

	59-7-618, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 265
	59-10-1033, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 265
I	ENACTS:
	<b>59-7-625</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	<b>59-8-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	<b>59-10-1113</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
1	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>59-7-618</b> is amended to read:
	59-7-618. Tax credit related to alternative fuel heavy duty vehicles.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created under Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
(	Conservation Act.
	(b) "Director" means the director of the Division of Air Quality appointed under
5	Section 19-2-107.
	(c) "Heavy duty vehicle" means a commercial category 7 or 8 vehicle, according to
7	vehicle classifications established by the Federal Highway Administration.
	(d) "Natural gas" includes compressed natural gas and liquified natural gas.
	(e) "Qualified heavy duty vehicle" means a heavy duty vehicle that:
	(i) has never been titled or registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles; and
	(ii) is fueled by natural gas, has a 100% electric drivetrain, or has a hydrogen-electric
(	drivetrain.
	(f) "Qualified purchase" means the purchase of a qualified heavy duty vehicle.
	(g) "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer that:
	(i) purchases a qualified heavy duty vehicle; and
	(ii) receives a tax credit certificate from the director.
	(h) "Small fleet" means 40 or fewer heavy duty vehicles registered in the state and
(	owned by a single taxpayer.
	(i) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the director certifying that a
t	taxpayer is entitled to a tax credit as provided in this section and stating the amount of the tax
C	credit.

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- 57 (2) A qualified taxpayer may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against tax otherwise 58 due under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required 59 to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act: 60 (a) in an amount equal to: 61 (i) \$25,000, if the qualified purchase of a natural gas heavy duty vehicle occurs during 62 calendar year 2015 or calendar year 2016; 63 (ii) \$25,000, if the qualified purchase occurs during calendar year 2017; 64 (iii) \$20,000, if the qualified purchase occurs during calendar year 2018: 65 (iv) \$18,000, if the qualified purchase occurs during calendar year 2019; and (v) \$15,000, if the qualified purchase occurs during calendar year 2020; and 66 67 (b) if the qualified taxpayer certifies under oath that over 50% of the miles that the 68 heavy duty vehicle that is the subject of the qualified purchase will travel annually will be 69 within the state. 70 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a taxpayer may not submit an 71 application for, and the director may not issue to the taxpayer, a tax credit certificate under this 72 section in any taxable year for a qualified purchase if the director has already issued tax credit 73 certificates to the taxpayer for 10 qualified purchases in the same taxable year. 74 (b) If, by May 1 of any year, more than 30% of the aggregate annual total amount of 75 tax credits under Subsection (5) has not been claimed, a taxpayer may submit an application 76 for, and the director may issue to the taxpayer, one or more tax credit certificates for up to eight 77 additional qualified purchases, even if the director has already issued to that taxpayer tax credit 78 certificates for the maximum number of qualified purchases allowed under Subsection (3)(a). 79 (4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), the director shall reserve 25% of all tax credits available under this section for qualified taxpayers with a small fleet. 80 81 (b) Subsection (4)(a) does not prevent a taxpayer from submitting an application for, or 82 the director from issuing, a tax credit certificate if, before October 1, qualified taxpayers with a 83 small fleet have not reserved under Subsection (5)(b) tax credits for the full amount reserved 84 under Subsection (4)(a).
  - (5) (a) The aggregate annual total amount of tax credits represented by tax credit certificates that the director issues under this section and Section 59-10-1033 may not exceed \$500,000.

