1

Domestic Relations Recodification

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Todd D. Weiler

]	LONG TITLE
(General Description:
	This bill recodifies and amends statutes related to domestic relations.
]	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 clarifies the jurisdiction of the juvenile and district courts with regard to adoptions;
	 clarifies and coordinates definitions related to domestic relations, including the terms,
1	"parent" and "child";
	 recodifies and amends Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act, to Title 81,
(Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act, including:
	• changing the term, "support-enforcement agency" to "child support services agency,"
i	in Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act;
	• revising gender-specific terminology to be gender neutral; and
	• clarifying the establishment of a parent-child relationship;
	 recodifies and amends Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support
	Act, to Title 81, Chapter 8, Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, including:
	• defining terms to coordinate with changes to Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage
4	Act; and
	• changing the term, "support-enforcement agency" to "child support services agency,"
i	in Title 81, Chapter 8, Uniform Interstate Family Support Act;
	 recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 20, Uniform Deployed Parents Custody, Parent-time, and
1	Visitation Act, to Title 81, Chapter 10, Uniform Deployed Parents Custody, Parent-time,
i	and Visitation Act;
	 recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and
]	Enforcement Act, to Title 81, Chapter 11, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and
]	Enforcement Act;
	 recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act, to Title 81, Chapter 13,
,	Adoption;
	 clarifies provisions regarding adoption, including:

32	• the definitions for adoption, adoptee, birth mother, birth parent, and pre-existing
33	parent;
34	• access to adoption records by a potential birth father that is allowed to intervene in an
35	adoption proceeding;
36	• that a petitioner's home includes a temporary place of abode in regards to the
37	requirement that a child-placing agency may delegate the responsibility for the care,
38	maintenance, and support of a minor child once the petitioner has received the minor
39	child into the petitioner's home for the purpose of adoption;
40	 clarifying the time periods associated with adoption; and
41	• the requirements for adopting an adult;
42	 allows an adoption proceeding to be brought in a judicial district rather than a county;
43	 repeals a requirement requiring a petition for adoption of a minor child to be filed within
44	30 days of the minor child being placed in the home of the prospective adoptive parents;
45	• repeals a statute requiring a person filing a petition for the adoption of an alien child to
46	include written evidence of lawful admission of the alien child;
47	 recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 24, Uniform Unregulated Child Custody Transfer Act, to
48	Title 81, Chapter 14, Uniform Unregulated Child Custody Transfer Act; and
49	 makes technical and conforming changes.
50	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
51	None
52	Other Special Clauses:
53	None
54	Utah Code Sections Affected:
55	AMENDS:
56	10-3-1103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 166, 177
57	17-33-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 166, 177
58	26B-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 506
59	26B-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 240, 307
60	26B-2-127, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 466 and renumbered and
61	amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
62	26B-3-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 284
63	26B-5-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
64	26B-6-411, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
65	26B-8-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366

66	26B-8-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306
67	26B-8-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 295
68	26B-8-110, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306
69	26B-8-119, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306
70	26B-8-125, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306
71	26B-8-128 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 289 and renumbered and
72	amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306
73	26B-8-131, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 306
74	26B-9-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
75	26B-9-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
76	26B-9-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
77	26B-9-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
78	26B-9-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
79	26B-9-207, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
80	26B-9-209, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 305
81	26B-9-212, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
82	26B-9-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
83	26B-9-230, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
84	35A-3-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 328
85	53-10-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 328
86	53B-1-119, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 378
87	53G-11-209, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 48
88	58-60-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
89	63A-17-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 397
90	63J-1-602.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 88, 501
91	63J-1-602.2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 241, 285, 425, and 467
92	75-2-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 142
93	75-5-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
94	76-5-301.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 125
95	76-7-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 217
96	77-38b-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 330
97	78A-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 158
98	78A-5a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 158, 366

99 **78A-6-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366

100 78A-6-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 101 **78A-6-356**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 102 78A-6-358, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 115 103 **78A-6-359**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 442 104 78B-3-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3 105 78B-3-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 106 **78B-22-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 281 107 **78B-22-901**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 229 108 **78B-22-903**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 229 109 80-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 256 110 **80-2-503.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 276 111 80-2-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 308 and renumbered and 112 amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 334 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws 113 of Utah 2022, Chapter 334 114 80-2-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330 115 80-2-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330 116 80-2-906, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 117 80-2-909, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 267 118 **80-2-1005**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330 119 80-2a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 334 and last amended by 120 Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 334 121 **80-2a-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 320 122 80-2a-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 287 and renumbered and 123 amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 334 124 **80-3-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 287, 334 125 80-3-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 335 126 80-3-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330 127 80-3-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 309 128 **80-3-302**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 309, 330 129 **80-3-307**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 309, 320 130 80-3-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 309, 320 and 330 131 80-3-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 240 132 **80-3-502**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 261 133 **80-4-104**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 293

134 80-4-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 334 135 80-4-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 335 136 80-4-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330 **80-4-307**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 98 137 80-4-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 139 138 80-7-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 261 139 140 81-1-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 141 **81-1-202**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 142 81-4-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 143 81-9-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 144 81-9-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 145 81-9-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 146 81-9-208, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 147 81-9-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 148 **81-9-305**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 149 81-9-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 **ENACTS:** 150 151 81-5-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953 152 **81-13-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 153 81-13-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953 154 **81-13-301**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 155 81-13-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953 156 81-13-305, Utah Code Annotated 1953 157 **81-13-306**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 158 **81-13-401**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 159 81-13-501, Utah Code Annotated 1953 160 **RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:** 161 **81-5-102**, (Renumbered from 78B-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, 162 Chapter 366) 163 **81-5-103**, (Renumbered from 78B-15-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws 164 of Utah 2008, Chapter 3) 165 **81-5-104**, (Renumbered from 78B-15-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, 166 Chapter 330) **81-5-201**, (Renumbered from 78B-15-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, 167

168	Chapter 156)
169	81-5-202, (Renumbered from 78B-15-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws
170	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
171	81-5-203, (Renumbered from 78B-15-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws
172	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
173	81-5-204, (Renumbered from 78B-15-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws
174	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
175	81-5-301, (Renumbered from 78B-15-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws
176	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
177	81-5-302, (Renumbered from 78B-15-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws
178	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
179	81-5-303, (Renumbered from 78B-15-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws
180	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
181	81-5-304, (Renumbered from 78B-15-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws
182	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
183	81-5-305, (Renumbered from 78B-15-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws
184	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
185	81-5-306, (Renumbered from 78B-15-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws
186	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
187	81-5-307, (Renumbered from 78B-15-307, as renumbered and amended by Laws
188	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
189	81-5-308, (Renumbered from 78B-15-308, as renumbered and amended by Laws
190	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
191	81-5-309, (Renumbered from 78B-15-309, as renumbered and amended by Laws
192	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
193	81-5-310, (Renumbered from 78B-15-310, as renumbered and amended by Laws
194	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
195	81-5-311, (Renumbered from 78B-15-311, as renumbered and amended by Laws
196	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
197	81-5-312 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-312, as renumbered and amended by Laws
198	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
199	81-5-313, (Renumbered from 78B-15-313, as renumbered and amended by Laws
200	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
201	81-5-401, (Renumbered from 78B-15-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws

202	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
203	81-5-402, (Renumbered from 78B-15-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws
204	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
205	81-5-403, (Renumbered from 78B-15-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws
206	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
207	81-5-404, (Renumbered from 78B-15-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws
208	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
209	81-5-405 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-405, as renumbered and amended by Laws
210	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
211	81-5-406, (Renumbered from 78B-15-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws
212	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
213	81-5-407 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-407, as renumbered and amended by Laws
214	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
215	81-5-408 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-408, as renumbered and amended by Laws
216	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
217	81-5-409 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-409, as renumbered and amended by Laws
218	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
219	81-5-410 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-410, as renumbered and amended by Laws
220	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
221	81-5-501 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws
222	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
223	81-5-502 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-502, as renumbered and amended by Laws
224	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
225	81-5-503 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws
226	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
227	81-5-504 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws
228	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
229	81-5-505 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws
230	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
231	81-5-506 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws
232	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
233	81-5-507 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-507, as renumbered and amended by Laws
234	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
235	81-5-508, (Renumbered from 78B-15-508, as renumbered and amended by Laws

236	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
237	81-5-509, (Renumbered from 78B-15-509, as renumbered and amended by Laws
238	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
239	81-5-510 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-510, as renumbered and amended by Laws
240	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
241	81-5-511 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-511, as renumbered and amended by Laws
242	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
243	81-5-601 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-601, as renumbered and amended by Laws
244	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
245	81-5-602 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws
246	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
247	81-5-603 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
248	Chapter 366)
249	81-5-604, (Renumbered from 78B-15-604, as renumbered and amended by Laws
250	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
251	81-5-605 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-605, as renumbered and amended by Laws
252	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
253	81-5-606, (Renumbered from 78B-15-606, as renumbered and amended by Laws
254	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
255	81-5-607 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
256	Chapter 156)
257	81-5-608, (Renumbered from 78B-15-608, as renumbered and amended by Laws
258	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
259	81-5-609 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-609, as renumbered and amended by Laws
260	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
261	81-5-610 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-610, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
262	Chapter 366)
263	81-5-611 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-611, as renumbered and amended by Laws
264	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
265	81-5-612 , (Renumbered from 78B-15-612, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,
266	Chapter 262)
267	81-5-613, (Renumbered from 78B-15-613, as renumbered and amended by Laws
268	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
269	81-5-614, (Renumbered from 78B-15-614, as renumbered and amended by Laws

270	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
271	81-5-615, (Renumbered from 78B-15-615, as renumbered and amended by Laws
272	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
273	81-5-616, (Renumbered from 78B-15-616, as renumbered and amended by Laws
274	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
275	81-5-617, (Renumbered from 78B-15-617, as renumbered and amended by Laws
276	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
277	81-5-618, (Renumbered from 78B-15-618, as renumbered and amended by Laws
278	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
279	81-5-619, (Renumbered from 78B-15-619, as renumbered and amended by Laws
280	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
281	81-5-620, (Renumbered from 78B-15-620, as renumbered and amended by Laws
282	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
283	81-5-621, (Renumbered from 78B-15-621, as renumbered and amended by Laws
284	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
285	81-5-622, (Renumbered from 78B-15-622, as renumbered and amended by Laws
286	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
287	81-5-623, (Renumbered from 78B-15-623, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
288	Chapter 366)
289	81-5-701, (Renumbered from 78B-15-701, as renumbered and amended by Laws
290	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
291	81-5-702, (Renumbered from 78B-15-702, as renumbered and amended by Laws
292	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
293	81-5-703, (Renumbered from 78B-15-703, as renumbered and amended by Laws
294	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
295	81-5-704, (Renumbered from 78B-15-704, as renumbered and amended by Laws
296	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
297	81-5-705, (Renumbered from 78B-15-705, as renumbered and amended by Laws
298	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
299	81-5-706, (Renumbered from 78B-15-706, as renumbered and amended by Laws
300	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
301	81-5-707, (Renumbered from 78B-15-707, as renumbered and amended by Laws
302	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
303	81-5-708, (Renumbered from 78B-15-708, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,

304	Chapter 159)
305	81-5-801, (Renumbered from 78B-15-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
306	Chapter 367)
307	81-5-802, (Renumbered from 78B-15-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
308	Chapter 367)
309	81-5-803, (Renumbered from 78B-15-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
310	Chapter 367)
311	81-5-804, (Renumbered from 78B-15-804, as renumbered and amended by Laws
312	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
313	81-5-805, (Renumbered from 78B-15-805, as renumbered and amended by Laws
314	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
315	81-5-806, (Renumbered from 78B-15-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
316	Chapter 367)
317	81-5-807, (Renumbered from 78B-15-807, as renumbered and amended by Laws
318	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
319	81-5-808, (Renumbered from 78B-15-808, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
320	Chapter 367)
321	81-5-809, (Renumbered from 78B-15-809, as renumbered and amended by Laws
322	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
323	81-5-901, (Renumbered from 78B-15-901, as renumbered and amended by Laws
324	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
325	81-5-902, (Renumbered from 78B-15-902, as renumbered and amended by Laws
326	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
327	81-8-102, (Renumbered from 78B-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
328	Chapter 381)
329	81-8-103, (Renumbered from 78B-14-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
330	Chapter 330)
331	81-8-104, (Renumbered from 78B-14-104, as and further amended by Revisor
332	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
333	Chapter 412)
334	81-8-105, (Renumbered from 78B-14-105, as and further amended by Revisor
335	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
336	81-8-201, (Renumbered from 78B-14-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
337	Chapter 45)

338	81-8-202, (Renumbered from 78B-14-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws
339	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
340	81-8-203, (Renumbered from 78B-14-203, as and further amended by Revisor
341	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
342	Chapter 412)
343	81-8-204, (Renumbered from 78B-14-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
344	Chapter 45)
345	81-8-205, (Renumbered from 78B-14-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
346	Chapter 45)
347	81-8-206, (Renumbered from 78B-14-206, as and further amended by Revisor
348	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
349	Chapter 412)
350	81-8-207, (Renumbered from 78B-14-207, as and further amended by Revisor
351	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
352	Chapter 412)
353	81-8-208, (Renumbered from 78B-14-208, as and further amended by Revisor
354	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
355	Chapter 412)
356	81-8-209, (Renumbered from 78B-14-209, as and further amended by Revisor
357	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
358	Chapter 412)
359	81-8-210, (Renumbered from 78B-14-210, as and further amended by Revisor
360	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
361	Chapter 412)
362	81-8-211, (Renumbered from 78B-14-211, as and further amended by Revisor
363	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
364	Chapter 412)
365	81-8-301, (Renumbered from 78B-14-301, as and further amended by Revisor
366	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
367	Chapter 412)
368	81-8-302, (Renumbered from 78B-14-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws
369	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
370	81-8-303, (Renumbered from 78B-14-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws
371	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)

372	81-8-304, (Renumbered from 78B-14-304, as and further amended by Revisor
373	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
374	Chapter 412)
375	81-8-305, (Renumbered from 78B-14-305, as and further amended by Revisor
376	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
377	Chapter 412)
378	81-8-306, (Renumbered from 78B-14-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws
379	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
380	81-8-307, (Renumbered from 78B-14-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
381	Chapter 45)
382	81-8-308, (Renumbered from 78B-14-308, as and further amended by Revisor
383	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
384	Chapter 412)
385	81-8-309, (Renumbered from 78B-14-309, as renumbered and amended by Laws
386	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
387	81-8-310, (Renumbered from 78B-14-310, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
388	Chapter 45)
389	81-8-311, (Renumbered from 78B-14-311, as and further amended by Revisor
390	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
391	Chapter 412)
392	81-8-312, (Renumbered from 78B-14-312, as renumbered and amended by Laws
393	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
394	81-8-313, (Renumbered from 78B-14-313, as and further amended by Revisor
395	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
396	Chapter 412)
397	81-8-314, (Renumbered from 78B-14-314, as renumbered and amended by Laws
398	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
399	81-8-315, (Renumbered from 78B-14-315, as renumbered and amended by Laws
400	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
401	81-8-316, (Renumbered from 78B-14-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
402	Chapter 45)
403	81-8-317, (Renumbered from 78B-14-317, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
404	Chapter 45)
405	81-8-318, (Renumbered from 78B-14-318, as and further amended by Revisor

406	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
407	Chapter 412)
408	81-8-319, (Renumbered from 78B-14-319, as and further amended by Revisor
409	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
410	Chapter 412)
411	81-8-401, (Renumbered from 78B-14-401, as and further amended by Revisor
412	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
413	Chapter 412)
414	81-8-402, (Renumbered from 78B-14-402, as and further amended by Revisor
415	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah
416	2011, Chapter 412)
417	81-8-501, (Renumbered from 78B-14-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
418	Chapter 330)
419	81-8-502, (Renumbered from 78B-14-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
420	Chapter 45)
421	81-8-503, (Renumbered from 78B-14-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
422	Chapter 45)
423	81-8-504, (Renumbered from 78B-14-504, as and further amended by Revisor
424	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
425	Chapter 412)
426	81-8-505, (Renumbered from 78B-14-505, as and further amended by Revisor
427	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
428	Chapter 412)
429	81-8-506, (Renumbered from 78B-14-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws
430	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
431	81-8-507, (Renumbered from 78B-14-507, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
432	Chapter 45)
433	81-8-601, (Renumbered from 78B-14-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
434	Chapter 45)
435	81-8-602, (Renumbered from 78B-14-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
436	Chapter 45)
437	81-8-603, (Renumbered from 78B-14-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
438	Chapter 45)
439	81-8-604, (Renumbered from 78B-14-604, as and further amended by Revisor

440	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
441	Chapter 412)
442	81-8-605, (Renumbered from 78B-14-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
443	Chapter 330)
444	81-8-606, (Renumbered from 78B-14-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
445	Chapter 45)
446	81-8-607, (Renumbered from 78B-14-607, as and further amended by Revisor
447	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
448	Chapter 412)
449	81-8-608, (Renumbered from 78B-14-608, as and further amended by Revisor
450	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
451	Chapter 412)
452	81-8-609, (Renumbered from 78B-14-609, as and further amended by Revisor
453	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
454	Chapter 412)
455	81-8-610, (Renumbered from 78B-14-610, as and further amended by Revisor
456	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
457	Chapter 412)
458	81-8-611, (Renumbered from 78B-14-611, as and further amended by Revisor
459	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
460	Chapter 412)
461	81-8-612, (Renumbered from 78B-14-612, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
462	Chapter 45)
463	81-8-613, (Renumbered from 78B-14-613, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016,
464	Chapter 348)
465	81-8-614, (Renumbered from 78B-14-614, as renumbered and amended by Laws
466	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
467	81-8-615, (Renumbered from 78B-14-615, as and further amended by Revisor
468	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
469	Chapter 412)
470	81-8-616, (Renumbered from 78B-14-616, as and further amended by Revisor
471	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
472	81-8-701, (Renumbered from 78B-14-701.5, as and further amended by Revisor
473	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)

474	81-8-702, (Renumbered from 78B-14-702, as and further amended by Revisor
475	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
476	81-8-703, (Renumbered from 78B-14-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
477	Chapter 330)
478	81-8-704, (Renumbered from 78B-14-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
479	Chapter 330)
480	81-8-705, (Renumbered from 78B-14-705, as and further amended by Revisor
481	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
482	81-8-706, (Renumbered from 78B-14-706, as and further amended by Revisor
483	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
484	81-8-707, (Renumbered from 78B-14-707, as and further amended by Revisor
485	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
486	81-8-708, (Renumbered from 78B-14-708, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
487	Chapter 45)
488	81-8-709, (Renumbered from 78B-14-709, as and further amended by Revisor
489	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
490	81-8-710, (Renumbered from 78B-14-710, as and further amended by Revisor
491	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
492	81-8-711, (Renumbered from 78B-14-711, as and further amended by Revisor
493	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
494	81-8-712, (Renumbered from 78B-14-712, as and further amended by Revisor
495	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
496	81-8-713, (Renumbered from 78B-14-713, as and further amended by Revisor
497	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 412)
498	81-8-801, (Renumbered from 78B-14-801, as renumbered and amended by Laws
499	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
500	81-8-802, (Renumbered from 78B-14-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws
501	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
502	81-8-901, (Renumbered from 78B-14-901, as and further amended by Revisor
503	Instructions, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 245 and last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
504	Chapter 412)
505	81-8-902, (Renumbered from 78B-14-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
506	Chapter 45)
507	81-10-101, (Renumbered from 78B-20-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,

508	Chapter 44)
509	81-10-102, (Renumbered from 78B-20-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
510	Chapter 292)
511	81-10-103, (Renumbered from 78B-20-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
512	Chapter 292)
513	81-10-104, (Renumbered from 78B-20-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
514	Chapter 292)
515	81-10-105, (Renumbered from 78B-20-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
516	Chapter 292)
517	81-10-106 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
518	Chapter 44)
519	81-10-201, (Renumbered from 78B-20-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
520	Chapter 224)
521	81-10-202, (Renumbered from 78B-20-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
522	Chapter 292)
523	81-10-203, (Renumbered from 78B-20-203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
524	Chapter 292)
525	81-10-204, (Renumbered from 78B-20-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
526	Chapter 292)
527	81-10-205, (Renumbered from 78B-20-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
528	Chapter 224)
529	81-10-301, (Renumbered from 78B-20-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
530	Chapter 292)
531	81-10-302 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
532	Chapter 373)
533	81-10-303, (Renumbered from 78B-20-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
534	Chapter 292)
535	81-10-304, (Renumbered from 78B-20-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
536	Chapter 292)
537	81-10-305, (Renumbered from 78B-20-305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
538	Chapter 292)
539	81-10-306, (Renumbered from 78B-20-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
540	Chapter 292)
541	81-10-307 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-307, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,

540	
542	Chapter 292)
543	81-10-308 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-308, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
544	Chapter 292)
545	81-10-309 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-309, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
546	Chapter 292)
547	81-10-310 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-310, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
548	Chapter 292)
549	81-10-311 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-311, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
550	Chapter 373)
551	81-10-401 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
552	Chapter 224)
553	81-10-402 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
554	Chapter 292)
555	81-10-403, (Renumbered from 78B-20-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
556	Chapter 366)
557	81-10-404, (Renumbered from 78B-20-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
558	Chapter 366)
559	81-10-501 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
560	Chapter 292)
561	81-10-502 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-502, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
562	Chapter 292)
563	81-10-503 , (Renumbered from 78B-20-503, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
564	Chapter 292)
565	81-11-101 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws
566	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
567	81-11-102 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws
568	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
569	81-11-103 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-104, as renumbered and amended by Laws
570	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
571	81-11-104, (Renumbered from 78B-13-105, as renumbered and amended by Laws
572	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
573	81-11-105 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-106, as renumbered and amended by Laws
574	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
575	81-11-106 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-107, as renumbered and amended by Laws

576	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
577	81-11-107, (Renumbered from 78B-13-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws
578	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
579	81-11-108, (Renumbered from 78B-13-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws
580	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
581	81-11-109, (Renumbered from 78B-13-110, as renumbered and amended by Laws
582	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
583	81-11-110, (Renumbered from 78B-13-111, as renumbered and amended by Laws
584	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
585	81-11-111 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-112, as renumbered and amended by Laws
586	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
587	81-11-201, (Renumbered from 78B-13-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws
588	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
589	81-11-202, (Renumbered from 78B-13-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws
590	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
591	81-11-203, (Renumbered from 78B-13-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws
592	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
593	81-11-204, (Renumbered from 78B-13-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws
594	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
595	81-11-205, (Renumbered from 78B-13-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws
596	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
597	81-11-206, (Renumbered from 78B-13-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws
598	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
599	81-11-207, (Renumbered from 78B-13-207, as renumbered and amended by Laws
600	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
601	81-11-208, (Renumbered from 78B-13-208, as renumbered and amended by Laws
602	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
603	81-11-209, (Renumbered from 78B-13-209, as renumbered and amended by Laws
604	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
605	81-11-210, (Renumbered from 78B-13-210, as renumbered and amended by Laws
606	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
607	81-11-301, (Renumbered from 78B-13-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws
608	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
609	81-11-302 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws

610	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
611	81-11-303, (Renumbered from 78B-13-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws
612	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
613	81-11-304, (Renumbered from 78B-13-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws
614	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
615	81-11-305 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws
616	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
617	81-11-306, (Renumbered from 78B-13-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws
618	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
619	81-11-307, (Renumbered from 78B-13-307, as renumbered and amended by Laws
620	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
621	81-11-308, (Renumbered from 78B-13-308, as renumbered and amended by Laws
622	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
623	81-11-309 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-309, as renumbered and amended by Laws
624	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
625	81-11-310, (Renumbered from 78B-13-310, as renumbered and amended by Laws
626	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
627	81-11-311 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-311, as renumbered and amended by Laws
628	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
629	81-11-312 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-312, as renumbered and amended by Laws
630	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
631	81-11-313 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-313, as renumbered and amended by Laws
632	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
633	81-11-314, (Renumbered from 78B-13-314, as renumbered and amended by Laws
634	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
635	81-11-315 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-315, as renumbered and amended by Laws
636	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
637	81-11-316, (Renumbered from 78B-13-316, as renumbered and amended by Laws
638	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
639	81-11-317 , (Renumbered from 78B-13-317, as renumbered and amended by Laws
640	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
641	81-11-318, (Renumbered from 78B-13-318, as renumbered and amended by Laws
642	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
643	81-12-101, (Renumbered from 78B-16-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws

644	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
645	81-12-102, (Renumbered from 78B-16-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws
646	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
647	81-12-103, (Renumbered from 78B-16-104, as renumbered and amended by Laws
648	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
649	81-12-104, (Renumbered from 78B-16-105, as renumbered and amended by Laws
650	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
651	81-12-105, (Renumbered from 78B-16-106, as renumbered and amended by Laws
652	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
653	81-12-106, (Renumbered from 78B-16-107, as renumbered and amended by Laws
654	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
655	81-12-107 , (Renumbered from 78B-16-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws
656	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
657	81-12-108, (Renumbered from 78B-16-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws
658	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
659	81-12-109 , (Renumbered from 78B-16-110, as renumbered and amended by Laws
660	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
661	81-12-110 , (Renumbered from 78B-16-111, as renumbered and amended by Laws
662	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
663	81-12-111 , (Renumbered from 78B-16-112, as renumbered and amended by Laws
664	of Utah 2008, Chapter 3)
665	81-13-101, (Renumbered from 78B-6-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
666	Chapter 261)
667	81-13-102, (Renumbered from 78B-6-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
668	Chapter 158)
669	81-13-103, (Renumbered from 78B-6-141, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,
670	Chapter 262)
671	81-13-104, (Renumbered from 78B-6-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
672	Chapter 148)
673	81-13-105, (Renumbered from 78B-6-142, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
674	Chapter 330)
675	81-13-106, (Renumbered from 78B-6-121.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
676	Chapter 183)
677	81-13-202, (Renumbered from 78B-6-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019,

678	Chapter 335)
679	81-13-203 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-117, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
680	Chapters 185, 430)
681	81-13-205 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
682	Chapter 158)
683	81-13-206 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010,
684	Chapter 237)
685	81-13-207 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
686	Chapter 401)
687	81-13-208, (Renumbered from 78B-6-110.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah
688	2017, Chapter 148)
689	81-13-209, (Renumbered from 78B-6-110.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah
690	2019, Chapter 491)
691	81-13-210 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-134, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
692	Chapter 148)
693	81-13-211 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-119, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
694	Chapter 261)
695	81-13-212 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-120, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
696	Chapter 261)
697	81-13-213 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-121, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
698	Chapter 261)
699	81-13-214 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-124, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
700	Chapter 330)
701	81-13-215 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-133, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
702	Chapter 260)
703	81-13-216 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-146, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013,
704	Chapter 438)
705	81-13-217 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-140, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
706	Chapters 250, 261)
707	81-13-218 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-136, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
708	Chapter 340)
709	81-13-219, (Renumbered from 78B-6-136.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah
710	2024, Chapter 261)
711	81-13-220 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-138, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,

712	Chapter 262)
713	81-13-302 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,
714	Chapter 65)
715	81-13-303 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
716	Chapter 137)
717	81-13-402 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-131, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
718	Chapter 330)
719	81-13-403, (Renumbered from 78B-6-128, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
720	Chapter 261)
721	81-13-404, (Renumbered from 78B-6-129, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
722	Chapter 340)
723	81-13-405, (Renumbered from 78B-6-130, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
724	Chapter 280)
725	81-13-502 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010,
726	Chapter 237)
727	81-13-503, (Renumbered from 78B-6-143, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017,
728	Chapter 417)
729	81-13-504, (Renumbered from 78B-6-144, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015,
730	Chapter 137)
731	81-13-505 , (Renumbered from 78B-6-144.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015,
732	Chapter 137)
733	81-14-101 , (Renumbered from 78B-24-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
734	Chapter 326)
735	81-14-102 , (Renumbered from 78B-24-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
736	Chapter 326)
737	81-14-201 , (Renumbered from 78B-24-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
738	Chapter 326)
739	81-14-202 , (Renumbered from 78B-24-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
740	Chapter 326)
741	81-14-203 , (Renumbered from 78B-24-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
742	Chapter 330)
743	81-14-204, (Renumbered from 78B-24-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
744	Chapter 326)
745	81-14-205 , (Renumbered from 78B-24-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,

746	Chapter 326)
747	81-14-301 , (Renumbered from 78B-24-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
748	Chapter 326)
749	81-14-302, (Renumbered from 78B-24-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
750	Chapter 326)
751	81-14-303, (Renumbered from 78B-24-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
752	Chapter 326)
753	81-14-304, (Renumbered from 78B-24-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
754	Chapter 326)
755	81-14-305, (Renumbered from 78B-24-305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
756	Chapter 326)
757	81-14-306, (Renumbered from 78B-24-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
758	Chapter 326)
759	81-14-307, (Renumbered from 78B-24-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
760	Chapter 240)
761	81-14-308, (Renumbered from 78B-24-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
762	Chapter 240)
763	81-14-401, (Renumbered from 78B-24-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
764	Chapter 326)
765	81-14-402, (Renumbered from 78B-24-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
766	Chapter 326)
767	81-14-403, (Renumbered from 78B-24-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
768	Chapter 326)
769	81-14-404, (Renumbered from 78B-24-404, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,
770	Chapter 326)
771	REPEALS:
772	78B-6-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
773	78B-6-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 335
774	78B-6-108 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
775	78B-6-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 194
776	78B-6-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330
777	78B-6-114, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
778	78B-6-118 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
779	78B-6-120.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 65

780	78B-6-122, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 261
781	78B-6-122.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 237
782	78B-6-123 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
783	78B-6-125 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
784	78B-6-126, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
785	78B-6-127, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
786	78B-6-137, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
787	78B-6-139, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
788	78B-6-145, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 340
789	78B-7-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 142
790	78B-13-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
791	78B-14-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 45
792	78B-15-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
793	78B-15-105, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
794	78B-15-106, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
795	78B-15-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330
796	78B-15-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
797	78B-15-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
798	78B-15-110, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
799	78B-15-111, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
800	78B-15-112, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
801	78B-15-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366
802	78B-15-114, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
803	78B-15-115 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
804	78B-16-101 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
805	78B-20-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 292
806	

- 807 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
- 808 Section 1. Section **10-3-1103** is amended to read:

809 **10-3-1103**. Sickness, disability, and death benefits.

- 810 (1) As used in this section, "miscarriage" means the spontaneous or accidental loss of a
- 811 fetus, regardless of the gestational age or the duration of the pregnancy.
- 812 (2) The governing body of each municipality may maintain as to all elective or appointive
- 813 officers and employees, including heads of departments, a system for the payment of

814	health, dental, hospital, medical, disability and death benefits to be financed and
815	administered in a manner and payable upon the terms and conditions as the governing
816	body of the municipality may by ordinance or resolution prescribe.
817	(3) The governing bodies of the municipalities may create and administer personnel benefit
818	programs separately or jointly with other municipalities or other political subdivisions of
819	the State of Utah or associations thereof.
820	(4) The governing body of each municipality shall, by ordinance or resolution, provide for
821	at least three work days of paid bereavement leave for an employee:
822	(a) following the end of the employee's pregnancy by way of miscarriage or stillbirth; or
823	(b) following the end of another individual's pregnancy by way of a miscarriage or
824	stillbirth, if:
825	(i) the employee is the individual's spouse or partner;
826	(ii)(A) the employee is the individual's former spouse or partner; and
827	(B) the employee would have been a biological parent of a child born as a result of
828	the pregnancy;
829	(iii) the employee provides documentation to show that the individual intended for
830	the employee to be an adoptive parent, as that term is defined in Section [
831	78B-6-103] 81-13-101, of a child born as a result of the pregnancy; or
832	(iv) under a valid gestational agreement in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15,
833	Part 8, Gestational Agreement] Title 81, Chapter 5, Part 8, Gestational Agreement,
834	the employee would have been a parent of a child born as a result of the
835	pregnancy.
836	Section 2. Section 17-33-5 is amended to read:
837	17-33-5 . Office of personnel management Director Appointment and
838	responsibilities Personnel rules.
839	(1) As used in this section, "miscarriage" means the spontaneous or accidental loss of a
840	fetus, regardless of gestational age or the duration of the pregnancy.
841	(2)(a)(i) Each county executive shall:
842	(A) create an office of personnel management, administered by a director of
843	personnel management; and
844	(B) ensure that the director is a person with proven experience in personnel
845	management.
846	(ii) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the position of director of personnel
847	management shall be:

848	(A) a merit position; and
849	(B) filled as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(iii).
850	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the career service council shall:
851	(A) advertise and recruit for the director position in the same manner as for merit
852	positions;
853	(B) select three names from a register; and
854	(C) submit those names as recommendations to the county legislative body.
855	(iv) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the county legislative body shall select a
856	person to serve as director of the office of personnel management from the names
857	submitted to it by the career service council.
858	(b)(i) Effective for appointments made after May 1, 2006, and as an alternative to the
859	procedure under Subsections (2)(a)(ii), (iii), and (iv) and at the county executive's
860	discretion, the county executive may appoint a director of personnel management
861	with the advice and consent of the county legislative body.
862	(ii) The position of each director of personnel management appointed under this
863	Subsection (2)(b) shall be a merit exempt position.
864	(iii) A director of personnel management appointed under this Subsection (2)(b) may
865	be terminated by the county executive with the consent of the county legislative
866	body.
867	(3) The director of personnel management shall:
868	(a) encourage and exercise leadership in the development of expertise in personnel
869	administration within the several departments, offices, and agencies in the county
870	service and make available the facilities of the office of personnel management to
871	this end;
872	(b) advise the county legislative and executive bodies on the use of human resources;
873	(c) develop and implement programs for the improvement of employee effectiveness,
874	such as training, safety, health, counseling, and welfare;
875	(d) investigate periodically the operation and effect of this law and of the policies made
876	under it and report findings and recommendations to the county legislative body;
877	(e) establish and maintain records of all employees in the county service, setting forth as
878	to each employee class, title, pay or status, and other relevant data;
879	(f) make an annual report to the county legislative body and county executive regarding
880	the work of the department; and
881	(g) apply and carry out this law and the policies under it and perform any other lawful

882	acts that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this law.
883	(4)(a)(i) The director shall recommend personnel rules for the county.
884	(ii) The county legislative body may:
885	(A) recommend personnel rules for the county; and
886	(B) approve, amend, or reject personnel rules before they are adopted.
887	(b) The rules shall provide for:
888	(i) recruiting efforts to be planned and carried out in a manner that assures open
889	competition, with special emphasis to be placed on recruiting efforts to attract
890	minorities, women, persons with a disability as defined by and covered under the
891	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12102, or other groups that
892	are substantially underrepresented in the county work force to help assure they
893	will be among the candidates from whom appointments are made;
894	(ii) the establishment of job related minimum requirements wherever practical, that
895	all successful candidates shall be required to meet in order to be eligible for
896	consideration for appointment or promotion;
897	(iii) selection procedures that include consideration of the relative merit of each
898	applicant for employment, a job related method of determining the eligibility or
899	ineligibility of each applicant, and a valid, reliable, and objective system of
900	ranking eligible applicants according to their qualifications and merit;
901	(iv) certification procedures that insure equitable consideration of an appropriate
902	number of the most qualified eligible applicants based on the ranking system;
903	(v) appointments to positions in the career service by selection from the most
904	qualified eligible applicants certified on eligible lists established in accordance
905	with Subsections (4)(b)(iii) and (iv);
906	(vi) noncompetitive appointments in the occasional instance where there is evidence
907	that open or limited competition is not practical, such as for unskilled positions
908	that have no minimum job requirements;
909	(vii) limitation of competitions at the discretion of the director for appropriate
910	positions to facilitate employment of qualified applicants with a substantial
911	physical or mental impairment, or other groups protected by Title VII of the Civil
912	Rights Act;
913	(viii) permanent appointment for entry to the career service that shall be contingent
914	upon satisfactory performance by the employee during a period of six months,
915	with the probationary period extendable for a period not to exceed six months for

916	good cause, but with the condition that the probationary employee may appeal
917	directly to the council any undue prolongation of the period designed to thwart
918	merit principles;
919	(ix) temporary, provisional, or other noncareer service appointments, which may not
920	be used as a way of defeating the purpose of the career service and may not
921	exceed 270 days;
922	(x) lists of eligible applicants normally to be used, if available, for filling temporary
923	positions, and short term emergency appointments to be made without regard to
924	the other provisions of law to provide for maintenance of essential services in an
925	emergency situation where normal procedures are not practical, these emergency
926	appointments not to exceed 270 days;
927	(xi) promotion and career ladder advancement of employees to higher level positions
928	and assurance that all persons promoted are qualified for the position;
929	(xii) recognition of the equivalency of other merit processes by waiving, at the
930	discretion of the director, the open competitive examination for placement in the
931	career service positions of those who were originally selected through a
932	competitive examination process in another governmental entity, the individual in
933	those cases, to serve a probationary period;
934	(xiii) preparation, maintenance, and revision of a position classification plan for all
935	positions in the career service, based upon similarity of duties performed and
936	responsibilities assumed, so that the same qualifications may reasonably be
937	required for, and the same schedule of pay may be equitably applied to, all
938	positions in the same class, the compensation plan, in order to maintain a high
939	quality public work force, to take into account the responsibility and difficulty of
940	the work, the comparative pay and benefits needed to compete in the labor market
941	and to stay in proper alignment with other similar governmental units, and other
942	factors;
943	(xiv) keeping records of performance on all employees in the career service and
944	requiring consideration of performance records in determining salary increases,
945	any benefits for meritorious service, promotions, the order of layoffs and
946	reinstatements, demotions, discharges, and transfers;
947	(xv) establishment of a plan governing layoffs resulting from lack of funds or work,
948	abolition of positions, or material changes in duties or organization, and governing
949	reemployment of persons so laid off, taking into account with regard to layoffs

950	and reemployment the relative ability, seniority, and merit of each employee;
951	(xvi) establishment of a plan for resolving employee grievances and complaints with
952	final and binding decisions;
953	(xvii) establishment of disciplinary measures such as suspension, demotion in rank or
954	grade, or discharge, measures to provide for presentation of charges, hearing
955	rights, and appeals for all permanent employees in the career service to the career
956	service council;
957	(xviii) establishment of a procedure for employee development and improvement of
958	poor performance;
959	(xix) establishment of hours of work, holidays, and attendance requirements in
960	various classes of positions in the career service;
961	(xx) establishment and publicizing of fringe benefits such as insurance, retirement,
962	and leave programs; and
963	(xxi) any other requirements not inconsistent with this law that are proper for its
964	enforcement.
965	(5) Rules adopted pursuant to Subsection $(4)(b)(xx)$ shall provide for at least three work
966	days of paid bereavement leave for an employee:
967	(a) following the end of the employee's pregnancy by way of miscarriage or stillbirth; or
968	(b) following the end of another individual's pregnancy by way of a miscarriage or
969	stillbirth, if:
970	(i) the employee is the individual's spouse or partner;
971	(ii)(A) the employee is the individual's former spouse or partner; and
972	(B) the employee would have been a biological parent of a child born as a result of
973	the pregnancy;
974	(iii) the employee provides documentation to show that the individual intended for
975	the employee to be an adoptive parent, as that term is defined in Section [
976	78B-6-103] 81-13-101, of a child born as a result of the pregnancy; or
977	(iv) under a valid gestational agreement in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15,
978	Part 8, Gestational Agreement] Title 81, Chapter 5, Part 8, Gestational Agreement,
979	the employee would have been a parent of a child born as a result of the
980	pregnancy.
981	Section 3. Section 26B-1-202 is amended to read:
982	26B-1-202. Department authority and duties.
983	The department may, subject to applicable restrictions in state law and in addition to all

- other authority and responsibility granted to the department by law:
- 985 (1) adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking

Act, and not inconsistent with law, as the department may consider necessary or

987 desirable for providing health and social services to the people of this state;

988 (2) establish and manage client trust accounts in the department's institutions and

- 989 community programs, at the request of the client or the client's legal guardian or990 representative, or in accordance with federal law;
- (3) purchase, as authorized or required by law, services that the department is responsible toprovide for legally eligible persons;

993 (4) conduct adjudicative proceedings for clients and providers in accordance with the

994 procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;

- (5) establish eligibility standards for the department's programs, not inconsistent with stateor federal law or regulations;
- (6) take necessary steps, including legal action, to recover money or the monetary value ofservices provided to a recipient who was not eligible;
- 999 (7) set and collect fees for the department's services;

1000 (8) license agencies, facilities, and programs, except as otherwise allowed, prohibited, or1001 limited by law;

(9) acquire, manage, and dispose of any real or personal property needed or owned by thedepartment, not inconsistent with state law;

- (10) receive gifts, grants, devises, and donations; gifts, grants, devises, donations, or the
 proceeds thereof, may be credited to the program designated by the donor, and may be
 used for the purposes requested by the donor, as long as the request conforms to state
- used for the purposes requested by the donor, as long as the request conforms to stateand federal policy; all donated funds shall be considered private, nonlapsing funds and
- 1008 may be invested under guidelines established by the state treasurer;

1009 (11) accept and employ volunteer labor or services; the department is authorized to

- reimburse volunteers for necessary expenses, when the department considers thatreimbursement to be appropriate;
- 1012 (12) carry out the responsibility assigned in the workforce services plan by the State
 1013 Workforce Development Board;
- 1014 (13) carry out the responsibility assigned by Section 26B-1-430 with respect to
- 1015 coordination of services for students with a disability;
- 1016 (14) provide training and educational opportunities for the department's staff;
- 1017 (15) collect child support payments and any other money due to the department;

1018	(16) apply the provisions of Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Title 81, Chapter 7,
1019	Payment and Enforcement of Spousal and Child Support, to parents whose child lives
1020	out of the home in a department licensed or certified setting;
1021	(17) establish policy and procedures, within appropriations authorized by the Legislature, in
1022	cases where the Division of Child and Family Services or the Division of Juvenile
1023	Justice and Youth Services is given custody of a minor by the juvenile court under Title
1024	80, Utah Juvenile Code, or the department is ordered to prepare an attainment plan for a
1025	minor found not competent to proceed under Section 80-6-403, including:
1026	(a) designation of interagency teams for each juvenile court district in the state;
1027	(b) delineation of assessment criteria and procedures;
1028	(c) minimum requirements, and timeframes, for the development and implementation of
1029	a collaborative service plan for each minor placed in department custody; and
1030	(d) provisions for submittal of the plan and periodic progress reports to the court;
1031	(18) carry out the responsibilities assigned to the department by statute;
1032	(19) examine and audit the expenditures of any public funds provided to a local substance
1033	abuse authority, a local mental health authority, a local area agency on aging, and any
1034	person, agency, or organization that contracts with or receives funds from those
1035	authorities or agencies. Those local authorities, area agencies, and any person or entity
1036	that contracts with or receives funds from those authorities or area agencies, shall
1037	provide the department with any information the department considers necessary. The
1038	department is further authorized to issue directives resulting from any examination or
1039	audit to a local authority, an area agency, and persons or entities that contract with or
1040	receive funds from those authorities with regard to any public funds. If the department
1041	determines that it is necessary to withhold funds from a local mental health authority or
1042	local substance abuse authority based on failure to comply with state or federal law,
1043	policy, or contract provisions, the department may take steps necessary to ensure
1044	continuity of services. For purposes of this Subsection (19) "public funds" means the
1045	same as that term is defined in Section 26B-5-101;
1046	(20) in accordance with Subsection 26B-2-104(1)(d), accredit one or more agencies and
1047	persons to provide intercountry adoption services;
1048	(21) within legislative appropriations, promote and develop a system of care and
1049	stabilization services:
1050	(a) in compliance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and

1051 (b) that encompasses the department, department contractors, and the divisions, offices,

1052	or institutions within the department, to:
1053	(i) navigate services, funding resources, and relationships to the benefit of the
1054	children and families whom the department serves;
1055	(ii) centralize department operations, including procurement and contracting;
1056	(iii) develop policies that govern business operations and that facilitate a system of
1057	care approach to service delivery;
1058	(iv) allocate resources that may be used for the children and families served by the
1059	department or the divisions, offices, or institutions within the department, subject
1060	to the restrictions in Section 63J-1-206;
1061	(v) create performance-based measures for the provision of services; and
1062	(vi) centralize other business operations, including data matching and sharing among
1063	the department's divisions, offices, and institutions;
1064	(22) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official or public
1065	employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies with Title 63G,
1066	Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the training or certification
1067	is required:
1068	(a) under this title;
1069	(b) by the department; or
1070	(c) by an agency or division within the department;
1071	(23) enter into cooperative agreements with the Department of Environmental Quality to
1072	delineate specific responsibilities to assure that assessment and management of risk to
1073	human health from the environment are properly administered;
1074	(24) consult with the Department of Environmental Quality and enter into cooperative
1075	agreements, as needed, to ensure efficient use of resources and effective response to
1076	potential health and safety threats from the environment, and to prevent gaps in
1077	protection from potential risks from the environment to specific individuals or
1078	population groups;
1079	(25) to the extent authorized under state law or required by federal law, promote and protect
1080	the health and wellness of the people within the state;
1081	(26) establish, maintain, and enforce rules authorized under state law or required by federal
1082	law to promote and protect the public health or to prevent disease and illness;
1083	(27) investigate the causes of epidemic, infectious, communicable, and other diseases
1084	affecting the public health;
1085	(28) provide for the detection and reporting of communicable, infectious, acute, chronic, or

- any other disease or health hazard which the department considers to be dangerous,
 important, or likely to affect the public health;
- (29) collect and report information on causes of injury, sickness, death, and disability and
 the risk factors that contribute to the causes of injury, sickness, death, and disability
 within the state;
- (30) collect, prepare, publish, and disseminate information to inform the public concerning
 the health and wellness of the population, specific hazards, and risks that may affect the
 health and wellness of the population and specific activities which may promote and
- 1094 protect the health and wellness of the population;
- 1095 (31) abate nuisances when necessary to eliminate sources of filth and infectious and
- 1096 communicable diseases affecting the public health;
- 1097 (32) make necessary sanitary and health investigations and inspections in cooperation with1098 local health departments as to any matters affecting the public health;
- (33) establish laboratory services necessary to support public health programs and medical
 services in the state;
- (34) establish and enforce standards for laboratory services which are provided by any
 laboratory in the state when the purpose of the services is to protect the public health;
- 1103 (35) cooperate with the Labor Commission to conduct studies of occupational health
- hazards and occupational diseases arising in and out of employment in industry, and
 make recommendations for elimination or reduction of the hazards;
- 1106 (36) cooperate with the local health departments, the Department of Corrections, the
- 1107 Administrative Office of the Courts, the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth
- 1108 Services, and the Utah Office for Victims of Crime to conduct testing for HIV infection
- 1109 of alleged sexual offenders, convicted sexual offenders, and any victims of a sexual
- 1110 offense;
- 1111 (37) investigate the causes of maternal and infant mortality;
- 1112 (38) establish, maintain, and enforce a procedure requiring the blood of adult pedestrians
- and drivers of motor vehicles killed in highway accidents be examined for the presence
- and concentration of alcohol, and provide the Commissioner of Public Safety with
- 1115 monthly statistics reflecting the results of these examinations, with necessary safeguards
- so that information derived from the examinations is not used for a purpose other thanthe compilation of these statistics;
- 1118 (39) establish qualifications for individuals permitted to draw blood under Subsection
- 1119 41-6a-523(1)(a)(vi), 53-10-405(2)(a)(vi), 72-10-502(5)(a)(vi), or 77-23-213(3)(a)(vi),

1120	and to issue permits to individuals the department finds qualified, which permits may be
1121	terminated or revoked by the department;
1122	(40) establish a uniform public health program throughout the state which includes
1123	continuous service, employment of qualified employees, and a basic program of disease
1124	control, vital and health statistics, sanitation, public health nursing, and other preventive
1125	health programs necessary or desirable for the protection of public health;
1126	(41) conduct health planning for the state;
1127	(42) monitor the costs of health care in the state and foster price competition in the health
1128	care delivery system;
1129	(43) establish methods or measures for health care providers, public health entities, and
1130	health care insurers to coordinate among themselves to verify the identity of the
1131	individuals the providers serve;
1132	(44) designate Alzheimer's disease and related dementia as a public health issue and, within
1133	budgetary limitations, implement a state plan for Alzheimer's disease and related
1134	dementia by incorporating the plan into the department's strategic planning and
1135	budgetary process;
1136	(45) coordinate with other state agencies and other organizations to implement the state
1137	plan for Alzheimer's disease and related dementia;
1138	(46) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official or public
1139	employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies with Title 63G,
1140	Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the training or certification
1141	is required by the agency or under this Title 26B, Utah Health and Human Services Code;
1142	(47) oversee public education vision screening as described in Section 53G-9-404;
1143	(48) issue code blue alerts in accordance with Title 35A, Chapter 16, Part 7, Code Blue
1144	Alert; and
1145	(49) as allowed by state and federal law, share data with the Office of Families that is
1146	relevant to the duties described in Subsection 26B-1-243(4), which may include, to the
1147	extent available:
1148	(a) demographic data concerning family structures in the state; and
1149	(b) data regarding the family structure associated with:
1150	(i) suicide, depression, or anxiety; and
1151	(ii) various health outcomes.
1152	Section 4. Section 26B-2-104 is amended to read:
1153	26B-2-104 . Division responsibilities.

1154	(1) Subject to the requirements of federal and state law, the office shall:
1155	(a) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1156	Rulemaking Act, to establish:
1157	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), basic health and safety standards for
1158	licensees, that shall be limited to:
1159	(A) fire safety;
1160	(B) food safety;
1161	(C) sanitation;
1162	(D) infectious disease control;
1163	(E) safety of the:
1164	(I) physical facility and grounds; and
1165	(II) area and community surrounding the physical facility;
1166	(F) transportation safety;
1167	(G) emergency preparedness and response;
1168	(H) the administration of medical standards and procedures, consistent with the
1169	related provisions of this title;
1170	(I) staff and client safety and protection;
1171	(J) the administration and maintenance of client and service records;
1172	(K) staff qualifications and training, including standards for permitting experience
1173	to be substituted for education, unless prohibited by law;
1174	(L) staff to client ratios;
1175	(M) access to firearms; and
1176	(N) the prevention of abuse, neglect, exploitation, harm, mistreatment, or fraud;
1177	(ii) basic health and safety standards for therapeutic schools, that shall be limited to:
1178	(A) fire safety, except that the standards are limited to those required by law or
1179	rule under Title 53, Chapter 7, Part 2, Fire Prevention and Fireworks Act;
1180	(B) food safety;
1181	(C) sanitation;
1182	(D) infectious disease control, except that the standards are limited to:
1183	(I) those required by law or rule under this title, or Title 26A, Local Health
1184	Authorities; and
1185	(II) requiring a separate room for clients who are sick;
1186	(E) safety of the physical facility and grounds, except that the standards are
1187	limited to those required by law or rule under Title 53, Chapter 7, Part 2, Fire

1188	Prevention and Fireworks Act;
1189	(F) transportation safety;
1190	(G) emergency preparedness and response;
1191	(H) access to appropriate medical care, including:
1192	(I) subject to the requirements of law, designation of a person who is
1193	authorized to dispense medication; and
1194	(II) storing, tracking, and securing medication;
1195	(I) staff and client safety and protection that permits the school to provide for the
1196	direct supervision of clients at all times;
1197	(J) the administration and maintenance of client and service records;
1198	(K) staff qualifications and training, including standards for permitting experience
1199	to be substituted for education, unless prohibited by law;
1200	(L) staff to client ratios;
1201	(M) access to firearms; and
1202	(N) the prevention of abuse, neglect, exploitation, harm, mistreatment, or fraud;
1203	(iii) procedures and standards for permitting a licensee to:
1204	(A) provide in the same facility and under the same conditions as children,
1205	residential treatment services to a person 18 years old or older who:
1206	(I) begins to reside at the licensee's residential treatment facility before the
1207	person's 18th birthday;
1208	(II) has resided at the licensee's residential treatment facility continuously since
1209	the time described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A)(I);
1210	(III) has not completed the course of treatment for which the person began
1211	residing at the licensee's residential treatment facility; and
1212	(IV) voluntarily consents to complete the course of treatment described in
1213	Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A)(III); or
1214	(B)(I) provide residential treatment services to a child who is:
1215	(Aa) at least 12 years old or, as approved by the office, younger than 12
1216	years old; and
1217	(Bb) under the custody of the department, or one of its divisions; and
1218	(II) provide, in the same facility as a child described in Subsection
1219	(1)(a)(iii)(B)(I), residential treatment services to a person who is:
1220	(Aa) at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old; and
1221	(Bb) under the custody of the department, or one of its divisions;

1222	(iv) minimum administration and financial requirements for licensees;
1223	(v) guidelines for variances from rules established under this Subsection (1);
1224	(vi) ethical standards, as described in Subsection [78B-6-106(3)] 81-13-104(3), and
1225	minimum responsibilities of a child-placing agency that provides adoption
1226	services and that is licensed under this part;
1227	(vii) what constitutes an "outpatient treatment program" for purposes of this part;
1228	(viii) a procedure requiring a licensee to provide an insurer the licensee's records
1229	related to any services or supplies billed to the insurer, and a procedure allowing
1230	the licensee and the insurer to contact the Insurance Department to resolve any
1231	disputes;
1232	(ix) a protocol for the office to investigate and process complaints about licensees;
1233	(x) a procedure for a licensee to:
1234	(A) report the use of a restraint or seclusion within one business day after the day
1235	on which the use of the restraint or seclusion occurs; and
1236	(B) report a critical incident within one business day after the day on which the
1237	incident occurs;
1238	(xi) guidelines for the policies and procedures described in Sections 26B-2-109 and
1239	26B-2-123;
1240	(xii) a procedure for the office to review and approve the policies and procedures
1241	described in Sections 26B-2-109 and 26B-2-123; and
1242	(xiii) a requirement that each human services program publicly post information that
1243	informs an individual how to submit a complaint about a human services program
1244	to the office;
1245	(b) enforce rules relating to the office;
1246	(c) issue licenses in accordance with this part;
1247	(d) if the United States Department of State executes an agreement with the office that
1248	designates the office to act as an accrediting entity in accordance with the
1249	Intercountry Adoption Act of 2000, Pub. L. No. 106-279, accredit one or more
1250	agencies and persons to provide intercountry adoption services pursuant to:
1251	(i) the Intercountry Adoption Act of 2000, Pub. L. No. 106-279; and
1252	(ii) the implementing regulations for the Intercountry Adoption Act of 2000, Pub. L.
1253	No. 106-279;
1254	(e) make rules to implement the provisions of Subsection (1)(d);
1255	(f) conduct surveys and inspections of licensees and facilities in accordance with Section

1256	26B-2-107;
1257	(g) collect licensure fees;
1258	(h) notify licensees of the name of a person within the department to contact when filing
1259	a complaint;
1260	(i) investigate complaints regarding any licensee or human services program;
1261	(j) have access to all records, correspondence, and financial data required to be
1262	maintained by a licensee;
1263	(k) have authority to interview any client, family member of a client, employee, or
1264	officer of a licensee;
1265	(1) have authority to deny, condition, revoke, suspend, or extend any license issued by
1266	the department under this part by following the procedures and requirements of Title
1267	63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
1268	(m) cooperate with the Division of Child and Family Services to condition, revoke, or
1269	suspend the license of a foster home when a child welfare caseworker from the
1270	Division of Child and Family Services identifies a safety concern with the foster
1271	home;
1272	(n) electronically post notices of agency action issued to a human services program, with
1273	the exception of a foster home, on the office's website, in accordance with Title 63G,
1274	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act; and
1275	(o) upon receiving a local government's request under Section 26B-2-118, notify the
1276	local government of new human services program license applications, except for
1277	foster homes, for human services programs located within the local government's
1278	jurisdiction.
1279	(2) In establishing rules under Subsection $(1)(a)(ii)(G)$, the office shall require a licensee to
1280	establish and comply with an emergency response plan that requires clients and staff to:
1281	(a) immediately report to law enforcement any significant criminal activity, as defined
1282	by rule, committed:
1283	(i) on the premises where the licensee operates its human services program;
1284	(ii) by or against its clients; or
1285	(iii) by or against a staff member while the staff member is on duty;
1286	(b) immediately report to emergency medical services any medical emergency, as
1287	defined by rule:
1288	(i) on the premises where the licensee operates its human services program;
1289	(ii) involving its clients; or

1290	(iii) involving a staff member while the staff member is on duty; and
1291	(c) immediately report other emergencies that occur on the premises where the licensee
1292	operates its human services program to the appropriate emergency services agency.
1293	Section 5. Section 26B-2-127 is amended to read:
1294	26B-2-127 . Child placing licensure requirements Prohibited acts
1295	Consortium.
1296	(1) As used in this section:
1297	(a)(i) "Advertisement" means any written, oral, or graphic statement or
1298	representation made in connection with a solicitation of business.
1299	(ii) "Advertisement" includes a statement or representation described in Subsection
1300	(1)(a)(i) by a noncable television system, radio, printed brochure, newspaper,
1301	leaflet, flyer, circular, billboard, banner, Internet website, social media, or sign.
1302	(b) "Birth parent" means the same as that term is defined in Section [78B-6-103]
1303	<u>81-13-101</u> .
1304	(c) "Clearly and conspicuously disclose" means the same as that term is defined in
1305	Section 13-11a-2.
1306	(d)(i) "Matching advertisement" means any written, oral, or graphic statement or
1307	representation made in connection with a solicitation of business to provide the
1308	assistance described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), regardless of whether there is or will
1309	be an exchange described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
1310	(ii) "Matching advertisement" includes a statement or representation described in
1311	Subsection (1)(d)(i) by a noncable television system, radio, printed brochure,
1312	newspaper, leaflet, flyer, circular, billboard, banner, Internet website, social
1313	media, or sign.
1314	(2)(a) Subject to Section [78B-24-205] 81-14-205, a person may not engage in child
1315	placing, or solicit money or other assistance for child placing, without a valid license
1316	issued by the office in accordance with this part.
1317	(b) If a child-placing agency's license is suspended or revoked in accordance with this
1318	part, the care, control, or custody of any child who is in the care, control, or custody
1319	of the child-placing agency shall be transferred to the Division of Child and Family
1320	Services.
1321	(3)(a)(i) An attorney, physician, or other person may assist:
1322	(A) a birth parent to identify or locate a prospective adoptive parent who is
1323	interested in adopting the birth parent's child; or

1324	(B) a prospective adoptive parent to identify or locate a child to be adopted.
1325	(ii) A payment, charge, fee, reimbursement of expense, or exchange of value of any
1326	kind, or promise or agreement to make the same, may not be made for the
1327	assistance described in Subsection (3)(a)(i).
1328	(b) An attorney, physician, or other person may not:
1329	(i) issue or cause to be issued to any person a card, sign, or device indicating that the
1330	attorney, physician, or other person is available to provide the assistance described
1331	in Subsection (3)(a)(i);
1332	(ii) cause, permit, or allow any sign or marking indicating that the attorney,
1333	physician, or other person is available to provide the assistance described in
1334	Subsection (3)(a)(i), on or in any building or structure;
1335	(iii) announce, cause, permit, or allow an announcement indicating that the attorney,
1336	physician, or other person is available to provide the assistance described in
1337	Subsection (3)(a)(i), to appear in any newspaper, magazine, directory, on radio or
1338	television, or an Internet website relating to a business;
1339	(iv) announce, cause, permit, or allow a matching advertisement; or
1340	(v) announce, cause, permit, or allow an advertisement that indicates or implies the
1341	attorney, physician, or other person is available to provide the assistance described
1342	in Subsection (3)(a)(i) as part of, or related to, other adoption-related services by
1343	using any of the following terms:
1344	(A) "comprehensive";
1345	(B) "complete";
1346	(C) "one-stop";
1347	(D) "all-inclusive"; or
1348	(E) any other term similar to the terms described in Subsections $(3)(b)(v)(A)$
1349	through (D).
1350	(c) An attorney, physician, or other person who is not licensed by the office shall clearly
1351	and conspicuously disclose in any print media advertisement or written contract
1352	regarding adoption services or adoption-related services that the attorney, physician,
1353	or other person is not licensed to provide adoption services by the office.
1354	(4) A person who intentionally or knowingly violates Subsection (2) or (3) is guilty of a
1355	third degree felony.
1356	(5) This section does not preclude payment of fees for medical, legal, or other lawful
1357	services rendered in connection with the care of a mother, delivery and care of a child,

1358 or lawful adoption proceedings, except that a child-placing agency may not: 1359 (a) charge or accept payment for services that were not actually rendered; or 1360 (b) charge or accept payment from a prospective adoptive parent for medical or hospital 1361 expenses that were paid for by public funds. 1362 (6) In accordance with federal law, only an agent or employee of the Division of Child and 1363 Family Services or of a licensed child-placing agency may certify to United States 1364 Citizenship and Immigration Services that a family meets the preadoption requirements 1365 of the Division of Child and Family Services. 1366 (7) A licensed child-placing agency or an attorney practicing in this state may not place a 1367 child for adoption, either temporarily or permanently, with an individual who would not 1368 be qualified for adoptive placement under Sections [78B-6-102, 78B-6-117, and 1369 78B-6-137] 81-13-202, 81-13-203, and 81-13-402. 1370 (8)(a) A child-placing agency, as that term is defined in Section 63G-20-102, that serves 1371 a resident of the state who is a birth mother or a prospective adoptive parent must be 1372 a member of a statewide consortium of licensed child-placing agencies that, together, 1373 serve all birth mothers lawfully seeking to place a child for adoption and all qualified 1374 prospective adoptive parents. 1375 (b) The department shall receive and investigate any complaint against a consortium of 1376 licensed child-placing agencies. 1377 Section 6. Section 26B-3-108 is amended to read: 1378 26B-3-108. Administration of Medicaid program by department -- Reporting to the Legislature -- Disciplinary measures and sanctions -- Funds collected -- Eligibility 1379 1380 standards -- Optional dental services costs and delivery -- Internal audits -- Health 1381 opportunity accounts. 1382 (1) The department shall be the single state agency responsible for the administration of the 1383 Medicaid program in connection with the United States Department of Health and 1384 Human Services pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act. 1385 (2)(a) The department shall implement the Medicaid program through administrative 1386 rules in conformity with this chapter, Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 1387 Rulemaking Act, the requirements of Title XIX, and applicable federal regulations. 1388 (b) The rules adopted under Subsection (2)(a) shall include, in addition to other rules 1389 necessary to implement the program: (i) the standards used by the department for determining eligibility for Medicaid 1390 1391 services;

1392	(ii) the services and benefits to be covered by the Medicaid program;
1393	(iii) reimbursement methodologies for providers under the Medicaid program; and
1394	(iv) a requirement that:
1395	(A) a person receiving Medicaid services shall participate in the electronic
1396	exchange of clinical health records established in accordance with Section
1397	26B-8-411 unless the individual opts out of participation;
1398	(B) prior to enrollment in the electronic exchange of clinical health records the
1399	enrollee shall receive notice of enrollment in the electronic exchange of clinical
1400	health records and the right to opt out of participation at any time; and
1401	(C) when the program sends enrollment or renewal information to the enrollee and
1402	when the enrollee logs onto the program's website, the enrollee shall receive
1403	notice of the right to opt out of the electronic exchange of clinical health
1404	records.
1405	(3)(a) The department shall, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), report to the Social
1406	Services Appropriations Subcommittee when the department:
1407	(i) implements a change in the Medicaid State Plan;
1408	(ii) initiates a new Medicaid waiver;
1409	(iii) initiates an amendment to an existing Medicaid waiver;
1410	(iv) applies for an extension of an application for a waiver or an existing Medicaid
1411	waiver;
1412	(v) applies for or receives approval for a change in any capitation rate within the
1413	Medicaid program; or
1414	(vi) initiates a rate change that requires public notice under state or federal law.
1415	(b) The report required by Subsection (3)(a) shall:
1416	(i) be submitted to the Social Services Appropriations Subcommittee prior to the
1417	department implementing the proposed change; and
1418	(ii) include:
1419	(A) a description of the department's current practice or policy that the department
1420	is proposing to change;
1421	(B) an explanation of why the department is proposing the change;
1422	(C) the proposed change in services or reimbursement, including a description of
1423	the effect of the change;
1424	(D) the effect of an increase or decrease in services or benefits on individuals and
1425	families;

1426	(E) the degree to which any proposed cut may result in cost-shifting to more
1427	expensive services in health or human service programs; and
1428	(F) the fiscal impact of the proposed change, including:
1429	(I) the effect of the proposed change on current or future appropriations from
1430	the Legislature to the department;
1431	(II) the effect the proposed change may have on federal matching dollars
1432	received by the state Medicaid program;
1433	(III) any cost shifting or cost savings within the department's budget that may
1434	result from the proposed change; and
1435	(IV) identification of the funds that will be used for the proposed change,
1436	including any transfer of funds within the department's budget.
1437	(4) Any rules adopted by the department under Subsection (2) are subject to review and
1438	reauthorization by the Legislature in accordance with Section 63G-3-502.
1439	(5) The department may, in its discretion, contract with other qualified agencies for services
1440	in connection with the administration of the Medicaid program, including:
1441	(a) the determination of the eligibility of individuals for the program;
1442	(b) recovery of overpayments; and
1443	(c) consistent with Section 26B-3-1113, and to the extent permitted by law and quality
1444	control services, enforcement of fraud and abuse laws.
1445	(6) The department shall provide, by rule, disciplinary measures and sanctions for Medicaid
1446	providers who fail to comply with the rules and procedures of the program, provided
1447	that sanctions imposed administratively may not extend beyond:
1448	(a) termination from the program;
1449	(b) recovery of claim reimbursements incorrectly paid; and
1450	(c) those specified in Section 1919 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act.
1451	(7)(a) Funds collected as a result of a sanction imposed under Section 1919 of Title XIX
1452	of the federal Social Security Act shall be deposited into the General Fund as
1453	dedicated credits to be used by the division in accordance with the requirements of
1454	Section 1919 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act.
1455	(b) In accordance with Section 63J-1-602.2, sanctions collected under this Subsection (7)
1456	are nonlapsing.
1457	(8)(a) In determining whether an applicant or recipient is eligible for a service or benefit
1458	under this part or Part 9, Utah Children's Health Insurance Program, the department
1459	shall, if Subsection (8)(b) is satisfied, exclude from consideration one passenger

1460	vehicle designated by the applicant or recipient.
1461	(b) Before Subsection (8)(a) may be applied:
1462	(i) the federal government shall:
1463	(A) determine that Subsection (8)(a) may be implemented within the state's
1464	existing public assistance-related waivers as of January 1, 1999;
1465	(B) extend a waiver to the state permitting the implementation of Subsection (8)(a);
1466	or
1467	(C) determine that the state's waivers that permit dual eligibility determinations
1468	for cash assistance and Medicaid are no longer valid; and
1469	(ii) the department shall determine that Subsection (8)(a) can be implemented within
1470	existing funding.
1471	(9)(a) As used in this Subsection (9):
1472	(i) "aged, blind, or has a disability" means an aged, blind, or disabled individual, as
1473	defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1382c(a)(1); and
1474	(ii) "spend down" means an amount of income in excess of the allowable income
1475	standard that shall be paid in cash to the department or incurred through the
1476	medical services not paid by Medicaid.
1477	(b) In determining whether an applicant or recipient who is aged, blind, or has a
1478	disability is eligible for a service or benefit under this chapter, the department shall
1479	use 100% of the federal poverty level as:
1480	(i) the allowable income standard for eligibility for services or benefits; and
1481	(ii) the allowable income standard for eligibility as a result of spend down.
1482	(10) The department shall conduct internal audits of the Medicaid program.
1483	(11)(a)(i) The department shall apply for, and if approved, implement an
1484	amendment to the state plan under this Subsection (11) for benefits for:
1485	(A) medically needy pregnant women;
1486	(B) medically needy children; and
1487	(C) medically needy parents and caretaker relatives.
1488	(ii) The department may implement the eligibility standards of Subsection (11)(b) for
1489	eligibility determinations made on or after the date of the approval of the
1490	amendment to the state plan.
1491	(b) In determining whether an applicant is eligible for benefits described in Subsection
1492	(11)(a)(i), the department shall:
1493	(i) disregard resources held in an account in a savings plan created under Title 53B,

1494	Chapter 8a, Utah Educational Savings Plan, if the beneficiary of the account is:
1495	(A) under the age of 26; and
1496	(B) living with the account owner, as that term is defined in Section 53B-8a-102,
1497	or temporarily absent from the residence of the account owner; and
1498	(ii) include withdrawals from an account in the Utah Educational Savings Plan as
1499	resources for a benefit determination, if the withdrawals were not used for
1500	qualified higher education costs as that term is defined in Section 53B-8a-102.5.
1501	(12)(a) The department may not deny or terminate eligibility for Medicaid solely
1502	because an individual is:
1503	(i) incarcerated; and
1504	(ii) not an inmate as defined in Section 64-13-1.
1505	(b) Subsection (12)(a) does not require the Medicaid program to provide coverage for
1506	any services for an individual while the individual is incarcerated.
1507	(13) The department is a party to, and may intervene at any time in, any judicial or
1508	administrative action:
1509	(a) to which the Department of Workforce Services is a party; and
1510	(b) that involves medical assistance under this chapter.
1511	(14)(a) The department may not deny or terminate eligibility for Medicaid solely
1512	because a birth mother, as that term is defined in Section [78B-6-103] 81-13-101,
1513	considers an adoptive placement for the child or proceeds with an adoptive placement
1514	of the child.
1515	(b) A health care provider, as that term is defined in Section 26B-3-126, may not decline
1516	payment by Medicaid for covered health and medical services provided to a birth
1517	mother, as that term is defined in Section [78B-6-103] 81-13-101, who is enrolled in
1518	Utah's Medicaid program and who considers an adoptive placement for the child or
1519	proceeds with an adoptive placement of the child.
1520	Section 7. Section 26B-5-316 is amended to read:
1521	26B-5-316 . Responsibility for cost of care.
1522	(1) The division shall estimate and determine, as nearly as possible, the actual expense per
1523	annum of caring for and maintaining a patient in the state hospital, and that amount or
1524	portion of that amount shall be assessed to and paid by the applicant, patient, spouse,
1525	parents, child or children who are of sufficient financial ability to do so, or by the
1526	guardian of the patient who has funds of the patient that may be used for that purpose.
1527	(2) In addition to the expenses described in Subsection (1), parents are responsible for the

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1528 support of their child while the child is in the care of the state hospital in accordance 1529 with [Title 26B,]Chapter 9, Recovery Services and Administration of Child Support, [1530 and Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Title 81, Chapter 7, Payment and 1531 Enforcement of Spousal and Child Support. 1532 Section 8. Section 26B-6-411 is amended to read: 1533 26B-6-411 . Parent liable for cost and support of minor -- Guardian liable for 1534 costs. 1535 (1) Parents of a person who receives services or support from the division, who are 1536 financially responsible, are liable for the cost of the actual care and maintenance of that 1537 person and for the support of the child in accordance with [Title 81, Chapter 6, Child 1538 Support, and Chapter 9, Part 1, Office of Recovery Services, Title 81, Chapter 6, Child 1539 Support, and Title 81, Chapter 7, Payment and Enforcement of Spousal and Child 1540 Support, until the person reaches 18 years old. 1541 (2) A guardian of a person who receives services or support from the division is liable for 1542 the cost of actual care and maintenance of that person, regardless of his age, where funds 1543 are available in the guardianship estate established on his behalf for that purpose. 1544 However, if the person who receives services is a beneficiary of a trust created in 1545 accordance with Section 26B-6-412, or if the guardianship estate meets the requirements 1546 of a trust described in that section, the trust income prior to distribution to the 1547 beneficiary, and the trust principal are not subject to payment for services or support for 1548 that person. 1549 (3) If, at the time a person who receives services or support from the division is discharged 1550 from a facility or program owned or operated by or under contract with the division, or 1551 after the death and burial of a resident of the developmental center, there remains in the 1552 custody of the division or the superintendent any money paid by a parent or guardian for 1553 the support or maintenance of that person, it shall be repaid upon demand. 1554 Section 9. Section **26B-8-101** is amended to read: 1555 26B-8-101. Definitions. 1556 As used in this part: 1557 (1) "Adoption document" means [an adoption-related document filed with the office, a 1558 petition for adoption, a decree of adoption, an original birth certificate, or evidence 1559 submitted in support of a supplementary birth certificate] the same as that term is defined 1560 in Section 81-13-101.

1561 (2) "Alien child" means an individual:

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1562 (a) who is younger than 16 years old; and 1563 (b) who is not considered a citizen or national of the United States by the United States 1564 Citizenship and Immigration Services. 1565 $\left[\frac{(2)}{2}\right]$ (3) "Biological sex at birth" means an individual's sex, as being male or female, according to distinct reproductive roles as manifested by sex and reproductive organ 1566 1567 anatomy, chromosomal makeup, and endogenous hormone profiles. [(3)] (4) "Certified nurse midwife" means an individual who: 1568 1569 (a) is licensed to practice as a certified nurse midwife under Title 58, Chapter 44a, Nurse 1570 Midwife Practice Act; and 1571 (b) has completed an education program regarding the completion of a certificate of 1572 death developed by the department by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, 1573 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 1574 $\left[\frac{4}{2}\right]$ (5) "Custodial funeral service director" means a funeral service director who: 1575 (a) is employed by a licensed funeral establishment; and 1576 (b) has custody of a dead body. 1577 $\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ "Dead body" means a human body or parts of a human body from the condition of 1578 which it reasonably may be concluded that death occurred. 1579 [(6)] (7) "Decedent" means the same as a dead body. 1580 [(7)] (8) "Dead fetus" means a product of human conception, other than those circumstances 1581 described in Subsection 76-7-301(1): 1582 (a) of 20 weeks' gestation or more, calculated from the date the last normal menstrual 1583 period began to the date of delivery; and 1584 (b) that was not born alive. 1585 [(8) "Declarant father" means a male who claims to be the genetic father of a child, and, 1586 along with the biological mother, signs a voluntary declaration of paternity to establish 1587 the child's paternity.] 1588 (9) "Declarant father" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-5-102. 1589 [(9)] (10) "Dispositioner" means: 1590 (a) a person designated in a written instrument, under Subsection 58-9-602(1), as having 1591 the right and duty to control the disposition of the decedent, if the person voluntarily 1592 acts as the dispositioner; or 1593 (b) the next of kin of the decedent, if: 1594 (i)(A) a person has not been designated as described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(9)(a)}{(2)}\right]$ (10)(a); 1595 or

1596	(B) the person described in Subsection $[(9)(a)]$ (10)(a) is unable or unwilling to
1597	exercise the right and duty described in Subsection $[(9)(a)]$ (10)(a); and
1598	(ii) the next of kin voluntarily acts as the dispositioner.
1599	[(10)] <u>(11)</u> "Fetal remains" means:
1600	(a) an aborted fetus as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-232; or
1601	(b) a miscarried fetus as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-233.
1602	[(11)] (12) "File" means the submission of a completed certificate or other similar
1603	document, record, or report as provided under this part for registration by the state
1604	registrar or a local registrar.
1605	[(12)] (13) "Funeral service director" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1606	58-9-102.
1607	[(13)] (14) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1608	26B-2-201.
1609	[(14)] (15) "Health care professional" means a physician, physician assistant, nurse
1610	practitioner, or certified nurse midwife.
1611	[(15)] (16) "Intersex individual" means an individual who:
1612	(a) is born with external biological sex characteristics that are irresolvably ambiguous;
1613	(b) is born with 46, XX chromosomes with virilization;
1614	(c) is born with 46, XY chromosomes with undervirilization;
1615	(d) has both ovarian and testicular tissue; or
1616	(e) has been diagnosed by a physician, based on genetic or biochemical testing, with
1617	abnormal:
1618	(i) sex chromosome structure;
1619	(ii) sex steroid hormone production; or
1620	(iii) sex steroid hormone action for a male or female.
1621	[(16)] (17) "Licensed funeral establishment" means:
1622	(a) if located in Utah, a funeral service establishment, as that term is defined in Section
1623	58-9-102, that is licensed under Title 58, Chapter 9, Funeral Services Licensing Act;
1624	or
1625	(b) if located in a state, district, or territory of the United States other than Utah, a
1626	funeral service establishment that complies with the licensing laws of the jurisdiction
1627	where the establishment is located.
1628	[(17)] (18) "Live birth" means the birth of a child who shows evidence of life after the child
1629	is entirely outside of the mother.

