date.
75	Utah Code Sections Affected:
76	AMENDS:
77	30-3-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 409
78	41-6a-517, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 333
79	62A-4a-202.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 221 and 293
80	63I-1-226, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 16, 31, and 258
81	631-1-258, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 40, 186, 187, 320, 367,
82	and 432
83	78A-6-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 409
84	ENACTS:
85	4-42-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
86	4-42-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
87	4-42-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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88	4-42-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
89	4-42-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
90	4-42-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
91	4-42-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
92	4-42-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
93	4-42-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
94	4-42-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
95	4-42-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
96	4-42-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
97	4-42-404, Utah Code Annotated 1953
98	4-42-501, Utah Code Annotated 1953
99	4-42-601, Utah Code Annotated 1953
100	4-42-602, Utah Code Annotated 1953
101	4-42-603, Utah Code Annotated 1953
102	4-42-701, Utah Code Annotated 1953
103	4-42-702, Utah Code Annotated 1953
104	4-42-801, Utah Code Annotated 1953
105	26-58-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
106	26-58-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
107	26-58-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
108	26-58-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
109	26-58-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
110	26-58-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
111	26-58-107 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
112	26-58-108 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
113	26-58-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
114	26-58-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
115	26-58-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
116	26-58-204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
117	26-58-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
118	26-58-302 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

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119	26-58-303 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
120	26-58-304 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
121	26-58-401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
122	26-58-402 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
123	26-58-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
124	26-58-501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
125	26-58-502 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
126	26-58-503 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
127	26-58-504 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
128	26-58-505 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
129	26-58-601 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
130	53-1-106.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
131	58-37-3.6 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
132	58-37-3.7 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
133	59-12-104.7 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
134	59-28-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
135	59-28-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
136	59-28-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
137	59-28-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
138	59-28-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
139	59-28-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
140	59-28-107 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
141	59-28-108 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
142 143	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
144	Section 1. Section 4-42-101 is enacted to read:
145	CHAPTER 42. CANNABIS PRODUCTION ESTABLISHMENTS
146	Part 1. General Provisions
147	4-42-101. Title.
148	(1) This chapter is known as "Cannabis Production Establishments."
149	Section 2 Section 4-42-102 is enacted to read:

150	<u>4-42-102.</u> Definitions.
151	As used in this chapter:
152	(1) "Cannabinoid profile" means the percentage of a cannabis product, by weight, that
153	is composed of the cannabinoids:
154	(a) Tetrahydrocannabinol or THC;
155	(b) Tetrahyrdocannabinolic acid or THCa;
156	(c) Cannabidiol or CBD;
157	(d) Cannabinol or CBN; and
158	(e) Cannabigerol or CBG.
159	(2) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
160	(3) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means a person that:
161	(a) grows cannabis; or
162	(b) possesses cannabis with the intent to grow cannabis.
163	(4) "Cannabis cultivation facility agent" means an individual who is an owner, officer,
164	director, board member, employee, or volunteer of a cannabis cultivation facility.
165	(5) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section
166	<u>26-58-102.</u>
167	(6) "Cannabis dispensary agent" means the same as that term is defined in Section
168	<u>26-58-102.</u>
169	(7) "Cannabis processing facility" means a person that:
170	(a) manufactures a cannabis product from unprocessed cannabis;
171	(b) purchases or possesses cannabis with the intent to manufacture a cannabis product:
172	<u>or</u>
173	(c) sells or intends to sell a cannabis product to a cannabis dispensary.
174	(8) "Cannabis processing facility agent" means an individual who is an owner, officer,
175	director, board member, employee, or volunteer of a cannabis processing facility.
176	(9) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
177	(10) "Cannabis production establishment" means:
178	(a) a cannabis cultivation facility;
179	(b) a cannabis processing facility; or
180	(c) an independent cannabis testing laboratory;

181	(11) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means:
182	(a) a cannabis cultivation facility agent;
183	(b) a cannabis processing facility agent; or
184	(c) an independent cannabis testing laboratory agent.
185	(12) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means a registration
186	card, issued by the department, that:
187	(a) authorizes an individual to act as a cannabis production establishment agent; and
188	(b) designates the type of cannabis production establishment for which an individual is
189	authorized to act as an agent.
190	(13) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" means a person that:
191	(a) conducts a chemical or other analysis of cannabis or a cannabis product; or
192	(b) possesses cannabis or a cannabis product with the intent to conduct a chemical or
193	other analysis of the cannabis or cannabis product.
194	(14) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory agent" means an individual who is an
195	owner, officer, director, board member, employee, or volunteer of an independent cannabis
196	testing laboratory.
197	(15) "Inventory control system" means the system described in Section 4-42-103.
198	(16) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
199	<u>26-58-102.</u>
200	(17) "Medical Cannabis Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
201	<u>26-58-108.</u>
202	(18) "Physician" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-58-201.
203	(19) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
204	<u>26-58-103.</u>
205	Section 3. Section 4-42-103 is enacted to read:
206	<u>4-42-103.</u> Inventory control system.
207	(1) A cannabis production establishment and a cannabis dispensary shall maintain an
208	inventory control system that meets the requirements of this section.
209	(2) An inventory control system shall track cannabis, using a unique identifier, in real
210	time, from the point that a cannabis plant is eight inches tall, and has a root ball, until the
211	cannabis is sold, in the form of a cannabis product, to an individual with a medical cannabis

212	card.
213	(3) An inventory control system shall store in real time a record of the amount of
214	cannabis and cannabis products in the cannabis production establishment's or cannabis
215	dispensary's possession.
216	(4) An inventory control system shall include a video recording system that:
217	(a) tracks all handling and processing of cannabis or a cannabis product in the cannabis
218	production establishment or cannabis dispensary;
219	(b) is tamper proof;
220	(c) is capable of storing a video record for 45 days.
221	(5) An inventory control system installed in a cannabis production establishment or
222	cannabis dispensary shall maintain compatibility with the state electronic verification system.
223	(6) A cannabis production establishment or cannabis dispensary shall allow the
224	department or The Department of Health access to the cannabis production establishment's or
225	cannabis dispensary's inventory control system during an inspection.
226	(7) The department may establish compatibility standards for an inventory control
227	system by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
228	Rulemaking Act.
229	Section 4. Section 4-42-201 is enacted to read:
230	Part 2. Cannabis Production Establishment
231	4-42-201. Cannabis production establishment License.
232	(1) In order to operate a cannabis production establishment, a person shall obtain a
233	license issued by the department under this chapter.
234	(2) Subject to Subsections (6) and (7), the department shall, within 30 days after
235	receiving a complete application, issue a license to operate a cannabis production establishment
236	to a person who submits to the department:
237	(a) a proposed name, address, and physical location where the person will operate the
238	cannabis production establishment;
239	(b) an operating plan that complies with Section 4-42-203;
240	(c) evidence that the person possesses or controls a minimum of \$250,000 in liquid
241	assets for each license for which the person applies;
242	(d) for each location of a cannabis production establishment for which the person

243	applies, a complete application for a local business license;
244	(e) an application fee:
245	(i) before January 1, 2017, of \$5,000; and
246	(ii) after January 1, 2017, in an amount established by the department in accordance
247	with Section 63J-1-504, that is necessary to cover the department's cost to implement this
248	chapter; and
249	(f) the result of a criminal background check for each proposed cannabis production
250	establishment agent for the cannabis production establishment.
251	(3) If the department determines that a cannabis production establishment is eligible for
252	a license under this section, the department shall:
253	(a) before January 1, 2018, charge the cannabis production establishment an initial
254	license fee of \$65,000; and
255	(b) on or after January 1, 2018, charge the cannabis establishment an initial license fee
256	in an amount determined by the department in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
257	(4) The department shall require a separate application license and a separate license
258	application fee under Subsection (3) for each type of cannabis production establishment and
259	each location of a cannabis production establishment.
260	(5) The department may issue any combination of a cannabis cultivation facility
261	license, a cannabis processing facility license, and a cannabis dispensary license to a person to
262	operate:
263	(a) at the same physical location; or
264	(b) at separate physical locations.
265	(6) The department may not issue a license to operate an independent cannabis testing
266	laboratory to a person:
267	(a) that holds a license or has an ownership interest in a cannabis dispensary, a
268	cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility in the state;
269	(b) that has an owner, officer, director, or employee whose immediate family member
270	holds a license or has an ownership interest in a cannabis dispensary, a cannabis processing
271	facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility; or
272	(c) proposes to operate the independent cannabis testing laboratory at the same physical
273	location as a cannabis dispensary a cannabis processing facility or a cannabis cultivation

274	<u>facility.</u>
275	Section 5. Section 4-42-202 is enacted to read:
276	<u>4-42-202.</u> Renewal.
277	(1) The department shall renew a person's license issued under Section 4-42-201 every
278	two years, if, at the time of renewal, the person meets the requirements of Section 4-42-201.
279	(2) The department shall charge a cannabis production establishment that the
280	department determines is eligible for license renewal a license renewal fee in an amount
281	determined by the department in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
282	Section 6. Section 4-42-203 is enacted to read:
283	<u>4-42-203.</u> Operating plan.
284	(1) A person applying for a license to operate a cannabis production facility shall
285	submit to the department, with the person's application, a proposed operation plan that
286	includes:
287	(a) drawings of the physical characteristics of the proposed facility, including a site
288	plan, floor plan and architectural elevations which indicate compliance with the requirements
289	of this chapter;
290	(b) a description of the credentials and experience of:
291	(i) each officer, director, or owner of the proposed cannabis production establishment
292	<u>and</u>
293	(ii) any highly skilled or experienced prospective employee;
294	(c) the cannabis production establishment's employee training standards;
295	(d) a security plan;
296	(e) a banking and financial services plan;
297	(f) a description of the cannabis production establishment's inventory control system,
298	including a plan to make the inventory control system compatible with the state electronic
299	verification system;
300	(g) a cannabis or cannabis product disposal plan;
301	(h) for a cannabis cultivation facility, the information described in Subsection (2);
302	(i) for a cannabis processing facility, the information described in Subsection (3); and
303	(j) for an independent cannabis testing laboratory, the information described in
304	Subsection (4).

305	(2) A cannabis cultivation facility's operating plan shall include:
306	(a) evidence that the cannabis cultivation facility has entered into a preliminary
307	agreement with a cannabis processing facility or a cannabis dispensary in the state to purchase
308	the cannabis cultivation facility's output; and
309	(b) the cannabis cultivation facility's intended cannabis cultivation practices, including
310	the cannabis cultivation facility's intended:
311	(i) pesticide use;
312	(ii) fertilizer use;
313	(iii) square footage under cultivation; and
314	(iv) anticipated cannabis yield.
315	(3) A cannabis processing facility's operating plan shall include:
316	(a) evidence that the cannabis processing facility has entered into a preliminary
317	agreement:
318	(i) with a cannabis cultivation facility in the state to purchase unprocessed cannabis
319	input; and
320	(ii) with a cannabis dispensary in the state to purchase the cannabis processing facility's
321	output;
322	(b) the cannabis processing facility's intended cannabis processing practices, including
323	the cannabis processing facility's intended:
324	(i) offered variety of cannabis product;
325	(ii) cannabinoid extraction method;
326	(iii) cannabinoid extraction equipment;
327	(iv) processing equipment;
328	(v) processing techniques; and
329	(vi) sanitation and food safety procedures;
330	(4) An independent cannabis testing laboratory's operating plan shall include:
331	(a) evidence that the independent cannabis testing laboratory agreement with a
332	cannabis production establishment to provide testing services; and
333	(b) the independent cannabis testing laboratory's intended:
334	(i) cannabis and cannabis product testing capability; and
335	(ii) cannabis and cannabis product testing equipment.