88	(b) The board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative			
89	Rulemaking Act, make rules to establish a process under which a taxpayer may reserve a			
90	potential tax credit under this section for a limited time to allow the taxpayer to make a			
91	qualified purchase with the assurance that the aggregate limit under Subsection (5)(a) will not			
92	be met before the taxpayer is able to submit an application for a tax credit certificate.			
93	(6) (a) (i) A taxpayer wishing to claim a tax credit under this section shall submit to the			
94	director, using forms the board requires by rule:			
95	(A) [submit to the director] an application for a tax credit;			
96	(B) [provide the director] proof of a qualified purchase; [and]			
97	(C) [submit to the director] the certification under oath required under Subsection			
98	(2)(b)[ <del>-</del> ]; and			
99	(D) a certification under oath that the taxpayer has not claimed another tax credit under			
100	this chapter for the same qualified purchase.			
101	(ii) Upon receiving the [application, proof, and certification] information required			
102	under Subsection (6)(a)(i), the director shall provide the taxpayer a written statement from the			
103	director acknowledging receipt of the proof.			
104	(b) If the director determines that a taxpayer qualifies for a tax credit under this section,			
105	the director shall:			
106	(i) determine the amount of tax credit the taxpayer is allowed under this section; and			
107	(ii) provide the taxpayer with a written tax credit certificate:			
108	(A) stating that the taxpayer has qualified for a tax credit; and			
109	(B) showing the amount of tax credit for which the taxpayer has qualified under this			
110	section.			
111	(c) A qualified taxpayer shall retain the tax credit certificate.			
112	(d) The director shall at least annually submit to the commission a list of all qualified			
113	taxpayers to which the director has issued a tax credit certificate and the amount of each tax			
114	credit represented by the tax credit certificates.			
115	(7) The tax credit under this section is allowed only:			
116	(a) against a tax owed under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain			

(a) against a tax owed under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in the taxable year by the qualified taxpayer;

119	(b) for the taxable year in which the qualified purchase occurs; and
120	(c) once per vehicle.
121	(8) A qualified taxpayer may not:
122	(a) assign a tax credit or a tax credit certificate under this section to another person[-];
123	<u>or</u>
124	(b) claim more than one tax credit under this chapter for a qualified purchase.
125	(9) If the qualified taxpayer receives a tax credit certificate under this section that
126	allows a tax credit in an amount that exceeds the qualified taxpayer's tax liability under this
127	chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay
128	Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, for a taxable year, the qualified taxpayer may carry
129	forward the amount of the tax credit that exceeds the tax liability for a period that does not
130	exceed the next five taxable years.
131	(10) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
132	(10)(b), the Division of Finance shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the
133	Education Fund the aggregate amount of all tax credits claimed under this section.
134	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
135	commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the Education
136	Fund as required by Subsection (10)(a).
137	Section 2. Section <b>59-7-625</b> is enacted to read:
138	59-7-625. Refundable tax credit related to electric energy.
139	(1) As used in this section:
140	(a) "Commercial use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
141	(b) "Electric energy storage asset" means property that is interconnected to the
142	electrical grid and is designed to:
143	(i) receive electrical energy;
144	(ii) store electrical energy as another energy form; and
145	(iii) (A) convert stored energy described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) back to electrical
146	energy and deliver the electrical energy for sale; or
147	(B) use electrical energy described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) to provide reliability or
148	economic benefits to the grid.
149	(c) "Heavy duty vehicle" means a commercial 8 vehicle, according to vehicle

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150	classifications established by the Federal Highway Administration.
151	(d) "Industrial use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
152	(e) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
153	(f) "Qualified heavy duty vehicle" means a heavy duty vehicle that has:
154	(i) never been titled or registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles; and
155	(ii) (A) a 100% electric drivetrain and a range of 250 miles or more per charge; or
156	(B) a hydrogen-electric drivetrian and a range of 400 miles or more per charge.
157	(g) "Qualified purchase" means the purchase of:
158	(i) a qualified heavy duty vehicle; or
159	(ii) an electric energy storage asset for any of the following uses in the state:
160	(A) commercial use;
161	(B) industrial use; or
162	(C) residential use.
163	(h) "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer that:
164	(i) makes a qualified purchase; and
165	(ii) receives a tax credit certificate from the office.
166	(i) "Residential use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
167	(j) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office in accordance with
168	Subsection (4)(b).
169	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a qualified taxpayer may claim a
170	refundable tax credit:
171	(a) in an amount equal to the lesser of:
172	(i) if the qualified purchase is an electric energy storage asset for residential use:
173	(A) an amount equal to 25% of the price of the qualified purchase; or
174	(B) \$5,000; or
175	(ii) if the qualified purchase is an electric energy storage asset for commercial use or
176	industrial use or a qualified heavy duty vehicle:
177	(A) an amount equal to 10% of the price of the qualified purchase; or
178	(B) \$100,000; and
179	(b) for a qualified purchase that is a qualified heavy duty vehicle, if the qualified
180	taxpayer certifies under oath that over 50% of the miles that the qualified heavy duty vehicle