- 1630 [(18)] (19) "Local registrar" means a person appointed under Subsection 26B-8-102(3)(b).
- 1631 [(19)] (20) "Nurse practitioner" means an individual who:
- (a) is licensed to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse under Title 58,
 Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act; and
- (b) has completed an education program regarding the completion of a certificate of
 death developed by the department by administrative rule made in accordance with
 Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- 1637 [(20)] (21) "Office" means the Office of Vital Records and Statistics within the department.
- 1638 [(21)] (22) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice as a physician or osteopath in
- this state under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68,
- 1640 Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
- 1641 [(22)] (23) "Physician assistant" means an individual who:
- 1642 (a) is licensed to practice as a physician assistant under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah
 1643 Physician Assistant Act; and
- (b) has completed an education program regarding the completion of a certificate of
 death developed by the department by administrative rule made in accordance with
 Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- 1647 [(23)] (24) "Presumed [father] parent" means the same as that term is defined in Section [
 1648 78B-15-102] 81-5-102.
- 1649 [(24)] (25) "Registration" or "register" means acceptance by the local or state registrar of a 1650 certificate and incorporation of the certificate into the permanent records of the state.
- 1650 certificate and incorporation of the certificate into the permanent records of the state.
 1651 [(25)] (26) "State registrar" means the state registrar of vital records appointed under Section
- 1652 26B-8-102.
- 1653 [(26)] (27) "Vital records" means:
- (a) registered certificates or reports of birth, death, fetal death, marriage, divorce,dissolution of marriage, or annulment;
- (b) amendments to any of the registered certificates or reports described in Subsection [
 (26)(a)] (27)(a);
- 1658 (c) an adoption document; and
- 1659 (d) other similar documents.
- 1660 [(27)] (28) "Vital statistics" means the data derived from registered certificates and reports
- 1661 of birth, death, fetal death, induced termination of pregnancy, marriage, divorce,
- 1662 dissolution of marriage, or annulment.
- 1663 Section 10. Section **26B-8-102** is amended to read:

1664	26B-8-102 . Department duties and authority.
1665	(1) As used in this section:
1666	(a) "Compact" means the Compact for Interstate Sharing of Putative Father Registry
1667	Information created in Section [78B-6-121.5] 81-13-106, effective on May 10, 2016.
1668	(b) "Putative father":
1669	(i) means the same as that term is as defined in Section [78B-6-121.5] 81-13-106; and
1670	(ii) includes an unmarried biological father.
1671	(c) "State registrar" means the state registrar of vital records appointed under Subsection
1672	(2)(e).
1673	(d) "Unmarried biological father" means the same as that term is defined in Section [
1674	78B-6-103] <u>81-13-101</u> .
1675	(2) The department shall:
1676	(a) provide offices properly equipped for the preservation of vital records made or
1677	received under this part;
1678	(b) establish a statewide vital records system for the registration, collection,
1679	preservation, amendment, and certification of vital records and other similar
1680	documents required by this part and activities related to them, including the
1681	tabulation, analysis, and publication of vital statistics;
1682	(c) prescribe forms for certificates, certification, reports, and other documents and
1683	records necessary to establish and maintain a statewide system of vital records;
1684	(d) prepare an annual compilation, analysis, and publication of statistics derived from
1685	vital records; and
1686	(e) appoint a state registrar to direct the statewide system of vital records.
1687	(3) The department may:
1688	(a) divide the state from time to time into registration districts; and
1689	(b) appoint local registrars for registration districts who under the direction and
1690	supervision of the state registrar shall perform all duties required of them by this part
1691	and department rules.
1692	(4) The state registrar appointed under Subsection (2)(e) shall, with the input of Utah
1693	stakeholders and the Uniform Law Commission, study the following items for the state's
1694	implementation of the compact:
1695	(a) the feasibility of using systems developed by the National Association for Public
1696	Health Statistics and Information Systems, including the State and Territorial
1697	Exchange of Vital Events (STEVE) system and the Electronic Verification of Vital

1698	Events (EVVE) system, or similar systems, to exchange putative father registry
1699	information with states that are parties to the compact;
1700	(b) procedures necessary to share putative father information, located in the confidential
1701	registry maintained by the state registrar, upon request from the state registrar of
1702	another state that is a party to the compact;
1703	(c) procedures necessary for the state registrar to access putative father information
1704	located in a state that is a party to the compact, and share that information with
1705	persons who request a certificate from the state registrar;
1706	(d) procedures necessary to ensure that the name of the mother of the child who is the
1707	subject of a putative father's notice of commencement, filed pursuant to Section [
1708	78B-6-121] 81-13-213, is kept confidential when a state that is a party to the compact
1709	accesses this state's confidential registry through the state registrar; and
1710	(e) procedures necessary to ensure that a putative father's registration with a state that is
1711	a party to the compact is given the same effect as a putative father's notice of
1712	commencement filed pursuant to Section [78B-6-121] 81-13-213.
1713	Section 11. Section 26B-8-104 is amended to read:
1714	26B-8-104 . Birth registrations Execution and registration requirements.
1715	(1) As used in this section:
1716	(a) "Birthing facility" means a:
1717	(i) general acute hospital as defined in Section 26B-2-201; or
1718	(ii) kirthing contar as defined in Section 26D 2 201
1710	(ii) birthing center as defined in Section 26B-2-201.
1719	(h) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a
1719 1720	
	(b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a
1720	(b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a birthing facility to submit a birth registration on behalf of the birthing facility.
1720 1721	 (b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a birthing facility to submit a birth registration on behalf of the birthing facility. (2)(a) The office shall register a birth if a birth registration is completed and filed in
1720 1721 1722	 (b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a birthing facility to submit a birth registration on behalf of the birthing facility. (2)(a) The office shall register a birth if a birth registration is completed and filed in accordance with this section.
1720 1721 1722 1723	 (b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a birthing facility to submit a birth registration on behalf of the birthing facility. (2)(a) The office shall register a birth if a birth registration is completed and filed in accordance with this section. (b) Once a birth is registered, the office shall provide a birth certificate upon request in
1720 1721 1722 1723 1724	 (b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a birthing facility to submit a birth registration on behalf of the birthing facility. (2)(a) The office shall register a birth if a birth registration is completed and filed in accordance with this section. (b) Once a birth is registered, the office shall provide a birth certificate upon request in accordance with all state laws.
1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 1725	 (b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a birthing facility to submit a birth registration on behalf of the birthing facility. (2)(a) The office shall register a birth if a birth registration is completed and filed in accordance with this section. (b) Once a birth is registered, the office shall provide a birth certificate upon request in accordance with all state laws. (3)(a) For each live birth that occurs in a birthing facility, the designated administrator,
1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 1725 1726	 (b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a birthing facility to submit a birth registration on behalf of the birthing facility. (2)(a) The office shall register a birth if a birth registration is completed and filed in accordance with this section. (b) Once a birth is registered, the office shall provide a birth certificate upon request in accordance with all state laws. (3)(a) For each live birth that occurs in a birthing facility, the designated administrator, attending physician, or nurse midwife shall:
1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 1725 1726 1727	 (b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a birthing facility to submit a birth registration on behalf of the birthing facility. (2)(a) The office shall register a birth if a birth registration is completed and filed in accordance with this section. (b) Once a birth is registered, the office shall provide a birth certificate upon request in accordance with all state laws. (3)(a) For each live birth that occurs in a birthing facility, the designated administrator, attending physician, or nurse midwife shall: (i) obtain and enter the information required under this part in the electronic birth
1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 1725 1726 1727 1728	 (b) "Designated administrator" means an individual who has been designated by a birthing facility to submit a birth registration on behalf of the birthing facility. (2)(a) The office shall register a birth if a birth registration is completed and filed in accordance with this section. (b) Once a birth is registered, the office shall provide a birth certificate upon request in accordance with all state laws. (3)(a) For each live birth that occurs in a birthing facility, the designated administrator, attending physician, or nurse midwife shall: (i) obtain and enter the information required under this part in the electronic birth registration system no later than 10 days from the day on which the birth occurred;

1732	(b)(i) The date, time, place of birth, and required medical information shall be
1733	certified by the designated administrator.
1734	(ii) The designated administrator shall enter the attending physician's, physician
1735	assistant's, or nurse midwife's name and transmit the birth registration to the local
1736	registrar for each birth that occurs in a birth facility.
1737	(iii) The information contained in the birth registration about the parents shall be
1738	provided and certified by the mother or father or, in their incapacity or absence, by
1739	a person with knowledge of the facts.
1740	(4)(a)(i) For a live birth that occurs outside a birthing facility, the birth registration
1741	shall be completed and filed by the physician, physician assistant, nurse, nurse
1742	practitioner, certified nurse midwife, or other person primarily responsible for
1743	providing assistance to the mother at the birth no later than 10 days from the day
1744	on which the birth occurred.
1745	(ii) If the birth occurred without assistance from an individual described in
1746	Subsection $(4)(a)(i)$, the presumed <u>parent</u> or declarant father or the mother of the
1747	child shall complete and file the birth registration.
1748	(b) The birth registration shall be completed as fully as possible and shall include the
1749	date, time, and place of birth, and the mother's name.
1750	(5)(a) For each live birth to an unmarried mother that occurs in a birthing facility, the
1751	designated administrator shall:
1752	(i) provide the birth mother and declarant father, if present, with:
1753	(A) a voluntary declaration of paternity form published by the state registrar;
1754	(B) oral and written notice to the birth mother and declarant father of the
1755	alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights and responsibilities
1756	that arise from signing the declaration; and
1757	(C) the opportunity to sign the declaration;
1758	(ii) witness the signature of a birth mother or declarant father in accordance with
1759	Section [78B-15-302] 81-5-302 if the signature occurs at the facility;
1760	(iii) enter the declarant father's information on the original birth certificate, but only
1761	if the mother and declarant father have signed a voluntary declaration of paternity
1762	or a court or administrative agency has issued an adjudication of paternity; and
1763	(iv) file the completed declaration with the original birth certificate.
1764	(b) If there is a presumed [father] parent, the voluntary declaration will only be valid if
1765	the presumed [father] parent also signs the voluntary declaration.

1766	(c) The state registrar shall file the information provided on the voluntary declaration of
1767	paternity form with the original birth certificate and may provide certified copies of
1768	the declaration of paternity as otherwise provided under [Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah
1769	Uniform Parentage Act] Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act.
1770	(6)(a) The state registrar shall publish a form for the voluntary declaration of paternity,
1771	a description of the process for filing a voluntary declaration of paternity, and of the
1772	rights and responsibilities established or effected by that filing, in accordance with [
1773	Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act] Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform
1774	Parentage Act.
1775	(b) Information regarding the form and services related to voluntary paternity
1776	establishment shall be made available to birthing facilities and to any other entity or
1777	individual upon request.
1778	(7) The name of a declarant father may only be included on the birth certificate of a child of
1779	unmarried parents if:
1780	(a) the mother and declarant father have signed a voluntary declaration of paternity; or
1781	(b) a court or administrative agency has issued an adjudication of paternity.
1782	(8) Voluntary declarations of paternity, adjudications of paternity by judicial or
1783	administrative agencies, and voluntary rescissions of paternity shall be filed with and
1784	maintained by the state registrar for the purpose of comparing information with the state
1785	case registry maintained by the Office of Recovery Services pursuant to Section
1786	26B-9-104.
1787	(9) The department may notify the Division of Professional Licensing that an individual
1788	who is required to complete a birth registration under Subsection (4)(a)(i) has failed to
1789	register a birth if:
1790	(a) the department has notified the individual that the individual is required by state law
1791	to complete the birth registration; and
1792	(b) the individual is a physician, physician assistant, nurse, nurse practitioner, or
1793	certified nurse midwife.
1794	Section 12. Section 26B-8-110 is amended to read:
1795	26B-8-110 . Supplementary certificate of birth.
1796	(1) An individual born in this state may request the state registrar to register a
1797	supplementary birth certificate for the individual if:
1798	(a) the individual is legally recognized as a child of the individual's [natural]parents
1799	when the individual's [natural] parents are subsequently married;

1800	(b) the individual's parentage has been determined by a state court of the United States
1801	or a Canadian provincial court with jurisdiction; or
1802	(c) the individual has been legally adopted, as a child or as an adult, under the law of this
1803	state, any other state, or any province of Canada.
1804	(2) The application for registration of a supplementary birth certificate may be made by:
1805	(a) the individual requesting registration under Subsection (1) if the individual is of legal
1806	age;
1807	(b) a legal representative; or
1808	(c) any agency authorized to receive children for placement or adoption under the laws
1809	of this or any other state.
1810	(3)(a) The state registrar shall require that an applicant submit identification and proof
1811	according to department rules.
1812	(b) In the case of an adopted individual, that proof may be established by order of the
1813	court in which the adoption proceedings were held.
1814	(4)(a) After the supplementary birth certificate is registered, any information disclosed
1815	from the record shall be from the supplementary birth certificate.
1816	(b) Access to the original birth certificate and to the evidence submitted in support of the
1817	supplementary birth certificate are not open to inspection except upon the order of a
1818	Utah district court or as described in Section [78B-6-141 or Section 78B-6-144]
1819	<u>81-13-103 or 81-13-504</u> .
1820	Section 13. Section 26B-8-119 is amended to read:
1821	26B-8-119 . Petition for establishment of unregistered birth or death Court
1822	procedure.
1823	(1) A person holding a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest as described in Subsection
1824	26B-8-125(3)(a) or (b) may petition for a court order establishing the fact, time, and
1825	place of a birth or death that is not registered or for which a certified copy of the
1826	registered birth or death certificate is not obtainable. The person shall verify the petition
1827	and file the petition in the Utah court for the county where:
1828	(a) the birth or death is alleged to have occurred;
1829	(b) the person resides whose birth is to be established; or
1830	(c) the decedent named in the petition resided at the date of death.
1831	(2) In order for the court to have jurisdiction, the petition shall:
1832	(a) allege the date, time, and place of the birth or death; and
1833	(b) state either that no certificate of birth or death has been registered or that a copy of

1834 the registered certificate cannot be obtained. 1835 (3) The court shall set a hearing for five to 10 days after the day on which the petition is 1836 filed. 1837 (4)(a) If the time and place of birth or death are in question, the court shall hear 1838 available evidence and determine the time and place of the birth or death. 1839 (b) If the time and place of birth or death are not in question, the court shall determine 1840 the time and place of birth or death to be those alleged in the petition. 1841 (5) A court order under this section shall be made on a form prescribed and furnished by the 1842 department and is effective upon the filing of a certified copy of the order with the state 1843 registrar. 1844 (6)(a) For purposes of this section, the birth certificate of an adopted alien child[$\frac{1}{3}$ as 1845 defined in Section 78B-6-108,] is considered to be unobtainable if the <u>alien</u> child was 1846 born in a country that is not recognized by department rule as having an established 1847 vital records registration system. 1848 (b) If the adopted alien child was born in a country recognized by department rule, but a 1849 person described in Subsection (1) is unable to obtain a certified copy of the birth 1850 certificate, the state registrar shall authorize the preparation of a birth certificate if the 1851 state registrar receives a written statement signed by the registrar of the alien child's 1852 birth country stating a certified copy of the birth certificate is not available. Section 14. Section 26B-8-125 is amended to read: 1853 1854 26B-8-125. Inspection of vital records. 1855 (1) As used in this section: 1856 (a) "Designated legal representative" means an attorney, physician, funeral service 1857 director, genealogist, or other agent of the subject, or an immediate family member of 1858 the subject, who has been delegated the authority to access vital records. 1859 (b) "Drug use intervention or suicide prevention effort" means a program that studies or 1860 promotes the prevention of drug overdose deaths or suicides in the state. 1861 (c) "Immediate family member" means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, or 1862 grandchild. 1863 (d) "Pre-existing parent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-13-101. 1864 (2)(a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the 1865 provisions of this part, department rules, and Sections [78B-6-141 and 78B-6-144] 1866 81-13-103 and 81-13-504. (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in 1867

1868	vital records contrary to this part, department rule, [Section 78B-6-141, or Section
1869	78B-6-144] Section 81-13-103, or Section 81-13-504.
1870	(c)[(i)] An adoption document is open to inspection as provided in Section [
1871	78B-6-141 or Section 78B-6-144] 81-13-103 or 81-13-504.
1872	[(ii) A birth parent may not access an adoption document under Subsection
1873	78B-6-141(3).]
1874	(d) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a
1875	certified copy of a record or a part of a record when the custodian is satisfied that the
1876	applicant has demonstrated a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest.
1877	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest in a vital
1878	record is present only if:
1879	(a) the request is from:
1880	(i) the subject;
1881	(ii) an immediate family member of the subject;
1882	(iii) the guardian of the subject;
1883	(iv) a designated legal representative of the subject; or
1884	(v) a person, including a child-placing agency as defined in Section [78B-6-103]
1885	<u>81-13-101</u> , with whom a child has been placed pending finalization of an adoption
1886	of the child;
1887	(b) the request involves a personal or property right of the subject of the record;
1888	(c) the request is for official purposes of a public health authority or a state, local, or
1889	federal governmental agency;
1890	(d) the request is for a drug use intervention or suicide prevention effort or a statistical or
1891	medical research program and prior consent has been obtained from the state
1892	registrar; or
1893	(e) the request is a certified copy of an order of a court of record specifying the record to
1894	be examined or copied.
1895	(4)(a) Except as provided in [Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act] <u>Title 81</u> ,
1896	Chapter 13, Adoption, a parent, or an immediate family member of a parent[, who]
1897	may not be considered as having a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest under this
1898	section in a vital record for which the subject is a child if the parent or family member
1899	does not have legal or physical custody of, or visitation or parent-time rights for $[-a]$,
1900	<u>the</u> child <u>:</u>
1901	(i) because of the termination of parental rights under Title 80, Chapter 4,

1902	Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights[, or] ; or
1903	(ii) by virtue of consenting to or relinquishing a child for adoption [pursuant to Title
1904	78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act, may not be considered as having a
1905	direct, tangible, and legitimate interest under this section] as described in Title 81,
1906	Chapter 13, Adoption.
1907	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), a commercial firm or agency requesting
1908	names, addresses, or similar information may not be considered as having a direct,
1909	tangible, and legitimate interest under this section.
1910	(5) Upon payment of a fee established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, the office
1911	shall make the following records available to the public:
1912	(a) except as provided in Subsection 26B-8-110(4)(b), a birth record, excluding
1913	confidential information collected for medical and health use, if 100 years or more
1914	have passed since the date of birth;
1915	(b) a death record if 50 years or more have passed since the date of death; and
1916	(c) a vital record not subject to Subsection (5)(a) or (b) if 75 years or more have passed
1917	since the date of the event upon which the record is based.
1918	(6) Upon payment of a fee established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, the office
1919	shall make an adoption document available as provided in Sections [78B-6-141 and
1920	78B-6-144] 81-13-103 and 81-13-504.
1921	(7) The office shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1922	Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing procedures and the content of forms as
1923	follows:
1924	(a) for the inspection of adoption documents under Subsection [78B-6-141(4)]
1925	<u>81-13-103(6);</u>
1926	(b) for a [birth] pre-existing parent's election to permit identifying information about the [
1927	birth] pre-existing parent to be made available[, under Section 78B-6-141] as
1928	described in Section 81-13-103;
1929	(c) for the release of information by the mutual-consent, voluntary adoption registry $[,$
1930	under Section 78B-6-144] as described in Section 81-13-504;
1931	(d) for collecting fees and donations under Section [78B-6-144.5] <u>81-13-505;</u> and
1932	(e) for the review and approval of a request described in Subsection (3)(d).
1933	Section 15. Section 26B-8-128 is amended to read:
1934	26B-8-128. Divorce or adoption Duty of court clerk to file certificates or
1935	reports.

1936	(1) For each adoption, annulment of adoption, divorce, and annulment of marriage ordered
1937	or decreed in this state, the clerk of the court shall prepare a divorce certificate or report
1938	of adoption on a form furnished by the state registrar or, for a report of adoption, the
1939	state of the child's birth.
1940	(2) The petitioner shall provide the clerk of the court with the information necessary to
1941	prepare the certificate or report under Subsection (1), including the form furnished by
1942	the child's state of birth if the child was born in another state.
1943	(3) The clerk shall:
1944	(a) prepare the certificate or report under Subsection (1); and
1945	(b) complete the remaining entries for the certificate or report immediately after the
1946	decree or order becomes final.
1947	(4) On or before the 15th day of each month, the clerk shall forward the divorce certificates
1948	and reports of adoption under Subsection (1) completed by the clerk during the
1949	preceding month to the state registrar, except for reports of adoption provided to an
1950	attorney or child-placing agency under Subsection (5)(b).
1951	(5)(a) In addition to the report of adoption that the clerk forwards to the state registrar
1952	under Subsection (4), the clerk shall also provide an original report of adoption under
1953	Subsection (1), upon request, to the attorney who is providing representation of a
1954	party to the adoption, or the child-placing agency, as defined in Section [78B-6-103]
1955	81-13-101, that is placing the child.
1956	(b) If the child was born in another state, the clerk of court shall prepare and provide one
1957	original report of adoption, upon request, to the attorney who is providing
1958	representation of a party to the adoption, or the child-placing agency that is placing
1959	the child, and the attorney or child-placing agency shall be responsible for submitting
1960	the report to the state of the child's birth.
1961	(c) If the attorney or child-placing agency does not request an original report of adoption
1962	under Subsection (5)(a) or (b), the clerk shall forward the report of adoption to the
1963	state registrar pursuant to Subsection (4).
1964	(d) If, pursuant to Subsection (5)(a), an original report of adoption is provided to the
1965	attorney or the child-placing agency, as defined in Section [78B-6-103] 81-13-101,
1966	the attorney or the child-placing agency shall immediately provide the report of
1967	adoption to the state registrar.
1968	Section 16. Section 26B-8-131 is amended to read:
1969	26B-8-131 . Birth certificate for foreign adoptees.

1970 Upon presentation of a court order of adoption and an order establishing the fact, time, 1971 and place of birth under Section 26B-8-119, the department shall prepare a birth certificate for 1972 an individual who: 1973 (1) was adopted under the laws of this state; and 1974 (2) was at the time of adoption, as a child or as an adult, considered an alien child or [adult 1975 for whom the court received documentary evidence of lawful admission under Section 1976 78B-6-108] an adult born in another country. 1977 Section 17. Section 26B-9-101 is amended to read: 1978 26B-9-101. Definitions. 1979 As used in this part: 1980 (1) "Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable withdrawal order 1981 account, savings account, time deposit account, or money-market mutual fund account. 1982 (2) "Alleged genetic parent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-5-102. 1983 [(2)] (3) "Assistance" means public assistance. 1984 (4) "Birth mother" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-5-102. 1985 $\left[\frac{3}{3}\right]$ (5) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101. 1986 $\left[\frac{4}{2}\right]$ (6)(a) "Child support" means a base child support award as defined in Section 1987 81-6-101, or a financial award for uninsured monthly medical expenses, ordered by a 1988 tribunal for the support of a child, including current periodic payments, all arrearages 1989 that accrue under an order for current periodic payments, and sum certain judgments 1990 awarded for arrearages, medical expenses, and child care costs. 1991 (b) "Child support" includes obligations ordered by a tribunal for the support of a spouse 1992 or former spouse with whom the child resides if the spousal support is collected with 1993 the child support. 1994 [(5)] (7) "Child support services" means services provided pursuant to Part D of Title IV of 1995 the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651, et seq. 1996 [(6)] (8) "Director" means the director of the Office of Recovery Services. 1997 [(7)] (9) "Financial institution" means: 1998 (a) a depository institution as defined in Section 7-1-103 or the Federal Deposit 1999 Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1813(c); 2000 (b) an institution-affiliated party as defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 2001 U.S.C. Sec. 1813(u); 2002 (c) any federal credit union or state credit union as defined in the Federal Credit Union 2003 Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1752, including an institution-affiliated party of such a credit

2004	union as defined in 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1786(r);
2005	(d) a broker-dealer as defined in Section 61-1-13; or
2006	(e) any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money-market
2007	mutual fund, or similar entity authorized to do business in the state.
2008	[(8)] (10) "Financial record" means the same as that term is defined in the Right to Financial
2009	Privacy Act of 1978, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 3401.
2010	[(9)] (11)(a) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or other payment due to an
2011	individual, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission,
2012	bonus, pay, or contract payment, or denominated as advances on future wages, salary,
2013	commission, bonus, pay, allowances, contract payment, or otherwise, including
2014	severance pay, sick pay, and incentive pay.
2015	(b) "Income" includes:
2016	(i) all gain derived from capital assets, labor, or both, including profit gained through
2017	sale or conversion of capital assets;
2018	(ii) interest and dividends;
2019	(iii) periodic payments made under pension or retirement programs or insurance
2020	policies of any type;
2021	(iv) unemployment compensation benefits;
2022	(v) workers' compensation benefits; and
2023	(vi) disability benefits.
2024	[(10)] (12) "IV-D" means Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651
2025	et seq.
2026	[(11)] (13) "IV-D child support services" means child support services.
2027	[(12)] (14) "New hire registry" means the centralized new hire registry created in Section
2028	35A-7-103.
2029	[(13)] (15) "Obligee" means an individual, this state, another state, or other comparable
2030	jurisdiction to whom a debt is owed or who is entitled to reimbursement of child support
2031	or public assistance.
2032	[(14)] (16) "Obligor" means a person, firm, corporation, or the estate of a decedent owing
2033	money to this state, to an individual, to another state, or other comparable jurisdiction in
2034	whose behalf this state is acting.
2035	[(15)] (17) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services.
2036	(18) "Parentage" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-5-102.
2037	[(16)] (19) "Public assistance" means:

2038	(a) services or benefits provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Employment Support Act;
2039	(b) medical assistance provided under Chapter 3, Part 1, Health Care Assistance;
2040	(c) foster care maintenance payments under Part E of Title IV of the Social Security Act,
2041	42 U.S.C. Sec. 670, et seq.;
2042	(d) SNAP benefits as defined in Section 35A-1-102; or
2043	(e) any other public funds expended for the benefit of a person in need of financial,
2044	medical, food, housing, or related assistance.
2045	[(17)] (20) "State case registry" means the central, automated record system maintained by
2046	the office and the central, automated district court record system maintained by the
2047	Administrative Office of the Courts, that contains records which use standardized data
2048	elements, such as names, Social Security numbers and other uniform identification
2049	numbers, dates of birth, and case identification numbers, with respect to:
2050	(a) each case in which services are being provided by the office under the state IV-D
2051	child support services plan; and
2052	(b) each support order established or modified in the state on or after October 1, 1998.
2053	Section 18. Section 26B-9-104 is amended to read:
2054	26B-9-104 . Duties of the Office of Recovery Services.
2055	(1) The office has the following duties:
2056	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2), to provide child support services if:
2057	(i) the office has received an application for child support services;
2058	(ii) the state has provided public assistance; or
2059	(iii) a child lives out of the home in the protective custody, temporary custody, or
2060	custody or care of the state;
2061	(b) for the purpose of collecting child support, to carry out the obligations of the
2062	department contained in:
2063	(i) this chapter;
2064	[(ii) Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act;]
2065	[(iii) Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act; and]
2066	(ii) Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act;
2067	[(iv)] (iii) Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support;
2068	(iv) Title 81, Chapter 7, Payment and Enforcement of Spousal and Child Support; and
2069	(v) <u>Title 81, Chapter 8, Uniform Interstate Family Support Act</u> ;
2070	(c) to collect money due the department which could act to offset expenditures by the
2071	state;

2072	(d)	to cooperate with the federal government in programs designed to recover health and
2073		social service funds;
2074	(e)	to collect civil or criminal assessments, fines, fees, amounts awarded as restitution,
2075		and reimbursable expenses owed to the state or any of its political subdivisions, if the
2076		office has contracted to provide collection services;
2077	(f)	to implement income withholding for collection of child support in accordance with
2078		Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases;
2079	(g)	to enter into agreements with financial institutions doing business in the state to
2080		develop and operate, in coordination with such financial institutions, a data match
2081		system in the manner provided for in Section 26B-9-208;
2082	(h)	to establish and maintain the state case registry in the manner required by the Social
2083		Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 654a, which shall include a record in each case of:
2084		(i) the amount of monthly or other periodic support owed under the order, and other
2085		amounts, including arrearages, interest, late payment penalties, or fees, due or
2086		overdue under the order;
2087		(ii) any amount described in Subsection (1)(h)(i) that has been collected;
2088		(iii) the distribution of collected amounts;
2089		(iv) the birth date of any child for whom the order requires the provision of support;
2090		and
2091		(v) the amount of any lien imposed with respect to the order pursuant to this part;
2092	(i) t	to contract with the Department of Workforce Services to establish and maintain the
2093		new hire registry created under Section 35A-7-103;
2094	(j) t	to determine whether an individual who has applied for or is receiving cash assistance
2095		or Medicaid is cooperating in good faith with the office as required by Section
2096		26B-9-213;
2097	(k)	to finance any costs incurred from collections, fees, General Fund appropriation,
2098		contracts, and federal financial participation; and
2099	(l) t	to provide notice to a noncustodial parent in accordance with Section 26B-9-207 of
2100		the opportunity to contest the accuracy of allegations by a custodial parent of
2101		nonpayment of past-due child support, prior to taking action against a noncustodial
2102		parent to collect the alleged past-due support.
2103	(2) The	office may not provide child support services to the Division of Child and Family
2104	Serv	vices for a calendar month when the child to whom the child support services relate
2105	is:	

2106	(a) in the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services; and
2107	(b) lives in the home of a custodial parent of the child for more than seven consecutive
2108	days, regardless of whether:
2109	(i) the greater than seven consecutive day period starts during one month and ends in
2110	the next month; and
2111	(ii) the child is living in the home on a trial basis.
2112	(3) The Division of Child and Family Services is not entitled to child support, for a child to
2113	whom the child support relates, for a calendar month when child support services may
2114	not be provided under Subsection (2).
2115	Section 19. Section 26B-9-108 is amended to read:
2116	26B-9-108 . Director Powers of office Representation by county attorney or
2117	attorney general Receipt of grants Rulemaking and enforcement.
2118	(1) The director of the office shall be appointed by the executive director.
2119	(2) The office has power to administer oaths, certify to official acts, issue subpoenas, and to
2120	compel witnesses and the production of books, accounts, documents, and evidence.
2121	(3) The office has the power to seek administrative and judicial orders to require an obligor
2122	who owes past-due support and is obligated to support a child receiving public
2123	assistance to participate in appropriate work activities if the obligor is unemployed and
2124	is not otherwise incapacitated.
2125	(4) The office has the power to enter into reciprocal child support enforcement agreements
2126	with foreign countries consistent with federal law and cooperative enforcement
2127	agreements with Indian Tribes.
2128	(5) The office has the power to pursue through court action the withholding, suspension,
2129	and revocation of driver's licenses, professional and occupational licenses, and
2130	recreational licenses of individuals owing overdue support or failing, after receiving
2131	appropriate notice, to comply with subpoenas or orders relating to [paternity] parentage
2132	or child support proceedings pursuant to Section 78B-6-315.
2133	(6)(a) It is the duty of the attorney general or the county attorney of any county in which
2134	a cause of action can be filed, to represent the office.
2135	(b) Neither the attorney general nor the county attorney represents or has an
2136	attorney-client relationship with the obligee or the obligor in carrying out the duties
2137	arising under this chapter.
2138	(7) The office, with department approval, is authorized to receive any grants or stipends
2139	from the federal government or other public or private source designed to aid the

2140	efficient and effective operation of the recovery program.
2141	(8) The office may adopt, amend, and enforce rules as may be necessary to carry out the
2142	provisions of this chapter.
2143	Section 20. Section 26B-9-205 is amended to read:
2144	26B-9-205 . Expedited procedures for establishing parentage or establishing,
2145	modifying, or enforcing a support order.
2146	(1) The office may, without the necessity of initiating an adjudicative proceeding or
2147	obtaining an order from any other judicial or administrative tribunal, take the following
2148	actions related to the establishment of [paternity] parentage or the establishment,
2149	modification, or enforcement of a support order, and to recognize and enforce the
2150	authority of state agencies of other states to take the following actions:
2151	(a) require a child, <u>a birth mother</u> , and <u>an alleged [father] genetic parent</u> to submit to
2152	genetic testing;
2153	(b) subpoena financial or other information needed to establish, modify, or enforce a
2154	support order, including:
2155	(i) the name, address, and employer of a person who owes or is owed support that
2156	appears on the customer records of public utilities and cable television companies;
2157	and
2158	(ii) information held by financial institutions on such things as the assets and
2159	liabilities of a person who owes or is owed support;
2160	(c) require a public or private employer to promptly disclose information to the office on
2161	the name, address, date of birth, social security number, employment status,
2162	compensation, and benefits, including health insurance, of any person employed as
2163	an employee or contractor by the employer;
2164	(d) require an insurance organization subject to Title 31A, Insurance Code, or an
2165	insurance administrator of a self-insured employer to promptly disclose to the office
2166	health insurance information pertaining to an insured or an insured's dependents, if
2167	known;
2168	(e) obtain access to information in the records and automated databases of other state
2169	and local government agencies, including:
2170	(i) marriage, birth, and divorce records;
2171	(ii) state and local tax and revenue records providing information on such things as
2172	residential and mailing addresses, employers, income, and assets;
2173	(iii) real and titled personal property records;

2174	(iv) records concerning occupational and professional licenses and the ownership and
2174	
2175	control of corporations, partnerships, and other business entities;
2176	(v) employment security records;
2177	(vi) records of agencies administering public assistance programs;
2178	(vii) motor vehicle department records; and
2179	(viii) corrections records;
2180	(f) upon providing notice to the obligor and obligee, direct an obligor or other payor to
2181	change the payee to the office if support has been assigned to the office under Section
2182	35A-7-108 or if support is paid through the office pursuant to the Social Security Act,
2183	42 U.S.C. Sec. 654B;
2184	(g) order income withholding in accordance with Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D
2185	Cases;
2186	(h) secure assets to satisfy past-due support by:
2187	(i) intercepting or seizing periodic or lump-sum payments from:
2188	(A) a state or local government agency, including unemployment compensation,
2189	workers' compensation, and other benefits; and
2190	(B) judgments, settlements, and lotteries;
2191	(ii) attaching and seizing assets of an obligor held in financial institutions;
2192	(iii) attaching public and private retirement funds, if the obligor presently:
2193	(A) receives periodic payments; or
2194	(B) has the authority to withdraw some or all of the funds; and
2195	(iv) imposing liens against real and personal property in accordance with this section
2196	and Section 26B-9-214; and
2197	(i) increase monthly payments in accordance with Section 26B-9-219.
2198	(2)(a) When taking action under Subsection (1), the office shall send notice under this
2199	Subsection (2)(a) to the person or entity who is required to comply with the action if
2200	not a party to a case receiving IV-D services.
2201	(b) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include:
2202	(i) the authority of the office to take the action;
2203	(ii) the response required by the recipient;
2204	(iii) the opportunity to provide clarifying information to the office under Subsection
2205	(2)(c);
2206	(iv) the name and telephone number of a person in the office who can respond to
2207	inquiries; and

2208	(v) the protection from criminal and civil liability extended under Subsection (7).
2209	(c) The recipient of a notice sent under this Subsection (2) shall promptly comply with
2210	the terms of the notice and may, if the recipient believes the office's request is in
2211	error, send clarifying information to the office setting forth the basis for the
2212	recipient's belief.
2213	(3) The office shall in any case in which it requires genetic testing under Subsection (1)(a):
2214	(a) consider clarifying information if submitted by the obligee and alleged father;
2215	(b) proceed with testing as the office considers appropriate;
2216	(c) pay the cost of the tests, subject to recoupment from the alleged father if [paternity]
2217	parentage is established;
2218	(d) order a second test if the original test result is challenged, and the challenger pays the
2219	cost of the second test in advance; and
2220	(e) require that the genetic test is:
2221	(i) of a type generally acknowledged as reliable by accreditation bodies designated by
2222	the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services; and
2223	(ii) performed by a laboratory approved by such an accreditation body.
2224	(4) The office may impose a penalty against an entity for failing to provide information
2225	requested in a subpoena issued under Subsection (1) as follows:
2226	(a) \$25 for each failure to provide requested information; or
2227	(b) \$500 if the failure to provide requested information is the result of a conspiracy
2228	between the entity and the obligor to not supply the requested information or to
2229	supply false or incomplete information.
2230	(5)(a) Unless a court or administrative agency has reduced past-due support to a sum
2231	certain judgment, the office shall provide concurrent notice to an obligor in
2232	accordance with Section 26B-9-207 of:
2233	(i) any action taken pursuant to Subsections (1)(h)(i)(B), (1)(h)(ii), (1)(h)(iii), or
2234	Subsection 26B-9-208(1)(b) if Subsection (5)(b)(iii) does not apply; and
2235	(ii) the opportunity of the obligor to contest the action and the amount claimed to be
2236	past-due by filing a written request for an adjudicative proceeding with the office
2237	within 15 days of notice being sent.
2238	(b)(i) Upon receipt of a notice of levy from the office for an action taken pursuant to
2239	Subsections (1)(h)(i)(B), (1)(h)(ii), (1)(h)(iii), or Subsection 26B-9-208(1)(b), a
2240	person in possession of personal property of the obligor shall:
2241	(A) secure the property from unauthorized transfer or disposition as required by

2242	Section 26B-9-215; and
2243	(B) surrender the property to the office after 21 days of receiving the notice unless
2244	the office has notified the person to release all or part of the property to the
2245	obligor.
2246	(ii) Unless released by the office, a notice of levy upon personal property shall be:
2247	(A) valid for 60 days; and
2248	(B) effective against any additional property which the obligor may deposit or
2249	transfer into the possession of the person up to the amount of the levy.
2250	(iii) If the property upon which the office imposes a levy is insufficient to satisfy the
2251	specified amount of past-due support and the obligor fails to contest that amount
2252	under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), the office may proceed under Subsections (1)(h)(i)(B),
2253	(1)(h)(ii), (1)(h)(iii), or Subsection 26B-9-208(1)(b) against additional property of
2254	the obligor until the amount specified and the reasonable costs of collection are
2255	fully paid.
2256	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(iii), the office may not disburse funds
2257	resulting from action requiring notice under Subsection (5)(a)(i) until:
2258	(i) 21 days after notice was sent to the obligor; and
2259	(ii) the obligor, if the obligor contests the action under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), has
2260	exhausted the obligor's administrative remedies and, if appealed to a district court,
2261	the district court has rendered a final decision.
2262	(d) Before intercepting or seizing any periodic or lump-sum payment under Subsection
2263	(1)(h)(i)(A), the office shall:
2264	(i) comply with Subsection 59-10-529(4)(a); and
2265	(ii) include in the notice required by Subsection 59-10-529(4)(a) reference to
2266	Subsection (1)(h)(i)(A).
2267	(e) If Subsection (5)(a) or (5)(d) does not apply, an action against the real or personal
2268	property of the obligor shall be in accordance with Section 26B-9-214.
2269	(6) All information received under this section is subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2,
2270	Government Records Access and Management Act.
2271	(7) No employer, financial institution, public utility, cable company, insurance
2272	organization, its agent or employee, or related entity may be civilly or criminally liable
2273	for providing information to the office or taking any other action requested by the office
2274	pursuant to this section.
2275	(8) The actions the office may take under Subsection (1) are in addition to the actions the

2276	office may take pursuant to Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases.
2277	Section 21. Section 26B-9-206 is amended to read:
2278	26B-9-206 . Issuance or modification of administrative order Compliance with
2279	court order Authority of office Stipulated agreements Notification requirements.
2280	(1) Through an adjudicative proceeding the office may issue or modify an administrative
2281	order that:
2282	(a) determines [paternity] parentage;
2283	(b) determines whether an obligor owes support;
2284	(c) determines temporary orders of child support upon clear and convincing evidence of [
2285	paternity] parentage in the form of genetic test results or other evidence;
2286	(d) requires an obligor to pay a specific or determinable amount of present and future
2287	support;
2288	(e) determines the amount of past-due support;
2289	(f) orders an obligor who owes past-due support and is obligated to support a child
2290	receiving public assistance to participate in appropriate work activities if the obligor
2291	is unemployed and is not otherwise incapacitated;
2292	(g) imposes a penalty authorized under this chapter;
2293	(h) determines an issue that may be specifically contested under this chapter by a party
2294	who timely files a written request for an adjudicative proceeding with the office; and
2295	(i) renews an administrative judgment.
2296	(2)(a) An abstract of a final administrative order issued under this section or a notice of
2297	judgment-lien under Section 26B-9-214 may be filed with the clerk of any district
2298	court.
2299	(b) Upon a filing under Subsection (2)(a), the clerk of the court shall:
2300	(i) docket the abstract or notice in the judgment docket of the court and note the time
2301	of receipt on the abstract or notice and in the judgment docket; and
2302	(ii) at the request of the office, place a copy of the abstract or notice in the file of a
2303	child support action involving the same parties.
2304	(3) If a judicial order has been issued, the office may not issue an order under Subsection (1)
2305	that is not based on the judicial order, except:
2306	(a) the office may establish a new obligation in those cases in which the juvenile court
2307	has ordered the parties to meet with the office to determine the support pursuant to
2308	Section 78A-6-356; or
2309	(b) the office may issue an order of current support in accordance with the child support

2310	guidelines if the conditions of Subsection [78B-14-207(2)(c)] 81-8-207(2)(c) are met.
2311	(4) The office may proceed under this section in the name of this state, another state under
2312	Section 26B-9-209, any department of this state, the office, or the obligee.
2313	(5) The office may accept voluntary acknowledgment of a support obligation and enter into
2314	stipulated agreements providing for the issuance of an administrative order under this
2315	part.
2316	(6) The office may act in the name of the obligee in endorsing and cashing any drafts,
2317	checks, money orders, or other negotiable instruments received by the office for support.
2318	(7) The obligor shall, after a notice of agency action has been served on the obligor in
2319	accordance with Section 63G-4-201, keep the office informed of:
2320	(a) the obligor's current address;
2321	(b) the name and address of current payors of income;
2322	(c) availability of or access to health insurance coverage; and
2323	(d) applicable health insurance policy information.
2324	Section 22. Section 26B-9-207 is amended to read:
2325	26B-9-207 . Filing of location information Service of process.
2326	(1)(a) Upon the entry of an order in a proceeding to establish [paternity] parentage or to
2327	establish, modify, or enforce a support order, each party shall file identifying
2328	information and shall update that information as changes occur:
2329	(i) with the court or administrative agency that conducted the proceeding; and
2330	(ii) after October 1, 1998, with the state case registry.
2331	(b) The identifying information required under Subsection (1)(a) shall include the
2332	person's Social Security number, driver's license number, residential and mailing
2333	addresses, telephone numbers, the name, address, and telephone number of
2334	employers, and any other data required by the Secretary of the United States
2335	Department of Health and Human Services.
2336	(c) In any subsequent child support action involving the office or between the parties,
2337	state due process requirements for notice and service of process shall be satisfied as
2338	to a party upon:
2339	(i) a sufficient showing that diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of
2340	the party; and
2341	(ii) delivery of notice to the most recent residential or employer address filed with the
2342	court, administrative agency, or state case registry under Subsection (1)(a).
2343	(2)(a) The office shall provide individuals who are applying for or receiving services

2344	under this chapter or who are parties to cases in which services are being provided
2345	under this chapter:
2346	(i) with notice of all proceedings in which support obligations might be established or
2347	modified; and
2348	(ii) with a copy of any order establishing or modifying a child support obligation, or
2349	in the case of a petition for modification, a notice of determination that there
2350	should be no change in the amount of the child support award, within 14 days
2351	after issuance of such order or determination.
2352	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(ii), notice in the case of an interstate order shall
2353	be provided in accordance with Section [78B-14-614] 81-8-614.
2354	(3) Service of all notices and orders under this part shall be made in accordance with Title
2355	63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, or
2356	this section.
2357	(4) Consistent with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
2358	Act, the office shall adopt procedures to classify records to prohibit the unauthorized use
2359	or disclosure of information relating to a proceeding to:
2360	(a) establish [paternity] parentage; or
2361	(b) establish or enforce support.
2362	(5)(a) The office shall, upon written request, provide location information available in
2363	its files on a custodial or noncustodial parent to the other party or the other party's
2364	legal counsel provided that:
2365	(i) the party seeking the information produces a copy of the parent-time order signed
2366	by the court;
2367	(ii) the information has not been safeguarded in accordance with Section 454 of the
2368	Social Security Act;
2369	(iii) the party whose location is being sought has been afforded notice in accordance
2370	with this section of the opportunity to contest release of the information;
2371	(iv) the party whose location is being sought has not provided the office with a copy
2372	of a protective order, a current court order prohibiting disclosure, a current court
2373	order limiting or prohibiting the requesting person's contact with the party or child
2374	whose location is being sought, a criminal order, an administrative order pursuant
2375	to Section 80-2-707, or documentation of a pending proceeding for any of the
2376	above; and
2377	(v) there is no other state or federal law that would prohibit disclosure.

2378 (b) "Location information" shall consist of the current residential address of the 2379 custodial or noncustodial parent and, if different and known to the office, the current 2380 residence of any children who are the subject of the parent-time order. If there is no 2381 current residential address available, the person's place of employment and any other 2382 location information shall be disclosed. (c) For the purposes of this section, "reason to believe" under Section 454 of the Social 2383 2384 Security Act means that the person seeking to safeguard information has provided to 2385 the office a copy of a protective order, current court order prohibiting disclosure, 2386 current court order prohibiting or limiting the requesting person's contact with the 2387 party or child whose location is being sought, criminal order signed by a court of 2388 competent jurisdiction, an administrative order pursuant to Section 80-2-707, or 2389 documentation of a pending proceeding for any of the above. 2390 (d) Neither the state, the department, the office nor its employees shall be liable for any 2391 information released in accordance with this section. 2392 (6) Custodial or noncustodial parents or their legal representatives who are denied location information in accordance with Subsection (5) may serve the Office of Recovery 2393 2394 Services to initiate an action to obtain the information. 2395 Section 23. Section 26B-9-209 is amended to read: 2396 **26B-9-209**. Support collection services requested by agency of another state. 2397 (1) In accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act] 2398 Title 81, Chapter 8, Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, the office may proceed to 2399 issue or modify an order under Section 26B-9-206 to collect under this part from an 2400 obligor who is located in or is a resident of this state regardless of the presence or 2401 residence of the obligee if: 2402 (a) support collection services are requested by an agency of another state that is 2403 operating under Part IV-D of the Social Security Act; or 2404 (b) an individual applies for services. 2405 (2) The office shall use high-volume automated administrative enforcement, to the same 2406 extent it is used for intrastate cases, in response to a request made by another state's 2407 IV-D child support agency to enforce support orders. 2408 (3) A request by another state shall constitute a certification by the requesting state: 2409 (a) of the amount of support under the order of payment of which is in arrears; and 2410 (b) that the requesting state has complied with procedural due process requirements 2411 applicable to the case.

2412	(4) The office shall give automated administrative interstate enforcement requests the same
2413	priority as a two-state referral received from another state to enforce a support order.
2414	(5) The office shall promptly report the results of the enforcement procedures to the
2415	requesting state.
2416	(6) As required by the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(14), the office shall
2417	maintain records of:
2418	(a) the number of requests for enforcement assistance received by the office under this
2419	section;
2420	(b) the number of cases for which the state collected support in response to those
2421	requests; and
2422	(c) the amount of support collected.
2423	Section 24. Section 26B-9-212 is amended to read:
2424	26B-9-212 . Collection directly from responsible parent.
2425	(1)(a) The office may issue or modify an order under Section 26B-9-206 and collect
2426	under this part directly from a responsible parent if the procedural requirements of
2427	applicable law have been met and if public assistance is provided on behalf of that
2428	parent's child.
2429	(b) The direct right to issue an order under this Subsection (1) is independent of and in
2430	addition to the right derived from that assigned under Section 35A-3-108.
2431	(2) An order issuing or modifying a support obligation under Subsection (1), issued while
2432	public assistance was being provided for a child, remains in effect and may be enforced
2433	by the office under Section 26B-9-210 after provision of public assistance ceases.
2434	(3)(a) The office may issue or modify an administrative order, subject to the procedural
2435	requirements of applicable law, that requires that obligee to pay to the office assigned
2436	support that an obligee receives and retains in violation of Subsection 26B-9-213(4)
2437	and may reduce to judgment any unpaid balance due.
2438	(b) The office may collect the judgment debt in the same manner as it collects any
2439	judgment for past-due support owed by an obligor.
2440	(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Office of Recovery Services shall have
2441	full standing and authority to establish and enforce child support obligations against an
2442	alleged genetic parent currently or formerly in a same-sex marriage on the same terms as
2443	the Office of Recovery Services' authority against other [mothers and fathers] parents.
2444	Section 25. Section 26B-9-213 is amended to read:
2445	26B-9-213 . Duties of obligee after assignment of support rights.

2446	(1) An obligee whose rights to support have been assigned under Section 35A-3-108 as a
2447	condition of eligibility for public assistance has the following duties:
2448	(a) Unless a good cause or other exception applies, the obligee shall, at the request of the
2449	office:
2450	(i) cooperate in good faith with the office by providing the name and other
2451	identifying information of the other parent of the obligee's child for the purpose of:
2452	(A) establishing [paternity] parentage; or
2453	(B) establishing, modifying, or enforcing a child support order;
2454	(ii) supply additional necessary information and appear at interviews, hearings, and
2455	legal proceedings; and
2456	(iii) submit the obligee's child and [himself] the obligee to judicially or
2457	administratively ordered genetic testing.
2458	(b) The obligee may not commence an action against an obligor or file a pleading to
2459	collect or modify support without the office's written consent.
2460	(c) The obligee may not do anything to prejudice the rights of the office to establish [
2461	paternity] parentage, enforce provisions requiring health insurance, or to establish and
2462	collect support.
2463	(d) The obligee may not agree to allow the obligor to change the court or
2464	administratively ordered manner or amount of payment of past, present, or future
2465	support without the office's written consent.
2466	(2)(a) The office shall determine and redetermine, when appropriate, whether an obligee
2467	has cooperated with the office as required by Subsection (1)(a).
2468	(b) If the office determines that an obligee has not cooperated as required by Subsection
2469	(1)(a), the office shall:
2470	(i) forward the determination and the basis for it to the Department of Workforce
2471	Services, which shall inform the department of the determination, for a
2472	determination of whether compliance by the obligee should be excused on the
2473	basis of good cause or other exception; and
2474	(ii) send to the obligee:
2475	(A) a copy of the notice; and
2476	(B) information that the obligee may, within 15 days of notice being sent:
2477	(I) contest the office's determination of noncooperation by filing a written
2478	request for an adjudicative proceeding with the office; or
2479	(II) assert that compliance should be excused on the basis of good cause or

2480	other exception by filing a written request for a good cause exception with
2481	the Department of Workforce Services.
2482	(3) The office's right to recover is not reduced or terminated if an obligee agrees to allow
2483	the obligor to change the court or administratively ordered manner or amount of
2484	payment of support regardless of whether that agreement is entered into before or after
2485	public assistance is furnished on behalf of a child.
2486	(4)(a) If an obligee receives direct payment of assigned support from an obligor, the
2487	obligee shall immediately deliver that payment to the office.
2488	(b)(i) If an obligee agrees with an obligor to receive payment of support other than in
2489	the court or administratively ordered manner and receives payment as agreed with
2490	the obligor, the obligee shall immediately deliver the cash equivalent of the
2491	payment to the office.
2492	(ii) If the amount delivered to the office by the obligee under Subsection $(4)(b)(i)$
2493	exceeds the amount of the court or administratively ordered support due, the
2494	office shall return the excess to the obligee.
2495	(5)(a) If public assistance furnished on behalf of a child is terminated, the office may
2496	continue to provide [paternity] parentage establishment and support collection
2497	services.
2498	(b) Unless the obligee notifies the office to discontinue these services, the obligee is
2499	considered to have accepted and is bound by the rights, duties, and liabilities of an
2500	obligee who has applied for those services.
2501	Section 26. Section 26B-9-230 is amended to read:
2502	26B-9-230 . Right to judicial review.
2503	(1)(a) Within 30 days of notice of any administrative action on the part of the office to
2504	establish [paternity] parentage or establish, modify or enforce a child support order,
2505	the obligor may file a petition for de novo review with the district court.
2506	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), notice includes:
2507	(i) notice actually received by the obligor in accordance with Section 26B-9-207;
2508	(ii) participation by the obligor in the proceedings related to the establishment of the [
2509	paternity] parentage or the modification or enforcement of child support; or
2510	(iii) receiving a paycheck in which a reduction has been made for child support.
2511	(2) The petition shall name the office and all other appropriate parties as respondents and
2512	meet the form requirements specified in Section 63G-4-402.
2513	(3) A copy of the petition shall be served upon the Child and Family Support Division of

2514	the Office of Attorney General.
2515	(4)(a) If the petition is regarding the amount of the child support obligation established
2516	in accordance with Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, the court may issue a
2517	temporary order for child support until a final order is issued.
2518	(b) The petitioner may file an affidavit stating the amount of child support reasonably
2519	believed to be due and the court may issue a temporary order for that amount. The
2520	temporary order shall be valid for 60 days, unless extended by the court while the
2521	action is being pursued.
2522	(c) If the court upholds the amount of support established in Subsection (4)(a), the
2523	petitioner shall be ordered to make up the difference between the amount originally
2524	ordered in Subsection (4)(a) and the amount temporarily ordered under Subsection
2525	(4)(b).
2526	(d) This Subsection (4) does not apply to an action for the court-ordered modification of
2527	a judicial child support order.
2528	(5)(a) The court may, on its own initiative and based on the evidence before it,
2529	determine whether the petitioner violated Rule 11 of the Utah Rules of Civil
2530	Procedure by filing the action.
2531	(b) If the court determines that Rule 11 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure was
2532	violated, it shall, at a minimum, award to the office attorney fees and costs for the
2533	action.
2534	(6) Nothing in this section precludes the obligor from seeking administrative remedies as
2535	provided in this chapter.
2536	Section 27. Section 35A-3-308 is amended to read:
2537	35A-3-308 . Adoption services Printed information Supports provided.
2538	(1) The department may provide assistance under this section to an applicant who is
2539	pregnant and is not receiving cash assistance at the beginning of the third trimester of
2540	pregnancy.
2541	(2) For a pregnant applicant, the department shall:
2542	(a) refer the applicant for appropriate prenatal medical care, including maternal health
2543	services provided under Title 26B, Chapter 7, Part 1, Health Promotion and Risk
2544	Reduction;
2545	(b) inform the applicant of free counseling about adoption from licensed child placement
2546	agencies and licensed attorneys; and
2547	(c) offer the applicant the adoption information packet described in Subsection (3).

2548	(3) The department shall publish an adoption information packet that:
2549	(a) is easy to understand;
2550	(b) contains geographically indexed materials on the public and private organizations
2551	that provide adoption assistance;
2552	(c) lists the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of licensed child placement
2553	agencies and licensed attorneys who place children for adoption;
2554	(d) explains that private adoption is legal and that the law permits adoptive parents to
2555	reimburse the costs of prenatal care, childbirth, neonatal care, and other expenses
2556	related to pregnancy; and
2557	(e) describes the services available to the applicant under this section.
2558	(4)(a) A recipient remains eligible for assistance under this section, even though the
2559	recipient relinquishes a child for adoption, if the adoption is in accordance with
2560	Sections [78B-6-120 through 78B-6-122] 81-13-212 and 81-13-213.
2561	(b) The assistance provided under this section may include:
2562	(i) reimbursement for expenses associated with care and confinement during
2563	pregnancy as provided in Subsection (5); and
2564	(ii) for a maximum of 12 months from the date of relinquishment, coordination of
2565	services to assist the recipient in:
2566	(A) receiving appropriate educational and occupational assessment and planning;
2567	(B) enrolling in appropriate education or training programs, including high school
2568	completion and adult education programs;
2569	(C) enrolling in programs that provide assistance with job readiness, employment
2570	counseling, finding employment, and work skills;
2571	(D) finding suitable housing;
2572	(E) receiving medical assistance, under Title 26B, Chapter 3, Health Care -
2573	Administration and Assistance, if the recipient is otherwise eligible; and
2574	(F) receiving counseling and other mental health services.
2575	(5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a recipient under this section is eligible
2576	to receive an amount equal to the maximum monthly amount of cash assistance paid
2577	under this part to one person for up to 12 consecutive months from the date of
2578	relinquishment.
2579	(b) If a recipient is otherwise eligible to receive cash assistance under this part, the
2580	recipient is eligible to receive an amount equal to the increase in cash assistance the
2581	recipient would have received but for the relinquishment for up to 12 consecutive

2582	months from the date of relinquishment.
2583	(6)(a) To remain eligible for assistance under this section, a recipient shall:
2584	(i) with the cooperation of the department, develop and implement an employment
2585	plan that includes goals for achieving self-sufficiency and that describes the action
2586	the recipient will take concerning education and training to achieve full-time
2587	employment;
2588	(ii) if the recipient does not have a high school diploma, enroll in high school or an
2589	alternative to high school and demonstrate progress toward graduation; and
2590	(iii) make a good faith effort to meet the goals of the employment plan as described
2591	in Section 35A-3-304.
2592	(b) Cash assistance provided to a recipient before the recipient relinquishes a child for
2593	adoption is part of the state plan.
2594	(c) Assistance provided under Subsection (5):
2595	(i) shall be provided for with state funds; and
2596	(ii) may not be counted when determining subsequent eligibility for cash assistance
2597	under this chapter.
2598	(d) The time limit provisions of Section 35A-3-306 apply to cash assistance provided
2599	under the state plan.
2600	(e) The department shall monitor a recipient's compliance with this section.
2601	(f) Except for Subsection (6)(b), Subsections (2) through (6) are excluded from the state
2602	plan.
2603	Section 28. Section 53-10-108 is amended to read:
2604	53-10-108 . Restrictions on access, use, and contents of division records
2605	Limited use of records for employment purposes Challenging accuracy of records
2606	Usage fees Missing children records Penalty for misuse of records.
2607	(1) As used in this section:
2608	(a) "Clone" means to copy a subscription or subscription data from a rap back system,
2609	including associated criminal history record information, from a qualified entity to
2610	another qualified entity.
2611	(b) "FBI Rap Back System" means the rap back system maintained by the Federal
2612	Bureau of Investigation.
2613	(c) "Rap back system" means a system that enables authorized entities to receive
2614	ongoing status notifications of any criminal history reported on individuals whose
2615	fingerprints are registered in the system.

2616	(d) "Volunteer Employee Criminal History System" or "VECHS" means a system that
2617	allows the bureau and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to provide criminal history
2618	record information to a qualifying entity, including a non-governmental qualifying
2619	entity.
2620	(e) "WIN Database" means the Western Identification Network Database that consists of
2621	eight western states sharing one electronic fingerprint database.
2622	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (17), dissemination of information from a criminal
2623	history record, including information obtained from a fingerprint background check,
2624	name check, warrant of arrest information, or information from division files, is limited
2625	to:
2626	(a) criminal justice agencies for purposes of administration of criminal justice and for
2627	employment screening by criminal justice agencies;
2628	(b)(i) agencies or individuals pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice
2629	agency to provide services required for the administration of criminal justice; and
2630	(ii) the agreement shall specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of the data
2631	to purposes for which given, and ensure the security and confidentiality of the
2632	data;
2633	(c) a qualifying entity for employment background checks for the qualifying entity's own
2634	employees or volunteers and individuals who have applied for employment with or to
2635	serve as a volunteer for the qualifying entity;
2636	(d) noncriminal justice agencies or individuals for any purpose authorized by statute,
2637	executive order, court rule, court order, or local ordinance;
2638	(e) agencies or individuals for the purpose of obtaining required clearances connected
2639	with foreign travel or obtaining citizenship;
2640	(f) agencies or individuals for the purpose of a preplacement adoptive study, in
2641	accordance with the requirements of Sections [78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130] 81-13-403
2642	and 81-13-405;
2643	(g) private security agencies through guidelines established by the commissioner for
2644	employment background checks for their own employees and prospective employees;
2645	(h) state agencies for the purpose of conducting a background check for the following
2646	individuals:
2647	(i) employees;
2648	(ii) applicants for employment;
2649	(iii) volunteers; and

2650	(iv) contract employees;
2651	(i) governor's office for the purpose of conducting a background check on the following
2652	individuals:
2653	(i) cabinet members;
2654	(ii) judicial applicants; and
2655	(iii) members of boards, committees, and commissions appointed by the governor;
2656	(j) the office of the lieutenant governor for the purpose of conducting a background
2657	check on an individual applying to be a notary public under Section 46-1-3;
2658	(k) agencies and individuals as the commissioner authorizes for the express purpose of
2659	research, evaluative, or statistical activities pursuant to an agreement with a criminal
2660	justice agency; and
2661	(1) other agencies and individuals as the commissioner authorizes and finds necessary for
2662	protection of life and property and for offender identification, apprehension, and
2663	prosecution pursuant to an agreement.
2664	(3) An agreement under Subsection (2)(k) shall specifically authorize access to data, limit
2665	the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, preserve the anonymity of
2666	individuals to whom the information relates, and ensure the confidentiality and security
2667	of the data.
2668	(4)(a) Before requesting information, a qualifying entity under Subsection (2)(c), state
2669	agency, or other agency or individual described in Subsections (2)(d) through (j) shall
2670	obtain a signed waiver from the person whose information is requested.
2671	(b) The waiver shall notify the signee:
2672	(i) that a criminal history background check will be conducted;
2673	(ii) who will see the information; and
2674	(iii) how the information will be used.
2675	(c) A qualifying entity under Subsection (2)(c), state agency, or other agency or
2676	individual described in Subsections (2)(d) through (g) that submits a request for a
2677	noncriminal justice name based background check of local databases to the bureau
2678	shall provide to the bureau:
2679	(i) personal identifying information for the subject of the background check; and
2680	(ii) the fee required by Subsection (15).
2681	(d) A qualifying entity under Subsection (2)(c), state agency, or other agency or
2682	individual described in Subsections (2)(d) through (g) that submits a request for a
2683	WIN database check and a nationwide background check shall provide to the bureau:

2684	(i) personal identifying information for the subject of the background check;
2685	(ii) a fingerprint card for the subject of the background check; and
2686	(iii) the fee required by Subsection (15).
2687	(e) Information received by a qualifying entity under Subsection (2)(c), state agency, or
2688	other agency or individual described in Subsections (2)(d) through (j) may only be:
2689	(i) available to individuals involved in the hiring or background investigation of the
2690	job applicant, employee, notary applicant, or as authorized under federal or state
2691	law;
2692	(ii) used for the purpose of assisting in making an employment appointment,
2693	selection, or promotion decision or for considering a notary applicant under
2694	Section 46-1-3; and
2695	(iii) used for the purposes disclosed in the waiver signed in accordance with
2696	Subsection (4)(b).
2697	(f) An individual who disseminates or uses information obtained from the division under
2698	Subsections (2)(c) through (j) for purposes other than those specified under
2699	Subsection (4)(e), in addition to any penalties provided under this section, is subject
2700	to civil liability.
2701	(g)(i) A qualifying entity under Subsection (2)(c), state agency, or other agency or
2702	individual described in Subsections (2)(d) through (j) that obtains background
2703	check information shall provide the subject of the background check an
2704	opportunity to:
2705	(A) request a copy of the information received; and
2706	(B) respond to and challenge the accuracy of any information received.
2707	(ii) An individual who is the subject of a background check and who receives a copy
2708	of the information described in Subsection (4)(g)(i) may use the information only
2709	for the purpose of reviewing, responding to, or challenging the accuracy of the
2710	information.
2711	(h) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2712	division may make rules to implement this Subsection (4).
2713	(i) The division or the division's employees are not liable for defamation, invasion of
2714	privacy, negligence, or any other claim in connection with the contents of
2715	information disseminated under Subsections (2)(c) through (j).
2716	(5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), (c), (d), or (e), or as otherwise
2717	authorized under state law, criminal history record information obtained from

2718	division files may be used only for the purposes for which the information was
2719	provided.
2720	(b) A criminal history provided to an agency under Subsection (2)(f) may be provided
2721	by the agency to the individual who is the subject of the history, another licensed
2722	child-placing agency, or the attorney for the adoptive parents for the purpose of
2723	facilitating an adoption.
2724	(c) A criminal history of a defendant provided to a criminal justice agency under
2725	Subsection (2)(a) may also be provided by the prosecutor to a defendant's defense
2726	counsel, upon request during the discovery process, for the purpose of establishing a
2727	defense in a criminal case.
2728	(d) A public transit district, as described in Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit
2729	District Act, that is under contract with a state agency to provide services may, for
2730	the purposes of complying with Subsection 26B-6-410(5), provide a criminal history
2731	record to the state agency or the agency's designee.
2732	(e) Criminal history record information obtained from a national source may be
2733	disseminated if the dissemination is authorized by a policy issued by the Criminal
2734	Justice Information Services Division or other federal law.
2735	(6)(a) A qualifying entity under Subsection (2)(c) may submit fingerprints to the bureau
2736	and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a local and national background check
2737	under the provisions of the National Child Protection Act of 1993, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
2738	5119 et seq.
2739	(b) A qualifying entity under Subsection (2)(c) that submits fingerprints under
2740	Subsection (6)(a):
2741	(i) shall meet all VECHS requirements for using VECHS; and
2742	(ii) may only submit fingerprints for an employee, volunteer, or applicant who has
2743	resided in Utah for the seven years before the day on which the qualifying entity
2744	submits the employee's, volunteer's, or applicant's fingerprints.
2745	(7)(a) This section does not preclude the use of the division's central computing
2746	facilities for the storage and retrieval of criminal history record information.
2747	(b) This information shall be stored so the information cannot be modified, destroyed, or
2748	accessed by unauthorized agencies or individuals.
2749	(8) Direct access through remote computer terminals to criminal history record information
2750	in the division's files is limited to those agencies authorized by the commissioner under
2751	procedures designed to prevent unauthorized access to this information.

2752	(9)(a) The commissioner shall establish procedures to allow an individual right of
2753	access to review and receive a copy of the individual's criminal history report.
2754	(b) A processing fee for the right of access service, including obtaining a copy of the
2755	individual's criminal history report under Subsection (9)(a) shall be set in accordance
2756	with Section 63J-1-504.
2757	(c)(i) The commissioner shall establish procedures for an individual to challenge the
2758	completeness and accuracy of criminal history record information contained in the
2759	division's computerized criminal history files regarding that individual.
2760	(ii) These procedures shall include provisions for amending any information found to
2761	be inaccurate or incomplete.
2762	(10) The private security agencies as provided in Subsection (2)(g):
2763	(a) shall be charged for access; and
2764	(b) shall be registered with the division according to rules made by the division under
2765	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2766	(11) Before providing information requested under this section, the division shall give
2767	priority to a criminal justice agency's needs.
2768	(12)(a) It is a class B misdemeanor for a person to knowingly or intentionally access,
2769	use, disclose, or disseminate a record created, maintained, or to which access is
2770	granted by the division or any information contained in a record created, maintained,
2771	or to which access is granted by the division for a purpose prohibited or not permitted
2772	by statute, rule, regulation, or policy of a governmental entity.
2773	(b) A person who discovers or becomes aware of any unauthorized use of records
2774	created or maintained, or to which access is granted by the division shall inform the
2775	commissioner and the director of the bureau of the unauthorized use.
2776	(13)(a) Subject to Subsection (13)(b), a qualifying entity or an entity described in
2777	Subsection (2) may request that the division register fingerprints taken for the
2778	purpose of conducting current and future criminal background checks under this
2779	section with:
2780	(i) the WIN Database rap back system, or any successor system;
2781	(ii) the FBI Rap Back System; or
2782	(iii) a system maintained by the division.
2783	(b) A qualifying entity or an entity described in Subsection (2) may only make a request
2784	under Subsection (13)(a) if the entity:
2785	(i) has the authority through state or federal statute or federal executive order;

2786	(ii) obtains a signed waiver from the individual whose fingerprints are being
2787	registered; and
2788	(iii) establishes a privacy risk mitigation strategy to ensure that the entity only
2789	receives notifications for individuals with whom the entity maintains an
2790	authorizing relationship.
2791	(14) The division is authorized to submit fingerprints to the FBI Rap Back System to be
2792	retained in the FBI Rap Back System for the purpose of being searched by future
2793	submissions to the FBI Rap Back System, including latent fingerprint searches.
2794	(15)(a) The division shall impose fees set in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for the
2795	applicant fingerprint card, name check, and to register fingerprints under Subsection
2796	(13)(a).
2797	(b) Funds generated under this Subsection (15) shall be deposited into the General Fund
2798	as a dedicated credit by the department to cover the costs incurred in providing the
2799	information.
2800	(c) The division may collect fees charged by an outside agency for services required
2801	under this section.
2802	(16) For the purposes of conducting a criminal background check authorized under
2803	Subsection (2)(h), (i), or (j), the Division of Human Resource Management, in
2804	accordance with Title 63A, Chapter 17, Utah State Personnel Management Act, and the
2805	governor's office shall have direct access to criminal background information maintained
2806	under Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification.
2807	(17)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (18), if an individual has an active FBI Rap
2808	Back System subscription with a qualifying entity, the division may, upon request
2809	from another qualifying entity, clone the subscription to the requesting qualifying
2810	entity if:
2811	(i) the requesting qualifying entity requests the clone:
2812	(A) for the purpose of evaluating whether the individual should be permitted to
2813	obtain or retain a license for, or serve as an employee or volunteer in a position
2814	in which the individual is responsible for, the care, treatment, training,
2815	instruction, supervision, or recreation of children, the elderly, or individuals
2816	with disabilities; or
2817	(B) for the same purpose as the purpose for which the original qualifying entity
2818	requested the criminal history record information;
2819	(ii) the requesting qualifying entity is expressly authorized by statute to obtain

2820	criminal history record information for the individual who is the subject of the
2821	request;
2822	(iii) before requesting the clone, the requesting qualifying entity obtains a signed
2823	waiver, containing the information described in Subsection (4)(b), from the
2824	individual who is the subject of the request;
2825	(iv) the requesting qualifying entity or the individual pays any applicable fees set by
2826	the division in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
2827	(v) the requesting qualifying entity complies with the requirements described in
2828	Subsection (4)(g).
2829	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2830	division may make rules regulating the process described in this Subsection (17).
2831	(18)(a) Subsection (17) does not apply unless the Federal Bureau of Investigation
2832	approves the use of the FBI Rap Back System for the purpose described in
2833	Subsection (17)(a)(i) under the conditions described in Subsection (17).
2834	(b) Subsection (17) does not apply to the extent that implementation of the provisions of
2835	Subsection (17) are contrary to the requirements of the Child Care and Development
2836	Block Grant, 42 U.S.C. Secs. 9857-9858r or any other federal grant.
2837	(19)(a) Information received by a qualifying entity under Subsection (17) may only be
2838	disclosed and used as described in Subsection (4)(e).
2839	(b) A person who disseminates or uses information received under Subsection (17) for a
2840	purpose other than those described in Subsection (4)(e) is subject to the penalties
2841	described in this section and is also subject to civil liability.
2842	(c) A qualifying entity is not liable for defamation, invasion of privacy, negligence, or
2843	any other claim in connection with the contents of information disseminated under
2844	Subsection (17).
2845	Section 29. Section 53B-1-119 is amended to read:
2846	53B-1-119 . Bereavement leave for miscarriage and stillbirth.
2847	(1) As used in this section "miscarriage" means the spontaneous or accidental loss of a
2848	fetus, regardless of gestational age or the duration of the pregnancy.
2849	(2) An institution shall adopt policies providing at least three work days of paid
2850	bereavement leave for an employee following the end of the employee's pregnancy by
2851	way of miscarriage or stillbirth or following the end of another individual's pregnancy
2852	by way of a miscarriage or stillbirth, if:
2853	(a) the employee is the individual's spouse or partner;

2854	(b) the employee is the individual's former spouse or partner and the employee would
2855	have been a biological parent of a child born as a result of the pregnancy;
2856	(c) the employee provides documentation to show that the individual intended for the
2857	employee to be an adoptive parent, as that term is defined in Section [78B-6-103]
2858	81-13-101, of a child born as a result of the pregnancy; or
2859	(d) under a valid gestational agreement in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15, Part
2860	8, Gestational Agreement] Title 81, Chapter 5, Part 8, Gestational Agreement, the
2861	employee would have been a parent of a child born as a result of the pregnancy.
2862	Section 30. Section 53G-11-209 is amended to read:
2863	53G-11-209 . Paid leave Parental leave Postpartum recovery leave Leave
2864	sharing Rulemaking.
2865	(1) As used in this section:
2866	(a)(i) Paid leave hours" means leave hours an LEA provides to an LEA employee
2867	who accrues paid leave benefits in accordance with the LEA's leave policies.
2868	(ii) "Paid leave hours" includes annual, vacation, sick, paid time off, or any other type
2869	of leave an employee may take while still receiving compensation.
2870	(iii) "Paid leave hours" is not limited parental leave or postpartum recovery leave.
2871	(b) "Parental leave" means leave hours an LEA provides to a parental leave eligible
2872	employee.
2873	(c) "Parental leave eligible employee" means an LEA employee who accrues paid leave
2874	benefits in accordance with the LEA's leave policies and is:
2875	(i) a birth parent as defined in Section $[73B-6-103]$ <u>81-13-101;</u>
2876	(ii) legally adopting a minor child, unless the individual is the spouse of the
2877	pre-existing parent;
2878	(iii) the intended parent of a child born under a validated gestational agreement in
2879	accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15, Part 8, Gestational Agreement] Title 81,
2880	Chapter 5, Part 8, Gestational Agreement; or
2881	(iv) appointed the legal guardian of a minor child or incapacitated adult.
2882	(d) "Postpartum recovery leave" means leave hours a state employer provides to a
2883	postpartum recovery leave eligible employee to recover from childbirth.
2884	(e) "Postpartum recovery leave eligible employee" means an employee:
2885	(i) who accrues paid leave benefits in accordance with the LEA's leave policies; and
2886	(ii) who gives birth to a child.
2887	(f) "Qualified employee" means:

2888	(i) a parental leave eligible employee; or
2889	(ii) a postpartum recovery leave eligible employee.
2890	(g) "Retaliatory action" means to do any of the following regarding an employee:
2891	(i) dismiss the employee;
2892	(ii) reduce the employee's compensation;
2893	(iii) fail to increase the employee's compensation by an amount to which the
2894	employee is otherwise entitled to or was promised;
2895	(iv) fail to promote the employee if the employee would have otherwise been
2896	promoted; or
2897	(v) threaten to take an action described in Subsections $[(1)(f)(i)] (1)(g)(i)$ through (iv).
2898	(2) Beginning July 1, 2025, an LEA:
2899	(a) shall develop leave policies that provide for the use and administration of parental
2900	leave and postpartum recovery leave by a qualified employee under this section in a
2901	manner that is not more restrictive than the parental and postpartum recovery leave
2902	available to state employees under Section 63A-17-511; [and]
2903	(b) may develop leave policies that provide a mechanism for leave sharing between
2904	employees of the same LEA or school for all types of leave including, sick leave,
2905	annual leave, parental leave, and postpartum recovery leave;
2906	(c) shall allow a parental leave eligible employee and a postpartum recovery leave
2907	eligible employee who is part-time or who works in excess of a 40-hour work week
2908	or the equivalent of a 40-hour work week to use the amount of postpartum recovery
2909	leave available under this section on a pro rata basis; and
2910	(d) shall provide each employee written information regarding:
2911	(i) a qualified employee's right to use parental leave or postpartum recovery leave
2912	under this section; and
2913	(ii) the availability of and process for using or contributing to the leave sharing
2914	mechanism described in Subsection (2)(b).
2915	(3) An LEA may not take retaliatory action against a qualified employee for using parental
2916	leave or postpartum recovery leave in accordance with this section.
2917	(4) An LEA may not charge parental leave or postpartum recovery leave against paid leave
2918	hours to which a qualified employee is entitled as described in Subsection (6).
2919	(5) An LEA or school may use leave bank sharing and other efforts to mitigate incurred
2920	costs of compliance with this section including coordinating with other LEAs or schools
2921	to share approaches or policies designed to fulfill the requirements of this section in a

- 2922 cost effective manner.
- (6) An LEA may provide leave that exceeds the benefits of the state leave policiesdescribed in this section.
- 2925 Section 31. Section **58-60-112** is amended to read:

2926 58-60-112 . Reporting of unprofessional or unlawful conduct -- Immunity from
2927 liability -- Reporting conduct of court-appointed therapist.