336	(5) The department may require, by rule in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
337	Administrative Rulemaking Act, additional operating standards for a cannabis production
338	establishment's operating plan that are related to safety for human cannabis product
339	consumption.
340	Section 7. Section 4-42-301 is enacted to read:
341	Part 3. Cannabis Production Establishment Agents
342	4-42-301. Cannabis production establishment agent Registration.
343	(1) In order to act as a cannabis production establishment agent, an individual shall
344	register with the department as a cannabis production establishment agent.
345	(2) A physician may not serve as a cannabis production establishment agent.
346	(3) An independent cannabis testing laboratory agent may not act as an agent for a
347	cannabis dispensary, a cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility.
348	(4) The department shall, within 30 business days after receiving a complete
349	application, register and issue a cannabis production establishment agent registration card to an
350	individual who:
351	(a) has not been convicted of an offense that is a felony under either state or federal
352	<u>law;</u>
353	(b) provides to the department:
354	(i) the individual's name and address; and
355	(ii) the name and location of a licensed cannabis production establishment where the
356	individual seeks to act as the cannabis production establishment's agent;
357	(c) pays the department a fee:
358	(i) before January 1, 2018, of \$250; and
359	(ii) on or after January 1, 2018, in an amount determined by the department in
360	accordance with Section 63J-1-504, that is necessary to cover the department's cost to
361	implement this part; and
362	(d) complies with the requirement for and passes a criminal background check
363	described in Section 4-42-302.
364	(5) The department shall designate, on an individual's cannabis production
365	establishment agent registration card the name and type of any cannabis production
366	establishment where the individual is registered as an agent.

367	(6) A cannabis production establishment agent shall comply with a certification
368	standard developed by the department or with a third party certification standard approved by
369	the department.
370	(7) The certification standard described in Subsection (6) shall address:
371	(a) Utah medical cannabis law;
372	(b) for a cannabis cultivation facility agent, cannabis cultivation best practices;
373	(c) for a cannabis processing facility agent, cannabis processing, food safety, and
374	sanitation best practices; and
375	(d) for an independent cannabis testing laboratory agent, cannabis testing best
376	practices.
377	(8) The department may revoke or refuse to issue a cannabis production establishment
378	agent registration card of an individual who:
379	(a) violates the requirements of this chapter; or
380	(b) is convicted of an offense, that is a felony under state or federal law, that involves a
381	drug or violent crime.
382	Section 8. Section 4-42-302 is enacted to read:
383	4-42-302. Cannabis production establishment agent Criminal background
384	checks.
385	(1) An individual that applies for registration as a cannabis production establishment
386	agent under Section 4-42-301 shall:
387	(a) submit, at the time of application, a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the
388	department; and
389	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
390	(i) the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
391	(ii) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
392	(2) The department shall request that the Department of Public Safety complete a
393	Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal background check for the individual described in
394	Subsection (1).
395	Section 9. Section 4-42-303 is enacted to read:
396	4-42-303. Cannabis production establishment agent registration card
397	Rebuttable presumption.

398	(1) A cannabis production establishment agent who is registered with the department
399	under Section 4-42-301 shall carry the individual's cannabis production establishment agent
400	registration card with the individual at all times when:
401	(a) the individual is on the premises of the cannabis production establishment where
402	the individual is a cannabis production establishment agent; and
403	(b) the individual is transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis
404	device between two cannabis production establishments or between a cannabis production
405	establishment and a cannabis dispensary.
406	(2) If an individual handling cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis
407	device at a cannabis production establishment, or transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or
408	a medical cannabis device, possesses the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis
409	device in compliance with Subsection (1):
410	(a) there is a rebuttable presumption that the individual possesses the cannabis,
411	cannabis product, or medical cannabis device legally; and
412	(b) a law enforcement officer does not have probable cause, based solely on the
413	individual's possession of the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device in
414	compliance with Subsection (1), to believe that the individual is engaging in illegal activity.
415	(3) A cannabis production establishment agent registered with the department is guilty
416	of an infraction if the registered cannabis production establishment agent:
417	(a) (i) is on the premises of a cannabis production establishment where the individual is
418	registered as an agent; or
419	(ii) transports cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device; and
420	(b) does not possess, on the registered cannabis production establishment agent's
421	person, a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
422	(4) A registered cannabis production establishment agent who is guilty of an infraction
423	under Subsection (3) is subject to a fine of no more than \$100.
424	Section 10. Section 4-42-401 is enacted to read:
425	Part 4. General Cannabis Production Establishment Operating Requirements
426	4-42-401. Cannabis production establishment General operating requirements.
427	(1) (a) A cannabis production establishment shall operate in accordance with the
428	operating plan provided to the department under Section 4-42-203.

429	(b) A cannabis production establishment shall notify the department no longer than 30
430	days after a change in the cannabis production establishment's operating plan.
431	(2) A cannabis production establishment shall operate:
432	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3), in a facility with a controlled entrance that is
433	accessible only by an individual with a valid cannabis production establishment agent
434	registration card issued under Section 4-42-301; and
435	(b) at the physical address provided to the department under Section 4-42-201.
436	(3) A cannabis production establishment may allow an individual who is a visitor, a
437	contractor, or a member of the press to access the cannabis production establishment if the
438	cannabis production establishment:
439	(a) ensures that the individual is accompanied by a cannabis production establishment
440	agent at all times while the individual is at the cannabis production establishment; and
441	(b) maintains a record of the individual's access.
442	(4) A cannabis production establishment shall operate in a facility that has:
443	(a) no exterior signage that indicates the type of business;
444	(b) a single, secure public entrance;
445	(c) a security system with a backup power source that:
446	(i) detects and records entry into the cannabis production establishment during business
447	hours; and
448	(ii) provides notice of an unauthorized entry to law enforcement when the cannabis
449	production establishment is closed; and
450	(d) a locked and reinforced area where the cannabis production establishment stores
451	cannabis or a cannabis product.
452	(5) A cannabis production establishment may not operate:
453	(a) within 600 feet of a community location, as defined in Section 32B-1-102, that is
454	not a public or private school; or
455	(b) within 1000 feet of a public or private school.
456	Section 11. Section 4-42-402 is enacted to read:
457	4-42-402. Inspections.
458	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the department shall inspect the records and facility of a
459	cannabis production establishment in order to determine if the cannabis production

460	establishment complies with the licensing requirements of this chapter.
461	(2) The department may inspect the records and facility of a cannabis production
462	establishment at any time, scheduled or unscheduled.
463	Section 12. Section 4-42-403 is enacted to read:
464	<u>4-42-403.</u> Advertising.
465	(1) A cannabis production establishment may not advertise to the general public in any
466	medium.
467	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a cannabis production establishment may advertise
468	employment opportunities at the cannabis production facility.
469	Section 13. Section 4-42-404 is enacted to read:
470	<u>4-42-404.</u> Cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device transportation.
471	(1) Except for an individual or a designated caregiver with a medical cannabis card
472	who possesses cannabis or a cannabis product in accordance with Section 26-58-204, an
473	individual may only transport cannabis, a cannabis product, or a cannabis device between
474	cannabis production establishments or between a cannabis production establishment and a
475	cannabis dispensary if the individual is:
476	(a) a registered cannabis production establishment agent; or
477	(b) a registered cannabis dispensary agent.
478	(2) An individual transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis
479	device shall possess a transportation manifest that:
480	(a) includes a unique identifier that links the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical
481	cannabis device to a related inventory control system;
482	(b) includes origin and destination information for any cannabis, cannabis product, or
483	medical cannabis device the individual is transporting; and
484	(c) indicates the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual transporting
485	the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device.
486	(3) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (1) and (2), the department may
487	establish, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
488	Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical
489	cannabis device that are related to safety for human consumption of cannabis or cannabis
490	products.

491	(4) A cannabis production establishment agent registered with the department is guilty
492	of an infraction if the registered cannabis production establishment agent:
493	(a) transports cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device; and
494	(b) does not possess, on the registered cannabis production establishment agent's
495	person or in the transport vehicle, a manifest that complies with Subsection (3).
496	(5) A registered cannabis production establishment agent who is guilty of an infraction
497	under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine.
498	Section 14. Section 4-42-501 is enacted to read:
499	Part 5. Cannabis Cultivation Facility Operating Requirements
500	4-42-501. Cannabis cultivation facility Operating requirements.
501	(1) A cannabis cultivation facility shall ensure that any cannabis growing at the
502	cannabis cultivation facility is screened from view at the cannabis cultivation facility perimeter.
503	(2) A cannabis cultivation facility shall use a unique identifier that is connected to the
504	cannabis cultivation facility's inventory control system for:
505	(a) beginning at the time a cannabis plant is 8 inches tall and has a root ball, each
506	cannabis plant;
507	(b) each unique harvest of cannabis plants; and
508	(c) each batch of cannabis transferred to a cannabis dispensary, a cannabis processing
509	facility, or an independent cannabis testing laboratory.
510	(4) The department shall review a cannabis cultivation facility's operating plan
511	submitted under Section 4-42-203 for the purpose of ensuring that the cannabis that a
512	cultivation facility cultivates is safe for human use.
513	(5) The department may determine standards, by rule made in accordance with Title
514	63, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for a cannabis cultivation facility's
515	pesticide use.
516	Section 15. Section 4-42-601 is enacted to read:
517	Part 6. Cannabis Processing Facility Operating Requirements
518	4-42-601. Cannabis processing facility Operating requirements General.
519	(1) A cannabis processing facility shall ensure that a cannabis product that the cannabis
520	processing facility sells or provides to a cannabis dispensary complies with the requirements of
521	this part.

522	(2) If a cannabis processing facility extracts cannabinoids from cannabis using a
523	hydrocarbon process, the cannabis processing facility shall extract the cannabinoids under a
524	blast hood.
525	(3) The department shall review a cannabis processing facility's operating plan
526	submitted under Section 4-42-203 for the purpose of ensuring that a cannabis product that the
527	cannabis processing facility produces is safe for human consumption.
528	Section 16. Section 4-42-602 is enacted to read:
529	4-42-602. Cannabis product Labeling and packaging.
530	(1) A cannabis product shall have a label that:
531	(a) clearly and unambiguously states that the cannabis product contains cannabis;
532	(b) clearly displays:
533	(i) the total amount of cannabinoids by weight in the cannabis product;
534	(ii) the cannabinoid profile of the cannabis product; and
535	(iii) the number of doses, and the milligrams in each dose, in the cannabis product;
536	(c) has a unique batch identifier that is connected to the cannabis processing facility's
537	inventory control system.
538	(d) identifies the cannabinoid extraction method that the cannabis precessing facility
539	used to create the cannabis product;
540	(e) if the cannabis processing facility used a hydrocarbon extraction process to create
541	the cannabis product, a certification that the product contains a level of residual solvents that is
542	safe for human consumption;
543	(f) does not display images, words, or phrases that are:
544	(i) intended to appeal to children; or
545	(ii) similar to words or phrases used on candy labels; and
546	(g) certifies that the cannabis product is free from microbiological contaminants.
547	(2) A cannabis processing facility shall package a cannabis product in a container that:
548	(a) is tamper evident;
549	(b) is not appealing to children or similar to a candy container;
550	(c) is opaque; and
551	(d) complies with child-resistant special packaging standards described in 16 C.F.R.
552	Sec. 1700.15 that apply to a controlled drug as described in 16 C.F.R. Sec. 1700.14.