181	will travel annually will be within the state.
182	(3) The aggregate total amount of tax credits represented by tax credit certificates that
183	the office issues in a calendar year under this section and Sections 59-8-201 and 59-10-1113
184	may not exceed \$5,000,000.
185	(4) (a) (i) To claim a tax credit under this section a taxpayer shall submit to the office,
186	using a form prescribed by the office:
187	(A) an application for the tax credit;
188	(B) proof of a qualified purchase; and
189	(C) if the qualified purchase is a qualified heavy duty vehicle, the certification
190	described in Subsection (2)(b) and a certification under oath that the taxpayer has not claimed
191	another tax credit under this chapter for the same qualified purchase.
192	(ii) Upon receipt of the information described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), the office shall
193	provide the taxpayer a written statement acknowledging receipt.
194	(b) If the office determines that the taxpayer qualifies for the tax credit, the office shall:
195	(i) determine the amount of the tax credit the taxpayer is allowed under this section;
196	<u>and</u>
197	(ii) provide the taxpayer with a written tax credit certificate that:
198	(A) states that the taxpayer qualifies for the tax credit; and
199	(B) shows the amount of the tax credit for which the taxpayer qualifies.
200	(c) The qualified taxpayer shall retain the tax credit certificate.
201	(d) At least annually, the office shall submit to the commission a list of each qualified
202	taxpayer to whom the office issued a tax credit certificate and the amount of the tax credit.
203	(5) (a) The tax credit described in this section is allowed only for the taxable year in
204	which the qualified purchase occurs.
205	(b) A qualified taxpayer may not:
206	(i) assign a tax credit or tax credit certificate under this section to another person; or
207	(ii) claim more than one tax credit under this chapter for a qualified purchase.
208	Section 3. Section <b>59-8-201</b> is enacted to read:
209	Part 2. Tax Credits
210	59-8-201. Refundable tax credit related to electric energy.
211	(1) As used in this section:

212	(a) "Commercial use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
213	(b) "Electric energy storage asset" means property that is interconnected to the
214	electrical grid and is designed to:
215	(i) receive electrical energy;
216	(ii) store electrical energy as another energy form; and
217	(iii) (A) convert stored energy described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) back to electrical
218	energy and deliver the electrical energy for sale; or
219	(B) use electrical energy described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) to provide reliability or
220	economic benefits to the grid.
221	(c) "Industrial use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
222	(d) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
223	(e) "Qualified purchase" means the purchase of an electric energy storage asset for any
224	of the following uses in the state:
225	(i) commercial use; or
226	(ii) industrial use.
227	(f) "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer that:
228	(i) makes a qualified purchase; and
229	(ii) receives a tax credit certificate from the office.
230	(g) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office in accordance with
231	Subsection (4)(b).
232	(2) For a taxable year beginning on or after July1, 2020, and subject to the other
233	provisions of this section, a qualified taxpayer may claim a refundable tax credit in an amount
234	equal to the lesser of:
235	(a) an amount equal to 10% of the price of the qualified purchase; or
236	(b) \$100,000.
237	(3) The aggregate total amount of tax credits represented by tax credit certificates that
238	the office issues in a calendar year under this section and Sections 59-7-625 and 59-10-1113
239	may not exceed \$5,000,000.
240	(4) (a) (i) To claim a tax credit under this section a taxpayer shall, using a form
241	prescribed by the office:
242	(A) submit to the office an application for the tax credit; and