- 2928 (1) Upon learning of an act of unlawful or unprofessional conduct as defined in Section 2929 58-60-102 by a person licensed under this chapter or an individual not licensed under 2930 this chapter and engaged in acts or practices regulated under this chapter, that results in 2931 disciplinary action by a licensed health care facility, professional practice group, or 2932 professional society, or that results in a significant adverse impact upon the public 2933 health, safety, or welfare, the following shall report the conduct in writing to the division 2934 within 10 days after learning of the disciplinary action or the conduct unless the 2935 individual or person knows it has been reported:
- (a) a licensed health care facility or organization in which an individual licensed under
 this chapter engages in practice;
- 2938 (b) an individual licensed under this chapter; and
- (c) a professional society or organization whose membership is individuals licensed
 under this chapter and which has the authority to discipline or expel a member for
 acts of unprofessional or unlawful conduct.
- (2) Any individual reporting acts of unprofessional or unlawful conduct by an individual
 licensed under this chapter is immune from liability arising out of the disclosure to the
 extent the individual furnishes the information in good faith and without malice.
- 2945 (3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3):
- (i) "Court-appointed therapist" means a mental health therapist ordered by a court to
 provide psychotherapeutic treatment to an individual, a couple, or a family in a
 domestic case.
- 2949 (ii) "Domestic case" means a proceeding under:
- 2950 (A) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Protective Orders and Stalking Injunctions;
- 2951[(B) Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and2952Enforcement Act;]
- 2953 [(C) Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act;]
- 2954 [(D)] (<u>B</u>) Title 81, Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage; [or]
- 2955 (C) <u>Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act;</u>

2956	[(E)] (D) Title 81, Chapter 9, Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation[-] : or
2957	(E) <u>Title 81, Chapter 11, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.</u>
2958	(b) If a court appoints a court-appointed therapist in a domestic case, a party to the
2959	domestic case may not file a report against the court-appointed therapist for unlawful
2960	or unprofessional conduct during the pendency of the domestic case, unless:
2961	(i) the party has requested that the court release the court-appointed therapist from the
2962	appointment; and
2963	(ii) the court finds good cause to release the court-appointed therapist from the
2964	appointment.
2965	Section 32. Section 63A-17-106 is amended to read:
2966	63A-17-106 . Responsibilities of the director.
2967	(1) As used in this section, "miscarriage" means the spontaneous or accidental loss of a
2968	fetus, regardless of gestational age or the duration of the pregnancy.
2969	(2) The director shall have full responsibility and accountability for the administration of
2970	the statewide human resource management system.
2971	(3) Except as provided in Section 63A-17-201, an agency may not perform human resource
2972	functions without the consent of the director.
2973	(4) Statewide human resource management rules made by the division in accordance with
2974	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall take precedence if
2975	there is a conflict with agency rules, policies, or practices.
2976	(5) The division may operate as an internal service fund agency in accordance with Section
2977	63J-1-410 for the human resource functions the division provides.
2978	(6) The director shall:
2979	(a) develop, implement, and administer a statewide program of human resource
2980	management that will:
2981	(i) aid in the efficient execution of public policy;
2982	(ii) foster careers in public service for qualified employees; and
2983	(iii) render assistance to state agencies in performing their missions;
2984	(b) design and administer the state pay plan;
2985	(c) design and administer the state classification system and procedures for determining
2986	schedule assignments;
2987	(d) design and administer the state recruitment and selection system;
2988	(e) administer agency human resource practices and ensure compliance with federal law,
2989	state law, and state human resource rules, including equal employment opportunity;

2990	(f) consult with agencies on decisions concerning employee corrective action and
2991	discipline;
2992	(g) maintain central personnel records;
2993	(h) perform those functions necessary to implement this chapter unless otherwise
2994	assigned or prohibited;
2995	(i) perform duties assigned by the governor, executive director, or statute;
2996	(j) make rules for human resource management, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
2997	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2998	(k) establish and maintain a management information system that will furnish the
2999	governor, the Legislature, and agencies with current information on authorized
3000	positions, payroll, and related matters concerning state human resources;
3001	(l) conduct research and planning activities to:
3002	(i) determine and prepare for future state human resource needs;
3003	(ii) develop methods for improving public human resource management; and
3004	(iii) propose needed policy changes to the governor;
3005	(m) study the character, causes, and extent of discrimination in state employment and
3006	develop plans for its elimination through programs consistent with federal and state
3007	laws governing equal employment opportunity in employment;
3008	(n) establish compensation policies and procedures for early voluntary retirement;
3009	(o) confer with the heads of other agencies about human resource policies and
3010	procedures;
3011	(p) submit an annual report to the executive director, the governor, and the Legislature;
3012	and
3013	(q) assist with the development of a vacant position report required under Subsection
3014	63J-1-201(2)(b)(vi).
3015	(7)(a) After consultation with the executive director, the governor, and the heads of
3016	other agencies, the director shall establish and coordinate statewide training
3017	programs, including training described in Subsection (7)(e).
3018	(b) The programs developed under this Subsection (7) shall have application to more
3019	than one agency.
3020	(c) The division may not establish training programs that train employees to perform
3021	highly specialized or technical jobs and tasks.
3022	(d) The division shall ensure that any training program described in this Subsection (7)
3023	complies with Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements.

3024	(e)(i) As used in this Subsection (7)(e):
3025	(A) "Employee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63A-17-112.
3026	(B) "Supervisor" means an individual in a position at an agency, as defined in
3027	Section 63A-17-112, that requires the regular supervision and performance
3028	evaluation of an employee.
3029	(ii) A supervisor shall attend the training:
3030	(A) within six months of being promoted or hired to the position of supervisor; and
3031	(B) at least annually.
3032	(iii) A supervisor's completion of training and effective use of training information
3033	and principles shall be considered in an evaluation of the supervisor's job
3034	performance.
3035	(iv) The training shall include:
3036	(A) effective employee management and evaluation methods based on the pay for
3037	performance management system described in Section 63A-17-112;
3038	(B) instruction to improve supervisor and employee communications;
3039	(C) best practices for recognizing and retaining high-performing employees;
3040	(D) best practices for addressing poor-performing employees; and
3041	(E) any other information and principles identified by the division to improve
3042	management or organizational effectiveness.
3043	(8)(a)(i) The division may collect fees for training as authorized by this Subsection
3044	(8).
3045	(ii) Training funded from General Fund appropriations shall be treated as a separate
3046	program within the department budget.
3047	(iii) All money received from fees under this section will be accounted for by the
3048	department as a separate user driven training program.
3049	(iv) The user training program includes the costs of developing, procuring, and
3050	presenting training and development programs, and other associated costs for
3051	these programs.
3052	(b)(i) Funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year in the user training program are
3053	nonlapsing.
3054	(ii) Each year, as part of the appropriations process, the Legislature shall review the
3055	amount of nonlapsing funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year and may, by
3056	statute, require the department to lapse a portion of the funds.
3057	(9) Rules described in Subsection (6)(j) shall provide for at least three work days of paid

3058	bereavement leave for an employee:
3059	(a) following the end of the employee's pregnancy by way of miscarriage or stillbirth; or
3060	(b) following the end of another individual's pregnancy by way of a miscarriage or
3061	stillbirth, if:
3062	(i) the employee is the individual's spouse or partner;
3063	(ii)(A) the employee is the individual's former spouse or partner; and
3064	(B) the employee would have been a biological parent of a child born as a result of
3065	the pregnancy;
3066	(iii) the employee provides documentation to show that the individual intended for
3067	the employee to be an adoptive parent, as that term is defined in Section [
3068	78B-6-103] 81-13-101, of a child born as a result of the pregnancy; or
3069	(iv) under a valid gestational agreement in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15,
3070	Part 8, Gestational Agreement] Title 81, Chapter 5, Part 8, Gestational Agreement,
3071	the employee would have been a parent of a child born as a result of the
3072	pregnancy.
3073	Section 33. Section 63J-1-602.1 is amended to read:
3074	63J-1-602.1 . List of nonlapsing appropriations from accounts and funds.
3075	Appropriations made from the following accounts or funds are nonlapsing:
3076	(1) The Native American Repatriation Restricted Account created in Section 9-9-407.
3077	(2) Certain money payable for expenses of the Pete Suazo Utah Athletic Commission, as
3078	provided under Title 9, Chapter 23, Pete Suazo Utah Athletic Commission Act.
3079	(3) Funds collected for directing and administering the C-PACE district created in Section
3080	11-42a-106.
3081	(4) Money received by the Utah Inland Port Authority, as provided in Section 11-58-105.
3082	(5) The Commerce Electronic Payment Fee Restricted Account created in Section 13-1-17.
3083	(6) The Division of Air Quality Oil, Gas, and Mining Restricted Account created in Section
3084	19-2a-106.
3085	(7) The Division of Water Quality Oil, Gas, and Mining Restricted Account created in
3086	Section 19-5-126.
3087	(8) State funds for matching federal funds in the Children's Health Insurance Program as
3088	provided in Section 26B-3-906.
3089	(9) Funds collected from the program fund for local health department expenses incurred in
3090	responding to a local health emergency under Section 26B-7-111.
3091	(10) The Technology Development Restricted Account created in Section 31A-3-104.

3092 (11) The Criminal Background Check Restricted Account created in Section 31A-3-105. 3093 (12) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account created in Section 31A-3-304, except to the 3094 extent that Section 31A-3-304 makes the money received under that section free revenue. 3095 (13) The Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account created in Section 31A-23a-415. 3096 (14) The Health Insurance Actuarial Review Restricted Account created in Section 3097 31A-30-115. 3098 (15) The State Mandated Insurer Payments Restricted Account created in Section 3099 31A-30-118. 3100 (16) The Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account created in Section 31A-31-108. 3101 (17) The Underage Drinking Prevention Media and Education Campaign Restricted 3102 Account created in Section 32B-2-306. 3103 [(18) The Drinking While Pregnant Prevention Media and Education Campaign Restricted 3104 Account created in Section 32B-2-308.] 3105 [(19)] (18) The School Readiness Restricted Account created in Section 35A-15-203. 3106 $\left[\frac{(20)}{(20)}\right]$ (19) Money received by the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation for the sale of certain 3107 products or services, as provided in Section 35A-13-202. 3108 [(21)] (20) The Homeless Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account created in Section 3109 35A-16-402. 3110 [(22)] (21) The Oil and Gas Administrative Penalties Account created in Section 40-6-11. 3111 [(23)] (22) The Oil and Gas Conservation Account created in Section 40-6-14.5. 3112 [(24)] (23) The Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining Restricted account created in Section 3113 40-6-23. 3114 $\left[\frac{(25)}{24}\right]$ (24) The Electronic Payment Fee Restricted Account created by Section 41-1a-121 to the Motor Vehicle Division. 3115 3116 [(26)] (25) The License Plate Restricted Account created by Section 41-1a-122. 3117 [(27)] (26) The Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division Temporary Permit Restricted Account 3118 created by Section 41-3-110 to the State Tax Commission. 3119 [(28)] (27) The State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account to the Division of Emergency 3120 Management, as provided in Section 53-2a-603. 3121 [(29)] (28) The Response, Recovery, and Post-disaster Mitigation Restricted Account 3122 created in Section 53-2a-1302. [(30)] (29) The Department of Public Safety Restricted Account to the Department of Public 3123 3124 Safety, as provided in Section 53-3-106. 3125 [(31)] (30) The Utah Highway Patrol Aero Bureau Restricted Account created in Section

- 3126 53-8-303. 3127 [(32)] (31) The DNA Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407. 3128 [(33)] (32) The Technical Colleges Capital Projects Fund created in Section 53B-2a-118. 3129 [(34)] (33) The Higher Education Capital Projects Fund created in Section 53B-22-202. 3130 [(35)] (34) A certain portion of money collected for administrative costs under the School 3131 Institutional Trust Lands Management Act, as provided under Section 53C-3-202. 3132 [(36)] (35) The Public Utility Regulatory Restricted Account created in Section 54-5-1.5, 3133 subject to Subsection 54-5-1.5(4)(d). 3134 $\left[\frac{37}{36}\right]$ (36) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to 3135 an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-3a-105. 3136 [(38)] (37) Certain fines collected by the Division of Professional Licensing for violation of 3137 unlawful or unprofessional conduct that are used for education and enforcement 3138 purposes, as provided in Section 58-17b-505. 3139 $\left[\frac{(39)}{(38)}\right]$ (38) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to 3140 an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-22-104. 3141 [(40)] (39) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to 3142 an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-55-106. 3143 [(41)] (40) Funds collected from a surcharge fee to provide certain licensees with access to 3144 an electronic reference library, as provided in Section 58-56-3.5. 3145 [(42)] (41) Certain fines collected by the Division of Professional Licensing for use in 3146 education and enforcement of the Security Personnel Licensing Act, as provided in 3147 Section 58-63-103. 3148 [(43)] (42) The Relative Value Study Restricted Account created in Section 59-9-105. 3149 [(44)] (43) The Cigarette Tax Restricted Account created in Section 59-14-204. 3150 $\left[\frac{45}{45}\right]$ (44) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background 3151 check for a mortgage loan license, as provided in Section 61-2c-202. 3152 $\left[\frac{46}{45}\right]$ (45) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background 3153 check for principal broker, associate broker, and sales agent licenses, as provided in 3154 Section 61-2f-204. 3155 $\left[\frac{47}{47}\right]$ (46) Certain funds donated to the Department of Health and Human Services, as 3156 provided in Section 26B-1-202. 3157 [(48)] (47) Certain funds donated to the Division of Child and Family Services, as provided 3158 in Section 80-2-404.
 - 3159 [(49)] (48) Funds collected by the Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as

- 3160 provided in Section 63G-3-402.
- 3161 [(50)] (49) The Immigration Act Restricted Account created in Section 63G-12-103.
- 3162 [(51)] (50) Money received by the military installation development authority, as provided
 3163 in Section 63H-1-504.
- 3164 [(52)] (51) The Unified Statewide 911 Emergency Service Account created in Section
 3165 63H-7a-304.
- 3166 [(53)] (52) The Utah Statewide Radio System Restricted Account created in Section
 3167 63H-7a-403.
- 3168 [(54)] (53) The Utah Capital Investment Restricted Account created in Section 63N-6-204.
- 3169 [(55)] (54) The Motion Picture Incentive Account created in Section 63N-8-103.
- 3170 [(56)] (55) Funds collected by the housing of state probationary inmates or state parole
 3171 inmates, as provided in Subsection 64-13e-104(2).
- 3172 [(57)] (56) Certain forestry and fire control funds utilized by the Division of Forestry, Fire,
- and State Lands, as provided in Section 65A-8-103.
- 3174 [(58)] (57) The following funds or accounts created in Section 72-2-124:
- 3175 (a) Transportation Investment Fund of 2005;
- 3176 (b) Transit Transportation Investment Fund;
- 3177 (c) Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund;
- 3178 (d) Active Transportation Investment Fund; and
- 3179 (e) Commuter Rail Subaccount.
- 3180 [(59)] (58) The Amusement Ride Safety Restricted Account, as provided in Section
 3181 72-16-204.
- 3182 [(60)] (59) Certain funds received by the Office of the State Engineer for well drilling fines
 3183 or bonds, as provided in Section 73-3-25.
- 3184 [(61)] (60) The Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund, as provided in
 3185 Section 73-23-2.
- 3186 [(62)] (61) Award money under the State Asset Forfeiture Grant Program, as provided under
 3187 Section 77-11b-403.
- 3188 [(63)] (62) Funds donated or paid to a juvenile court by private sources, as provided in
 3189 Subsection 78A-6-203(1)(c).
- 3190 [(64)] (63) Fees for certificate of admission created under Section 78A-9-102.
- 3191 [(65)] (64) Funds collected for adoption document access as provided in Sections [
- 3192 78B-6-141, 78B-6-144, and 78B-6-144.5] 81-13-103, 81-13-504, and 81-13-505.
- 3193 [(66)] (65) Funds collected for indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 4,

3194 Utah Indigent Defense Commission. 3195 [(67)] (66) The Utah Geological Survey Restricted Account created in Section 79-3-403. 3196 [(68)] (67) Revenue for golf user fees at the Wasatch Mountain State Park, Palisades State 3197 Park, and Green River State Park, as provided under Section 79-4-403. 3198 [(69)] (68) Certain funds received by the Division of State Parks from the sale or disposal of 3199 buffalo, as provided under Section 79-4-1001. 3200 Section 34. Section 63J-1-602.2 is amended to read: 3201 63J-1-602.2. List of nonlapsing appropriations to programs. 3202 Appropriations made to the following programs are nonlapsing: 3203 (1) The Legislature and the Legislature's committees. 3204 (2) The State Board of Education, including all appropriations to agencies, line items, and 3205 programs under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education, in accordance with 3206 Section 53F-9-103. 3207 (3) The Rangeland Improvement Act created in Section 4-20-101. 3208 (4) The Percent-for-Art Program created in Section 9-6-404. 3209 (5) The LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund created in Section 4-46-301. 3210 (6) The Utah Lake Authority created in Section 11-65-201. 3211 (7) Dedicated credits accrued to the Utah Marriage Commission as provided under 3212 Subsection 17-16-21(2)(d)(ii). 3213 (8) The Wildlife Land and Water Acquisition Program created in Section 23A-6-205. 3214 (9) Sanctions collected as dedicated credits from Medicaid providers under Subsection 3215 26B-3-108(7). 3216 (10) The primary care grant program created in Section 26B-4-310. 3217 (11) The Opiate Overdose Outreach Pilot Program created in Section 26B-4-512. 3218 (12) The Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program created in Section 3219 26B-4-702. 3220 (13) The Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program created in Section 26B-4-703. 3221 (14) The Utah Medical Education Council for the: 3222 (a) administration of the Utah Medical Education Program created in Section 26B-4-707; 3223 (b) provision of medical residency grants described in Section 26B-4-711; and 3224 (c) provision of the forensic psychiatric fellowship grant described in Section 26B-4-712. 3225 (15) The Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided in Section 26B-6-402. 3226 (16) The Communication Habits to reduce Adolescent Threats (CHAT) Pilot Program 3227 created in Section 26B-7-122.

- 3228 (17) Funds that the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Services retains in accordance with
 3229 Subsection 32B-2-301(8)(a) or (b).
- 3230 (18) The General Assistance program administered by the Department of Workforce3231 Services, as provided in Section 35A-3-401.
- 3232 (19) The Utah National Guard, created in Title 39A, National Guard and Militia Act.
- 3233 (20) The Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in Section3234 53-2a-1102.
- 3235 (21) The Emergency Medical Services Grant Program in Section 53-2d-207.
- 3236 (22) The Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section 53-3-905.
- 3237 (23) The Utah Board of Higher Education for teacher preparation programs, as provided in3238 Section 53B-6-104.
- 3239 (24) Innovation grants under Section 53G-10-608, except as provided in Subsection [
 3240 53G-10-608(6)] 53G-10-608(3).
- (25) The Division of Fleet Operations for the purpose of upgrading underground storagetanks under Section 63A-9-401.
- 3243 (26) The Division of Technology Services for technology innovation as provided under3244 Section 63A-16-903.
- 3245 (27) The State Capitol Preservation Board created by Section 63O-2-201.
- 3246 (28) The Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as provided in Section 63G-3-402.
- 3247 (29) The Colorado River Authority of Utah, created in Title 63M, Chapter 14, Colorado
- 3248 River Authority of Utah Act.
- (30) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity to fund the Enterprise Zone Act, as
 provided in Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act.
- (31) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity's Rural Employment Expansion
 Program, as described in Title 63N, Chapter 4, Part 4, Rural Employment Expansion
 Program.
- 3254 (32) County correctional facility contracting program for state inmates as described in3255 Section 64-13e-103.
- 3256 (33) County correctional facility reimbursement program for state probationary inmates and3257 state parole inmates as described in Section 64-13e-104.
- 3258 (34) Programs for the Jordan River Recreation Area as described in Section 65A-2-8.
- 3259 (35) The Division of Human Resource Management user training program, as provided in3260 Section 63A-17-106.
- 3261 (36) A public safety answering point's emergency telecommunications service fund, as

3262 provided in Section 69-2-301. 3263 (37) The Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112. 3264 (38) The money appropriated from the Navajo Water Rights Negotiation Account to the 3265 Division of Water Rights, created in Section 73-2-1.1, for purposes of participating in a 3266 settlement of federal reserved water right claims. 3267 (39) The Judicial Council for compensation for special prosecutors, as provided in Section 3268 77-10a-19. 3269 (40) A state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section 78A-6-210. 3270 (41) The Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section 79-3-401. 3271 (42) The Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section 79-5-503. 3272 (43) Adoption document access as provided in Sections [78B-6-141, 78B-6-144, and 3273 78B-6-144.5] 81-13-103, 81-13-504, and 81-13-505. 3274 (44) Indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 4, Utah Indigent Defense 3275 Commission. 3276 (45) The program established by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management 3277 under Section 63A-5b-703 under which state agencies receive an appropriation and pay 3278 lease payments for the use and occupancy of buildings owned by the Division of 3279 Facilities Construction and Management. 3280 (46) The State Tax Commission for reimbursing counties for deferrals in accordance with 3281 Section 59-2-1802.5. 3282 (47) The Veterinarian Education Loan Repayment Program created in Section 4-2-902. 3283 Section 35. Section 75-2-114 is amended to read: 3284 75-2-114 . Parent and child relationship. 3285 (1)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), for purposes of intestate 3286 succession by, through, or from a person, an individual is the child of the individual's 3287 natural parents, regardless of their marital status. 3288 (b) The parent and child relationship may be established as provided in [Title 78B, 3289 Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act] Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act. 3290 (2) An adopted individual is the child of the adopting parent or parents and not of the 3291 natural parents, but adoption of a child by the spouse of either natural parent has no 3292 effect on the relationship between the child and that natural parent. 3293 (3) Inheritance from or through a child by either natural parent or the child's kindred is 3294 precluded unless that natural parent has openly treated the child as the natural parent's, 3295 and has not refused to support the child.

3296	Section 36. Section 75-5-209 is amended to read:
3297	75-5-209 . Powers and duties of guardian of minor Residual parental rights
3298	and duties Adoption of a ward.
3299	(1) For purposes of this section, "residual parental rights and duties" is as defined in Section
3300	80-1-102.
3301	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(a), a guardian of a minor has the powers and
3302	responsibilities of a parent who has not been deprived of custody of the parent's
3303	unemancipated minor, including the powers and responsibilities described in Subsection
3304	(3).
3305	(3) A guardian of a minor:
3306	(a) must take reasonable care of the personal effects of the guardian's ward;
3307	(b) must commence protective proceedings if necessary to protect other property of the
3308	guardian's ward;
3309	(c) subject to Subsection (4)(b), may receive money payable for the support of the ward
3310	to the ward's parent, guardian, or custodian under the terms of a:
3311	(i) statutory benefit or insurance system;
3312	(ii) private contract;
3313	(iii) devise;
3314	(iv) trust;
3315	(v) conservatorship; or
3316	(vi) custodianship;
3317	(d) subject to Subsection (4)(b), may receive money or property of the ward paid or
3318	delivered by virtue of Section 75-5-102;
3319	(e) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), must exercise due care to conserve any
3320	excess money or property described in Subsection (3)(d) for the ward's future needs;
3321	(f) unless otherwise provided by statute, may institute proceedings to compel the
3322	performance by any person of a duty to:
3323	(i) support the ward; or
3324	(ii) pay sums for the welfare of the ward;
3325	(g) is empowered to:
3326	(i) facilitate the ward's education, social, or other activities; and
3327	(ii) subject to Subsection (4)(d), authorize medical or other professional care,
3328	treatment, or advice;
3329	(h) may consent to the:

3330	(i) marriage of the guardian's ward, if specifically authorized by a court to give this
3331	consent; or
3332	(ii) adoption of the guardian's ward if the:
3333	(A) guardian of the ward is specifically authorized by a court to give this consent;
3334	and
3335	(B) parental rights of the ward's parents have been terminated; and
3336	(i) must report the condition of the minor and of the minor's estate that has been subject
3337	to the guardian's possession or control:
3338	(i) as ordered by court on petition of any person interested in the minor's welfare; or
3339	(ii) as required by court rule.
3340	(4)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a guardian of a minor is not:
3341	(i) legally obligated to provide from the guardian's own funds for the ward; and
3342	(ii) liable to third persons by reason of the guardian's relationship for acts of the ward.
3343	(b) Sums received under Subsection (3)(c) or (d):
3344	(i) may not be used for compensation for the services of a guardian, except as:
3345	(A) approved by court order; or
3346	(B) determined by a duly appointed conservator other than the guardian; and
3347	(ii) shall be applied to the ward's current needs for support, care, and education.
3348	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e), if a conservator is appointed for the estate of the
3349	ward, the excess shall be paid over at least annually to the conservator.
3350	(d) A guardian of a minor is not, by reason of giving the authorization described in
3351	Subsection (3)(g)(ii), liable for injury to the minor resulting from the negligence or
3352	acts of third persons, unless it would have been illegal for a parent to have given the
3353	authorization.
3354	(5) A parent of a minor for whom a guardian is appointed retains residual parental rights
3355	and duties.
3356	(6) If a parent of a minor for whom a guardian is appointed consents to the adoption of the
3357	minor, the guardian is entitled to:
3358	(a) receive notice of the adoption proceeding pursuant to Section [78B-6-110] 81-13-207;
3359	(b) intervene in the adoption; and
3360	(c) present evidence to the court relevant to the best interest of the [child pursuant to
3361	Subsection 78B-6-110(11)] minor as described in Subsection 81-13-207(11).
3362	(7) If a minor for whom a guardian is appointed is adopted subsequent to the appointment,
3363	the guardianship shall terminate when the adoption is finalized.

3364	Section 37. Section 76-5-301.2 is amended to read:
3365	76-5-301.2 . Parental kidnapping.
3366	(1)(a) As used in this section:
3367	(i) "Child" means an individual under 18 years old.
3368	(ii) "Custody" means court-ordered physical custody of a child entered by a court.
3369	(iii) "Parent" means an individual:
3370	(A) recognized as a biological parent or adoptive parent; or
3371	(B) that has established a parent-child relationship under Section [78B-15-201]
3372	<u>81-5-201</u> .
3373	(iv) "Parent-time" means court-ordered parent-time or visitation entered by a court.
3374	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3375	(2) A parent commits parental kidnapping of the parent's child if the parent:
3376	(a) takes, entices, conceals, detains, or withholds the child from an individual entitled to
3377	custody of the child;
3378	(b) intends to interfere with the custody of the child; and
3379	(c)(i) has never had a right to physical custody of the child;
3380	(ii) has never been granted parent-time with the child;
3381	(iii) has had all rights to physical custody of the child terminated by a court; or
3382	(iv) at the time of the parent's action under Subsection (2)(a), had parent-time with
3383	the child terminated or suspended by a court.
3384	(3)(a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
3385	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree
3386	felony if, during the course of parental kidnapping, the parent removes, causes the
3387	removal, or directs the removal of the child from the state.
3388	(4) In addition to the affirmative defenses described in Section 76-5-305, it is an affirmative
3389	defense to the crime of parental kidnapping that:
3390	(a) the parent acted under a reasonable belief that the action described in Subsection
3391	(2)(a) was:
3392	(i) necessary to protect the child from imminent serious bodily injury, or death;
3393	(ii) authorized by law; or
3394	(iii) taken with the consent of:
3395	(A) the individual entitled to custody of the child; or
3396	(B) a custodian, guardian, caretaker, or other individual lawfully acting in place of
3397	the individual entitled to custody of the child; or

3398	(b)(i) the parent acted under a reasonable belief that the action described in
3399	Subsection (2)(a) was necessary to protect the child from abuse, including sexual
3400	abuse; and
3401	(ii) before taking the action described in Subsection (2)(a), the parent reports to law
3402	enforcement the parent's intention to engage in the action and the basis for the
3403	parent's belief described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
3404	Section 38. Section 76-7-102 is amended to read:
3405	76-7-102 . Incest Definitions Penalty.
3406	(1) As used in this section:
3407	(a) "Provider" means a person who provides or makes available his seminal fluid or her
3408	human egg.
3409	(b) "Related person" means a person related to the provider or actor as an ancestor,
3410	descendant, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, or first cousin, and includes:
3411	(i) blood relationships of the whole or half blood, regardless of whether the
3412	relationship is legally recognized;
3413	(ii) the relationship of parent and child by adoption; and
3414	(iii) the relationship of stepparent and stepchild while the marriage creating the
3415	relationship of a stepparent and stepchild exists.
3416	(2)(a) An actor is guilty of incest when, under circumstances not amounting to rape,
3417	rape of a child, or aggravated sexual assault, the actor knowingly and intentionally:
3418	(i) engages in conduct under Subsection (2)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv); or
3419	(ii) provides a human egg or seminal fluid under Subsection (2)(b)(v).
3420	(b) Conduct referred to under Subsection (2)(a) is:
3421	(i) sexual intercourse between the actor and a person the actor knows has kinship to
3422	the actor as a related person;
3423	(ii) the insertion or placement of the provider's seminal fluid into the vagina, cervix,
3424	or uterus of a related person by means other than sexual intercourse;
3425	(iii) providing or making available his seminal fluid for the purpose of insertion or
3426	placement of the fluid into the vagina, cervix, or uterus of a related person by
3427	means other than sexual intercourse;
3428	(iv) a woman 18 years of age or older who:
3429	(A) knowingly allows the insertion of the seminal fluid of a provider into her
3430	vagina, cervix, or uterus by means other than sexual intercourse; and
3431	(B) knows that the seminal fluid is that of a person with whom she has kinship as

3432	a related person; or
3433	(v) providing the actor's sperm or human egg that is used to conduct in vitro
3434	fertilization, or any other means of fertilization, with the human egg or sperm of a
3435	person who is a related person.
3436	(c) This Subsection (2) does not prohibit providing a fertilized human egg if the provider
3437	of the fertilizing sperm is not a related person regarding the person providing the egg.
3438	(3) Incest is a third degree felony.
3439	(4) A provider under this section is not a donor under Section [78B-15-702] 81-5-702.
3440	Section 39. Section 77-38b-102 is amended to read:
3441	77-38b-102 . Definitions.
3442	As used in this chapter:
3443	(1) "Civil accounts receivable" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3444	77-32b-102.
3445	(2) "Civil judgment of restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3446	77-32b-102.
3447	(3)(a) "Conviction" means:
3448	(i) a plea of:
3449	(A) guilty;
3450	(B) guilty with a mental condition; or
3451	(C) no contest; or
3452	(ii) a judgment of:
3453	(A) guilty; or
3454	(B) guilty with a mental condition.
3455	(b) "Conviction" does not include:
3456	(i) a plea in abeyance until a conviction is entered for the plea in abeyance;
3457	(ii) a diversion agreement; or
3458	(iii) an adjudication of a minor for an offense under Section 80-6-701.
3459	(4) "Criminal accounts receivable" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3460	77-32b-102.
3461	(5) "Criminal conduct" means:
3462	(a) any misdemeanor or felony offense of which the defendant is convicted; or
3463	(b) any other criminal behavior for which the defendant admits responsibility to the
3464	court with or without an admission of committing the criminal behavior.
3465	(6) "Deceased victim" means an individual whose death is proximately caused by the

3466	criminal conduct of the defendant.
3467	(7)(a) "Defendant" means an individual who has been convicted of, or entered into a
3468	plea disposition for, criminal conduct.
3469	(b) "Defendant" does not include a minor, as defined in Section 80-1-102, who is
3470	adjudicated, or enters into a nonjudicial adjustment, for any offense under Title 80,
3471	Chapter 6, Juvenile Justice.
3472	(8) "Department" means the Department of Corrections.
3473	(9)(a) "Dependent" means an individual for whom a deceased victim, or a permanently
3474	impaired victim, had a legal obligation to provide dependent support at the time of
3475	the criminal conduct by the defendant.
3476	(b) "Dependent" includes:
3477	(i) a child:
3478	(A) who is younger than 18 years old; and
3479	(B) for whom a deceased victim, or a permanently impaired victim, is the [
3480	adoptive or biological parent or legal] legal parent or guardian;
3481	(ii) an unborn child who has a parent-child relationship with a deceased victim, or a
3482	permanently impaired victim, in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah
3483	Uniform Parentage Act] Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act; or
3484	(iii) an incapacitated individual for whom a deceased victim, or a permanently
3485	impaired victim, is the [adoptive or biological parent or the legal] legal parent or
3486	guardian.
3487	(10) "Dependent support" means the financial obligation of an individual to provide for the
3488	routine needs of a dependent, including food, clothing, health care, safety, or shelter.
3489	(11) "Diversion agreement" means an agreement entered into by the prosecuting attorney
3490	and the defendant that suspends criminal proceedings before conviction on the condition
3491	that a defendant agree to participate in a rehabilitation program, pay restitution to the
3492	victim, or fulfill some other condition.
3493	(12) "Incapacitated" or "incapacitation" means the individual is:
3494	(a) mentally or physically impaired to the extent that the individual is permanently
3495	unable to gain employment and provide basic necessities, including food, clothing,
3496	health care, safety, or shelter; and
3497	(b) reliant on a parent, legal guardian, or other relative or person to provide basic
3498	necessities for the individual.
3499	(13) "Incapacitated individual" means an individual who is incapacitated.

3500	(14) "Legal guardian" means an individual appointed by a court to make decisions
3501	regarding a child or an incapacitated individual.
3502	(15) "Life expectancy" means the number of months an individual is or was expected to
3503	live considering medical records and experiential data for the individual.
3504	(16) "Office" means the Office of State Debt Collection created in Section 63A-3-502.
3505	(17) "Payment schedule" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-32b-102.
3506	(18)(a) "Pecuniary damages" means all demonstrable economic injury, losses, and
3507	expenses regardless of whether the economic injury, losses, and expenses have yet
3508	been incurred.
3509	(b) "Pecuniary damages" does not include punitive damages or pain and suffering
3510	damages.
3511	(19) "Permanently impaired victim" means an incapacitated individual whose
3512	incapacitation is proximately caused by the criminal conduct of the defendant.
3513	(20) "Plea agreement" means an agreement entered between the prosecuting attorney and
3514	the defendant setting forth the special terms and conditions and criminal charges upon
3515	which the defendant will enter a plea of guilty or no contest.
3516	(21) "Plea disposition" means an agreement entered into between the prosecuting attorney
3517	and the defendant including a diversion agreement, a plea agreement, a plea in abeyance
3518	agreement, or any agreement by which the defendant may enter a plea in any other
3519	jurisdiction or where charges are dismissed without a plea.
3520	(22) "Plea in abeyance" means an order by a court, upon motion of the prosecuting attorney
3521	and the defendant, accepting a plea of guilty or of no contest from the defendant but not,
3522	at that time, entering judgment of conviction against the defendant nor imposing
3523	sentence upon the defendant on condition that the defendant comply with specific
3524	conditions as set forth in a plea in abeyance agreement.
3525	(23) "Plea in abeyance agreement" means an agreement entered into between the
3526	prosecuting attorney and the defendant setting forth the specific terms and conditions
3527	upon which, following acceptance of the agreement by the court, a plea may be held in
3528	abeyance.
3529	(24) "Restitution" means the payment of pecuniary damages to a victim.
3530	(25) "Unborn child" means a human fetus or embryo in any stage of gestation from
3531	fertilization until birth.
3532	(26)(a) "Victim" means any person who has suffered pecuniary damages that are
3533	proximately caused by the criminal conduct of the defendant.

3534	(b) "Victim" includes:
3535	(i) the Utah Office for Victims of Crime if the Utah Office for Victims of Crime
3536	makes a payment to, or on behalf of, a victim under Section 63M-7-519;
3537	(ii) the estate of a deceased victim;
3538	(iii) a dependent; or
3539	(iv) a parent, spouse, intimate partner as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921, child, or
3540	sibling of a victim.
3541	(c) "Victim" does not include a codefendant or accomplice.
3542	Section 40. Section 78A-5-102 is amended to read:
3543	78A-5-102 . Jurisdiction of the district court Appeals.
3544	(1) Except as otherwise provided by the Utah Constitution or by statute, the district court
3545	has original jurisdiction in all matters civil and criminal.
3546	(2) A district court judge may:
3547	(a) issue all extraordinary writs and other writs necessary to carry into effect the district
3548	court judge's orders, judgments, and decrees; and
3549	(b) preside over an action for which the Business and Chancery Court has jurisdiction if:
3550	(i) the district court judge is designated by the presiding officer of the Judicial
3551	Council to preside over an action in the Business and Chancery Court as described
3552	in Section 78A-1-103.5; and
3553	(ii) a Business and Chancery Court judge is unable to preside over the action due to
3554	recusal or disqualification.
3555	(3) The district court has jurisdiction:
3556	(a) [-]over matters of lawyer discipline consistent with the rules of the Supreme Court;
3557	(b) over all matters properly filed in the circuit court prior to July 1, 1996;
3558	(c) to enforce foreign protective orders as described in Subsection 78B-7-303(8);
3559	(d) to enjoin a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
3560	(e) over a petition seeking to terminate parental rights as described in Section [78B-6-112]
3561	<u>81-13-205;</u>
3562	(f) except as provided in Subsection $[78A-6-103(2)(a)(xiv)]$ <u>78A-6-103(2)(a)(xvi) or (xv)</u> ,
3563	an adoption proceeding; and
3564	(g) to issue a declaratory judgment as described in Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 4,
3565	Declaratory Judgments.
3566	(4) The district court has appellate jurisdiction over judgments and orders of the justice
3567	court as outlined in Section 78A-7-118 and small claims appeals filed in accordance

3568	with Section 78A-8-106.
3569	(5) The district court has jurisdiction to review:
3570	(a) a municipal administrative proceeding as described in Section 10-3-703.7;
3571	(b) a decision resulting from a formal adjudicative proceeding by the State Tax
3572	Commission as described in Section 59-1-601;
3573	(c) except as provided in Section 63G-4-402, a final agency action resulting from an
3574	informal adjudicative proceeding as described in Title 63G, Chapter 4,
3575	Administrative Procedures Act; and
3576	(d) by trial de novo, a final order of the Department of Transportation resulting from
3577	formal and informal adjudicative proceedings under Title 72, Chapter 7, Part 2,
3578	Junkyard Control Act.
3579	(6) The district court has original and exclusive jurisdiction over an action brought under
3580	Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity Act of Utah.
3581	(7) Notwithstanding Section 78A-7-106, the district court has original jurisdiction over a
3582	class B misdemeanor, a class C misdemeanor, an infraction, or a violation of an
3583	ordinance for which a justice court has original jurisdiction under Section 78A-7-106 if:
3584	(a) there is no justice court with territorial jurisdiction;
3585	(b) the offense occurred within the boundaries of the municipality in which the district
3586	courthouse is located and that municipality has not formed, or has formed and
3587	dissolved, a justice court; or
3588	(c) the offense is included in an indictment or information covering a single criminal
3589	episode alleging the commission of a felony or a class A misdemeanor by an
3590	individual who is 18 years old or older.
3591	(8) If a district court has jurisdiction in accordance with Subsection (4), (7)(a), or (7)(b), the
3592	district court has jurisdiction over an offense listed in Subsection 78A-7-106(2) even if
3593	the offense is committed by an individual who is 16 or 17 years old.
3594	(9) The district court has subject matter jurisdiction over an action under Title 78B, Chapter
3595	7, Part 2, Child Protective Orders, if the juvenile court transfers the action to the district
3596	court.
3597	(10)(a) The district court has subject matter jurisdiction over a criminal action that the
3598	justice court transfers to the district court.
3599	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection 78A-7-106(1), the district court has original jurisdiction
3600	over any refiled case of a criminal action transferred to the district court if the district
3601	court dismissed the transferred case without prejudice.

3602	(11) If the juvenile court has concurrent jurisdiction under Subsection 78A-6-104(1)(a)(i)
3603	over a parentage action filed in the district court, the district court may transfer
3604	jurisdiction over the parentage action to the juvenile court.
3605	[(11)] (12) The Supreme Court and Court of Appeals have jurisdiction over an appeal from
3606	a final order, judgment, and decree of the district court as described in Sections
3607	78A-3-102 and 78A-4-103.
3608	Section 41. Section 78A-5a-103 is amended to read:
3609	78A-5a-103 . Concurrent jurisdiction of the Business and Chancery Court
3610	Exceptions.
3611	(1) The Business and Chancery Court has jurisdiction, concurrent with the district court,
3612	over an action:
3613	(a) seeking monetary damages of at least \$300,000 or seeking solely equitable relief; and
3614	(b)(i) with a claim arising from:
3615	(A) a breach of a contract;
3616	(B) a breach of a fiduciary duty;
3617	(C) a dispute over the internal affairs or governance of a business organization;
3618	(D) the sale, merger, or dissolution of a business organization;
3619	(E) the sale of substantially all of the assets of a business organization;
3620	(F) the receivership or liquidation of a business organization;
3621	(G) a dispute over liability or indemnity between or among owners of the same
3622	business organization;
3623	(H) a dispute over liability or indemnity of an officer or owner of a business
3624	organization;
3625	(I) a tortious or unlawful act committed against a business organization, including
3626	an act of unfair competition, tortious interference, or misrepresentation or fraud;
3627	(J) a dispute between a business organization and an insurer regarding a
3628	commercial insurance policy;
3629	(K) a contract or transaction governed by Title 70A, Uniform Commercial Code;
3630	(L) the misappropriation of trade secrets under Title 13, Chapter 24, Uniform
3631	Trade Secrets Act;
3632	(M) the misappropriation of intellectual property;
3633	(N) a noncompete agreement, a nonsolicitation agreement, or a nondisclosure or
3634	confidentiality agreement, regardless of whether the agreement is oral or
3635	written;

3636	(O) a relationship between a franchisor and a franchisee;
3637	(P) the purchase or sale of a security or an allegation of security fraud;
3638	(Q) a dispute over a blockchain, blockchain technology, or a decentralized
3639	autonomous organization;
3640	(R) a violation of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 31, Utah Antitrust Act; or
3641	(S) a contract with a forum selection clause for a chancery, business, or
3642	commercial court of this state or any other state;
3643	(ii) with a malpractice claim concerning services that a professional provided to a
3644	business organization;
3645	(iii) that is a shareholder derivative action; or
3646	(iv) seeking a declaratory judgment as described in Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 4,
3647	Declaratory Judgments.
3648	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the Business and Chancery Court may exercise
3649	supplemental jurisdiction over any claim in an action that is within the jurisdiction of the
3650	Business and Chancery Court under Subsection (1) if the claim arises from the same set
3651	of facts or circumstances as the action.
3652	(3) The Business and Chancery Court may not exercise supplemental jurisdiction over:
3653	(a) any claim arising from:
3654	(i) a consumer contract;
3655	(ii) a personal injury, including a personal injury relating to or arising out of health
3656	care rendered or which should have been rendered by the health care provider;
3657	(iii) a violation of Title 13, Chapter 7, Civil Rights;
3658	(iv) Title 20A, Election Code;
3659	(v) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
3660	[(vi) Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act;]
3661	[(vii)] (vi) Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain;
3662	[(viii)] (vii) Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 8, Forcible Entry and Detainer, unless the claim
3663	is brought against a commercial tenant;
3664	[(ix)] (viii) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Protective Orders and Stalking Injunctions; and
3665	[(x) Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and
3666	Enforcement Act;]
3667	[(xi) Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act;]
3668	[(xii) Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act;]
3669	[(xiii) Title 78B, Chapter 16, Utah Uniform Child Abduction Prevention Act;]

3670	[(xiv) Title 78B, Chapter 20, Uniform Deployed Parents Custody, Parent-time, and
3671	Visitation Act;]
3672	[(xv)] (ix) Title 81, Utah Domestic Relations Code; [or]
3673	(b) any action in which a governmental entity is a party; or
3674	(c) any criminal matter, unless the criminal matter is an act or omission of contempt that
3675	occurs in an action before the Business and Chancery Court.
3676	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), the Business and Chancery Court may exercise
3677	supplemental jurisdiction over a claim that is barred under Subsection (3):
3678	(a) if the claim is a compulsory counterclaim;
3679	(b) if there would be a material risk of inconsistent outcomes if the claim were tried in a
3680	separate action; or
3681	(c) solely to resolve a request for a provisional remedy related to the claim before the
3682	Business and Chancery Court transfers the claim as described in Subsection (5).
3683	(5) If an action contains a claim for which the Business and Chancery Court may not
3684	exercise supplemental jurisdiction under this section, the Business and Chancery Court
3685	shall bifurcate the action and transfer any claim for which the Business and Chancery
3686	Court does not have jurisdiction to a court with jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary
3687	and Judicial Administration.
3688	(6) Before the Business and Chancery Court transfers a claim as described in Subsection (5),
3689	the Business and Chancery Court may resolve:
3690	(a) all claims for which the Business and Chancery Court has jurisdiction; and
3691	(b) any request for a provisional remedy related to a claim that is being transferred.
3692	Section 42. Section 78A-6-103 is amended to read:
3693	78A-6-103 . Original jurisdiction of the juvenile court Magistrate functions
3694	Findings Transfer of a case from another court.
3695	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the juvenile court has original jurisdiction over:
3696	(a) a felony, misdemeanor, infraction, or violation of an ordinance, under municipal,
3697	state, or federal law, that was committed by a child;
3698	(b) a felony, misdemeanor, infraction, or violation of an ordinance, under municipal,
3699	state, or federal law, that was committed by an individual:
3700	(i) who is under 21 years old at the time of all court proceedings; and
3701	(ii) who was under 18 years old at the time the offense was committed; and
3702	(c) a misdemeanor, infraction, or violation of an ordinance, under municipal or state law,
3703	that was committed:

3704	(i) by an individual:
3705	(A) who was 18 years old and enrolled in high school at the time of the offense;
3706	and
3707	(B) who is under 21 years old at the time of all court proceedings; and
3708	(ii) on school property where the individual was enrolled:
3709	(A) when school was in session; or
3710	(B) during a school-sponsored activity, as defined in Section 53G-8-211.
3711	(2) The juvenile court has original jurisdiction over:
3712	(a) any proceeding concerning:
3713	(i) a child who is an abused child, neglected child, or dependent child;
3714	(ii) a protective order for a child in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 2,
3715	Child Protective Orders;
3716	(iii) the appointment of a guardian of the individual or other guardian of a minor who
3717	comes within the court's jurisdiction under other provisions of this section;
3718	(iv) the emancipation of a minor in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 7,
3719	Emancipation;
3720	(v) the termination of parental rights in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 4,
3721	Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, including termination of residual
3722	parental rights and duties;
3723	(vi) the treatment or commitment of a minor who has an intellectual disability;
3724	(vii) the judicial consent to the marriage of a minor who is 16 or 17 years old in
3725	accordance with Section 81-2-304;
3726	(viii) an order for a parent or a guardian of a child under Subsection 80-6-705(3);
3727	(ix) a minor under Title 80, Chapter 6, Part 11, Interstate Compact for Juveniles;
3728	(x) the treatment or commitment of a child with a mental illness;
3729	(xi) the commitment of a child to a secure drug or alcohol facility in accordance with
3730	Section 26B-5-204;
3731	(xii) a minor found not competent to proceed in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 6,
3732	Part 4, Competency;
3733	(xiii) de novo review of final agency actions resulting from an informal adjudicative
3734	proceeding as provided in Section 63G-4-402;
3735	(xiv) [adoptions conducted in accordance with the procedures described in Title 78B,
3736	Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act,] an adoption of a child under Title 81,
3737	Chapter 13, Adoption, if the juvenile court has previously entered an order

3738	terminating the rights of a parent and finds that adoption is in the best interest of
3739	the child;
3740	(xv) an adoption of an adult if the adoption arises from a case where the juvenile
3741	court has continuing jurisdiction over the adult;
3742	[(xv)] (xvi) an ungovernable or runaway child who is referred to the juvenile court by
3743	the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services if, despite earnest and
3744	persistent efforts by the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services, the child
3745	has demonstrated that the child:
3746	(A) is beyond the control of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian to the extent
3747	that the child's behavior or condition endangers the child's own welfare or the
3748	welfare of others; or
3749	(B) has run away from home; and
3750	[(xvi)] (xvii) a criminal information filed under Part 4a, Adult Criminal Proceedings,
3751	for an adult alleged to have committed an offense under Subsection 78A-6-352
3752	(4)(b) for failure to comply with a promise to appear and bring a child to the
3753	juvenile court;
3754	(b) a petition for expungement under Title 80, Chapter 6, Part 10, Juvenile Records and
3755	Expungement;
3756	(c) the extension of a nonjudicial adjustment under Section 80-6-304;
3757	(d) a petition for special findings under Section 80-3-305; and
3758	(e) a referral of a minor for being a habitual truant as defined in Section 53G-8-211.
3759	(3) The juvenile court does not have original jurisdiction over an offense committed by a
3760	minor as described in Subsection (1) if:
3761	(a) the district court has original jurisdiction over the offense under Section 78A-5-102.5;
3762	(b) the district court has original jurisdiction over the offense under Subsection
3763	78A-5-102(8), unless the juvenile court has exclusive jurisdiction over the offense
3764	under Section 78A-6-103.5; or
3765	(c) the justice court has original jurisdiction over the offense under Subsection
3766	78A-7-106(2), unless the juvenile court has exclusive jurisdiction over the offense
3767	under Section 78A-6-103.5.
3768	(4) It is not necessary for a minor to be adjudicated for an offense or violation of the law
3769	under Section 80-6-701 for the juvenile court to exercise jurisdiction under Subsection [
3770	$\frac{(2)(a)(xvii)}{(2)(a)(xvii)}$, (b), or (c).
3771	(5) This section does not restrict the right of access to the juvenile court by private agencies

3772	or other persons.
3773	(6) The juvenile court has jurisdiction of all magistrate functions relative to cases arising
3774	under [Title 80, Chapter 6, Part 5, Transfer to District Court] Title 80, Chapter 6, Part 5,
3775	Minor Tried as an Adult.
3776	(7) The juvenile court has jurisdiction to make a finding of substantiated, unsubstantiated,
3777	or without merit, in accordance with Section 80-3-404.
3778	(8) The juvenile court has jurisdiction over matters transferred to the juvenile court by
3779	another trial court in accordance with Subsection 78A-7-106(6) and Section 80-6-303.
3780	(9) The juvenile court has jurisdiction to enforce foreign protection orders as described in
3781	Subsection 78B-7-303(8).
3782	Section 43. Section 78A-6-104 is amended to read:
3783	78A-6-104 . Concurrent jurisdiction of the juvenile court Transfer of a
3784	protective order.
3785	(1)(a) The juvenile court has jurisdiction, concurrent with the district court:
3786	(i) to establish [paternity] parentage, or to order testing for purposes of establishing [
3787	paternity] parentage, for a child in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah
3788	Uniform Parentage Act] Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act, when a
3789	proceeding is initiated under Title 80, Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency
3790	Proceedings, or Title 80, Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental
3791	Rights, that involves the child;
3792	(ii) over a petition to modify a minor's birth certificate if the juvenile court has
3793	jurisdiction over the minor's case under Section 78A-6-103; and
3794	(iii) over questions of custody, support, and parent-time of a minor if the juvenile
3795	court has jurisdiction over the minor's case under Section 78A-6-103.
3796	(b) If the juvenile court obtains jurisdiction over a [paternity] parentage action under
3797	Subsection (1)(a)(i), the juvenile court may:
3798	(i) retain jurisdiction over the [paternity] parentage action until [paternity] parentage of
3799	the child is adjudicated; or
3800	(ii) transfer jurisdiction over the [paternity] parentage action to the district court.
3801	(2)(a) The juvenile court has jurisdiction, concurrent with the district court or the justice
3802	court otherwise having jurisdiction, over a criminal information filed under Part 4a,
3803	Adult Criminal Proceedings, for an adult alleged to have committed:
3804	(i) an offense under Section 32B-4-403, unlawful sale, offer for sale, or furnishing to
3805	a minor;

3806	(ii) an offense under Section 53G-6-202, failure to comply with compulsory
3807	education requirements;
3808	(iii) an offense under Section 80-2-609, failure to report;
3809	(iv) a misdemeanor offense under Section 76-5-303, custodial interference;
3810	(v) an offense under Section 76-4-206, contributing to the delinquency of a minor; or
3811	(vi) an offense under Section 80-5-601, harboring a runaway.
3812	(b) It is not necessary for a minor to be adjudicated for an offense or violation of the law
3813	under Section 80-6-701 for the juvenile court to exercise jurisdiction under
3814	Subsection (2)(a).
3815	(3)(a) When a support, custody, or parent-time award has been made by a district court
3816	in a divorce action or other proceeding, and the jurisdiction of the district court in the
3817	case is continuing, the juvenile court may acquire jurisdiction in a case involving the
3818	same child if the child comes within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under
3819	Section 78A-6-103.
3820	(b)(i) The juvenile court may, by order, change the custody subject to Subsection [
3821	81-9-204(5)] 81-9-204(4), support, parent-time, and visitation rights previously
3822	ordered in the district court as necessary to implement the order of the juvenile
3823	court for the safety and welfare of the child.
3824	(ii) An order by the juvenile court under Subsection (3)(b)(i) remains in effect so
3825	long as the juvenile court continues to exercise jurisdiction.
3826	(c) If a copy of the findings and order of the juvenile court under this Subsection (3) are
3827	filed with the district court, the findings and order of the juvenile court are binding on
3828	the parties to the divorce action as though entered in the district court.
3829	(4) This section does not deprive the district court of jurisdiction to:
3830	(a) appoint a guardian for a child;
3831	(b) determine the support, custody, and parent-time of a child upon writ of habeas
3832	corpus; or
3833	(c) determine a question of support, custody, and parent-time that is incidental to the
3834	determination of an action in the district court.
3835	(5) A juvenile court may transfer a petition for a protective order for a child to the district
3836	court if the juvenile court has entered an ex parte protective order and finds that:
3837	(a) the petitioner and the respondent are the natural parent, adoptive parent, or step
3838	parent of the child who is the object of the petition;
3839	(b) the district court has a petition pending or an order related to custody or parent-time

3840	entered under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders, [
3841	Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act, or]Title 81, Chapter 4, Part 4,
3842	Divorce, or Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act, in which the petitioner and
3843	the respondent are parties; and
3844	(c) the best interests of the child will be better served in the district court.
3845	Section 44. Section 78A-6-356 is amended to read:
3846	78A-6-356 . Child support obligation when custody of a child is vested in an
3847	individual or institution.
3848	(1) As used in this section:
3849	(a) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services.
3850	(b) "State custody" means that a child is in the custody of a state department, division, or
3851	agency, including secure care.
3852	(2) Under this section, a juvenile court may not issue a child support order against an
3853	individual unless:
3854	(a) the individual is served with notice that specifies the date and time of a hearing to
3855	determine the financial support of a specified child;
3856	(b) the individual makes a voluntary appearance; or
3857	(c) the individual submits a waiver of service.
3858	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (11), when a juvenile court places a child in state
3859	custody or if the guardianship of the child has been granted to another party and an
3860	agreement for a guardianship subsidy has been signed by the guardian, the juvenile court:
3861	(a) shall order the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual to pay child
3862	support for each month the child is in state custody or cared for under a grant of
3863	guardianship;
3864	(b) shall inform the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual, verbally and
3865	in writing, of the requirement to pay child support in accordance with Title 81,
3866	Chapter 6, Child Support, and Title 81, Chapter 7, Payment and Enforcement of
3867	Spousal and Child Support; and
3868	(c) may refer the establishment of a child support order to the office.
3869	(4) When a juvenile court chooses to refer a case to the office to determine support
3870	obligation amounts in accordance with Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, the juvenile
3871	court shall:
3872	(a) make the referral within three working days after the day on which the juvenile court
3873	holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a); and

3874	(b) inform the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual of:
3875	(i) the requirement to contact the office within 30 days after the day on which the
3876	juvenile court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a); and
3877	(ii) the penalty described in Subsection (6) for failure to contact the office.
3878	(5) Liability for child support ordered under Subsection (3) shall accrue:
3879	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning on day 61 after the day on which
3880	the juvenile court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a) if there is no
3881	existing child support order for the child; or
3882	(b) beginning on the day the child is removed from the child's home, including time
3883	spent in detention or sheltered care, if the child is removed after having been returned
3884	to the child's home from state custody.
3885	(6)(a) If the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual contacts the office
3886	within 30 days after the day on which the court holds the hearing described in
3887	Subsection (2)(a), the child support order may not include a judgment for past due
3888	support for more than two months.
3889	(b) Notwithstanding Subsections (5) and (6)(a), the juvenile court may order the liability
3890	of support to begin to accrue from the date of the proceeding referenced in
3891	Subsection (3) if:
3892	(i) the court informs the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual, as
3893	described in Subsection (4)(b), and the parent, guardian, or other obligated
3894	individual fails to contact the office within 30 days after the day on which the
3895	court holds the hearing described in Subsection (2)(a); and
3896	(ii) the office took reasonable steps under the circumstances to contact the child's
3897	parent, guardian, or other obligated individual within 30 days after the last day on
3898	which the parent, guardian, or other obligated individual was required to contact
3899	the office to facilitate the establishment of a child support order.
3900	(c) For purposes of Subsection (6)(b)(ii), the office is presumed to have taken reasonable
3901	steps if the office:
3902	(i) has a signed, returned receipt for a certified letter mailed to the address of the
3903	child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual regarding the requirement
3904	that a child support order be established; or
3905	(ii) has had a documented conversation, whether by telephone or in person, with the
3906	child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual regarding the requirement
3907	that a child support order be established.

3908	(7) In collecting arrears, the office shall comply with Section 26B-9-219 in setting a
3909	payment schedule or demanding payment in full.
3910	(8)(a) Unless a court orders otherwise, the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated
3911	individual shall pay the child support to the office.
3912	(b) The clerk of the juvenile court, the office, or the department and the department's
3913	divisions shall have authority to receive periodic payments for the care and
3914	maintenance of the child, such as social security payments or railroad retirement
3915	payments made in the name of or for the benefit of the child.
3916	(9) An existing child support order payable to a parent or other individual shall be assigned
3917	to the department as provided in Section 26B-9-111.
3918	(10)(a) Subsections (4) through (9) do not apply if legal custody of a child is vested by
3919	the juvenile court in an individual.
3920	(b)(i) If legal custody of a child is vested by the juvenile court in an individual, the
3921	court may order the child's parent, guardian, or other obligated individual to pay
3922	child support to the individual in whom custody is vested.
3923	(ii) In the same proceeding, the juvenile court shall inform the child's parent,
3924	guardian, or other obligated individual, verbally and in writing, of the requirement
3925	to pay child support in accordance with Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and
3926	Title 81, Chapter 7, Payment and Enforcement of Spousal and Child Support.
3927	(11) The juvenile court may not order an individual to pay child support for a child in state
3928	custody if:
3929	(a) the individual's only form of income is a government-issued disability benefit;
3930	(b) the benefit described in Subsection (11)(a) is issued because of the individual's
3931	disability, and not the child's disability; and
3932	(c) the individual provides the juvenile court and the office evidence that the individual
3933	meets the requirements of Subsections (11)(a) and (b).
3934	(12)(a) The child's parent or another obligated individual is not responsible for child
3935	support for the period of time that the child is removed from the child's home by the
3936	Division of Child and Family Services if:
3937	(i) the juvenile court finds that there were insufficient grounds for the removal of the
3938	child; and
3939	(ii) the child is returned to the home of the child's parent or guardian based on the
3940	finding described in Subsection (12)(a)(i).
3941	(b) If the juvenile court finds insufficient grounds for the removal of the child under

3942	Subsection (12)(a), but that the child is to remain in state custody, the juvenile court
3943	shall order that the child's parent or another obligated individual is responsible for
3944	child support beginning on the day on which it became improper to return the child to
3945	the home of the child's parent or guardian.
3946	(13) After the juvenile court or the office establishes an individual's child support obligation
3947	ordered under Subsection (3), the office shall waive the obligation without further order
3948	of the juvenile court if:
3949	(a) the individual's child support obligation is established in accordance with a low
3950	income table described in Title 81, Chapter 6, Part 3, Child Support Tables; or
3951	(b) the individual's only source of income is a means-tested, income replacement
3952	payment of aid, including:
3953	(i) cash assistance provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Part 3, Family Employment
3954	Program; or
3955	(ii) cash benefits received under General Assistance, social security income, or social
3956	security disability income.
3957	Section 45. Section 78A-6-358 is amended to read:
3958	78A-6-358 . Period of effect for a judgment, decree, or order by a juvenile court.
3959	(1) A judgment, order, or decree of the juvenile court is no longer in effect after a minor is
3960	21 years old, except:
3961	(a) for an order of commitment to the Utah State Developmental Center or to the
3962	custody of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health;
3963	(b) for an adoption under Subsection 78A-6-103(2)(a)(xiv) or (xv);
3964	(c) for an order permanently terminating the rights of a parent, guardian, or custodian
3965	under Title 80, Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights;
3966	(d) for a permanent order of custody and guardianship under Subsection 80-3-405(2)(d);
3967	(e) an order establishing [paternity] parentage under Subsection 78A-6-104(1)(a)(i); and
3968	(f) as provided in Subsection (2).
3969	(2) If the juvenile court enters a judgment or order for a minor for whom the juvenile court
3970	has extended continuing jurisdiction over the minor's case until the minor is 25 years old
3971	under Section 80-6-605, the juvenile court's judgment or order is no longer in effect after
3972	the minor is 25 years old.
3973	Section 46. Section 78A-6-359 is amended to read:
3974	78A-6-359 . Appeals.

3975 (1) An appeal to the Court of Appeals may be taken from any order, decree, or judgment of

3976	the juvenile court.
3977	(2)(a) An appeal of right from an order, decree, or judgment by a juvenile court related
3978	to a proceeding under [Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act,]Title 80,
3979	Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings, [and-]Title 80, Chapter 4,
3980	Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, and Title 81, Chapter 13, Adoption,
3981	shall be filed within 15 days after the day on which the juvenile court enters the
3982	order, decree, or judgment.
3983	(b) A notice of appeal must be signed by appellant's counsel, if any, and by appellant,
3984	unless the appellant is a child or state agency.
3985	(c) If an appellant fails to timely sign a notice of appeal, the appeal shall be dismissed.
3986	(3) An order for a disposition from the juvenile court shall include the following
3987	information:
3988	(a) notice that the right to appeal described in Subsection (2)(a) is time sensitive and
3989	must be taken within 15 days after the day on which the juvenile court enters the
3990	order, decree, or judgment appealed from;
3991	(b) the right to appeal within the specified time limits;
3992	(c) the need for the signature of the parties on a notice of appeal in an appeal described
3993	in Subsection (2)(a); and
3994	(d) the need for each party to maintain regular contact with the [the-]party's counsel and
3995	to keep the party's counsel informed of the party's whereabouts.
3996	(4) If a party is not present in the courtroom, the juvenile court shall provide a statement
3997	containing the information provided in Subsection (3) to the party at the party's last
3998	known address.
3999	(5) The juvenile court shall inform each party's counsel at the conclusion of the proceedings
4000	that, if an appeal is filed, appellate counsel must represent the party throughout the
4001	appellate process unless appellate counsel is not appointed under the Utah Rules of
4002	Appellate Procedure, Rule 55.
4003	(6) During the pendency of an appeal under Subsection (2)(a), a party shall maintain regular
4004	contact with the party's appellate counsel, if any, and keep the party's appellate counsel
4005	informed of the party's whereabouts.
4006	(7)(a) In all other appeals of right, the appeal shall be taken within 30 days after the day
4007	on which the juvenile court enters the order, decree, or judgment.
4008	(b) A notice of appeal under Subsection (7)(a) must be signed by appellant's counsel, if
4009	any, or by appellant.

- 4010 (8) The attorney general shall represent the state in all appeals under this chapter and Title
- 4011 80, Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings, Title 80, Chapter 4,
- 4012 Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, and Title 80, Chapter 6, Juvenile Justice.
- 4013 (9) Unless the juvenile court stays the juvenile court's order, the pendency of an appeal does
- 4014 not stay the order or decree appealed from in a minor's case, unless otherwise ordered by
- 4015 the Court of Appeals, if suitable provision for the care and custody of the minor
- 4016 involved is made pending the appeal.
- 4017 (10) Access to the record on appeal is governed by Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
- 4018 Records Access and Management Act.
- 4019 Section 47. Section **78B-3-205** is amended to read:
- 4020 **78B-3-205**. Acts submitting person to jurisdiction.

4021 Notwithstanding Section 16-10a-1501, any person or personal representative of the

4022 person, whether or not a citizen or resident of this state, who, in person or through an agent,

- 4023 does any of the following enumerated acts is subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of this
- 4024 state as to any claim arising out of or related to:
- 4025 (1) the transaction of any business within this state;
- 4026 (2) contracting to supply services or goods in this state;
- 4027 (3) the causing of any injury within this state whether tortious or by breach of warranty;
- 4028 (4) the ownership, use, or possession of any real estate situated in this state;
- 4029 (5) contracting to insure any person, property, or risk located within this state at the time of4030 contracting;
- 4031 (6) with respect to actions of divorce, separate maintenance, or child support, having
- resided, in the marital relationship, within this state notwithstanding subsequent
- 4033 departure from the state; or the commission in this state of the act giving rise to the
- claim, so long as that act is not a mere omission, failure to act, or occurrence over which
- 4035 the defendant had no control; or
- 4036 (7) the commission of sexual intercourse within this state which gives rise to a [paternity
- 4037 suit under Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act] parentage action under
- 4038 <u>Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act</u>, to determine [paternity] parentage for the
- 4039 purpose of establishing responsibility for child support.
- 4040 Section 48. Section **78B-3-416** is amended to read:
- 4041 **78B-3-416**. Division to provide panel -- Exemption -- Procedures -- Statute of
- 4042 limitations tolled -- Composition of panel -- Expenses -- Division authorized to set license
- 4043 **fees.**

4044	(1)(a) The division shall provide a hearing panel in alleged medical liability cases
4045	against health care providers as defined in Section 78B-3-403, except dentists or
4046	dental care providers.
4047	(b)(i) The division shall establish procedures for prelitigation consideration of
4048	medical liability claims for damages arising out of the provision of or alleged
4049	failure to provide health care.
4050	(ii) The division may establish rules necessary to administer the process and
4051	procedures related to prelitigation hearings and the conduct of prelitigation
4052	hearings in accordance with Sections 78B-3-416 through 78B-3-420.
4053	(c) The proceedings are informal, nonbinding, and are not subject to Title 63G, Chapter
4054	4, Administrative Procedures Act, but are compulsory as a condition precedent to
4055	commencing litigation.
4056	(d) Proceedings conducted under authority of this section are confidential, privileged,
4057	and immune from civil process.
4058	(e) The division may not provide more than one hearing panel for each alleged medical
4059	liability case against a health care provider.
4060	(2)(a) The party initiating a medical liability action shall file a request for prelitigation
4061	panel review with the division within 60 days after the service of a statutory notice of
4062	intent to commence action under Section 78B-3-412.
4063	(b) The request shall include a copy of the notice of intent to commence action. The
4064	request shall be mailed to all health care providers named in the notice and request.
4065	(3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3):
4066	(i) "Court-appointed therapist" means a mental health therapist ordered by a court to
4067	provide psychotherapeutic treatment to an individual, a couple, or a family in a
4068	domestic case.
4069	(ii) "Domestic case" means a proceeding under:
4070	(A) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Protective Orders and Stalking Injunctions;
4071	[(B) Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and
4072	Enforcement Act;]
4073	[(C) Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act;]
4074	[(D)] (B) Title 81, Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage; [or]
4075	(C) <u>Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act</u> ;
4076	[(E)] (D) Title 81, Chapter 9, Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation[-]; or
4077	(E) <u>Title 81, Chapter 11, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.</u>

4078	(iii) "Mental health therapist" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4079	58-60-102.
4080	(b) If a court appoints a court-appointed therapist in a domestic case, a party to the
4081	domestic case may not file a request for a prelitigation panel review for a malpractice
4082	action against the court-appointed therapist during the pendency of the domestic case,
4083	unless:
4084	(i) the party has requested that the court release the court-appointed therapist from
4085	appointment; and
4086	(ii) the court finds good cause to release the court-appointed therapist from the
4087	appointment.
4088	(c) If a party is prohibited from filing a request for a prelitigation panel review under
4089	Subsection (3)(b), the applicable statute of limitations tolls until the earlier of:
4090	(i) the court releasing the court-appointed therapist from appointment as described in
4091	Subsection (3)(b); or
4092	(ii) the court entering a final order in the domestic case.
4093	(4)(a) The filing of a request for prelitigation panel review under this section tolls the
4094	applicable statute of limitations until the later of:
4095	(i) 60 days following the division's issuance of:
4096	(A) an opinion by the prelitigation panel; or
4097	(B) a certificate of compliance under Section 78B-3-418; or
4098	(ii) the expiration of the time for holding a hearing under Subsection (4)(b)(ii).
4099	(b) The division shall:
4100	(i) send any opinion issued by the panel to all parties by regular mail; and
4101	(ii) complete a prelitigation hearing under this section within:
4102	(A) 180 days after the filing of the request for prelitigation panel review; or
4103	(B) any longer period as agreed upon in writing by all parties to the review.
4104	(c) If the prelitigation hearing has not been completed within the time limits established
4105	in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the claimant shall:
4106	(i) file an affidavit of merit under the provisions of Section 78B-3-423; or
4107	(ii) file an affidavit with the division within 180 days of the request for pre-litigation
4108	review, in accordance with Subsection (4)(d), alleging that the respondent has
4109	failed to reasonably cooperate in scheduling the hearing.
4110	(d) If the claimant files an affidavit under Subsection (4)(c)(ii):
4111	(i) within 15 days of the filing of the affidavit under Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the division

4112	shall determine whether either the respondent or the claimant failed to reasonably
4113	cooperate in the scheduling of a pre-litigation hearing; and
4114	(ii)(A) if the determination is that the respondent failed to reasonably cooperate in
4115	the scheduling of a hearing, and the claimant did not fail to reasonably
4116	cooperate, the division shall, issue a certificate of compliance for the claimant
4117	in accordance with Section 78B-3-418; or
4118	(B) if the division makes a determination other than the determination in
4119	Subsection (4)(d)(ii)(A), the claimant shall file an affidavit of merit in
4120	accordance with Section 78B-3-423, within 30 days of the determination of the
4121	division under this Subsection (4).
4122	(e)(i) The claimant and any respondent may agree by written stipulation that no
4123	useful purpose would be served by convening a prelitigation panel under this
4124	section.
4125	(ii) When the stipulation is filed with the division, the division shall within 10 days
4126	after receipt issue a certificate of compliance under Section 78B-3-418, as it
4127	concerns the stipulating respondent, and stating that the claimant has complied
4128	with all conditions precedent to the commencement of litigation regarding the
4129	claim.
4130	(5) The division shall provide for and appoint an appropriate panel or panels to hear
4131	complaints of medical liability and damages, made by or on behalf of any patient who is
4132	an alleged victim of medical liability. The panels are composed of:
4133	(a) one member who is a resident lawyer currently licensed and in good standing to
4134	practice law in this state and who shall serve as chairman of the panel, who is
4135	appointed by the division from among qualified individuals who have registered with
4136	the division indicating a willingness to serve as panel members, and a willingness to
4137	comply with the rules of professional conduct governing lawyers in the state, and
4138	who has completed division training regarding conduct of panel hearings;
4139	(b)(i) one or more members who are licensed health care providers listed under
4140	Section 78B-3-403, who are practicing and knowledgeable in the same specialty
4141	as the proposed defendant, and who are appointed by the division in accordance
4142	with Subsection (6); or
4143	(ii) in claims against only a health care facility or the facility's employees, one
4144	member who is an individual currently serving in a health care facility
4145	administration position directly related to health care facility operations or

4146	conduct that includes responsibility for the area of practice that is the subject of
4147	the liability claim, and who is appointed by the division; and
4148	(c) a lay panelist who is not a lawyer, doctor, hospital employee, or other health care
4149	provider, and who is a responsible citizen of the state, selected and appointed by the
4150	division from among individuals who have completed division training with respect
4151	to panel hearings.
4152	(6)(a) Each person listed as a health care provider in Section 78B-3-403 and practicing
4153	under a license issued by the state, is obligated as a condition of holding that license
4154	to participate as a member of a medical liability prelitigation panel at reasonable
4155	times, places, and intervals, upon issuance, with advance notice given in a reasonable
4156	time frame, by the division of an Order to Participate as a Medical Liability
4157	Prelitigation Panel Member.
4158	(b) A licensee may be excused from appearance and participation as a panel member
4159	upon the division finding participation by the licensee will create an unreasonable
4160	burden or hardship upon the licensee.
4161	(c) A licensee whom the division finds failed to appear and participate as a panel
4162	member when so ordered, without adequate explanation or justification and without
4163	being excused for cause by the division, may be assessed an administrative fine not to
4164	exceed \$5,000.
4165	(d) A licensee whom the division finds intentionally or repeatedly failed to appear and
4166	participate as a panel member when so ordered, without adequate explanation or
4167	justification and without being excused for cause by the division, may be assessed an
4168	administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000, and is guilty of unprofessional conduct.
4169	(e) All fines collected under Subsections (6)(c) and (d) shall be deposited into the
4170	Physicians Education Fund created in Section 58-67a-1.
4171	(f) The director of the division may collect a fine that is not paid by:
4172	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
4173	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against
4174	whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the
4175	director is located.
4176	(g) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
4177	and advice to the director in an action to collect a fine.
4178	(h) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
4179	action brought by the division to collect a fine.

4180	(7) Each person selected as a panel member shall certify, under oath, that [he] person has no
4181	bias or conflict of interest with respect to any matter under consideration.
4182	(8) A member of the prelitigation hearing panel may not receive compensation or benefits
4183	for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance
4184	with:
4185	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
4186	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
4187	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
4188	63A-3-107.
4189	(9)(a) In addition to the actual cost of administering the licensure of health care
4190	providers, the division may set license fees of health care providers within the limits
4191	established by law equal to their proportionate costs of administering prelitigation
4192	panels.
4193	(b) The claimant bears none of the costs of administering the prelitigation panel except
4194	under Section 78B-3-420.
4195	Section 49. Section 78B-22-201 is amended to read:
4196	78B-22-201 . Right to counsel.
4197	(1) A court shall advise the following of the individual's right to counsel no later than the
4198	individual's first court appearance:
4199	(a) an adult charged with a criminal offense the penalty for which includes the
4200	possibility of incarceration regardless of whether actually imposed;
4201	(b) a parent or legal guardian facing an action initiated by the state under:
4202	(i) Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 4a, Adult Criminal Proceedings;
4203	(ii) Title 80, Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings; or
4204	(iii) Title 80, Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights;
4205	(c) a parent or legal guardian facing an action initiated by any party under:
4206	(i) Section [78B-6-112] <u>81-13-205;</u> or
4207	(ii) Title 80, Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights; or
4208	(d) an individual described in this Subsection (1), who is appealing a conviction or other
4209	final court action.
4210	(2) If an individual described in Subsection (1) does not knowingly and voluntarily waive
4211	the right to counsel, the court shall determine whether the individual is indigent under
4212	Section 78B-22-202.
4213	Section 50. Section 78B-22-901 is amended to read:

4214	78B-22-901 . Definitions.
4215	As used in this part:
4216	(1)(a) "Appellate defense services" means the representation of an indigent individual:
4217	(i) described in Subsection 78B-22-201(1)(d) or who is party to an appeal under
4218	Section 77-18a-1;
4219	(ii) in an action or on appeal for postconviction relief under Chapter 9,
4220	Postconviction Remedies Act; or
4221	(iii) in an appeal of right from an action for the termination or restoration of parental
4222	rights under [Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act,]Title 80, Chapter 3, Abuse,
4223	Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings, [or-]Title 80, Chapter 4, Termination and
4224	Restoration of Parental Rights, or Title 81, Chapter 13, Adoption.
4225	(b) "Appellate defense services" does not include the representation of an indigent
4226	individual:
4227	(i) facing an appeal in a case where the indigent individual was prosecuted for
4228	aggravated murder; or
4229	(ii) in an action or appeal for postconviction relief under Chapter 9, Postconviction
4230	Remedies Act, if the indigent individual has been sentenced to death.
4231	(2) "Division" means the Indigent Appellate Defense Division created in Section
4232	78B-22-902.
4233	Section 51. Section 78B-22-903 is amended to read:
4234	78B-22-903 . Powers and duties of the division.
4235	(1) The division shall:
4236	(a) provide appellate defense services:
4237	(i) for an appeal under Section 77-18a-1, in counties of the third, fourth, fifth, and
4238	sixth class;
4239	(ii) for an action or an appeal for postconviction relief under Chapter 9,
4240	Postconviction Remedies Act, if the court appoints the division to represent the
4241	indigent individual; and
4242	(iii) for an appeal of right from an action for the termination or restoration of parental
4243	rights under [Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act,]Title 80, Chapter 3, Abuse,
4244	Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings, [or]Title 80, Chapter 4, Termination and
4245	Restoration of Parental Rights, or Title 81, Chapter 13, Adoption; and
4246	(b) provide appellate defense services in accordance with the core principles adopted by
4247	the commission under Section 78B-22-404 and any other state and federal standards

4248	for appellate defense services.
4249	(2) Upon consultation with the executive director and the commission, the division shall:
4250	(a) adopt a budget for the division;
4251	(b) adopt and publish on the commission's website:
4252	(i) appellate performance standards;
4253	(ii) case weighting standards; and
4254	(iii) any other relevant measures or information to assist with appellate defense
4255	services; and
4256	(c) if requested by the commission, provide a report to the commission on:
4257	(i) the provision of appellate defense services by the division;
4258	(ii) the caseloads of appellate attorneys; and
4259	(iii) any other information relevant to appellate defense services in the state.
4260	(3) If the division provides appellate defense services to an indigent individual in an
4261	indigent defense system, the division shall provide notice to the district court and the
4262	indigent defense system that the division intends to be appointed as counsel for the
4263	indigent individual.
4264	(4) The office shall assist with providing training and continual legal education on appellate
4265	defense to indigent defense service providers in counties of the third, fourth, fifth, and
4266	sixth class.
4267	Section 52. Section 80-1-102 is amended to read:
4268	80-1-102 . Juvenile Code definitions.
4269	Except as provided in Section 80-6-1103, as used in this title:
4270	(1)(a) "Abuse" means:
4271	(i)(A) nonaccidental harm of a child;
4272	(B) threatened harm of a child;
4273	(C) sexual exploitation;
4274	(D) sexual abuse; or
4275	(E) human trafficking of a child in violation of Section 76-5-308.5; or
4276	(ii) that a child's [natural]parent:
4277	(A) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another parent of
4278	the child;
4279	(B) is identified by a law enforcement agency as the primary suspect in an
4280	investigation for intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing the death of
4281	another parent of the child; or

4282	(C) is being prosecuted for or has been convicted of intentionally, knowingly, or
4282	recklessly causing the death of another parent of the child.
4284	(b) "Abuse" does not include:
4285	(i) reasonable discipline or management of a child, including withholding privileges;
4286	(ii) conduct described in Section 76-2-401; or
4287	(iii) the use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint or force on a child:
4288	(A) in self-defense;
4289	(B) in defense of others;
4290	(C) to protect the child; or
4291	(D) to remove a weapon in the possession of a child for any of the reasons
4292	described in Subsections (1)(b)(iii)(A) through (C).
4293	(2) "Abused child" means a child who has been subjected to abuse.
4294	(3)(a) "Adjudication" means, except as provided in Subsection (3)(b):
4295	(i) for a delinquency petition or criminal information under Chapter 6, Juvenile
4296	Justice:
4297	(A) a finding by the juvenile court that the facts alleged in a delinquency petition
4298	or criminal information alleging that a minor committed an offense have been
4299	proved;
4300	(B) an admission by a minor in the juvenile court as described in Section 80-6-306;
4301	or
4302	(C) a plea of no contest by minor in the juvenile court; or
4303	(ii) for all other proceedings under this title, a finding by the juvenile court that the
4304	facts alleged in the petition have been proved.
4305	(b) "Adjudication" does not include:
4306	(i) an admission by a minor described in Section 80-6-306 until the juvenile court
4307	enters the minor's admission; or
4308	(ii) a finding of not competent to proceed in accordance with Section 80-6-402.
4309	(4)(a) "Adult" means an individual who is 18 years old or older.
4310	(b) "Adult" does not include an individual:
4311	(i) who is 18 years old or older; and
4312	(ii) who is a minor.
4313	(5) "Attorney guardian ad litem" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4314	78A-2-801.
4315	(6) "Board" means the Board of Juvenile Court Judges.