553	Section 17. Section 4-42-603 is enacted to read:
554	4-42-603. Cannabis product Product quality.
555	(1) A cannabis processing facility may not produce a cannabis product in a physical
556	form that:
557	(a) is intended to appeal to children; or
558	(b) is designed to mimic or be mistaken for an existing candy product.
559	(2) A cannabis processing facility may not manufacture a cannabis product by applying
560	a cannabis agent only to the surface of a pre-manufactured food product that is not produced by
561	the cannabis processing facility.
562	(3) A cannabis product may vary in the cannabis product's labeled cannabis profile by
563	up to 15% of the indicated amount of a given cannabinoid, by weight.
564	(4) The department shall adopt, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
565	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, human consumption safety standards for a cannabis
566	product that are consistent, to the extent possible, with standards adopted by the United States
567	Food and Drug Administration for products that are similarly applied or ingested.
568	Section 18. Section 4-42-701 is enacted to read:
569	Part 7. Independent Cannabis Testing Laboratories
570	4-42-701. Cannabis and cannabis product testing.
571	(1) An independent cannabis testing laboratory shall, before a cannabis product is
572	offered for sale at a cannabis dispensary, accurately test and certify the cannabis product as
573	provided in this section.
574	(2) An independent cannabis testing laboratory shall determine the cannabinoid profile
575	of a cannabis product.
576	(3) An independent cannabis testing laboratory shall determine if a cannabis product
577	contains, in an amount that is harmful to human health:
578	<u>(a) mold;</u>
579	(b) fungus;
580	(c) pesticides; or
581	(d) microbial contaminants.
582	(4) For a cannabis product that is manufactured using a process that involves extraction
583	using hydrocarbons, an independent cannabis testing laboratory shall test the cannabis product

584	for an unhealthy level of a residual solvent.
585	(5) The department may determine, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
586	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
587	(a) the amount of substances described in Subsection (4) and the amount of residual
588	solvents that are safe for human consumption;
589	(b) additional cannabis or cannabidiol testing that an independent cannabidiol testing
590	laboratory is required to perform; and
591	(c) minimum standards for an independent cannabidiol testing laboratory's testing
592	methods and procedures.
593	(6) The State Chemistry Lab may possess cannabis or a cannabis product for the
594	purpose of a department test under Subsection (5).
595	(7) An independent cannabis testing laboratory shall test any cannabis that the
596	independent cannabis testing laboratory receives from a cannabis cultivation facility using
597	carbon stable isotope testing to determine:
598	(a) the origin of the cannabis;
599	(b) the conditions under which the cannabis was grown; and
600	(c) any other information about the cannabis required by the department, by rule made
501	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that can be
502	determined using carbon stable isotope testing.
503	Section 19. Section 4-42-702 is enacted to read:
504	4-42-702. Reporting Inspections Seizure by the department.
505	(1) If an independent cannabis testing laboratory determines that the results of a lab test
606	indicate that a cannabis product batch may be unsafe for human consumption or, using a carbon
507	stable isotope test, that the cannabis was not cultivated in accordance with this chapter:
608	(a) the independent cannabis testing laboratory shall report the results and the cannabis
509	product batch simultaneously to:
510	(i) the department; and
611	(ii) the cannabis production establishment that prepared the cannabis product batch;
512	(b) retain possession of the cannabis product batch for one week in order to investigate
513	the cause of the defective or non-complying batch and to make a determination; and
514	(c) allow the cannabis production establishment that prepared the cannabis product

515	batch to appeal the determination described in Subsection (1)(b), and, if necessary following
616	the appeal, allow the independent cannabis testing laboratory to retest the cannabis product
617	batch.
518	(2) If, under Subsection (1)(b), the department determines, following an appeal, that a
519	cannabis product prepared by a cannabis production establishment is unsafe for human
520	consumption or was not cultivated in accordance with this chapter, the department may seize,
521	embargo, or destroy a cannabis product batch.
522	Section 20. Section 4-42-801 is enacted to read:
523	Part 8. Enforcement
524	4-42-801. Enforcement Fine Citation.
525	(1) For a violation of the licensing provisions of this chapter by a person that is a
626	cannabis production establishment or a cannabis production establishment agent:
527	(a) revoke the person's cannabis production establishment license or cannabis
528	production establishment agent registration card;
529	(b) refuse to renew the person's license or registration; or
530	(c) assess the person an administrative penalty.
631	(2) The department shall deposit an administrative penalty imposed under this section
532	in the Medical Cannabis Restricted Account.
633	(3) (a) The department may take an action described in Subsection (3)(b) if the
634	department concludes, upon inspection or investigation, that, for a person that is a cannabis
635	production establishment or a cannabis production establishment agent:
636	(i) the person has violated the provisions of this chapter, a rule made under this
537	chapter, or an order issued under this chapter;
538	(ii) the person produced a cannabis product batch that a test shows contains a
539	contaminant described in Section 4-42-701; or
540	(iii) the person possessed or used a cannabis batch that was not cultivated in
541	accordance with this chapter.
542	(b) If the department makes the determination about a person described in Subsection
543	(3)(a)(i), the department shall:
544	(i) issue the person a written citation;
545	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or

646	(iii) direct the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under
647	Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
648	(c) If the department makes the determination about a person described in Subsection
649	(3)(a)(ii), the department may:
650	(i) seize, embargo, or destroy the cannabis or cannabis product batch as described in
651	<u>Subsection</u> 4-42-702(2); and
652	(ii) direct the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title
653	63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
654	(4) The department may, for a person subject to an uncontested citation, a stipulated
655	settlement, or a finding of a violation in an adjudicative proceeding under this section:
656	(a) assess the person a fine, established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, of up to
657	\$5,000 per violation, in accordance with a fine schedule established by rule made in accordance
658	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
659	(b) order the person to cease and desist from, and cure, the action that creates a
660	violation.
661	(5) The department may not revoke a cannabis production establishment's license via a
662	citation.
663	(6) If within 20 calendar days after the day on which a department serves a citation for
664	a violation of this chapter, the person that is the subject of the citation fails to request a hearing
665	to contest the citation, the department shall use the citation as the basis for the department's
666	final order.
667	(7) The department may, for a person who fails to cure the violation that the basis is for
668	the citation under this section:
669	(a) refuse to issue or renew the person's license or cannabis production establishment
670	agent registration card; or
671	(b) suspend, revoke, or place on probation the person's license or cannabis production
672	establishment registration card.
673	Section 21. Section 26-58-101 is enacted to read:
674	CHAPTER 58. MEDICAL CANNABIS ACT
675	Part 1. General Provisions
676	<u>26-58-101.</u> Title.

677	This chapter is known as "Medical Cannabis Act."
678	Section 22. Section 26-58-102 is enacted to read:
679	26-58-102. Definitions.
680	As used in this chapter:
681	(1) "Cannabinoid profile" means the percentage of cannabis or a cannabis product, by
682	weight, that is composed of the cannabinoids:
683	(a) Tetrahydrocannabinol or THC;
684	(b) Tetrahyrdocannabinolic acid or THCa;
685	(c) Cannabidiol or CBD;
686	(d) Cannabinol or CBN; and
687	(e) Cannabigerol or CBG.
688	(2) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
689	(3) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
690	<u>4-42-102.</u>
691	(4) "Cannabis dispensary" means a person that:
692	(a) sells cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device; or
693	(b) purchases or possesses cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device
694	with the intent to sell the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device.
695	(5) "Cannabis dispensary agent" means an owner, officer, director, board member, or
696	employee of, or a volunteer at, a cannabis dispensary.
697	(6) "Cannabis dispensary agent registration card" means a registration card, issued by
698	the department, that identifies an individual as a cannabis dispensary agent.
699	(7) "Cannabis processing facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
700	<u>4-42-102.</u>
701	(8) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
702	(9) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means the same as that term is defined
703	in Section 4-42-102.
704	(10) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means the same as
705	that term is defined in Section 4-42-102.
706	(11) "Designated caregiver" means an individual:
707	(a) whom a patient with a medical cannabis card designates as the patient's caregiver;

708	<u>and</u>
709	(b) registers with the department under Section 26-58-202.
710	(12) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" means the same as that term is defined
711	<u>in Section 4-42-102.</u>
712	(13) "Inventory control system" means the system described in Section 4-42-103.
713	(14) "Medical cannabis card" means an official, tamper proof document or card, issued
714	by the department to an individual with a qualifying illness or the individual's designated
715	caregiver under this chapter, that is connected to the electronic verification system.
716	(15) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
717	<u>58-37-3.6(1)(b).</u>
718	(16) "Medical Cannabis Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
719	<u>26-58-108.</u>
720	(17) "Participating entity" means:
721	(a) the Department of Agriculture and Food;
722	(b) the Department of Health; and
723	(c) the Department of Technology Services.
724	(18) "Physician" means an individual who is qualified to recommend cannabis under
725	Section 26-58-207.
726	(19) "Qualifying illness" means a condition described in Section 26-58-104.
727	(20) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
728	<u>26-58-103.</u>
729	Section 23. Section 26-58-103 is enacted to read:
730	26-58-103. State electronic verification system.
731	(1) The Department of Agriculture and Food, the Department of Health, the
732	Department of Public Safety, and the Department of Technology Services shall:
733	(a) enter into a memorandum of understanding in order to determine the function and
734	operation of an electronic verification system;
735	(b) coordinate with the Division of Purchasing under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
736	Procurement Code, to develop a request for proposals for a third party provider to develop and
737	maintain an electronic verification system in coordination with the Department of Technology
738	Services;

739	(c) select a third party provided described in Subsection (1)(b); and
740	(d) take the actions described in Subsections (1)(a), (b), and (c) according to the
741	following schedule:
742	(i) no later than 75 days after the effective date of the bill, enter into the memorandum
743	of understanding described in Subsection (1)(a);
744	(ii) no later than 60 days after taking the action described in Subsection (1)(d)(i), issue
745	the request for proposals for a third party provider described in Subsection (1)(b);
746	(iii) 30 days after taking the action described in Subsection (1)(d)(ii), close bidding for
747	the request for proposals;
748	(iv) 90 days after taking the action described in Subsection (1)(d)(iii), select a third
749	party provider;
750	(v) 300 days after taking the action described in Subsection (1)(d)(iv), require the third
751	party provider to have a working prototype of a state electronic verification system and begin
752	training state employees on the state electronic verification system;
753	(vi) 90 days after taking the action described in Subsection (1)(d)(v), require the third
754	party provider to successfully integrate any cannabis production establishment or cannabis
755	dispensary licensee's inventory control system into the state electronic verification system; and
756	(vii) 30 days after taking the action described in Subsection (1)(d)(vi), require the state
757	electronic verification system and any associated system or process to be fully operational.
758	(2) The electronic verification system described in Subsection (1) shall:
759	(a) allow an individual, with the individual's physician in the physician's office, to
760	apply for a medical cannabis card;
761	(b) allow a physician to:
762	(i) electronically recommend, during a visit with a patient, treatment with a cannabis
763	product for the patient;
764	(ii) see, on a screen where the physician inputs a recommendation, simultaneously
765	while the physician inputs the recommendation, the patient's cannabis dispensing history; and
766	(iii) access data about the physician's patient stored in the state electronic verification
767	system via an electronic or mobile platform that allows for:
768	(A) a patient to voluntarily submit outcome information and ask questions;
769	(B) a physician to respond to the patient and use the patient-submitted information for

//0	the purpose of quality improvement; and
771	(C) patient cannabis dispensing data to be automatically displayed when a physician
772	accesses the Controlled Substance Database;
773	(c) issue a medical cannabis card to an individual if the individual meets the
774	requirements described in Section 26-58-201;
775	(d) issue to a designated caregiver, if the designated caregiver meets the requirements
776	in Section 26-58-202, a medical cannabis card on behalf of a named patient;
777	(e) connect with an inventory control system used by each cannabis dispensary and
778	cannabis production establishment to track, in real time, for the purchase of a cannabis product
779	by a medical cannabis card holder:
780	(i) the time and date of the purchase;
781	(ii) the quantity and type of a cannabis product purchased; and
782	(iii) any cannabis production establishment or cannabis dispensary that cultivated,
783	processed, tested, or sold the cannabis product;
784	(f) provide access to the Department of Health and the Department of Agriculture and
785	Food to the extent necessary to carry out the Department of Health's and the Department of
786	Agriculture and Food's functions and responsibilities under:
787	(i) this chapter; and
788	(ii) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishment;
789	(g) provide access to state or local law enforcement:
790	(i) during a traffic stop for the purpose of determining if the individual subject to the
791	traffic stop is complying with state medical cannabis law; or
792	(ii) after obtaining a warrant;
793	(h) create a record each time a person accesses the database that identifies the person
794	who accesses the database and the individual whose records are accessed; and
795	(i) transmit an individual's cannabis product purchase history to the controlled
796	substance database created in Section 58-37f-203.
797	(3) The Department of Health may release de-identified data collected by the system
798	under Subsection (2) for the purpose of conducting medical research.
799	Section 24. Section 26-58-104 is enacted to read:
800	26-58-104. Qualifying illness.