243	(B) provide the office proof of a qualified purchase.
244	(ii) Upon receipt of the information described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), the office shall
245	provide the taxpayer a written statement acknowledging receipt.
246	(b) If the office determines that the taxpayer qualifies for the tax credit, the office shall:
247	(i) determine the amount of the tax credit the taxpayer is allowed under this section;
248	<u>and</u>
249	(ii) provide the taxpayer with a written tax credit certificate that:
250	(A) states that the taxpayer qualifies for the tax credit; and
251	(B) shows the amount of the tax credit for which the taxpayer qualifies.
252	(c) The qualified taxpayer shall retain the tax credit certificate.
253	(d) At least annually, the office shall submit to the commission a list of each qualified
254	taxpayer to whom the office issued a tax credit certificate and the amount of the tax credit.
255	(5) (a) The tax credit described in this section is allowed only for the taxable year in
256	which the qualified purchase occurs.
257	(b) A qualified taxpayer may not assign a tax credit or tax credit certificate under this
258	section to another person.
259	Section 4. Section <b>59-10-1033</b> is amended to read:
260	59-10-1033. Tax credit related to alternative fuel heavy duty vehicles.
261	(1) As used in this section:
262	(a) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created under Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
263	Conservation Act.
264	(b) "Director" means the director of the Division of Air Quality appointed under
265	Section 19-2-107.
266	(c) "Heavy duty vehicle" means a commercial category 7 or 8 vehicle, according to
267	vehicle classifications established by the Federal Highway Administration.
268	(d) "Natural gas" includes compressed natural gas and liquified natural gas.
269	(e) "Qualified heavy duty vehicle" means a heavy duty vehicle that:
270	(i) has never been titled or registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles; and
271	(ii) is fueled by natural gas, has a 100% electric drivetrain, or has a hydrogen-electric
272	drivetrain.
273	(f) "Qualified purchase" means the purchase of a qualified heavy duty vehicle.

- 274 (g) "Qualified taxpayer" means a claimant, estate, or trust that:
  - (i) purchases a qualified heavy duty vehicle; and
    - (ii) receives a tax credit certificate from the director.
  - (h) "Small fleet" means 40 or fewer heavy duty vehicles registered in the state and owned by a single claimant, estate, or trust.
  - (i) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the director certifying that a claimant, estate, or trust is entitled to a tax credit as provided in this section and stating the amount of the tax credit.
  - (2) A qualified taxpayer may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against tax otherwise due under this chapter:
    - (a) in an amount equal to:
  - (i) \$25,000, if the qualified purchase of a natural gas heavy duty vehicle occurs during calendar year 2015 or calendar year 2016;
    - (ii) \$25,000, if the qualified purchase occurs during calendar year 2017;
    - (iii) \$20,000, if the qualified purchase occurs during calendar year 2018;
    - (iv) \$18,000, if the qualified purchase occurs during calendar year 2019; and
    - (v) \$15,000, if the qualified purchase occurs during calendar year 2020; and
  - (b) if the qualified taxpayer certifies under oath that over 50% of the miles that the heavy duty vehicle that is the subject of the qualified purchase will travel annually will be within the state.
  - (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a claimant, estate, or trust may not submit an application for, and the director may not issue to the claimant, estate, or trust, a tax credit certificate under this section in any taxable year for a qualified purchase if the director has already issued tax credit certificates to the claimant, estate, or trust for 10 qualified purchases in the same taxable year.
  - (b) If, by May 1 of any year, more than 30% of the aggregate annual total amount of tax credits under Subsection (5) has not been claimed, a claimant, estate, or trust may submit an application for, and the director may issue to the claimant, estate, or trust, one or more tax credit certificates for up to eight additional qualified purchases, even if the director has already issued to that claimant, estate, or trust tax credit certificates for the maximum number of qualified purchases allowed under Subsection (3)(a).