4316	(7) "Child" means, except as provided in Section 80-2-905, an individual who is under 18
4317	years old.
4318	(8) "Child and family plan" means a written agreement between a child's parents or
4319	guardian and the Division of Child and Family Services as described in Section 80-3-307.
4320	(9) "Child placing" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-101.
4321	(10) "Child-placing agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-101.
4322	(11) "Child protection team" means a team consisting of:
4323	(a) the child welfare caseworker assigned to the case;
4324	(b) if applicable, the child welfare caseworker who made the decision to remove the
4325	child;
4326	(c) a representative of the school or school district where the child attends school;
4327	(d) if applicable, the law enforcement officer who removed the child from the home;
4328	(e) a representative of the appropriate Children's Justice Center, if one is established
4329	within the county where the child resides;
4330	(f) if appropriate, and known to the division, a therapist or counselor who is familiar
4331	with the child's circumstances;
4332	(g) if appropriate, a representative of law enforcement selected by the chief of police or
4333	sheriff in the city or county where the child resides; and
4334	(h) any other individuals determined appropriate and necessary by the team coordinator
4335	and chair.
4336	(12)(a) "Chronic abuse" means repeated or patterned abuse.
4337	(b) "Chronic abuse" does not mean an isolated incident of abuse.
4338	(13)(a) "Chronic neglect" means repeated or patterned neglect.
4339	(b) "Chronic neglect" does not mean an isolated incident of neglect.
4340	(14) "Clandestine laboratory operation" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4341	58-37d-3.
4342	(15) "Commit" or "committed" means, unless specified otherwise:
4343	(a) with respect to a child, to transfer legal custody; and
4344	(b) with respect to a minor who is at least 18 years old, to transfer custody.
4345	(16) "Community-based program" means a nonsecure residential or nonresidential program,
4346	designated to supervise and rehabilitate juvenile offenders, that prioritizes the least
4347	restrictive setting, consistent with public safety, and operated by or under contract with
4348	the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services.
4349	(17) "Community placement" means placement of a minor in a community-based program

4350 described in Section 80-5-402. 4351 (18) "Correctional facility" means: 4352 (a) a county jail; or 4353 (b) a secure correctional facility as defined in Section 64-13-1. 4354 (19) "Criminogenic risk factors" means evidence-based factors that are associated with a 4355 minor's likelihood of reoffending. 4356 (20) "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services created in Section 4357 26B-1-201. 4358 (21) "Dependent child" or "dependency" means a child who is without proper care through 4359 no fault of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian. 4360 (22) "Deprivation of custody" means transfer of legal custody by the juvenile court from a 4361 parent or a previous custodian to another person, agency, or institution. 4362 (23) "Detention" means home detention or secure detention. 4363 (24) "Detention facility" means a facility, established by the Division of Juvenile Justice 4364 and Youth Services in accordance with Section 80-5-501, for minors held in detention. 4365 (25) "Detention risk assessment tool" means an evidence-based tool established under 4366 Section 80-5-203 that: 4367 (a) assesses a minor's risk of failing to appear in court or reoffending before 4368 adjudication; and 4369 (b) is designed to assist in making a determination of whether a minor shall be held in 4370 detention. (26) "Developmental immaturity" means incomplete development in one or more domains 4371 4372 that manifests as a functional limitation in the minor's present ability to: 4373 (a) consult with counsel with a reasonable degree of rational understanding; and 4374 (b) have a rational as well as factual understanding of the proceedings. 4375 (27) "Disposition" means an order by a juvenile court, after the adjudication of a minor, 4376 under Section 80-3-405 or 80-4-305 or Chapter 6, Part 7, Adjudication and Disposition. 4377 (28) "Educational neglect" means that, after receiving a notice of compulsory education 4378 violation under Section 53G-6-202, the parent or guardian fails to make a good faith 4379 effort to ensure that the child receives an appropriate education. 4380 (29) "Educational series" means an evidence-based instructional series: (a) obtained at a substance abuse program that is approved by the Division of Integrated 4381 Healthcare in accordance with Section 26B-5-104; and 4382 4383 (b) designed to prevent substance use or the onset of a mental health disorder.

4384	(30) "Emancipated" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-7-102.
4385	(31) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has had multiple randomized
4386	control studies or a meta-analysis demonstrating that the program or practice is effective
4387	for a specific population or has been rated as effective by a standardized program
4388	evaluation tool.
4389	(32) "Forensic evaluator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-15-2.
4390	(33) "Formal probation" means a minor is:
4391	(a) supervised in the community by, and reports to, a juvenile probation officer or an
4392	agency designated by the juvenile court; and
4393	(b) subject to return to the juvenile court in accordance with Section 80-6-607.
4394	(34) "Group rehabilitation therapy" means psychological and social counseling of one or
4395	more individuals in the group, depending upon the recommendation of the therapist.
4396	(35) "Guardian" means a person appointed by a court to make decisions regarding a minor,
4397	including the authority to consent to:
4398	(a) marriage;
4399	(b) enlistment in the armed forces;
4400	(c) major medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment; or
4401	(d) legal custody, if legal custody is not vested in another individual, agency, or
4402	institution.
4403	(36) "Guardian ad litem" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78A-2-801.
4404	(37) "Harm" means:
4405	(a) physical or developmental injury or damage;
4406	(b) emotional damage that results in a serious impairment in the child's growth,
4407	development, behavior, or psychological functioning;
4408	(c) sexual abuse; or
4409	(d) sexual exploitation.
4410	(38) "Home detention" means placement of a minor:
4411	(a) if prior to a disposition, in the minor's home, or in a surrogate home with the consent
4412	of the minor's parent, guardian, or custodian, under terms and conditions established
4413	by the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services or the juvenile court; or
4414	(b) if after a disposition, and in accordance with Section 78A-6-353 or 80-6-704, in the
4415	minor's home, or in a surrogate home with the consent of the minor's parent,
4416	guardian, or custodian, under terms and conditions established by the Division of
4417	Juvenile Justice and Youth Services or the juvenile court.

4418	(39)(a) "Incest" means engaging in sexual intercourse with an individual whom the
4419	perpetrator knows to be the perpetrator's ancestor, descendant, brother, sister, uncle,
4420	aunt, nephew, niece, or first cousin.
4421	(b) "Incest" includes:
4422	(i) blood relationships of the whole or half blood, regardless of whether the
4423	relationship is legally recognized;
4424	(ii) relationships of parent and child by adoption; and
4425	(iii) relationships of stepparent and stepchild while the marriage creating the
4426	relationship of a stepparent and stepchild exists.
4427	(40) "Indian child" means the same as that term is defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903.
4428	(41) "Indian tribe" means the same as that term is defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903.
4429	(42) "Indigent defense service provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4430	78B-22-102.
4431	(43) "Indigent defense services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4432	78B-22-102.
4433	(44) "Indigent individual" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-22-102.
4434	(45)(a) "Intake probation" means a minor is:
4435	(i) monitored by a juvenile probation officer; and
4436	(ii) subject to return to the juvenile court in accordance with Section 80-6-607.
4437	(b) "Intake probation" does not include formal probation.
4438	(46) "Intellectual disability" means a significant subaverage general intellectual functioning
4439	existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior that constitutes a substantial
4440	limitation to the individual's ability to function in society.
4441	(47) "Juvenile offender" means:
4442	(a) a serious youth offender; or
4443	(b) a youth offender.
4444	(48) "Juvenile probation officer" means a probation officer appointed under Section
4445	78A-6-205.
4446	(49) "Juvenile receiving center" means a nonsecure, nonresidential program established by
4447	the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services, or under contract with the Division
4448	of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services, that is responsible for minors taken into
4449	temporary custody under Section 80-6-201.
4450	(50) "Legal custody" means a relationship embodying:
4451	(a) the right to physical custody of the minor;

4452	(b) the right and duty to protect, train, and discipline the minor;
4453	(c) the duty to provide the minor with food, clothing, shelter, education, and ordinary
4454	medical care;
4455	(d) the right to determine where and with whom the minor shall live; and
4456	(e) the right, in an emergency, to authorize surgery or other extraordinary care.
4457	(51) "Licensing Information System" means the Licensing Information System maintained
4458	by the Division of Child and Family Services under Section 80-2-1002.
4459	(52) "Management Information System" means the Management Information System
4460	developed by the Division of Child and Family Services under Section 80-2-1001.
4461	(53) "Mental illness" means:
4462	(a) a psychiatric disorder that substantially impairs an individual's mental, emotional,
4463	behavioral, or related functioning; or
4464	(b) the same as that term is defined in:
4465	(i) the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders
4466	published by the American Psychiatric Association; or
4467	(ii) the current edition of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and
4468	Related Health Problems.
4469	(54) "Minor" means, except as provided in Sections 80-6-501, 80-6-901, and 80-7-102:
4470	(a) a child; or
4471	(b) an individual:
4472	(i)(A) who is at least 18 years old and younger than 21 years old; and
4473	(B) for whom the Division of Child and Family Services has been specifically
4474	ordered by the juvenile court to provide services because the individual was an
4475	abused, neglected, or dependent child or because the individual was
4476	adjudicated for an offense;
4477	(ii)(A) who is at least 18 years old and younger than 25 years old; and
4478	(B) whose case is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court in accordance with
4479	Subsection 78A-6-103(1)(b); or
4480	(iii)(A) who is at least 18 years old and younger than 21 years old; and
4481	(B) whose case is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court in accordance with
4482	Subsection 78A-6-103(1)(c).
4483	(55) "Mobile crisis outreach team" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4484	26B-5-101.
4485	(56) "Molestation" means that an individual, with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual

4486	desire of any individual, touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or genitalia of any child,
4487	or the breast of a female child, or takes indecent liberties with a child as defined in
4488	Section 76-5-401.1.
4489	[(57)(a) "Natural parent" means, except as provided in Section 80-3-302, a minor's
4490	biological or adoptive parent.]
4491	[(b) "Natural parent" includes the minor's noncustodial parent.]
4492	[(58)] (57)(a) "Neglect" means action or inaction causing:
4493	(i) abandonment of a child, except as provided in Chapter 4, Part 5, Safe
4494	Relinquishment of a Newborn Child;
4495	(ii) lack of proper parental care of a child by reason of the fault or habits of the
4496	parent, guardian, or custodian;
4497	(iii) failure or refusal of a parent, guardian, or custodian to provide proper or
4498	necessary subsistence or medical care, or any other care necessary for the child's
4499	health, safety, morals, or well-being;
4500	(iv) a child to be at risk of being neglected or abused because another child in the
4501	same home is neglected or abused;
4502	(v) abandonment of a child through an unregulated child custody transfer under
4503	Section [78B-24-203] <u>81-14-203;</u> or
4504	(vi) educational neglect.
4505	(b) "Neglect" does not include:
4506	(i) a parent or guardian legitimately practicing religious beliefs and who, for that
4507	reason, does not provide specified medical treatment for a child;
4508	(ii) a health care decision made for a child by the child's parent or guardian, unless
4509	the state or other party to a proceeding shows, by clear and convincing evidence,
4510	that the health care decision is not reasonable and informed;
4511	(iii) a parent or guardian exercising the right described in Section 80-3-304; or
4512	(iv) permitting a child, whose basic needs are met and who is of sufficient age and
4513	maturity to avoid harm or unreasonable risk of harm, to engage in independent
4514	activities, including:
4515	(A) traveling to and from school, including by walking, running, or bicycling;
4516	(B) traveling to and from nearby commercial or recreational facilities;
4517	(C) engaging in outdoor play;
4518	(D) remaining in a vehicle unattended, except under the conditions described in
4519	Subsection 76-10-2202(2);

4520	(E) remaining at home unattended; or
4521	(F) engaging in a similar independent activity.
4522	[(59)] (58) "Neglected child" means a child who has been subjected to neglect.
4523	[(60)] (59) "Nonjudicial adjustment" means closure of the case by the assigned juvenile
4524	probation officer, without an adjudication of the minor's case under Section 80-6-701,
4525	upon the consent in writing of:
4526	(a) the assigned juvenile probation officer; and
4527	(b)(i) the minor; or
4528	(ii) the minor and the minor's parent, guardian, or custodian.
4529	[(61)] (60) "Not competent to proceed" means that a minor, due to a mental illness,
4530	intellectual disability or related condition, or developmental immaturity, lacks the ability
4531	to:
4532	(a) understand the nature of the proceedings against the minor or of the potential
4533	disposition for the offense charged; or
4534	(b) consult with counsel and participate in the proceedings against the minor with a
4535	reasonable degree of rational understanding.
4536	(61)(a) "Parent" means, except as provided in Section 80-3-302, an individual with a
4537	parent-child relationship to a minor under Section 81-5-201.
4538	(b) "Parent" includes the minor's noncustodial parent as defined in Section 81-1-101.
4539	(62) "Parole" means a conditional release of a juvenile offender from residency in secure
4540	care to live outside of secure care under the supervision of the Division of Juvenile
4541	Justice and Youth Services, or another person designated by the Division of Juvenile
4542	Justice and Youth Services.
4543	(63) "Physical abuse" means abuse that results in physical injury or damage to a child.
4544	(64)(a) "Probation" means a legal status created by court order, following an
4545	adjudication under Section 80-6-701, whereby the minor is permitted to remain in the
4546	minor's home under prescribed conditions.
4547	(b) "Probation" includes intake probation or formal probation.
4548	(65) "Prosecuting attorney" means:
4549	(a) the attorney general and any assistant attorney general;
4550	(b) any district attorney or deputy district attorney;
4551	(c) any county attorney or assistant county attorney; and
4552	(d) any other attorney authorized to commence an action on behalf of the state.
4553	(66) "Protective custody" means the shelter of a child by the Division of Child and Family

4554	Services from the time the child is removed from the home until the earlier of:
4555	(a) the day on which the shelter hearing is held under Section 80-3-301; or
4556	(b) the day on which the child is returned home.
4557	(67) "Protective services" means expedited services that are provided:
4558	(a) in response to evidence of neglect, abuse, or dependency of a child;
4559	(b) to a cohabitant who is neglecting or abusing a child, in order to:
4560	(i) help the cohabitant develop recognition of the cohabitant's duty of care and of the
4561	causes of neglect or abuse; and
4562	(ii) strengthen the cohabitant's ability to provide safe and acceptable care; and
4563	(c) in cases where the child's welfare is endangered:
4564	(i) to bring the situation to the attention of the appropriate juvenile court and law
4565	enforcement agency;
4566	(ii) to cause a protective order to be issued for the protection of the child, when
4567	appropriate; and
4568	(iii) to protect the child from the circumstances that endanger the child's welfare
4569	including, when appropriate:
4570	(A) removal from the child's home;
4571	(B) placement in substitute care; and
4572	(C) petitioning the court for termination of parental rights.
4573	(68) "Protective supervision" means a legal status created by court order, following an
4574	adjudication on the ground of abuse, neglect, or dependency, whereby:
4575	(a) the minor is permitted to remain in the minor's home; and
4576	(b) supervision and assistance to correct the abuse, neglect, or dependency is provided
4577	by an agency designated by the juvenile court.
4578	(69)(a) "Related condition" means a condition that:
4579	(i) is found to be closely related to intellectual disability;
4580	(ii) results in impairment of general intellectual functioning or adaptive behavior
4581	similar to that of an intellectually disabled individual;
4582	(iii) is likely to continue indefinitely; and
4583	(iv) constitutes a substantial limitation to the individual's ability to function in society.
4584	(b) "Related condition" does not include mental illness, psychiatric impairment, or
4585	serious emotional or behavioral disturbance.
4586	(70)(a) "Residual parental rights and duties" means the rights and duties remaining with
4587	a parent after legal custody or guardianship, or both, have been vested in another

4588	person or agency, including:
4589	(i) the responsibility for support;
4590	(ii) the right to consent to adoption;
4591	(iii) the right to determine the child's religious affiliation; and
4592	(iv) the right to reasonable parent-time unless restricted by the court.
4593	(b) If no guardian has been appointed, "residual parental rights and duties" includes the
4594	right to consent to:
4595	(i) marriage;
4596	(ii) enlistment; and
4597	(iii) major medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment.
4598	(71) "Runaway" means a child, other than an emancipated child, who willfully leaves the
4599	home of the child's parent or guardian, or the lawfully prescribed residence of the child,
4600	without permission.
4601	(72) "Secure care" means placement of a minor, who is committed to the Division of
4602	Juvenile Justice and Youth Services for rehabilitation, in a facility operated by, or under
4603	contract with, the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services, that provides 24-hour
4604	supervision and confinement of the minor.
4605	(73) "Secure care facility" means a facility, established in accordance with Section 80-5-503,
4606	for juvenile offenders in secure care.
4607	(74) "Secure detention" means temporary care of a minor who requires secure custody in a
4608	physically restricting facility operated by, or under contract with, the Division of
4609	Juvenile Justice and Youth Services:
4610	(a) before disposition of an offense that is alleged to have been committed by the minor;
4611	or
4612	(b) under Section 80-6-704.
4613	(75) "Serious youth offender" means an individual who:
4614	(a) is at least 14 years old, but under 25 years old;
4615	(b) committed a felony listed in Subsection 80-6-503(1) and the continuing jurisdiction
4616	of the juvenile court was extended over the individual's case until the individual was
4617	25 years old in accordance with Section 80-6-605; and
4618	(c) is committed by the juvenile court to the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth
4619	Services for secure care under Sections 80-6-703 and 80-6-705.
4620	(76) "Severe abuse" means abuse that causes or threatens to cause serious harm to a child.
4621	(77) "Severe neglect" means neglect that causes or threatens to cause serious harm to a

4622	child.
4623	(78)(a) "Severe type of child abuse or neglect" means, except as provided in Subsection
4624	(78)(b):
4625	(i) if committed by an individual who is 18 years old or older:
4626	(A) chronic abuse;
4627	(B) severe abuse;
4628	(C) sexual abuse;
4629	(D) sexual exploitation;
4630	(E) abandonment;
4631	(F) chronic neglect; or
4632	(G) severe neglect; or
4633	(ii) if committed by an individual who is under 18 years old:
4634	(A) causing serious physical injury, as defined in Subsection 76-5-109(1), to
4635	another child that indicates a significant risk to other children; or
4636	(B) sexual behavior with or upon another child that indicates a significant risk to
4637	other children.
4638	(b) "Severe type of child abuse or neglect" does not include:
4639	(i) the use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint by an educator in
4640	accordance with Subsection 53G-8-302(2) or Section 76-2-401;
4641	(ii) an individual's conduct that is justified under Section 76-2-401 or constitutes the
4642	use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint or force in self-defense or
4643	otherwise appropriate to the circumstances to obtain possession of a weapon or
4644	other dangerous object in the possession or under the control of a child or to
4645	protect the child or another individual from physical injury; or
4646	(iii) a health care decision made for a child by a child's parent or guardian, unless,
4647	subject to Subsection (78)(c), the state or other party to the proceeding shows, by
4648	clear and convincing evidence, that the health care decision is not reasonable and
4649	informed.
4650	(c) Subsection (78)(b)(iii) does not prohibit a parent or guardian from exercising the
4651	right to obtain a second health care opinion.
4652	(79) "Sexual abuse" means:
4653	(a) an act or attempted act of sexual intercourse, sodomy, incest, or molestation by an
4654	adult directed towards a child;
4655	(b) an act or attempted act of sexual intercourse, sodomy, incest, or molestation

4656	committed by a child towards another child if:
4657	(i) there is an indication of force or coercion;
4658	(ii) the children are related, as described in Subsection (39), including siblings by
4659	marriage while the marriage exists or by adoption;
4660	(iii) there have been repeated incidents of sexual contact between the two children,
4661	unless the children are 14 years old or older; or
4662	(iv) there is a disparity in chronological age of four or more years between the two
4663	children;
4664	(c) engaging in any conduct with a child that would constitute an offense under any of
4665	the following, regardless of whether the individual who engages in the conduct is
4666	actually charged with, or convicted of, the offense:
4667	(i) Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, except for Section 76-5-401, if the
4668	alleged perpetrator of an offense described in Section 76-5-401 is a minor;
4669	(ii) child bigamy, Section 76-7-101.5;
4670	(iii) incest, Section 76-7-102;
4671	(iv) lewdness, Section 76-9-702;
4672	(v) sexual battery, Section 76-9-702.1;
4673	(vi) lewdness involving a child, Section 76-9-702.5; or
4674	(vii) voyeurism, Section 76-9-702.7; or
4675	(d) subjecting a child to participate in or threatening to subject a child to participate in a
4676	sexual relationship, regardless of whether that sexual relationship is part of a legal or
4677	cultural marriage.
4678	(80) "Sexual exploitation" means knowingly:
4679	(a) employing, using, persuading, inducing, enticing, or coercing any child to:
4680	(i) pose in the nude for the purpose of sexual arousal of any individual; or
4681	(ii) engage in any sexual or simulated sexual conduct for the purpose of
4682	photographing, filming, recording, or displaying in any way the sexual or
4683	simulated sexual conduct;
4684	(b) displaying, distributing, possessing for the purpose of distribution, or selling material
4685	depicting a child:
4686	(i) in the nude, for the purpose of sexual arousal of any individual; or
4687	(ii) engaging in sexual or simulated sexual conduct; or
4688	(c) engaging in any conduct that would constitute an offense under Section 76-5b-201,
4689	sexual exploitation of a minor, or Section 76-5b-201.1, aggravated sexual

4690 exploitation of a minor, regardless of whether the individual who engages in the 4691 conduct is actually charged with, or convicted of, the offense. 4692 (81) "Shelter" means the temporary care of a child in a physically unrestricted facility 4693 pending a disposition or transfer to another jurisdiction. 4694 (82) "Shelter facility" means a nonsecure facility that provides shelter for a minor. (83) "Significant risk" means a risk of harm that is determined to be significant in 4695 4696 accordance with risk assessment tools and rules established by the Division of Child and 4697 Family Services in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 4698 Rulemaking Act, that focus on: 4699 (a) age; 4700 (b) social factors; 4701 (c) emotional factors; 4702 (d) sexual factors; 4703 (e) intellectual factors; 4704 (f) family risk factors; and 4705 (g) other related considerations. 4706 (84) "Single criminal episode" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-1-401. 4707 (85) "Status offense" means an offense that would not be an offense but for the age of the 4708 offender. 4709 (86) "Substance abuse" means, except as provided in Section 80-2-603, the misuse or 4710 excessive use of alcohol or other drugs or substances. 4711 (87) "Substantiated" or "substantiation" means a judicial finding based on a preponderance 4712 of the evidence, and separate consideration of each allegation made or identified in the 4713 case, that abuse, neglect, or dependency occurred[-]. (88) "Substitute care" means: 4714 4715 (a) the placement of a minor in a family home, group care facility, or other placement 4716 outside the minor's own home, either at the request of a parent or other responsible 4717 relative, or upon court order, when it is determined that continuation of care in the 4718 minor's own home would be contrary to the minor's welfare; 4719 (b) services provided for a minor in the protective custody of the Division of Child and 4720 Family Services, or a minor in the temporary custody or custody of the Division of 4721 Child and Family Services, as those terms are defined in Section 80-2-102; or 4722 (c) the licensing and supervision of a substitute care facility. 4723 (89) "Supported" means a finding by the Division of Child and Family Services based on

4724	the evidence available at the completion of an investigation, and separate consideration
4725	of each allegation made or identified during the investigation, that there is a reasonable
4726	basis to conclude that abuse, neglect, or dependency occurred.
4727	(90) "Termination of parental rights" means the permanent elimination of all parental rights
4728	and duties, including residual parental rights and duties, by court order.
4729	(91) "Therapist" means:
4730	(a) an individual employed by a state division or agency for the purpose of conducting
4731	psychological treatment and counseling of a minor in the division's or agency's
4732	custody; or
4733	(b) any other individual licensed or approved by the state for the purpose of conducting
4734	psychological treatment and counseling.
4735	(92) "Threatened harm" means actions, inactions, or credible verbal threats, indicating that
4736	the child is at an unreasonable risk of harm or neglect.
4737	(93) "Ungovernable" means a child in conflict with a parent or guardian, and the conflict:
4738	(a) results in behavior that is beyond the control or ability of the child, or the parent or
4739	guardian, to manage effectively;
4740	(b) poses a threat to the safety or well-being of the child, the child's family, or others; or
4741	(c) results in the situations described in Subsections (93)(a) and (b).
4742	(94) "Unsubstantiated" means a judicial finding that there is insufficient evidence to
4743	conclude that abuse, neglect, or dependency occurred.
4744	(95) "Unsupported" means a finding by the Division of Child and Family Services at the
4745	completion of an investigation, after the day on which the Division of Child and Family
4746	Services concludes the alleged abuse, neglect, or dependency is not without merit, that
4747	there is insufficient evidence to conclude that abuse, neglect, or dependency occurred.
4748	(96) "Validated risk and needs assessment" means an evidence-based tool that assesses a
4749	minor's risk of reoffending and a minor's criminogenic needs.
4750	(97) "Without merit" means a finding at the completion of an investigation by the Division
4751	of Child and Family Services, or a judicial finding, that the alleged abuse, neglect, or
4752	dependency did not occur, or that the alleged perpetrator was not responsible for the
4753	abuse, neglect, or dependency.
4754	(98) "Youth offender" means an individual who is:
4755	(a) at least 12 years old, but under 21 years old; and
4756	(b) committed by the juvenile court to the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth
4757	Services for secure care under Sections 80-6-703 and 80-6-705.

4758	Section 53. Section 80-2-503.5 is amended to read:
4759	80-2-503.5 . Psychotropic medication oversight program Behavioral health
4760	service rates.
4761	(1) As used in this section:
4762	(a) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means an individual licensed to practice as an
4763	advanced practice registered nurse in this state under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
4764	Practice Act.
4765	(b) "Division" means the Division of Integrated Healthcare created in Section 26B-1-204.
4766	(c) "HIPAA" means 45 C.F.R. Parts 160, 162, and 164, Health Insurance Portability and
4767	Accountability Act of 1996, as amended.
4768	(d) "Physician assistant" means an individual licensed to practice as a physician assistant
4769	in this state under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act.
4770	(e) "Psychotropic medication" means medication prescribed to affect or alter thought
4771	processes, mood, or behavior, including antipsychotic, antidepressant, anxiolytic, or
4772	behavior medication.
4773	(f) "Qualifying minor" means a minor committed to the Division of Juvenile Justice and
4774	Youth Services under Section 80-6-703.
4775	(2) The division shall, through contract with the University of Utah or another qualified
4776	third party, operate a psychotropic medication oversight program for children in foster
4777	care and qualifying minors to ensure that each foster child and qualifying minor is
4778	prescribed psychotropic medication consistent with the foster child's or qualifying
4779	minor's needs and consistent with clinical best practices.
4780	(3) The division shall operate an oversight team to manage the psychotropic medication
4781	oversight program, composed of at least the following individuals:
4782	(a) a physician assistant with pediatric mental health experience, or an advanced practice
4783	registered nurse with pediatric mental health experience, contracted with the division;
4784	(b) a child psychiatrist contracted with the division;
4785	(c) a data analyst contracted with the division; and
4786	(d) an individual with care coordination experience.
4787	(4) The oversight team shall monitor foster children and qualifying minors:
4788	(a) six years old or younger who are being prescribed one or more psychotropic
4789	medications;
4790	(b) seven years old or older who are being prescribed two or more psychotropic
4791	medications; and

4700	
4792	(c) who are prescribed one or more antipsychotic medications.
4793	(5) The division shall establish a business associate agreement with the oversight team by
4794	which the oversight team shall, upon request, be given information or records related to
4795	the foster child's or qualifying minor's health care history, including psychotropic
4796	medication history and mental and behavioral health history, from:
4797	(a) the division's Medicaid pharmacy program;
4798	(b) the department's written and electronic records and databases;
4799	(c) the foster child's current or past caseworker, or the qualifying minor's current or past
4800	case manager;
4801	(d) the foster child or qualifying minor; or
4802	(e) the foster child's or qualifying minor's:
4803	(i) current or past health care provider;
4804	(ii) [natural-]parents; or
4805	(iii) foster parents.
4806	(6) The oversight team may review and monitor the following information about a foster
4807	child or qualifying minor:
4808	(a) the foster child's or qualifying minor's history;
4809	(b) the foster child's or qualifying minor's health care, including psychotropic
4810	medication history and mental or behavioral health history;
4811	(c) whether there are less invasive treatment options available to meet the foster child's
4812	or qualifying minor's needs;
4813	(d) the dosage or dosage range and appropriateness of the foster child's or qualifying
4814	minor's psychotropic medication;
4815	(e) the short-term or long-term risks associated with the use of the foster child's or
4816	qualifying minor's psychotropic medication; or
4817	(f) the reported benefits of the foster child's or qualifying minor's psychotropic
4818	medication.
4819	(7)(a) On at least a quarterly basis, the oversight team shall:
4820	(i) review the medical and mental or behavioral health history for each foster child
4821	and qualifying minor overseen by the program;
4822	(ii) based on the review under Subsection (7)(a)(i), document the oversight team's
4823	findings and recommendations; and
4824	(iii) make written recommendations concerning the foster child's or qualifying
4825	minor's psychotropic medication and the foster child's or qualifying minor's

4826	mental or behavioral health, including any recommendation for psychotherapy
4827	treatment.
4828	(b) The oversight team's recommendations described in Subsection (7)(a) shall be
4829	provided to the foster child's current caseworker or the qualifying minor's current
4830	case manager, the foster child's or qualifying minor's parent or guardian, and the
4831	foster child's or qualifying minor's current health care providers, in accordance with
4832	rules adopted pursuant to Subsection (8) and in compliance with HIPAA and other
4833	relevant state and federal privacy laws.
4834	(c) The member of the oversight team described in Subsection (3)(d) shall:
4835	(i) provide the recommendations described in Subsection (7)(a) in writing and
4836	verbally, or as otherwise provided in rules adopted pursuant to Subsection (8), to
4837	the foster child's or qualifying minor's current health care providers; and
4838	(ii) on at least a semiannual basis, follow up with the foster child's or qualifying
4839	minor's current health care providers to document whether recommendations
4840	made by the oversight team have been implemented.
4841	(d) A foster child's caseworker or qualifying minor's case manager shall maintain a
4842	confidential record of recommendations provided under Subsection (7)(b).
4843	(8) The division may adopt administrative rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
4844	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, necessary to administer this section, including the
4845	rules described in Subsection (7)(b).
4846	(9) The division shall report regarding the psychotropic medication oversight program:
4847	(a) to the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel by October 1 of each even
4848	numbered year; and
4849	(b) orally to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee, at least once every two
4850	years at or before the October interim meeting.
4851	(10) The oversight team shall report:
4852	(a) quarterly to the division regarding the number of foster children and qualifying
4853	minors reviewed and the number of recommendations made; and
4854	(b) annually to the division regarding outcomes for foster children and qualifying minors
4855	overseen by the program.
4856	(11) Beginning on July 1, 2024, the department shall pay for outpatient behavioral health
4857	services for children in foster care and qualifying minors at a rate no lower than the
4858	standard Medicaid fee schedule.
4859	Section 54. Section 80-2-702 is amended to read:

4860	80-2-702 . Division post-removal investigation Supported or unsupported
4861	reports Convening of child protection team Cooperation with law enforcement
4862	Close of investigation.
4863	(1) If a child is taken into protective custody in accordance with Section 80-2a-202 or
4864	80-3-204 or the division takes any other action that requires a shelter hearing under
4865	Subsection 80-3-301(1), the division shall immediately initiate an investigation of:
4866	(a) the circumstances of the child; and
4867	(b) the grounds upon which the decision to place the child into protective custody was
4868	made.
4869	(2) The division's investigation under Subsection (1) shall conform to reasonable
4870	professional standards and include:
4871	(a) a search for and review of any records of past reports of abuse or neglect involving:
4872	(i) the same child;
4873	(ii) any sibling or other child residing in the same household as the child; and
4874	(iii) the alleged perpetrator;
4875	(b) with regard to a child who is five years old or older, a personal interview with the
4876	child:
4877	(i) outside of the presence of the alleged perpetrator; and
4878	(ii) conducted in accordance with the requirements of Section 80-2-704;
4879	(c) if a parent or guardian is located, an interview with at least one of the child's parents
4880	or guardian;
4881	(d) an interview with the person who reported the abuse, unless the report was made
4882	anonymously;
4883	(e) if possible and appropriate, interviews with other third parties who have had direct
4884	contact with the child, including:
4885	(i) school personnel; and
4886	(ii) the child's health care provider;
4887	(f) an unscheduled visit to the child's home, unless:
4888	(i) there is a reasonable basis to believe that the reported abuse was committed by a
4889	person who:
4890	(A) is not the child's parent; and
4891	(B) does not live in the child's home or otherwise have access to the child in the
4892	child's home; or
4893	(ii) an unscheduled visit is not necessary to obtain evidence for the investigation; and

4894	(g) if appropriate and indicated in any case alleging physical injury, sexual abuse, or
4895	failure to meet the child's medical needs, a medical examination, obtained no later
4896	than 24 hours after the child is placed in protective custody.
4897	(3) The division may rely on a written report of a prior interview rather than conducting an
4898	additional interview under Subsection (2), if:
4899	(a) law enforcement:
4900	(i) previously conducted a timely and thorough investigation regarding the alleged
4901	abuse, neglect, or dependency; and
4902	(ii) produced a written report;
4903	(b) the investigation described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) included one or more of the
4904	interviews described in Subsection (2); and
4905	(c) the division finds that an additional interview is not in the best interest of the child.
4906	(4)(a)(i) The division shall:
4907	(A) make a determination after the division's investigation under Subsection (1)
4908	regarding whether the report is supported, unsupported, or without merit; and
4909	(B) base the determination on the facts of the case at the time the report is made.
4910	(ii) The division's determination of whether a report is supported or unsupported may
4911	be based on the child's statements alone.
4912	(b) The division may not:
4913	(i) use the inability to identify or locate the perpetrator as a basis for:
4914	(A) determining that a report is unsupported; or
4915	(B) closing the case; or
4916	(ii) determine a case is unsupported or identify a case as unsupported solely because
4917	the perpetrator is an out-of-home perpetrator.
4918	(5) The division shall maintain protective custody of the child if the division finds that one
4919	or more of the following conditions exist:
4920	(a) the child does not have a [natural]parent, guardian, or responsible relative who is
4921	able and willing to provide safe and appropriate care for the child;
4922	(b)(i) shelter of the child is a matter of necessity for the protection of the child; and
4923	(ii) there are no reasonable means by which the child can be protected in:
4924	(A) the child's home; or
4925	(B) the home of a responsible relative;
4926	(c) there is substantial evidence that the parent or guardian is likely to flee the
4927	jurisdiction of the juvenile court; or

4928	(d) the child has left a previously court ordered placement.
4929	(6) Within 24 hours after receipt of a child into protective custody, excluding weekends and
4930	holidays, the division shall:
4931	(a) convene a child protection team in accordance with Section 80-2-706; and
4932	(b) prepare the testimony and evidence that will be required of the division at the shelter
4933	hearing, in accordance with Section 80-3-301.
4934	(7) The division shall cooperate with a law enforcement investigation and with the
4935	members of a child protection team, if applicable, regarding the alleged perpetrator.
4936	(8) The division may not close an investigation solely on the grounds that the division is
4937	unable to locate the child until all reasonable efforts have been made to locate the child
4938	and family members including:
4939	(a) visiting the home at times other than normal work hours;
4940	(b) contacting local schools;
4941	(c) contacting local, county, and state law enforcement agencies; and
4942	(d) checking public assistance records.
4943	Section 55. Section 80-2-802 is amended to read:
4944	80-2-802 . Division child placing and adoption services Restrictions on
4945	placement of a child.
4946	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the division may provide adoption services and,
4947	as a licensed child-placing agency under Title 26B, Chapter 2, Part 1, Human Services
4948	Programs and Facilities, engage in child placing in accordance with this chapter, Chapter
4949	2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a Child, Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and
4950	Dependency Proceedings, and Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights.
4951	(2) The division shall base the division's decision for placement of an adoptable child for
4952	adoption on the best interest of the adoptable child.
4953	(3) The division may not:
4954	(a) in accordance with Subsection 26B-2-127(6), place a child for adoption, either
4955	temporarily or permanently, with an individual who does not qualify for adoptive
4956	placement under Sections [78B-6-102, 78B-6-117, and 78B-6-137] <u>81-13-202,</u>
4957	<u>81-13-203, and 81-13-402;</u>
4958	(b) consider a potential adoptive parent's willingness or unwillingness to enter a
4959	postadoption contact agreement under Section [78B-6-146] 81-13-216 as a condition
4960	of placing a child with a potential adoptive parent; or
4061	(a) except as required under the Indian Child Welfers Act. 25 U.S.C. Sees 1001 through

4961 (c) except as required under the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Secs. 1901 through

4962	1963, base the division's decision for placement of an adoptable child on the race,
4963	color, ethnicity, or national origin of either the child or the potential adoptive parent
4964	(4) The division shall establish a rule in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
4965	Administrative Rulemaking Act, providing that, subject to Subsection (3) and Section [
4966	78B-6-117] 81-13-402, priority of placement shall be provided to a family in which a
4967	couple is legally married under the laws of the state.
4968	(5) Subsections (3) and (4) do not limit the placement of a child with the child's [biological
4969	or adoptive parent, a relative,] parent or relative or in accordance with the Indian Child
4970	Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1901 et seq.
4971	Section 56. Section 80-2-803 is amended to read:
4972	80-2-803 . Division promotion of adoption Adoption research and
4973	informational pamphlet.
4974	The division shall:
4975	(1) actively promote the adoption of all children in the division's custody who have a final
4976	plan for termination of parental rights under Section 80-3-409 or a primary permanency
4977	plan of adoption;
4978	(2) develop plans for the effective use of cross-jurisdictional resources to facilitate timely
4979	adoptive or permanent placements for waiting children;
4980	(3) obtain information or conduct research regarding prior adoptive families to determine
4981	what families may do to be successful with an adoptive child;
4982	(4) make the information or research described in Subsection (3) available to potential
4983	adoptive parents;
4984	(5) prepare a pamphlet that explains the information that a child-placing agency is required
4985	to provide a potential adoptive parent under Section [78B-24-303] 81-14-303;
4986	(6) regularly distribute copies of the pamphlet described in Subsection (5) to child-placing
4987	agencies; and
4988	(7) respond to an inquiry made as a result of the notice provided by a child-placing agency
4989	under Section [78B-24-303] 81-14-303.
4990	Section 57. Section 80-2-906 is amended to read:
4991	80-2-906 . Financial responsibility for child placed under Interstate Compact.
4992	(1) Financial responsibility for a child placed under the provisions of the Interstate Compact
4993	on the Placement of Children shall, in the first instance, be determined in accordance
4994	with the provisions of Article V of the compact.
4995	(2) In the event of partial or complete default of performance under the compact, the

4996	provisions of Title 81, Chapter 6, Child Support, and Title 81, Chapter 7, Payment and
4997	Enforcement of Spousal and Child Support, may also be invoked.
4998	Section 58. Section 80-2-909 is amended to read:
4999	80-2-909 . Existing authority for child placement continues.
5000	Any person who, under any law of this state other than this part or the Interstate
5001	Compact on the Placement of Children established under Section 80-2-905, has authority to
5002	make or assist in making the placement of a child, shall continue to have the ability lawfully to
5003	make or assist in making that placement, and the provisions of Sections 26B-2-127, 26B-2-131,
5004	26B-2-132, and 26B-2-708, Subsections 80-2-802(3)(a) and (4) and 80-2-803(1), (2), and (5)
5005	through (7), and [Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act] Title 81, Chapter 13,
5006	Adoption, continue to apply.
5007	Section 59. Section 80-2-1005 is amended to read:
5008	80-2-1005 . Classification of reports of alleged abuse or neglect Confidential
5009	identity of a person who reports Access Admitting reports into evidence Unlawful
5010	release and use Penalty.
5011	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective
5012	Custody of a Child, a report made under Part 6, Child Abuse and Neglect Reports, and
5013	any other information in the possession of the division obtained as a result of the report
5014	is a private, protected, or controlled record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
5015	Records Access and Management Act, and may only be made available to:
5016	(a) a police or law enforcement agency investigating a report of known or suspected
5017	abuse or neglect, including members of a child protection team;
5018	(b) a physician who reasonably believes that a child may be the subject of abuse or
5019	neglect;
5020	(c) an agency that has responsibility or authority to care for, treat, or supervise a minor
5021	who is the subject of a report;
5022	(d) a contract provider that has a written contract with the division to render services to a
5023	minor who is the subject of a report;
5024	(e) the subject of the report, the [natural-]parents of the child, and the guardian ad litem;
5025	(f) a court, upon a finding that access to the records may be necessary for the
5026	determination of an issue before the court, provided that in a divorce, custody, or
5027	related proceeding between private parties, the record alone is:
5028	(i) limited to objective or undisputed facts that were verified at the time of the
5029	investigation; and

5030	(ii) devoid of conclusions drawn by the division or any of the division's workers on
5031	the ultimate issue of whether or not an individual's acts or omissions constituted
5032	any level of abuse or neglect of another individual;
5033	(g) an office of the public prosecutor or the public prosecutor's deputies in performing an
5034	official duty;
5035	(h) a person authorized by a Children's Justice Center, for the purposes described in
5036	Section 67-5b-102;
5037	(i) a person engaged in bona fide research, when approved by the director of the
5038	division, if the information does not include names and addresses;
5039	(j) the State Board of Education, acting on behalf of itself or on behalf of a local
5040	education agency, as defined in Section 63J-5-102, for the purpose of evaluating
5041	whether an individual should be permitted to obtain or retain a license as an educator
5042	or serve as an employee or volunteer in a school, limited to information with
5043	substantiated or supported findings involving an alleged sexual offense, an alleged
5044	felony or class A misdemeanor drug offense, or any alleged offense against the
5045	person under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Individual, and with the
5046	understanding that the office must provide the subject of a report received under
5047	Subsection (1)(k) with an opportunity to respond to the report before making a
5048	decision concerning licensure or employment;
5049	(k) any individual identified in the report as a perpetrator or possible perpetrator of
5050	abuse or neglect, after being advised of the screening prohibition in Subsection (2);
5051	(1) a person filing a petition for a child protective order on behalf of a child who is the
5052	subject of the report;
5053	(m) a licensed child-placing agency or person who is performing a preplacement
5054	adoptive evaluation in accordance with the requirements of Sections [78B-6-128 and
5055	78B-6-130] 81-13-403 and 81-13-405;
5056	(n) an Indian tribe to:
5057	(i) certify or license a foster home;
5058	(ii) render services to a subject of a report; or
5059	(iii) investigate an allegation of abuse, neglect, or dependency; or
5060	(o) the department or a local substance abuse authority, described in Section 17-43-201,
5061	for the purpose of providing substance abuse treatment to a pregnant woman or a
5062	parent of a newborn child, or the services described in Subsection [26B-5-211(2)(p)]
5063	<u>26B-5-102(2)(p)</u> .

5064	(2)	In accordance with Section 80-2-608 and except as provided in Section 80-2-611, the
5065		division and a law enforcement agency shall ensure the anonymity of the person who
5066		makes the initial report under Part 6, Child Abuse and Neglect Reports, and any other
5067		person involved in the division's or law enforcement agency's subsequent investigation
5068		of the report.
5069	(3)	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, excluding Section 80-3-107, but including
5070		this chapter, Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a Child, and Title 63G,
5071		Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, if the division makes a
5072		report or other information in the division's possession available under Subsection (1)(e)
5073		to a subject of the report or a parent of a child, the division shall remove from the report
5074		or other information only the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of individuals or
5075		specific information that could:
5076		(a) identify the referent;
5077		(b) impede a criminal investigation; or
5078		(c) endanger an individual's safety.
5079	(4)	A child-placing agency or person who receives a report from the division under
5080		Subsection (1)(m) may provide the report to:
5081		(a) the subject of the report;
5082		(b) a person who is performing a preplacement adoptive evaluation in accordance with
5083		Sections [78B-6-128 and 78B-6-130] 81-13-403 and 81-13-405;
5084		(c) to a licensed child-placing agency; or
5085		(d) an attorney seeking to facilitate an adoption.
5086	(5)	A member of a child protection team may, before the day on which the child is
5087		removed, share case-specific information obtained from the division under this section
5088		with other members of the child protection team.
5089	(6)	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), in a divorce, custody, or related
5090		proceeding between private parties, a court may not receive into evidence a report
5091		that:
5092		(i) is provided to the court:
5093		(A) under Subsection (1)(f); or
5094		(B) by a parent of the child after the record is made available to the parent under
5095		Subsection (1)(e);
5096		(ii) describes a parent of the child as the alleged perpetrator; and
5097		(iii) is found to be unsubstantiated, unsupported, or without merit.

5098	(b)(i) After a motion to admit the report described in Subsection (6)(a) is made, the
5099	court shall allow sufficient time for all subjects of the record to respond before
5100	making a finding on the motion.
5101	(ii) After considering the motion described in Subsection (6)(b)(i), the court may
5102	receive the report into evidence upon a finding on the record of good cause.
5103	(7)(a) A person may not:
5104	(i) willfully permit, or aid and abet, the release of data or information in the
5105	possession of the division or contained in the Management Information System in
5106	violation of this part or Part 6, Child Abuse and Neglect Reports; or
5107	(ii) if the person is not listed in Subsection (1), request another person to obtain or
5108	release a report or other information that the other person obtained under
5109	Subsection (1)(k) to screen for potential perpetrators of abuse or neglect.
5110	(b) A person who violates Subsection (7)(a)(i), or violates Subsection (7)(a)(ii) knowing
5111	the person's actions are a violation of Subsection (7)(a)(ii), is guilty of a class C
5112	misdemeanor.
5113	Section 60. Section 80-2a-101 is amended to read:
5114	80-2a-101 . Definitions.
5115	(1) "Custody" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-2-102.
5116	(2) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services created in Section 80-2-201.
5117	(3) "Friend" means an adult who:
5118	(a) has an established relationship with the child or a family member of the child; and
5119	(b) is not the natural parent of the child.
5120	(4) "Nonrelative" means an individual who is not a noncustodial parent or relative.
5121	(5) "Relative" means an adult who:
5122	(a) is the child's grandparent, great grandparent, aunt, great aunt, uncle, great uncle,
5123	brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepparent, first cousin, stepsibling, or sibling;
5124	(b) is the first cousin of the child's parent;
5125	(c) is a permanent guardian or [natural-]parent of the child's sibling; or
5126	(d) in the case of a child who is an Indian child, is an extended family member as
5127	defined in the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903.
5128	(6) "Sibling" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-2-102.
5129	(7) "Temporary custody" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-2-102.
5130	Section 61. Section 80-2a-201 is amended to read:
5131	80-2a-201 . Rights of parents Children's rights Interest and responsibility of

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5132	state.
5133	(1)(a) Under both the United States Constitution and the constitution of this state, a
5134	parent possesses a fundamental liberty interest in the care, custody, and management
5135	of the parent's children. A fundamentally fair process must be provided to parents if
5136	the state moves to challenge or interfere with parental rights. A governmental entity
5137	must support any actions or allegations made in opposition to the rights and desires
5138	of a parent regarding the parent's child by sufficient evidence to satisfy a parent's
5139	constitutional entitlement to heightened protection against government interference
5140	with the parent's fundamental rights and liberty interests and, concomitantly, the right
5141	of the child to be reared by the child's [natural]parent.
5142	(b) The fundamental liberty interest of a parent concerning the care, custody, and
5143	management of the parent's child is recognized, protected, and does not cease to exist
5144	simply because a parent may fail to be a model parent or because the parent's child is
5145	placed in the temporary custody of the state. At all times, a parent retains a vital
5146	interest in preventing the irretrievable destruction of family life. Before an
5147	adjudication of unfitness, government action in relation to a parent and the parent's
5148	child may not exceed the least restrictive means or alternatives available to
5149	accomplish a compelling state interest. Until the state proves parental unfitness, and
5150	the child suffers, or is substantially likely to suffer, serious detriment as a result, the
5151	child and the child's parent share a vital interest in preventing erroneous termination
5152	of their natural relationship and the state cannot presume that a child and the child's
5153	parent are adversaries.
5154	(c) It is in the best interest and welfare of a child to be raised under the care and
5155	supervision of the child's [natural]parents. A child's need for a normal family life in a
5156	permanent home, and for positive, nurturing family relationships is usually best met
5157	by the child's [natural-]parents. Additionally, the integrity of the family unit and the
5158	right of a parent to conceive and raise the parent's child are constitutionally protected.
5159	The right of a fit, competent parent to raise the parent's child without undue
5160	government interference is a fundamental liberty interest that has long been protected
5161	by the laws and Constitution and is a fundamental public policy of this state.
5162	(d) The state recognizes that:
5163	(i) a parent has the right, obligation, responsibility, and authority to raise, manage,
5164	train, educate, provide and care for, and reasonably discipline the parent's child;

5165

and

5166 (ii) the state's role is secondary and supportive to the primary role of a parent. 5167 (e) It is the public policy of this state that: 5168 (i) a parent retains the fundamental right and duty to exercise primary control over 5169 the care, supervision, upbringing, and education of the parent's child; 5170 (ii) a parent retains the right to have contact with the parent's child when the child is 5171 placed outside of the parent's home, and parent-time should be ordered by a court 5172 so long as the contact is not contrary to the best interest of the child; and 5173 (iii) a child has the right to have contact with the child's sibling when the child is 5174 placed outside of the home and apart from the child's sibling, and sibling visits 5175 should be ordered by a court unless the contact would be contrary to the safety or 5176 well-being of the child. 5177 (f) Subsections (2) through (7) shall be interpreted and applied consistent with this 5178 Subsection (1). 5179 (2) It is also the public policy of this state that children have the right to protection from 5180 abuse and neglect, and that the state retains a compelling interest in investigating, 5181 prosecuting, and punishing abuse and neglect. Therefore, the state, as parens patriae, has 5182 an interest in and responsibility to protect a child whose parent abuses the child or does 5183 not adequately provide for the child's welfare. There may be circumstances where a 5184 parent's conduct or condition is a substantial departure from the norm and the parent is 5185 unable or unwilling to render safe and proper parental care and protection. Under those

5186 circumstances, the state may take action for the welfare and protection of the parent's 5187 child.

(3) When the division intervenes on behalf of an abused, neglected, or dependent child, the
division shall take into account the child's need for protection from immediate harm and
the extent to which the child's extended family may provide needed protection.

5191 Throughout the division's involvement, the division shall utilize the least intrusive and

- least restrictive means available to protect a child, in an effort to ensure that children are
 brought up in stable, permanent families, rather than in temporary foster placements
 under the supervision of the state.
- (4) If circumstances within the family pose a threat to the child's immediate safety or
 welfare, the division may seek custody of the child for a planned, temporary period and
 place the child in a safe environment, subject to the requirements of this section and in
 accordance with Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings, and when
 safe and appropriate, return the child to the child's parent or as a last resort, pursue

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5200 another permanency plan.

- (5) In determining and making reasonable efforts with regard to a child, under Section
 80-2a-302, both the division's and the juvenile court's paramount concern shall be the
 child's health, safety, and welfare. The desires of a parent for the parent's child, and the
 constitutionally protected rights of a parent, as described in this section, shall be given
 full and serious consideration by the division and the juvenile court.
- (6) In accordance with Subsections 80-2a-302(4) and 80-3-301(12), in cases where sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, abandonment, severe abuse, or severe neglect are involved, the state has no duty to make reasonable efforts or to, in any other way, attempt to maintain a child in the child's home, provide reunification services, or rehabilitate the offending parent or parents. This Subsection (6) does not exempt the division from providing court-ordered services.
- 5212 (7)(a) In accordance with Subsection (1), the division shall strive to achieve appropriate 5213 permanency for children who are abused, neglected, or dependent. The division shall 5214 provide in-home services, if appropriate and safe, in an effort to help a parent to 5215 correct the behavior that resulted in abuse, neglect, or dependency of the parent's 5216 child. The division may pursue a foster placement only if in-home services fail or are 5217 otherwise insufficient or inappropriate, kinship placement is not safe or appropriate, 5218 or in-home services and kinship placement fail and cannot be corrected. The division 5219 shall also seek qualified extended family support or a kinship placement to maintain a 5220 sense of security and stability for the child.
- (b) If the use or continuation of reasonable efforts, as described in Subsections (5) and
 (6), is determined to be inconsistent with the permanency plan for a child, then
 measures shall be taken, in a timely manner, to place the child in accordance with the
 permanency plan, and to complete whatever steps are necessary to finalize the
 permanent placement of the child.
- (c) Subject to the parental rights recognized and protected under this section, if, because
 of a parent's conduct or condition, the parent is determined to be unfit or incompetent
 based on the grounds for termination of parental rights described in Chapter 4,
- 5229 Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, the continuing welfare and best
- 5230 interest of the child is of paramount importance, and shall be protected in
- 5231 determining whether that parent's rights should be terminated.
- 5232 (8) The state's right to direct or intervene in the provision of medical or mental health care 5233 for a child is subject to Subsections [80-1-102(58)(b)(i)] 80-1-102(57)(b)(i) through (iii)

5234	and Sections 80-3-109 and 80-3-304.
5235	Section 62. Section 80-2a-304 is amended to read:
5236	80-2a-304 . Removal of a child from foster family placement Procedural due
5237	process.
5238	(1)(a) The Legislature finds that, except with regard to a child's [natural]parent or
5239	guardian, a foster family has a very limited but recognized interest in the foster
5240	family's familial relationship with a foster child who has been in the care and custody
5241	of the foster family and in making determinations regarding removal of a child from
5242	a foster home, the division may not dismiss the foster family as a mere collection of
5243	unrelated individuals.
5244	(b) The Legislature finds that children in the temporary custody and custody of the
5245	division are experiencing multiple changes in foster care placements with little or no
5246	documentation, and that numerous studies of child growth and development
5247	emphasize the importance of stability in foster care living arrangements.
5248	(c) For the reasons described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b), the division shall provide
5249	procedural due process for a foster family before removal of a foster child from the
5250	foster family's home, regardless of the length of time the child has been in the foster
5251	family's home, unless removal is for the purpose of:
5252	(i) returning the child to the child's [natural]parent or guardian;
5253	(ii) immediately placing the child in an approved adoptive home;
5254	(iii) placing the child with a relative who obtained custody or asserted an interest in
5255	the child within the preference period described in Subsection 80-3-302(7); or
5256	(iv) placing an Indian child in accordance with placement preferences and other
5257	requirements described in the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1915.
5258	(2)(a) The division shall maintain and utilize due process procedures for removal of a
5259	foster child from a foster home, in accordance with the procedures and requirements
5260	of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
5261	(b) The procedures described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include requirements for:
5262	(i) personal communication with, and a written explanation of the reasons for the
5263	removal to, the foster parents before removal of the child; and
5264	(ii) an opportunity for foster parents to:
5265	(A) present the foster parents' information and concerns to the division; and
5266	(B) request a review, to be held before removal of the child, by a third party
5267	neutral fact finder or if the child is placed with the foster parents for a period of

5268	at least two years, request a review, to be held before removal of the child, by
5269	the juvenile court judge currently assigned to the child's case or, if the juvenile
5270	court judge currently assigned to the child's case is not available, another
5271	juvenile court judge.
5272	(c) If the division determines that there is a reasonable basis to believe that the child is in
5273	danger or that there is a substantial threat of danger to the health or welfare of the
5274	child, the division shall place the child in emergency foster care during the pendency
5275	of the procedures described in this Subsection (2), instead of making another foster
5276	care placement.
5277	(3)(a) If the division removes a child from a foster home based on the child's statement
5278	alone, the division shall initiate and expedite the processes described in Subsection (2).
5279	(b) The division may not take formal action with regard to the foster parent's license
5280	until after the processes described in Subsection (2), in addition to any other
5281	procedure or hearing required by law, are completed.
5282	(4) If a complaint is made to the division by a foster child against a foster parent, the
5283	division shall, within 30 business days after the day on which the complaint is received,
5284	provide the foster parent with information regarding the specific nature of the complaint,
5285	the time and place of the alleged incident, and who was alleged to have been involved.
5286	(5) If the division places a child in a foster home, the division shall provide the foster
5287	parents with:
5288	(a) notification of the requirements of this section;
5289	(b) a written description of the procedures enacted by the division under Subsection (2)
5290	and how to access the procedures; and
5291	(c) written notification of the foster parents' ability to petition the juvenile court directly
5292	for review of a decision to remove a foster child who, subject to Section 80-3-502,
5293	has been in the foster parents' custody for 12 months or longer.
5294	(6) This section does not apply to the removal of a child based on a foster parent's request
5295	for the removal.
5296	(7) It is unlawful for a person, with the intent to avoid compliance with the requirements of
5297	this section, to:
5298	(a) take action, or encourage another to take action, against the license of a foster parent;
5299	or
5300	(b) remove a child from a foster home before the child is placed with the foster parents
5301	for two years.

5302	(8) The division may not remove a foster child from a foster parent who is a relative of the
5303	child on the basis of the age or health of the foster parent without determining:
5304	(a) by clear and convincing evidence that the foster parent is incapable of caring for the
5305	foster child, if the alternative foster parent would not be another relative of the child;
5306	or
5307	(b) by a preponderance of the evidence that the foster parent is incapable of caring for
5308	the foster child, if the alternative foster parent would be another relative of the child.
5309	Section 63. Section 80-3-102 is amended to read:
5310	80-3-102 . Definitions.
5311	As used in this chapter:
5312	(1) "Abuse, neglect, or dependency petition" means a petition filed in accordance with this
5313	chapter to commence proceedings in a juvenile court alleging that a child is:
5314	(a) abused;
5315	(b) neglected; or
5316	(c) dependent.
5317	(2) "Custody" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-2-102.
5318	(3) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services created in Section 80-2-201.
5319	(4) "Friend" means an adult who:
5320	(a) has an established relationship with the child or a family member of the child; and
5321	(b) is not the [natural-]parent of the child.
5322	(5) "Immediate family member" means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, or
5323	grandchild.
5324	(6) "Relative" means an adult who:
5325	(a) is the child's grandparent, great grandparent, aunt, great aunt, uncle, great uncle,
5326	brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepparent, first cousin, stepsibling, or sibling;
5327	(b) is a first cousin of the child's parent;
5328	(c) is a permanent guardian or [natural-]parent of the child's sibling; or
5329	(d) in the case of a child who is an Indian child, is an extended family member as
5330	defined in the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903.
5331	(7) "Sibling" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-2-102.
5332	(8) "Sibling visitation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-2-102.
5333	(9) "Temporary custody" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-2-102.
5334	Section 64. Section 80-3-107 is amended to read:
5335	80-3-107 . Disclosure of records Record sharing.

5336	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (1)(c) through (e), in an abuse, neglect, or
5337	dependency proceeding occurring after the commencement of a shelter hearing under
5338	Section 80-3-301, or the filing of an abuse, neglect, or dependency petition, each
5339	party to the proceeding shall provide in writing to any other party or the other party's
5340	counsel any information that the party:
5341	(i) plans to report to the juvenile court at the proceeding; or
5342	(ii) could reasonably expect would be requested of the party by the juvenile court at
5343	the proceeding.
5344	(b) A party providing the disclosure required under Subsection (1)(a) shall make the
5345	disclosure:
5346	(i) for a dispositional hearing under Part 4, Adjudication, Disposition, and
5347	Permanency, no less than five days before the day on which the dispositional
5348	hearing is held; and
5349	(ii) for all other proceedings, no less than five days before the day on which the
5350	proceeding is held.
5351	(c) The division is not required to provide a court report or a child and family plan
5352	described in Section 80-3-307 to each party to the proceeding if:
5353	(i) the information is electronically filed with the juvenile court; and
5354	(ii) each party to the proceeding has access to the electronically filed information.
5355	(d) If a party to a proceeding obtains information after the deadline described in
5356	Subsection (1)(b), the information is exempt from the disclosure required under
5357	Subsection (1)(a) if the party certifies to the juvenile court that the information was
5358	obtained after the deadline.
5359	(e) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to:
5360	(i) pretrial hearings; and
5361	(ii) the frequent, periodic review hearings held in a dependency drug court case to
5362	assess and promote the parent's progress in substance use disorder treatment.
5363	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), and notwithstanding any other provision
5364	of law:
5365	(i) counsel for all parties to the action shall be given access to all records, maintained
5366	by the division or any other state or local public agency, that are relevant to the
5367	abuse, neglect, or dependency proceeding under this chapter; and
5368	(ii) if the [natural-]parent of a child is not represented by counsel, the [natural-]parent
5369	shall have access to the records described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).

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5370	(b) The disclosures described in Subsection (2)(a) are not required if:
5371	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), the division or other state or local public agency did
5372	not originally create the record being requested;
5373	(ii) disclosure of the record would jeopardize the life or physical safety of a child
5374	who has been a victim of abuse or neglect, or any individual who provided
5375	substitute care for the child;
5376	(iii) disclosure of the record would jeopardize the anonymity of the individual
5377	making the initial report of abuse or neglect or any others involved in the
5378	subsequent investigation;
5379	(iv) disclosure of the record would jeopardize the life or physical safety of an
5380	individual who has been a victim of domestic violence; or
5381	(v) the record is a Children's Justice Center interview, including a video or audio
5382	recording, and a transcript of the recording, the release of which is governed by
5383	Section 77-37-4.
5384	(c) If a disclosure is denied under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the division shall inform the
5385	individual making the request:
5386	(i) of the existence of all records in the possession of the division or any other state or
5387	local public agency;
5388	(ii) of the name and address of the individual or agency that originally created the
5389	record; and
5390	(iii) that the individual making the request must seek access to the record from the
5391	individual or agency that originally created the record.
5392	Section 65. Section 80-3-204 is amended to read:
5393	80-3-204 . Protective custody of a child after a petition is filed Grounds.
5394	(1) When an abuse, neglect, or dependency petition is filed, the juvenile court shall apply,
5395	in addressing the petition, the least restrictive means and alternatives available to
5396	accomplish a compelling state interest and to prevent irretrievable destruction of family
5397	life as described in Subsections 80-2a-201(1) and (7)(a) and Section 80-4-104.
5398	(2) After an abuse, neglect, or dependency petition is filed, if the child who is the subject of
5399	the petition is not in protective custody, a juvenile court may order that the child be
5400	removed from the child's home or otherwise taken into protective custody if the juvenile
5401	court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that any one or more of the following
5402	circumstances exist:
5403	(a)(i) there is an imminent danger to the physical health or safety of the child; and

5404	(ii) the child's physical health or safety may not be protected without removing the
5405	child from the custody of the child's parent or guardian;
5406	(b)(i) a parent or guardian engages in or threatens the child with unreasonable
5407	conduct that causes the child to suffer harm; and
5408	(ii) there are no less restrictive means available by which the child's emotional health
5409	may be protected without removing the child from the custody of the child's
5410	parent or guardian;
5411	(c) the child or another child residing in the same household has been, or is considered
5412	to be at substantial risk of being, physically abused, sexually abused, or sexually
5413	exploited, by a parent or guardian, a member of the parent's or guardian's household,
5414	or other individual known to the parent or guardian;
5415	(d) the parent or guardian is unwilling to have physical custody of the child;
5416	(e) the child is abandoned or left without any provision for the child's support;
5417	(f) a parent or guardian who has been incarcerated or institutionalized has not arranged
5418	or cannot arrange for safe and appropriate care for the child;
5419	(g)(i) a relative or other adult custodian with whom the child is left by the parent or
5420	guardian is unwilling or unable to provide care or support for the child;
5421	(ii) the whereabouts of the parent or guardian are unknown; and
5422	(iii) reasonable efforts to locate the parent or guardian are unsuccessful;
5423	(h) subject to Subsection [80-1-102(58)(b)] <u>80-1-102(57)(b)</u> and Sections 80-3-109 and
5424	80-3-304, the child is in immediate need of medical care;
5425	(i)(i) a parent's or guardian's actions, omissions, or habitual action create an
5426	environment that poses a serious risk to the child's health or safety for which
5427	immediate remedial or preventive action is necessary; or
5428	(ii) a parent's or guardian's action in leaving a child unattended would reasonably
5429	pose a threat to the child's health or safety;
5430	(j) the child or another child residing in the same household has been neglected;
5431	(k) the child's [natural-]parent:
5432	(i) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another parent of the
5433	child;
5434	(ii) is identified by a law enforcement agency as the primary suspect in an
5435	investigation for intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing the death of
5436	another parent of the child; or
5437	(iii) is being prosecuted for or has been convicted of intentionally, knowingly, or

5438	recklessly causing the death of another parent of the child;
5439	(1) an infant is an abandoned infant, as defined in Section 80-4-203;
5440	(m)(i) the parent or guardian, or an adult residing in the same household as the
5441	parent or guardian, is charged or arrested pursuant to Title 58, Chapter 37d,
5442	Clandestine Drug Lab Act; and
5443	(ii) any clandestine laboratory operation was located in the residence or on the
5444	property where the child resided; or
5445	(n) the child's welfare is otherwise endangered.
5446	(3)(a) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a), if a child has previously been adjudicated as
5447	abused, neglected, or dependent, and a subsequent incident of abuse, neglect, or
5448	dependency occurs involving the same substantiated abuser or under similar
5449	circumstance as the previous abuse, that fact is prima facie evidence that the child
5450	cannot safely remain in the custody of the child's parent.
5451	(b) For purposes of Subsection (2)(c):
5452	(i) another child residing in the same household may not be removed from the home
5453	unless that child is considered to be at substantial risk of being physically abused,
5454	sexually abused, or sexually exploited as described in Subsection (2)(c) or
5455	Subsection (3)(b)(ii); and
5456	(ii) if a parent or guardian has received actual notice that physical abuse, sexual
5457	abuse, or sexual exploitation by an individual known to the parent has occurred,
5458	and there is evidence that the parent or guardian failed to protect the child, after
5459	having received the notice, by allowing the child to be in the physical presence of
5460	the alleged abuser, that fact is prima facie evidence that the child is at substantial
5461	risk of being physically abused, sexually abused, or sexually exploited.
5462	(4)(a) For purposes of Subsection (2), if the division files an abuse, neglect, or
5463	dependency petition, the juvenile court shall consider the division's safety and risk
5464	assessments described in Section 80-2-403 to determine whether a child should be
5465	removed from the custody of the child's parent or guardian or should otherwise be
5466	taken into protective custody.
5467	(b) The division shall make a diligent effort to provide the safety and risk assessments
5468	described in Section 80-2-403 to the juvenile court, guardian ad litem, and counsel
5469	for the parent or guardian, as soon as practicable before the shelter hearing described
5470	in Section 80-3-301.
5471	(5) In the absence of one of the factors described in Subsection (2), a juvenile court may not

5472 remove a child from the parent's or guardian's custody on the basis of: 5473 (a) educational neglect, truancy, or failure to comply with a court order to attend school; 5474 (b) mental illness or poverty of the parent or guardian; 5475 (c) disability of the parent or guardian, as defined in Section 57-21-2; or 5476 (d) the possession or use, in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid 5477 Research and Medical Cannabis, of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis 5478 product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device, as those terms are 5479 defined in Section 26B-4-201. 5480 (6) A child removed from the custody of the child's parent or guardian under this section 5481 may not be placed or kept in detention, unless the child may be admitted to detention 5482 under Chapter 6, Part 2, Custody and Detention. 5483 (7) This section does not preclude removal of a child from the child's home without a 5484 warrant or court order under Section 80-2a-202. 5485 (8)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), a juvenile court and the division may not 5486 remove a child from the custody of the child's parent or guardian on the sole or 5487 primary basis that the parent or guardian refuses to consent to: 5488 (i) the administration of a psychotropic medication to a child; 5489 (ii) a psychiatric, psychological, or behavioral treatment for a child; or 5490 (iii) a psychiatric or behavioral health evaluation of a child. 5491 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), a juvenile court or the division may remove a 5492 child under conditions that would otherwise be prohibited under Subsection (8)(a) if 5493 failure to take an action described under Subsection (8)(a) would present a serious, 5494 imminent risk to the child's physical safety or the physical safety of others. 5495 Section 66. Section 80-3-301 is amended to read: 5496 **80-3-301**. Shelter hearing -- Court considerations. 5497 (1) A juvenile court shall hold a shelter hearing to determine the temporary custody of a 5498 child within 72 hours, excluding weekends and holidays, after any one or all of the 5499 following occur: 5500 (a) removal of the child from the child's home by the division; 5501 (b) placement of the child in protective custody; 5502 (c) emergency placement under Subsection 80-2a-202(5); 5503 (d) as an alternative to removal of the child, a parent enters a domestic violence shelter 5504 at the request of the division; or 5505 (e) a motion for expedited placement in temporary custody is filed under Section

5506	80-3-203.
5507	(2) If one of the circumstances described in Subsections (1)(a) through (e) occurs, the
5508	division shall issue a notice that contains all of the following:
5509	(a) the name and address of the individual to whom the notice is directed;
5510	(b) the date, time, and place of the shelter hearing;
5511	(c) the name of the child on whose behalf an abuse, neglect, or dependency petition is
5512	brought;
5513	(d) a concise statement regarding:
5514	(i) the reasons for removal or other action of the division under Subsection (1); and
5515	(ii) the allegations and code sections under which the proceeding is instituted;
5516	(e) a statement that the parent or guardian to whom notice is given, and the child, are
5517	entitled to have an attorney present at the shelter hearing, and that if the parent or
5518	guardian is an indigent individual and cannot afford an attorney, and desires to be
5519	represented by an attorney, one will be provided in accordance with Title 78B,
5520	Chapter 22, Indigent Defense Act; and
5521	(f) a statement that the parent or guardian is liable for the cost of support of the child in
5522	the protective custody, temporary custody, and custody of the division, and the cost
5523	for legal counsel appointed for the parent or guardian under Subsection (2)(e),
5524	according to the financial ability of the parent or guardian.
5525	(3) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall be personally served as soon as possible,
5526	but no later than one business day after the day on which the child is removed from the
5527	child's home, or the day on which a motion for expedited placement in temporary
5528	custody under Section 80-3-203 is filed, on:
5529	(a) the appropriate guardian ad litem; and
5530	(b) both parents and any guardian of the child, unless the parents or guardians cannot be
5531	located.
5532	(4) Notwithstanding Section 80-3-104, the following individuals shall be present at the
5533	shelter hearing:
5534	(a) the child, unless it would be detrimental for the child;
5535	(b) the child's parents or guardian, unless the parents or guardian cannot be located, or
5536	fail to appear in response to the notice;
5537	(c) counsel for the parents, if one is requested;
5538	(d) the child's guardian ad litem;
5539	(e) the child welfare caseworker from the division who is assigned to the case; and

5540	(f) the attorney from the attorney general's office who is representing the division.
5541	(5)(a) At the shelter hearing, the juvenile court shall:
5542	(i) provide an opportunity to provide relevant testimony to:
5543	(A) the child's parent or guardian, if present; and
5544	(B) any other individual with relevant knowledge;
5545	(ii) subject to Section 80-3-108, provide an opportunity for the child to testify; and
5546	(iii) in accordance with Subsections 80-3-302(7)(c) and (d), grant preferential
5547	consideration to a relative or friend for the temporary placement of the child.
5548	(b) The juvenile court:
5549	(i) may consider all relevant evidence, in accordance with the Utah Rules of Juvenile
5550	Procedure;
5551	(ii) shall hear relevant evidence presented by the child, the child's parent or guardian,
5552	the requesting party, or the requesting party's counsel; and
5553	(iii) may in the juvenile court's discretion limit testimony and evidence to only that
5554	which goes to the issues of removal and the child's need for continued protection.
5555	(6) If the child is in protective custody, the division shall report to the juvenile court:
5556	(a) the reason why the child was removed from the parent's or guardian's custody;
5557	(b) any services provided to the child and the child's family in an effort to prevent
5558	removal;
5559	(c) the need, if any, for continued shelter;
5560	(d) the available services that could facilitate the return of the child to the custody of the
5561	child's parent or guardian; and
5562	(e) subject to Subsections 80-3-302(7)(c) and (d), whether any relatives of the child or
5563	friends of the child's parents may be able and willing to accept temporary placement
5564	of the child.
5565	(7) The juvenile court shall consider all relevant evidence provided by an individual or
5566	entity authorized to present relevant evidence under this section.
5567	(8)(a) If necessary to protect the child, preserve the rights of a party, or for other good
5568	cause shown, the juvenile court may grant no more than one continuance, not to
5569	exceed five judicial days.
5570	(b) A juvenile court shall honor, as nearly as practicable, the request by a parent or
5571	guardian for a continuance under Subsection (8)(a).
5572	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), if the division fails to provide the notice
5573	described in Subsection (2) within the time described in Subsection (3), the juvenile

5574	court may grant the request of a parent or guardian for a continuance, not to exceed
5575	five judicial days.
5576	(9)(a) If the child is in protective custody, the juvenile court shall order that the child be
5577	returned to the custody of the parent or guardian unless the juvenile court finds, by a
5578	preponderance of the evidence, consistent with the protections and requirements
5579	provided in Subsection 80-2a-201(1), that any one of the following exists:
5580	(i) subject to Subsection (9)(b)(i), there is a serious danger to the physical health or
5581	safety of the child and the child's physical health or safety may not be protected
5582	without removing the child from the custody of the child's parent;
5583	(ii)(A) the child is suffering emotional damage that results in a serious
5584	impairment in the child's growth, development, behavior, or psychological
5585	functioning;
5586	(B) the parent or guardian is unwilling or unable to make reasonable changes that
5587	would sufficiently prevent future damage; and
5588	(C) there are no reasonable means available by which the child's emotional health
5589	may be protected without removing the child from the custody of the child's
5590	parent or guardian;
5591	(iii) there is a substantial risk that the child will suffer abuse or neglect if the child is
5592	not removed from the custody of the child's parent or guardian;
5593	(iv) subject to Subsection (9)(b)(ii), the child or a minor residing in the same
5594	household has been, or is considered to be at substantial risk of being, physically
5595	abused, sexually abused, or sexually exploited by:
5596	(A) a parent or guardian;
5597	(B) a member of the parent's household or the guardian's household; or
5598	(C) an individual known to the parent or guardian;
5599	(v) the parent or guardian is unwilling to have physical custody of the child;
5600	(vi) the parent or guardian is unable to have physical custody of the child;
5601	(vii) the child is without any provision for the child's support;
5602	(viii) a parent who is incarcerated or institutionalized has not or cannot arrange for
5603	safe and appropriate care for the child;
5604	(ix)(A) a relative or other adult custodian with whom the child is left by the
5605	parent or guardian is unwilling or unable to provide care or support for the
5606	child;
5607	(B) the whereabouts of the parent or guardian are unknown; and

5608	(C) reasonable efforts to locate the parent or guardian are unsuccessful;
5609	(x) subject to Subsection [80-1-102(58)(b)(i)] <u>80-1-102(57)(b)(i)</u> and Sections
5610	80-3-109 and 80-3-304, the child is in immediate need of medical care;
5611	(xi)(A) the physical environment or the fact that the child is left unattended
5612	beyond a reasonable period of time poses a threat to the child's health or safety;
5613	and
5614	(B) the parent or guardian is unwilling or unable to make reasonable changes that
5615	would remove the threat;
5616	(xii)(A) the child or a minor residing in the same household has been neglected;
5617	and
5618	(B) the parent or guardian is unwilling or unable to make reasonable changes that
5619	would prevent the neglect;
5620	(xiii) the parent, guardian, or an adult residing in the same household as the parent or
5621	guardian, is charged or arrested pursuant to Title 58, Chapter 37d, Clandestine
5622	Drug Lab Act, and any clandestine laboratory operation was located in the
5623	residence or on the property where the child resided;
5624	(xiv)(A) the child's welfare is substantially endangered; and
5625	(B) the parent or guardian is unwilling or unable to make reasonable changes that
5626	would remove the danger; or
5627	(xv) the child's [natural-]parent:
5628	(A) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another parent of
5629	the child;
5630	(B) is identified by a law enforcement agency as the primary suspect in an
5631	investigation for intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing the death of
5632	another parent of the child; or
5633	(C) is being prosecuted for or has been convicted of intentionally, knowingly, or
5634	recklessly causing the death of another parent of the child.
5635	(b)(i) Prima facie evidence of the finding described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) is
5636	established if:
5637	(A) a court previously adjudicated that the child suffered abuse, neglect, or
5638	dependency involving the parent; and
5639	(B) a subsequent incident of abuse, neglect, or dependency involving the parent
5640	occurs.
5641	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(iv), if the juvenile court finds that the parent

5642knowingly allowed the child to be in the physical care of an individual after the5643parent received actual notice that the individual physically abused, sexually5644abused, or sexually exploited the child, that fact is prima facie evidence that there5645is a substantial risk that the child will be physically abused, sexually abused, or5646sexually exploited.