801	(1) For the purposes of this chapter, the following conditions are considered a
802	qualifying illness:
803	(a) HIV, acquired immune deficiency syndrome or an autoimmune disorder;
804	(b) Alzheimer's disease;
805	(c) amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;
806	(d) cancer, cachexia, or such condition manifest by physical wasting, nausea, or
807	malnutrition associated with chronic disease;
808	(e) Crohn's disease or a similar gastrointestinal disorder;
809	(f) epilepsy or a similar condition that causes debilitating seizures;
810	(g) multiple sclerosis or a similar condition that causes persistent and debilitating
811	muscle spasms;
812	(h) post-traumatic stress disorder related to military service; and
813	(i) chronic pain in an individual, if:
814	(A) a physician determines that the individual is at greater risk of becoming addicted
815	to, chemically dependent on, or overdosing on, opiate-based pain medication; or
816	(B) a physician determines that the individual is allergic to opiates, or is otherwise
817	medically unable to use opiates.
818	(2) In addition to the conditions described in Subsection (1), a condition approved
819	under Section 26-58-105, in an individual, on a case-by-case basis, is considered a qualifying
820	illness for the purposes of this chapter.
821	Section 25. Section 26-58-105 is enacted to read:
822	26-58-105. Compassionate Use Board.
823	(1) The department shall establish a Compassionate Use Board consisting of:
824	(a) five physicians who are knowledgeable about the medical use of cannabis and
825	certified in one of the following specialties:
826	(i) neurology;
827	(ii) pain medicine and pain management;
828	(iii) medical oncology;
829	(iv) psychiatry;
830	(v) infectious disease;
831	(vi) internal medicine; and

832	(vii) pediatrics;
833	(b) the director of the Department of Health or the director's designee as a non-voting
834	member; and
835	(c) two medical research professionals with expertise in cannabinoids or a qualifying
836	illness, including one medical research professional who is affiliated with a research-based
837	higher education institution.
838	(2) The department shall appoint at least one member of the board who has a specialty
839	in addiction medicine.
840	(3) (a) Four of the members of the board first appointed shall serve for a term of three
841	years and three of the members of the board first appointed shall serve for a term of four years.
842	(b) After the first members' terms expire, members of the board shall serve for a term
843	of four years and shall be eligible for reappointment.
844	(c) Any member of the board may serve until a successor is appointed.
845	(d) The director of the Department of Health or the director's designee shall serve as
846	the nonvoting chair of the board.
847	(4) A quorum of the Compassionate Use Board shall consist of five members.
848	(5) A member of the board may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's
849	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
850	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
851	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
852	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
853	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
854	(6) The Compassionate Use Board shall:
855	(a) review and recommend to the department approval for an individual who is not
856	otherwise qualified to receive a medical cannabis card to obtain a medical cannabis card for
857	compassionate use if:
858	(i) the individual and the individual's physician appear before the board and offer, in
859	the board's discretion, satisfactory evidence that the individual suffers from a condition:
860	(A) that substantially impairs the individual's quality of life;
861	(B) that is intractable;
862	(C) that is not responsive to other treatments; and

863	(D) for which it is reasonably likely the condition will respond to treatment with
864	cannabis.
865	(ii) the board determines it is in the best interest of the patient to allow the
866	compassionate use of medical cannabis;
867	(b) meet to receive or review compassionate use petitions:
868	(i) quarterly, unless no petitions are pending; or
869	(ii) as often as necessary if there are more petitions than the board can receive or
870	review during the board's regular schedule;
871	(c) report before November 1 of each year, to the Legislature's Health and Human
872	Services Interim Committee, the number of compassionate use approvals the board issued
873	during the past year and the types of conditions for which the board approved compassionate
874	use; and
875	(d) evaluate whether the number of cannabis dispensaries in a geographic area meets
876	the needs for a geographic area and recommend to the Legislature whether the number of
877	cannabis dispensaries should be increased in a geographic area;
878	(e) evaluate physician variances under Subsection 26-58-106(5).
879	(7) The department shall review any compassionate use recommended by the board
880	under this section to confirm if the board properly exercised the board's discretion under this
881	section.
882	(8) If the department determines the board properly approved an individual for a
883	compassionate use under this section, the department shall issue the individual a provisional
884	medical cannabis card in accordance with this chapter that is valid for one year.
885	(9) Any individually identifiable health information contained in a petition received
886	under this section shall be a protected record in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2,
887	Government Records Access and Management Act.
888	(10) The Compassionate Use Board shall, before November 1 of each year,
889	recommend to the Legislature:
890	(a) a condition to designate as a qualifying illness under Section 26-58-104; or
891	(b) a condition to remove as a qualifying illness under Section 26-58-104.
892	Section 26. Section 26-58-106 is enacted to read:
893	26-58-106. Physician qualification.

894	(1) For the purposes of this section, a physician means an individual who is licensed to
895	practice:
896	(a) medicine under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
897	(b) osteopathic medicine under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical
898	Practice Act.
899	(2) A physician may recommend cannabis if the physician:
900	(a) completes the training requirements described in Subsection (3); and
901	(b) except as described in Subsection (4), recommends cannabis to no more than 250 or
902	the physician's patients at any given time.
903	(3) (a) A physician shall complete, before recommending cannabis to a patient, a
904	training program in cannabis recommendation best practices that is approved by the
905	department, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
906	Rulemaking Act.
907	(b) The department shall issue an endorsement to a physician that completes the
908	training program described in Subsection (3)(a)
909	(c) The endorsement described in Subsection (3)(b) entitles a physician to use a
910	medical cannabis endorsement image developed by the department on the physician's website.
911	(4) A physician may recommend cannabis to greater than 20% of the physician's
912	patients if the physician:
913	(a) is certified in one of the following specialties:
914	(i) anesthesiology;
915	(ii) gastroenterology;
916	(iii) neurology;
917	(iv) oncology;
918	(v) pain and palliative care;
919	(vi) physiatry;
920	(vii) psychiatry; or
921	(viii) addiction medicine;
922	(b) appears before the Compassionate Use Board described in Section 26-58-105; and
923	(c) demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the board and with the department's approval,
924	<u>that:</u>

925	(i) the physician's practice has unique characteristics that warrant allowing the
926	physician to recommend cannabis to greater than 250 of the physician's patients; and
927	(ii) the physician has established expertise in medical cannabis.
928	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a physician eligible to recommend
929	cannabis or a cannabis product under this section may not advertise that the physician
930	recommends cannabis or a cannabis product.
931	(b) A physician may advertise via a website that displays only:
932	(i) a green cross;
933	(ii) the physician's office's hours of operation;
934	(iii) the medical cannabis endorsement image described in Subsection (3)(c);
935	(iv) a qualifying illness that the physician treats;
936	(v) scientific studies regarding cannabis use; and
937	(vi) current studies on treatment with cannabis being conducted on patients.
938	Section 27. Section 26-58-107 is enacted to read:
939	<u>26-58-107.</u> Standard of care Medical practitioners not liable No private right
940	of action Insurance coverage.
941	(1) It is not a breach of the applicable standard of care for a physician to recommend
942	treatment with a cannabis product to an individual under this chapter.
943	(2) A physician who recommends treatment with a cannabis product to an individual in
944	accordance with this chapter may not, based solely on the reason that the recommendation is
945	for a cannabis product, be subject to:
946	(a) civil liability;
947	(b) criminal liability; or
948	(c) licensure sanctions under:
949	(i) Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
950	(ii) Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
951	(3) An insurance carrier, third-party administrator, or employer is not required to
952	provide reimbursement for a cannabis product or a medical cannabis device, under this chapter
953	Section 28. Section 26-58-108 is enacted to read:
954	<u>26-58-108.</u> Medical Cannabis Restricted Account Creation.
955	(1) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Medical

930	Cannabis Restricted Account.
957	(2) The account created in this section is funded from:
958	(a) money deposited by the State Tax Commission under Title 59, Chapter 28, Medical
959	Cannabis Tax;
960	(b) money deposited into the account by the Department of Agriculture and Food under
961	<u>Section 4-42-801;</u>
962	(c) money deposited into the account by the department under Section 26-58-601;
963	(d) appropriations made to the account by the Legislature; and
964	(e) the interest described in Subsection (3).
965	(3) Interest earned on the account is deposited in the account.
966	(4) The money in the account may only be used to fund, upon appropriation:
967	(a) the state licensing and regulation cost of the state medical cannabis program
968	established in:
969	(i) Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act;
970	(ii) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishments; and
971	(iii) Title 59, Chapter 28, Medical Cannabis Tax Act; and
972	(b) the cost to the attorney general for investigation and enforcement related to medical
973	cannabis.
974	(5) At the end of fiscal year 2018, the director of the Division of Finance shall transfer
975	into the General Fund from the Medical Cannabis Restricted Account an amount equal to the
976	General Fund appropriation in fiscal year 2016 and fiscal year 2017 to implement the
977	provisions of this bill.
978	Section 29. Section 26-58-201 is enacted to read:
979	Part 2. Medical Cannabis Card Registration
980	26-58-201. Medical cannabis card Application Fees Database.
981	(1) The department shall issue a medical cannabis card, via the electronic verification
982	system, to an individual who complies with this section no later than 45 days after the day on
983	which the individual submits a complete application.
984	(2) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis card if the individual:
985	(a) is at least 18 years old;
986	(b) is a Utah resident; and

987	(c) recommended by the individual's physician under Subsection (5).
988	(3) An individual who is the parent or legal guardian of a minor is eligible for a
989	medical cannabis card if:
990	(a) the individual is at least 18 years old;
991	(b) the individual is a Utah resident; and
992	(c) recommended by the minor's physician under Subsection (5).
993	(4) An individual who is eligible for a medical cannabis card under Subsection (2) or
994	(3) shall submit an application for a medical cannabis card to the department:
995	(a) with the recommending physician, in the recommending physician's office;
996	(b) via an electronic application connected to the electronic verification system;
997	(c) that includes:
998	(i) the individual's name, gender, age, address, and for the purpose of being notified
999	about a recall or a research study, the individual's contact information; and
1000	(ii) a copy of the individual's valid photo identification;
1001	(5) A physician who recommends treatment with medical cannabis to an individual or
1002	minor shall:
1003	(a) input in the physician's diagnosis that the individual suffers from a qualifying
1004	illness:
1005	(i) the type of qualifying illness; and
1006	(ii) a recommendation that the individual try a cannabis product; and
1007	(b) look up the individual in the controlled substance database created in Section
1008	58-37f-201 to check for potential interactions or warning signs.
1009	(6) A medical cannabis card the department issues under this section is valid for the
1010	<u>lesser of:</u>
1011	(a) an amount of time determined by the physician who recommends treatment with a
1012	cannabis product under Subsection (5); or
1013	(b) two years.
1014	(7) An individual may not ingest cannabis or a cannabis product:
1015	(a) in public view; or
1016	(b) while the individual operates a motor vehicle.
1017	(8) The department may revoke an individual's medical cannabis card if the individual

1018	violates this chapter.
1019	(9) The department may establish procedures, by rule in accordance with Title 63G,
1020	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the medical cannabis card
1021	application and issuance provisions of this Section.
1022	(10) (a) A person may submit, to the department, a request to conduct a medical
1023	research study using medical cannabis cardholder data contained in the electronic verification
1024	system.
1025	(b) The department shall review a request submitted under Subsection (10)(a) to
1026	determine if the medical research study is valid.
1027	(c) If the department determines that a medical research study is valid under Subsection
1028	(10)(b), the department shall notify a relevant medical cannabis cardholder asking for the
1029	medical cannabis cardholder's participation in the study.
1030	(d) The department may release, for the purposes of a study, information about a
1031	medical cannabis cardholder who consents to participation under Subsection (10)(c).
1032	(e) The department may establish standards for a medical research study's validity, by
1033	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1034	Section 30. Section 26-58-202 is enacted to read:
1035	26-58-202. Medical cannabis card Designated caregiver Registration
1036	Renewal Revocation.
1037	(1) An individual may designate up to two individuals to serve as designated caregivers
1038	of the individual if:
1039	(a) the individual has a valid medical cannabis card under Section 26-58-201; and
1040	(b) a physician determines that, due to physical impossibility or undue hardship, the
1041	individual is unable to obtain a cannabis product from a cannabis dispensary.
1042	(2) An individual registered as a designated caregiver under this section may:
1043	(a) carry a valid medical cannabis card with the designated caregiver's name for the
1044	purpose of transporting cannabis or a cannabis product to a designating patient or assisting a
1045	designating patient in administering the cannabis product; and
1046	(b) purchase and possess, in accordance with this chapter, a cannabis product or a
1047	medical cannabis device on behalf of the designating patient.
1048	(3) The department shall register an individual designated as a caregiver under