- (4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), the director shall reserve 25% of all tax credits available under this section for qualified taxpayers with a small fleet.
- (b) Subsection (4)(a) does not prevent a claimant, estate, or trust from submitting an application for, or the director from issuing, a tax credit certificate if, before October 1, qualified taxpayers with a small fleet have not reserved under Subsection (5)(b) tax credits for the full amount reserved under Subsection (4)(a).
- (5) (a) The aggregate annual total amount of tax credits represented by tax credit certificates that the director issues under this section and Section 59-7-618 may not exceed \$500,000.
- (b) The board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules to establish a process under which a claimant, estate, or trust may reserve a potential tax credit under this section for a limited time to allow the claimant, estate, or trust to make a qualified purchase with the assurance that the aggregate limit under Subsection (5)(a) will not be met before the claimant, estate, or trust is able to submit an application for a tax credit certificate.
- (6) (a) (i) A claimant, estate, or trust wishing to claim a tax credit under this section shall submit to the director, using forms the board requires by rule:
  - (A) [submit to the director] an application for a tax credit;
  - (B) [provide the director] proof of a qualified purchase; [and]
- (C) [submit to the director] the certification under oath required under Subsection (2)(b)[-]; and
  - (D) a certification under oath that the claimant, estate, or trust has not claimed another tax credit under this chapter for the same qualified purchase.
  - (ii) Upon receiving the [application, proof, and certification] information required under Subsection (6)(a)(i), the director shall provide the claimant, estate, or trust a written statement from the director acknowledging receipt of the proof.
  - (b) If the director determines that a claimant, estate, or trust qualifies for a tax credit under this section, the director shall:
  - (i) determine the amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust is allowed under this section; and
    - (ii) provide the claimant, estate, or trust with a written tax credit certificate:

336	(A) stating that the claimant, estate, or trust has qualified for a tax credit; and		
337	(B) showing the amount of tax credit for which the claimant, estate, or trust has		
338	qualified under this section.		
339	(c) A qualified taxpayer shall retain the tax credit certificate.		
340	(d) The director shall at least annually submit to the commission a list of all qualified		
341	taxpayers to which the director has issued a tax credit certificate and the amount of each tax		
342	credit represented by the tax credit certificates.		
343	(7) The tax credit under this section is allowed only:		
344	(a) against a tax owed under this chapter in the taxable year by the qualified taxpayer;		
345	(b) for the taxable year in which the qualified purchase occurs; and		
346	(c) once per vehicle.		
347	(8) A qualified taxpayer may not:		
348	(a) assign a tax credit or a tax credit certificate under this section to another person[-];		
349	<u>or</u>		
350	(b) claim more than one tax credit under this chapter for a qualified purchase.		
351	(9) If the qualified taxpayer receives a tax credit certificate under this section that		
352	allows a tax credit in an amount that exceeds the qualified taxpayer's tax liability under this		
353	chapter for a taxable year, the qualified taxpayer may carry forward the amount of the tax credi		
354	that exceeds the tax liability for a period that does not exceed the next five taxable years.		
355	(10) (a) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection		
356	(10)(b), the Division of Finance shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the		
357	Education Fund the aggregate amount of all tax credits claimed under this section.		
358	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the		
359	commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the Education		
360	Fund as required by Subsection (10)(a).		
361	Section 5. Section <b>59-10-1113</b> is enacted to read:		
362	59-10-1113. Refundable tax credit related to electric energy.		
363	(1) As used in this section:		
364	(a) "Commercial use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.		
365	(b) "Electric energy storage asset" means property that is interconnected to the		
366	electrical arid and is designed to:		