(10)(a)(i) The juvenile court shall make a determination on the record as to whether
reasonable efforts were made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the
child from the child's home and whether there are available services that would
prevent the need for continued removal.

- (ii) If the juvenile court finds that the child can be safely returned to the custody of
 the child's parent or guardian through the provision of the services described in
 Subsection (10)(a)(i), the juvenile court shall place the child with the child's
 parent or guardian and order that the services be provided by the division.
- (b) In accordance with federal law, the juvenile court shall consider the child's health,
 safety, and welfare as the paramount concern when making the determination
 described in Subsection (10)(a), and in ordering and providing the services described
 in Subsection (10)(a).

(11) If the division's first contact with the family occurred during an emergency situation in
which the child could not safely remain at home, the juvenile court shall make a finding
that any lack of preplacement preventive efforts, as described in Section 80-2a-302, was
appropriate.

- 5663 (12) In cases where sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, abandonment, severe abuse, or severe
 5664 neglect are involved, the juvenile court and the division do not have any duty to make
 5665 reasonable efforts or to, in any other way, attempt to maintain a child in the child's
 5666 home, return a child to the child's home, provide reunification services, or attempt to
 5667 rehabilitate the offending parent or parents.
- 5668 (13) The juvenile court may not order continued removal of a child solely on the basis of5669 educational neglect, truancy, or failure to comply with a court order to attend school.
- 5670 (14)(a) If a juvenile court orders continued removal of a child under this section, the5671 juvenile court shall state the facts on which the decision is based.
- (b) If no continued removal is ordered and the child is returned home, the juvenile courtshall state the facts on which the decision is based.
- 5674 (15) If the juvenile court finds that continued removal and temporary custody are necessary
 5675 for the protection of a child under Subsection (9)(a), the juvenile court shall order

5676	continued removal regardless of:
5677	(a) any error in the initial removal of the child;
5678	(b) the failure of a party to comply with notice provisions; or
5679	(c) any other procedural requirement of this chapter, Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services,
5680	or Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a Child.
5681	Section 67. Section 80-3-302 is amended to read:
5682	80-3-302 . Shelter hearing Placement of a child.
5683	(1) As used in this section:
5684	(a) "Asserted an interest" means to communicate, verbally or in writing, to the division
5685	or the court, that the relative or friend is interested in becoming a placement for the
5686	child.
5687	(b)[(i) "Natural parent," notwithstanding Section 80-1-102, means:]
5688	[(A) a biological or adoptive mother of the child;]
5689	[(B) an adoptive father of the child; or]
5690	[(C) a biological father of the child who:]
5691	[(I) was married to the child's biological mother at the time the child was conceived
5692	or born; or]
5693	[(II) has strictly complied with Sections 78B-6-120 through 78B-6-122, before
5694	removal of the child or voluntary surrender of the child by the custodial parent.]
5695	(i) "Parent" does not include an unmarried biological father, as defined in Section
5696	81-13-101, who has not strictly complied with Sections 81-13-212 and 81-13-213
5697	before the removal of the child or voluntary surrender of the child by the custodial
5698	parent.
5699	(ii) ["Natural parent" includes the individuals described in Subsection (1)(b)] "Parent"
5700	includes, except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(i), an individual with a
5701	parent-child relationship to the child under Section 81-5-201 regardless of whether
5702	the child has been or will be placed with adoptive parents or whether adoption has
5703	been or will be considered as a long-term goal for the child.
5704	(2)(a) At the shelter hearing, if the juvenile court orders that a child be removed from
5705	the custody of the child's parent in accordance with Section 80-3-301, the juvenile
5706	court shall first determine whether there is another [natural]parent with whom the
5707	child was not residing at the time the events or conditions that brought the child
5708	within the juvenile court's jurisdiction occurred, who desires to assume custody of the
5709	child.

5710	(b) Subject to Subsection (7), if another [natural]parent requests custody under
5711	Subsection (2)(a), the juvenile court shall place the child with that parent unless the
5712	juvenile court finds that the placement would be unsafe or otherwise detrimental to
5713	the child.
5714	(c) The juvenile court:
5715	(i) shall make a specific finding regarding the fitness of the parent described in
5716	Subsection (2)(b) to assume custody, and the safety and appropriateness of the
5717	placement;
5718	(ii) shall, at a minimum, order the division to visit the parent's home, comply with the
5719	criminal background check provisions described in Section 80-3-305, and check
5720	the Management Information System for any previous reports of abuse or neglect
5721	received by the division regarding the parent at issue;
5722	(iii) may order the division to conduct any further investigation regarding the safety
5723	and appropriateness of the placement; and
5724	(iv) may place the child in the temporary custody of the division, pending the
5725	juvenile court's determination regarding the placement.
5726	(d) The division shall report the division's findings from an investigation under
5727	Subsection (2)(c), regarding the child in writing to the juvenile court.
5728	(3) If the juvenile court orders placement with a parent under Subsection (2):
5729	(a) the child and the parent are under the continuing jurisdiction of the juvenile court;
5730	(b) the juvenile court may order:
5731	(i) that the parent take custody subject to the supervision of the juvenile court; and
5732	(ii) that services be provided to the parent from whose custody the child was
5733	removed, the parent who has assumed custody, or both; and
5734	(c) the juvenile court shall order reasonable parent-time with the parent from whose
5735	custody the child was removed, unless parent-time is not in the best interest of the
5736	child.
5737	(4) The juvenile court shall periodically review an order described in Subsection (3) to
5738	determine whether:
5739	(a) placement with the parent continues to be in the child's best interest;
5740	(b) the child should be returned to the original custodial parent;
5741	(c) the child should be placed with a relative under Subsections (6) through (9); or
5742	(d) the child should be placed in the temporary custody of the division.
5743	(5)(a) Legal custody of the child is not affected by an order entered under Subsection (2)

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5744	or (3).
5745	(b) To affect a previous court order regarding legal custody, the party shall petition the
5746	court for modification of legal custody.
5747	(6) Subject to Subsection (7), if, at the time of the shelter hearing, a child is removed from
5748	the custody of the child's parent and is not placed in the custody of the child's other
5749	parent, the juvenile court:
5750	(a) shall, at that time, determine whether there is a relative or a friend who is able and
5751	willing to care for the child, which may include asking a child, who is of sufficient
5752	maturity to articulate the child's wishes in relation to a placement, if there is a relative
5753	or friend with whom the child would prefer to reside;
5754	(b) may order the division to conduct a reasonable search to determine whether there are
5755	relatives or friends who are willing and appropriate, in accordance with the
5756	requirements of this chapter, Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services, and Chapter 2a,
5757	Removal and Protective Custody of a Child, for placement of the child;
5758	(c) shall order the parents to cooperate with the division, within five working days, to
5759	provide information regarding relatives or friends who may be able and willing to
5760	care for the child; and
5761	(d) may order that the child be placed in the temporary custody of the division pending
5762	the determination under Subsection (6)(a).
5763	(7)(a)(i) Subject to Subsection (7)(b), and if the provisions of this section are
5764	satisfied, the division and the juvenile court shall give preferential consideration to
5765	a relative's or a friend's request for placement of the child, if the placement is in
5766	the best interest of the child.
5767	(ii) If a relative or friend verbally communicates to the division or court that the
5768	relative or friend is interested in becoming a placement for the child, the division
5769	or court shall make a written record of the communication and include that written
5770	record in the report the division submits at the initial dispositional hearing, a
5771	report the division submits under Section 80-3-408, or the court's legal file.
5772	(b)(i)(A) The preferential consideration that the juvenile court or division
5773	initially grants a friend under Subsection (7)(a)(i) expires 120 days after the
5774	day on which the shelter hearing occurs.
5775	(B) After the day on which the time period described in Subsection (7)(b)(i)(A)
5776	expires, the division or the juvenile court may not grant preferential
5777	consideration to a friend, who has not obtained custody or asserted an interest

5778	in the child.
5779	(ii)(A) Until eight months after the day on which the shelter hearing occurs, the
5780	preferential consideration that the juvenile court or division grants a relative
5781	under Subsection $(7)(a)(i)$ is a rebuttable presumption that placement of the
5782	child with a relative is in the best interest of the child.
5783	(B) After the rebuttable presumption described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(A) expires,
5784	the juvenile court or division shall give preferential consideration to a relative's
5785	request for placement of the child, if the placement is in the best interest of the
5786	child considering the totality of the circumstances.
5787	(C) If a relative asserts an interest in becoming a placement for the child more
5788	than one year after the day on which the shelter hearing occurs, the juvenile
5789	court may not give the relative the preferential consideration described in
5790	Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B).
5791	(c) The following order of preference shall be applied when determining the individual
5792	with whom a child will be placed, provided that the individual is willing and able to
5793	care for the child:
5794	(i) a noncustodial parent of the child;
5795	(ii) a relative of the child;
5796	(iii) subject to Subsection (7)(d), a friend if the friend is a licensed foster parent; and
5797	(iv) other placements that are consistent with the requirements of law.
5798	(d) In determining whether a friend is a willing, able, and appropriate placement for a
5799	child, the juvenile court or the division:
5800	(i) subject to Subsections (7)(d)(ii) through (iv), shall consider the child's preferences
5801	or level of comfort with the friend;
5802	(ii) is required to consider no more than one friend designated by each parent of the
5803	child and one friend designated by the child if the child is of sufficient maturity to
5804	articulate the child's wishes in relation to a placement;
5805	(iii) may limit the number of designated friends to two, one of whom shall be a friend
5806	designated by the child if the child is of sufficient maturity to articulate the child's
5807	wishes in relation to a placement; and
5808	(iv) shall give preference to a friend designated by the child if:
5809	(A) the child is of sufficient maturity to articulate the child's wishes; and
5810	(B) the basis for removing the child under Section 80-3-301 is sexual abuse of the
5811	child.

5812	(e)(i) If a parent of the child or the child, if the child is of sufficient maturity to
5813	articulate the child's wishes in relation to a placement, is not able to designate a
5814	friend who is a licensed foster parent for placement of the child, but is able to
5815	identify a friend who is willing to become licensed as a foster parent, the
5816	department shall fully cooperate to expedite the licensing process for the friend.
5817	(ii) If the friend described in Subsection (7)(e)(i) becomes licensed as a foster parent
5818	within the time frame described in Subsection (7)(b)(i), the juvenile court shall
5819	determine whether it is in the best interest of the child to place the child with the
5820	friend.
5821	(8)(a) If a relative or friend who is willing to cooperate with the child's permanency
5822	goal is identified under Subsection (6)(a), the juvenile court:
5823	(i) shall make a specific finding regarding:
5824	(A) the fitness of that relative or friend as a placement for the child; and
5825	(B) the safety and appropriateness of placement with the relative or friend; and
5826	(ii) may not consider a request for guardianship or adoption of the child by an
5827	individual who is not a relative of the child, or prevent the division from placing
5828	the child in the custody of a relative of the child in accordance with this part, until
5829	after the day on which the juvenile court makes the findings under Subsection
5830	(8)(a)(i).
5831	(b) In making the finding described in Subsection (8)(a), the juvenile court shall, at a
5832	minimum, order the division to:
5833	(i) if the child may be placed with a relative, conduct a background check that
5834	includes:
5835	(A) completion of a nonfingerprint-based, Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification
5836	background check of the relative;
5837	(B) a completed search, relating to the relative, of the Management Information
5838	System; and
5839	(C) a background check that complies with the criminal background check
5840	provisions described in Section 80-3-305, of each nonrelative of the child who
5841	resides in the household where the child may be placed;
5842	(ii) if the child will be placed with a noncustodial parent, complete a background
5843	check that includes:
5844	(A) the background check requirements applicable to an emergency placement
5845	with a noncustodial parent that are described in Subsections 80-2a-301(4) and

5846	(6);
5847	(B) a completed search, relating to the noncustodial parent of the child, of the
5848	Management Information System; and
5849	(C) a background check that complies with the criminal background check
5850	provisions described in Section 80-3-305, of each nonrelative of the child who
5851	resides in the household where the child may be placed;
5852	(iii) if the child may be placed with an individual other than a noncustodial parent or
5853	a relative, conduct a criminal background check of the individual, and each adult
5854	that resides in the household where the child may be placed, that complies with
5855	the criminal background check provisions described in Section 80-3-305;
5856	(iv) visit the relative's or friend's home;
5857	(v) check the Management Information System for any previous reports of abuse or
5858	neglect regarding the relative or friend at issue;
5859	(vi) report the division's findings in writing to the juvenile court; and
5860	(vii) provide sufficient information so that the juvenile court may determine whether:
5861	(A) the relative or friend has any history of abusive or neglectful behavior toward
5862	other children that may indicate or present a danger to this child;
5863	(B) the child is comfortable with the relative or friend;
5864	(C) the relative or friend recognizes the parent's history of abuse and is committed
5865	to protect the child;
5866	(D) the relative or friend is strong enough to resist inappropriate requests by the
5867	parent for access to the child, in accordance with court orders;
5868	(E) the relative or friend is committed to caring for the child as long as necessary;
5869	and
5870	(F) the relative or friend can provide a secure and stable environment for the child.
5871	(c) The division may determine to conduct, or the juvenile court may order the division
5872	to conduct, any further investigation regarding the safety and appropriateness of the
5873	placement described in Subsection (8)(a).
5874	(d) The division shall complete and file the division's assessment regarding placement
5875	with a relative or friend under Subsections (8)(a) and (b) as soon as practicable, in an
5876	effort to facilitate placement of the child with a relative or friend.
5877	(9)(a) The juvenile court may place a child described in Subsection (2)(a) in the
5878	temporary custody of the division, pending the division's investigation under
5879	Subsection (8), and the juvenile court's determination regarding the appropriateness

5880	of the placement.
5881	(b) The juvenile court shall ultimately base the juvenile court's determination regarding
5882	the appropriateness of a placement with a relative or friend on the best interest of the
5883	child.
5884	(10) If a juvenile court places a child described in Subsection (6) with the child's relative or
5885	friend:
5886	(a) the juvenile court shall:
5887	(i) order the relative or friend take custody, subject to the continuing supervision of
5888	the juvenile court;
5889	(ii) provide for reasonable parent-time with the parent or parents from whose custody
5890	the child is removed, unless parent-time is not in the best interest of the child; and
5891	(iii) conduct a periodic review no less often than every six months, to determine
5892	whether:
5893	(A) placement with a relative or friend continues to be in the child's best interest;
5894	(B) the child should be returned home; or
5895	(C) the child should be placed in the custody of the division;
5896	(b) the juvenile court may enter an order:
5897	(i) requiring the division to provide necessary services to the child and the child's
5898	relative or friend, including the monitoring of the child's safety and well-being; or
5899	(ii) that the juvenile court considers necessary for the protection and best interest of
5900	the child; and
5901	(c) the child and the relative or friend in whose custody the child is placed are under the
5902	continuing jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
5903	(11) No later than 12 months after the day on which the child is removed from the home,
5904	the juvenile court shall schedule a hearing for the purpose of entering a permanent order
5905	in accordance with the best interest of the child.
5906	(12) The time limitations described in Section 80-3-406, with regard to reunification
5907	efforts, apply to a child placed with a previously noncustodial parent under Subsection
5908	(2) or with a relative or friend under Subsection (6).
5909	(13)(a) If the juvenile court awards temporary custody of a child to the division, and the
5910	division places the child with a relative, the division shall:
5911	(i) conduct a criminal background check of the relative that complies with the
5912	criminal background check provisions described in Section 80-3-305; and
5913	(ii) if the results of the criminal background check described in Subsection (13)(a)(i)

5914	would prohibit the relative from having direct access to the child under Section
5915	26B-2-120, the division shall:
5916	(A) take the child into physical custody; and
5917	(B) within three days, excluding weekends and holidays, after the day on which
5918	the child is taken into physical custody under Subsection (13)(a)(ii)(A), give
5919	written notice to the juvenile court, and all parties to the proceedings, of the
5920	division's action.
5921	(b) Subsection (13)(a) does not prohibit the division from placing a child with a relative,
5922	pending the results of the background check described in Subsection (13)(a) on the
5923	relative.
5924	(14) If the juvenile court orders that a child be removed from the custody of the child's
5925	parent and does not award custody and guardianship to another parent, relative, or friend
5926	under this section, the juvenile court shall order that the child be placed in the temporary
5927	custody of the division, to proceed to adjudication and disposition and to be provided
5928	with care and services in accordance with this chapter, Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services,
5929	and Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a Child.
5930	(15)(a) If a child reenters the temporary custody or the custody of the division and the
5931	child is not placed with an individual who is a parent, relative, or friend, the division
5932	shall:
5933	(i) notify the child's former foster parents; and
5934	(ii) upon a determination of the former foster parents' willingness and ability to safely
5935	and appropriately care for the child, give the former foster parents preference for
5936	placement of the child.
5937	(b) If, after the shelter hearing, the child is placed with an individual who is not a parent,
5938	a relative, a friend, or a former foster parent of the child, priority shall be given to a
5939	foster placement with a married couple, unless it is in the best interests of the child to
5940	place the child with a single foster parent.
5941	(16) In determining the placement of a child, the juvenile court and the division may not
5942	take into account, or discriminate against, the religion of an individual with whom the
5943	child may be placed, unless the purpose of taking religion into account is to place the
5944	child with an individual or family of the same religion as the child.
5945	(17) If the juvenile court's decision differs from a child's express wishes if the child is of
5946	sufficient maturity to articulate the wishes in relation to the child's placement, the

5948	from the child's wishes.
5949	(18) This section does not guarantee that an identified relative or friend will receive custody
5950	of the child.
5951	(19)(a) If, for a relative placement, an interstate placement requested under the
5952	Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children has been initiated by the division or
5953	is ordered by or pending before the juvenile court, the court may not finalize a
5954	non-relative placement unless the court gives due weight to:
5955	(i) the preferential consideration granted to a relative in Section 80-3-302;
5956	(ii) the rebuttable presumption in Section 80-3-302; and
5957	(iii) the division's placement authority under Subsections 80-1-102(50) and
5958	80-3-303(1).
5959	(b) Nothing in this section affects the ability of a foster parent to petition the juvenile
5960	court under Subsection 80-3-502(3).
5961	Section 68. Section 80-3-307 is amended to read:
5962	80-3-307 . Child and family plan developed by division Parent-time and
5963	relative visitation.
5964	(1) The division shall develop and finalize a child's child and family plan no more than 45
5965	days after the day on which the child enters the temporary custody of the division.
5966	(2)(a) The division may use an interdisciplinary team approach in developing a child
5967	and family plan.
5968	(b) The interdisciplinary team described in Subsection (2)(a) may include
5969	representatives from the following fields:
5970	(i) mental health;
5971	(ii) education; or
5972	(iii) if appropriate, law enforcement.
5973	(3)(a) The division shall involve all of the following in the development of a child's
5974	child and family plan:
5975	(i) both of the child's [natural]parents, unless the whereabouts of a parent are
5976	unknown;
5977	(ii) the child;
5978	(iii) the child's foster parents; and
5979	(iv) if appropriate, the child's stepparent.
5980	(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not prohibit any other party not listed in Subsection (3)(a) or a
5981	party's counsel from being involved in the development of a child's child and family

5982	plan if the party or counsel's participation is otherwise permitted by law.
5983	(c) In relation to all information considered by the division in developing a child and
5984	family plan, the division shall give additional weight and attention to the input of the
5985	child's natural and foster parents upon the involvement of the child's natural and
5986	foster parents under Subsections $(3)(a)(i)$ and (iii) .
5987	(d)(i) The division shall make a substantial effort to develop a child and family plan
5988	with which the child's parents agree.
5989	(ii) If a parent does not agree with a child and family plan:
5990	(A) the division shall strive to resolve the disagreement between the division and
5991	the parent; and
5992	(B) if the disagreement is not resolved, the division shall inform the court of the
5993	disagreement.
5994	(4) A copy of the child and family plan shall, immediately upon completion, or as soon as
5995	reasonably possible thereafter, be provided to:
5996	(a) the guardian ad litem;
5997	(b) the child's [natural]parents; and
5998	(c) the child's foster parents.
5999	(5) A child and family plan shall:
6000	(a) specifically provide for the safety of the child, in accordance with federal law;
6001	(b) clearly define what actions or precautions will, or may be, necessary to provide for
6002	the health, safety, protection, and welfare of the child;
6003	(c) be specific to each child and the child's family, rather than general;
6004	(d) include individualized expectations and contain specific time frames;
6005	(e) except as provided in Subsection (6), address problems that:
6006	(i) keep a child in the child's placement; and
6007	(ii) keep a child from achieving permanence in the child's life;
6008	(f) be designed to:
6009	(i) minimize disruption to the normal activities of the child's family, including
6010	employment and school; and
6011	(ii) as much as practicable, help the child's parent maintain or obtain employment; and
6012	(g) set forth, with specificity, at least the following:
6013	(i) the reason the child entered into protective custody or the division's temporary
6014	custody or custody;
6015	(ii) documentation of:

6016	(A) the reasonable efforts made to prevent placement of the child in protective
6017	custody or the division's temporary custody or custody; or
6018	(B) the emergency situation that existed and that prevented the reasonable efforts
6019	described in Subsection (5)(g)(ii)(A), from being made;
6020	(iii) the primary permanency plan for the child, as described in Section 80-3-406, and
6021	the reason for selection of the plan;
6022	(iv) the concurrent permanency plan for the child, as described in Section 80-3-406,
6023	and the reason for the selection of the plan;
6024	(v) if the plan is for the child to return to the child's family:
6025	(A) specifically what the parents must do in order to enable the child to be
6026	returned home;
6027	(B) specifically how the requirements described in Subsection $(5)(g)(v)(A)$ may
6028	be accomplished; and
6029	(C) how the requirements described in Subsection $(5)(g)(v)(A)$ will be measured;
6030	(vi) the specific services needed to reduce the problems that necessitated placing the
6031	child in protective custody or the division's temporary custody or custody;
6032	(vii) the name of the individual who will provide for and be responsible for case
6033	management for the division;
6034	(viii) subject to Subsection (10), a parent-time schedule between the [natural-]parent
6035	and the child;
6036	(ix) subject to Subsection (7), the health and mental health care to be provided to
6037	address any known or diagnosed mental health needs of the child;
6038	(x) if residential treatment rather than a foster home is the proposed placement, a
6039	requirement for a specialized assessment of the child's health needs including an
6040	assessment of mental illness and behavior and conduct disorders;
6041	(xi) social summaries that include case history information pertinent to case planning;
6042	and
6043	(xii) subject to Subsection (12), a sibling visitation schedule.
6044	(6) For purposes of Subsection (5)(e), a child and family plan may only include
6045	requirements that:
6046	(a) address findings made by the court; or
6047	(b)(i) are requested or consented to by a parent or guardian of the child; and
6048	(ii) are agreed to by the division and the guardian ad litem.
6049	(7)(a) Subject to Subsection (7)(b), in addition to the information required under

6050	Subsection (5)(g)(ix), a child and family plan shall include a specialized assessment
6051	of the medical and mental health needs of a child, if the child:
6052	(i) is placed in residential treatment; and
6053	(ii) has medical or mental health issues that need to be addressed.
6054	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a parent shall retain the right to seek a separate
6055	medical or mental health diagnosis of the parent's child from a licensed practitioner
6056	of the parent's choice.
6057	(8)(a) The division shall train the division's employees to develop child and family
6058	plans that comply with:
6059	(i) federal mandates; and
6060	(ii) the specific needs of the particular child and the child's family.
6061	(b) The child's natural parents, foster parents, and if appropriate, stepparents, shall be
6062	kept informed of and supported to participate in important meetings and procedures
6063	related to the child's placement.
6064	(9) If the division documents to the court that there is a compelling reason that adoption,
6065	reunification, guardianship, and a placement described in Subsection 80-3-301(6)(e) are
6066	not in the child's best interest, the court may order another planned permanent living
6067	arrangement in accordance with federal law.
6068	(10)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), parent-time may only be denied by a
6069	court order issued in accordance with Subsection 80-3-406(9).
6070	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), the person designated by the division or a court
6071	to supervise a parent-time session may deny parent-time for the session if the
6072	supervising person determines that, based on the parent's condition, it is necessary to
6073	deny parent-time to:
6074	(i) protect the physical safety of the child;
6075	(ii) protect the life of the child; or
6076	(iii) consistent with Subsection (10)(c), prevent the child from being traumatized by
6077	contact with the parent.
6078	(c) In determining whether the condition of the parent described in Subsection (10)(b)
6079	will traumatize a child, the person supervising the parent-time session shall consider
6080	the impact that the parent's condition will have on the child in light of:
6081	(i) the child's fear of the parent; and
6082	(ii) the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
6083	(11) If a child is in the division's temporary custody or custody, the division shall consider

6084	visitation with the child's grandparent if:
6085	(a) the division determines the visitation to be in the best interest of the child;
6086	(b) there are no safety concerns regarding the behavior or criminal background of the
6087	grandparent;
6088	(c) allowing the grandparent visitation would not compete with or undermine the child's
6089	reunification plan;
6090	(d) there is a substantial relationship between the grandparent and child; and
6091	(e) the grandparent visitation will not unduly burden the foster parents.
6092	(12)(a) The division shall incorporate into the child and family plan reasonable efforts
6093	to provide sibling visitation if:
6094	(i) siblings are separated due to foster care or adoptive placement;
6095	(ii) the sibling visitation is in the best interest of the child for whom the child and
6096	family plan is developed; and
6097	(iii) the division has consent for sibling visitation from the guardian of the sibling.
6098	(b) The division shall obtain consent for sibling visitation from the sibling's guardian if
6099	the criteria of Subsections (12)(a)(i) and (ii) are met.
6100	Section 69. Section 80-3-405 is amended to read:
6101	80-3-405 . Dispositions after adjudication.
6101 6102	80-3-405 . Dispositions after adjudication. (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the
6102	(1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the
6102 6103	 (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing.
6102 6103 6104	 (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent
6102 6103 6104 6105	 (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without
6102 6103 6104 6105 6106	 Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and
6102 6103 6104 6105 6106 6107	 Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of this chapter.
 6102 6103 6104 6105 6106 6107 6108 	 (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of this chapter. (ii) When placing a minor in the custody of the division or any other appropriate
 6102 6103 6104 6105 6106 6107 6108 6109 	 (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of this chapter. (ii) When placing a minor in the custody of the division or any other appropriate person, the juvenile court:
 6102 6103 6104 6105 6106 6107 6108 6109 6110 	 (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of this chapter. (ii) When placing a minor in the custody of the division or any other appropriate person, the juvenile court: (A) shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the minor;
 6102 6103 6104 6105 6106 6107 6108 6109 6110 6111 	 (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of this chapter. (ii) When placing a minor in the custody of the division or any other appropriate person, the juvenile court: (A) shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the minor; (B) shall give due consideration to the rights of the parent or parents concerning
 6102 6103 6104 6105 6106 6107 6108 6109 6110 6111 6112 	 Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of this chapter. (ii) When placing a minor in the custody of the division or any other appropriate person, the juvenile court: (A) shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the minor; (B) shall give due consideration to the rights of the parent or parents concerning the minor; and
 6102 6103 6104 6105 6106 6107 6108 6109 6110 6111 6112 6113 	 Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of this chapter. (ii) When placing a minor in the custody of the division or any other appropriate person, the juvenile court: (A) shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the minor; (B) shall give due consideration to the rights of the parent or parents concerning the minor; and (C) when practicable, may take into consideration the religious preferences of the
 6102 6103 6104 6105 6106 6107 6108 6109 6110 6111 6112 6113 6114 	 (1) Upon adjudication under Subsection 80-3-402(1), the juvenile court may make the dispositions described in Subsection (2) at the dispositional hearing. (2)(a)(i) The juvenile court may vest custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division or any other appropriate person, with or without court-specified child welfare services, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of this chapter. (ii) When placing a minor in the custody of the division or any other appropriate person, the juvenile court: (A) shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the minor; (B) shall give due consideration to the rights of the parent or parents concerning the minor; and (C) when practicable, may take into consideration the religious preferences of the minor and of the minor's parents or guardian.

6118	institution or agency, but not a nonsecure residential placement provider, in which
6119	legal custody of the minor is vested.
6120	(iii) When placing a minor under the guardianship of an individual or of a private
6121	agency or institution, the juvenile court:
6122	(A) shall give primary consideration to the welfare of the minor; and
6123	(B) when practicable, may take into consideration the religious preferences of the
6124	minor and of the minor's parents or guardian.
6125	(c) The juvenile court may order:
6126	(i) protective supervision;
6127	(ii) family preservation;
6128	(iii) sibling visitation; or
6129	(iv) other services.
6130	(d)(i) If a minor has been placed with an individual or relative as a result of an
6131	adjudication under this chapter, the juvenile court may enter an order of
6132	permanent legal custody and guardianship with the individual or relative of the
6133	minor.
6134	(ii) If a juvenile court enters an order of permanent custody and guardianship with an
6135	individual or relative of a minor under Subsection (2)(d)(i), the juvenile court
6136	may, in accordance with Section 78A-6-356, enter an order for child support on
6137	behalf of the minor against the [natural-]parents of the minor.
6138	(iii) An order under this Subsection (2)(d):
6139	(A) shall remain in effect until the minor is 18 years old;
6140	(B) is not subject to review under Section 78A-6-358; and
6141	(C) may be modified by petition or motion as provided in Section 78A-6-357.
6142	(e) The juvenile court may order a child be committed to the physical custody, as
6143	defined in Section 26B-5-401, of a local mental health authority, in accordance with
6144	the procedures and requirements of Title 26B, Chapter 5, Part 4, Commitment of
6145	Persons Under Age 18.
6146	(f)(i) If the child has an intellectual disability, the juvenile court may make an order
6147	committing a minor to the Utah State Developmental Center in accordance with
6148	Title 26B, Chapter 6, Part 6, Admission to an Intermediate Care Facility for
6149	People with an Intellectual Disability.
6150	(ii) The juvenile court shall follow the procedure applicable in the district court with
6151	respect to judicial commitments to the Utah State Developmental Center when

6152	ordering a commitment under Subsection (2)(f)(i).
6153	(g)(i) Subject to Subsection [80-1-102(58)(b)] 80-1-102(57)(b) and Section 80-3-304,
6154	the juvenile court may order that a minor:
6155	(A) be examined or treated by a mental health therapist, as described in Section
6156	80-3-109; or
6157	(B) receive other special care.
6158	(ii) For purposes of receiving the examination, treatment, or care described in
6159	Subsection (2)(g)(i), the juvenile court may place the minor in a hospital or other
6160	suitable facility that is not secure care or secure detention.
6161	(iii) In determining whether to order the examination, treatment, or care described in
6162	Subsection (2)(g)(i), the juvenile court shall consider:
6163	(A) the desires of the minor;
6164	(B) the desires of the parent or guardian of the minor if the minor is younger than
6165	18 years old; and
6166	(C) whether the potential benefits of the examination, treatment, or care outweigh
6167	the potential risks and side-effects, including behavioral disturbances, suicidal
6168	ideation, brain function impairment, or emotional or physical harm resulting
6169	from the compulsory nature of the examination, treatment, or care.
6170	(h) The juvenile court may make other reasonable orders for the best interest of the
6171	minor.
6172	(3)(a) At the dispositional hearing described in Subsection 80-3-402(3), if a child
6173	remains in an out-of-home placement, the juvenile court shall:
6174	(i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the
6175	child's best interest; and
6176	(ii) if parent-time is denied, state the facts that justify the denial.
6177	(b) Parent-time shall be under the least restrictive conditions necessary to:
6178	(i) protect the physical safety of the child; or
6179	(ii) prevent the child from being traumatized by contact with the parent due to the
6180	child's fear of the parent in light of the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
6181	(c)(i) The division or the person designated by the division or a court to supervise a
6182	parent-time session may deny parent-time for the session if the division or the
6183	supervising person determines that, based on the parent's condition, it is necessary
6184	to deny parent-time to:
6185	(A) protect the physical safety of the child;

6186	(B) protect the life of the child; or
6187	(C) consistent with Subsection $(3)(c)(ii)$, prevent the child from being traumatized
6188	by contact with the parent.
6189	(ii) In determining whether the condition of the parent described in Subsection
6190	(3)(c)(i) will traumatize a child, the division or the person supervising the
6191	parent-time session shall consider the impact that the parent's condition will have
6192	on the child in light of:
6193	(A) the child's fear of the parent; and
6194	(B) the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
6195	(4) Upon an adjudication under this chapter, the juvenile court may not:
6196	(a) commit a minor solely on the ground of abuse, neglect, or dependency to the
6197	Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services;
6198	(b) assume the function of developing foster home services; or
6199	(c) vest legal custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent minor in the division to
6200	primarily address the minor's ungovernable or other behavior, mental health, or
6201	disability, unless the division:
6202	(i) engages other relevant divisions within the department that are conducting an
6203	assessment of the minor and the minor's family's needs;
6204	(ii) based on the assessment described in Subsection (4)(c)(i), determines that vesting
6205	custody of the minor in the division is the least restrictive intervention for the
6206	minor that meets the minor's needs; and
6207	(iii) consents to legal custody of the minor being vested in the division.
6208	(5) The juvenile court may combine the dispositions listed in Subsection (2) if combining
6209	the dispositions is permissible and the dispositions are compatible.
6210	(6)(a) If, for a relative placement, an interstate placement requested under the Interstate
6211	Compact on the Placement of Children has been initiated by the division or is ordered
6212	by or pending before the juvenile court, the court may not finalize a non-relative
6213	placement unless the court gives due weight to:
6214	(i) the preferential consideration granted to a relative in Section 80-3-302;
6215	(ii) the rebuttable presumption in Section 80-3-302; and
6216	(iii) the division's placement authority under Subsections 80-1-102(50) and
6217	80-3-303(1).
6218	(b) Nothing in this section affects the ability of a foster parent to petition the juvenile
6219	court under Subsection 80-3-502(3).

6220	Section 70. Section 80-3-409 is amended to read:
6221	80-3-409 . Permanency hearing Final plan Petition for termination of
6222	parental rights filed Hearing on termination of parental rights.
6223	(1)(a) If reunification services are ordered under Section 80-3-406, with regard to a
6224	minor who is in the custody of the division, the juvenile court shall hold a
6225	permanency hearing no later than 12 months after the day on which the minor is
6226	initially removed from the minor's home.
6227	(b) If reunification services are not ordered at the dispositional hearing, the juvenile
6228	court shall hold a permanency hearing within 30 days after the day on which the
6229	dispositional hearing ends.
6230	(2)(a) If reunification services are ordered in accordance with Section 80-3-406, the
6231	juvenile court shall, at the permanency hearing, determine, consistent with
6232	Subsection (3), whether the minor may safely be returned to the custody of the
6233	minor's parent.
6234	(b) If the juvenile court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that return of the
6235	minor to the minor's parent would create a substantial risk of detriment to the minor's
6236	physical or emotional well-being, the minor may not be returned to the custody of the
6237	minor's parent.
6238	(c) Prima facie evidence that return of the minor to a parent or guardian would create a
6239	substantial risk of detriment to the minor is established if:
6240	(i) the parent or guardian fails to:
6241	(A) participate in a court approved child and family plan;
6242	(B) comply with a court approved child and family plan in whole or in part; or
6243	(C) meet the goals of a court approved child and family plan; or
6244	(ii) the minor's [natural]parent:
6245	(A) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another parent of
6246	the minor;
6247	(B) is identified by a law enforcement agency as the primary suspect in an
6248	investigation for intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing the death of
6249	another parent of the minor; or
6250	(C) is being prosecuted for or has been convicted of intentionally, knowingly, or
6251	recklessly causing the death of another parent of the minor.
6252	(3) In making a determination under Subsection (2)(a), the juvenile court shall:
6253	(a) review and consider:

6254	(i) the report prepared by the division;
6255	(ii) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Evidence, any admissible evidence offered
6256	by the minor's attorney guardian ad litem;
6257	(iii) any report submitted by the division under Subsection 80-3-408(3)(a)(i);
6258	(iv) any evidence regarding the efforts or progress demonstrated by the parent; and
6259	(v) the extent to which the parent cooperated and used the services provided; and
6260	(b) attempt to keep the minor's sibling group together if keeping the sibling group
6261	together is:
6262	(i) practicable; and
6263	(ii) in accordance with the best interest of the minor.
6264	(4) With regard to a case where reunification services are ordered by the juvenile court, if a
6265	minor is not returned to the minor's parent or guardian at the permanency hearing, the
6266	juvenile court shall, unless the time for the provision of reunification services is
6267	extended under Subsection (7):
6268	(a) order termination of reunification services to the parent;
6269	(b) make a final determination regarding whether termination of parental rights,
6270	adoption, or permanent custody and guardianship is the most appropriate final plan
6271	for the minor, taking into account the minor's primary permanency plan established
6272	by the juvenile court under Section 80-3-406; and
6273	(c) in accordance with Subsection 80-3-406(2), establish a concurrent permanency plan
6274	that identifies the second most appropriate final plan for the minor, if appropriate.
6275	(5) The juvenile court may order another planned permanent living arrangement other than
6276	reunification for a minor who is 16 years old or older upon entering the following
6277	findings:
6278	(a) the division has documented intensive, ongoing, and unsuccessful efforts to reunify
6279	the minor with the minor's parent or parents, or to secure a placement for the minor
6280	with a guardian, an adoptive parent, or an individual described in Subsection 80-3-301
6281	(6)(e);
6282	(b) the division has demonstrated that the division has made efforts to normalize the life
6283	of the minor while in the division's custody, in accordance with Section 80-2-308;
6284	(c) the minor prefers another planned permanent living arrangement; and
6285	(d) there is a compelling reason why reunification or a placement described in
6286	Subsection (5)(a) is not in the minor's best interest.
6287	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (7) the juvenile court may not extend reunification

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 (B) it is likely that reunification will occur within the additional 90-day period; and (C) the extension is in the best interest of the minor; (ii) the juvenile court specifies the facts upon which the findings described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) are based; and (iii) the juvenile court specifies the time period in which it is likely that reunification will occur. (d) A juvenile court may not extend the time period for reunification services without complying with the requirements of this Subsection (7) before the extension. (e) In determining whether to extend reunification services for a minor, a juvenile court shall take into consideration the status of the minor siblings of the minor. (8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the juvenile court shall: (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the child's best interest; and 	6305	(i) the juvenile court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that:
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 (ii) the juvenile court specifies the facts upon which the findings described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) are based; and (iii) the juvenile court specifies the time period in which it is likely that reunification will occur. (d) A juvenile court may not extend the time period for reunification services without complying with the requirements of this Subsection (7) before the extension. (e) In determining whether to extend reunification services for a minor, a juvenile court shall take into consideration the status of the minor siblings of the minor. (8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the juvenile court shall: (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the child's best interest; and 	6307	(B) it is likely that reunification will occur within the additional 90-day period; and
 6310 Subsection (7)(c)(i) are based; and 6311 (iii) the juvenile court specifies the time period in which it is likely that reunification 6312 will occur. 6313 (d) A juvenile court may not extend the time period for reunification services without 6314 complying with the requirements of this Subsection (7) before the extension. 6315 (e) In determining whether to extend reunification services for a minor, a juvenile court 6316 shall take into consideration the status of the minor siblings of the minor. 6317 (8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the 6318 juvenile court shall: 6319 (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the 6320 child's best interest; and 	6308	(C) the extension is in the best interest of the minor;
 (iii) the juvenile court specifies the time period in which it is likely that reunification will occur. (d) A juvenile court may not extend the time period for reunification services without complying with the requirements of this Subsection (7) before the extension. (e) In determining whether to extend reunification services for a minor, a juvenile court shall take into consideration the status of the minor siblings of the minor. (8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the juvenile court shall: (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the child's best interest; and 	6309	(ii) the juvenile court specifies the facts upon which the findings described in
 6312 will occur. 6313 (d) A juvenile court may not extend the time period for reunification services without 6314 complying with the requirements of this Subsection (7) before the extension. 6315 (e) In determining whether to extend reunification services for a minor, a juvenile court 6316 shall take into consideration the status of the minor siblings of the minor. 6317 (8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the 6318 juvenile court shall: 6319 (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the 6320 child's best interest; and 	6310	Subsection (7)(c)(i) are based; and
 (d) A juvenile court may not extend the time period for reunification services without complying with the requirements of this Subsection (7) before the extension. (e) In determining whether to extend reunification services for a minor, a juvenile court shall take into consideration the status of the minor siblings of the minor. (8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the juvenile court shall: (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the child's best interest; and 	6311	(iii) the juvenile court specifies the time period in which it is likely that reunification
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 (e) In determining whether to extend reunification services for a minor, a juvenile court shall take into consideration the status of the minor siblings of the minor. (8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the juvenile court shall: (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the child's best interest; and 	6313	(d) A juvenile court may not extend the time period for reunification services without
 6316 shall take into consideration the status of the minor siblings of the minor. 6317 (8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the 6318 juvenile court shall: 6319 (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the 6320 child's best interest; and 	6314	complying with the requirements of this Subsection (7) before the extension.
 6317 (8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the 6318 juvenile court shall: 6319 (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the 6320 child's best interest; and 	6315	(e) In determining whether to extend reunification services for a minor, a juvenile court
 6318 juvenile court shall: 6319 (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the 6320 child's best interest; and 	6316	shall take into consideration the status of the minor siblings of the minor.
 6319 (i) make specific findings regarding the conditions of parent-time that are in the 6320 child's best interest; and 	6317	(8)(a) At the permanency hearing, if a child remains in an out-of-home placement, the
6320 child's best interest; and	6318	juvenile court shall:
6321 (ii) if parent-time is denied, state the facts that justify the denial.		
	6321	(ii) if parent-time is denied, state the facts that justify the denial.

6322	(b) Parent-time shall be under the least restrictive conditions necessary to:
6323	(i) protect the physical safety of the child; or
6324	(ii) prevent the child from being traumatized by contact with the parent due to the
6325	child's fear of the parent in light of the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
6326	(c)(i) The division or the person designated by the division or a court to supervise a
6327	parent-time session may deny parent-time for the session if the division or the
6328	supervising person determines that, based on the parent's condition, it is necessary
6329	to deny parent-time to:
6330	(A) protect the physical safety of the child;
6331	(B) protect the life of the child; or
6332	(C) consistent with Subsection (8)(c)(ii), prevent the child from being traumatized
6333	by contact with the parent.
6334	(ii) In determining whether the condition of the parent described in Subsection
6335	(8)(c)(i) will traumatize a child, the division or the person supervising the
6336	parent-time session shall consider the impact that the parent's condition will have
6337	on the child in light of:
6338	(A) the child's fear of the parent; and
6339	(B) the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
6340	(9) The juvenile court may, in the juvenile court's discretion:
6341	(a) enter any additional order that the juvenile court determines to be in the best interest
6342	of the minor, so long as that order does not conflict with the requirements and
6343	provisions of Subsections (4) through (8); or
6344	(b) order the division to provide protective supervision or other services to a minor and
6345	the minor's family after the division's custody of a minor is terminated.
6346	(10)(a) If the final plan for the minor is to proceed toward termination of parental rights,
6347	the petition for termination of parental rights shall be filed, and a pretrial held, within
6348	45 calendar days after the day on which the permanency hearing is held.
6349	(b) If the division opposes the plan to terminate parental rights, the juvenile court may
6350	not require the division to file a petition for the termination of parental rights, except
6351	as required under Subsection 80-4-203(2).
6352	(11)(a) Any party to an action may, at any time, petition the juvenile court for an
6353	expedited permanency hearing on the basis that continuation of reunification efforts
6354	are inconsistent with the permanency needs of the minor.
6355	(b) If the juvenile court so determines, the juvenile court shall order, in accordance with

6356	federal law, that:
6357	(i) the minor be placed in accordance with the permanency plan; and
6358	(ii) whatever steps are necessary to finalize the permanent placement of the minor be
6359	completed as quickly as possible.
6360	(12) Nothing in this section may be construed to:
6361	(a) entitle any parent to reunification services for any specified period of time;
6362	(b) limit a juvenile court's ability to terminate reunification services at any time before a
6363	permanency hearing; or
6364	(c) limit or prohibit the filing of a petition for termination of parental rights by any party,
6365	or a hearing on termination of parental rights, at any time before a permanency
6366	hearing provided that relative placement and custody options have been fairly
6367	considered in accordance with Sections 80-2a-201 and 80-4-104.
6368	(13)(a) Subject to Subsection (13)(b), if a petition for termination of parental rights is
6369	filed before the date scheduled for a permanency hearing, the juvenile court may
6370	consolidate the hearing on termination of parental rights with the permanency hearing.
6371	(b) For purposes of Subsection (13)(a), if the juvenile court consolidates the hearing on
6372	termination of parental rights with the permanency hearing:
6373	(i) the juvenile court shall first make a finding regarding whether reasonable efforts
6374	have been made by the division to finalize the permanency plan for the minor; and
6375	(ii) any reunification services shall be terminated in accordance with the time lines
6376	described in Section 80-3-406.
6377	(c) The juvenile court shall make a decision on a petition for termination of parental
6378	rights within 18 months after the day on which the minor is initially removed from
6379	the minor's home.
6380	(14)(a) If a juvenile court determines that a minor will not be returned to a parent of the
6381	minor, the juvenile court shall consider appropriate placement options inside and
6382	outside of the state.
6383	(b) In considering appropriate placement options under Subsection (14)(a), the juvenile
6384	court shall provide preferential consideration to a relative's request for placement of
6385	the minor.
6386	(15)(a) In accordance with Section 80-3-108, if a minor 14 years old or older desires an
6387	opportunity to address the juvenile court or testify regarding permanency or
6388	placement, the juvenile court shall give the minor's wishes added weight, but may not
6389	treat the minor's wishes as the single controlling factor under this section.

6390	(b) If the juvenile court's decision under this section differs from a minor's express
6391	wishes if the minor is of sufficient maturity to articulate the wishes in relation to
6392	permanency or the minor's placement, the juvenile court shall make findings
6393	explaining why the juvenile court's decision differs from the minor's wishes.
6394	(16)(a) If, for a relative placement, an interstate placement requested under the
6395	Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children has been initiated by the division or
6396	is ordered by or pending before the juvenile court, the court may not finalize a
6397	non-relative placement unless the court gives due weight to:
6398	(i) the preferential consideration granted to a relative in Section 80-3-302;
6399	(ii) the rebuttable presumption in Section 80-3-302; and
6400	(iii) the division's placement authority under Subsections 80-1-102(50) and 80-3-303
6401	(1).
6402	(b) Nothing in this section affects the ability of a foster parent to petition the juvenile
6403	court under Subsection 80-3-502(3).
6404	Section 71. Section 80-3-502 is amended to read:
6405	80-3-502 . Review of foster care removal Foster parent's standing.
6406	(1) With regard to a minor in the custody of the division who is the subject of a petition
6407	alleging abuse, neglect, or dependency, and who has been placed in foster care with a
6408	foster family, the Legislature finds that:
6409	(a) except with regard to the minor's [natural-]parents, a foster family has a very limited
6410	but recognized interest in its familial relationship with the minor; and
6411	(b) minors in the custody of the division are experiencing multiple changes in foster care
6412	placements with little or no documentation, and that numerous studies of child
6413	growth and development emphasize the importance of stability in foster care living
6414	arrangements.
6415	(2) For the reasons described in Subsection (1), the Legislature finds that, except with
6416	regard to the minor's [natural]parents, procedural due process protections must be
6417	provided to a foster family prior to removal of a foster minor from the foster home.
6418	(3)(a) A foster parent who has had a foster minor in the foster parent's home for 12
6419	months or longer may petition the juvenile court for a review and determination of
6420	the appropriateness of a decision by the division to remove the minor from the foster
6421	home, unless the removal was for the purpose of:
6422	(i) returning the minor to the minor's [natural]parent or legal guardian;
6423	(ii) immediately placing the minor in an approved adoptive home;

6424	(iii) placing the minor with a relative who obtained custody or asserted an interest in
6425	the minor within the preference period described in Subsection 80-3-302(8); or
6426	(iv) placing an Indian child in accordance with placement preferences and other
6427	requirements described in the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1915.
6428	(b) The foster parent may petition the juvenile court under this section without
6429	exhausting administrative remedies within the division.
6430	(c) The juvenile court may order the division to place the minor in a specified home, and
6431	shall base the juvenile court's determination on the best interest of the minor.
6432	(4) The requirements of this section do not apply to the removal of a minor based on a
6433	foster parent's request for that removal.
6434	Section 72. Section 80-4-104 is amended to read:
6435	80-4-104 . Judicial process for termination Parent unfit or incompetent Best
6436	interest of child.
6437	(1) Under both the United States Constitution and the constitution of this state, a parent
6438	possesses a fundamental liberty interest in the care, custody, and management of the
6439	parent's child. For this reason, the termination of family ties by the state may only be
6440	done for compelling reasons.
6441	(2) The juvenile court shall provide a fundamentally fair process to a parent if a party
6442	moves to terminate the parent's parental rights.
6443	(3) If the party moving to terminate parental rights is a governmental entity, the juvenile
6444	court shall find that any actions or allegations made in opposition to the rights and
6445	desires of a parent regarding the parent's child are supported by sufficient evidence to
6446	satisfy a parent's constitutional entitlement to heightened protection against government
6447	interference with the parent's fundamental rights and liberty interests.
6448	(4)(a) The fundamental liberty interest of a parent concerning the care, custody, and
6449	management of the parent's child is recognized, protected, and does not cease to exist
6450	simply because:
6451	(i) a parent may fail to be a model parent; or
6452	(ii) the parent's child is placed in the temporary custody of the state.
6453	(b) The juvenile court should give serious consideration to the fundamental right of a
6454	parent to rear the parent's child, and concomitantly, of the right of the child to be
6455	reared by the child's [natural-]parent.
6456	(5) At all times, a parent retains a vital interest in preventing the irretrievable destruction of
6457	family life.

- (6) Before an adjudication of unfitness, government action in relation to a parent and a parent's child may not exceed the least restrictive means or alternatives available to accomplish a compelling state interest.
 (7) Until parental unfitness is established and the children suffer, or are substantially likely to suffer, serious detriment as a result, the child and the child's parent share a vital
- 6463 interest in preventing erroneous termination of their relationship and the juvenile court6464 may not presume that a child and the child's parents are adversaries.
- 6465 (8)(a) It is in the best interest and welfare of a child to be raised under the care and
 6466 supervision of the child's [natural]parents.
- 6467 (b) A child's need for a normal family life in a permanent home, and for positive,
 6468 nurturing family relationships is usually best met by the child's [natural]parents.
- 6469 (c) Additionally, the integrity of the family unit and the right of parents to conceive and
 6470 raise their children are constitutionally protected.
- 6471 (d) For these reasons, the juvenile court should only transfer custody of a child from the
 6472 child's [natural-]parent for compelling reasons and when there is a jurisdictional basis
 6473 to do so.
- (9) The right of a fit, competent parent to raise the parent's child without undue government
 interference is a fundamental liberty interest that has long been protected by the laws
 and Constitution of this state and of the United States, and is a fundamental public
 policy of this state.
- 6478 (10)(a) The state recognizes that:
- (i) a parent has the right, obligation, responsibility, and authority to raise, manage,
 train, educate, provide for, and reasonably discipline the parent's child; and
- (ii) the state's role is secondary and supportive to the primary role of a parent.
- (b) It is the public policy of this state that a parent retain the fundamental right and duty
 to exercise primary control over the care, supervision, upbringing, and education of
 the parent's child.
- 6485 (c) The interests of the state favor preservation and not severance of natural familial
 6486 bonds in situations where a positive, nurturing parent-child relationship can exist,
 6487 including extended family association and support.
- 6488 (11) This chapter provides a judicial process for voluntary and involuntary severance of the
 6489 parent-child relationship, designed to safeguard the rights and interests of all parties
 6490 concerned and promote their welfare and that of the state.
- 6491 (12)(a) Wherever possible, family life should be strengthened and preserved, but if a

6492	parent is found, by reason of the parent's conduct or condition, to be unfit or
6493	incompetent based upon any of the grounds for termination described in this part, the
6494	juvenile court shall then consider the welfare and best interest of the child of
6495	paramount importance in determining whether termination of parental rights shall be
6496	ordered.
6497	(b) In determining whether termination is in the best interest of the child, and in finding,
6498	based on the totality of the circumstances, that termination of parental rights, from
6499	the child's point of view, is strictly necessary to promote the child's best interest, the
6500	juvenile court shall consider, among other relevant factors, whether:
6501	(i) sufficient efforts were dedicated to reunification in accordance with Section
6502	80-4-301; and
6503	(ii) pursuant to Section 80-3-302, the efforts to place the child with a relative who has,
6504	or is willing to come forward to care for the child, were given due weight.
6505	Section 73. Section 80-4-106 is amended to read:
6506	80-4-106 . Individuals entitled to be present at proceedings Legal
6507	representation Attorney general responsibilities.
6508	(1)(a) The parties shall be advised of the parties' right to counsel, including the
6509	appointment of counsel for a parent or guardian facing any action initiated by a
6510	private party under this chapter or under Section [78B-6-112] 81-13-205 for
6511	termination of parental rights.
6512	(b) If a parent or guardian is the subject of a petition for the termination of parental
6513	rights, the juvenile court shall:
6514	(i) appoint an indigent defense service provider for a parent or guardian determined
6515	to be an indigent individual in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 2,
6516	Appointment of Counsel; and
6517	(ii) order indigent defense services for the parent or guardian who is determined to be
6518	an indigent individual in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 2,
6519	Appointment of Counsel.
6520	(c) In any action under this chapter, a guardian ad litem, as defined in Section 78A-2-801,
6521	shall represent the child in accordance with Sections 78A-2-803 and 80-3-104.
6522	(2) Subject to Section 67-5-17 and the attorney general's prosecutorial discretion in civil
6523	enforcement actions, the attorney general shall, in accordance with Section 80-2-303,
6524	enforce this chapter, Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services, and Chapter 2a, Removal and
6525	Protective Custody of a Child, relating to the termination of parental rights.

6526 (3)(a) The juvenile court shall admit any individual to a hearing unless the juvenile 6527 court makes a finding upon the record that the individual's presence at the hearing 6528 would: 6529 (i) be detrimental to the best interest of a child who is a party to the proceeding; 6530 (ii) impair the fact-finding process; or 6531 (iii) be otherwise contrary to the interests of justice. 6532 (b) The juvenile court may exclude an individual from a hearing under Subsection (3)(a)6533 on the juvenile court's own motion or by motion of a party to the proceeding. 6534 Section 74. Section 80-4-203 is amended to read: 6535 80-4-203. Mandatory petition for termination of parental rights. 6536 (1) For purposes of this section, "abandoned infant" means a child who is 12 months old or 6537 younger and whose parent or parents: 6538 (a) although having legal custody of the child, fail to maintain physical custody of the 6539 child without making arrangements for the care of the child; 6540 (b) have failed to: 6541 (i) maintain physical custody; and 6542 (ii) exhibit the normal interest of a [natural] parent without just cause; or 6543 (c) are unwilling to have physical custody of the child. 6544 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), notwithstanding any other provision of this 6545 chapter, Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services, or Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective 6546 Custody of a Child, the division shall file a petition for termination of parental rights 6547 with regard to: 6548 (a) an abandoned infant; or 6549 (b) the child of a parent, whenever a court has determined that the parent has: 6550 (i) committed murder or child abuse homicide of another child of that parent; 6551 (ii) committed manslaughter of another child of that parent; 6552 (iii) aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to commit murder, child abuse 6553 homicide, or manslaughter against another child of that parent; or 6554 (iv) committed a felony assault or abuse that results in serious physical injury to: 6555 (A) another child of that parent; or 6556 (B) the other parent of the child. 6557 (3) The division is not required to file a petition for termination of parental rights under 6558 Subsection (2) if: 6559 (a) the child is being cared for by a relative;

6560	(b) the division has:
6561	(i) documented in the child's child and family plan a compelling reason for
6562	determining that filing a petition for termination of parental rights is not in the
6563	child's best interest; and
6564	(ii) made that child and family plan available to the juvenile court for the juvenile
6565	court's review; or
6566	(c)(i) the juvenile court has previously determined, in accordance with the provisions
6567	and limitations of Sections 80-2a-201, 80-2a-302, 80-3-301, and 80-3-406, that
6568	reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the child's parent or parents were
6569	required; and
6570	(ii) the division has not provided, within the time period specified in the child and
6571	family plan, services that had been determined to be necessary for the safe return
6572	of the child.
6573	Section 75. Section 80-4-302 is amended to read:
6574	80-4-302 . Evidence of grounds for termination.
6575	(1) In determining whether a parent or parents have abandoned a child, it is prima facie
6576	evidence of abandonment that the parent or parents:
6577	(a) although having legal custody of the child, have surrendered physical custody of the
6578	child, and for a period of six months following the surrender have not manifested to
6579	the child or to the person having the physical custody of the child a firm intention to
6580	resume physical custody or to make arrangements for the care of the child;
6581	(b) have failed to communicate with the child by mail, telephone, or otherwise for six
6582	months;
6583	(c) failed to have shown the normal interest of a [natural]parent, without just cause; or
6584	(d) have abandoned an infant, as described in Section 80-4-203.
6585	(2) In determining whether a parent or parents are unfit or have neglected a child the
6586	juvenile court shall consider:
6587	(a) emotional illness, mental illness, or mental deficiency of the parent that renders the
6588	parent unable to care for the immediate and continuing physical or emotional needs
6589	of the child for extended periods of time;
6590	(b) conduct toward a child of a physically, emotionally, or sexually cruel or abusive
6591	nature;
6592	(c) habitual or excessive use of intoxicating liquors, controlled substances, or dangerous
6593	drugs that render the parent unable to care for the child;

6594	(d) repeated or continuous failure to provide the child with adequate food, clothing,
6595	shelter, education, or other care necessary for the child's physical, mental, and
6596	emotional health and development by a parent or parents who are capable of
6597	providing that care;
6598	(e) whether the parent is incarcerated as a result of conviction of a felony, and the
6599	sentence is of such length that the child will be deprived of a normal home for more
6600	than one year;
6601	(f) a history of violent behavior;
6602	(g) whether the parent has intentionally exposed the child to pornography or material
6603	harmful to a minor, as defined in Section 76-10-1201; or
6604	(h) any other circumstance, conduct, or condition that the court considers relevant in the
6605	determination of whether a parent or parents are unfit or have neglected the child.
6606	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(c), the juvenile court may not discriminate against a
6607	parent because of or otherwise consider the parent's lawful possession or consumption of
6608	cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product, as those terms are defined in
6609	Section 26B-4-201 or a medical cannabis device, in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter
6610	4, Part 2, Cannabinoid Research and Medical Cannabis.
6611	(4) A parent who, legitimately practicing the parent's religious beliefs, does not provide
6612	specified medical treatment for a child is not, for that reason alone, a negligent or unfit
6613	parent.
6614	(5)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a parent may not be considered neglectful or
6615	unfit because of a health care decision made for a child by the child's parent unless
6616	the state or other party to the proceeding shows, by clear and convincing evidence,
6617	that the health care decision is not reasonable and informed.
6618	(b) Nothing in Subsection (5)(a) may prohibit a parent from exercising the right to
6619	obtain a second health care opinion.
6620	(6) If a child has been placed in the custody of the division and the parent or parents fail to
6621	comply substantially with the terms and conditions of a plan within six months after the
6622	date on which the child was placed or the plan was commenced, whichever occurs later,
6623	that failure to comply is evidence of failure of parental adjustment.
6624	(7) The following circumstances are prima facie evidence of unfitness:
6625	(a) sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, injury, or death of a sibling of the child, or of any
6626	child, due to known or substantiated abuse or neglect by the parent or parents;
6627	(b) conviction of a crime, if the facts surrounding the crime are of such a nature as to

6628	indicate the unfitness of the parent to provide adequate care to the extent necessary
6629	for the child's physical, mental, or emotional health and development;
6630	(c) a single incident of life-threatening or gravely disabling injury to or disfigurement of
6631	the child;
6632	(d) the parent has committed, aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to
6633	commit murder or manslaughter of a child or child abuse homicide; or
6634	(e) the parent intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another parent
6635	of the child, without legal justification.
6636	Section 76. Section 80-4-307 is amended to read:
6637	80-4-307 . Voluntary relinquishment Irrevocable.
6638	(1) The individual consenting to termination of parental rights or voluntarily relinquishing
6639	parental rights shall sign the consent or relinquishment, or confirm a consent or
6640	relinquishment previously signed by the individual, under oath before:
6641	(a) a judge of any court that has jurisdiction over proceedings for termination of parental
6642	rights in this state or any other state, or a public officer appointed by that court for the
6643	purpose of taking consents or relinquishments; or
6644	(b) except as provided in Subsection (2), any person authorized to take consents or
6645	relinquishments under Subsections $[78B-6-124(1)]$ <u>81-13-214(1)</u> and (2).
6646	(2) Only the juvenile court is authorized to take consents or relinquishments from a parent
6647	who has any child who is in the custody of a state agency or who has a child who is
6648	otherwise under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
6649	(3)(a) The court, appointed officer, or other authorized person shall certify to the best of
6650	that person's information and belief that the individual executing the consent or
6651	relinquishment, or confirming a consent or relinquishment previously signed by the
6652	individual, has read and understands the consent or relinquishment and has signed the
6653	consent or relinquishment freely and voluntarily.
6654	(b) A consent or relinquishment is not effective until the consent or relinquishment is
6655	certified pursuant to Subsection (3)(a).
6656	(4) A consent or relinquishment that has been certified pursuant to Subsection (3)(a) is
6657	effective against the consenting or relinquishing individual and may not be revoked.
6658	(5)(a) The requirements and processes described in Section 80-4-104, Sections 80-4-301
6659	through 80-4-304, and Part 2, Petition for Termination of Parental Rights, do not
6660	apply to a voluntary relinquishment or consent for termination of parental rights.
6661	(b) When determining voluntary relinquishment or consent for termination of parental

6662	rights, the juvenile court need only find that the relinquishment or termination is in
6663	the child's best interest.
6664	(6)(a) There is a presumption that voluntary relinquishment or consent for termination
6665	of parental rights is not in the child's best interest where it appears to the juvenile
6666	court that the primary purpose for relinquishment or consent for termination is to
6667	avoid a financial support obligation.
6668	(b) The presumption described in Subsection (6)(a) may be rebutted if the juvenile court
6669	finds the relinquishment or consent to termination of parental rights will facilitate the
6670	establishment of stability and permanency for the child.
6671	(7) Upon granting a voluntary relinquishment the juvenile court may make orders relating
6672	to the child's care and welfare that the juvenile court considers to be in the child's best
6673	interest.
6674	Section 77. Section 80-4-502 is amended to read:
6675	80-4-502 . Safe relinquishment of a newborn child Termination of parental
6676	rights Affirmative defense.
6677	(1)(a) A parent or a parent's designee may safely relinquish a newborn child at a
6678	hospital in accordance with this part and retain complete anonymity, so long as the
6679	newborn child has not been subject to abuse or neglect.
6680	(b) Safe relinquishment of a newborn child who has not otherwise been subject to abuse
6681	or neglect shall not, in and of itself, constitute neglect, and the newborn child may
6682	not be considered a neglected child so long as the relinquishment is carried out in
6683	substantial compliance with this part.
6684	(2)(a) Personnel employed by a hospital shall accept a newborn child who is
6685	relinquished under this part, and may presume that the individual relinquishing is the
6686	newborn child's parent or the parent's designee.
6687	(b) The person receiving the newborn child may request information regarding the
6688	parent and newborn child's medical histories, and identifying information regarding
6689	the nonrelinquishing parent of the newborn child.
6690	(c) If the newborn child's parent or the parent's designee provides the person receiving
6691	the newborn child with any of the information described in Subsection (2)(b) or any
6692	other personal items, the person shall provide the information or personal items to the
6693	division.
6694	(d) Personnel employed by the hospital shall:
6695	(i) provide any necessary medical care to the newborn child;

6696	(ii) notify the division of receipt of the newborn child as soon as possible, but no later
6697	than 24 hours after receipt of the newborn child; and
6698	(iii) prepare a birth certificate or foundling birth certificate if parentage is unknown
6699	for the newborn child and file the certificate with the Office of Vital Records and
6700	Statistics within the Department of Health and Human Services.
6701	(e) A hospital and personnel employed by a hospital are immune from any civil or
6702	criminal liability arising from accepting a newborn child if the personnel employed
6703	by the hospital substantially comply with the provisions of this part and medical
6704	treatment is administered according to standard medical practice.
6705	(3) The division shall assume care and protective custody of the newborn child immediately
6706	upon notice from the hospital.
6707	(4) So long as the division determines there is no abuse or neglect of the newborn child,
6708	neither the newborn child nor the child's parents are subject to:
6709	(a) the investigation provisions contained in Section 80-2-701; or
6710	(b) the provisions of Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings.
6711	(5)(a) Unless identifying information relating to the nonrelinquishing parent of the
6712	newborn child is provided, the division shall:
6713	(i) work with local law enforcement and the Bureau of Criminal Identification within
6714	the Department of Public Safety in an effort to ensure that the newborn child has
6715	not been identified as a missing child;
6716	(ii) immediately place or contract for placement of the newborn child in a potential
6717	adoptive home and, within 10 days after the day on which the child is received,
6718	file a petition for termination of parental rights in accordance with this chapter;
6719	(iii) direct the Office of Vital Records and Statistics within the Department of Health
6720	and Human Services to conduct a search for:
6721	(A) a birth certificate for the newborn child; and
6722	(B) unmarried biological fathers in the registry maintained by the Office of Vital
6723	Records and Statistics in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15, Part 4,
6724	Registry] Title 81, Chapter 5, Part 4, Registry; and
6725	(iv) provide notice to each potential father identified on the registry described in
6726	Subsection (5)(a)(iii) in accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15, Part 4, Registry]
6727	Title 81, Chapter 5, Part 4, Registry.
6728	(b)(i) If no individual has affirmatively identified himself or herself within two
6729	weeks after the day on which notice under Subsection (5)(a)(iv) is complete and

6730	established paternity by scientific testing within as expeditious a time frame as
6731	practicable, a hearing on the petition for termination of parental rights shall be
6732	scheduled and notice provided in accordance with this chapter.
6733	(ii) If a nonrelinquishing parent is not identified, relinquishment of a newborn child
6734	under this part is considered grounds for termination of parental rights of both the
6735	relinquishing and nonrelinquishing parents under Section 80-4-301.
6736	(6) If at any time before the day on which the newborn child is adopted, the juvenile court
6737	finds it is in the best interest of the newborn child, the court shall deny the petition for
6738	termination of parental rights.
6739	(7) The division shall provide for, or contract with a child-placing agency to provide for
6740	expeditious adoption of the newborn child.
6741	(8) So long as the individual relinquishing a newborn child is the newborn child's parent or
6742	designee, and there is no abuse or neglect, safe relinquishment of a newborn child in
6743	substantial compliance with this part is an affirmative defense to any potential criminal
6744	liability for abandonment or neglect relating to the relinquishment.
6745	Section 78. Section 80-7-102 is amended to read:
6746	80-7-102 . Definitions.
6747	As used in this chapter:
6748	(1) "Emancipation" or "emancipated" means a legal status created by court order that allows
6749	a minor to:
6750	(a) live independent of the minor's parents or guardian; and
6751	(b) exercise the same rights as an adult under Subsection 80-7-105(1).
6752	(2) "Guardian" has the same meaning as in Section 75-1-201.
6753	(3) "Minor" means an individual who is 16 years old or older.
6754	[(4) "Parent" means a natural parent as defined in Section 80-1-102.]
6755	Section 79. Section 81-1-101 is amended to read:
6756	TITLE 81. UTAH DOMESTIC RELATIONS CODE
6757	81-1-101 . Definitions for title.
6758	As used in this title:
6759	[(1) "Child" means, except as provided in Section 81-6-101, a biological or adopted child
6760	of any age.]
6761	(1) "Child" means, except as provided in Sections 81-5-102, 81-6-101, 81-8-102, and
6762	81-10-101, a son or daughter of any age.
6763	(2) "Court" means:

6764	(a) a judge; or
6765	(b) a court commissioner if the court commissioner has authority to hear the matter
6766	under Section 78A-5-107 or the Utah Rules of Judicial Administration.
6767	(3) "Custodial parent" means:
6768	(a) a parent awarded primary physical custody of a minor child by a court order;
6769	(b) if both parents have joint physical custody:
6770	(i) the parent awarded more overnights each year by a court order; or
6771	(ii) the parent designated as the custodial parent by a court order; or
6772	(c) if there is no court order, the parent with whom the minor child resides more than
6773	one-half of the calendar year without regard to any temporary parent-time.
6774	(4) "Minor child" means, except as provided in Section 81-6-101, a child who is younger
6775	than 18 years old and is not emancipated.
6776	(5) "Noncustodial parent" means the parent who is not the custodial parent regardless of
6777	any designation of joint legal custody.
6778	(6) "Parent" means[-a parent], except as provided in Section 81-13-211, an individual with
6779	an established parent-child relationship as described in Section [78B-15-201] 81-5-201.
6780	Section 80. Section 81-1-202 is amended to read:
6781	81-1-202. Court records in a domestic relations action.
6781 6782	81-1-202 . Court records in a domestic relations action. (1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody
6782	(1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody
6782 6783	(1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate
6782 6783 6784	(1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party
6782 6783 6784 6785	(1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment,
6782 6783 6784 6785 6786	(1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as private.
6782 6783 6784 6785 6786 6787	 (1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as private. (b) If the court finds that there are substantial interests favoring restricting access that
6782 6783 6784 6785 6786 6787 6788	 (1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as private. (b) If the court finds that there are substantial interests favoring restricting access that clearly outweigh the interests favoring access, the court may classify the records of
6782 6783 6784 6785 6786 6787 6788 6789	 (1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as private. (b) If the court finds that there are substantial interests favoring restricting access that clearly outweigh the interests favoring access, the court may classify the records of the action, or any part of the records of the action, other than the final order,
6782 6783 6784 6785 6786 6787 6788 6789 6790	 (1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as private. (b) If the court finds that there are substantial interests favoring restricting access that clearly outweigh the interests favoring access, the court may classify the records of the action, or any part of the records of the action, other than the final order, judgment, or decree, as private.
6782 6783 6784 6785 6786 6787 6788 6789 6790 6791 6792 6793	 (1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as private. (b) If the court finds that there are substantial interests favoring restricting access that clearly outweigh the interests favoring access, the court may classify the records of the action, or any part of the records of the action, other than the final order, judgment, or decree, as private. (c) An order classifying part of the records of the action as private does not apply to subsequent filings. (d) The record of an action is private until the court determines it is possible to release
6782 6783 6784 6785 6786 6787 6788 6789 6790 6791 6792 6793 6794	 (1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as private. (b) If the court finds that there are substantial interests favoring restricting access that clearly outweigh the interests favoring access, the court may classify the records of the action, or any part of the records of the action, other than the final order, judgment, or decree, as private. (c) An order classifying part of the records of the action as private does not apply to subsequent filings. (d) The record of an action is private until the court determines it is possible to release the record without prejudice to the interests that justified the closure.
 6782 6783 6784 6785 6786 6787 6788 6789 6790 6791 6792 6793 6794 6795 	 (1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as private. (b) If the court finds that there are substantial interests favoring restricting access that clearly outweigh the interests favoring access, the court may classify the records of the action, or any part of the records of the action, other than the final order, judgment, or decree, as private. (c) An order classifying part of the records of the action as private does not apply to subsequent filings. (d) The record of an action is private until the court determines it is possible to release the record without prejudice to the interests that justified the closure. (2)(a) Any interested person may petition the court to permit access to a record
6782 6783 6784 6785 6786 6787 6788 6789 6790 6791 6792 6793 6794	 (1)(a) In an action under this title, [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act,]a party may file a motion to have the records of the action other than the final judgment, order, or decree, classified as private. (b) If the court finds that there are substantial interests favoring restricting access that clearly outweigh the interests favoring access, the court may classify the records of the action, or any part of the records of the action, other than the final order, judgment, or decree, as private. (c) An order classifying part of the records of the action as private does not apply to subsequent filings. (d) The record of an action is private until the court determines it is possible to release the record without prejudice to the interests that justified the closure.

6798	parties to the closure order.
6799	(3) A party shall place the social security number of any individual, who is the subject of an
6800	action under this title, in the records relating to the matter.
6801	Section 81. Section 81-4-404 is amended to read:
6802	81-4-404 . Allegations of child abuse or child sexual abuse in a divorce
6803	proceeding Investigation.
6804	(1) When an allegation of child abuse or child sexual abuse is made in a divorce
6805	proceeding, or a request for modification of a divorce decree, that implicates a party, the
6806	court, after making an inquiry, may order that an investigation be conducted by the
6807	Division of Child and Family Services in accordance with Title 80, Chapter 2, Child
6808	Welfare Services, and Title 80, Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective Custody of a Child.
6809	(2) A final award of custody or parent-time may not be rendered until a report on that
6810	investigation, consistent with Section 80-2-1005, is received by the court.
6811	(3) The Division of Child and Family Services shall conduct an investigation described in
6812	Subsection (1) within 30 days of the court's notice and request for an investigation.
6813	(4) In reviewing a report described in Subsection (2), the court shall comply with Sections
6814	78A-2-703, 78A-2-705, and [78B-15-612] <u>81-5-612</u> .
6815	Section 82. Section 81-5-102, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-102 is renumbered
6816	and amended to read:
6817	CHAPTER 5. UNIFORM PARENTAGE ACT
6818	Part 1. General Provisions
6819	[78B-15-102] <u>81-5-102</u> . Definitions.
6820	As used in this chapter:
6821	(1) "Adjudicated [father] parent" means [a man] an individual who has been adjudicated by a
6822	tribunal to be [the father] a parent of a child.
6823	[(2) "Alleged father" means a man who alleges himself to be, or is alleged to be, the
6824	genetic father or a possible genetic father of a child, but whose paternity has not been
6825	determined.]
6826	(2)(a) "Alleged genetic parent" means an individual who is alleged to be, or alleges that
6827	the individual is, a genetic parent or possible genetic parent of a child whose
6828	parentage has not been determined.
6829	(b) "Alleged genetic parent" includes an alleged genetic father or an alleged genetic
6830	mother.