1049	Subsection (1) If the individual:
1050	(a) is at least 18 years old;
1051	(b) is a Utah resident;
1052	(c) applies online, with the department, through the electronic verification system, for a
1053	medical cannabis card as a designated caregiver;
1054	(d) pays, to the department, a fee established by the department in accordance with
1055	Section 63J-1-504, plus the cost of a criminal background check;
1056	(e) complies with Section 26-58-205; and
1057	(f) completes a training program for designated caregivers established by the
1058	department that includes an endorsement that the individual understands state law for
1059	caregivers.
1060	(4) The department shall issue, to an individual who registers under this section, a
1061	medical cannabis card that:
1062	(a) is connected to the electronic verification system; and
1063	(b) includes the individual's name.
1064	(5) A medical cannabis card is renewable for a designated caregiver if, at the time of
1065	renewal:
1066	(a) an individual with a medical cannabis card described in Subsection (1) renews the
1067	caregiver's designation; and
1068	(b) the designated caregiver meets the requirements of Subsection (3).
1069	(6) A designated caregiver may charge an individual to act as the individual's
1070	designated caregiver.
1071	(7) The Department of Health may revoke an individual's medical cannabis card if the
1072	individual:
1073	(a) violates this chapter; or
1074	(b) is convicted of a felony that is:
1075	(i) a crime of involving the use of force or violence against another person; or
1076	(ii) a felony conviction of a state or federal law pertaining to controlled substances.
1077	Section 31. Section 26-58-203 is enacted to read:
1078	26-58-203. Designated caregiver Criminal background check.
1079	(1) An individual registered as a designated caregiver under Section 26-58-202 shall

1080	submit to a criminal background check in accordance with Subsection (2).
1081	(2) Each designated caregiver shall:
1082	(a) submit, to the department, a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the department
1083	and the Department of Public Safety; and
1084	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
1085	(i) the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
1086	(ii) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
1087	(3) The Department of Public Safety shall complete a Federal Bureau of Investigation
1088	Criminal Background Check for each designated caregiver under Subsection (2) and report the
1089	results of the background check to the department.
1090	Section 32. Section 26-58-204 is enacted to read:
1091	26-58-204. Medical cannabis card Patient and designated caregiver
1092	requirements Rebuttable presumption.
1093	(1) An individual who has a medical cannabis card and who possesses a cannabis
1094	product outside of the individual's residence shall:
1095	(a) carry, with the individual at all times, the individual's medical cannabis card; and
1096	(b) carry, with the cannabis product, a label that identifies that the cannabis product
1097	was originally sold from a department licensed cannabis dispensary, including the bar code or
1098	identification number that links the cannabis or cannabis product to the dispensary's inventory
1099	control system.
1100	(2) If an individual possesses a cannabis product in compliance with Subsection (1), or
1101	a medical cannabis device that corresponds with the cannabis product:
1102	(a) there is a rebuttable presumption that the individual possesses the cannabis product
1103	or medical cannabis device legally; and
1104	(b) a law enforcement officer does not have probable cause, based solely on the
1105	individual's possession of the cannabis product or medical cannabis device, to believe that the
1106	individual is engaging in illegal activity.
1107	(3) (a) If a law enforcement officer stops an individual who possesses a cannabis
1108	product or a medical cannabis device, and the individual represents to the law enforcement
1109	officer that the individual holds a valid medical cannabis card, but the individual does not have
1110	the medical cannabis card in the individual's possession at the time of the stop by the law

1111	enforcement officer, the law enforcement officer shall attempt to access the state electronic
1112	verification system to determine the individual's identity and whether the individual holds a
1113	valid medical cannabis card.
1114	(b) If the law enforcement officer is able to verify the identity of the individual
1115	described in Subsection (3)(a), and that the individual holds a valid medical cannabis card, the
1116	law enforcement officer:
1117	(i) may not arrest or take the individual into custody for the sole reason that the
1118	individual is in possession of a cannabis product or a medical cannabis device; and
1119	(ii) may not seize the cannabis product or medical cannabis device.
1120	(4) An individual who has a valid medical cannabis card is guilty of an infraction if the
1121	individual:
1122	(a) possesses a cannabis product or a medical cannabis device; and
1123	(b) (i) does not posses the individual's medical cannabis card on the individual's
1124	person; or
1125	(ii) does not possess a label that complies with Subsection (1)(b).
1126	(5) (a) Except as described in Subsection (5)(b), an individual who has a valid medical
1127	cannabis card is guilty of an infraction if the individual uses a cannabis product or a medical
1128	cannabis device in public view.
1129	(b) An individual may use a cannabis product or a medical cannabis device in public
1130	view in the event of a medical emergency.
1131	(6) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (4) or (5) is subject to
1132	<u>a \$100 fine.</u>
1133	Section 33. Section 26-58-301 is enacted to read:
1134	Part 3. Cannabis Dispensary License
1135	26-58-301. Cannabis dispensary License Eligibility.
1136	(1) In order to operate as a cannabis dispensary, a person shall obtain a license from the
1137	department issued under this part.
1138	(2) Subject to the requirements of this part, the department shall, within 30 business
1139	days after receiving a complete application, issue a license to operate a cannabis dispensary to a
1140	person who submits to the department:
1141	(a) a proposed name and address of the cannabis dispensary;

1142	(b) evidence that the person:
1143	(i) possesses or controls a minimum of \$500,000 in liquid assets for each application
1144	submitted to the department; and
1145	(ii) can comply with the operating requirements for a cannabis dispensary described in
1146	this chapter;
1147	(c) a complete application for a local business license;
1148	(d) an application fee:
1149	(i) before January 1, 2018, of \$5,000; and
1150	(ii) after January 1, 2018, in an amount determined by the department in accordance
1151	with Section 63J-1-504, that is necessary to cover the department's cost to implement this part;
1152	(e) an operating plan that complies with Section 26-58-303; and
1153	(f) the results of a criminal background check for each cannabis dispensary agent.
1154	(3) If the department determines that a cannabis dispensary is eligible for a license
1155	under this section, the department shall:
1156	(a) before January 1, 2018, charge the cannabis dispensary an initial license fee of
1157	\$65,000; and
1158	(b) on or after January 1, 2018, charge the cannabis dispensary an initial license fee in
1159	an amount determined by the department in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
1160	(4) The department shall require a separate license and a separate license fee under
1161	Subsection (3) for each location of a cannabis dispensary.
1162	(5) The department may revoke a license under this part if the cannabis dispensary is
1163	not operating within one year of the issuance of the initial license.
1164	(6) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee imposed by this section in the
1165	Medical Cannabis Restricted Account.
1166	Section 34. Section 26-58-302 is enacted to read:
1167	26-58-302. Renewal.
1168	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the department shall renew a person's license
1169	under this part every two years if, at the time of renewal:
1170	(a) the person meets the requirements of Section 26-58-301; and
1171	(b) the person pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount determined by
1172	the department in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.

1173	(2) (a) The department may not renew a cannabis dispensary's license for a sixth
1174	consecutive time unless the department publishes a notice, in a newspaper of general
1175	circulation for the geographic area in which the cannabis dispensary is located, one year before
1176	the day on which the cannabis dispensary's license expires, that includes:
1177	(i) the name and location of the cannabis dispensary;
1178	(ii) the day on which the license for the cannabis dispensary will expire; and
1179	(iii) a solicitation for cannabis dispensary license applicants.
1180	(b) If, after the department publishes the notice described in Subsection (2)(a), the
1181	department receives an application for a cannabis dispensary from a new applicant and also
1182	receives an application for renewal from the existing cannabis dispensary, the department shall
1183	issue the license to the applicant that the department determines best meets the criteria
1184	established in Section 26-58-304.
1185	(3) (a) If a licensed cannabis dispensary abandons the cannabis dispensary's license or
1186	has the cannabis dispensary license revoked, the department shall publish notice of an available
1187	license in the same manner as described in Subsection (2)(a).
1188	(b) The department may establish criteria, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1189	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for what actions by a cannabis dispensary constitute
1190	abandonment of a cannabis dispensary license.
1191	Section 35. Section 26-58-303 is enacted to read:
1192	26-58-303. Operating plan.
1193	(1) A person applying for a cannabis dispensary license shall submit to the department
1194	a proposed operation plan for the cannabis dispensary that complies with this section.
1195	(2) A cannabis dispensary's operating plan shall include:
1196	(a) a description of the physical characteristics of the proposed facility, including a
1197	floor plan and architectural elevations that indicate compliance with the requirements of this
1198	chapter;
1199	(b) a description of the credentials and experience of:
1200	(i) each officer, director, or owner of the proposed cannabis dispensary; and
1201	(ii) any highly skilled or experienced prospective employee;
1202	(c) the cannabis dispensary's employee training standards;
1203	(d) a security plan;

1204	(e) a banking plan;
1205	(f) a description of the cannabis dispensary's inventory control system, including a plan
1206	to make the inventory control system compatible with the state electronic verification system;
1207	<u>and</u>
1208	(g) that the cannabis processing facility has entered into a preliminary agreement with a
1209	cannabis processing facility in the state to purchase a cannabis product that the cannabis
1210	dispensary intends to sell.
1211	(3) The department may require, by rule in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1212	Administrative Rulemaking Act, additional operating standards for a cannabis production
1213	establishment's operating plan that are related to safety for human cannabis product
1214	consumption.
1215	Section 36. Section 26-58-304 is enacted to read:
1216	26-58-304. Maximum number of licenses.
1217	(1) The department may not issue more than the greater of, in each county in the state:
1218	(a) one cannabis dispensary license; or
1219	(b) an amount of cannabis dispensary licenses equal to the number of residents in the
1220	county divided by 200,000, rounded up to the nearest greater whole number.
1221	(2) If more than one applicant for a license in a geographic area meets the
1222	qualifications of this chapter for a cannabis dispensary, the department shall evaluate the
1223	applicants, and award the license to the applicant that best demonstrates:
1224	(a) experience with:
1225	(i) establishing and running a similar cannabis based business;
1226	(ii) operating a secure inventory control system;
1227	(iii) complying with a regulatory environment; and
1228	(iv) training, evaluating, and monitoring employees;
1229	(b) connections to the local community;
1230	(c) the extent to which the applicant can reduce the cost of cannabis products to a
1231	patient; and
1232	(d) the extent to which the applicant's business plan reflects cannabis industry best
1233	practices.
1234	(3) The department may conduct a face-to-face interview with an applicant for a

1235	license that the department evaluates under Subsection (2).
1236	Section 37. Section 26-58-401 is enacted to read:
1237	Part 4. Cannabis Dispensary Agents
1238	26-58-401. Cannabis dispensary agent Registration card.
1239	(1) An individual may only act as a cannabis dispensary agent of a cannabis dispensary
1240	if the individual is registered by the department as a cannabis dispensary agent.
1241	(2) A physician may not act as a cannabis dispensary agent.
1242	(3) The department shall, within 30 days after receiving a complete application,
1243	register and issue a cannabis dispensary agent registration card to an individual who:
1244	(a) provides to the department:
1245	(i) the individual's name and address; and
1246	(ii) the name and location of the licensed cannabis dispensary where the individual
1247	seeks to act as the cannabis dispensary agent;
1248	(b) pays a fee to the department:
1249	(i) before January 1, 2018, of \$250; and
1250	(ii) on or after January 1, 2018, in an amount determined by the department in
1251	accordance with Section 63J-1-504, that is necessary to cover the department's cost to
1252	implement this part; and
1253	(c) complies with Section 26-58-402.
1254	(4) A cannabis dispensary agent shall comply with a certification standard developed
1255	by the department, or a third party certification standard approved by the department.
1256	(5) The certification standard described in Subsection (4) shall address:
1257	(a) Utah medical cannabis law;
1258	(b) cannabis dispensary best practices; and
1259	(c) resources available to help patients.
1260	(6) The department may revoke or refuse to issue the cannabis dispensary agent
1261	registration card of an individual who:
1262	(a) violates the requirements of this chapter; or
1263	(b) is convicted of a felony under state or federal law that involves a drug or violent
1264	crime that is a felony under state or federal law.
1265	Section 38. Section 26-58-402 is enacted to read:

1266	26-58-402. Cannabis dispensary agents Criminal background checks.
1267	(1) An individual applying for a cannabis dispensary agent registration card under this
1268	chapter shall:
1269	(a) submit, at the time of application, a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the
1270	department; and
1271	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
1272	(i) the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
1273	(ii) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
1274	(2) The department shall request that the Department of Public Safety complete a
1275	$\underline{\text{Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal background check for each cannabis dispensary } \underline{\text{agent}}$
1276	registration card applicant.
1277	(3) The department may revoke or refuse to issue an individual's cannabis dispensary
1278	agent registration card if the individual has been convicted of an offense that is a felony under
1279	state or federal law that is related to drugs or a violent crime.
1280	Section 39. Section 26-58-403 is enacted to read:
1281	26-58-403. Cannabis dispensary agent registration card Rebuttable
1282	presumption.
1283	(1) An individual who has a cannabis dispensary agent registration card shall carry the
1284	individual's cannabis dispensary agent registration card with the individual at all times when:
1285	(a) the individual is on the premises of a cannabis dispensary; and
1286	(b) the individual is transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis
1287	device between two cannabis production establishments or between a cannabis production
1288	establishment and a cannabis dispensary.
1289	(2) If an individual handling cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis
1290	device at a cannabis dispensary, or transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical
1291	cannabis device, possesses the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device in
1292	compliance with Subsection (1):
1293	(a) there is a rebuttable presumption that the individual possesses the cannabis,
1294	cannabis product, or medical cannabis device legally; and
1295	(b) a law enforcement officer does not have probable cause to believe that the
1296	individual is engaging in illegal activity, based solely on the individual's possession of the

1297	cannables, cannables product, of medical cannables device in compliance with Subsection (1).
1298	(3) A cannabis dispensary agent registered with the department is guilty of an
1299	infraction if the registered cannabis dispensary agent:
1300	(a) (i) is on the premises of a cannabis dispensary where the individual is registered as
1301	an agent; or
1302	(ii) transports cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device; and
1303	(b) does not possess, on the registered cannabis dispensary agent's person, a valid
1304	cannabis dispensary agent registration card.
1305	(4) A registered cannabis dispensary agent who is guilty of an infraction under
1306	Subsection (3) is subject to a fine of no more than \$100.
1307	Section 40. Section 26-58-501 is enacted to read:
1308	Part 5. Cannabis Dispensary Operation
1309	26-58-501. Operating requirements General.
1310	(1) (a) A cannabis dispensary shall operate in accordance with the operating plan
1311	provided to the department under Section 26-58-303.
1312	(b) A cannabis dispensary shall notify the department no longer than 30 days after a
1313	change in the cannabis dispensary's operating plan.
1314	(2) A cannabis dispensary shall operate:
1315	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3), in a facility that is accessible only by an
1316	individual with a valid cannabis dispensary agent registration card issued under Section
1317	26-58-401 or a medical cannabis card issued under Section 26-58-201; and
1318	(b) at the physical address provided to the department under Section 26-58-301.
1319	(3) A cannabis dispensary may allow an individual who is a visitor, a contractor, or a
1320	member of the press to access the cannabis dispensary if the cannabis dispensary:
1321	(a) tracks and monitors the individual at all times while the individual is at the
1322	cannabis dispensary; and
1323	(b) maintains a record of the individual's access.
1324	(4) A cannabis dispensary shall operate in a facility that has:
1325	(a) a single, secure public entrance with a checkpoint;
1326	(b) a security system with a backup power source that:
1327	(i) detects and records entry into the cannabis dispensary during business hours; and

1328	(ii) provides notice of an unauthorized entry to law enforcement when the cannabis
1329	dispensary is closed; and
1330	(c) a reinforced and locked area where the cannabis dispensary stores cannabis or a
1331	cannabis product.
1332	(5) A cannabis dispensary shall post, clearly and conspicuously in the cannabis
1333	dispensary, the limit on the purchase of cannabis described in Subsection 26-58-502(3),
1334	(6) A cannabis dispensary may not allow any individual to consume cannabis on the
1335	property or premises of the establishment.
1336	(7) A cannabis dispensary may not, on an interior or exterior space, display or offer
1337	anything that glorifies or trivializes cannabis or that promotes a recreational cannabis lifestyle.
1338	(8) A cannabis dispensary shall:
1339	(a) have a clinical, medical appearance; and
1340	(b) require any employee to wear a white lab coat.
1341	(9) A cannabis dispensary may not operate:
1342	(a) within 600 feet of a community location, as defined in Section 32B-1-102, that is
1343	not a public or private school; or
1344	(b) within 1000 feet of a public or private school.
1345	Section 41. Section 26-58-502 is enacted to read:
1346	26-58-502. Dispensing Amount a cannabis dispensary may dispense
1347	Reporting Form of cannabis or cannabis product.
1348	(1) A cannabis dispensary may only sell, subject to this chapter:
1349	(a) a cannabis product;
1350	(b) a medical cannabis device; or
1351	(c) educational materials related to the medical use of cannabis.
1352	(2) A cannabis dispensary may only sell a cannabis product or a medical cannabis
1353	device to an individual with a medical cannabis card issued by the department.
1354	(3) A cannabis dispensary may not dispense on behalf of any one individual with a
1355	medical cannabis card, in any one 30-day period an amount of cannabis products that contains,
1356	in total, greater than 10 grams of cannabinoids by weight.
1357	(4) An individual with a medical cannabis card may not purchase more cannabis
1358	products than the amount designated in Subsection (3).

1359	(5) A designated caregiver designated by any individual with a medical cannabis card
1360	may not purchase, for the individual, an amount of cannabis products that exceeds the amount
1361	designated in Subsection (3).
1362	(6) A cannabis dispensary shall:
1363	(a) access the electronic verification system before dispensing a cannabis product to an
1364	individual with a medical cannabis card in order to determine if the individual has already met
1365	the maximum amount of cannabis products described in Subsection (3); and
1366	(b) submit a record to the electronic verification system each time the cannabis
1367	dispensary dispenses a cannabis product to an individual with a medical cannabis card.
1368	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a cannabis dispensary may not sell a
1369	cannabis product that is intentionally designed or fabricated to resemble a cigarette, or made to
1370	resemble or be mistaken for a cigarette.
1371	(b) A cannabis dispensary may sell a cannabis product with a thin, cylindrical
1372	configuration that warms a cannabis product into a vapor that is ingested into an individual's
1373	respiratory system.
1374	(8) A cannabis dispensary may not sell a medical cannabis device that produces a vapor
1375	with an odor or flavor.
1376	(9) A cannabis dispensary may give to an individual with a medical cannabis card, at
1377	no cost, a product that the cannabis dispensary may sell under Subsection (1).
1378	Section 42. Section 26-58-503 is enacted to read:
1379	26-58-503. Advertising and signage.
1380	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3) a cannabis dispensary may not
1381	advertise in any medium.
1382	(2) A cannabis dispensary may display signage on the outside of the cannabis
1383	dispensary that includes only:
1384	(a) the cannabis dispensary's name and hours of operation; and
1385	(b) a green cross.
1386	(3) A cannabis dispensary may maintain a website that includes information about:
1387	(a) the location and hours of the cannabis dispensary;
1388	(b) the products and services available at the cannabis dispensary;
1389	(c) personnel affiliated with the cannabis dispensary;

1390	(d) best practices that the cannabis dispensary upholds;
1391	(e) educational materials related to the medical use of cannabis; and
1392	(f) employment opportunities with the cannabis dispensary.
1393	Section 43. Section 26-58-504 is enacted to read:
1394	26-58-504. Inspections.
1395	(1) The department shall inspect, in accordance with Subsection (2), a cannabis
1396	dispensary's facility and records in order to determine if the cannabis dispensary complies with
1397	the licensing requirements of this part.
1398	(2) The department may inspect the records and facility of a cannabis dispensary at any
1399	time, scheduled or unscheduled.
1400	Section 44. Section 26-58-505 is enacted to read:
1401	26-58-505. Cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device
1402	transportation.
1403	(1) Except for an individual or designated caregiver with a medical cannabis card who
1404	possesses cannabis or a cannabis product in accordance with Section 26-58-204, an individual
1405	may only transport cannabis, a cannabis product, or a cannabis device between cannabis
1406	production establishments or between a cannabis production establishment and a cannabis
1407	dispensary if the individual is:
1408	(a) a registered cannabis production establishment agent; or
1409	(b) a registered cannabis dispensary agent.
1410	(2) An individual transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis
1411	device shall possess a transportation manifest that:
1412	(a) includes a unique identifier that links the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical
1413	cannabis device to a related inventory control system;
1414	(b) includes origin and destination information for any cannabis, cannabis product, or
1415	medical cannabis device the individual is transporting; and
1416	(c) indicates the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual transporting
1417	the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device.
1418	(3) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (1) and (2), the department may
1419	establish, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1420	Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical

1421	cannabis device that reflect best practices for cannabis or cannabis product transportation for
1422	safety for human cannabis or cannabis product consumption.
1423	(4) A cannabis dispensary agent registered with the department is guilty of an
1424	infraction if the registered cannabis dispensary agent:
1425	(a) transports cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device; and
1426	(b) does not possess, on the registered cannabis dispensary agent's person or in the
1427	transport vehicle, a manifest that complies with Subsection (3).
1428	(5) A registered cannabis dispensary agent who is guilty of an infraction under
1429	Subsection (3) is subject to a fine of no more than \$100.
1430	Section 45. Section 26-58-601 is enacted to read:
1431	Part 6. Enforcement
1432	26-58-601. Enforcement Fine Citation.
1433	(1) The department may, for a violation of this chapter by a person who is a cannabis
1434	dispensary or cannabis dispensary agent:
1435	(a) revoke the person's cannabis dispensary license or cannabis dispensary agent
1436	registration card;
1437	(b) refuse to renew the person's license or registration; or
1438	(c) assess the person an administrative penalty.
1439	(2) The department shall deposit an administrative penalty imposed under this section
1440	into the Medical Cannabis Restricted Account.
1441	(3) The department may, for a person subject to an uncontested citation, a stipulated
1442	settlement, or a finding of a violation in an adjudicative proceeding under this section:
1443	(a) assess the person a fine, established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, of up to
1444	\$5,000 per violation, in accordance with a fine schedule established by rule made in accordance
1445	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
1446	(b) order the person to cease and desist from, and cure, the action that creates a
1447	violation.
1448	(4) The department may not revoke a cannabis dispensary's license via a citation.
1449	(5) If, within 20 calendar days after the day on which the department issues a citation
1450	for a violation of this chapter, the person that is the subject of the citation fails to request a
1451	hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the basis of the department's final order.