367	(i) receive electrical energy;
368	(ii) store electrical energy as another energy form; and
369	(iii) (A) convert stored energy described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) back to electrical
370	energy and deliver the electrical energy for sale; or
371	(B) use electrical energy described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) to provide reliability or
372	economic benefits to the grid.
373	(c) "Heavy duty vehicle" means a commercial 8 vehicle, according to vehicle
374	classifications established by the Federal Highway Administration.
375	(d) "Industrial use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
376	(e) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
377	(f) "Qualified heavy duty vehicle" means a heavy duty vehicle that has:
378	(i) never been titled or registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles; and
379	(ii) (A) a 100% electric drivetrain and a range of 250 miles or more per charge; or
380	(B) a hydrogen-electric drivetrian and a range of 400 miles or more per charge.
381	(g) "Qualified purchase" means the purchase of:
382	(i) a qualified heavy duty vehicle; or
383	(ii) an electric energy storage asset for any of the following uses in the state:
384	(A) commercial use;
385	(B) industrial use; or
386	(C) residential use.
387	(h) "Qualified taxpayer" means a claimant who:
388	(i) makes a qualified purchase; and
389	(ii) receives a tax credit certificate from the office.
390	(i) "Residential use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
391	(j) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office in accordance with
392	Subsection (4)(b).
393	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a qualified taxpayer may claim a
394	refundable tax credit:
395	(a) in an amount equal to the lesser of:
396	(i) if the qualified purchase is an electric energy storage asset for residential use:
397	(A) an amount equal to 25% of the price of the qualified purchase; or

398	(B) \$5,000; or
399	(ii) if the qualified purchase is an electric energy storage asset for commercial use or
400	industrial use or a qualified heavy duty vehicle:
401	(A) an amount equal to 10% of the price of the qualified purchase; or
402	(B) \$100,000; and
403	(b) for a qualified purchase that is a qualified heavy duty vehicle, if the qualified
404	taxpayer certifies under oath that over 50% of the miles that the qualified heavy duty vehicle
405	will travel annually will be within the state.
406	(3) The aggregate total amount of tax credits represented by tax credit certificates that
407	the office issues in a calendar year under this section and Sections 59-7-625 and 59-8-201 may
408	not exceed \$5,000,000.
409	(4) (a) (i) To claim a tax credit under this section a taxpayer shall submit to the office,
410	using a form prescribed by the office:
411	(A) an application for the tax credit;
412	(B) proof of a qualified purchase; and
413	(C) if the qualified purchase is a qualified heavy duty vehicle, the certification
414	described in Subsection (2)(b) and a certification under oath that the taxpayer has not claimed
415	another tax credit under this chapter for the same qualified purchase.
416	(ii) Upon receipt of the information described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), the office shall
417	provide the taxpayer a written statement acknowledging receipt.
418	(b) If the office determines that the taxpayer qualifies for the tax credit, the office shall:
419	(i) determine the amount of the tax credit the taxpayer is allowed under this section;
420	<u>and</u>
421	(ii) provide the taxpayer with a written tax credit certificate that:
422	(A) states that the taxpayer qualifies for the tax credit; and
423	(B) shows the amount of the tax credit for which the taxpayer qualifies.
424	(c) The qualified taxpayer shall retain the tax credit certificate.
425	(d) At least annually, the office shall submit to the commission a list of each qualified
426	taxpayer to whom the office issued a tax credit certificate and the amount of the tax credit.
427	(5) (a) The tax credit described in this section is allowed only for the taxable year in
428	which the qualified purchase occurs.

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429		(b) A qualified taxpayer may not:
430		(i) assign a tax credit or tax credit certificate under this section to another person; or
431		(ii) claim more than one tax credit under this chapter for a qualified purchase.
432		Section 6. Retrospective operation.
433		This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
434	<u>2020.</u>	