6831	(c) <u>"Alleged genetic parent" does not include:</u>
6832	(i) a presumed parent:
6833	(ii) an individual whose parental rights have been terminated or declared not to exist;
6834	or
6835	(iii) a donor.
6836	(3)(a) "Assisted reproduction" means a method of causing pregnancy other than sexual
6837	intercourse.
6838	(b) "Assisted reproduction" includes:
6839	(i) intrauterine insemination;
6840	(ii) donation of eggs;
6841	(iii) donation of embryos;
6842	(iv) in vitro fertilization and transfer of embryos; [and] or
6843	(v) intracytoplasmic sperm injection.
6844	[(4) "Birth expenses" means all medical costs associated with the birth of a child, including
6845	the related expenses for the biological mother during her pregnancy and delivery.]
6846	[(5)] (4)(a) "Birth mother" means the [biological mother of a child] woman that gives
6847	birth to the child.
6848	(b) "Birth mother" does not include a gestational mother.
6849	[(6)] (5) "Child" means an individual of any age whose parentage may be determined under
6850	this chapter.
6851	(6) "Child support" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
6852	(7) "Child support services agency" means a public official or agency authorized under
6853	Title IV-D of the Social Security Act that has the authority to seek:
6854	(a) enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty of support;
6855	(b) establishment or modification of child support;
6856	(c) determination of parentage; or
6857	(d) location of child-support obligors and their income and assets.
6858	[(7)] (8) "Commence" means to file the initial pleading seeking an adjudication of parentage
6859	in the appropriate tribunal of this state.
6860	[(8)] (9) "Declarant father" means a male who[,] :
6861	(a) along with the [biological] birth mother, claims to be the genetic father of a child $[\overline{5}]$;
6862	and
6863	(b) signs a voluntary declaration of paternity to establish the man's [paternity] parentage.
6864	[(9)] (10) "Determination of parentage" means the establishment of the parent-child

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6865 relationship by: 6866 (a) the signing of a valid declaration of paternity under Part 3, Voluntary Declaration of 6867 Paternity[-Act,]; or 6868 (b) adjudication by a tribunal. 6869 [(10)] (11)(a) "Donor" means an individual who produces eggs or sperm used for 6870 assisted reproduction, whether or not for consideration. 6871 (b) "Donor" does not include: 6872 (i) a husband who provides sperm, or a wife who provides eggs, to be used for 6873 assisted reproduction by the wife;] 6874 (i) an individual who provides sperm or eggs to be used for assisted reproduction by 6875 the individual's wife; 6876 (ii) a woman who gives birth to a child by means of assisted reproduction, except as 6877 otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement; [or] 6878 (iii) a parent under Part 7, Assisted Reproduction[, or]; or 6879 (iv) an intended parent under Part 8, Gestational Agreement. 6880 [(11)] (12) "Ethnic or racial group" means, for purposes of genetic testing, a recognized 6881 group that an individual identifies as all or part of the individual's ancestry or that is so 6882 identified by other information. 6883 [(12)] (13) "Financial support" means: 6884 (a) a base child support award as defined in Section 81-6-101[,]; 6885 (b) all past-due support [which] that accrues under an order for current periodic payments [,]; 6886 and 6887 (c) sum certain judgments for past-due support. 6888 [(13)] (14)(a) "Genetic testing" means an analysis of genetic markers to exclude or 6889 identify [a man as the father or a woman as the mother] an individual as the parent of 6890 a child. 6891 (b) "Genetic testing" includes an analysis of one or a combination of the following: 6892 (i) deoxyribonucleic acid; or (ii) blood-group antigens, red-cell antigens, human-leukocyte antigens, serum 6893 6894 enzymes, serum proteins, or red-cell enzymes. 6895 [(14)] (15) "Gestational mother" means [an adult woman who] a woman who: 6896 (a) is 18 years old or older; and 6897 (b) gives birth to a child under a gestational agreement. 6898 [(15)] (16) "Man" means a male individual of any age.

6899	[(16) "Medical support" means a provision in a support order that requires the purchase
6900	and maintenance of appropriate insurance for health and dental expenses of dependent
6901	children, and assigns responsibility for uninsured medical expenses.]
6902	[(17) "Parent" means an individual who has established a parent-child relationship under
6903	Section 78B-15-201.]
6904	(17) "Obligee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
6905	(18) "Obligor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
6906	(19) "Parentage" means a parent-child relationship.
6907	[(18)] (20)(a) "Parent-child relationship" means the legal relationship between a child
6908	and a parent of the child as described in Section 81-5-201.
6909	(b) "Parent-child relationship" includes:
6910	(i) the mother-child relationship[-and] ; or
6911	(ii) the father-child relationship.
6912	[(19) "Paternity index" means the likelihood of paternity calculated by computing the ratio
6913	between:]
6914	(a) the likelihood that the tested man is the father, based on the genetic markers of the
6915	tested man and child, conditioned on the hypothesis that the tested man is the father of
6916	the child; and]
6917	[(b) the likelihood that the tested man is not the father, based on the genetic markers of the
6918	tested man and child, conditioned on the hypothesis that the tested man is not the father
6919	of the child and that the father is of the same ethnic or racial group as the tested man.]
6920	[(20)] (21) "Presumed [father] parent" means [a man] an individual who, by operation of law
6921	under Section [78B-15-204] 81-5-204, is recognized as the [father] parent of a child until
6922	that status is rebutted or confirmed [as set forth in] in accordance with this chapter.
6923	[(21)] (22) "Probability of [paternity] parentage" means the measure, for the ethnic or racial
6924	group to which the alleged [father] genetic parent belongs, of the probability that the [
6925	man] alleged genetic parent in question is the [father] parent of the child, compared with a
6926	random, unrelated [man] individual of the same ethnic or racial group, expressed as a
6927	percentage incorporating the [paternity] relationship index and a prior probability.
6928	[(22)] (23) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is
6929	stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
6930	(24) "Relationship index" means the likelihood of parentage calculated by computing the
6931	ratio between:
6932	(a) the likelihood that the tested individual is the parent, based on genetic markers of the

6933	tested individual and the child, conditioned on the hypothesis that the tested
6934	individual is the parent of the child; and
6935	(b) the likelihood that the tested individual is not the parent, based on the genetic
6936	markers of the tested individual and child, conditioned on the hypothesis that the
6937	tested individual is not the parent of the child and that the tested individual is of the
6938	same ethnic or racial group as the tested individual.
6939	[(23)] (25) "Signatory" means an individual who authenticates a record and is bound by [its]
6940	the record's terms.
6941	[(24)] (26) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico,
6942	the United States Virgin Islands, any territory, Native American Tribe, or insular
6943	possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
6944	(27) "Support" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-6-101.
6945	[(25) "Support-enforcement agency" means a public official or agency authorized under
6946	Title IV-D of the Social Security Act which has the authority to seek:]
6947	[(a) enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty of support;]
6948	[(b) establishment or modification of child support;]
6949	[(c) determination of parentage; or]
6950	[(d) location of child-support obligors and their income and assets.]
6951	[(26)] (28) "Tribunal" means a court of law, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity
6952	authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage.
6953	(29) "Unmarried biological father" means the same as that term is defined in Section
6954	<u>81-13-101.</u>
6955	Section 83. Section 81-5-103, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-103 is renumbered
6956	and amended to read:
6957	[78B-15-103] <u>81-5-103</u> . Scope Choice of law Determination of maternity.
6958	(1) This chapter applies to determinations of parentage in this state.
6959	(2) The tribunal shall apply the law of this state to adjudicate the parent-child relationship.
6960	(3) The applicable law may not depend upon:
6961	(a) the place of birth of the child; or
6962	(b) the past or present residence of the child.
6963	[(3)] (4) This chapter may not create, enlarge, or diminish parental rights or duties under
6964	other laws of this state.
6965	(5) The provisions of this chapter relating to a determination of paternity also apply to a
6966	determination of maternity.

6967	Section 84. Section 81-5-104, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-104 is renumbered
6968	and amended to read:
6969	[78B-15-104] 81-5-104 . Authority of Office of Recovery Services Duty of
6970	attorney general and county attorney.
6971	[(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection 78A-6-104(1)(a)(i), the district court has original
6972	jurisdiction over any action brought under this chapter.]
6973	[(b) If the juvenile court has concurrent jurisdiction under Subsection 78A-6-104(1)(a)(i)
6974	over a paternity action filed in the district court, the district court may transfer
6975	jurisdiction over the paternity action to the juvenile court.]
6976	[(2)] (1) The Office of Recovery Services is authorized to establish [paternity] parentage in
6977	accordance with this chapter, Title 26B, Chapter 9, Recovery Services and
6978	Administration of Child Support, and Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures
6979	Act.
6980	(2) Whenever the state commences an action under this chapter, the attorney general, or the
6981	county attorney of the county where the obligee resides, shall represent the state.
6982	(3) The attorney general or the county attorney does not represent or have an attorney-client
6983	relationship with the obligee or the obligor in carrying out the duties under this chapter.
6984	[(3) A court shall, without adjudicating paternity, dismiss a petition that is filed under this
6985	chapter by an unmarried biological father if he is not entitled to consent to the adoption
6986	of the child under Sections 78B-6-121 and 78B-6-122.]
6987	Section 85. Section 81-5-105 is enacted to read:
6988	81-5-105 . General requirements for parentage action or settlement Filing
6989	parentage with the Office of Vital Records and Statistics.
6990	(1) A court shall, without adjudicating parentage, dismiss a petition that is filed under this
6991	chapter by an unmarried biological father if the unmarried biological father is not
6992	entitled to consent to the adoption of the child as described in Section 81-13-213.
6993	(2) The standard of proof in a trial to establish parentage is "by clear and convincing
6994	evidence."
6995	(3) Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 55, Default, applies to a parentage action commenced
6996	under this chapter.
6997	(4) An agreement of settlement with an alleged genetic parent is binding only when
6998	approved by the tribunal.
6999	(5) If a parentage action is brought under this chapter, the obligor's liabilities for past
7000	support are limited to the period of four years preceding the commencement of an action.

7001	(6)(a) If the tribunal determines that an alleged genetic parent is a parent of the child,
7002	the tribunal may upon the tribunal's own motion, or upon motion of the alleged
7003	genetic parent, order parent-time rights in accordance with Title 81, Chapter 9,
7004	Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation, as the tribunal considers appropriate under the
7005	circumstances.
7006	(b) Parent-time rights may not be granted to an alleged genetic parent if the child has
7007	been subsequently adopted.
7008	(7) A party to an action under this chapter has a continuing obligation to keep the tribunal
7009	informed of the party's current address.
7010	(8) A proceeding under this chapter is subject to other laws of this state governing the
7011	health, safety, privacy, and liberty of a child or other individual who could be
7012	jeopardized by disclosure of identifying information, including address, telephone
7013	number, place of employment, social security number, the child's day-care facility, or
7014	school.
7015	(9) An adjudication of parentage or declaration of paternity shall be filed with the Office of
7016	Vital Records and Statistics in accordance with Section 26B-8-104.
7017	Section 86. Section 81-5-201 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-201 is renumbered
7018	and amended to read:
7018 7019	and amended to read: Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship
7019	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship
7019 7020	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] <u>81-5-201</u> . Establishment of parent-child relationship.
7019 7020 7021	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] <u>81-5-201</u> . Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:]
7019 7020 7021 7022	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201 . Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8,
 7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201 . Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;]
 7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024 	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201 . Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;] [(ii) an adjudication of the woman's maternity;]
 7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024 7025 	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201 . Establishment of parent-child relationship. [78B-15-201] 81-5-201 . Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;] [(ii) an adjudication of the woman's maternity;] [(iii) adoption of the child by the woman;]
 7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024 7025 7026 	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201 . Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;] [(ii) an adjudication of the woman's maternity;] [(iii) adoption of the child by the woman;] [(iv) an adjudication confirming the woman as a parent of a child born to a gestational
 7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024 7025 7026 7027 	 Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201 . Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;] [(ii) an adjudication of the woman's maternity;] [(iii) adoption of the child by the woman;] [(iv) an adjudication confirming the woman as a parent of a child born to a gestational another if the agreement was validated under Part 8, Gestational Agreement, or is
 7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024 7025 7026 7027 7028 	 Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201. Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;] [(ii) an adjudication of the woman's maternity;] [(iii) adoption of the child by the woman;] [(iv) an adjudication confirming the woman as a parent of a child born to a gestational another if the agreement was validated under Part 8, Gestational Agreement, or is enforceable under other law; or]
 7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024 7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201. Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;] [(ii) an adjudication of the woman's maternity;] [(iii) adoption of the child by the woman;] [(iv) an adjudication confirming the woman as a parent of a child born to a gestational mother if the agreement was validated under Part 8, Gestational Agreement, or is enforceable under other law; or] [(v) an unrebutted presumption of maternity of the child established in the same manner as
7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024 7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 7030	Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201. Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;] [(ii) an adjudication of the woman's maternity;] [(iii) adoption of the child by the woman;] [(iv) an adjudication confirming the woman as a parent of a child born to a gestational mother if the agreement was validated under Part 8, Gestational Agreement, or is enforceable under other law; or] [(v) an unrebutted presumption of maternity of the child established in the same manner as under Section 78B-15-204.]
7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024 7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 7030 7031	 Fart 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201. Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;] [(ii) an adjudication of the woman's maternity;] [(iii) adoption of the child by the woman;] [(iv) an adjudication confirming the woman as a parent of a child born to a gestational mother if the agreement was validated under Part 8, Gestational Agreement, or is enforceable under other law; or] [(v) an unrebutted presumption of maternity of the child established in the same manner as under Section 78B-15-204.] [(b) In this chapter, the presumption of maternity shall be treated the same as a
7019 7020 7021 7022 7023 7024 7025 7026 7027 7028 7029 7030 7031 7032	 Part 2. Parent and Child Relationship [78B-15-201] 81-5-201. Establishment of parent-child relationship. [(1)(a) The mother-child relationship is established between a woman and a child by:] [(i) the woman's having given birth to the child, except as otherwise provided in Part 8, Gestational Agreement;] [(ii) an adjudication of the woman's maternity;] [(iii) adoption of the child by the woman;] [(iv) an adjudication confirming the woman as a parent of a child born to a gestational mother if the agreement was validated under Part 8, Gestational Agreement, or is enforceable under other law; or] [(v) an unrebutted presumption of maternity of the child established in the same manner as under Section 78B-15-204.] [(b) In this chapter, the presumption of maternity shall be treated the same as a presumption of paternity as established in Subsection 78B-15-201(2)(a).]

7025	79D 15 204.1
7035	78B-15-204;]
7036	[(b) an effective declaration of paternity by the man under Part 3, Voluntary Declaration of
7037	Paternity Act, unless the declaration has been rescinded or successfully challenged;]
7038	[(c) an adjudication of the man's paternity;]
7039	[(d) adoption of the child by the man;]
7040	[(e) the man having consented to assisted reproduction by a woman under Part 7, Assisted
7041	Reproduction, which resulted in the birth of the child; or]
7042	[(f) an adjudication confirming the man as a parent of a child born to a gestational mother
7043	if the agreement was validated under Part 8, Gestational Agreement, or is enforceable
7044	under other law.]
	The parent-child relationship is established between an individual and a child if:
7045	(1) the individual is the birth mother of the child;
7046	(2) the individual is adjudicated as a parent of the child under this chapter;
7047	(3) the individual adopts the child;
7048	(4) the individual consented to assisted reproduction by the individual's wife as described in
7049	Part 7, Assisted Reproduction, which resulted in the birth of the child;
7050	(5) there is an adjudication confirming that the individual is a parent of a child born to a
7051	gestational mother if the agreement was validated under Part 8, Gestational Agreement,
7052	or is otherwise enforceable under other law;
7053	(6) there is an unrebutted presumption of the individual's parentage of the child under
7054	Section 81-5-204; or
7055	(7) the individual is a declarant father with an effective declaration of paternity under Part
7056	3, Voluntary Declaration of Paternity, unless the declaration has been rescinded or
7057	successfully challenged.
7058	Section 87. Section 81-5-202, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-202 is renumbered
7059	and amended to read:
7060	[78B-15-202] <u>81-5-202</u> . No discrimination based on marital status.
7061	A child born to parents who are not married to each other whose [paternity] parentage
7062	has been determined under this chapter has the same rights under the law as a child born to
7063	parents who are married to each other.
7064	Section 88. Section 81-5-203, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-203 is renumbered
7065	and amended to read:
7066	[78B-15-203] <u>81-5-203</u> . Consequences of establishment of parentage.
7067	Unless parental rights are terminated, a parent-child relationship established under this

7068 chapter applies for all purposes, except as otherwise specifically provided by other law of this 7069 state. 7070 Section 89. Section 81-5-204, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-204 is renumbered 7071 and amended to read: 7072 [78B-15-204] 81-5-204. Presumption of parentage. 7073 (1) [A man] An individual is presumed to be the [father] parent of a child if: 7074 (a) [he and the mother] the individual and the birth mother of the child are married to 7075 each other and the child is born during the marriage; 7076 (b) [he and the mother] the individual and the birth mother of the child were married to 7077 each other and the child is born within 300 days after the marriage is terminated by 7078 death, annulment, declaration of invalidity, or divorce, or after a decree of separation; 7079 (c) before the birth of the child, [he and the mother] the individual and the birth mother 7080 of the child married each other in apparent compliance with law, even if the 7081 attempted marriage is or could be declared invalid, and the child is born during the 7082 invalid marriage or within 300 days after [its] the marriage's termination by death, 7083 annulment, declaration of invalidity, or divorce or after a decree of separation; or 7084 (d) after the birth of the child, [he and the mother] the individual and the birth mother of 7085 the child married each other in apparent compliance with law, whether or not the 7086 marriage is, or could be declared, invalid, [he voluntarily asserted his paternity] the 7087 individual voluntarily asserted the individual's parentage of the child, and there is no 7088 other presumptive [father] parent of the child, and: 7089 (i) the assertion is in a record filed with the Office of Vital Records and Statistics; (ii) [he] the individual agreed to be and is named as the child's father on the child's 7090 7091 birth certificate; or (iii) [he] the individual promised in a record to support the child as [his] the 7092 7093 individual's own. 7094 (2) A presumption of [paternity] parentage established under this section may only be 7095 rebutted in accordance with Section [78B-15-607] 81-5-607. 7096 (3) If a child has an adjudicated [father] parent, the results of genetic testing are 7097 inadmissable to challenge [paternity except as set forth in Section 78B-15-607] parentage 7098 except as described in Section 81-5-607. 7099 Section 90. Section 81-5-301, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-301 is renumbered 7100 and amended to read: Part 3. Voluntary Declaration of Paternity 7101

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7102	[78B-15-301] <u>81-5-301</u> . Declaration of paternity.
7103	The <u>birth</u> mother of a child and a man claiming to be the genetic father of the child may
7104	sign a declaration of paternity to establish the paternity of the child.
7105	Section 91. Section 81-5-302, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-302 is renumbered
7106	and amended to read:
7107	[78B-15-302] 81-5-302 . Execution of declaration of paternity.
7108	(1) A declaration of paternity described in Section 81-5-301 must:
7109	(a) be in a record;
7110	(b) be signed, or otherwise authenticated, under penalty of perjury, by the <u>birth</u> mother
7111	and by the declarant father;
7112	(c) be signed by the birth mother and declarant father in the presence of two witnesses
7113	who are not related by blood or marriage; [and]
7114	(d) state that the child whose paternity is being declared:
7115	(i) does not have a presumed [father] parent, or has a presumed [father] parent whose
7116	full name is stated; and
7117	(ii) does not have another declarant [or adjudicated father] father or adjudicated parent;
7118	(e) state whether there has been genetic testing and, if so, that the declarant man's claim
7119	of paternity is consistent with the results of the testing; and
7120	(f) state that the signatories understand that the declaration is the equivalent of a legal
7121	finding of paternity of the child and that a challenge to the declaration is permitted
7122	only under the limited circumstances described in Section [78B-15-307] 81-5-307.
7123	(2) If [either-]the birth mother or the declarant father is a minor <u>child</u> , the voluntary
7124	declaration must also be signed by that [minor's] minor child's parent or legal guardian.
7125	(3) A declaration of paternity is void if [it] the declaration of paternity:
7126	(a) states that another [man] individual is a presumed [father] parent, unless a denial of
7127	paternity signed or otherwise authenticated by the presumed [father] parent is filed
7128	with the Office of Vital Records and Statistics in accordance with Section [
7129	78B-15-303] <u>81-5-303</u> ;
7130	(b) states that another [man] individual is a declarant [or adjudicated father] father or
7131	adjudicated parent; or
7132	(c) falsely denies the existence of a [presumed, declarant, or adjudicated father]
7133	presumed parent, declarant father, or adjudicated parent of the child.
7134	(4) A presumed [father] parent may sign or otherwise authenticate [an acknowledgment of
7135	paternity] a declaration of paternity.

7136	(5) The declaration of paternity shall be:
7137	(a) in a form prescribed by the Office of Vital Records [and shall be] and Statistics; and
7138	(b) accompanied with a written and verbal notice of the alternatives to, the legal
7139	consequences of, and the rights and responsibilities that arise from signing the
7140	declaration.
7141	(6) The [Social Security] social security number of any [person] individual who is subject to
7142	declaration of paternity shall be placed in the records relating to the matter.
7143	(7)(a) The declaration of paternity shall become an amendment to the original birth
7144	certificate.
7145	(b) The original certificate and the declaration shall be marked as to be distinguishable.
7146	(c) The declaration may be included as part of subsequently issued certified copies of the
7147	birth certificate.
7148	(d) Alternatively, electronically issued copies of a certificate may reflect the amended
7149	information and the date of the amendment only.
7150	(8)(a) A declaration of paternity may be completed and signed any time after the birth
7151	of the child.
7152	(b) A declaration of paternity may not be signed or filed after consent to or
7153	relinquishment for adoption has been signed.
7154	(9) A declaration of paternity shall be considered effective when filed and entered into a
7155	database established and maintained by the Office of Vital Records and Statistics.
7156	Section 92. Section 81-5-303, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-303 is renumbered
7157	and amended to read:
7158	[78B-15-303] <u>81-5-303</u> . Denial of parentage.
7159	(1) A [presumed] presumed parent or declarant father may sign a denial of [his paternity]
7160	the presumed parent's or declarant father's parentage.
7161	(2) The denial is valid only if:
7162	[(1)] (a) a declaration of paternity signed, or otherwise authenticated, by another man is
7163	filed [pursuant to Section 78B-15-305] in accordance with Section 81-5-305;
7164	[(2)] (b) the denial is in a form prescribed by and filed with the Office of Vital Records[,]
7165	and Statistics and is signed, or otherwise authenticated, under penalty of perjury; and
7166	[(3)] (c) the presumed <u>parent</u> or declarant father has not previously:
7167	[(a)] (i) declared [his paternity] their parentage, unless the previous declaration has
7168	been rescinded [pursuant to Section 78B-15-306] in accordance with Section
7169	81-5-306 or successfully challenged [pursuant to Section 78B-15-307] in

7170	accordance with Section 81-5-307; or
7171	[(b)] (ii) been adjudicated to be the [father] parent of the child.
7172	Section 93. Section 81-5-304, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-304 is renumbered
7173	and amended to read:
7174	[78B-15-304] <u>81-5-304</u> . Rules for declaration and denial of parentage.
7175	(1)(a) A declaration of paternity and a denial of [paternity] parentage shall be contained
7176	in a single document.
7177	(b) If the declaration [and denial] of paternity and the denial of parentage are both
7178	necessary, neither is valid until both are signed and filed.
7179	(2) A declaration of paternity or a denial of [paternity] parentage may not be signed before
7180	the birth of the child.
7181	(3) Subject to Subsection (1), a declaration of paternity or denial of [paternity] parentage
7182	takes effect on the birth of the child or the filing of the document with the Office of Vital
7183	Records and Statistics, whichever occurs later.
7184	(4) A declaration of paternity or denial of [paternity] parentage signed by a minor and by the
7185	minor's parent or legal guardian is valid if [it] the declaration of paternity or the denial of
7186	parentage is otherwise in compliance with this chapter.
7187	Section 94. Section 81-5-305 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-305 is renumbered
7188	and amended to read:
7189	[78B-15-305] <u>81-5-305</u> . Effect of declaration of paternity or denial of parentage.
7190	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Sections [78B-15-306] <u>81-5-306</u> and [78B-15-307]
7191	81-5-307, a valid declaration of paternity filed with the Office of Vital Records and
7192	Statistics is equivalent to a legal finding of [paternity] parentage of a child and confers
7193	upon the declarant father all of the rights and duties of a parent.
7194	(2)(a) When a declaration of paternity is filed, [it] the declaration of paternity shall be
7195	recognized as a basis for a child support order without any further requirement or
7196	proceeding regarding the establishment of [paternity] parentage.
7197	[(a)] (b) The liabilities of the <u>declarant</u> father include[, but are not limited to,] the
7198	reasonable expense of the <u>birth</u> mother's pregnancy and confinement and for the
7199	education, necessary support, and any funeral expenses for the child.
7200	[(b)] (c) When a father declares paternity, [his] the father's liability under Subsection
7201	(2)(a) for past amounts due is limited to the period of four years immediately
7202	preceding the date that the voluntary declaration of paternity was filed.
7203	(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in Sections [78B-15-306] 81-5-306 and [78B-15-307]

7204	81-5-307, a valid denial of [paternity] parentage by a presumed parent or declarant
7205	father filed with the Office of Vital Records and Statistics in conjunction with a valid
7206	declaration of paternity is equivalent to a legal finding of the [nonpaternity]
7207	nonparentage of the presumed parent or declarant father and discharges the presumed
7208	parent or declarant father from all rights and duties of a parent.
7209	(b) If a valid denial of [paternity] parentage is filed with the Office of Vital Records[, the
7210	declarant or presumed father] and Statistics, the presumed parent or declarant father
7211	may not recover child support [he] that was paid prior to the time of filing.
7212	Section 95. Section 81-5-306 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-306 is renumbered
7213	and amended to read:
7214	[78B-15-306] 81-5-306 . Proceeding for rescission.
7215	(1) A signatory may rescind a declaration of paternity or denial of [paternity] parentage by
7216	filing a voluntary rescission document with the Office of Vital Records and Statistics in
7217	a form prescribed by the [office] Office of Vital Records and Statistics before the earlier
7218	of:
7219	(a) 60 days after the effective date of the declaration or denial, as provided in Sections [
7220	78B-15-303] 81-5-303 and [78B-15-304] 81-5-304; or
7221	(b) the date of notice of the first adjudicative proceeding to which the signatory is a
7222	party, before a tribunal to adjudicate an issue relating to the child, including a
7223	proceeding that establishes support.
7224	(2) Upon receiving a voluntary rescission document from a signatory under Subsection (1),
7225	the Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall provide notice of the rescission, by mail,
7226	to the other signatory at the last-known address of that signatory.
7227	Section 96. Section 81-5-307 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-307 is renumbered
7228	and amended to read:
7229	[78B-15-307] 81-5-307 . Challenge after expiration of period for rescission.
7230	(1) After the period for rescission under Section [78B-15-306] <u>81-5-306</u> has expired, a
7231	signatory of a declaration of paternity or denial of [paternity, or a support-enforcement]
7232	parentage or a child support services agency, may commence a proceeding to challenge
7233	the declaration or denial only on the basis of fraud, duress, or material mistake of fact.
7234	(2) A party challenging a declaration of paternity or denial of [paternity] parentage has the
7235	burden of proof.
7236	(3) A challenge brought on the basis of fraud or duress may be commenced at any time.
7237	(4)(a) A challenge brought on the basis of a material mistake of fact may be

7238	commenced within four years after the declaration is filed with the Office of Vital
7239	Records and Statistics.
7240	(b) For the purposes of this Subsection (4), if the declaration of paternity was filed with
7241	the Office of Vital Records [prior to] and Statistics before May 1, 2005, a challenge
7242	may be brought within four years after May 1, 2005.
7243	(5) For purposes of Subsection (4), genetic test results that exclude a declarant father or that
7244	rebuttably identify another [man as the father] individual as the genetic parent of the child
7245	in accordance with Section [78B-15-505] 81-5-505 constitute a material mistake of fact.
7246	Section 97. Section 81-5-308, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-308 is renumbered
7247	and amended to read:
7248	[78B-15-308] 81-5-308 . Procedure for rescission or challenge.
7249	(1) Every signatory to a declaration of paternity and any related denial of [paternity]
7250	parentage must be made a party to a proceeding to rescind or challenge the declaration
7251	or denial.
7252	(2) For the purpose of rescission of, or challenge to, a declaration of paternity or denial of [
7253	paternity] parentage, a signatory submits to personal jurisdiction of this state by signing
7254	the declaration or denial, effective upon the filing of the document with the Office of
7255	Vital Records and Statistics.
7256	(3) Except for good cause shown, during the pendency of a proceeding to rescind or
7257	challenge a declaration of paternity or denial of [paternity] parentage, the tribunal may
7258	not suspend the legal responsibilities of a signatory arising from the declaration,
7259	including the duty to pay child support.
7260	(4) A proceeding to rescind or to challenge a declaration of paternity or denial of [paternity]
7261	parentage must be conducted in the same manner as a proceeding to adjudicate
7262	parentage under Part 6, Adjudication of Parentage.
7263	(5) At the conclusion of a proceeding to rescind or challenge a declaration of paternity or
7264	denial of [paternity] parentage, the tribunal shall order the Office of Vital Records and
7265	Statistics to amend the birth record of the child, if appropriate.
7266	(6) If the declaration is rescinded, the declarant father may not recover child support [he]
7267	that was paid prior to the entry of an order of rescission.
7268	Section 98. Section 81-5-309, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-309 is renumbered
7269	and amended to read:
7270	[78B-15-309] <u>81-5-309</u> . Ratification barred.
7271	A tribunal or administrative agency conducting a judicial or administrative proceeding

7272 may not ratify an unchallenged declaration of paternity. 7273 Section 99. Section 81-5-310, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-310 is renumbered 7274 and amended to read: 7275 [78B-15-310] 81-5-310 . Full faith and credit. 7276 A tribunal of this state shall give full faith and credit to a declaration of paternity or 7277 denial of [paternity] parentage effective in another state if the declaration or denial has been 7278 signed and is otherwise in compliance with the law of the other state. 7279 Section 100. Section 81-5-311, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-311 is renumbered 7280 and amended to read: 7281 [78B-15-311] 81-5-311. Forms for declaration, denial, or rescission. 7282 (1) To facilitate compliance with this part, the Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall 7283 prescribe forms for the declaration, denial, and rescission of paternity of paternity, the 7284 denial of parentage, and the rescission of a declaration of paternity. 7285 (2) A valid declaration of paternity or denial of [paternity] parentage is not affected by a 7286 later modification of the prescribed form. 7287 Section 101. Section 81-5-312, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-312 is renumbered 7288 and amended to read: 7289 [78B-15-312] 81-5-312 . Release of information. 7290 The Office of Vital Records and Statistics may release information relating to the 7291 declaration of paternity or denial of [paternity] parentage to a signatory of the declaration or 7292 denial and to tribunals and federal, tribal, and state [support-enforcement] child support services 7293 agencies of this state or another state. 7294 Section 102. Section 81-5-313, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-313 is renumbered and amended to read: 7295 7296 [78B-15-313] 81-5-313. Rulemaking by Office of Vital Records and Statistics. 7297 The Office of Vital Records and Statistics may adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, 7298 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement this part. 7299 Section 103. Section 81-5-401, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-401 is renumbered 7300 and amended to read: Part 4. Registry 7301 7302 [78B-15-401] 81-5-401 . Maintenance of records. 7303 (1) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall register the following records [which] 7304 that are filed with the office: 7305 (a) all declarations of paternity;

7306	(b) all judicial and administrative determinations of [paternity] parentage; and
7307	(c) all notices of proceedings to establish [paternity which are filed pursuant to Sections
7308	78B-6-110, 78B-6-120, 78B-6-121, and 78B-6-122] parentage that are filed in
7309	accordance with Sections 81-13-207, 81-13-212, and 81-13-213.
7310	(2) A notice of initiation of [paternity] parentage proceedings may not be accepted into the
7311	registry unless accompanied by a copy of the pleading [which] that has been filed with
7312	the court to establish [paternity] parentage.
7313	(3) A notice of initiation of [paternity] parentage proceedings may not be filed if [another
7314	man is the adjudicated] there is an adjudicated parent or declarant father.
7315	Section 104. Section 81-5-402, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-402 is renumbered
7316	and amended to read:
7317	[78B-15-402] <u>81-5-402</u> . Effect of registration.
7318	(1) An unmarried biological father who desires to be notified of a proceeding for adoption
7319	of a child must file a notice of the initiation of [paternity] parentage proceedings as
7320	required by Sections [78B-6-110, 78B-6-120, 78B-6-121, and 78B-6-122] 81-13-207,
7321	<u>81-13-212, and 81-13-213</u> .
7322	(2) A registrant shall promptly notify the registry in a record of any change in the
7323	information registered.
7324	(3) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall incorporate all new information
7325	received into its records but need not affirmatively seek to obtain current information for
7326	incorporation in the registry.
7327	Section 105. Section 81-5-403 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-403 is renumbered
7328	and amended to read:
7329	[78B-15-403] <u>81-5-403</u> . Notice of proceeding.
7330	Notice of an adoption proceeding shall be given to [unmarried biological fathers
7331	pursuant to Section 78B-6-110] an unmarried biological father as described in Section
7332	<u>81-13-207</u> .
7333	Section 106. Section 81-5-404, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-404 is renumbered
7334	and amended to read:
7335	[78B-15-40 4] <u>81-5-404</u> . Required form.
7336	(1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall prepare a form to be filed with
7337	the agency.
7338	(b) The form shall require the signature of the registrant and state that the form is signed
7339	under penalty of perjury.

7340	(2) The form shall also state that:
7341	(a) a timely filing of notice of the initiation of [paternity proceedings which] parentage
7342	proceedings that is filed pursuant to Subsection [78B-15-402(1)] 81-5-402(1) entitles
7343	the registrant to notice of a proceeding for adoption of the child;
7344	(b) a timely filing does not commence a proceeding to establish [paternity] parentage;
7345	(c) the information disclosed on the form may be used against the registrant to establish [
7346	paternity] parentage;
7347	(d) services to assist in establishing [paternity] parentage of a child who is not placed for
7348	adoption are available to the registrant through the Office of Recovery Services;
7349	(e) the registrant should also file in another state if conception or birth of the child
7350	occurred in the other state;
7351	(f) information on registries of other states is available from the Office of Vital Records
7352	and Statistics; and
7353	(g) procedures exist to remove the filing of a proceeding to establish [paternity] parentage
7354	if the proceeding is dismissed, or if a finding of [paternity] parentage is rescinded or
7355	set aside under this chapter.
7356	Section 107. Section 81-5-405, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-405 is renumbered
7357	and amended to read:
7357 7358	and amended to read: [78B-15-405] <u>81-5-405</u> . Furnishing of information Confidentiality.
7358	[78B-15-405] <u>81-5-405</u> . Furnishing of information Confidentiality.
7358 7359	[78B-15-405] <u>81-5-405</u> . Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a
7358 7359 7360	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405 . Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy.
7358 7359 7360 7361	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the
7358 7359 7360 7361 7362	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the requestor.
7358 7359 7360 7361 7362 7363	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the requestor. (2) Information contained in records [which] that are filed pursuant to Section [78B-15-401]
7358 7359 7360 7361 7362 7363 7364	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the requestor. (2) Information contained in records [which] that are filed pursuant to Section [78B-15-401] 81-5-401 is confidential and may be released on request only to:
7358 7359 7360 7361 7362 7363 7364 7365	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the requestor. (2) Information contained in records [which] that are filed pursuant to Section [78B-15-401] 81-5-401 is confidential and may be released on request only to: (a) a tribunal or a person designated by the tribunal;
7358 7359 7360 7361 7362 7363 7364 7365 7366	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the requestor. (2) Information contained in records [which] that are filed pursuant to Section [78B-15-401] 81-5-401 is confidential and may be released on request only to: (a) a tribunal or a person designated by the tribunal; (b) the birth mother of the child who is the subject of the filing;
7358 7359 7360 7361 7362 7363 7364 7365 7366 7366	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the requestor. (2) Information contained in records [which] that are filed pursuant to Section [78B-15-401] 81-5-401 is confidential and may be released on request only to: (a) a tribunal or a person designated by the tribunal; (b) the birth mother of the child who is the subject of the filing; (c) an agency authorized by other law to receive the information;
7358 7359 7360 7361 7362 7363 7364 7365 7366 7366 7367 7368	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the requestor. (2) Information contained in records [which] that are filed pursuant to Section [78B-15-401] 81-5-401 is confidential and may be released on request only to: (a) a tribunal or a person designated by the tribunal; (b) the birth mother of the child who is the subject of the filing; (c) an agency authorized by other law to receive the information; (d) a licensed child-placing agency;
7358 7359 7360 7361 7362 7363 7364 7365 7366 7366 7367 7368 7369	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the requestor. (2) Information contained in records [which] that are filed pursuant to Section [78B-15-401] 81-5-401 is confidential and may be released on request only to: (a) a tribunal or a person designated by the tribunal; (b) the birth mother of the child who is the subject of the filing; (c) an agency authorized by other law to receive the information; (d) a licensed child-placing agency; (e) the Office of Recovery Services, the Office of the Attorney General, or a [
7358 7359 7360 7361 7362 7363 7364 7365 7366 7366 7367 7368 7369 7370	 [78B-15-405] 81-5-405. Furnishing of information Confidentiality. (1)(a) The Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall send a copy of the filing to a person or entity [set forth] described in Subsection (2), who has requested a copy. (b) The copy of the filing shall be sent to the most recent address provided by the requestor. (2) Information contained in records [which] that are filed pursuant to Section [78B-15-401] 81-5-401 is confidential and may be released on request only to: (a) a tribunal or a person designated by the tribunal; (b) the birth mother of the child who is the subject of the filing; (c) an agency authorized by other law to receive the information; (d) a licensed child-placing agency; (e) the Office of Recovery Services, the Office of the Attorney General, or a [support-enforcement] child support services agency of another state or tribe;

7374	(g) the registry of [paternity] parentage in another state.
7375	Section 108. Section 81-5-406, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-406 is renumbered
7376	and amended to read:
7377	[78B-15-406] <u>81-5-406</u> . Penalty for releasing information.
7378	A person who intentionally or knowingly, releases confidential information from the
7379	Office of Vital Records [which is filed pursuant to Section 78B-15-401] and Statistics that is
7380	filed in accordance with Section 81-5-401 to a person or agency not authorized to receive the
7381	information under Section [78B-15-405] 81-5-405 is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
7382	Section 109. Section 81-5-407, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-407 is renumbered
7383	and amended to read:
7384	[78B-15-407] 81-5-407 . Removal of registration Rulemaking authority.
7385	The Office of Vital Records and Statistics may remove a registration in accordance with
7386	rules adopted by the [office] Office of Vital Records and Statistics in accordance with Title
7387	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
7388	Section 110. Section 81-5-408, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-408 is renumbered
7389	and amended to read:
7390	[78B-15-408] <u>81-5-408</u> . Fees for registry.
7391	(1) A fee may not be charged to remove a registration.
7392	(2) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), the Office of Vital Records and
7393	Statistics may charge a reasonable fee for registering records pursuant to Section [
7394	78B-15-401] 81-5-401, making a search of the registry, and for furnishing a certificate.
7395	(3) The Office of Recovery Services, the Office of the Attorney General, and [
7396	support-enforcement] child support services agencies of other states or tribes may not be
7397	required to pay the fee authorized by Subsection (2).
7398	Section 111. Section 81-5-409 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-409 is renumbered
7399	and amended to read:
7400	[78B-15-409] <u>81-5-409</u> . Search of records Certificate.
7401	(1) Upon the request of an individual, tribunal, or agency identified in Section [78B-15-405]
7402	81-5-405, the Office of Vital Records and Statistics shall search its records for any
7403	registration made [pursuant to Section 78B-15-401] in accordance with Section 81-5-401
7404	and furnish to the requestor a certificate of search [which] that shall be signed on behalf
7405	of the [office] Office of Vital Records and Statistics and state that:
7406	(a) a search has been made of the records of the Office of Vital Records and Statistics;
7407	and

7408	(b) a registration containing the information required to identify the registrant:
7409	(i) has been found and is attached to the certificate of search; or
7410	(ii) has not been found.
7411	(2) A petitioner shall file the certificate of search with the tribunal in connection with a
7412	proceeding for adoption.
7413	Section 112. Section 81-5-410, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-410 is renumbered
7414	and amended to read:
7415	[78B-15-410] <u>81-5-410</u> . Admissibility of information.
7416	A certificate of search of the registry of [paternity] parentage in this or another state is
7417	admissible in a proceeding for adoption of a child and, if relevant, in other legal proceedings.
7418	Section 113. Section 81-5-501, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-501 is renumbered
7419	and amended to read:
7420	Part 5. Genetic Testing
7421	[78B-15-501] <u>81-5-501</u> . Scope of part.
7422	This part governs genetic testing of an individual to determine parentage, whether the
7423	individual:
7424	(1) voluntarily submits to testing; or
7425	(2) is tested pursuant to an order of a tribunal or a [support-enforcement] child support
7426	services agency.
7427	Section 114. Section 81-5-502, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-502 is renumbered
7428	and amended to read:
7429	[7 8B-15-502] <u>81-5-502</u> . Order for testing.
7430	(1) Upon the motion of any party to the action, except as otherwise provided in this part and
7431	Part 6, Adjudication of Parentage, the tribunal shall order the child and other designated
7432	individuals to submit to genetic testing if the request for testing is supported by the
7433	sworn statement of a party to the proceeding:
7434	(a) alleging [paternity] parentage and stating facts establishing a reasonable probability
7435	of the requisite sexual contact between the individuals; or
7436	(b) denying [paternity] parentage and stating facts establishing a possibility that sexual
7437	contact between the individuals, if any, did not result in the conception of the child.
7438	(2) If a request for genetic testing of a child is made before birth, the tribunal may not order
7439	in-utero testing.
7440	(3) If two or more [men] individuals are subject to an order for genetic testing, the testing
7441	may be ordered concurrently or sequentially.

7442	Section 115. Section 81-5-503, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-503 is renumbered
7443	and amended to read:
7444	[78B-15-503] <u>81-5-503</u> . Requirements for genetic testing.
7445	(1) Genetic testing must be of a type reasonably relied upon by experts in the field of
7446	genetic testing and performed in a testing laboratory accredited by:
7447	(a) the American Association of Blood Banks, or a successor to its functions;
7448	(b) the American Society for Histocompatibility and Immunogenetics, or a successor to
7449	its functions; or
7450	(c) an accrediting body designated by the federal Secretary of Health and Human
7451	Services.
7452	(2)(a) A specimen used in genetic testing may consist of one or more samples, or a
7453	combination of samples, of blood, buccal cells, bone, hair, or other body tissue or
7454	fluid.
7455	(b) The specimen used in the testing need not be of the same kind for each individual
7456	undergoing genetic testing.
7457	Section 116. Section 81-5-504, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-504 is renumbered
7458	and amended to read:
7459	[78B-15-504] <u>81-5-504</u> . Report of genetic testing.
7460	(1)(a) A report of genetic testing must be in a record and signed under penalty of
7461	perjury by a designee of the testing laboratory.
7462	(b) A report made under the requirements of this part is self-authenticating.
7463	(2) Documentation from the testing laboratory of the following information is sufficient to
7464	establish a reliable chain of custody that allows the results of genetic testing to be
7465	admissible without testimony:
7466	(a) the names and photographs of the individuals whose specimens have been taken;
7467	(b) the names of the individuals who collected the specimens;
7468	(c) the places and dates the specimens were collected;
7469	(d) the names of the individuals who received the specimens in the testing laboratory;
7470	(e) the dates the specimens were received; and
7471	(f) the fingerprints of the individuals whose specimens have been taken.
7472	Section 117. Section 81-5-505, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-505 is renumbered
7473	and amended to read:
7474	[78B-15-505] 81-5-505 . Genetic testing results Rebuttal.
7475	(1) Under this chapter, [a man] an individual is presumed to be identified as the [father]

7476	parent of a child if the genetic testing complies with this part and the results disclose that:
7477	(a) the [man] individual has at least a 99% probability of [paternity] parentage, using a
7478	prior probability of 0.50, as calculated by using the combined [paternity] relationship
7479	index obtained in the testing; and
7480	(b) a combined [paternity] relationship index of at least 100 to 1.
7481	(2) [A man] An individual identified under Subsection (1) as the [father] parent of the child
7482	may rebut the genetic testing results only by other genetic testing satisfying the
7483	requirements of this part [which] that:
7484	(a) excludes the [man] individual as a genetic [father] parent of the child; or
7485	(b) identifies another [man] individual as the possible [father] parent of the child.
7486	(3)(a) If an issue is raised as to whether the appropriate ethnic or racial group database
7487	was used by the testing laboratory, the testing laboratory will be asked to rerun the
7488	test using the correct ethnic or racial group database.
7489	(b) If the testing laboratory does not have an adequate database, another testing
7490	laboratory may be engaged to perform the calculations.
7491	(4) If a presumption of [paternity] parentage is not rebutted by a second test, the tribunal
7492	shall issue an order establishing [paternity] parentage.
7493	Section 118. Section 81-5-506, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-506 is renumbered
7494	and amended to read:
7495	[78B-15-506] <u>81-5-506</u> . Costs of genetic testing.
7496	(1) Subject to assessment of costs under Part 6, Adjudication of Parentage, the cost of initial
7497	genetic testing shall be advanced:
7498	(a) by a [support-enforcement] child support services agency in a proceeding in which
7499	the [support-enforcement] child support services agency is providing services;
7500	(b) by the individual who made the request;
7501	(c) as agreed by the parties; or
7502	(d) as ordered by the tribunal.
7503	(2) In cases in which the cost is advanced by the [support-enforcement] child support
7504	services agency, the agency may seek reimbursement from [a man] an individual who is
7505	rebuttably identified as the [father] parent of the child.
7506	Section 119. Section 81-5-507 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-507 is renumbered
7507	and amended to read:
7508	[78B-15-507] <u>81-5-507</u> . Additional genetic testing.
7509	(1) The tribunal shall order additional genetic testing upon the request of a party who

7510	contests the result of the original testing.
7511	(2) If the previous genetic testing identified [a man as the father] an individual as the parent
7512	of the child under Section [78B-15-505] 81-5-505, the tribunal may not order additional
7513	testing unless the party provides advance payment for the testing.
7514	(3) If the tribunal orders a second genetic test in accordance with this section, the additional
7515	testing must be completed within 45 days of the tribunal's order or the requesting party's
7516	objection to the first test will be automatically denied.
7517	(4) If failure to complete the test occurs because of noncooperation of the <u>birth</u> mother or
7518	unavailability of the child, the time will be tolled.
7519	Section 120. Section 81-5-508, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-508 is renumbered
7520	and amended to read:
7521	[78B-15-508] 81-5-508 . Genetic testing when specimens not available.
7522	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), if a genetic-testing specimen is not available from [a man
7523	who may be the father] an individual who may be the parent of a child, for good cause
7524	and under extraordinary circumstances the tribunal considers to be just, the tribunal may
7525	order the following individuals to submit specimens for genetic testing:
7526	(a) the parents of the [man] individual;
7527	(b) brothers and sisters of the [man] individual;
7528	(c) other children of the [man and their mothers] individual; and
7529	(d) other relatives of the [man] individual necessary to complete genetic testing.
7530	(2) Issuance of an order under this section requires a finding that a need for genetic testing
7531	outweighs the legitimate interests of the individual sought to be tested.
7532	Section 121. Section 81-5-509, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-509 is renumbered
7533	and amended to read:
7534	[78B-15-509] <u>81-5-509</u> . Deceased individual.
7535	For good cause shown, the tribunal may order genetic testing of a deceased individual.
7536	Section 122. Section 81-5-510, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-510 is renumbered
7537	and amended to read:
7538	[78B-15-510] <u>81-5-510</u> . Identical siblings.
7539	(1) The tribunal may order genetic testing of a [brother of a man identified as the father of a
7540	child if the man] sibling of an alleged genetic parent if the alleged genetic parent is
7541	commonly believed to have an identical [brother] sibling and evidence suggests that the [
7542	brother] sibling may be the genetic [father] parent of the child.
7543	(2) If each [brother] sibling satisfies the requirements as the identified [father] parent of the

7544	child under Section [78B-15-505] 81-5-505 without consideration of another identical [
7545	brother] sibling being identified as the [father] parent of the child, the tribunal may rely
7546	on nongenetic evidence to adjudicate which [brother is the father] sibling is the parent of
7547	the child.
7548	Section 123. Section 81-5-511, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-511 is renumbered
7549	and amended to read:
7550	[78B-15-511] <u>81-5-511</u> . Confidentiality of genetic testing.
7551	Release of the report of genetic testing for parentage is controlled by Title 63G, Chapter
7552	2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
7553	Section 124. Section 81-5-601, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-601 is renumbered
7554	and amended to read:
7555	Part 6. Adjudication of Parentage
7556	[78B-15-601] <u>81-5-601</u> . Definitions for part Proceeding authorized.
7557	(1) As used in this part, "divorce" includes an annulment.
7558	[(1)] (2) An adjudicative proceeding may be maintained to determine the parentage of a
7559	child.
7560	(3) A judicial proceeding is governed by the [rules of civil procedure] Utah Rules of Civil
7561	Procedure.
7562	(4) An administrative proceeding is governed by Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
7563	Procedures Act.
7564	[(2) For the purposes of this part, "divorce" also includes an annulment.]
7565	Section 125. Section 81-5-602 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-602 is renumbered
7566	and amended to read:
7567	[78B-15-602] <u>81-5-602</u> . Standing to maintain proceeding.
7568	Subject to [Part 3, Voluntary Declaration of Paternity Act] Part 3, Voluntary Declaration
7569	of Paternity, and Sections [78B-15-607 and 78B-15-609] 81-5-607 and 81-5-609, a proceeding
7570	to adjudicate parentage may be maintained by:
7571	(1) the child;
7572	(2) the <u>birth</u> mother of the child;
7573	(3) [a man whose paternity] an individual whose parentage of the child is to be adjudicated;
7574	(4) the [support-enforcement] child support services agency or other governmental agency
7575	authorized by other law;
7576	(5) an authorized adoption agency or licensed child-placing agency;
7577	(6) a representative authorized by law to act for an individual who would otherwise be

7578	entitled to maintain a proceeding but who is deceased, incapacitated, or a minor child; or
7579	(7) an intended parent under Part 8, Gestational Agreement.
7580	Section 126. Section 81-5-603, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-603 is renumbered
7581	and amended to read:
7582	[78B-15-603] <u>81-5-603</u> . Parties to proceeding.
7583	The following individuals shall be joined as parties in a proceeding to adjudicate
7584	parentage:
7585	(1) the <u>birth</u> mother of the child;
7586	(2) [a man whose paternity] an individual whose parentage of the child is to be adjudicated;
7587	and
7588	(3) the state in accordance with Section 81-6-106.
7589	Section 127. Section 81-5-604, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-604 is renumbered
7590	and amended to read:
7591	[78B-15-60 4] <u>81-5-604</u> . Personal jurisdiction.
7592	(1) An individual may not be adjudicated to be a parent unless the tribunal has personal
7593	jurisdiction over the individual.
7594	(2) A tribunal of this state having jurisdiction to adjudicate parentage may exercise personal
7595	jurisdiction over a nonresident individual, or the guardian or conservator of the
7596	individual, if the conditions prescribed in Section [78B-14-201] 81-8-201 are fulfilled, or
7597	the individual has signed a declaration of paternity.
7598	(3) Lack of jurisdiction over one individual does not preclude the tribunal from making an
7599	adjudication of parentage binding on another individual over whom the tribunal has
7600	personal jurisdiction.
7601	Section 128. Section 81-5-605, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-605 is renumbered
7602	and amended to read:
7603	[78B-15-605] <u>81-5-605</u> . Venue for a parentage proceeding.
7604	[Venue for a judicial proceeding to adjudicate parentage is in the county of this state]
7605	(1) Notwithstanding Title 78B, Chapter 3a, Venue for Civil Actions, a person shall bring a
7606	proceeding to adjudicate parentage in the county in which:
7607	[(1)] (a) the child resides or is found;
7608	[(2)] (b) the respondent resides or is found if the child does not reside in this state; or
7609	[(3)] (c) a proceeding for probate or administration of the presumed or alleged [father's]
7610	genetic parent's estate has been commenced.
7611	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a proceeding brought in the Business and Chancery

7612	Court.
7613	Section 129. Section 81-5-606, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-606 is renumbered
7614	and amended to read:
7615	[78B-15-606] <u>81-5-606</u> . No limitation Child having no declarant father or
7616	adjudicated parent.
7617	(1) A proceeding to adjudicate the parentage of a child having no declarant father or
7618	adjudicated [father] parent may be commenced at any time.
7619	(2) If initiated after the child becomes an adult, only the child may initiate the proceeding.
7620	Section 130. Section 81-5-607, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-607 is renumbered
7621	and amended to read:
7622	[78B-15-607] 81-5-607 . Limitation Child having presumed parent.
7623	(1) [Paternity]
7624	(a) <u>Parentage</u> of a child conceived or born during a marriage with a presumed [father]
7625	parent, as described in Subsection [78B-15-204(1)(a), (b), or (c),] 81-5-204 (a), (b),
7626	or (c) may be raised by the presumed [father, the mother, or a support enforcement
7627	agency] parent, the birth mother, or a child support services agency at any time before
7628	filing an action for divorce or in the pleadings at the time of the divorce of the parents.
7629	[(a)]
7630	(b)(i) If the issue is raised prior to the adjudication, genetic testing may be ordered
7631	by the tribunal in accordance with Section [78B-15-608] 81-5-608.
7632	(ii) Failure of the <u>birth</u> mother of the child to appear for testing may result in an order
7633	allowing a motherless calculation of [paternity] parentage.
7634	(iii) Failure of the <u>birth mother</u> to make the child available may not result in a
7635	determination that the presumed [father is not the father] parent is not the parent,
7636	but shall allow for appropriate proceedings to compel the cooperation of the birth
7637	mother.
7638	(iv) If the question of [paternity] parentage has been raised in the pleadings in a
7639	divorce and the tribunal addresses the issue and enters an order, the parties are
7640	estopped from raising the issue again, and the order of the tribunal may not be
7641	challenged on the basis of material mistake of fact.
7642	[(b)] (c) If the presumed [father] parent seeks to rebut the presumption of [paternity]
7643	parentage, then denial of a motion seeking an order for genetic testing or a decision
7644	to disregard genetic test results shall be based on a preponderance of the evidence.
7645	[(c)] (d) If the <u>birth</u> mother seeks to rebut the presumption of [paternity] parentage, the

7646	<u>birth</u> mother has the burden to show by a preponderance of the evidence that it would
7647	be in the best interests of the child to disestablish the parent-child relationship.
7648	[(d)]
7649	(e)(i) If a [support enforcement agency] child support services agency seeks to rebut
7650	the presumption of parentage and the [presumptive] presumed parent opposes the
7651	rebuttal, the agency's request shall be denied.
7652	(ii) Otherwise, the denial of the agency's motion seeking an order for genetic testing
7653	or a decision to disregard genetic test results shall be based on a preponderance of
7654	the evidence, taking into account the best interests of the child.
7655	(2) For the presumption outside of marriage described in Subsection $[78B-15-204(1)(d)]$
7656	<u>$81-5-204(1)(d)$</u> , the presumption may be rebutted at any time if the tribunal determines
7657	that the presumed [father] parent and the birth mother of the child neither cohabited nor
7658	engaged in sexual intercourse with each other during the probable time of conception.
7659	(3) The presumption may be rebutted by:
7660	(a) genetic test results that exclude the presumed [father] parent;
7661	(b) genetic test results that rebuttably identify another [man as the father] individual as
7662	the parent in accordance with Section [78B-15-505] 81-5-505;
7663	(c) evidence that the presumed [father] parent and the birth mother of the child neither
7664	cohabited nor engaged in sexual intercourse with each other during the probable time
7665	of conception; or
7666	(d) an adjudication under this part.
7667	(4) There is no presumption to rebut if the presumed [father] parent was properly served and
7668	there has been a final adjudication of the issue.
7669	Section 131. Section 81-5-608, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-608 is renumbered
7670	and amended to read:
7671	[78B-15-608] <u>81-5-608</u> . Authority to deny motion for genetic testing or disregard
7672	test results.
7673	(1) In a proceeding to adjudicate the parentage of a child having a presumed [father] parent
7674	or to challenge the [paternity] parentage of a child having a declarant father, the tribunal
7675	may deny a motion seeking an order for genetic testing of the <u>birth</u> mother, the child,
7676	and the presumed parent or declarant father, or if testing has been completed, the
7677	tribunal may disregard genetic test results that exclude the presumed parent or declarant
7678	father if the tribunal determines that:
7679	(a) the conduct of the <u>birth</u> mother or the presumed <u>parent</u> or declarant father estops that

7680	party from denying parentage; and
7681	(b) it would be inequitable to disrupt the [father] parent-child relationship between the
7682	child and the presumed parent or declarant father.
7683	(2) In determining whether to deny a motion seeking an order for genetic testing or to
7684	disregard genetic test results under this section, the tribunal shall consider the best
7685	interest of the child, including the following factors:
7686	(a) the length of time between the proceeding to adjudicate parentage and the time that
7687	the presumed parent or declarant father was placed on notice that [he] the presumed
7688	parent or declarant father might not be the genetic [father] parent of the child;
7689	(b) the length of time during which the presumed <u>parent</u> or declarant father has assumed
7690	the role of [father] parent of the child;
7691	(c) the facts surrounding the presumed parent or declarant father's discovery of [his
7692	possible nonpaternity] the parent's or father's possible nonparentage;
7693	(d) the nature of the relationship between the child and the presumed <u>parent</u> or declarant
7694	father;
7695	(e) the age of the child;
7696	(f) the harm that may result to the child if presumed or declared [paternity] parentage is
7697	successfully disestablished;
7698	(g) the nature of the relationship between the child and any alleged [father] parent;
7699	(h) the extent to which the passage of time reduces the chances of establishing the [
7700	paternity of another man] parentage of another individual and a child-support
7701	obligation in favor of the child; and
7702	(i) other factors that may affect the equities arising from the disruption of the [father]
7703	parent-child relationship between the child and the presumed parent or declarant
7704	father or the chance of other harm to the child.
7705	(3) If the tribunal denies a motion seeking an order for genetic testing or disregards genetic
7706	test results that exclude the presumed <u>parent</u> or declarant father, [it] the tribunal shall
7707	issue an order adjudicating the presumed <u>parent</u> or declarant father to be the [father]
7708	parent of the child.
7709	Section 132. Section 81-5-609 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-609 is renumbered
7710	and amended to read:
7711	[78B-15-609] <u>81-5-609</u> . Limitation Child having declarant father.
7712	(1) If a child has a declarant father, a signatory to the declaration of paternity or denial of [
7713	paternity or a support-enforcement] parentage or a child support services agency may

7714	commence a proceeding seeking to rescind the declaration or denial or challenge the [
7715	paternity] parentage of the child only within the time allowed under Section [78B-15-306
7716	or 78B-15-307] <u>81-5-306 or 81-5-307</u> .
7717	(2) A proceeding under this section is subject to the application of the principles of estoppel
7718	established in Section [78B-15-608] 81-5-608.
7719	Section 133. Section 81-5-610, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-610 is renumbered
7720	and amended to read:
7721	[78B-15-610] <u>81-5-610</u> . Joinder of judicial proceedings Court reliance of
7722	custody and parent-time standards.
7723	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), a judicial proceeding to adjudicate
7724	parentage may be joined with a proceeding for adoption, termination of parental rights,
7725	child custody or visitation, child support, divorce, annulment, legal separation or
7726	separate maintenance, probate or administration of an estate, or other appropriate
7727	proceeding.
7728	(2) A respondent may not join a proceeding described in Subsection (1) with a proceeding
7729	to adjudicate parentage brought under [Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate
7730	Family Support Act] Chapter 8, Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.
7731	(3) A court may determine issues of custody, parent-time, visitation, and child support in
7732	accordance with [Title 81,]Chapter 6, Child Support, Chapter 7, Payment and
7733	Enforcement of Spousal and Child Support, and [Title 81,]Chapter 9, Custody,
7734	Parent-time, and Visitation.
7735	(4)(a) If a parentage action is determining issues of custody or parent-time for a child
7736	and the parents of the child are not married, the parties shall attend the mandatory
7737	parenting course described in Subsection 81-9-103(1)(b) within:
7738	(i) for the petitioner, 60 days after the day on which the petition is filed; and
7739	(ii) for the respondent, 30 days after the day on which the respondent is served.
7740	(b) The clerk of the court shall provide notice to a petitioner that the petitioner is
7741	required to attend the parenting course.
7742	(c) A petition shall include information regarding the parenting course when the petition
7743	is served on the respondent.
7744	(d) The court may not grant a final custody or parent-time order in a parentage action
7745	until:
7746	(i) both parties have attended the parenting course; and
7747	(ii) both parties have presented a certificate of course completion to the court.

7748	(5) For a party that is unable to pay the costs of the parenting course, and before the court
7749	enters an order for custody or parent-time in the parentage action, the court shall:
7750	(a) make a final determination of indigency; and
7751	(b) order the party to pay the costs of the parenting course if the court determines the
7752	party is not indigent.
7753	(6)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), the court may waive the requirement that the
7754	parties attend the parenting course, on the court's own motion or on the motion of one
7755	of the parties, if the court determines course attendance and completion are not
7756	necessary, appropriate, or feasible, or in the best interest of the parties.
7757	(b) If the requirement is waived, the court may proceed with entering a final custody or
7758	parent-time order.
7759	Section 134. Section 81-5-611, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-611 is renumbered
7760	and amended to read:
7761	[78B-15-611] <u>81-5-611</u> . Proceeding before birth.
7762	(1) A proceeding to determine parentage may be commenced before the birth of the
7763	child, but may not be concluded until after the birth of the child.
7764	(2) The following actions may be taken before the birth of the child:
7765	[(1)] (a) service of process;
7766	[(2)] (b) discovery; and
7767	[(3)] (c) except as prohibited by Section [78B-15-502] 81-5-502, collection of specimens
7768	for genetic testing.
7769	Section 135. Section 81-5-612, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-612 is renumbered
7770	and amended to read:
7771	[78B-15-612] 81-5-612 . Minor child as party Representation.
7772	(1) A minor child is a permissible party, but is not a necessary party to a proceeding under
7773	this part.
7774	(2) The tribunal may appoint an attorney guardian ad litem under Sections 78A-2-703 and
7775	78A-2-803, or a private attorney guardian ad litem under Section 78A-2-705, to
7776	represent [a minor or] a minor child or an incapacitated child if the child is a party.
7777	Section 136. Section 81-5-613, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-613 is renumbered
7778	and amended to read:
7779	[78B-15-613] 81-5-613 . Admissibility of results of genetic testing Expenses.
7780	(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), a record of a genetic-testing
7781	expert is admissible as evidence of the truth of the facts asserted in the report unless a

7782	party objects to its admission within 14 days after its receipt by the objecting party
7783	and cites specific grounds for exclusion.
7784	(b) Unless a party files a timely objection, testimony shall be in affidavit form.
7785	(c) The admissibility of the report is not affected by whether the testing was performed:
7786	[(a)] (i) voluntarily or pursuant to an order of the tribunal; or
7787	[(b)] (ii) before or after the commencement of the proceeding.
7788	(2)(a) A party objecting to the results of genetic testing may call one or more
7789	genetic-testing experts to testify in person or by telephone, video conference,
7790	deposition, or another method approved by the tribunal.
7791	(b) Unless otherwise ordered by the tribunal, the party offering the testimony bears the
7792	expense for the expert testifying.
7793	(3) If a child has a presumed <u>parent</u> or declarant father, the results of genetic testing are
7794	inadmissible to adjudicate parentage unless performed:
7795	(a) [pursuant to Section 78B-15-503] in accordance with Section 81-5-503;
7796	(b) within the time periods [set forth] described in this chapter; [and]
7797	(c) pursuant to a tribunal order or administrative process; or
7798	(d) with the consent of both the mother and the presumed <u>parent</u> or declarant father.
7799	(4) If a child has an adjudicated [father] parent, the results of genetic testing are
7800	inadmissible to challenge [paternity] parentage except as set forth in Sections [
7801	78B-15-607 and 78B-15-608] 81-5-607 and 81-5-608.
7802	(5) Copies of bills for genetic testing and for prenatal and postnatal health care for the <u>birth</u>
7803	mother and child which are furnished to the adverse party not less than 10 days before
7804	the date of a hearing are admissible to establish:
7805	(a) the amount of the charges billed; and
7806	(b) that the charges were reasonable, necessary, and customary.
7807	Section 137. Section 81-5-614, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-614 is renumbered
7808	and amended to read:
7809	[78B-15-614] <u>81-5-614</u> . Consequences of failing to submit to genetic testing.
7810	(1) An order for genetic testing is enforceable by contempt.
7811	(2) If an individual whose [paternity] parentage is being determined fails to submit to
7812	genetic testing ordered by the tribunal, the tribunal for that reason may adjudicate
7813	parentage contrary to the position of that individual.
7814	(3)(a) Genetic testing of the <u>birth</u> mother of a child is not a condition precedent to
7815	testing the child and [a man whose paternity] an individual whose parentage is being

7816	determined.
7817	(b) If the <u>birth</u> mother is unavailable or fails to submit to genetic testing, the tribunal
7818	may order the testing of the child and every [man] individual who is potentially the [
7819	father] parent of the child.
7820	Section 138. Section 81-5-615, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-615 is renumbered
7821	and amended to read:
7822	[78B-15-615] <u>81-5-615</u> . Admission of parentage authorized.
7823	(1) A respondent in a proceeding to adjudicate parentage may admit to the [paternity]
7824	parentage of a child by filing a pleading to that effect or by admitting [paternity]
7825	parentage under penalty of perjury when making an appearance or during a hearing.
7826	(2) If the tribunal finds that the admission of [paternity] parentage satisfies the requirements
7827	of this section and finds that there is no reason to question the admission, the tribunal
7828	shall issue an order adjudicating the child to be the child of the [man] individual
7829	admitting [paternity] parentage.
7830	Section 139. Section 81-5-616, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-616 is renumbered
7831	and amended to read:
7832	[78B-15-616] <u>81-5-616</u> . Temporary order.
7833	(1) In a proceeding under this part, the tribunal shall issue a temporary order for support of
7834	a child if the order is appropriate and the individual ordered to pay support is:
7835	(a) a presumed [father] parent of the child;
7836	(b) petitioning to [have his paternity adjudicated] be adjudicated a parent;
7837	(c) identified as [the father] a parent through genetic testing under Section [78B-15-505]
7838	<u>81-5-505;</u>
7839	(d) an alleged [father] genetic parent who has failed to submit to genetic testing;
7840	(e) shown by clear and convincing evidence to be the [father] parent of the child; or
7841	(f) the <u>birth</u> mother of the child.
7842	(2) A temporary tribunal order may include provisions for custody and visitation as
7843	provided by other laws of this state.
7844	Section 140. Section 81-5-617, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-617 is renumbered
7845	and amended to read:
7846	[78B-15-617] <u>81-5-617</u> . Requirements for adjudication of parentage.
7847	[The tribunal shall apply the following rules to adjudicate the paternity of a child:]
7848	(1) [The paternity of a child having a presumed, declarant, or adjudicated father may be
7849	disproved only by] In an adjudication of the parentage of a child, the tribunal may only

7050	
7850	disprove the parentage of a child having a presumed parent, declarant father, or
7851	adjudicated parent if there are admissible results of genetic testing excluding that [man]
7852	individual as the [father] parent of the child or identifying another [man] individual as the [
7853	father] parent of the child.
7854	(2) Unless the results of genetic testing are admitted to rebut other results of genetic testing, [
7855	a man identified as the father] or except as provided in Section 81-5-608, the tribunal
7856	shall adjudicate an individual identified as a parent of a child under Section [78B-15-505
7857	must be adjudicated] 81-5-505 as the [father] parent of the child[, unless an exception is
7858	granted under Section 78B-15-608].
7859	(3) If the tribunal finds that genetic testing under Section [78B-15-505 neither identifies nor
7860	excludes a man as the father] 81-5-505 does not identify or exclude an individual as the
7861	parent of a child, the tribunal:
7862	(a) may not dismiss the proceeding[. In that event, the tribunal] ; and
7863	(b) shall order further testing.
7864	(4) Unless the results of genetic testing are admitted to rebut other results of genetic testing, [
7865	a man properly excluded as the father of a child by genetic testing must be adjudicated
7866	not to be the father of the child] or except as provided in Section 81-5-608, the tribunal
7867	shall adjudicate an individual properly excluded as the parent of a child by genetic
7868	testing to not be the parent of the child.
7869	Section 141. Section 81-5-618, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-618 is renumbered
7870	and amended to read:
7871	[78B-15-618] <u>81-5-618</u> . Adjudication of parentage Jury trial prohibited.
7872	A jury trial is prohibited to adjudicate [paternity] parentage of a child.
7873	Section 142. Section 81-5-619, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-619 is renumbered
7874	and amended to read:
7875	[78B-15-619] <u>81-5-619</u> . Adjudication of parentage Hearings Inspection of
7876	records.
7877	(1) On request of a party and for good cause shown, the tribunal may close a proceeding
7878	under this part.
7879	(2) A final order in a proceeding under this part is available for public inspection.
7880	(3) Other papers and records are available only with the consent of the parties or on order of
7881	the tribunal for good cause.
7882	Section 143. Section 81-5-620, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-620 is renumbered
7883	and amended to read:

7884	[78B-15-620] <u>81-5-620</u> . Adjudication of parentage Order on default.
7885	The tribunal shall issue an order adjudicating [the paternity of a man] parentage of an
7886	individual who:
7887	(1) after service of process, is in default; and
7888	(2) is found by the tribunal to be the [father] parent of a child.
7889	Section 144. Section 81-5-621, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-621 is renumbered
7890	and amended to read:
7891	[78B-15-621] <u>81-5-621</u> . Adjudication of parentage Dismissal for want of
7892	prosecution.
7893	(1) The tribunal may issue an order dismissing a proceeding commenced under this
7894	chapter for want of prosecution only without prejudice.
7895	(2) An order of dismissal for want of prosecution purportedly with prejudice is void and has
7896	only the effect of a dismissal without prejudice.
7897	Section 145. Section 81-5-622, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-622 is renumbered
7898	and amended to read:
7899	[78B-15-622] <u>81-5-622</u> . Order adjudicating parentage.
7900	(1) The tribunal shall issue an order adjudicating whether [a man alleged or claiming to be
7901	the father] an individual alleged or claiming to be the parent is the parent of the child.
7902	(2) An order adjudicating parentage must identify the child by name and date of birth.
7903	(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4), the tribunal may assess filing
7904	fees, reasonable attorney fees, fees for genetic testing, other costs, necessary travel,
7905	and other reasonable expenses incurred in a proceeding under this part.
7906	(b) The tribunal may award attorney fees, which may be paid directly to the attorney,
7907	who may enforce the order in the attorney's own name.
7908	(4) The tribunal may not assess fees, costs, or expenses against the [support-enforcement]
7909	child support services agency of this state or another state, except as provided by law.
7910	(5) On request of a party and for good cause shown, the tribunal may order that the name of
7911	the child be changed.
7912	(6) If the order of the tribunal is at variance with the child's birth certificate, the tribunal
7913	shall order the Office of Vital Records and Statistics to issue an amended birth
7914	registration.
7915	Section 146. Section 81-5-623 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-623 is renumbered
7916	and amended to read:
7917	[78B-15-623] <u>81-5-623</u> . Binding effect of determination of parentage.

7918	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), a determination of parentage is binding
7919	on:
7920	(a) all signatories to a declaration [or denial of paternity] of paternity or denial of
7921	parentage as provided in Part 3, Voluntary Declaration of Paternity[-Act]; and
7922	(b) all parties to an adjudication by a tribunal acting under circumstances that satisfy the
7923	jurisdictional requirements of Section [78B-14-201] 81-8-201.
7924	(2) A child is not bound by a determination of parentage under this chapter unless:
7925	(a) the determination was based on an unrescinded declaration of paternity and the
7926	declaration is consistent with the results of genetic testing;
7927	(b) the adjudication of parentage was based on a finding consistent with the results of
7928	genetic testing and the consistency is declared in the determination or is otherwise
7929	shown; or
7930	(c) the child was a party or was represented in the proceeding determining parentage by
7931	a guardian ad litem.
7932	(3) In a proceeding to dissolve a marriage, the tribunal is considered to have made an
7933	adjudication of the parentage of a child if the question of [paternity] parentage is raised
7934	and the tribunal adjudicates according to [Part 6, Adjudication of Parentage,] this part
7935	and the final order:
7936	(a) expressly identifies a child as a "child of the marriage," "issue of the marriage," or
7937	similar words indicating that the [husband is the father] spouse is the parent of the
7938	child; or
7939	(b) provides for support of the child by the [husband unless paternity] spouse unless
7940	parentage is specifically disclaimed in the order.
7941	(4) The tribunal is not considered to have made an adjudication of the parentage of a child
7942	if the child was born at the time of entry of the order and other children are named as
7943	children of the marriage, but that child is specifically not named.
7944	(5) Once the [paternity] parentage of a child has been adjudicated, an individual who was
7945	not a party to the [paternity] parentage proceeding may not challenge the [paternity]
7946	parentage, unless:
7947	(a) the party seeking to challenge can demonstrate a fraud upon the tribunal;
7948	(b) the challenger can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the challenger
7949	did not know about the adjudicatory proceeding or did not have a reasonable
7950	opportunity to know of the proceeding; and
7951	(c) there would be harm to the child to leave the order in place.

7952	(6) A party to an adjudication of [paternity] parentage may challenge the adjudication only
7953	under law of this state relating to appeal, vacation of judgments, or other judicial review.
7954	(7) A party to an adjudication may not bring a challenge under Subsection (6) if the party
7955	committed the fraud.
7956	Section 147. Section 81-5-701, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-701 is renumbered
7957	and amended to read:
7958	Part 7. Assisted Reproduction
7959	[78B-15-701] <u>81-5-701</u> . Scope.
7960	This part does not apply to the birth of a child conceived by means of sexual intercourse[,]
7961	or as result of a gestational agreement [as provided in] described in Part 8, Gestational
7962	Agreement.
7963	Section 148. Section 81-5-702, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-702 is renumbered
7964	and amended to read:
7965	[78B-15-702] <u>81-5-702</u> . Parental status of donor.
7966	A donor is not a parent of a child conceived by means of assisted reproduction.
7967	Section 149. Section 81-5-703, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-703 is renumbered
7968	and amended to read:
7969	[78B-15-703] 81-5-703 . Spouse's parentage of child of assisted reproduction.
7970	If [a husband provides sperm for, or consents to,] an individual provides sperm or eggs
7971	for, or consents to, assisted reproduction by [his wife] the individual's wife as provided in
7972	Section [78B-15-704, he is the father] 81-5-704, the individual is the parent of a resulting child
7973	born to [his wife] the individual's wife.
7974	Section 150. Section 81-5-704, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-704 is renumbered
7975	and amended to read:
7976	[78B-15-704] 81-5-704 . Consent to assisted reproduction.
7977	$(1)(\underline{a})$ A consent to assisted reproduction by a married woman must be in a record
7978	signed by the woman and [her husband] the woman's spouse.
7979	(b) [This requirement-] The requirement described in Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to
7980	the donation of eggs for assisted reproduction by another woman.
7981	(2) Failure of [the husband] a married woman's spouse to sign a consent required by
7982	Subsection (1), before or after the birth of the child, does not preclude a finding that the [
7983	husband is the father] spouse is the parent of a child born to [his wife if the wife and
7984	husband] the married woman if the married woman and the married woman's spouse
7985	openly treat the child as their own.