(6) The department may, for a person who fails to cure the violation for which a
citation under this section:
(a) refuse to issue or renew the person's license or cannabis dispensary agent
registration card; or
(b) suspend, revoke, or place on probation the person's license or cannabis dispensary
agent registration card.
Section 46. Section 30-3-10 is amended to read:
30-3-10. Custody of children in case of separation or divorce Custody
consideration.
(1) If a husband and wife having minor children are separated, or their marriage is
declared void or dissolved, the court shall make an order for the future care and custody of the
minor children as it considers appropriate.
(a) In determining any form of custody, including a change in custody, the court shall
consider the best interests of the child without preference for either the mother or father solely
because of the biological sex of the parent and, among other factors the court finds relevant, the
following:
(i) the past conduct and demonstrated moral standards of each of the parties;
(ii) which parent is most likely to act in the best interest of the child, including
allowing the child frequent and continuing contact with the noncustodial parent;
(iii) the extent of bonding between the parent and child, meaning the depth, quality,
and nature of the relationship between a parent and child;
(iv) whether the parent has intentionally exposed the child to pornography or material
harmful to a minor, as defined in Section 76-10-1201; and
(v) those factors outlined in Section 30-3-10.2.
(b) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that joint legal custody, as defined in
Section 30-3-10.1, is in the best interest of the child, except in cases where there is:
(i) domestic violence in the home or in the presence of the child;
(ii) special physical or mental needs of a parent or child, making joint legal custody
unreasonable;
(iii) physical distance between the residences of the parents, making joint decision
making impractical in certain circumstances; or

- (iv) any other factor the court considers relevant including those listed in this section and Section 30-3-10.2.
 - (c) The person who desires joint legal custody shall file a proposed parenting plan in accordance with Sections 30-3-10.8 and 30-3-10.9. A presumption for joint legal custody may be rebutted by a showing by a preponderance of the evidence that it is not in the best interest of the child.
 - (d) The children may not be required by either party to testify unless the trier of fact determines that extenuating circumstances exist that would necessitate the testimony of the children be heard and there is no other reasonable method to present their testimony.
 - (e) The court may inquire of the children and take into consideration the children's desires regarding future custody or parent-time schedules, but the expressed desires are not controlling and the court may determine the children's custody or parent-time otherwise. The desires of a child 14 years of age or older shall be given added weight, but is not the single controlling factor.
 - (f) If interviews with the children are conducted by the court pursuant to Subsection (1)(e), they shall be conducted by the judge in camera. The prior consent of the parties may be obtained but is not necessary if the court finds that an interview with the children is the only method to ascertain the child's desires regarding custody.
 - (2) In awarding custody, the court shall consider, among other factors the court finds relevant, which parent is most likely to act in the best interests of the child, including allowing the child frequent and continuing contact with the noncustodial parent as the court finds appropriate.
 - (3) If the court finds that one parent does not desire custody of the child, the court shall take that evidence into consideration in determining whether to award custody to the other parent.
 - (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a court may not discriminate against a parent due to a disability, as defined in Section 57-21-2, in awarding custody or determining whether a substantial change has occurred for the purpose of modifying an award of custody.
 - (b) If a court takes a parent's disability into account in awarding custody or determining whether a substantial change has occurred for the purpose of modifying an award of custody, the parent with a disability may rebut any evidence, presumption, or inference arising from the

1514	disability by showing that:
1515	(i) the disability does not significantly or substantially inhibit the parent's ability to
1516	provide for the physical and emotional needs of the child at issue; or
1517	(ii) the parent with a disability has sufficient human, monetary, or other resources
1518	available to supplement the parent's ability to provide for the physical and emotional needs of
1519	the child at issue.
1520	(c) Nothing in this section may be construed to apply to adoption proceedings under
1521	Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act.
1522	(5) This section establishes neither a preference nor a presumption for or against joint
1523	physical custody or sole physical custody, but allows the court and the family the widest
1524	discretion to choose a parenting plan that is in the best interest of the child.
1525	(6) In considering the past conduct and demonstrated moral standards of each of the
1526	parties as described under Subsection (1)(a)(i), a court may not discriminate against a parent
1527	because of the parent's possession or consumption of a cannabis product or a medical cannabis
1528	device, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act.
1529	Section 47. Section 41-6a-517 is amended to read:
1530	41-6a-517. Definitions Driving with any measurable controlled substance in the
1531	body Penalties Arrest without warrant.
1532	(1) As used in this section:
1533	(a) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
1534	(b) "Practitioner" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
1535	(c) "Prescribe" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
1536	(d) "Prescription" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
1537	(2) In cases not amounting to a violation of Section 41-6a-502, a person may not
1538	operate or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state if the person has any
1539	measurable controlled substance or metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's body.
1540	(3) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section that the controlled
1541	substance was:
1542	(a) involuntarily ingested by the accused;
1543	(b) prescribed by a practitioner for use by the accused; [or]

(c) a cannabis product that was:

1545	(i) not causing impairment; and
1546	(ii) (A) recommended by a physician to the accused, if the accused holds a valid
1547	medical cannabis card under Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act; or
1548	(B) ingested by the accused in another state in which the use of a cannabis product is
1549	legal under state law; or
1550	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> otherwise legally ingested.
1551	(4) (a) A person convicted of a violation of Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B
1552	misdemeanor.
1553	(b) A person who violates this section is subject to conviction and sentencing under
1554	both this section and any applicable offense under Section 58-37-8.
1555	(5) A peace officer may, without a warrant, arrest a person for a violation of this
1556	section when the officer has probable cause to believe the violation has occurred, although not
1557	in the officer's presence, and if the officer has probable cause to believe that the violation was
1558	committed by the person.
1559	(6) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 21 years of age or older on the
1560	date of arrest:
1561	(a) suspend, for a period of 120 days, the driver license of a person convicted under
1562	Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2009; or
1563	(b) revoke, for a period of two years, the driver license of a person if:
1564	(i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
1565	(ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009,
1566	and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
1567	(7) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 19 years of age or older but
1568	under 21 years of age on the date of arrest:
1569	(a) suspend, until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of one year, whichever is
1570	longer, the driver license of a person convicted under Subsection (2) of an offense committed
1571	on or after July 1, 2011; or
1572	(b) revoke, until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is
1573	longer, the driver license of a person if:
1574	(i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
1575	(ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009,

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- and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
- 1577 (8) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is under 19 years of age on the date of arrest:
 - (a) suspend, until the person is 21 years of age, the driver license of a person convicted under Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2009; or
 - (b) revoke, until the person is 21 years of age, the driver license of a person if:
 - (i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
- 1583 (ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009, 1584 and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
 - (9) The Driver License Division shall subtract from any suspension or revocation period the number of days for which a license was previously suspended under Section 53-3-223 or 53-3-231, if the previous suspension was based on the same occurrence upon which the record of conviction is based.
 - (10) The Driver License Division shall:
 - (a) deny, suspend, or revoke a person's license for the denial and suspension periods in effect prior to July 1, 2009, for a conviction of a violation under Subsection (2) that was committed prior to July 1, 2009; or
 - (b) deny, suspend, or revoke the operator's license of a person for the denial, suspension, or revocation periods in effect from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, if:
 - (i) the person was 20 years of age or older but under 21 years of age at the time of arrest; and
 - (ii) the conviction under Subsection (2) is for an offense that was committed on or after July 1, 2009, and prior to July 1, 2011.
 - (11) A court that reported a conviction of a violation of this section for a violation that occurred on or after July 1, 2009, to the Driver License Division may shorten the suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a) prior to completion of the suspension period if the person:
 - (a) completes at least six months of the license suspension;
 - (b) completes a screening;
- 1605 (c) completes an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a screening under Subsection (11)(b);

- 1607 (d) completes substance abuse treatment if it is found appropriate by the assessment under Subsection (11)(c); 1608 1609 (e) completes an educational series if substance abuse treatment is not required by the 1610 assessment under Subsection (11)(c) or the court does not order substance abuse treatment; 1611 (f) has not been convicted of a violation of any motor vehicle law in which the person 1612 was involved as the operator of the vehicle during the suspension period imposed under 1613 Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a); 1614 (g) has complied with all the terms of the person's probation or all orders of the court if 1615 not ordered to probation; and 1616 (h) (i) is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to the court that the 1617 person has not consumed a controlled substance not prescribed by a practitioner for use by the 1618 person or unlawfully consumed alcohol during the suspension period imposed under 1619 Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a): or 1620 (ii) is under 18 years of age and has the person's parent or legal guardian provide an 1621 affidavit or other sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal guardian's 1622 knowledge the person has not consumed a controlled substance not prescribed by a practitioner 1623 for use by the person or unlawfully consumed alcohol during the suspension period imposed 1624 under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a). 1625 (12) If the court shortens a person's license suspension period in accordance with the 1626 requirements of Subsection (11), the court shall forward the order shortening the person's 1627 license suspension period prior to the completion of the suspension period imposed under 1628 Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a) to the Driver License Division. 1629 (13) (a) The court shall notify the Driver License Division if a person fails to: 1630 (i) complete all court ordered screening and assessment, educational series, and 1631 substance abuse treatment; or 1632 (ii) pay all fines and fees, including fees for restitution and treatment costs. (b) Upon receiving the notification, the division shall suspend the person's driving 1633 privilege in accordance with Subsections 53-3-221(2) and (3). 1634
- 1636 for a person convicted under Subsection (2).
- Section 48. Section **53-1-106.5** is enacted to read:

(14) The court shall order supervised probation in accordance with Section 41-6a-507

1638	53-1-106.5. Medical Cannabis Act Department duties.
1639	(1) In addition to the duties described in Section 53-1-106, the department shall:
1640	(a) develop standards for training peace officers and law enforcement agencies in state
1641	medical cannabis law and the use of the state electronic verification system; and
1642	(b) collaborate with the Department of Health and the Department of Agriculture and
1643	Food to provide a curriculum for training peace officers and law enforcement agencies in
1644	medical cannabis.
1645	(2) The department may not allow a law enforcement official to access the electronic
1646	verification system unless the law enforcement official has completed the training described in
1647	Subsections (1)(b) and (1)(c).
1648	Section 49. Section 58-37-3.6 is enacted to read:
1649	58-37-3.6. Exemption for possession or use of cannabis to treat a qualifying
1650	illness.
1651	(1) As used in this section:
1652	(a) (i) "Cannabis" means the plant cannabis sativa.
1653	(ii) "Cannabis" includes marijuana.
1654	(b) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1655	<u>26-58-102.</u>
1656	(c) "Cannabis product" means a product that:
1657	(i) is intended for human ingestion;
1658	(ii) contains cannabinoids extracted out of a whole cannabis plant; and
1659	(iii) is separated into doses with an identified amount of total cannabinoids and
1660	cannabinoid profile per dose.
1661	(d) "Designated caregiver" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1662	<u>26-58-102.</u>
1663	(e) "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37a-3.
1664	(f) "Marijuana" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
1665	(g) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1666	<u>26-58-102.</u>
1667	(h) "Medical cannabis device" means a device that:
1668	(i) an individual uses to ingest a lawfully sold cannabis product; and

1669	(ii) measures the amount of cannabinoids ingested.
1670	(i) "Qualifying illness" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-58-102.
1671	(j) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means a substance derived from cannabis that meets the
1672	description in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA).
1673	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter:
1674	(a) an individual who grows, possesses, sells, or offers to sell cannabis is not subject to
1675	the penalties described in this title for the growth, possession, sale, or offer for sale of
1676	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol to the extent that the individual's growth, possession, sale,
1677	or offer for sale of the cannabis complies with:
1678	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishment; and
1679	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act;
1680	(b) an individual who possesses, sells, or offers to sell a cannabis product or a medical
1681	cannabis device is not subject to the penalties described in this title for the possession, sale, or
1682	offer for sale of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol to the extent that the individual's
1683	possession, sale, or offer for sale of the cannabis product or medical cannabis device complies
1684	with:
1685	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishment; and
1686	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act;
1687	(c) an individual who possesses, sells, or offers to sell a medical cannabis device is not
1688	subject to the penalties described in this title for the possession, sale, or offer for sale of
1689	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol drug paraphernalia to the extent that the individual's
1690	possession, sale, or offer for sale of the medical cannabis device complies with:
1691	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishment; and
1692	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act.
1693	(3) An individual with a medical cannabis card is guilty of an infraction if the
1694	individual uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device.
1695	(4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a
1696	<u>\$100 fine.</u>
1697	Section 50. Section 58-37-3.7 is enacted to read:
1698	58-37-3.7. Affirmative defense.
1699	(1) Refore the day on which the Department of Health is issuing medical cannabis

1700	and and a complication of the state is licensed and calling a complication of the state is in an
1700	cards and a cannabis dispensary in the state is licensed and selling a cannabis product, it is an
1701	affirmative defense to criminal charges against an individual for the use or possession of
1702	marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol drug paraphernalia
1703	under this chapter that the individual's conduct would have been lawful after the individual
1704	obtains a medical cannabis card under Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act.
1705	(2) A court shall, for charges that the court dismisses under Subsection (1), dismiss the
1706	charges without prejudice.
1707	Section 51. Section 59-12-104.7 is enacted to read:
1708	59-12-104.7. Exemption from sales tax for medical cannabis.
1709	(1) As used in this section:
1710	(a) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
1711	(b) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1712	<u>26-58-102.</u>
1713	(c) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
1714	(d) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1715	<u>58-37-3.6.</u>
1716	(2) In addition to the exemptions described in Section 59-12-104, the sale, by a
1717	licensed cannabis dispensary, of a cannabis product or a medical cannabis device, is not subject
1718	to the taxes imposed by this chapter.
1719	Section 52. Section 59-28-101 is enacted to read:
1720	CHAPTER 28. MEDICAL CANNABIS TAX ACT
1721	<u>59-28-101.</u> Title.
1722	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act."
1723	Section 53. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read:
1724	<u>59-28-102.</u> Definitions.
1725	As used in this chapter:
1726	(1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
1727	(2) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1728	26-58-102.
1729	(3) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
1730	(4) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section