7986	Section 151. Section 81-5-705, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-705 is renumbered
7987	and amended to read:
7988	[78B-15-705] <u>81-5-705</u> . Limitation on spouse's dispute of parentage.
7989	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), the [husband of a wife] spouse of a
7990	woman who gives birth to a child by means of assisted reproduction may not challenge [
7991	his paternity] the spouse's parentage of the child unless:
7992	(a) within two years after learning of the birth of the child [he] the spouse commences a
7993	proceeding to adjudicate [his paternity] the spouse's parentage; and
7994	(b) the tribunal finds that [he] the spouse did not consent to the assisted reproduction,
7995	before or after the birth of the child.
7996	(2) A proceeding to adjudicate [paternity] parentage may be maintained at any time if the
7997	tribunal determines that:
7998	(a) the [husband] individual did not provide sperm or eggs for, or before or after the birth
7999	of the child consent to, assisted reproduction by [his] the individual's wife;
8000	(b) the [husband and the mother] individual and the birth mother of the child have not
8001	cohabited since the probable time of assisted reproduction; and
8002	(c) the [husband] individual never openly treated the child as [his] the individual's own.
8003	(3) The limitation provided in this section applies to a marriage declared invalid after
8004	assisted reproduction.
8005	Section 152. Section 81-5-706, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-706 is renumbered
8006	and amended to read:
8007	[78B-15-706] <u>81-5-706</u> . Effect of dissolution of marriage.
8008	(1) If a marriage is dissolved before placement of eggs, sperm, or an embryo, the former
8009	spouse is not a parent of the resulting child unless the former spouse consented in a
8010	record that if assisted reproduction were to occur after a divorce, the former spouse
8011	would be a parent of the child.
8012	(2) The consent of the former spouse to assisted reproduction may be revoked by that
8013	individual in a record at any time before placement of eggs, sperm, or embryos.
8014	Section 153. Section 81-5-707 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-707 is renumbered
8015	and amended to read:
8016	[78B-15-707] <u>81-5-707</u> . Parental status of deceased spouse.
8017	If a spouse dies before placement of eggs, sperm, or an embryo, the deceased spouse is
8018	not a parent of the resulting child unless the deceased spouse consented in a record that if
8019	assisted reproduction were to occur after death, the deceased spouse would be a parent of the

8020	child.
8021	Section 154. Section 81-5-708, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-708 is renumbered
8022	and amended to read:
8023	[78B-15-708] <u>81-5-708</u> . Access to identifying information and medical history.
8024	(1) A person conceived through assisted reproduction who is at least 18 years [of age] old
8025	shall be provided, upon the person's request, access to the nonidentifying medical history
8026	of the donor who assisted in the reproduction process that resulted in the person's birth.
8027	(2) Under no circumstance may a person who donated to a fertility clinic for the purpose of
8028	assisted reproduction be liable for financial support to the child conceived through
8029	assisted reproduction or the child's parent.
8030	(3) Except as provided in this section, a donor's request to remain anonymous shall be given
8031	full deference.
8032	Section 155. Section 81-5-801, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-801 is renumbered
8033	and amended to read:
8034	Part 8. Gestational Agreement
8035	[78B-15-801] <u>81-5-801</u> . Gestational agreement authorized.
8036	(1) A prospective gestational mother, the prospective gestational mother's spouse if the
8037	prospective gestational mother is married, a donor or the donors, and the intended
8038	parents may enter into a written agreement providing that:
8039	(a) the prospective gestational mother agrees to pregnancy by means of assisted
8040	reproduction;
8041	(b) the prospective gestational mother, the prospective gestational mother's spouse if the
8042	prospective gestational mother is married, and the donors relinquish all rights and
8043	duties as the parents of a child conceived through assisted reproduction; and
	dates as the parents of a child concerved unough assisted reproduction, and
8044	(c) the intended parents become the parents of the child.
8044 8045	
	(c) the intended parents become the parents of the child.
8045	(c) the intended parents become the parents of the child.(2) The intended gestational mother may not currently be receiving Medicaid or any other
8045 8046	(c) the intended parents become the parents of the child.(2) The intended gestational mother may not currently be receiving Medicaid or any other state assistance.
8045 8046 8047	 (c) the intended parents become the parents of the child. (2) The intended gestational mother may not currently be receiving Medicaid or any other state assistance. (3)(a) The intended parents shall be married.
8045 8046 8047 8048	 (c) the intended parents become the parents of the child. (2) The intended gestational mother may not currently be receiving Medicaid or any other state assistance. (3)(a) The intended parents shall be married. (b) Both intended parents must be parties to the gestational agreement.
8045 8046 8047 8048 8049	 (c) the intended parents become the parents of the child. (2) The intended gestational mother may not currently be receiving Medicaid or any other state assistance. (3)(a) The intended parents shall be married. (b) Both intended parents must be parties to the gestational agreement. (4) A gestational agreement is enforceable only if validated as provided in Section [
8045 8046 8047 8048 8049 8050	 (c) the intended parents become the parents of the child. (2) The intended gestational mother may not currently be receiving Medicaid or any other state assistance. (3)(a) The intended parents shall be married. (b) Both intended parents must be parties to the gestational agreement. (4) A gestational agreement is enforceable only if validated as provided in Section [78B-15-803] 81-5-803.

- 8054 (6) The parties to a gestational agreement shall be 21 years old or older.
- 8055 (7) The gestational mother's eggs may not be used in the assisted reproduction procedure.
- 8056 (8) If the gestational mother is married, the gestational mother's spouse's sperm or eggs may
- not be used in the assisted reproduction procedure.
- 8058 Section 156. Section **81-5-802**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-802 is renumbered 8059 and amended to read:
- 8060 [78B-15-802] 81-5-802 . Requirements of petition.
- 8061 (1) The intended parents and the prospective gestational mother may file a petition in the8062 district tribunal to validate a gestational agreement.
- 8063 (2) A petition to validate a gestational agreement may not be maintained unless either the
- 8064 mother or intended parents have been residents of this state for at least 90 days.
- 8065 (3) The prospective gestational mother's spouse, if the prospective gestational mother is8066 married, must join in the petition.
- 8067 (4) A copy of the gestational agreement must be attached to the petition.
- 8068 Section 157. Section **81-5-803**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-803 is renumbered 8069 and amended to read:
- 8070 [78B-15-803] 81-5-803. Hearing to validate gestational agreement.
- 8071 (1) If the requirements of Subsection (2) are satisfied, a tribunal may issue an order
- validating the gestational agreement and declaring that the intended parents will be theparents of a child born during the term of the agreement.
- 8074 (2) The tribunal may issue an order under Subsection (1) only on finding that:
- (a) the residence requirements of Section [78B-15-802] <u>81-8-802</u> have been satisfied and
 the parties have submitted to the jurisdiction of the tribunal under the jurisdictional
 standards of this part;
- (b) unless waived by the tribunal, a home study of the intended parents has been
- 8079 conducted in accordance with [Sections 78B-6-128 through 78B-6-131] Chapter 13,
- 8080 Part 4, Placement of a Minor Child or Vulnerable Adult for Adoption, and the 8081 intended parents meet the standards of fitness applicable to adoptive parents;
- 8082 (c) all parties have participated in counseling with a licensed mental health professional8083 as evidenced by a certificate:
- 8084 (i) signed by the licensed mental health professional that affirms that all parties have8085 discussed options and consequences of the agreement; and
- 8086 (ii) presented to the tribunal;
- 8087 (d) all parties have voluntarily entered into the agreement and understand the

8088	agreement's terms;
8089	(e) the prospective gestational mother has had at least one pregnancy and delivery and
8090	the prospective gestational mother's bearing another child will not pose an
8091	unreasonable health risk to the unborn child or to the physical or mental health of the
8092	prospective gestational mother;
8093	(f) adequate provision has been made for all reasonable health-care expense associated
8094	with the gestational agreement until the birth of the child, including responsibility for
8095	all reasonable health-care expense if the agreement is terminated;
8096	(g) the consideration, if any, paid to the prospective gestational mother is reasonable;
8097	(h) all the parties to the agreement are 21 years old or older;
8098	(i) the gestational mother's eggs are not being used in the assisted reproduction
8099	procedure; and
8100	(j) if the gestational mother is married, the gestational mother's spouse's sperm or eggs
8101	are not being used in the assisted reproduction procedure.
8102	(3) Whether to validate a gestational agreement is within the discretion of the tribunal,
8103	subject only to review for abuse of discretion.
8104	Section 158. Section 81-5-804, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-804 is renumbered
8105	and amended to read:
8106	[78B-15-804] <u>81-5-804</u> . Inspection of records.
8107	The proceedings, records, and identities of the individuals to a gestational agreement
8108	under this part are subject to inspection under the confidentiality standards applicable to
8109	adoptions as provided under other laws of this state.
8110	Section 159. Section 81-5-805, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-805 is renumbered
8111	and amended to read:
8112	[78B-15-805] <u>81-5-805</u> . Exclusive, continuing jurisdiction.
8113	Subject to the jurisdictional standards of Section [78B-13-201] 81-11-201, the tribunal
8114	conducting a proceeding under this part has exclusive, continuing jurisdiction of all matters
8115	arising out of the gestational agreement until a child born to the gestational mother during the
8116	period governed by the agreement attains the age of 180 days.
8117	Section 160. Section 81-5-806, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-806 is renumbered
8118	and amended to read:
8119	[78B-15-806] 81-5-806 . Termination of gestational agreement.
8120	(1) After issuance of an order under this part, but before the prospective gestational mother
8121	becomes pregnant by means of assisted reproduction, the prospective gestational mother,

8122 the prospective gestational mother's spouse, or either of the intended parents may 8123 terminate the gestational agreement only by giving written notice of termination to all 8124 other parties. 8125 (2) The tribunal for good cause shown also may terminate the gestational agreement. 8126 (3)(a) An individual who terminates an agreement shall file notice of the termination 8127 with the tribunal. 8128 (b) On receipt of the notice, the tribunal shall vacate the order issued under this part. 8129 (c) An individual who does not notify the tribunal of the termination of the agreement is 8130 subject to appropriate sanctions. 8131 (4) A prospective gestational mother, or the prospective gestational mother's spouse if 8132 married, is not liable to the intended parents for terminating an agreement [pursuant to] 8133 in accordance with this section. 8134 Section 161. Section 81-5-807, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-807 is renumbered 8135 and amended to read: 8136 [78B-15-807] 81-5-807 . Parentage under validated gestational agreement. 8137 (1)(a) Upon birth of a child to a gestational mother, the intended parents shall file notice 8138 with the tribunal that a child has been born to the gestational mother within 300 days 8139 after assisted reproduction. 8140 (b) [Thereupon] If the intended parents file a notice described in Subsection (1)(a), the 8141 tribunal shall issue an order: 8142 [(a)] (i) confirming that the intended parents are the parents of the child; 8143 [(b)] (ii) if necessary, ordering that the child be surrendered to the intended parents; 8144 and 8145 [(c)] (iii) directing the Office of Vital Records and Statistics to issue a birth certificate 8146 naming the intended parents as parents of the child. 8147 (2) If the parentage of a child born to the gestational mother is in dispute as not the result of 8148 an assisted reproduction, the tribunal shall order genetic testing to determine the parentage of the child. 8149 8150 Section 162. Section 81-5-808, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-808 is renumbered 8151 and amended to read: 8152 [78B-15-808] 81-5-808 . Gestational agreement -- Miscellaneous provisions. 8153 (1) A gestational agreement may provide for payment of consideration. 8154 (2) A gestational agreement may not limit the right of the gestational mother to make 8155 decisions to safeguard the gestational mother's health or that of the embryo or fetus.

8156	(3) After the issuance of an order under this part, subsequent marriage of the gestational
8157	mother does not affect the validity of a gestational agreement, and the gestational
8158	mother's spouse's consent to the agreement is not required, nor is the gestational
8159	mother's spouse a presumed parent of the resulting child.
8160	Section 163. Section 81-5-809, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-809 is renumbered
8161	and amended to read:
8162	[78B-15-809] 81-5-809 . Effect of nonvalidated gestational agreement.
8163	(1) A gestational agreement, whether in a record or not, which is not validated by a tribunal
8164	is not enforceable.
8165	(2) If a birth results under a gestational agreement that is not judicially validated as
8166	provided in this part, the parent-child relationship is determined as provided in Part 2,
8167	Parent and Child Relationship.
8168	$(3)(\underline{a})$ The individuals who are parties to a nonvalidated gestational agreement as
8169	intended parents may be held liable for support of the resulting child, even if the
8170	agreement is otherwise unenforceable.
8171	(b) The liability under this Subsection (3) includes assessing all expenses and fees as
8172	provided in Section [78B-15-622] 81-5-622.
8173	Section 164. Section 81-5-901, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-901 is renumbered
8174	and amended to read:
8175	Part 9. Applicability Provisions
8176	[78B-15-901] <u>81-5-901</u> . Uniformity of application and construction of this
a	[102 10 x0 x 0 x 0 x 0 x 0 x 0 x 0 x 0 x 0 x
8177	chapter.
8177 8178	
	chapter.
8178	chapter.(1) This chapter is a uniform law.
8178 8179	 chapter. (1) This chapter is a uniform law. (2) In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to
8178 8179 8180	 chapter. (1) This chapter is a uniform law. (2) In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] the uniform law's subject matter
8178 8179 8180 8181	 chapter. (1) This chapter is a uniform law. (2) In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] the uniform law's subject matter among the states that enact [it] this uniform law.
8178 8179 8180 8181 8182	 chapter. (1) This chapter is a uniform law. (2) In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] the uniform law's subject matter among the states that enact [it] this uniform law. Section 165. Section 81-5-902, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-902 is renumbered
8178 8179 8180 8181 8182 8183	 chapter. (1) This chapter is a uniform law. (2) In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] the uniform law's subject matter among the states that enact [it] this uniform law. Section 165. Section 81-5-902, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-902 is renumbered and amended to read:
8178 8179 8180 8181 8182 8183 8184	 chapter. (1) This chapter is a uniform law. (2) In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] the uniform law's subject matter among the states that enact [it] this uniform law. Section 165. Section 81-5-902, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-902 is renumbered and amended to read: [78B-15-902] 81-5-902 . Transitional provision.
8178 8179 8180 8181 8182 8183 8184 8185	 chapter. (1) This chapter is a uniform law. (2) In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] the uniform law's subject matter among the states that enact [it] this uniform law. Section 165. Section 81-5-902, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-902 is renumbered and amended to read: [78B-15-902] 81-5-902 · Transitional provision. A proceeding to adjudicate parentage [which] that was commenced before May 1, 2005,
8178 8179 8180 8181 8182 8183 8184 8185 8186	 chapter. (1) This chapter is a uniform law. (2) In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] the uniform law's subject matter among the states that enact [it] this uniform law. Section 165. Section 81-5-902, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-902 is renumbered and amended to read: [78B-15-902] 81-5-902 . Transitional provision. A proceeding to adjudicate parentage [which] that was commenced before May 1, 2005, is governed by the law in effect at the time the proceeding was commenced.
8178 8179 8180 8181 8182 8183 8184 8185 8186 8187	 chapter. (1) This chapter is a uniform law. (2) In applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] the uniform law's subject matter among the states that enact [it] this uniform law. Section 165. Section 81-5-902, which is renumbered from Section 78B-15-902 is renumbered and amended to read: [78B-15-902] 81-5-902. Transitional provision. A proceeding to adjudicate parentage [which] that was commenced before May 1, 2005, is governed by the law in effect at the time the proceeding was commenced. Section 166. Section 81-8-102, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-102 is renumbered

8190	Part 1. General Provisions
8191	[78B-14-102] <u>81-8-102</u> . Definitions for chapter.
8192	As used in this chapter:
8193	(1) "Alleged genetic parent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-5-102.
8194	(2) "Birth mother" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-5-102.
8195	[(1)] (3) "Child" means an individual, whether over or under the age of majority, who is or
8196	is alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual's parent or who is or is alleged
8197	to be the beneficiary of a support order directed to the parent.
8198	[(2)] (4) "Child support order" means a support order for a child, including a child who has
8199	attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state or foreign country.
8200	(5) "Child support services agency" means a public official, governmental entity, or private
8201	agency authorized to:
8202	(a) seek enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty of support;
8203	(b) seek establishment or modification of child support;
8204	(c) request determination of parentage of a child;
8205	(d) attempt to locate obligors or their assets; or
8206	(e) request determination of the controlling child support order.
8207	[(3)] (6) "Convention" means the convention on the International Recovery of Child Support
8208	and Other Forms of Family Maintenance, concluded at The Hague on November 23,
8209	2007.
8210	[(4)] (7) "Duty of support" means an obligation imposed or imposable by law to provide
8211	support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an unsatisfied obligation to
8212	provide support.
8213	[(5)] (8) "Foreign country" means a country, including a political subdivision thereof, other
8214	than the United States, that authorizes the issuance of support orders and:
8215	(a) which has been declared under the law of the United States to be a foreign
8216	reciprocating country;
8217	(b) which has established a reciprocal arrangement for child support with this state as
8218	provided in Section [78B-14-308] 81-8-308;
8219	(c) which has enacted a law or established procedures for the issuance and enforcement
8220	of support orders which are substantially similar to the procedures under this chapter;
8221	or

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8222 (d) in which the convention is in force with respect to the United States. 8223 [(6)] (9) "Foreign support order" means a support order of a foreign tribunal. 8224 [(7)] (10)(a) "Foreign tribunal" means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial 8225 entity of a foreign country which is authorized to establish, enforce, or modify 8226 support orders or to determine parentage of a child. [The term] 8227 (b) <u>"Foreign tribunal"</u> includes a competent authority under the convention. 8228 [(8)] (11) "Home state" means the state or foreign country in which a child lived with a 8229 parent or a person acting as parent for at least six consecutive months immediately 8230 preceding the time of filing of a petition or comparable pleading for support and, if a 8231 child is less than six months old, the state or foreign country in which the child lived 8232 from birth with any of them. A period of temporary absence of any of them is counted as part of the six-month or other period. 8233 8234 [(9)] (12) "Income" includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money from any 8235 source and any other property subject to withholding for support under the law of this 8236 state. 8237 [(10)] (13) "Income-withholding order" means an order or other legal process directed to an 8238 obligor's employer or other source of income as defined in Section 26B-9-101, to 8239 withhold support from the income of the obligor. 8240 [(11)] (14) "Initiating tribunal" means the tribunal of a state or foreign country from which a 8241 petition or comparable pleading is forwarded or in which a petition or comparable 8242 pleading is filed for forwarding to another state or foreign country. 8243 [(12)] (15) "Issuing foreign country" means the foreign country in which a tribunal issues a 8244 support order or a judgment determining parentage of a child. 8245 [(13)] (16) "Issuing state" means the state in which a tribunal issues a support order or a 8246 judgment determining parentage of a child. 8247 [(14)] (17) "Issuing tribunal" means the tribunal of a state or foreign country that issues a 8248 support order or a judgment determining parentage of a child. 8249 [(15)] (18) "Law" includes decisional and statutory law and rules and regulations having the 8250 force of law. 8251 [(16)] (19) "Obligee" means: 8252 (a) an individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to be owed or in whose favor 8253 a support order or a judgment determining parentage of a child has been issued; 8254 (b) a foreign country, state, or political subdivision of a state to which the rights under a 8255 duty of support or support order have been assigned or which has independent claims

8256	based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee in place of child
8257	support;
8258	(c) an individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's child; or
8259	(d) a person who is a creditor in a proceeding under Part 7, Support Proceedings Under
8260	Convention.
8261	[(17)] (20) "Obligor" means an individual who, or the estate of a decedent that:
8262	(a) owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;
8263	(b) is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a child;
8264	(c) is liable under a support order; or
8265	(d) is a debtor in a proceeding under Part 7, Support Proceedings Under Convention.
8266	[(18)] (21) "Outside this state" means a location in another state or a country other than the
8267	United States, whether or not the country is a foreign country.
8268	[(19)] (22) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust,
8269	partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, government,
8270	governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, public corporation, or any other
8271	legal or commercial entity.
8272	(23) "Presumed parent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-5-102.
8273	[(20)] (24) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is
8274	stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
8275	[(21)] (25) "Register" means to file in a tribunal of this state a support order or judgment
8276	determining parentage of a child issued in another state or a foreign country.
8277	[(22)] (26) "Registering tribunal" means a tribunal in which a support order or judgment
8278	determining parentage of a child is registered.
8279	[(23)] (27) "Responding state" means a state in which a petition or comparable pleading for
8280	support or to determine parentage of a child is filed or to which a petition or comparable
8281	pleading is forwarded for filing from another state or a foreign country.
8282	[(24)] (28) "Responding tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in a responding state or
8283	foreign country.
8284	[(25)] (29) "Spousal support order" means a support order for a spouse or former spouse of
8285	the obligor.
8286	[(26)] (30)(a) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto
8287	Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject
8288	to the jurisdiction of the United States. [The term]
8289	(b) <u>"State"</u> includes an Indian nation or tribe.

8290	[(27) "Support enforcement agency" means a public official, governmental entity, or
8291	private agency authorized to:]
8292	[(a) seek enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty of support;]
8293	[(b) seek establishment or modification of child support;]
8294	[(c) request determination of parentage of a child;]
8295	[(d) attempt to locate obligors or their assets; or]
8296	[(e) request determination of the controlling child support order.]
8297	[(28)] (31)(a) "Support order" means a judgment, decree, order, decision, or directive,
8298	whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, issued in a state or foreign
8299	country for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a former spouse, which provides for
8300	monetary support, health care, arrearages, retroactive support, or reimbursement for
8301	financial assistance provided to an individual obligee in place of child support. [The
8302	term may include]
8303	(b) "Support order" includes related costs and fees, interest, income withholding,
8304	automatic adjustment, reasonable attorney fees, and other relief.
8305	[(29)] (32) "Tribunal" means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity
8306	authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage of a
8307	child.
8308	Section 167. Section 81-8-103, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-103 is renumbered
8309	and amended to read:
8310	[78B-14-103] <u>81-8-103</u> . State tribunal and child support services agency.
8311	(1) [The district court] A court with jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial
8312	Administration, and the Utah Department of Health and Human Services are the
8313	tribunals of this state.
8314	(2) The Utah Department of Health and Human Services is the state [support enforcement
8315	agency] child support services agency.
8316	Section 168. Section 81-8-104, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-104 is renumbered
8317	and amended to read:
8318	[78B-14-104] <u>81-8-104</u> . Remedies cumulative.
8319	(1) Remedies provided by this chapter are cumulative and do not affect the availability of
8320	remedies under other law or the recognition of a foreign support order on the basis of
8321	comity.
8322	(2) This chapter does not:
8323	(a) provide the exclusive method of establishing or enforcing a support order under the

8324	law of this state; or
8325	(b) grant a tribunal of this state jurisdiction to render judgment or issue an order relating
8326	to child custody or parent-time in a proceeding under this chapter.
8327	Section 169. Section 81-8-105, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-105 is renumbered
8328	and amended to read:
8329	[78B-14-105] <u>81-8-105</u> . Application of chapter to residents of foreign countries
8330	and foreign support proceedings.
8331	(1) A tribunal of this state shall apply Part 1, General Provisions, Part 2, Jurisdiction, Part 3,
8332	Civil Provisions of General Application, Part 4, Establishment of Support Order or
8333	Determination of Parentage, Part 5, Enforcement of Support Order Without Registration,
8334	and Part 6, Registration, Enforcement, and Modification of Support Order and, as
8335	applicable, Part 7, Support Proceedings Under Convention, to a support proceeding
8336	involving:
8337	(a) a foreign support order;
8338	(b) a foreign tribunal; or
8339	(c) an obligee, obligor, or child residing in a foreign country.
8340	(2) A tribunal of this state that is requested to recognize and enforce a support order on the
8341	basis of comity may apply the procedural and substantive provisions of Part 1, General
8342	Provisions, Part 2, Jurisdiction, Part 3, Civil Provisions of General Application, Part 4,
8343	Establishment of Support Order or Determination of Parentage, Part 5, Enforcement of
8344	Support Order Without Registration, and Part 6, Registration, Enforcement, and
8345	Modification of Support Order.
8346	(3)(a) Part 7, Support Proceedings Under Convention, applies only to a support
8347	proceeding under the convention.
8348	(b) In a proceeding, if a provision of Part 7, Support Proceedings Under Convention is
8349	inconsistent with Part 1, General Provisions, Part 2, Jurisdiction, Part 3, Civil
8350	Provisions of General Application, Part 4, Establishment of Support Order or
8351	Determination of Parentage, Part 5, Enforcement of Support Order Without
8352	Registration, and Part 6, Registration, Enforcement, and Modification of Support
8353	Order, Part 7, Support Proceedings Under Convention, controls.
8354	Section 170. Section 81-8-201 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-201 is renumbered
8355	and amended to read:
8356	Part 2. Jurisdiction
8357	[78B-14-201] <u>81-8-201</u> . Bases for jurisdiction over nonresident.

8358	(1) In a proceeding to establish or enforce a support order or to determine parentage of a
8359	child, a tribunal of this state may exercise personal jurisdiction over a nonresident
8360	individual, or the individual's guardian or conservator, if:
8361	(a) the individual is personally served with notice within this state;
8362	(b) the individual submits to the jurisdiction of this state by consent in a record, by
8363	entering a general appearance, or by filing a responsive document having the effect of
8364	waiving any contest to personal jurisdiction;
8365	(c) the individual resided with the child in this state;
8366	(d) the individual resided in this state and provided prenatal expenses or support for the
8367	child;
8368	(e) the child resides in this state as a result of the acts or directives of the individual;
8369	(f) the individual engaged in sexual intercourse in this state and the child may have been
8370	conceived by that act of intercourse;
8371	(g) the individual asserted parentage of a child in the putative father registry maintained
8372	in this state by the [state registrar of vital records in the Department of Health
8373	pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act] Office of Vital Records
8374	and Statistics in accordance with Chapter 13, Adoption; or
8375	(h) there is any other basis consistent with the constitutions of this state and the United
8376	States for the exercise of personal jurisdiction.
8377	(2) The bases of personal jurisdiction set forth in Subsection (1) or in any other law of this
8378	state may not be used to acquire personal jurisdiction for a tribunal of this state to
8379	modify a child support order of another state unless the requirements of Section [
8380	78B-14-611] 81-8-611 are met, or, in the case of a foreign support order, unless the
8381	requirements of Section [78B-14-615] 81-8-615 are met.
8382	Section 171. Section 81-8-202, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-202 is renumbered
8383	and amended to read:
8384	[78B-14-202] <u>81-8-202</u> . Duration of personal jurisdiction.
8385	Personal jurisdiction acquired by a tribunal of this state in a proceeding under this
8386	chapter or other law of this state relating to a support order continues as long as a tribunal of
8387	this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify [its] the tribunal's order or continuing
8388	jurisdiction to enforce [its] the tribunal's order [as provided by Sections 78B-14-205,
8389	78B-14-206, and 78B-14-211] as described in Sections 81-8-205, 81-8-206, and 81-8-211.
8390	Section 172. Section 81-8-203, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-203 is renumbered
8391	and amended to read:

8392	[78B-14-203] <u>81-8-203</u> . Initiating and responding tribunal of state.
8393	Under this chapter, a tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating tribunal to forward
8394	proceedings to a tribunal of another state and as a responding tribunal for proceedings initiated
8395	in another state or a foreign country.
8396	Section 173. Section 81-8-204, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-204 is renumbered
8397	and amended to read:
8398	[78B-14-204] <u>81-8-204</u> . Simultaneous proceedings in another state.
8399	(1) A tribunal of this state may exercise jurisdiction to establish a support order if the
8400	petition or comparable pleading is filed after a pleading is filed in another state or a
8401	foreign country only if:
8402	(a) the petition or comparable pleading in this state is filed before the expiration of the
8403	time allowed in the other state or the foreign country for filing a responsive pleading
8404	challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by the other state or the foreign country;
8405	(b) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction in the other state or
8406	the foreign country; and
8407	(c) if relevant, this state is the home state of the child.
8408	(2) A tribunal of this state may not exercise jurisdiction to establish a support order if the
8409	petition or comparable pleading is filed before a petition or comparable pleading is filed
8410	in another state or a foreign country if:
8411	(a) the petition or comparable pleading in the other state or foreign country is filed
8412	before the expiration of the time allowed in this state for filing a responsive pleading
8413	challenging the exercise of jurisdiction by this state;
8414	(b) the contesting party timely challenges the exercise of jurisdiction in this state; and
8415	(c) if relevant, the other state or foreign country is the home of the child.
8416	Section 174. Section 81-8-205, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-205 is renumbered
8417	and amended to read:
8418	[78B-14-205] <u>81-8-205</u> . Continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify child
8419	support order.
8420	(1) A tribunal of this state that has issued a child support order consistent with the law of
8421	this state has and shall exercise continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify its child
8422	support order if the order is the controlling order, and:
8423	(a) at the time of the filing of a request for modification, this state is the residence of the
8424	obligor, the individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit the support order is
8425	issued; or

8426 (b) even if this state is not the residence of the obligor, the individual obligee, or the 8427 child for whose benefit the support order is issued, the parties consent in a record or 8428 in open court that the tribunal of this state may continue to exercise jurisdiction to 8429 modify [its] the tribunal order. 8430 (2) A tribunal of this state that has issued a child support order consistent with the law of 8431 this state may not exercise continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify the order if: 8432 (a) all of the parties who are individuals file consent in a record with the tribunal of this 8433 state that a tribunal of another state that has jurisdiction over at least one of the 8434 parties who is an individual or that is located in the state of residence of the child 8435 may modify the order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction; or 8436 (b) [its] the tribunal's order is not the controlling order. 8437 (3) If a tribunal of another state has issued a child support order [pursuant to] in accordance 8438 with the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law substantially similar to the act, [8439 which] that modifies a child support order of a tribunal of this state, [tribunals] a tribunal 8440 of this state shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of the tribunal of the 8441 other state. 8442 (4) A tribunal of this state that lacks continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify a child 8443 support order may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to 8444 modify a support order issued in that state. 8445 (5) A temporary support order issued ex parte or pending resolution of a jurisdictional 8446 conflict does not create continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in the issuing tribunal. 8447 Section 175. Section 81-8-206, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-206 is renumbered 8448 and amended to read: 8449 [78B-14-206] 81-8-206 . Continuing jurisdiction to enforce child support order. 8450 (1) A tribunal of this state that has issued a child support order consistent with the law of 8451 this state may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to 8452 enforce: 8453 (a) the order if the order is the controlling order and has not been modified by a tribunal 8454 of another state that assumed jurisdiction [pursuant to] in accordance with the 8455 Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; or 8456 (b) a money judgment for arrears of support and interest on the order accrued before a 8457 determination that an order of a tribunal of another state is the controlling order. 8458 (2) A tribunal of this state having continuing jurisdiction over a support order may act as a 8459 responding tribunal to enforce the order.

8460	Section 176. Section 81-8-207 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-207 is renumbered
8461	and amended to read:
8462	[78B-14-207] <u>81-8-207</u> . Determination of controlling child-support order.
8463	(1) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter and only one tribunal has issued a child
8464	support order, the order of that tribunal controls and shall be so recognized.
8465	(2) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter, and two or more child support orders have
8466	been issued by tribunals of this state, another state, or a foreign country with regard to
8467	the same obligor and same child, a tribunal of this state having personal jurisdiction over
8468	both the obligor and individual obligee shall apply the following rules and by order shall
8469	determine which order controls and shall be recognized:
8470	(a) If only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this
8471	chapter, the order of that tribunal controls.
8472	(b) If more than one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under
8473	this chapter, an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state of the child
8474	controls, or if an order has not been issued in the current home state of the child, the
8475	order most recently issued controls.
8476	(c) If none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this
8477	chapter, the tribunal of this state shall issue a child support order, which controls.
8478	(3)(a) If two or more child support orders have been issued for the same obligor and
8479	same child, upon request of a party who is an individual or that is a [support
8480	enforcement] child support services agency, a tribunal of this state having personal
8481	jurisdiction over both the obligor and the obligee who is an individual shall determine
8482	which order controls under Subsection (2).
8483	(b) The request under Subsection (3)(a) may be filed with a registration for enforcement
8484	or registration for modification pursuant to Part 6, Registration, Enforcement, and
8485	Modification of Support Order, or may be filed as a separate proceeding.
8486	(4)(a) A request to determine which is the controlling order shall be accompanied by a
8487	copy of every child support order in effect and the applicable record of payments.
8488	(b) The requesting party shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights may
8489	be affected by the determination.
8490	(5) The tribunal that issued the controlling order under Subsection (1), (2), or (3) has
8491	continuing jurisdiction to the extent provided in Section [78B-14-205 or 78B-14-206]
8492	<u>81-8-205 or 81-8-206</u> .
8493	(6) A tribunal of this state that determines by order which is the controlling order under

8494	Subsection (2)(a), (b), or (3) that issues a new controlling order under Subsection (2)(c),
8495	shall state in that order:
8496	(a) the basis upon which the tribunal made [its] the tribunal's determination;
8497	(b) the amount of prospective support, if any; and
8498	(c) the total amount of consolidated arrears and accrued interest, if any, under all of the
8499	orders after all payments made are credited as provided by Section [78B-14-209]
8500	<u>81-8-209</u> .
8501	(7)(a) Within 30 days after issuance of an order determining which is the controlling
8502	order, the party obtaining the order shall file a certified copy of [it] the order in each
8503	tribunal that issued or registered an earlier order of child support.
8504	(b) A party or [support enforcement] child support services agency obtaining the order
8505	that fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in
8506	which the issue of failure to file arises.
8507	(c) The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of the controlling
8508	order.
8509	(8) An order that has been determined to be the controlling order, or a judgment for
8510	consolidated arrears of support and interest, if any, made [pursuant to] in accordance with
8511	this section shall be recognized in proceedings under this chapter.
8512	Section 177. Section 81-8-208, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-208 is renumbered
8513	and amended to read:
8514	[78B-14-208] <u>81-8-208</u> . Child support orders for two or more obligees.
8515	In responding to registrations or petitions for enforcement of two or more child support
8516	orders in effect at the same time with regard to the same obligor and different individual
8517	obligees, at least one of which was issued by a tribunal of another state or a foreign country, a
8518	tribunal of this state shall enforce those orders in the same manner as if the orders had been
8519	issued by a tribunal of this state.
8520	Section 178. Section 81-8-209, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-209 is renumbered
8521	and amended to read:
8522	[78B-14-209] <u>81-8-209</u> . Credit for payments.
8523	A tribunal of this state shall credit amounts collected for a particular period pursuant to
8524	any child support order against the amounts owed for the same period under any other child
8525	support order for support of the same child issued by a tribunal of this or another state or
8526	foreign country.
8527	Section 179. Section 81-8-210 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-210 is renumbered

8528	and amended to read:
8529	[78B-14-210] <u>81-8-210</u> . Application of chapter to nonresident subject to personal
8530	jurisdiction.
8531	(1) A tribunal of this state exercising personal jurisdiction over a nonresident in a
8532	proceeding under this chapter, under other law of this state relating to a support order, or
8533	recognizing a foreign support order may:
8534	(a) receive evidence from outside this state [pursuant to Section 78B-14-316,] in
8535	accordance with Section 81-8-316;
8536	(b) communicate with a tribunal outside this state [pursuant to Section 78B-14-317,] in
8537	accordance with Section 81-8-317; and
8538	(c) obtain discovery through a tribunal outside this state [pursuant to Section 78B-14-318]
8539	in accordance with Section 81-8-318.
8540	(2) In all other respects, Part 3, Civil Provisions of General Application, Part 4,
8541	Establishment of Support Order or Determination of Parentage, Part 5, Enforcement of
8542	Support Order Without Registration, and Part 6, Registration, Enforcement, and
8543	Modification of Support Order, do not apply and the tribunal shall apply the procedural
8544	and substantive law of this state.
8545	Section 180. Section 81-8-211 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-211 is renumbered
8546	and amended to read:
8547	[78B-14-211] <u>81-8-211</u> . Continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify spousal
8548	support order.
8549	(1) A tribunal of this state issuing a spousal support order consistent with the law of this
8550	state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction to modify the spousal support order
8551	throughout the existence of the support obligation.
8552	(2) A tribunal of this state may not modify a spousal support order issued by a tribunal of
8553	another state or foreign country having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over that order
8554	under the law of that state or foreign country.
8555	(3) A tribunal of this state that has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal support
8556	order may serve as:
8557	(a) an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state to enforce the spousal
8558	support order issued in this state; or
8559	(b) a responding tribunal to enforce or modify [its] the tribunal's own spousal support
8560	order.
8561	Section 181. Section 81-8-301 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-301 is renumbered

8562	and amended to read:
8563	Part 3. Civil Provisions of General Application
8564	[78B-14-301] <u>81-8-301</u> . Proceedings under chapter.
8565	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, this part applies to all proceedings under
8566	this chapter.
8567	(2) An individual petitioner or a [support enforcement] child support services agency may
8568	initiate a proceeding authorized under this chapter by filing a petition in an initiating
8569	tribunal for forwarding to a responding tribunal or by filing a petition or a comparable
8570	pleading directly in a tribunal of another state or a foreign country [which] that has or
8571	can obtain personal jurisdiction over the respondent.
8572	Section 182. Section 81-8-302, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-302 is renumbered
8573	and amended to read:
8574	[78B-14-302] <u>81-8-302</u> . Action by parent who is under 18 years old.
8575	A [minor parent] parent who is under 18 years old, or a guardian or other legal
8576	representative of [a minor] the parent, may maintain a proceeding on behalf of or for the benefit
8577	of the [minor's] parent's child.
8578	Section 183. Section 81-8-303, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-303 is renumbered
8579	and amended to read:
8580	[78B-14-303] <u>81-8-303</u> . Application of law of state.
8581	Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a responding tribunal of this state shall:
8582	(1) apply the procedural and substantive law generally applicable to similar proceedings
8583	originating in this state and may exercise all powers and provide all remedies available
8584	in those proceedings; and
8585	(2) determine the duty of support and the amount payable in accordance with the law and
8586	support guidelines of this state.
8587	Section 184. Section 81-8-304, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-304 is renumbered
8588	and amended to read:
8589	[78B-14-30 4] <u>81-8-304</u> . Duties of initiating tribunal.
8590	(1) Upon the filing of a petition authorized by this chapter, an initiating tribunal of this state
8591	shall forward the petition and its accompanying documents:
8592	(a) to the responding tribunal or appropriate [support enforcement] child support services
8593	agency in the responding state; or
8594	(b) if the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state information agency
8595	of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the appropriate

8596	tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.
8597	(2)(a) If requested by the responding tribunal, a tribunal of this state shall issue a
8598	certificate or other document and make findings required by the law of the
8599	responding state.
8600	(b) If the responding tribunal is in a foreign country, upon request, the tribunal of this
8601	state shall specify the amount of support sought, convert that amount into the
8602	equivalent amount in the foreign currency under applicable official or market
8603	exchange rate as publicly reported, and provide any other documents necessary to
8604	satisfy the requirements of the responding foreign tribunal.
8605	Section 185. Section 81-8-305 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-305 is renumbered
8606	and amended to read:
8607	[78B-14-305] <u>81-8-305</u> . Duties and powers of responding tribunal.
8608	(1) When a responding tribunal of this state receives a petition or comparable pleading from
8609	an initiating tribunal or directly [pursuant to Subsection 78B-14-301(2), it] in accordance
8610	with Subsection 81-8-301(2), the responding tribunal shall cause the petition or pleading
8611	to be filed and notify the petitioner where and when [it] the petition or pleading was filed.
8612	(2) A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent not prohibited by other law, may do one
8613	or more of the following:
8614	(a) establish or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, determine the
8615	controlling child support order, or determine parentage of a child;
8616	(b) order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the amount and the
8617	manner of compliance;
8618	(c) order income withholding;
8619	(d) determine the amount of any arrearages and specify a method of payment;
8620	(e) enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;
8621	(f) set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;
8622	(g) place liens and order execution on the obligor's property;
8623	(h) order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor's current residential
8624	address, electronic mail address, telephone number, employer, address of
8625	employment, and telephone number at the place of employment;
8626	(i) issue a bench warrant for an obligor who has failed after proper notice to appear at a
8627	hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the bench warrant in any local and state
8628	computer systems for criminal warrants;
8629	(j) order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified methods;

8630	(k) award reasonable attorney fees and other fees and costs; and
8631	(i) grant any other available remedy.
8632	(3) A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a support order issued under this
8633	chapter, or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on which the
8634	support order is based.
8635	(4) A responding tribunal of this state may not condition the payment of a support order
8636	issued under this chapter upon compliance by a party with provisions for parent-time.
8637	(5) If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order under this chapter, the tribunal shall
8638	send a copy of the order to the petitioner and the respondent and to the initiating
8639	tribunal, if any.
8640	(6) If requested to enforce a support order, arrears, or judgment or modify a support order
8641	stated in a foreign currency, a responding tribunal of this state shall convert the amount
8642	stated in the foreign currency to the equivalent amount in dollars under the applicable
8643	
	official or market exchange rate as publicly reported.
8644	Section 186. Section 81-8-306 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-306 is renumbered
8645	and amended to read:
8646	[78B-14-306] <u>81-8-306</u> . Inappropriate tribunal.
8647	If a petition or comparable pleading is received by an inappropriate tribunal of this state,
8648	the tribunal shall forward the pleading and accompanying documents to an appropriate tribunal
8649	in this state or another state and notify the petitioner where and when the pleading was sent.
8650	Section 187. Section 81-8-307 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-307 is renumbered
8651	and amended to read:
8652	[78B-14-307] <u>81-8-307</u> . Duties of child support services agency.
8653	(1) A [support enforcement] child support services agency of this state, upon request, shall
8654	provide services to a petitioner in a proceeding under this chapter.
8655	(2) A [support enforcement] child support services agency of this state that is providing
8656	services to the petitioner shall:
8657	(a) take all steps necessary to enable an appropriate tribunal of this state, another state,
8658	or a foreign country to obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;
8659	(b) request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place for a hearing;
8660	(c) make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information, including information as
8661	to income and property of the parties;
8662	(d) within 10 days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of
8663	notice in a record from an initiating, responding, or registering tribunal, send a copy

8664	of the notice to the petitioner;
8665	(e) within 10 days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of
8666	communication in a record from the respondent or the respondent's attorney, send a
8667	copy of the communication to the petitioner; and
8668	(f) notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent cannot be obtained.
8669	(3) A [support enforcement] child support services agency of this state that requests
8670	registration of a child support order in this state for enforcement or for modification
8671	shall make reasonable efforts:
8672	(a) to ensure that the order to be registered is the controlling order; or
8673	(b) if two or more child support orders exist and the identity of the controlling order has
8674	not been determined, to ensure that a request for such a determination is made in a
8675	tribunal having jurisdiction to do so.
8676	(4) A [support enforcement] child support services agency of this state that requests
8677	registration and enforcement of a support order, arrears, or judgment stated in a foreign
8678	currency shall convert the amounts stated in the foreign currency into the equivalent
8679	amounts in dollars under the applicable official or market exchange rate as publicly
8680	reported.
8681	(5) A [support enforcement] child support services agency of this state shall issue or request
8682	a tribunal of this state to issue a child support order and an income-withholding order
8683	that redirects payment of current support, arrears, and interest if requested to do so by a [
8684	support enforcement] child support services agency of another state [pursuant to Section
8685	78B-14-319] in accordance with Section 81-8-319.
8686	(6) This chapter does not create or negate a relationship of attorney and client or other
8687	fiduciary relationship between a [support enforcement] child support services agency or
8688	the attorney for the agency and the individual being assisted by the agency.
8689	Section 188. Section 81-8-308, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-308 is renumbered
8690	and amended to read:
8691	[78B-14-308] <u>81-8-308</u> . Duty of attorney general.
8692	(1) If the attorney general determines that the [support enforcement] child support services
8693	agency is neglecting or refusing to provide services to an individual, the attorney general
8694	may order the agency to perform [its] the agency's duties under this chapter or may
8695	provide those services directly to the individual.
8696	(2) The attorney general may determine that a foreign country has established a reciprocal
8697	arrangement for child support with this state and take appropriate action for notification

8698 of the determination. 8699 Section 189. Section 81-8-309, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-309 is renumbered 8700 and amended to read: 8701 [78B-14-309] 81-8-309 . Private counsel. 8702 An individual may employ private counsel to represent the individual in proceedings 8703 authorized by this chapter. 8704 Section 190. Section 81-8-310, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-310 is renumbered 8705 and amended to read: 8706 [78B-14-310] 81-8-310. Duties of state information agency. 8707 (1) The Office of Recovery Services is the state information agency under this chapter. 8708 (2) The state information agency shall: 8709 (a) compile and maintain a current list, including addresses, of the tribunals in this state 8710 which have jurisdiction under this chapter and any support enforcement agencies in 8711 this state and transmit a copy to the state information agency of every other state; 8712 (b) maintain a register of names and addresses of tribunals and support enforcement 8713 agencies received from other states; 8714 (c) forward to the appropriate tribunal in the county in this state in which the obligee 8715 who is an individual or the obligor resides, or in which the obligor's property is 8716 believed to be located, all documents concerning a proceeding under this chapter 8717 received from another state or a foreign country; and 8718 (d) obtain information concerning the location of the obligor and the obligor's property 8719 within this state not exempt from execution, by such means as postal verification and 8720 federal or state locator services, examination of telephone directories, requests for the 8721 obligor's address from employers, and examination of governmental records, 8722 including, to the extent not prohibited by law, those relating to real property, vital 8723 statistics, law enforcement, taxation, motor vehicles, driver licenses, and Social 8724 Security. 8725 Section 191. Section 81-8-311, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-311 is renumbered 8726 and amended to read: 8727 [78B-14-311] 81-8-311. Pleadings and accompanying documents. 8728 (1)(a) In a proceeding under this chapter, a petitioner seeking to establish a support 8729 order, to determine parentage of a child, or to register and modify a support order of a 8730 tribunal of another state or a foreign country shall file a petition. 8731 (b) Unless otherwise ordered under Section [78B-14-312] 81-8-312, the petition or

8732	accompanying documents shall provide, so far as known, the name, residential
8733	address, and [Social Security] social security numbers of the obligor and the obligee
8734	or the parent and alleged parent, and the name, sex, residential address, [Social
8735	Security] social security number, and date of birth of each child for whose benefit
8736	support is sought or whose parentage is to be determined.
8737	(c) Unless filed at the time of registration, the petition shall be accompanied by a copy
8738	of any support order known to have been issued by another tribunal.
8739	(d) The petition may include any other information that may assist in locating or
8740	identifying the respondent.
8741	(2)(a) The petition shall specify the relief sought.
8742	(b) The petition and accompanying documents shall conform substantially with the
8743	requirements imposed by the forms mandated by federal law for use in cases filed by
8744	a [support enforcement] child support services agency.
8745	Section 192. Section 81-8-312, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-312 is renumbered
8746	and amended to read:
8747	[78B-14-312] <u>81-8-312</u> . Nondisclosure of information in exceptional
8748	circumstances.
8749	(1) If a party alleges in an affidavit or a pleading under oath that the health, safety, or
8750	liberty of a party or child would be jeopardized by disclosure of specific identifying
8751	information, that information must be sealed and may not be disclosed to the other party
8752	or the public.
8753	(2) After a hearing in which a tribunal takes into consideration the health, safety, or liberty
8754	of the party or child, the tribunal may order disclosure of information that the tribunal
8755	determines to be in the interest of justice.
8756	Section 193. Section 81-8-313, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-313 is renumbered
8757	and amended to read:
8758	[78B-14-313] <u>81-8-313</u> . Costs and fees.
8759	(1) The petitioner may not be required to pay a filing fee or other costs.
8760	(2)(a) If an obligee prevails, a responding tribunal of this state may assess against an
8761	obligor filing fees, reasonable attorney fees, other costs, and necessary travel and
8762	other reasonable expenses incurred by the obligee and the obligee's witnesses.
8763	(b) The tribunal may not assess fees, costs, or expenses against the obligee or the [
8764	support enforcement] child support services agency of either the initiating or the
8765	responding state or a foreign country, except as provided by law.

8766	(c) Attorney fees may be taxed as costs, and may be ordered paid directly to the
8767	attorney, who may enforce the order in the attorney's own name.
8768	(d) Payment of support owed to the obligee has priority over fees, costs, and expenses.
8769	$(3)(\underline{a})$ The tribunal shall order the payment of costs and reasonable attorney fees if it
8770	determines that a hearing was requested primarily for delay.
8771	(b) In a proceeding under Part 6, Registration, Enforcement, and Modification of
8772	Support Order, a hearing is presumed to have been requested primarily for delay if a
8773	registered support order is confirmed or enforced without change.
8774	Section 194. Section 81-8-314, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-314 is renumbered
8775	and amended to read:
8776	[78B-14-314] <u>81-8-314</u> . Limited immunity of petitioner.
8777	(1) Participation by a petitioner in a proceeding under this chapter before a responding
8778	tribunal, whether in person, by private attorney, or through services provided by the [
8779	support-enforcement] child support services agency, does not confer personal jurisdiction
8780	over the petitioner in another proceeding.
8781	(2) A petitioner is not amenable to service of civil process while physically present in this
8782	state to participate in a proceeding under this chapter.
8783	(3) The immunity granted by this section does not extend to civil litigation based on acts
8784	unrelated to a proceeding under this chapter committed by a party while present in this
8785	state to participate in the proceeding.
8786	Section 195. Section 81-8-315 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-315 is renumbered
8787	and amended to read:
8788	[78B-14-315] <u>81-8-315</u> . Nonparentage as defense.
8789	A party whose parentage of a child has been previously determined by or pursuant to
8790	law may not plead nonparentage as a defense to a proceeding under this chapter.
8791	Section 196. Section 81-8-316 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-316 is renumbered
8792	and amended to read:
8793	[78B-14-316] <u>81-8-316</u> . Special rules of evidence and procedure.
8794	(1) The physical presence of a nonresident party who is an individual in a tribunal of this
8795	state is not required for the establishment, enforcement, or modification of a support
8796	order or the rendition of a judgment determining parentage of a child.
8797	(2) An affidavit, a document substantially complying with federally mandated forms, or a
8798	document incorporated by reference in any of them, which would not be excluded under
8799	the hearsay rule if given in person, is admissible in evidence if given under penalty of

8800 perjury by a party or witness residing outside this state.

- 8801 (3)(a) A copy of the record of child support payments certified as a true copy of the 8802 original by the custodian of the record may be forwarded to a responding tribunal.
- 8803 (b) The copy is evidence of facts asserted in it and is admissible to show whether 8804 payments were made.
- 8805 (4) Copies of bills for testing for parentage of a child, and for prenatal and postnatal health 8806 care of the birth mother and child, furnished to the adverse party at least 10 days before 8807 trial, are admissible in evidence to prove the amount of the charges billed and that the 8808 charges were reasonable, necessary, and customary.
- 8809 (5) Documentary evidence transmitted from outside this state to a tribunal of this state by 8810 telephone, telecopier, or other electronic means that do not provide an original record 8811 may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the means of transmission.
- 8812 (6)(a) In a proceeding under this chapter, a tribunal of this state shall permit a party or 8813 witness residing outside this state to be deposed or to testify under penalty of perjury 8814 by telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means at a designated tribunal or 8815 other location.
- 8816 (b) A tribunal of this state shall cooperate with other tribunals in designating an 8817 appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.
- 8818 (7) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing refuses to answer on the ground that the 8819 testimony may be self-incriminating, the trier of fact may draw an adverse inference 8820 from the refusal.
- 8821 (8) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses does not apply in a 8822 proceeding under this chapter.
- 8823 (9) The defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife or parent and 8824 child does not apply in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 8825 (10) A voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, certified as a true copy, is admissible to 8826 establish parentage of the child.
- 8827 Section 197. Section 81-8-317, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-317 is renumbered 8828 and amended to read:
- 8829

[78B-14-317] 81-8-317. Communications between tribunals.

- 8830 (1) A tribunal of this state may communicate with a tribunal outside this state in a
- 8831 record, or by telephone, electronic mail, or other means, to obtain information
- 8832 concerning the laws, the legal effect of a judgment, decree, or order of that tribunal, and
- 8833 the status of a proceeding.

8834 (2) A tribunal of this state may furnish similar information by similar means to a tribunal

8835 outside this state.

8836 Section 198. Section **81-8-318**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-318 is renumbered 8837 and amended to read:

8838 [78B-14-318] <u>81-8-318</u>. Assistance with discovery.

- A tribunal of this state may:
- 8840 (1) request a tribunal outside this state to assist in obtaining discovery; and
- 8841 (2) upon request, compel a person over whom it has jurisdiction to respond to a discovery
- order issued by a tribunal outside this state.
- 8843 Section 199. Section **81-8-319**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-319 is renumbered 8844 and amended to read:
- 8845

[78B-14-319] 81-8-319 . Receipt and disbursement of payments.

- 8846 (1)(a) A [support enforcement] child support services agency or tribunal of this state
- shall disburse promptly any amounts received pursuant to a support order, as directedby the order.
- (b) The agency or tribunal shall furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of another state
 or a foreign country a certified statement by the custodian of the record of the
 amounts and dates of all payments received.
- (2) If neither the obligor, nor the obligee who is an individual, nor the child resides in this
 state, upon request from the [support enforcement] child support services agency of this
- state or another state, the Office of Recovery Services or a tribunal of this state shall:
- (a) direct that the support payment be made to the [support enforcement] child support
 8856 services agency in the state in which the obligee is receiving services; and
- (b) issue and send to the obligor's employer a conforming income-withholding order oran administrative notice of change of payee, reflecting the redirected payments.
- 8859 (3) The [support enforcement] child support services agency of this state receiving
- redirected payments from another state pursuant to a law similar to Subsection (2) shall
- furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of the other state a certified statement by the
- custodian of the record of the amount and dates of all payments received.
- 8863 Section 200. Section **81-8-401**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-401 is renumbered 8864 and amended to read:
- 8865 Part 4. Establishment of Support Order or Determination of Parentage
 8866 [78B-14-401] 81-8-401 . Establishment of support order.
- 8867 (1) If a support order entitled to recognition under this chapter has not been issued, a

8868	responding tribunal of this state with personal jurisdiction over the parties may issue a
8869	support order if:
8870	(a) the individual seeking the order resides outside this state; or
8871	(b) the [support enforcement] child support services agency seeking the order is located
8872	outside this state.
8873	(2) The tribunal may issue a temporary child support order if the tribunal determines that an
8874	order is appropriate and the individual ordered to pay is:
8875	(a) a presumed [father] parent of the child;
8876	(b) petitioning to have [his paternity] the individual's parentage adjudicated;
8877	(c) identified as the [father] parent of the child through genetic testing;
8878	(d) an alleged [father] genetic parent who has declined to submit to genetic testing;
8879	(e) shown by clear and convincing evidence to be the [father] parent of the child;
8880	(f) [an acknowledged] a declarant father, as defined in Section 81-5-102, determined in
8881	accordance with [Title 78B, Chapter 15, Part 3, Voluntary Declaration of Paternity
8882	Act] Chapter 5, Part 3, Voluntary Declaration of Paternity;
8883	(g) the <u>birth</u> mother of the child; or
8884	(h) an individual who has been ordered to pay child support in a previous proceeding
8885	and the order has not been reversed or vacated.
8886	(3) Upon finding, after notice and opportunity to be heard, that an obligor owes a duty of
8887	support, the tribunal shall issue a support order directed to the obligor and may issue
8888	other orders [pursuant to Section 78B-14-305] in accordance with Section 81-8-305.
8889	Section 201. Section 81-8-402, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-402 is renumbered
8890	and amended to read:
8891	[78B-14-402] <u>81-8-402</u> . Proceeding to determine parentage.
8892	A tribunal of this state authorized to determine parentage of a child may serve as a
8893	responding tribunal in a proceeding to determine parentage brought under this chapter or a law
8894	or procedure substantially similar to this chapter.
8895	Section 202. Section 81-8-501, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-501 is renumbered
8896	and amended to read:
8897	Part 5. Enforcement of Support Order Without Registration
8898	[78B-14-501] <u>81-8-501</u> . Employer's receipt of income-withholding order of
8899	another state.
8900	An income-withholding order issued in another state may be sent by or on behalf of the
8901	obligee, or by the [support-enforcement] child support services agency, to the person defined as

8902	the obligor's employer under Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 3, Income Withholding in IV-D Cases,
8903	and Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 4, Income Withholding in Non IV-D Cases, without first filing a
8904	petition or comparable pleading or registering the order with a tribunal of this state.
8905	Section 203. Section 81-8-502, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-502 is renumbered
8906	and amended to read:
8907	[78B-14-502] <u>81-8-502</u> . Employer's compliance with income-withholding order
8908	of another state.
8909	(1) Upon receipt of an income-withholding order, the obligor's employer shall immediately
8910	provide a copy of the order to the obligor.
8911	(2) The employer shall treat an income-withholding order issued in another state which
8912	appears regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of this state.
8913	(3) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4) and Section [78B-14-503] 81-8-503, the
8914	employer shall withhold and distribute the funds as directed in the withholding order by
8915	complying with terms of the order which specify:
8916	(a) the duration and amount of periodic payments of current child support, stated as a
8917	sum certain;
8918	(b) the person designated to receive payments and the address to which the payments are
8919	to be forwarded;
8920	(c) medical support, whether in the form of periodic cash payment, stated as a sum
8921	certain, or ordering the obligor to provide health [insurance] care coverage for the
8922	child under a policy available through the obligor's employment;
8923	(d) the amount of periodic payments of fees and costs for a [support-enforcement] child
8924	support services agency, the issuing tribunal, and the obligee's attorney, stated as
8925	sums certain; and
8926	(e) the amount of periodic payments of arrearages and interest on arrearages, stated as
8927	sums certain.
8928	(4) An employer shall comply with the law of the state of the obligor's principal place of
8929	employment for withholding from income with respect to:
8930	(a) the employer's fee for processing an income withholding order;
8931	(b) the maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the obligor's income; and
8932	(c) the times within which the employer must implement the withholding order and
8933	forward the child support payment.
8934	Section 204. Section 81-8-503 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-503 is renumbered
8935	and amended to read:

8936	[78B-14-503] <u>81-8-503</u> . Employer's compliance with two or more
8937	income-withholding orders.
8938	If an obligor's employer receives two or more income-withholding orders with respect to
8939	the earnings of the same obligor, the employer satisfies the terms of the multiple orders if the
8940	employer complies with the law of the state of the obligor's principal place of employment to
8941	establish the priorities for the withholding and allocating income withheld for two or more
8942	child support obligees.
8943	Section 205. Section 81-8-504, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-504 is renumbered
8944	and amended to read:
8945	[78B-14-504] <u>81-8-504</u> . Immunity from civil liability.
8946	An employer that complies with an income withholding order issued in another state in
8947	accordance with this part is not subject to civil liability to an individual or agency with regard
8948	to the employer's withholding of child support from the obligor's income.
8949	Section 206. Section 81-8-505, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-505 is renumbered
8950	and amended to read:
8951	[7 8B-14-505] <u>81-8-505</u> . Penalties for noncompliance.
8952	An employer that willfully fails to comply with an income withholding order issued in
8953	another state and received for enforcement is subject to the same penalties that may be
8954	imposed for noncompliance with an order issued by a tribunal of this state.
8955	Section 207. Section 81-8-506, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-506 is renumbered
8956	and amended to read:
8957	[78B-14-506] <u>81-8-506</u> . Contest by obligor.
8958	(1) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income-withholding order
8959	issued in another state and received directly by an employer in this state by registering
8960	the order in a tribunal of this state and filing a contest to that order as provided in Part 6,
8961	Registration, Enforcement, and Modification of Support Order, or otherwise contesting
8962	the order in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this state.
8963	(2) The obligor shall give notice of the contest to:
8964	(a) a [support-enforcement] child support services agency providing services to the
8965	obligee;
8966	(b) each employer that has directly received an income-withholding order relating to the
8967	obligor; and
8968	(c) the person designated to receive payments in the income-withholding order or if no
8969	person is designated, to the obligee.

8970	Section 208. Section 81-8-507 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-507 is renumbered
8971	and amended to read:
8972	[78B-14-507] <u>81-8-507</u> . Administrative enforcement of orders.
8973	(1) A party or [support enforcement] child support services agency seeking to enforce a
8974	support order or an income-withholding order, or both, issued in another state, or
8975	seeking to enforce a foreign support order, may send the documents required for
8976	registering the order to a [support enforcement] child support services agency of this
8977	state.
8978	(2)(a)(i) Upon receipt of the documents, the [support enforcement] child support
8979	services agency, without initially seeking to register the order, shall consider and,
8980	if appropriate, use any administrative procedure authorized by the law of this state
8981	to enforce a support order or an income-withholding order, or both.
8982	(ii) If the obligor does not contest administrative enforcement, the order need not be
8983	registered.
8984	(b) If the obligor contests the validity or administrative enforcement of the order, the [
8985	support enforcement] child support services agency shall register the order [pursuant
8986	to] in accordance with this chapter.
8987	Section 209. Section 81-8-601 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-601 is renumbered
8988	and amended to read:
8989	Part 6. Registration, Enforcement, and Modification of Support Order
8990	[78B-14-601] <u>81-8-601</u> . Registration of order for enforcement.
8991	A support order or income-withholding order issued in another state, or a foreign
8992	support order, may be registered in this state for enforcement.
8993	Section 210. Section 81-8-602, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-602 is renumbered
8994	and amended to read:
8995	[78B-14-602] 81-8-602 . Procedure to register order for enforcement.
8996	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-14-706] 81-8-706, a support order or
8997	income-withholding order of another state, or a foreign support order, may be registered
8998	in this state by sending the following records to the appropriate tribunal in this state:
8999	(a) a letter of transmittal to the tribunal requesting registration and enforcement;
9000	(b) two copies, including one certified copy, of the order to be registered, including any
9001	modification of the order;
9002	(c) a sworn statement by the person requesting registration or a certified statement by the
9003	custodian of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;

9004	(d) the name of the obligor and, if known:
9005	(i) the obligor's address and [Social Security] social security number;
9006	(ii) the name and address of the obligor's employer and any other source of income of
9007	the obligor; and
9008	(iii) a description and the location of property of the obligor in this state not exempt
9009	from execution; and
9010	(e) except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-14-312] 81-8-312, the name and
9011	address of the obligee and, if applicable, the person to whom support payments are to
9012	be remitted.
9013	(2) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall cause the order to
9014	be filed as an order of a tribunal of another state, or a foreign support order, together
9015	with one copy of the documents and information, regardless of their form.
9016	(3)(a) A petition or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that shall be affirmatively
9017	sought under law of this state may be filed at the same time as the request for
9018	registration or later.
9019	(b) The pleading shall specify the grounds for the remedy sought.
9020	(4) If two or more orders are in effect, the person requesting registration shall:
9021	(a) furnish to the tribunal a copy of every support order asserted to be in effect in
9022	addition to the documents specified in this section;
9023	(b) specify the order alleged to be the controlling order, if any; and
9024	(c) specify the amount of consolidated arrears, if any.
9025	(5)(a) A request for a determination of which is the controlling order may be filed
9026	separately or with a request for registration and enforcement or for registration and
9027	modification.
9028	(b) The person requesting registration shall give notice of the request to each party
9029	whose rights may be affected by the determination.
9030	Section 211. Section 81-8-603 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-603 is renumbered
9031	and amended to read:
9032	[78B-14-603] <u>81-8-603</u> . Effect of registration for enforcement.
9033	(1) A support order or income-withholding order issued in another state, or a foreign
9034	support order, is registered when the order is filed in the registering tribunal of this state.
9035	(2) A registered support order issued in another state or a foreign country is enforceable in
9036	the same manner and is subject to the same procedures as an order issued by a tribunal
9037	of this state.

9038	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a tribunal of this state shall recognize and
9039	enforce, but may not modify, a registered support order if the issuing tribunal had
9040	jurisdiction.
9041	Section 212. Section 81-8-604, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-604 is renumbered
9042	and amended to read:
9043	[78B-14-604] <u>81-8-604</u> . Choice of law.
9044	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4), the law of the issuing state or foreign
9045	country governs:
9046	(a) the nature, extent, amount, and duration of current payments under a registered
9047	support order;
9048	(b) the computation and payment of arrearages and accrual of interest on the arrearages
9049	under the support order; and
9050	(c) the existence and satisfaction of other obligations under the support order.
9051	(2) In a proceeding for arrears under a registered support order, the statute of limitation of
9052	this state or of the issuing state or foreign country, whichever is longer, applies.
9053	(3) A responding tribunal of this state shall apply the procedures and remedies of this state
9054	to enforce current support and collect arrears and interest due on a support order of
9055	another state or a foreign country registered in this state.
9056	(4) After a tribunal of this or another state determines which is the controlling order and
9057	issues an order consolidating arrears, if any, a tribunal of this state shall prospectively
9058	apply the law of the state or foreign country issuing the controlling order, including its
9059	law on interest on arrears, on current and future support, and on consolidated arrears.
9060	Section 213. Section 81-8-605, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-605 is renumbered
9061	and amended to read:
9062	[78B-14-605] <u>81-8-605</u> . Notice of registration of order.
9063	(1)(a) When a support order or income-withholding order issued in another state, or a
9064	foreign support order, is registered, the registering tribunal of this state shall notify
9065	the nonregistering party.
9066	(b) The notice shall be accompanied by a copy of the registered order and the documents
9067	and relevant information accompanying the order.
9068	(2) A notice shall inform the nonregistering party:
9069	(a) that a registered order is enforceable as of the date of registration in the same manner
9070	as an order issued by a tribunal of this state;
9071	(b) that a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order shall be

9072	requested within 20 days after notice, unless the registered order is under Section [
9073	78B-14-707] <u>81-8-707;</u>
9074	(c) that failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely
9075	manner will result in confirmation of the order and enforcement of the order and the
9076	alleged arrearages; and
9077	(d) of the amount of any alleged arrearages.
9078	(3) If the registering party asserts that two or more orders are in effect, a notice shall also:
9079	(a) identify the two or more orders and the order alleged by the registering party to be
9080	the controlling order and the consolidated arrears, if any;
9081	(b) notify the nonregistering party of the right to a determination of which is the
9082	controlling order;
9083	(c) state that the procedures provided in Subsection (2) apply to the determination of
9084	which is the controlling order; and
9085	(d) state that failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the order alleged to be the
9086	controlling order in a timely manner may result in confirmation that the order is the
9087	controlling order.
9088	(4) Upon registration of an income-withholding order for enforcement, the [support
9089	enforcement] child support services agency or the registering tribunal shall notify the
9090	obligor's employer [pursuant to] in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 9, Part 3, Income
9091	Withholding in IV-D Cases.
9092	Section 214. Section 81-8-606, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-606 is renumbered
9093	and amended to read:
9094	[78B-14-606] <u>81-8-606</u> . Procedure to contest validity or enforcement of
9095	registered support order.
9096	(1)(a) A nonregistering party seeking to contest the validity or enforcement of a
9097	registered support order in this state shall request a hearing within the time required
9098	by Section [78B-14-605] <u>81-8-605</u> .
9099	(b) The nonregistering party may seek to vacate the registration, to assert any defense to
9100	an allegation of noncompliance with the registered order, or to contest the remedies
9101	being sought or the amount of any alleged arrearages pursuant to Section [78B-14-607]
9102	<u>81-8-607</u> .
9103	(2) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered
9104	support order in a timely manner, the order is confirmed by operation of law.
9105	(3) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the

9106	registered support order, the registering tribunal shall schedule the matter for hearing
9107	and give notice to the parties of the date, time, and place of the hearing.
9108	Section 215. Section 81-8-607, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-607 is renumbered
9109	and amended to read:
9110	[78B-14-607] <u>81-8-607</u> . Contest of registration or enforcement.
9111	(1) A party contesting the validity or enforcement of a registered support order or seeking
9112	to vacate the registration has the burden of proving one or more of the following
9113	defenses:
9114	(a) the issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction over the contesting party;
9115	(b) the order was obtained by fraud;
9116	(c) the order has been vacated, suspended, or modified by a later order;
9117	(d) the issuing tribunal has stayed the order pending appeal;
9118	(e) there is a defense under the law of this state to the remedy sought;
9119	(f) full or partial payment has been made;
9120	(g) the statute of limitation under Section [78B-14-604] 81-8-604 precludes enforcement
9121	of some or all of the alleged arrearages; or
9122	(h) the alleged controlling order is not the controlling order.
9123	(2)(a) If a party presents evidence establishing a full or partial defense under Subsection
9124	(1), a tribunal may stay enforcement of a registered support order, continue the
9125	proceeding to permit production of additional relevant evidence, and issue other
9126	appropriate orders.
9127	(b) An uncontested portion of the registered support order may be enforced by all
9128	remedies available under the law of this state.
9129	(3) If the contesting party does not establish a defense under Subsection (1) to the validity
9130	or enforcement of a registered support order, the registering tribunal shall issue an order
9131	confirming the order.
9132	Section 216. Section 81-8-608, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-608 is renumbered
9133	and amended to read:
9134	[78B-14-608] <u>81-8-608</u> . Confirmed order.
9135	Confirmation of a registered support order, whether by operation of law or after notice
9136	and hearing, precludes further contest of the order with respect to any matter that could have
9137	been asserted at the time of registration.
9138	Section 217. Section 81-8-609, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-609 is renumbered
9139	and amended to read:

9140	[78B-14-609] <u>81-8-609</u> . Procedure to register child support order of another
9141	state for modification.
9142	(1) A party or [support enforcement] child support services agency seeking to modify,
9143	or to modify and enforce, a child support order issued in another state shall register that
9144	order in this state in the same manner provided in Sections [78B-14-601 through
9145	78B-14-608] 81-8-601 through 81-8-608 if the order has not been registered.
9146	(2) A petition for modification may be filed at the same time as a request for registration, or
9147	later.
9148	(3) The pleading shall specify the grounds for modification.
9149	Section 218. Section 81-8-610, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-610 is renumbered
9150	and amended to read:
9151	[78B-14-610] 81-8-610 . Effect of registration for modification.
9152	A tribunal of this state may enforce a child support order of another state registered for
9153	purposes of modification, in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of
9154	this state, but the registered support order may be modified only if the requirements of Section [
9155	78B-14-611 or 78B-14-613] <u>81-8-611 or 81-8-613</u> have been met.
9156	Section 219. Section 81-8-611, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-611 is renumbered
9157	and amended to read:
9158	[78B-14-611] <u>81-8-611</u> . Modification of child support order of another state.
9159	(1) If Section [78B-14-613] 81-8-613 does not apply, upon petition a tribunal of this state
9160	may modify a child support order issued in another state which is registered in this state
9161	if, after notice and hearing, the tribunal finds that:
9162	(a) the following requirements are met:
9163	(i) neither the child, nor the obligee who is an individual, nor the obligor resides in
9164	the issuing state;
9165	(ii) a petitioner who is a nonresident of this state seeks modification; and
9166	(iii) the respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state;
9167	or
9168	(b) this state is the residence of the child, or a party who is an individual, is subject to
9169	the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state and all of the parties who are
9170	individuals have filed consents in a record in the issuing tribunal for a tribunal of this
9171	state to modify the support order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
9172	(2) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same requirements,
9173	procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order issued by a tribunal

9174	of this state and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the same manner.
9175	(3)(a) A tribunal of this state may not modify any aspect of a child support order that
9176	may not be modified under the law of the issuing state, including the duration of the
9177	obligation of support.
9178	(b) If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and
9179	same child, the order that controls and shall be so recognized under Section [
9180	78B-14-207] 81-8-207 establishes the aspects of the support order [which] that are
9181	nonmodifiable.
9182	(4)(a) In a proceeding to modify a child support order, the law of the state that is
9183	determined to have issued the initial controlling order governs the duration of the
9184	obligation of support.
9185	(b) The obligor's fulfillment of the duty of support established by that order precludes
9186	imposition of a further obligation of support by a tribunal of this state.
9187	(5) On issuance of an order by a tribunal of this state modifying a child support order issued
9188	in another state, the tribunal of this state becomes the tribunal of continuing, exclusive
9189	jurisdiction.
9190	(6) Notwithstanding Subsections (1) through (5) and Subsection [78B-14-201(2)]
9191	81-8-201(2), a tribunal of this state retains jurisdiction to modify an order issued by a
9192	tribunal of this state if:
9193	(a) one party resides in another state; and
9194	(b) the other party resides outside the United States.
9195	Section 220. Section 81-8-612, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-612 is renumbered
9196	and amended to read:
9197	[78B-14-612] <u>81-8-612</u> . Recognition of order modified in another state.
9198	If a child support order issued by a tribunal of this state is modified by a tribunal of
9199	another state that assumed jurisdiction [pursuant to] in accordance with the Uniform Interstate
9200	Family Support Act, a tribunal of this state:
9201	(1) may enforce [its] the tribunal's order that was modified only as to arrears and interest
9202	accruing before the modification;
9203	(2) may provide appropriate relief for violations of [its] the tribunal's order which occurred
9204	before the effective date of the modification; and
9205	(3) shall recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon registration, for the purpose
9206	of enforcement.
9207	Section 221. Section 81-8-613, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-613 is renumbered

9208	and amended to read:
9209	[78B-14-613] <u>81-8-613</u> . Jurisdiction to modify child support order of another
9210	state when individual parties reside in this state.
9211	(1) If all of the parties who are individuals reside in this state and the child does not reside
9212	in the issuing state, a tribunal of this state has jurisdiction to enforce and to modify the
9213	issuing state's child support order in a proceeding to register that order.
9214	(2) A tribunal of this state exercising jurisdiction under this section shall apply the
9215	provisions of this part, Part 1, General Provisions, and Part 2, Jurisdiction, and the
9216	procedural and substantive law of this state to the proceeding for enforcement or
9217	modification. Part 3, Civil Provisions of General Application, Part 4, Establishment of
9218	Support Order or Determination of Parentage, Part 5, Enforcement of Support Order
9219	Without Registration, Part 7, Support Proceedings Under Convention, and Part 8,
9220	Rendition, do not apply.
9221	Section 222. Section 81-8-614, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-614 is renumbered
9222	and amended to read:
9223	[78B-14-614] <u>81-8-614</u> . Notice to issuing tribunal of modification.
9224	(1) Within 30 days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party obtaining
9225	the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing tribunal that had
9226	continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order, and in each tribunal in which
9227	the party knows the earlier order has been registered.
9228	(2) A party who obtains the order and fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate
9229	sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises.
9230	(3) The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of the modified order of
9231	the new tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
9232	Section 223. Section 81-8-615, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-615 is renumbered
9233	and amended to read:
9234	[78B-14-615] <u>81-8-615</u> . Jurisdiction to modify child support order of foreign
9235	country.
9236	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-14-711] 81-8-711, if a foreign country
9237	lacks or refuses to exercise jurisdiction to modify its child support order pursuant to its
9238	laws, a tribunal of this state may assume jurisdiction to modify the child support order
9239	and bind all individuals subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal whether or not
9240	the consent to modification of a child support order otherwise required of the individual [
9241	pursuant to Section 78B-14-611] in accordance with Section 81-8-611 has been given or

9242	whether the individual seeking modification is a resident of this state or of the foreign
9243	country.
9244	(2) An order issued by a tribunal of this state modifying a foreign child support order [
9245	pursuant to] in accordance with this section is the controlling order.
9246	Section 224. Section 81-8-616, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-616 is renumbered
9247	and amended to read:
9248	[78B-14-616] <u>81-8-616</u> . Procedure to register child support order of foreign
9249	country for modification.
9250	(1) A party or [support enforcement] child support services agency seeking to modify,
9251	or to modify and enforce, a foreign child support order not under the convention may
9252	register that order in this state under Sections [78B-14-601 through 78B-14-608]
9253	81-8-601 through 81-8-608 if the order has not been registered.
9254	(2) A petition for modification may be filed at the same time as a request for registration, or
9255	at another time.
9256	(3) The petition shall specify the grounds for modification.
9257	Section 225. Section 81-8-701, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-701.5 is renumbered
9258	and amended to read:
9259	Part 7. Support Proceedings Under Convention
9260	[78B-14-701.5] <u>81-8-701</u> . Definitions for part.
9261	As used in this part:
9262	(1) "Application" means a request under the convention by an obligee or obligor, or on
9263	behalf of a child, made through a central authority for assistance from another central
9264	authority.
9265	(2) "Central authority" means the entity designated by the United States or a foreign
9266	country described in Subsection [78B-14-102(5)(d)] 81-8-102(8)(d) to perform the
9267	functions specified in the convention.
9268	(3) "Convention support order" means a support order of a tribunal of a foreign country
9269	described in Subsection [78B-14-102(5)(d)] 81-8-102(8)(d).
9270	(4) "Direct request" means a petition filed by an individual in a tribunal of this state in a
9271	proceeding involving an obligee, obligor, or child residing outside the United States.
9272	(5) "Foreign central authority" means the entity designated by a foreign country described
9273	in Subsection [78B-14-102(5)(d)] 81-8-102(8)(d) to perform the functions specified in
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9274	the convention.