1731	<u>58-37-3.6.</u>
1732	(5) "Medical Cannabis Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
1733	<u>26-58-108.</u>
1734	Section 54. Section 59-28-103 is enacted to read:
1735	59-28-103. Imposition of tax Rate.
1736	There is imposed a tax on the retail purchaser of a cannabis product, or a medical
1737	cannabis device at a cannabis dispensary in the state, in an amount equal to 4.70% of amounts
1738	paid or charged for the cannabis product or medical cannabis device.
1739	Section 55. Section 59-28-104 is enacted to read:
1740	<u>59-28-104.</u> Collection of tax.
1741	A cannabis dispensary shall:
1742	(1) collect the tax imposed by Section 59-28-103 from a cannabis product or medical
1743	cannabis device purchaser; and
1744	(2) pay the tax collected under Subsection (1):
1745	(a) to the commission quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately
1746	following the last day of the previous quarter; and
1747	(b) using a form prescribed by the commission.
1748	Section 56. Section 59-28-105 is enacted to read:
1749	59-28-105. Deposit of tax revenue.
1750	The commission shall deposit revenues generated by the tax imposed by this chapter
1751	into the Medical Cannabis Restricted Account.
1752	Section 57. Section 59-28-106 is enacted to read:
1753	<u>59-28-106.</u> Records.
1754	(1) A cannabis dispensary shall maintain any record typically deemed necessary to
1755	determine the amount of tax that the cannabis dispensary is required to remit to the commission
1756	under this chapter.
1757	(2) The commission may require a cannabis dispensary to keep any record the
1758	commission reasonably considers necessary to constitute sufficient evidence of the amount of
1759	tax the cannabis dispensary is required to remit to the commission under this chapter:
1760	(a) by notice served upon the cannabis dispensary; or
1761	(b) by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

1762	Rulemaking Act.
1763	(3) Upon notice by the commission, a cannabis dispensary shall open the cannabis
1764	dispensary's records for examination by the commission.
1765	Section 58. Section 59-28-107 is enacted to read:
1766	59-28-107. Rulemaking authority Enforcement not more strict than those
1767	applied to a similarly situated business.
1768	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the commission may make rules in
1769	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
1770	(a) implement the tax imposed by this chapter; and
1771	(b) enforce payment of the tax imposed by this chapter.
1772	(2) The commission may not make a rule that applies to a cannabis dispensary that is
1773	more restrictive than would apply to a similarly situated business.
1774	(3) The commission may not enforce this chapter against a cannabis dispensary more
1775	strictly than the commission would for a similarly situated business.
1776	Section 59. Section 59-28-108 is enacted to read:
1777	59-28-108. Penalties and interest.
1778	A cannabis dispensary that fails to comply with any provision of this chapter is subject
1779	to penalties and interest as provided in Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.
1780	Section 60. Section 62A-4a-202.1 is amended to read:
1781	62A-4a-202.1. Entering home of a child Taking a child into protective custody
1782	Caseworker accompanied by peace officer Preventive services Shelter facility or
1783	emergency placement.
1784	(1) A peace officer or child welfare worker may not:
1785	(a) enter the home of a child who is not under the jurisdiction of the court, remove a
1786	child from the child's home or school, or take a child into protective custody unless authorized
1787	under Subsection 78A-6-106(2); or
1788	(b) remove a child from the child's home or take a child into custody under this section
1789	solely on the basis of:
1790	(i) educational neglect, truancy, or failure to comply with a court order to attend
1791	school[.]; or
1792	(ii) the possession or use of a cannabis product or a medical cannabis device in the

- home, if the use and possession of the cannabis product or medical cannabis device is in
 compliance with Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act.
 - (2) A child welfare worker within the division may take action under Subsection (1) accompanied by a peace officer, or without a peace officer when a peace officer is not reasonably available.
 - (3) (a) If possible, consistent with the child's safety and welfare, before taking a child into protective custody, the child welfare worker shall also determine whether there are services available that, if provided to a parent or guardian of the child, would eliminate the need to remove the child from the custody of the child's parent or guardian.
 - (b) If the services described in Subsection (3)(a) are reasonably available, they shall be utilized.
 - (c) In determining whether the services described in Subsection (3)(a) are reasonably available, and in making reasonable efforts to provide those services, the child's health, safety, and welfare shall be the child welfare worker's paramount concern.
 - (4) (a) A child removed or taken into custody under this section may not be placed or kept in a secure detention facility pending court proceedings unless the child is detainable based on guidelines promulgated by the Division of Juvenile Justice Services.
 - (b) A child removed from the custody of the child's parent or guardian but who does not require physical restriction shall be given temporary care in:
 - (i) a shelter facility; or
 - (ii) an emergency placement in accordance with Section 62A-4a-209.
 - (c) When making a placement under Subsection (4)(b), the Division of Child and Family Services shall give priority to a placement with a noncustodial parent, relative, or friend, in accordance with Section 62A-4a-209.
 - (d) If the child is not placed with a noncustodial parent, a relative, or a designated friend, the caseworker assigned to the child shall file a report with the caseworker's supervisor explaining why a different placement was in the child's best interest.
 - (5) When a child is removed from the child's home or school or taken into protective custody, the caseworker shall give a parent of the child a pamphlet or flier explaining:
 - (a) the parent's rights under this part, including the right to be present and participate in any court proceeding relating to the child's case;

- 1824 (b) that it may be in the parent's best interest to contact an attorney and that, if the 1825 parent cannot afford an attorney, the court will appoint one; 1826 (c) the name and contact information of a division employee the parent may contact 1827 with questions; 1828 (d) resources that are available to the parent, including: 1829 (i) mental health resources; (ii) substance abuse resources; and 1830 1831 (iii) parenting classes; and 1832 (e) any other information considered relevant by the division. 1833 (6) The pamphlet or flier described in Subsection (5) shall be: 1834 (a) evaluated periodically for its effectiveness at conveying necessary information and 1835 revised accordingly; (b) written in simple, easy-to-understand language; and 1836 1837 (c) available in English and other languages as the division determines to be 1838 appropriate and necessary. 1839 Section 61. Section **63I-1-226** is amended to read: 1840 **63I-1-226.** Repeal dates, Title **26.** 1841 (1) Title 26, Chapter 9f, Utah Digital Health Service Commission Act, is repealed July 1842 1, 2025. (2) Section 26-10-11 is repealed July 1, 2020. 1843 1844 (3) Section 26-21-23, Licensing of non-Medicaid nursing care facility beds, is repealed 1845 July 1, 2018. 1846 (4) Title 26, Chapter 33a, Utah Health Data Authority Act, is repealed July 1, 2024. 1847 (5) Title 26, Chapter 36a, Hospital Provider Assessment Act, is repealed July 1, 2016. 1848 (6) Section 26-38-2.5 is repealed July 1, 2017. 1849 (7) Section 26-38-2.6 is repealed July 1, 2017. (8) Title 26, Chapter 56, Hemp Extract Registration Act, is repealed [July 1, 2016] 1850 1851 June 1, 2018. 1852 Section 62. Section 63I-1-258 is amended to read:

63I-1-258. Repeal dates, Title 58.

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(1) Title 58, Chapter 13, Health Care Providers Immunity from Liability Act, is

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- 1855 repealed July 1, 2026. 1856 (2) Title 58, Chapter 15, Health Facility Administrator Act, is repealed July 1, 2025. 1857 (3) Title 58, Chapter 20a, Environmental Health Scientist Act, is repealed July 1, 2018. 1858 (4) Section 58-37-4.3 is repealed [July 1, 2016] January 1, 2017. 1859 (5) Title 58, Chapter 40, Recreational Therapy Practice Act, is repealed July 1, 2023. 1860 (6) Title 58, Chapter 41, Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Licensing Act, is 1861 repealed July 1, 2019. 1862 (7) Title 58, Chapter 42a, Occupational Therapy Practice Act, is repealed July 1, 2025. 1863 (8) Title 58, Chapter 46a, Hearing Instrument Specialist Licensing Act, is repealed July 1864 1, 2023. 1865 (9) Title 58, Chapter 47b, Massage Therapy Practice Act, is repealed July 1, 2024. 1866 (10) Title 58, Chapter 61, Part 7, Behavior Analyst Licensing Act, is repealed July 1, 2026. 1867 1868 (11) Title 58, Chapter 72, Acupuncture Licensing Act, is repealed July 1, 2017. 1869 Section 63. Section **78A-6-508** is amended to read: 1870 78A-6-508. Evidence of grounds for termination. 1871 (1) In determining whether a parent or parents have abandoned a child, it is prima facie 1872 evidence of abandonment that the parent or parents: 1873 (a) although having legal custody of the child, have surrendered physical custody of the 1874 child, and for a period of six months following the surrender have not manifested to the child 1875 or to the person having the physical custody of the child a firm intention to resume physical 1876 custody or to make arrangements for the care of the child; (b) have failed to communicate with the child by mail, telephone, or otherwise for six 1877 1878 months; 1879 (c) failed to have shown the normal interest of a natural parent, without just cause; or 1880 (d) have abandoned an infant, as described in Subsection 78A-6-316(1). 1881 (2) In determining whether a parent or parents are unfit or have neglected a child the 1882 court shall consider, but is not limited to, the following circumstances, conduct, or conditions:
 - (a) emotional illness, mental illness, or mental deficiency of the parent that renders the parent unable to care for the immediate and continuing physical or emotional needs of the child for extended periods of time;

- 1886 (b) conduct toward a child of a physically, emotionally, or sexually cruel or abusive nature;
 - (c) habitual or excessive use of intoxicating liquors, controlled substances, or dangerous drugs that render the parent unable to care for the child;
 - (d) repeated or continuous failure to provide the child with adequate food, clothing, shelter, education, or other care necessary for the child's physical, mental, and emotional health and development by a parent or parents who are capable of providing that care;
 - (e) whether the parent is incarcerated as a result of conviction of a felony, and the sentence is of such length that the child will be deprived of a normal home for more than one year;
 - (f) a history of violent behavior; or
 - (g) whether the parent has intentionally exposed the child to pornography or material harmful to a minor, as defined in Section 76-10-1201.
 - (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(c), the court may not discriminate against a parent because of the parent's possession or consumption of a cannabis product or a medical cannabis device, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act.
 - [(3)] (4) A parent who, legitimately practicing the parent's religious beliefs, does not provide specified medical treatment for a child is not, for that reason alone, a negligent or unfit parent.
 - [(4)] (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a parent may not be considered neglectful or unfit because of a health care decision made for a child by the child's parent unless the state or other party to the proceeding shows, by clear and convincing evidence, that the health care decision is not reasonable and informed.
 - (b) Nothing in Subsection [(4)] (5)(a) may prohibit a parent from exercising the right to obtain a second health care opinion.
 - [(5)] (6) If a child has been placed in the custody of the division and the parent or parents fail to comply substantially with the terms and conditions of a plan within six months after the date on which the child was placed or the plan was commenced, whichever occurs later, that failure to comply is evidence of failure of parental adjustment.
 - [(6)] (7) The following circumstances constitute prima facie evidence of unfitness:
- 1916 (a) sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, injury, or death of a sibling of the child, or of any

1917	child, due to known or substantiated abuse or neglect by the parent or parents;
1918	(b) conviction of a crime, if the facts surrounding the crime are of such a nature as to
1919	indicate the unfitness of the parent to provide adequate care to the extent necessary for the
1920	child's physical, mental, or emotional health and development;
1921	(c) a single incident of life-threatening or gravely disabling injury to or disfigurement
1922	of the child;
1923	(d) the parent has committed, aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to
1924	commit murder or manslaughter of a child or child abuse homicide; or
1925	(e) the parent intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another parent
1926	of the child, without legal justification.
1927	Section 64. Effective date.
1928	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2016.