9276	(a) means an agreement for support in a record that:
9277	(i) is enforceable as a support order in the country of origin;
9278	(ii) has been:
9279	(A) formally drawn up or registered as an authentic instrument by a foreign
9280	tribunal; or
9281	(B) authenticated by, or concluded, registered, or filed with a foreign tribunal; and
9282	(iii) may be reviewed and modified by a foreign tribunal; and
9283	(b) includes a maintenance arrangement or authentic instrument under the convention.
9284	(7) "United States central authority" means the Secretary of the United States Department
9285	of Health and Human Services.
9286	Section 226. Section 81-8-702, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-702 is renumbered
9287	and amended to read:
9288	[78B-14-702] <u>81-8-702</u> . Applicability.
9289	(1) This part applies only to a support proceeding under the convention.
9290	(2) In such a proceeding, if a provision of this part is inconsistent with Part 1, General
9291	Provisions, Part 2, Jurisdiction, Part 3, Civil Provisions of General Application, Part 4,
9292	Establishment of Support Order or Determination of Parentage, Part 5, Enforcement of
9293	Support Order Without Registration, and Part 6, Registration, Enforcement, and
9294	Modification of Support Order, this part controls.
9295	Section 227. Section 81-8-703, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-703 is renumbered
9296	and amended to read:
9297	[78B-14-703] <u>81-8-703</u> . Relationship of Department of Health and Human
9298	Services to United States central authority.
9299	The Utah Department of Health and Human Services is recognized as the agency
9300	designated by the United States central authority to perform specific functions under the
9301	convention.
9302	Section 228. Section 81-8-704, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-704 is renumbered
9303	and amended to read:
9304	[78B-14-704] <u>81-8-704</u> . Initiation by Department of Health and Human Services
9305	of support proceeding under convention.
9306	(1) In a support proceeding under this part, the Utah Department of Health and Human
9307	Services shall:
9308	(a) transmit and receive applications; and
9309	(b) initiate or facilitate the institution of a proceeding regarding an application in a

9310	tribunal of this state.
9311	(2) The following support proceedings are available to an obligee under the convention:
9312	(a) recognition or recognition and enforcement of a foreign support order;
9313	(b) enforcement of a support order issued or recognized in this state;
9314	(c) establishment of a support order if there is no existing order, including, if necessary,
9315	determination of parentage of a child;
9316	(d) establishment of a support order if recognition of a foreign support order is refused
9317	under Subsection [78B-14-708(2)(b)] <u>81-8-708(2)(b)</u> , (d), or (i);
9318	(e) modification of a support order of a tribunal of this state; and
9319	(f) modification of a support order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign country.
9320	(3) The following support proceedings are available under the convention to an obligor
9321	against which there is an existing support order:
9322	(a) recognition of an order suspending or limiting enforcement of an existing support
9323	order of a tribunal of this state;
9324	(b) modification of a support order of a tribunal of this state; and
9325	(c) modification of a support order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign country.
9326	(4) A tribunal of this state may not require security, bond, or deposit, however described, to
9327	guarantee the payment of costs and expenses in proceedings under the convention.
9328	Section 229. Section 81-8-705 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-705 is renumbered
9329	and amended to read:
9330	[78B-14-705] <u>81-8-705</u> . Direct request.
9331	(1)(a) A petitioner may file a direct request seeking establishment or modification of a
9332	support order or determination of parentage of a child.
9333	(b) In the proceeding, the law of this state applies.
9334	(2)(a) A petitioner may file a direct request seeking recognition and enforcement of a
9335	support order or support agreement.
9336	(b) In the proceeding, Sections [78B-14-706 through 78B-14-713] 81-8-706 through
9337	<u>81-8-713</u> apply.
9338	(3) In a direct request for recognition and enforcement of a convention support order or
9339	foreign support agreement:
9340	(a) a security, bond, or deposit is not required to guarantee the payment of costs and
9341	expenses; and
9342	(b) an obligee or obligor that in the issuing country has benefitted from free legal
9343	assistance is entitled to benefit, at least to the same extent, from any free legal

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9344	assistance provided for by the law of this state under the same circumstances.
9345	(4) A petitioner filing a direct request is not entitled to assistance from the [Department of
9346	Human Services] Utah Department of Health and Human Services.
9347	(5) This part does not prevent the application of laws of this state that provide simplified,
9348	more expeditious rules regarding a direct request for recognition and enforcement of a
9349	foreign support order or foreign support agreement.
9350	Section 230. Section 81-8-706, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-706 is renumbered
9351	and amended to read:
9352	[78B-14-706] <u>81-8-706</u> . Registration of convention support order.
9353	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this part, a party who is an individual or a [support
9354	enforcement] child support services agency seeking recognition of a convention support
9355	order shall register the order in this state as provided in Part 6, Registration,
9356	Enforcement, and Modification of Support Order.
9357	(2) Notwithstanding Section [78B-14-311] 81-8-311 and Subsection [78B-14-602(1)]
9358	<u>$81-8-602(1)$</u> , a request for registration of a convention support order shall be
9359	accompanied by:
9360	(a) a complete text of the support order or an abstract or extract of the support order
9361	drawn up by the issuing foreign tribunal, which may be in the form recommended by
9362	the Hague Conference on Private International Law;
9363	(b) a record stating that the support order is enforceable in the issuing country;
9364	(c) if the respondent did not appear and was not represented in the proceedings in the
9365	issuing country, a record attesting, as appropriate, either that the respondent had
9366	proper notice of the proceedings and an opportunity to be heard or that the
9367	respondent had proper notice of the support order and an opportunity to be heard in a
9368	challenge or appeal on fact or law before a tribunal;
9369	(d) a record showing the amount of arrears, if any, and the date the amount was
9370	calculated;
9371	(e) a record showing a requirement for automatic adjustment of the amount of support, if
9372	any, and the information necessary to make the appropriate calculations; and
9373	(f) if necessary, a record showing the extent to which the applicant received free legal
9374	assistance in the issuing country.
9375	(3) A request for registration of a convention support order may seek recognition and
9376	partial enforcement of the order.
9377	(4) A tribunal of this state may vacate the registration of a convention support order without

9378	the filing of a contest under Section [78B-14-707] 81-8-707 only if, acting on its own
9379	motion, the tribunal finds that recognition and enforcement of the order would be
9380	manifestly incompatible with public policy.
9381	(5) The tribunal shall promptly notify the parties of the registration or the order vacating the
9382	registration of a convention support order.
9383	Section 231. Section 81-8-707, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-707 is renumbered
9384	and amended to read:
9385	[78B-14-707] 81-8-707 . Contest of registered convention support order.
9386	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this part, Sections [78B-14-605 through 78B-14-608]
9387	81-8-605 through 81-8-608 apply to a contest of a registered convention support order.
9388	(2) A party contesting a registered convention support order shall file a contest not later
9389	than 30 days after notice of the registration, but if the contesting party does not reside in
9390	the United States, the contest shall be filed not later than 60 days after notice of the
9391	registration.
9392	(3) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the registered convention support order by the
9393	time specified in Subsection (2), the order is enforceable.
9394	(4)(a) A contest of a registered convention support order may be based only on grounds
9395	set forth in Section [78B-14-708] 81-8-708.
9396	(b) The contesting party bears the burden of proof.
9397	(5) In a contest of a registered convention support order, a tribunal of this state:
9398	(a) is bound by the findings of fact on which the foreign tribunal based its jurisdiction;
9399	and
9400	(b) may not review the merits of the order.
9401	(6) A tribunal of this state deciding a contest of a registered convention support order shall
9402	promptly notify the parties of [its] the tribunal's decision.
9403	(7) A challenge or appeal, if any, does not stay the enforcement of a convention support
9404	order unless there are exceptional circumstances.
9405	Section 232. Section 81-8-708, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-708 is renumbered
9406	and amended to read:
9407	[78B-14-708] <u>81-8-708</u> . Recognition and enforcement of registered convention
9408	support order.
9409	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), a tribunal of this state shall recognize
9410	and enforce a registered convention support order.
9411	(2) The following grounds are the only grounds on which a tribunal of this state may refuse

9412	recognition and enforcement of a registered convention support order:
9413	(a) recognition and enforcement of the order is manifestly incompatible with public
9414	policy, including the failure of the issuing tribunal to observe minimum standards of
9415	due process, which include notice and an opportunity to be heard;
9416	(b) the issuing tribunal lacked personal jurisdiction consistent with Section [78B-14-201]
9417	<u>81-8-201;</u>
9418	(c) the order is not enforceable in the issuing country;
9419	(d) the order was obtained by fraud in connection with a matter of procedure;
9420	(e) a record transmitted in accordance with Section [78B-14-706] 81-8-706 lacks
9421	authenticity or integrity;
9422	(f) a proceeding between the same parties and having the same purpose is pending
9423	before a tribunal of this state and that proceeding was the first to be filed;
9424	(g) the order is incompatible with a more recent support order involving the same parties
9425	and having the same purpose if the more recent support order is entitled to
9426	recognition and enforcement under this chapter in this state;
9427	(h) payment, to the extent alleged arrears have been paid in whole or in part;
9428	(i) in a case in which the respondent neither appeared nor was represented in the
9429	proceeding in the issuing foreign country:
9430	(i) if the law of that country provides for prior notice of proceedings, the respondent
9431	did not have proper notice of the proceedings and an opportunity to be heard; or
9432	(ii) if the law of that country does not provide for prior notice of the proceedings, the
9433	respondent did not have proper notice of the order and an opportunity to be heard
9434	in a challenge or appeal on fact or law before a tribunal; or
9435	(j) the order was made in violation of Section [78B-14-711] 81-8-711.
9436	(3) If a tribunal of this state does not recognize a convention support order under
9437	Subsection (2)(b), (d), or (i):
9438	(a) the tribunal may not dismiss the proceeding without allowing a reasonable time for a
9439	party to request the establishment of a new convention support order; and
9440	(b) the [Department of Human Services] the Utah Department of Health and Human
9441	Services shall take all appropriate measures to request a child support order for the
9442	obligee if the application for recognition and enforcement was received under Section [
9443	78B-14-704] <u>81-8-704</u> .
9444	Section 233. Section 81-8-709 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-709 is renumbered
9445	and amended to read:

9446	[78B-14-709] <u>81-8-709</u> . Partial enforcement.
9447	(1) If a tribunal of this state does not recognize and enforce a convention support order
9448	in its entirety, [it] the tribunal shall enforce any severable part of the order.
9449	(2) An application or direct request may seek recognition and partial enforcement of a
9450	convention support order.
9451	Section 234. Section 81-8-710, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-710 is renumbered
9452	and amended to read:
9453	[78B-14-710] <u>81-8-710</u> . Foreign support agreement.
9454	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsections (3) and (4), a tribunal of this state shall
9455	recognize and enforce a foreign support agreement registered in this state.
9456	(2) An application or direct request for recognition and enforcement of a foreign support
9457	agreement shall be accompanied by:
9458	(a) a complete text of the foreign support agreement; and
9459	(b) a record stating that the foreign support agreement is enforceable as an order of
9460	support in the issuing country.
9461	(3) A tribunal of this state may vacate the registration of a foreign support agreement only
9462	if, acting on its own motion, the tribunal finds that recognition and enforcement would
9463	be manifestly incompatible with public policy.
9464	(4) In a contest of a foreign support agreement, a tribunal of this state may refuse
9465	recognition and enforcement of the agreement if [it] the tribunal finds:
9466	(a) recognition and enforcement of the agreement is manifestly incompatible with public
9467	policy;
9468	(b) the agreement was obtained by fraud or falsification;
9469	(c) the agreement is incompatible with a support order involving the same parties and
9470	having the same purpose in this state, another state, or a foreign country if the support
9471	order is entitled to recognition and enforcement under this chapter in this state; or
9472	(d) the record submitted under Subsection (2) lacks authenticity or integrity.
9473	(5) A proceeding for recognition and enforcement of a foreign support agreement shall be
9474	suspended during the pendency of a challenge to or appeal of the agreement before a
9475	tribunal of another state or a foreign country.
9476	Section 235. Section 81-8-711 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-711 is renumbered
9477	and amended to read:
9478	[78B-14-711] <u>81-8-711</u> . Modification of convention child support order.
9479	(1) A tribunal of this state may not modify a convention child support order if the obligee

9480	remains a resident of the foreign country where the support order was issued unless:
9481	(a) the obligee submits to the jurisdiction of a tribunal of this state, either expressly or by
9482	defending on the merits of the case without objecting to the jurisdiction at the first
9483	available opportunity; or
9484	(b) the foreign tribunal lacks or refuses to exercise jurisdiction to modify [its] the foreign
9485	tribunal's support order or issue a new support order.
9486	(2) If a tribunal of this state does not modify a convention child support order because the
9487	order is not recognized in this state, Subsection [78B-14-708(3)] 81-8-708(3) applies.
9488	Section 236. Section 81-8-712, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-712 is renumbered
9489	and amended to read:
9490	[78B-14-712] <u>81-8-712</u> . Personal information Limit on use.
9491	Personal information gathered or transmitted under this part may be used only for the
9492	purposes for which it was gathered or transmitted.
9493	Section 237. Section 81-8-713, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-713 is renumbered
9494	and amended to read:
9495	[78B-14-713] <u>81-8-713</u> . Record in original language English translation.
9496	A record filed with a tribunal of this state under this part shall be in the original
9497	language and, if not in English, shall be accompanied by an English translation.
9498	Section 238. Section 81-8-801 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-801 is renumbered
9499	and amended to read:
9500	Part 8. Rendition
9501	[78B-14-801] <u>81-8-801</u> . Definitions for part Grounds for rendition.
9502	(1) [For purposes of] As used in this part, "governor" includes an individual performing the
9503	functions of governor or the executive authority of a state covered by this chapter.
9504	(2) The governor of this state may:
9505	(a) demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual found in the other
9506	state who is charged criminally in this state with having failed to provide for the
9507	support of an obligee; or
9508	(b) on the demand of the governor of another state, surrender an individual found in this
9509	state who is charged criminally in the other state with having failed to provide for the
9510	support of an obligee.
9511	(3) A provision for extradition of individuals not inconsistent with this chapter applies to
9512	the demand even if the individual whose surrender is demanded was not in the
9513	demanding state when the crime was allegedly committed and has not fled therefrom.

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9515	and amended to read:
9516	[78B-14-802] 81-8-802 . Conditions of rendition.
9517	(1) Before making demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual
9518	charged criminally in this state with having failed to provide for the support of an
9519	obligee, the governor of this state may require a prosecutor of this state to demonstrate
9520	that at least 60 days previously the obligee had initiated proceedings for support
9521	pursuant to this chapter or that the proceeding would be of no avail.
9522	(2)(a) If, under this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the governor of
9523	another state makes a demand that the governor of this state surrender an individual
9524	charged criminally in that state with having failed to provide for the support of a
9525	child or other individual to whom a duty of support is owed, the governor may
9526	require a prosecutor to investigate the demand and report whether a proceeding for
9527	support has been initiated or would be effective.
9528	(b) If it appears that a proceeding would be effective but has not been initiated, the
9529	governor may delay honoring the demand for a reasonable time to permit the
9530	initiation of a proceeding.
9531	(3)(a) If a proceeding for support has been initiated and the individual whose rendition
9532	is demanded prevails, the governor may decline to honor the demand.
9533	(b) If the petitioner prevails and the individual whose rendition is demanded is subject to
9534	a support order, the governor may decline to honor the demand if the individual is
9535	complying with the support order.
9536	Section 240. Section 81-8-901 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-901 is renumbered
9537	and amended to read:
9538	Part 9. Applicability Provisions
9539	[78B-14-901] <u>81-8-901</u> . Uniformity of application and construction.
9540	
9541	(1) This chapter is a uniform act.
9542	(2) In applying and construing [it] this chapter, consideration shall be given to the need to
9543	promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] this uniform law's subject matter
9544	among states that enact [it] this uniform law.
9545	Section 241. Section 81-8-902, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-902 is renumbered
9546	and amended to read:
9547	[78B-14-902] <u>81-8-902</u> . Transitional provision.
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Section 239. Section 81-8-802, which is renumbered from Section 78B-14-802 is renumbered

9548	This chapter applies to proceedings begun on or after July 1, 2015:
9549	(1) to establish a support order or determine parentage of a child; or
9550	(2) to register, recognize, enforce, or modify a prior support order, determination, or
9551	agreement, whenever issued or entered.
9552	Section 242. Section 81-9-202 is amended to read:
9553	81-9-202 . Advisory guidelines for a custody and parent-time arrangement.
9554	(1) In addition to the parent-time schedules provided in Sections 81-9-302 and 81-9-304,
9555	the following advisory guidelines are suggested to govern a custody and parent-time
9556	arrangement between parents.
9557	(2) A parent-time schedule mutually agreed upon by both parents is preferable to a
9558	court-imposed solution.
9559	(3) A parent-time schedule shall be used to maximize the continuity and stability of the
9560	minor child's life.
9561	(4) Each parent shall give special consideration to make the minor child available to attend
9562	family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays,
9563	important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the minor child or in the
9564	life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule.
9565	(5)(a) The court shall determine the responsibility for the pick up, delivery, and return
9566	of the minor child when the parent-time order is entered.
9567	(b) The court may change the responsibility described in Subsection (5)(a) at any time a
9568	subsequent modification is made to the parent-time order.
9569	(c) If the noncustodial parent will be providing transportation, the custodial parent shall:
9570	(i) have the minor child ready for parent-time at the time the minor child is to be
9571	picked up[-]; and
9572	(ii) be present at the custodial home or make reasonable alternate arrangements to
9573	receive the minor child at the time the minor child is returned.
9574	(d) If the custodial parent will be transporting the minor child, the noncustodial parent
9575	shall:
9576	(i) be at the appointed place at the time the noncustodial parent is to receive the
9577	minor child; and
9578	(ii) have the minor child ready to be picked up at the appointed time and place or
9579	have made reasonable alternate arrangements for the custodial parent to pick up
9580	the minor child.
9581	(6) A parent may not interrupt regular school hours for a school-age minor child for the

9582	exercise of parent-time.
9582 9583	(7) The court may:
9585 9584	(<i>i</i>) The court may. (a) make alterations in the parent-time schedule to reasonably accommodate the work
9585	schedule of both parents; and
9585 9586	(b) increase the parent-time allowed to the noncustodial parent but may not diminish the
9580 9587	standardized parent-time provided in Sections 81-9-302 and 81-9-304.
9588	(8) The court may make alterations in the parent-time schedule to reasonably accommodate
9589	the distance between the parties and the expense of exercising parent-time.
9590	(9) A parent may not withhold parent-time or child support due to the other parent's failure
9591	to comply with a court-ordered parent-time schedule.
9592	(10)(a) The custodial parent shall notify the noncustodial parent within 24 hours of
9593	receiving notice of all significant school, social, sports, and community functions in
9594	which the minor child is participating or being honored.
9595	(b) The noncustodial parent is entitled to attend and participate fully in the functions
9596	described in Subsection (10)(a).
9597	(c) The noncustodial parent shall have access directly to all school reports including
9598	preschool and daycare reports and medical records.
9599	(d) A parent shall immediately notify the other parent in the event of a medical
9600	emergency.
9601	(11) Each parent shall provide the other with the parent's current address and telephone
9602	number, email address, and other virtual parent-time access information within 24 hours
9603	of any change.
9604	(12)(a) Each parent shall permit and encourage, during reasonable hours, reasonable
9605	and uncensored communications with the minor child, in the form of mail privileges
9606	and virtual parent-time if the equipment is reasonably available.
9607	(b) If the parents cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the
9608	court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably
9609	available_by taking into consideration:
9610	(i) the best interests of the minor child;
9611	(ii) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
9612	(iii) any other factors the court considers material.
9613	(13)(a) Parental care is presumed to be better care for the minor child than surrogate
9614	care.
9615	(b) The court shall encourage the parties to cooperate in allowing the noncustodial

9616	parent, if willing and able to transport the minor child, to provide the child care.
9617	(c) Child care arrangements existing during the marriage are preferred as are child care
9618	arrangements with nominal or no charge.
9619	(14) Each parent shall:
9620	(a) provide all surrogate care providers with the name, current address, and telephone
9621	number of the other parent; and
9622	(b) provide the noncustodial parent with the name, current address, and telephone
9623	number of all surrogate care providers unless the court for good cause orders
9624	otherwise.
9625	(15)(a) Each parent is entitled to an equal division of major religious holidays
9626	celebrated by the parents.
9627	(b) The parent who celebrates a religious holiday that the other parent does not celebrate
9628	shall have the right to be together with the minor child on the religious holiday.
9629	(16) If the minor child is on a different parent-time schedule than a sibling, based on
9630	Sections 81-9-302 and 81-9-304, the parents should consider if an upward deviation for
9631	parent-time with all the minor children so that parent-time is uniform between school
9632	aged and nonschool aged children, is appropriate.
9633	(17)(a) When one or both parents are servicemembers or contemplating joining a
9634	uniformed service, the parents should resolve issues of custodial responsibility in the
9635	event of deployment as soon as practicable through reaching a voluntary agreement
9636	pursuant to Section [78B-20-201] 81-10-201 or through court order obtained pursuant
9637	to this part.
9638	(b) Service members shall ensure their family care plan reflects orders and agreements
9639	entered and filed pursuant to [Title 78B, Chapter 20,] Chapter 10, Uniform Deployed
9640	Parents Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation Act.
9641	(18) A parent shall immediately notify the other parent if:
9642	(a) the parent resides with an individual or provides an individual with access to the
9643	minor child; and
9644	(b) the parent knows that the individual:
9645	(i) is required to register as a sex offender[-or], a kidnap offender, or a child abuse
9646	offender for an offense against a minor child under Title 77, Chapter 41, [Sex and
9647	Kidnap Offender Registry] Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry; or
9648	[(ii) is required to register as a child abuse offender under Title 77, Chapter 43,
9649	Child Abuse Offender Registry; or]

9650	[(iii)] (ii) has been convicted of:
9651	(A) a child abuse offense under Section 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3,
9652	76-5-114, or 76-5-208;
9653	(B) a sexual offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
9654	Offenses;
9655	(C) an offense for kidnapping or human trafficking of a minor child under Title
9656	76, Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;
9657	(D) a sexual exploitation offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5b,
9658	Sexual Exploitation Act; or
9659	(E) an offense that is substantially similar to an offense under Subsections [
9660	(18)(b)(iii)(A)] (18)(b)(ii)(A) through (D).
9661	(19)(a) For emergency purposes, whenever the minor child travels with a parent, the
9662	parent shall provide the following information to the other parent:
9663	(i) an itinerary of travel dates;
9664	(ii) destinations;
9665	(iii) places where the minor child or traveling parent can be reached; and
9666	(iv) the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be
9667	knowledgeable of the minor child's location.
9668	(b) Unchaperoned travel of a minor child under the age of five years is not
9669	recommended.
9670	Section 243. Section 81-9-203 is amended to read:
9671	81-9-203 . Custody and parent-time proceedings Requirements for parenting
9672	plan.
9673	(1) In a custody or parent-time proceeding that is not a divorce action, the court may require
9674	the parents to attend the mandatory educational course described in Section [81-4-106]
9675	<u>81-4-105</u> .
9676	(2)(a) In a proceeding between parents regarding the custody or parent-time for a minor
9677	child, the parent shall file and serve a proposed parenting plan at the time of the filing
9678	of the parent's original petition or at the time of filing the parent's answer or
9679	counterclaim.
9680	(b) In a proceeding in which a parent seeks to modify custody provisions or a parenting
9681	plan, the parent shall file the proposed parenting plan with the petition to modify or
9682	the answer or counterclaim to the petition to modify.
9683	(c) A parent who desires joint legal custody shall file a proposed parenting plan in

9684	accordance with this section.
9685	(3) If a parent files a proposed parenting plan in compliance with this section, the parent
9686	may move the court for an order of default to adopt the plan if the other parent fails to
9687	file a proposed parenting plan as required by this section.
9688	(4) A parent may file and serve an amended proposed parenting plan according to the Utah
9689	Rules of Civil Procedure.
9690	(5) The parent submitting a proposed parenting plan shall attach a verified statement that
9691	the plan is proposed by that parent in good faith.
9692	(6)(a) Both parents may submit a parenting plan which has been agreed upon.
9693	(b) The parents shall attach a verified statement to the parenting plan that is signed by
9694	both parents.
9695	(7) If the parents file inconsistent parenting plans, the court may appoint a guardian ad
9696	litem to represent the best interests of the minor child, who may, if necessary, file a
9697	separate parenting plan reflecting the best interests of the minor child.
9698	(8)(a) If a parent is a service member, the parenting plan shall be consistent with
9699	Subsection (16).
9700	(b) If a parent becomes a service member after a parenting plan is adopted, the parents
9701	shall amend the existing parenting plan as soon as practical to comply with
9702	Subsection (16).
9703	(9) The objectives of a parenting plan are to:
9704	(a) provide for the minor child's physical care;
9705	(b) maintain the minor child's emotional stability;
9706	(c) provide for the minor child's changing needs as the minor child grows and matures in
9707	a way that minimizes the need for future modifications to the parenting plan;
9708	(d) set forth the authority and responsibilities of each parent with respect to the minor
9709	child consistent with the definitions outlined in this chapter;
9710	(e) minimize the minor child's exposure to harmful parental conflict;
9711	(f) encourage the parents, where appropriate, to meet the responsibilities to their minor
9712	child through agreements in the parenting plan rather than relying on judicial
9713	intervention; and
9714	(g) protect the best interests of the minor child.
9715	(10)(a) The parenting plan shall contain:
9716	(i) provisions for resolution of future disputes between the parents, allocation of
9717	decision-making authority, and residential provisions for the minor child;

9718	(ii) provisions addressing notice and parent-time responsibilities in the event of the
9719	relocation of a party; and
9720	(iii) a process for resolving disputes, unless precluded or limited by statute.
9721	(b) A dispute resolution process under Subsection (10)(a)(iii) may include:
9722	(i) counseling;
9723	(ii) mediation or arbitration by a specified individual or agency; or
9724	(iii) court action.
9725	(c) In the dispute resolution process under Subsection (10)(b):
9726	(i) preference shall be given to the provisions in the parenting plan;
9727	(ii) parents shall use the designated process to resolve disputes relating to
9728	implementation of the plan, except those related to financial support, unless an
9729	emergency exists;
9730	(iii) a written record shall be prepared of any agreement reached in counseling or
9731	mediation and provided to each party;
9732	(iv) if arbitration becomes necessary, a written record shall be prepared and a copy of
9733	the arbitration award shall be provided to each party;
9734	(v) if the court finds that a parent has used or frustrated the dispute resolution process
9735	without good reason, the court may award attorney fees and financial sanctions to
9736	the prevailing parent;
9737	(vi) the district court has the right of review from the dispute resolution process; and
9738	(vii) the provisions of this Subsection (10)(c) shall be set forth in any final decree or
9739	order.
9740	(11)(a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (11), the parenting plan shall
9741	allocate decision-making authority to one or both parties regarding the minor child's
9742	education, healthcare, and religious upbringing.
9743	(b) The parties may incorporate an agreement related to the care and growth of the minor
9744	child in these specified areas or in other areas into the plan that are consistent with
9745	parenting functions and the criteria outlined in Subsection (9).
9746	(c) Regardless of the allocation of decision-making in the parenting plan, a parent may
9747	make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the minor child.
9748	(d) A minor child's education plan shall designate the following:
9749	(i) the home residence for purposes of identifying the appropriate school or another
9750	specific plan that provides for where the minor child will attend school;
9751	(ii) which parent has authority to make education decisions for the minor child if the

9752	parents cannot agree; and
9753	(iii) whether one or both parents have access to the minor child during school and
9754	authority to check the minor child out of school.
9755	(e) If an education provision is not included in the parenting plan:
9756	(i) a parent with sole physical custody shall make the decisions listed in Subsection
9757	(11)(d);
9758	(ii) in the event of joint physical custody when one parent has custody a majority of
9759	the time_as described in Subsection 81-9-205(10):
9760	(A) the parent having the minor child the majority of the time shall make the
9761	decisions listed in Subsections (11)(d)(i) and (ii); and
9762	(B) both parents with joint physical custody shall have access to the minor child
9763	during school and authority to check the child out of school; or
9764	(iii) in the event of joint physical custody when the parents have custody an equal
9765	amount of time:
9766	(A) the court shall determine how the decisions listed in Subsections (11)(d)(i)
9767	and (ii) are made; and
9768	(B) both parents with joint physical custody shall have access to the minor child
9769	during school and authority to check the minor child out of school.
9770	(12) Each parent may make decisions regarding the day-to-day care and control of the
9771	minor child while the minor child is residing with that parent.
9772	(13) When mutual decision-making is designated but cannot be achieved, the parties shall
9773	make a good faith effort to resolve the issue through the dispute resolution process.
9774	(14) The parenting plan shall include a residential schedule that designates in which parent's
9775	home a minor child shall reside on given days of the year, including provisions for
9776	holidays, birthdays of family members, vacations, and other special occasions.
9777	(15)(a) If a parent fails to comply with a provision of the parenting plan or a child
9778	support order, the other parent's obligations under the parenting plan or the child
9779	support order are not affected.
9780	(b) Failure to comply with a provision of the parenting plan or a child support order
9781	may result in a finding of contempt of court.
9782	(16)(a) If a parent is a service member, the parenting plan shall contain provisions that
9783	address the foreseeable parenting and custodial issues likely to arise in the event of
9784	notification of deployment or other contingency, including long-term deployments,
9785	short-term deployments, death, incapacity, and noncombatant evacuation operations.

9786	(b) The provisions in the parenting plan described in Subsection (16)(a) shall comport					
9787	substantially with the requirements of an agreement made pursuant to Section [
9788	78B-20-201] <u>81-10-201</u> .					
9789	Section 244. Section 81-9-204 is amended to read:					
9790	81-9-204 . Custody and parent-time of a minor child Custody factors					
9791	Preferences.					
9792	(1) In a proceeding between parents in which the custody and parent-time of a minor child					
9793	is at issue, the court shall consider the best interests of the minor child in determining					
9794	any form of custody and parent-time.					
9795	(2) The court shall determine whether an order for custody or parent-time is in the best					
9796	interests of the minor child by a preponderance of the evidence.					
9797	(3) In determining any form of custody and parent-time under Subsection (1), the court					
9798	shall consider:					
9799	(a) for each parent, and in accordance with Section 81-9-104, evidence of domestic					
9800	violence, physical abuse, or sexual abuse involving the minor child, the parent, or a					
9801	household member of the parent;					
9802	(b) whether the parent has intentionally exposed the minor child to pornography or					
9803	material harmful to minors, as "material" and "harmful to minors" are defined in					
9804	Section 76-10-1201; and					
9805	(c) whether custody and parent-time would endanger the minor child's health or physical					
9806	or psychological safety.					
9807	(4) In determining the form of custody and parent-time that is in the best interests of the					
9808	minor child, the court may consider, among other factors the court finds relevant, the					
9809	following for each parent:					
9810	(a) evidence of psychological maltreatment;					
9811	(b) the parent's demonstrated understanding of, responsiveness to, and ability to meet the					
9812	developmental needs of the minor child, including the minor child's:					
9813	(i) physical needs;					
9814	(ii) emotional needs;					
9815	(iii) educational needs;					
9816	(iv) medical needs; and					
9817	(v) any special needs;					
9818	(c) the parent's capacity and willingness to function as a parent, including:					
9819	(i) parenting skills;					

9820	(ii) co-parenting skills, including:					
9821	(A) ability to appropriately communicate with the other parent;					
9822	(B) ability to encourage the sharing of love and affection; and					
9823	(C) willingness to allow frequent and continuous contact between the minor child					
9824	and the other parent, except that, if the court determines that the parent is					
9825	acting to protect the minor child from domestic violence, neglect, or abuse, the					
9826	parent's protective actions may be taken into consideration; and					
9827	(iii) ability to provide personal care rather than surrogate care;					
9828	(d) the past conduct and demonstrated moral character of the parent as described in					
9829	Subsection (9);					
9830	(e) the emotional stability of the parent;					
9831	(f) the parent's inability to function as a parent because of drug abuse, excessive					
9832	drinking, or other causes;					
9833	(g) the parent's reason for having relinquished custody or parent-time in the past;					
9834	(h) duration and depth of desire for custody or parent-time;					
9835	(i) the parent's religious compatibility with the minor child;					
9836	(j) the parent's financial responsibility;					
9837	(k) the child's interaction and relationship with step-parents, extended family members					
9838	of other individuals who may significantly affect the minor child's best interests;					
9839	(1) who has been the primary caretaker of the minor child;					
9840	(m) previous parenting arrangements in which the minor child has been happy and					
9841	well-adjusted in the home, school, and community;					
9842	(n) the relative benefit of keeping siblings together;					
9843	(o) the stated wishes and concerns of the minor child, taking into consideration the					
9844	minor child's cognitive ability and emotional maturity;					
9845	(p) the relative strength of the minor child's bond with the parent, meaning the depth,					
9846	quality, and nature of the relationship between the parent and the minor child; and					
9847	(q) any other factor the court finds relevant.					
9848	(5)(a) A minor child may not be required by either party to testify unless the trier of fact					
9849	determines that extenuating circumstances exist that would necessitate the testimony					
9850	of the minor child be heard and there is no other reasonable method to present the					
9851	minor child's testimony.					
9852	(b)(i) The court may inquire and take into consideration the minor child's desires					
9853	regarding future custody or parent-time schedules, but the expressed desires are					

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9854	not controlling and the court may determine the minor child's custody or					
9855	parent-time otherwise.					
9856	(ii) The desires of a minor child who is 14 years old or older shall be given added					
9857	weight, but is not the single controlling factor.					
9858	(c)(i) If an interview with a minor child is conducted by the court in accordance with					
9859	Subsection (5)(b), the interview shall be conducted by the court in camera.					
9860	(ii) The prior consent of the parties may be obtained but is not necessary if the court					
9861	finds that an interview with a minor child is the only method to ascertain the					
9862	minor child's desires regarding custody.					
9863	(6)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a court may not discriminate against a					
9864	parent due to a disability, as defined in Section 57-21-2, in awarding custody or					
9865	determining whether a substantial change has occurred for the purpose of modifying					
9866	an award of custody.					
9867	(b) The court may not consider the disability of a parent as a factor in awarding custody					
9868	or modifying an award of custody based on a determination of a substantial change in					
9869	circumstances, unless the court makes specific findings that:					
9870	(i) the disability significantly or substantially inhibits the parent's ability to provide					
9871	for the physical and emotional needs of the minor child at issue; and					
9872	(ii) the parent with a disability lacks sufficient human, monetary, or other resources					
9873	available to supplement the parent's ability to provide for the physical and					
9874	emotional needs of the minor child at issue.					
9875	(c) Nothing in this section may be construed to apply to adoption proceedings under [
9876	Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act] Chapter 13, Adoption.					
9877	(7) This section does not establish:					
9878	(a) a preference for either parent solely because of the gender of the parent; or					
9879	(b) a preference for or against joint physical custody or sole physical custody, but allows					
9880						
9881	best interest of the minor child.					
9882	(8) When an issue before the court involves custodial responsibility in the event of a					
9883	deployment of a parent who is a service member and the service member has not yet					
9884	been notified of deployment, the court shall resolve the issue based on the standards in					
9885	Sections [78B-20-306 through 78B-20-309] 81-10-306 through 81-10-309.					
9886	(9) In considering the past conduct and demonstrated moral standards of each party under					
9887	Subsection (4)(d) or any other factor a court finds relevant, the court may not:					

9888	(a)(i) consider or treat a parent's lawful possession or use of cannabis in a medicinal					
9889	dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical					
9890	cannabis device, in accordance with Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production					
9891	Establishments and Pharmacies, Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2, Cannabinoid					
9892	Research and Medical Cannabis, or Subsection 58-37-3.7(2) or (3) any differently					
9893	than the court would consider or treat the lawful possession or use of any					
9894	prescribed controlled substance; or					
9895	(ii) discriminate against a parent because of the parent's status as a:					
9896	(A) cannabis production establishment agent, as that term is defined in Section					
9897	4-41a-102;					
9898	(B) medical cannabis pharmacy agent, as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-201;					
9899	(C) medical cannabis courier agent, as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-201;					
9900	or					
9901	(D) medical cannabis cardholder in accordance with Title 26B, Chapter 4, Part 2,					
9902	Cannabinoid Research and Medical Cannabis; or					
9903	(b) discriminate against a parent based upon the parent's agreement or disagreement with					
9904	a minor child of the couple's:					
9905	(i) assertion that the minor child's gender identity is different from the minor child's					
9906	biological sex; or					
9907	(ii) practice of having or expressing a different gender identity than the minor child's					
9908	biological sex.					
9909	(10)(a) The court shall consider evidence of domestic violence if evidence of domestic					
9910	violence is presented.					
9911	(b) The court shall consider as primary, the safety and well-being of the minor child and					
9912	the parent who experiences domestic violence.					
9913	(c) A court shall consider an order issued by a court in accordance with Title 78B,					
9914	Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders, as evidence of real harm or					
9915	substantiated potential harm to the minor child.					
9916	(d) If a parent relocates because of an act of domestic violence or family violence by the					
9917	other parent, the court shall make specific findings and orders with regards to the					
9918	application of Section 81-9-209.					
9919	(11) Absent a showing by a preponderance of evidence of real harm or substantiated					
9920	potential harm to the minor child:					
9921	(a) it is in the best interest of the minor child to have frequent, meaningful, and					

9922	continuing access to each parent following separation or divorce;
9923	(b) each parent is entitled to and responsible for frequent, meaningful, and continuing
9924	access with the parent's minor child consistent with the minor child's best interests;
9925	and
9926	(c) it is in the best interest of the minor child to have both parents actively involved in
9927	parenting the minor child.
9928	(12) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the court may not grant custody or
9929	parent-time of a minor child to a parent convicted of a sexual offense, as defined in
9930	Section 77-37-2, that resulted in the conception of the minor child unless:
9931	(a) the nonconvicted biological parent, or the legal guardian of the minor child, consents
9932	to custody or parent-time and the court determines it is in the best interest of the
9933	minor child to award custody or parent-time to the convicted parent; or
9934	(b) after the date of the conviction, the convicted parent and the nonconvicted parent
9935	cohabit and establish a mutual custodial environment for the minor child.
9936	(13) A denial of custody or parent-time under Subsection (12) does not:
9937	(a) terminate the parental rights of the parent denied parent-time or custody; or
9938	(b) affect the obligation of the convicted parent to financially support the minor child.
9939	Section 245. Section 81-9-208 is amended to read:
9940	81-9-208 . Modification or termination of a custody or parent-time order
9941	Noncompliance with a parent-time order.
9942	(1) The court has continuing jurisdiction to make subsequent changes to modify:
9943	(a) custody of a minor child if there is a showing of a substantial and material change in
9944	circumstances since the entry of the order; and
9945	(b) parent-time for a minor child if there is a showing that there is a change in
9946	circumstances since the entry of the order.
9947	(2) A substantial and material change in circumstances under Subsection (1)(a) includes a
9948	showing by a parent that the other parent:
9949	(a) resides with an individual or provides an individual with access to the minor child;
9950	and
9951	(b) knows that the individual:
9952	(i) is required to register as a sex offender[-or], a kidnap offender, or a child abuse
9953	offender for an offense against a minor child under Title 77, Chapter 41, [Sex and
9954	Kidnap Offender Registry] Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry; or
9955	[(ii) is required to register as a child abuse offender under Title 77, Chapter 43,

9956	Child Abuse Offender Registry; or]					
9957	[(iii)] (ii) has been convicted of:					
9958	(A) a child abuse offense under Section 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3,					
9959	76-5-114, or 76-5-208;					
9960	(B) a sexual offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual					
9961	Offenses;					
9962	(C) an offense for kidnapping or human trafficking of a minor child under Title					
9963	76, Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;					
9964	(D) a sexual exploitation offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5b,					
9965	Sexual Exploitation Act; or					
9966	(E) an offense that is substantially similar to an offense under Subsections [
9967	(2)(b)(iii)(A)] (2)(b)(ii)(A) through (D).					
9968	(3) On the petition of one or both of the parents, or the joint legal or physical custodians if					
9969	they are not the parents, the court may, after a hearing, modify or terminate an order that					
9970	established joint legal custody or joint physical custody if:					
9971	(a) the verified petition or accompanying affidavit initially alleges that admissible					
9972	evidence will show that there has been a substantial and material change in the					
9973	circumstances of the minor child or one or both parents or joint legal or physical					
9974	custodians since the entry of the order to be modified;					
9975	(b) a modification of the terms and conditions of the order would be an improvement for					
9976	and in the best interest of the minor child; and					
9977	(c)(i) both parents have complied in good faith with the dispute resolution procedure					
9978	in accordance with Subsection 81-9-205(8); or					
9979	(ii) if no dispute resolution procedure is contained in the order that established joint					
9980	legal custody or joint physical custody, the court orders the parents to participate					
9981	in a dispute resolution procedure in accordance with Subsection 81-9-205(13)					
9982	unless the parents certify that, in good faith, they have used a dispute resolution					
9983	procedure to resolve their dispute.					
9984	(4)(a) In determining whether the best interest of a minor child will be served by either					
9985	modifying or terminating the joint legal custody or joint physical custody order, the					
9986	court shall, in addition to other factors the court considers relevant, consider the					
9987	factors described in Sections 81-9-204 and 81-9-205.					
9988	(b) A court order modifying or terminating an existing joint legal custody or joint					
9989	physical custody order shall contain written findings that:					

9990 (i) a substantial and material change of circumstance has occurred; and 9991 (ii) a modification of the terms and conditions of the order would be an improvement 9992 for and in the best interest of the minor child. 9993 (c) The court shall give substantial weight to the existing joint legal custody or joint 9994 physical custody order when the minor child is thriving, happy, and well-adjusted. 9995 (5) The court shall, in every case regarding a petition for termination of a joint legal 9996 custody or joint physical custody order, consider reasonable alternatives to preserve the 9997 existing order in accordance with Section 81-9-204. 9998 (6) The court may modify the terms and conditions of the existing order in accordance with 9999 this chapter and may order the parents to file a parenting plan in accordance with 10000 Section 81-9-203. 10001 (7) A parent requesting a modification from sole custody to joint legal custody or joint 10002 physical custody or both, or any other type of shared parenting arrangement, shall file 10003 and serve a proposed parenting plan with the petition to modify in accordance with 10004 Section 81-9-203. 10005 (8) If an issue before the court involves custodial responsibility in the event of deployment 10006 of one or both parents who are service members, and the service member has not yet 10007 been notified of deployment, the court shall resolve the issue based on the standards in 10008 Sections [78B-20-306 through 78B-20-309] 81-10-306 through 81-10-309. 10009 (9) If the court finds that an action to modify custody or parent-time is filed or answered 10010 frivolously and, in a manner, designed to harass the other party, the court shall assess 10011 attorney fees as costs against the offending party. 10012 (10) If a petition to modify custody or parent-time provisions of a court order is made and 10013 denied, the court shall order the petitioner to pay the reasonable attorney fees expended 10014 by the prevailing party in that action if the court determines that the petition was without 10015 merit and not asserted or defended against in good faith. 10016 (11) If a motion or petition alleges noncompliance with a parent-time order by a parent, or a 10017 visitation order by a grandparent or other member of the immediate family where a 10018 visitation or parent-time right has been previously granted by the court, the court: 10019 (a) may award to the prevailing party: 10020 (i) actual attorney fees incurred; 10021 (ii) the costs incurred by the prevailing party because of the other party's failure to 10022 provide or exercise court-ordered visitation or parent-time, including: 10023 (A) court costs;

10024	(B) child care expenses;					
10025	(C) transportation expenses actually incurred;					
10026	(D) lost wages, if ascertainable; or					
10027	(E) counseling for a parent or a minor child if ordered or approved by the court; or					
10028	(iii) any other appropriate equitable remedy; and					
10029	(b) shall award reasonable make-up parent-time to the prevailing party, unless make-up					
10030	parent-time is not in the best interest of the minor child.					
10031	Section 246. Section 81-9-303 is amended to read:					
10032	81-9-303 . Optional schedule for parent-time for a minor child five to 18 years					
10033	old.					
10034	(1)(a) The optional parent-time schedule in this section applies to a minor child who is					
10035	five to 18 years old.					
10036	(b) For purposes of calculating child support, the optional parent-time schedule in this					
10037	section is 145 overnights.					
10038	(c) Any impact on child support shall be consistent with joint physical custody.					
10039	(2) The parents and the court may consider the increased parent-time schedule in this					
10040	section as a minimum parent-time schedule when the parties agree or the noncustodial					
10041	parent can demonstrate:					
10042	(a) the noncustodial parent has been actively involved in the minor child's life;					
10043	(b) the parties can communicate effectively regarding the minor child or the					
10044	noncustodial parent has a plan to accomplish effective communications regarding the					
10045	minor child;					
10046	(c) the noncustodial parent has the ability to facilitate the increased parent-time;					
10047	(d) the increased parent-time would be in the best interest of the minor child; and					
10048	(e) any other factor the court considers relevant.					
10049	(3) In determining whether a noncustodial parent has been actively involved in the minor					
10050	child's life, the court shall consider:					
10051	(a) demonstrated responsibility in caring for the minor child;					
10052	(b) involvement in childcare;					
10053	(c) presence or volunteer efforts in the minor child's school and at extracurricular					
10054	activities;					
10055	(d) assistance with the minor child's homework;					
10056	(e) involvement in preparation of meals, bath time, and bedtime for the minor child;					
10057	(f) bonding with the minor child; and					

10058	(g) any other factor the court considers relevant.					
10059	(4) In determining whether a noncustodial parent has the ability to facilitate the increased					
10060	parent-time, the court shall consider:					
10061	(a) the geographic distance between the residences of the parents and the distance					
10062	between the parents' residences and the minor child's school;					
10063	(b) the noncustodial parent's ability to assist with after school care;					
10064	(c) the health of the minor child and the noncustodial parent in accordance with					
10065	Subsection [$81-9-204(5)$] $81-9-204(4)$;					
10066	(d) flexibility of employment or another schedule of the noncustodial parent;					
10067	(e) ability to provide appropriate playtime with the minor child;					
10068	(f) history and ability of the noncustodial parent to implement a flexible schedule for the					
10069	minor child;					
10070	(g) physical facilities of the noncustodial parent's residence; and					
10071	(h) any other factor the court considers relevant.					
10072	(5) If the parties agree or the court enters an order for the optional parent-time schedule					
10073	under this section, a parenting plan in compliance with Section 81-9-203 shall be filed					
10074	with any order incorporating the optional parent-time schedule described in Subsection					
10075	(6).					
10076	(6) The following schedule is considered the optional parent-time to which the noncustodial					
10077	parent is entitled to the minor child:					
10078	(a)(i) one weekday evening to be specified by the noncustodial parent or the court or					
10079	Wednesday evening if not specified, beginning at 5:30 p.m. and ending the					
10080	following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no					
10081	school; or					
10082	(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, one weekday specified by the					
10083	noncustodial parent or the court:					
10084	(A) beginning at the time the minor child's school is regularly dismissed until the					
10085	following day upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is					
10086	no school; or					
10087	(B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the minor					
10088	child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule,					
10089	beginning at 8 a.m. and ending on the following day upon delivering the minor					
10090	child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school;					
10091	(b)(i) beginning the first weekend after the entry of the decree, alternating weekends					

10092	beginning at 6 p.m. on Friday and ending on Monday upon delivering the minor					
10093	child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school; or					
10094	(ii) at the election of the noncustodial parent, beginning the first weekend after the					
10095	entry of the decree, alternating weekends:					
10096	(A) beginning at the time the minor child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday					
10097	(A) beginning at the time the minor child's school is regularly dismissed on Friday and ending on Monday upon delivering the minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if					
10098	there is no school; or					
10099	(B) if there is no school, the noncustodial parent is available to be with the minor					
10100	child, and in accommodation with the custodial parent's work schedule,					
10101	beginning on Friday at 9 a.m. and ending on Monday upon delivering the					
10102	minor child to school or at 8 a.m. if there is no school;					
10103	(c) each holiday granted to the noncustodial parent in accordance with the holiday					
10104	schedule described in Subsection (15); and					
10105	(d) extended parent-time with the minor child when school is not in session for summer					
10106	break in accordance with Subsection (7).					
10107	(7)(a) For extended parent-time with the minor child under Subsection (6)(d) and at the					
10108	election of the noncustodial parent, the noncustodial parent is entitled up to four					
10109	weeks of parent-time with the minor child, which may be consecutive, when school is					
10110	not in session for summer break.					
10111	(b) For the four weeks of extended parent-time for a noncustodial parent under					
10112	Subsection (7)(a):					
10113	(i) two weeks, which may be consecutive, shall be uninterrupted parent-time for the					
10114	noncustodial parent; and					
10115	(ii) two weeks, which may be consecutive, may be interrupted by the custodial parent					
10116	for a weekday visit on the same day on which the noncustodial parent is granted					
10117	weekday day parent-time.					
10118	(c) A custodial parent is entitled to uninterrupted parent-time with the minor child for					
10119	two weeks, which may be consecutive, when school is not in session for summer					
10120	break.					
10121	(8)(a) Each parent shall provide notification to the other parent of the parent's plans for					
10122	the exercise of parent-time for summer break under Subsection (7).					
10123	(b) For the notification requirement under Subsection (8)(a):					
10124	(i) in odd-numbered years:					
10125	(A) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 1;					

10126	and					
10127						
10128	and					
10129	(ii) in even-numbered years:					
10130	(A) the custodial parent shall provide notice to the noncustodial parent by May 1;					
10131	and					
10132	(B) the noncustodial parent shall provide notice to the custodial parent by May 15.					
10133	(c)(i) If a parent fails to provide a notification within the time periods described in					
10134	Subsection (8)(b), the complying parent may determine the schedule for summer					
10135	break for the noncomplying parent.					
10136	(ii) If both parents fail to provide notice within the time periods described in					
10137	Subsection (8)(b), the first parent to provide notice may determine the schedule					
10138	for summer break for the other parent.					
10139	(d) If a custodial parent intends to interrupt a noncustodial parent's parent-time under					
10140	Subsection (7)(b)(ii), the custodial parent shall provide notification to the					
10141	noncustodial parent of the intent to interrupt parent-time within 10 days after the day					
10142	on which the custodial parent receives notification of the noncustodial parent's plans					
10143	for the exercise of interrupted extended parent-time.					
10144	(9)(a) An election should be made by the noncustodial parent at the time of entry of the					
10145	divorce decree or court order, except that the election may be changed by mutual					
10146	agreement, court order, or by the noncustodial parent in the event of a change in the					
10147	minor child's schedule.					
10148	(b) An election by either parent concerning parent-time shall be made a part of the					
10149	decree and made a part of the parent-time order.					
10150	(10)(a) Changes may not be made to the parent-time schedule under this section, except					
10151	that if a conflict arises in the parent-time schedule, the following order of precedence					
10152	shall be applied when determining which parent is entitled to parent-time:					
10153	(i) the holiday schedule for Mother's Day or Father's Day under Subsection (15);					
10154	(ii) the holiday schedule for the minor child's birthday, unless a parent is exercising					
10155	uninterrupted extended parent-time under Subsection (7) and takes the minor child					
10156	away from that parent's residence during the uninterrupted extended parent-time;					
10157	(iii) the holiday schedule for any holiday under Subsection (15) that is not Father's					
10158	Day, Mother's Day, or the minor child's birthday;					
10159	(iv) extended parent-time under Subsection (7); and					

10160	(v) the schedule for weekday or weekend parent-time.				
10161	(b) A parent exercising parent-time for the minor child's birthday may bring other				
10162	siblings along for the minor child's birthday.				
10163	(11) A stepparent, grandparent, or other responsible adult designated by the noncustodial				
10164	4 parent, may pick up the minor child for parent-time if the custodial parent is aware of				
10165	the identity of the individual and the noncustodial parent will be with the minor child by				
10166	7 p.m.				
10167	(12) If a holiday falls on a regularly scheduled school day, the parent exercising parent-time				
10168	shall be responsible for the minor child's attendance at school for that school day.				
10169	9 (13) If there is more than one minor child and the minor children's school schedules vary				
10170	for purpose of a holiday, at the option of the parent exercising the holiday or the parent's				
10171	half of the holiday, the minor children may remain together for the holiday period				
10172	beginning the first evening that all minor children's schools are dismissed for the holiday				
10173	and ending the evening before any minor child returns to school.				
10174	(14) If there is a minor child five to 18 years old and a minor child under five years old and				
10175	both minor children are the children of the parties, the parents and the court should				
10176	consider an upward deviation for parent-time with all the minor children so that				
10177	parent-time is uniform based on a schedule under this section.				
10170					

10178 (15) The following table is the holiday schedule for parent-time under this section.

10179	Holiday	Holiday Time Period	Years	Years Custodial
			Noncustodial	Parent is Granted
			Parent is Granted	Holiday
			Holiday	
10180	Dr. Martin Luther	(1) Holiday begins Friday at:(a) 9 a.m. if	Odd years	Even years
	King Jr. Day	school is not in session and the parent can		
		be with the minor child;		
		(b) the time that school is regularly		
		dismissed; or		
		(c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent		
		granted the holiday.		
		(2) Holiday ends:		
		(a) upon delivering of the minor child to		
		school on the day following Dr. Martin		
		Luther King Jr. Day; or		
		Dutier Ixing St. Duy, or		

		(b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Dr.Martin Luther King Jr. Day if there is no school.		
10181	President's Day	 Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the minor child to school on the day following President's Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following 	Even years	Odd years
10182	Spring Break	 (1) Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for spring break. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the minor child to school on the day following the end of spring break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of spring break if there is no school. 	Odd years	Even years
10183	Memorial Day	 (1) Holiday begins Friday at: (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly dismissed; or (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: 	Even years	Odd years

		 (a) upon delivering the minor child to school on the day following Memorial Day; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Memorial Day if there is no school. 		
10184	Mother's Day	 Holiday begins on Mother's Day at 9 a.m. Holiday ends on Mother's Day at 7 p.m. 	All years if noncustodial parent is the mother or other parent designated in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the mother or other parent designated in the order.
10185	Father's Day	 Holiday begins on Father's Day at 9 a.m. Holiday ends on Father's Day at 7 p.m. 	All years if noncustodial parent is the father or other parent designated in the order.	All years if custodial parent is the father or other parent designated in the order.
10186	Juneteenth National Freedom Day	 (1) Holiday begins at: (a) 6 p.m. on the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is not Father's Day; or (b) 9 a.m. on Juneteenth National Freedom Day if the day before Juneteenth National Freedom Day is Father's Day. 	Even years	Odd years
		(2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the dayfollowing Juneteenth National FreedomDay.		
10187	Independence Day	(2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the dayfollowing Juneteenth National Freedom	Odd years	Even years
10187 10188	-	 (2) Holiday ends at 6 p.m. on the day following Juneteenth National Freedom Day. (1) Holiday begins on July 3rd at 6 p.m. 		Even years Odd years

		 (a) 9 a.m. if school is not in session and the parent can be with the minor child; (b) the time that school is regularly (b) the time that school is regularly (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent (c) 6 p.m. at the election of the parent (d) granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the minor child to (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Labor (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following Labor (c) Day if there is no school. 		
10190	Columbus Day	 Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Columbus Day. Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Columbus Day. 	Even years	Odd years
10191	Fall Break	 Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day school is dismissed for fall break. Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the minor child to school on the day following the end of fall break; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the day following the end of fall break if there is no school. 	Odd years	Even years
10192	Halloween	 Holiday begins on October 31st or the day that Halloween is traditionally celebrated in the local community: (a) at the time that school is dismissed; (b) at 4 p.m. if there is no school. (c) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. on the same day the holiday begins. 	Even years	Odd years

10193	Veterans Day	 Holiday begins at 6 p.m. on the day before Veterans Day. Holiday ends at 7 p.m. on Veterans Day. 	Odd years	Even years
10194	Thanksgiving	 Holiday begins on Wednesday at: (a) 6 p.m.; or (b) the time school is regularly dismissed for Thanksgiving at the election of the parent granted the holiday. (2) Holiday ends: (a) upon delivering the minor child to school on the Monday following Thanksgiving; or (b) at 8 a.m. on the Monday following Thanksgiving if there is no school. 	Even years	Odd years
10195	Winter Break (First Half)	 Holiday begins at: 6 p.m. on the day that school dismisses for winter break; or the time school is regularly dismissed the day that school dismisses for winter break at the election of the parent granted the holiday. Holiday ends on December 27th at 7 p.m. 	Odd years	Even years
10196	Winter Break (Second Half)	 Holiday begins on December 27th at 7 p.m. Holiday ends upon delivering the minor child to school on the day that school resumes after the winter break. 	Even years	Odd years
10197	Day of Minor Child's Birthday	 (1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m. (2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m. 	Even years	Odd years

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Γ	Day Before or	(1) Holiday begins at 3 p.m.	Odd years	Even years
A	After Minor	(2) Holiday ends at 9 p.m.		
C	Child's Birthday			
	Section 247.	Section 81-9-305 is amended to read	1:	
	81-9-305 . E	qual parent-time schedule.		
(1)	(a) A court may	order the equal parent-time schedule	e described in this section	on if the
	court determine	es that:		
	(i) the equ	al parent-time schedule is in the mino	or child's best interest;	
	(ii) each p	arent has been actively involved in th	ne minor child's life; and	d
	(iii) each j	parent can effectively facilitate the eq	ual parent-time schedu	le.
	(b) To determine	ne whether each parent has been acti	vely involved in the mi	nor child's
	life, the co	urt shall consider:		
	(i) each pa	rent's demonstrated responsibility in	caring for the minor ch	ild;
	(ii) each p	arent's involvement in child care;		
	(iii) each p	parent's presence or volunteer efforts	in the minor child's sch	ool and at
	extract	urricular activities;		
	(iv) each p	parent's assistance with the minor chil	ld's homework;	
	(v) each p	arent's involvement in preparation of	meals, bath time, and b	bedtime for the
	minor	child;		
	(vi) each p	parent's bond with the minor child; an	ıd	
	(vii) any c	ther factor the court considers releva	nt.	
	(c) To determi	ne whether each parent can effective	ly facilitate the equal pa	arent-time
	schedule, t	he court shall consider:		
	(i) the geo	graphic distance between the residen	ce of each parent and th	ne distance
	betwee	n each residence and the minor child	l's school;	
	(ii) each p	arent's ability to assist with the minor	r child's after school can	re;
	(iii) the he	alth of the minor child and each pare	nt, consistent with Sub	section [
	81-9-2	04(5)] <u>81-9-204(4);</u>		
	(iv) the fle	xibility of each parent's employment	or other schedule;	
	(v) each p	arent's ability to provide appropriate	playtime with the mino	r child;
	(vi) each p	parent's history and ability to impleme	ent a flexible schedule	for the minor
	child;			
	(vii) physi	cal facilities of each parent's residence	ce; and	
	(viii) any	other factor the court considers releva	ant.	

10230	(2)(a) If the parties agree to or the court orders the equal parent-time schedule described
10231	in this section, a parenting plan in accordance with Section 81-9-203 shall be filed
10232	with an order incorporating the equal parent-time schedule.
10233	(b) An order under this section shall result in 182 overnights per year for one parent, and
10234	183 overnights per year for the other parent.
10235	(c) Under the equal parent-time schedule, a parent is not considered to have the minor
10236	child the majority of the time for the purposes of Subsection 81-9-203(11)(e)(ii) or
10237	81-9-205(10).
10238	(d) Child support for the equal parent-time schedule shall be consistent with Section
10239	81-6-206.
10240	(e) A court shall determine which parent receives 182 overnights and which parent
10241	receives 183 overnights for parent-time.
10242	(3)(a) Unless the parents agree otherwise and subject to a holiday, the equal parent-time
10243	schedule is as follows:
10244	(i) one parent shall exercise parent-time starting Monday morning and ending
10245	Wednesday morning;
10246	(ii) the other parent shall exercise parent-time starting Wednesday morning and
10247	ending Friday morning; and
10248	(iii) each parent shall alternate weeks exercising parent-time starting Friday morning
10249	and ending Monday morning.
10250	(b) The child exchange shall take place:
10251	(i) at the time the minor child's school begins; or
10252	(ii) if school is not in session, at 9 a.m.
10253	(4)(a) The parents may create a holiday schedule.
10254	(b) If the parents are unable to create a holiday schedule under Subsection (4)(a), the
10255	court shall:
10256	(i) order the holiday schedule described in Section 81-9-302 or 81-9-304; and
10257	(ii) designate which parent shall exercise parent-time for each holiday described in
10258	Section 81-9-302 or 81-9-304.
10259	(5)(a) Each year, a parent may designate two consecutive weeks to exercise
10260	uninterrupted parent-time during the summer when school is not in session.
10261	(b)(i) One parent may make a designation at any time and the other parent may make
10262	a designation after May 1.
10263	(ii) A parent shall make a designation at least 30 days before the day on which the

10264	designated two-week period begins.
10265	(c) The court shall designate which parent may make the earlier designation described in
10266	Subsection (5)(b)(i) for an even numbered year with the other parent allowed to make
10267	the earlier designation in an odd numbered year.
10268	(d) The two consecutive weeks described in Subsection (5)(a) take precedence over all
10269	holidays except for Mother's Day and Father's Day.
10270	Section 248. Section 81-9-402 is amended to read:
10271	81-9-402 . Custody and visitation for individuals other than a parent Venue.
10272	(1)(a) In accordance with Section 80-2a-201, it is the public policy of this state that a
10273	parent retain the fundamental right and duty to exercise primary control over the care,
10274	supervision, upbringing, and education of a minor child of the parent.
10275	(b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a parent's decisions are in the minor child's
10276	best interests.
10277	(2) A court may find the presumption in Subsection (1) rebutted and grant custodial or
10278	visitation rights to an individual other than a parent who, by clear and convincing
10279	evidence, establishes that:
10280	(a) the individual has intentionally assumed the role and obligations of a parent;
10281	(b) the individual and the minor child have formed a substantial emotional bond and
10282	created a parent-child type relationship;
10283	(c) the individual substantially contributed emotionally or financially to the minor child's
10284	well being;
10285	(d) the assumption of the parental role is not the result of a financially compensated
10286	surrogate care arrangement;
10287	(e) the continuation of the relationship between the individual and the minor child is in
10288	the minor child's best interest;
10289	(f) the loss or cessation of the relationship between the individual and the minor child
10290	would substantially harm the minor child; and
10291	(g) the parent:
10292	(i) is absent; or
10293	(ii) is found by a court to have abused or neglected the minor child.
10294	(3) Notwithstanding Title 78B, Chapter 3a, Venue for Civil Actions, or Section 78A-6-350,
10295	an individual shall file a verified petition, or a petition supported by an affidavit, for
10296	custodial or visitation rights to the minor child in the juvenile court if a matter is pending
10297	in the juvenile court, or in the district court in the county where the minor child:

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10298	(a) currently resides; or
10299	(b) lived with a parent or an individual other than a parent who acted as a parent within
10300	six months before the commencement of the action.
10301	(4) An individual may file a petition under this section in a pending divorce, parentage
10302	action, or other proceeding, including a proceeding in the juvenile court involving
10303	custody of or visitation with a minor child.
10304	(5) The petition shall include detailed facts supporting the petitioner's right to file the
10305	petition including the criteria set forth in Subsection (2) and residency information
10306	described in Section [78B-13-209] 81-11-209.
10307	(6) An individual may not file a petition under this section against a parent who is actively
10308	serving outside the state in any branch of the military.
10309	(7) Notice of a petition filed pursuant to this chapter shall be served in accordance with the
10310	Utah Rules of Civil Procedure on all of the following:
10311	(a) the minor child's biological, adopted, presumed, declarant, and adjudicated parents;
10312	(b) any individual who has court-ordered custody or visitation rights;
10313	(c) the minor child's guardian;
10314	(d) the guardian ad litem, if one has been appointed;
10315	(e) an individual or agency that has physical custody of the minor child or that claims to
10316	have custody or visitation rights; and
10317	(f) any other individual or agency that has previously appeared in any action regarding
10318	custody of or visitation with the minor child.
10319	(8) The court may order a custody evaluation to be conducted in any proceeding brought
10320	under this section.
10321	(9) The court may enter temporary orders in a proceeding brought under this section
10322	pending the entry of final orders.
10323	(10) Except as provided in Subsection (11), a court may not grant custody of a minor child
10324	under this section to an individual:
10325	(a) who is not the parent of the minor child; and
10326	(b) who, before a custody order is issued, is convicted, pleads guilty, or pleads no
10327	contest to a felony or attempted felony involving conduct that constitutes any of the
10328	following:
10329	(i) child abuse, as described in Sections 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3, and
10330	76-5-114;
10331	(ii) child abuse homicide, as described in Section 76-5-208;

10332	(iii) child kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301.1;
10333	(iv) human trafficking of a child, as described in Section 76-5-308.5;
10334	(v) sexual abuse of a minor, as described in Section 76-5-401.1;
10335	(vi) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1;
10336	(vii) object rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.3;
10337	(viii) sodomy on a child, as described in Section 76-5-403.1;
10338	(ix) sexual abuse of a child, as described in Section 76-5-404.1, or aggravated sexual
10339	abuse of a child, as described in Section 76-5-404.3;
10340	(x) sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Section 76-5b-201;
10341	(xi) aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Section 76-5b-201.1; or
10342	(xii) an offense in another state that, if committed in this state, would constitute an
10343	offense described in this Subsection (10).
10344	(11)(a) As used in this Subsection (11), "disqualifying offense" means an offense listed
10345	in Subsection (10) that prevents a court from granting custody except as provided in
10346	this Subsection (11).
10347	(b) An individual described in Subsection (10) may only be considered for custody of a
10348	minor child if the following criteria are met by clear and convincing evidence:
10349	(i) the individual is a relative, as defined in Section 80-3-102, of the minor child;
10350	(ii) at least 10 years have elapsed from the day on which the individual is
10351	successfully released from prison, jail, parole, or probation related to a
10352	disqualifying offense;
10353	(iii) during the 10 years before the day on which the individual files a petition with
10354	the court seeking custody the individual has not been convicted, plead guilty, or
10355	plead no contest to an offense greater than an infraction or traffic violation that
10356	would likely impact the health, safety, or well-being of the minor child;
10357	(iv) the individual can provide evidence of successful treatment or rehabilitation
10358	directly related to the disqualifying offense;
10359	(v) the court determines that the risk related to the disqualifying offense is unlikely to
10360	cause harm, as defined in Section 80-1-102, or potential harm to the minor child
10361	currently or at any time in the future when considering all of the following:
10362	(A) the minor child's age;
10363	(B) the minor child's gender;
10364	(C) the minor child's development;
10365	(D) the nature and seriousness of the disqualifying offense;

10366	(E) the preferences of a minor child who is 12 years old or older;
10367	(F) any available assessments, including custody evaluations, parenting
10368	assessments, psychological or mental health assessments, and bonding
10369	assessments; and
10370	(G) any other relevant information;
10371	(vi) the individual can provide evidence of the following:
10372	(A) the relationship with the minor child is of long duration;
10373	(B) that an emotional bond exists with the minor child; and
10374	(C) that custody by the individual who has committed the disqualifying offense
10375	ensures the best interests of the minor child are met;
10376	(vii)(A) there is no other responsible relative known to the court who has or likely
10377	could develop an emotional bond with the minor child and does not have a
10378	disqualifying offense; or
10379	(B) if there is a responsible relative known to the court that does not have a
10380	disqualifying offense, Subsection (11)(d) applies; and
10381	(viii) that the continuation of the relationship between the individual with the
10382	disqualifying offense and the minor child could not be sufficiently maintained
10383	through any type of visitation if custody were given to the relative with no
10384	disqualifying offense described in Subsection (11)(d).
10385	(c) The individual with the disqualifying offense bears the burden of proof regarding
10386	why placement with that individual is in the best interest of the minor child over
10387	another responsible relative or equally situated individual who does not have a
10388	disqualifying offense.
10389	(d) If, as provided in Subsection (11)(b)(vii)(B), there is a responsible relative known to
10390	the court who does not have a disqualifying offense:
10391	(i) preference for custody is given to a relative who does not have a disqualifying
10392	offense; and
10393	(ii) before the court may place custody with the individual who has the disqualifying
10394	offense over another responsible, willing, and able relative:
10395	(A) an impartial custody evaluation shall be completed; and
10396	(B) a guardian ad litem shall be assigned.
10397	(12) Subsections (10) and (11) apply to a case pending on March 25, 2017, for which a final
10398	decision on custody has not been made and to a case filed on or after March 25, 2017.
10399	Section 249. Section 81-10-101 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-102 is renumbered

10400	and amended to read:
10401	CHAPTER 10. UNIFORM DEPLOYED PARENTS CUSTODY, PARENT-TIME
10402	
	AND VISITATION ACT
10403	Part 1. General Provisions
10404	[78B-20-102] <u>81-10-101</u> . Definitions.
10405	As used in this chapter:
10406	(1) "Adult" means an individual who [has attained] is at least 18 years old or is an
10407	emancipated minor child.
10408	(2)(a) "Caretaking authority" means the right to live with and care for a child on a
10409	day-to-day basis.
10410	(b) "Caretaking authority" includes physical custody, parent-time, right to access, and
10411	visitation.
10412	(3) "Child" means:
10413	(a) [an unemancipated individual who has not attained 18 years old] a minor child; or
10414	(b) an adult son or daughter by birth or adoption, or under the law of this state other than
10415	this chapter, who is the subject of a court order concerning custodial responsibility.
10416	(4) "Court" means a tribunal, including an administrative agency, authorized under the law
10417	of this state other than this chapter to make, enforce, or modify a decision regarding
10418	custodial responsibility.
10419	(5)(a) "Custodial responsibility" includes all powers and duties relating to caretaking
10420	authority and decision-making authority for a child. [The term]
10421	(b) "Custodial responsibility" includes physical custody, legal custody, parent-time, right
10422	to access, visitation, and authority to grant limited contact with a child.
10423	(6)(a) "Decision-making authority" means the power to make important decisions
10424	regarding a child, including decisions regarding the child's education, religious
10425	training, health care, extracurricular activities, and travel. [The term]
10426	(b) <u>"Decision-making authority"</u> does not include the power to make decisions that
10427	necessarily accompany a grant of caretaking authority.
10428	(7) "Deploying parent" means a service member who is deployed or has been notified of
10429	impending deployment and is:
10430	(a) a parent of a child under the law of this state other than this chapter; or
10431	(b) an individual who has custodial responsibility for a child under the law of this state

10432	other than this chapter.
10433	(8) "Deployment" means the movement or mobilization of a service member for more than
10434	90 days but less than 18 months pursuant to uniformed service orders that:
10435	(a) are designated as unaccompanied;
10436	(b) do not authorize dependent travel; or
10437	(c) otherwise do not permit the movement of family members to the location to which
10438	the service member is deployed.
10439	(9) "Family care plan" means a formal written contingency plan mandated by regulation of
10440	the various departments and components of the uniformed service that requires certain
10441	service member parents of minor children to plan in advance for the smooth, rapid
10442	transfer of parental responsibilities to designees during the absence of the service
10443	member due to death, incapacity, short-term absences, long-term absences, including
10444	deployments, or noncombatant evacuation operations.
10445	(10) "Family member" means a sibling, aunt, uncle, cousin, stepparent, or grandparent of a
10446	child, or an individual recognized to be in a familial relationship with a child under the
10447	law of this state other than this chapter.
10448	(11)(a) "Limited contact" means the authority of a nonparent to visit a child for a
10449	limited time.
10450	(b) "Limited contact" includes authority to take the child to a place other than the
10451	residence of the child.
10452	(12) "Nonparent" means an individual other than a deploying parent or other parent.
10453	(13) "Other parent" means an individual who, in common with a deploying parent, is:
10454	(a) a parent of a child under the law of this state other than this chapter; or
10455	(b) an individual who has custodial responsibility for a child under the law of this state
10456	other than this chapter.
10457	(14) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in
10458	an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
10459	(15) "Return from deployment" means the conclusion of a service member's deployment as
10460	specified in uniformed service orders.
10461	(16) "Service member" means a member of a uniformed service.
10462	(17) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
10463	(a) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
10464	(b) to attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or
10465	process.

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10466 (18) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the 10467 United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the 10468 jurisdiction of the United States. 10469 (19) "Uniformed service" means: 10470 (a) active and reserve components of the United States armed forces; 10471 (b) the United States Merchant Marine; 10472 (c) the commissioned corps of the United States Public Health Service; 10473 (d) the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration of 10474 the United States; or 10475 (e) the National Guard of a state. 10476 Section 250. Section 81-10-102, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-103 is renumbered 10477 and amended to read: 10478 [78B-20-103] 81-10-102 . Remedies for noncompliance. 10479 In addition to other remedies under the law of this state other than this chapter, if a court 10480 finds that a party to a proceeding under this chapter has acted in bad faith or intentionally 10481 failed to comply with this chapter or a court order issued under this chapter, the court may 10482 assess reasonable attorney fees and costs against the party and order other appropriate relief. Section 251. Section 81-10-103, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-104 is renumbered 10483 10484 and amended to read: 10485 [78B-20-104] 81-10-103 . Jurisdiction. 10486 (1) A court may issue an order regarding custodial responsibility under this chapter only if 10487 the court has jurisdiction under [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody 10488 Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act] Chapter 11, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and 10489 Enforcement Act. 10490 (2) If a court has issued a temporary order regarding custodial responsibility pursuant to 10491 Part 3, Judicial Procedure for Granting Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, the 10492 residence of the deploying parent is not changed by reason of the deployment for the 10493 purposes of [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and 10494 Enforcement Act] Chapter 11, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, 10495 during the deployment. 10496 (3) If a court has issued a permanent order regarding custodial responsibility before notice 10497 of deployment and the parents modify that order temporarily by agreement pursuant to 10498 Part 2, Agreement Addressing Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, the 10499 residence of the deploying parent is not changed by reason of the deployment for the

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10500	purposes of [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and
10501	Enforcement Act] Chapter 11, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.
10502	(4) If a court in another state has issued a temporary order regarding custodial responsibility
10503	as a result of impending or current deployment, the residence of the deploying parent is
10504	not changed by reason of the deployment for the purposes of [Title 78B, Chapter 13,
10505	Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act] Chapter 11, Uniform
10506	Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.
10507	(5) This section does not prevent a court from exercising temporary emergency jurisdiction
10508	under [Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and
10509	Enforcement Act] Chapter 11, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.
10510	Section 252. Section 81-10-104, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-105 is renumbered
10511	and amended to read:
10512	[78B-20-105] <u>81-10-104</u> . Notification required of deploying parent.
10513	(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4) and subject to Subsection (3), a
10514	deploying parent shall in a record notify the other parent of a pending deployment not
10515	later than seven days after receiving notice of deployment unless reasonably
10516	prevented from doing so by the circumstances of service.
10517	(b) If the circumstances of service prevent giving notification within the seven days, the
10518	deploying parent shall give the notification as soon as reasonably possible.
10519	(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4) and subject to Subsection (3),
10520	each parent shall in a record provide the other parent with a plan for fulfilling that
10521	parent's share of custodial responsibility during deployment.
10522	(b) Each parent shall provide the plan as soon as reasonably possible after notification of
10523	deployment is given under Subsection (1).
10524	(3)(a) If a court order currently in effect prohibits disclosure of the address or contact
10525	information of the other parent, notification of deployment under Subsection (1), or
10526	notification of a plan for custodial responsibility during deployment under Subsection
10527	(2), may be made only to the issuing court.
10528	(b) If the address of the other parent is available to the issuing court, the court shall
10529	forward the notification to the other parent.
10530	(c) The court shall keep confidential the address or contact information of the other
10531	parent.
10532	(4) Notification in a record under Subsection (1) or (2) is not required if the parents are
10533	living in the same residence and both parents have actual notice of the deployment or

10534	plan.
10535	(5) In a proceeding regarding custodial responsibility, a court may consider the
10536	reasonableness of a parent's efforts to comply with this section.
10537	Section 253. Section 81-10-105, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-106 is renumbered
10538	and amended to read:
10539	[78B-20-106] <u>81-10-105</u> . Duty to notify of change of address.
10540	(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), an individual to whom custodial
10541	responsibility has been granted during deployment pursuant to Part 2, Agreement
10542	Addressing Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, or Part 3, Judicial
10543	Procedure for Granting Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, shall notify the
10544	deploying parent and any other individual with custodial responsibility of a child of
10545	any change of the individual's mailing address or residence until the grant is
10546	terminated.
10547	(b) The individual shall provide notice to any court that has issued a custody or child
10548	support order concerning the child, which is in effect.
10549	(2)(a) If a court order currently in effect prohibits disclosure of the address or contact
10550	information of an individual to whom custodial responsibility has been granted, a
10551	notification under Subsection (1) may be made only to the court that issued the order.
10552	(b) The court shall keep confidential the mailing address or residence of the individual to
10553	whom custodial responsibility has been granted.
10554	Section 254. Section 81-10-106, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-107 is renumbered
10555	and amended to read:
10556	[78B-20-107] <u>81-10-106</u> . General consideration in custody proceeding of parent's
10557	military service.
10558	In a proceeding for custodial responsibility of a child of a service member, a court may
10559	not consider a parent's past deployment or possible future deployment in itself in determining
10560	the best interest of the child but may consider any significant impact on the best interest of the
10561	child of the parent's past or possible future deployment.
10562	Section 255. Section 81-10-201, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-201 is renumbered
10563	and amended to read:
10564	Part 2. Agreement Addressing Custodial Responsibility During Deployment
10565	[78B-20-201] <u>81-10-201</u> . Form of agreement.
10566	(1)(a) The parents of a child may enter into a temporary agreement under this part
10567	granting custodial responsibility during deployment.

10568	(b) When the parents of a child include one or more servicemembers, the parents should
10569	enter into an agreement granting custodial responsibility before notice of deployment,
10570	but may also enter into an agreement granting custodial responsibility following
10571	notice of deployment.
10572	(2) An agreement under Subsection (1) shall be:
10573	(a) in writing; and
10574	(b) signed by both parents and any nonparent to whom custodial responsibility is granted.
10575	(3) Subject to Subsection (4), an agreement under Subsection (1), if feasible, shall:
10576	(a) identify the destination, duration, and conditions of the deployment that is the basis
10577	for the agreement if the deployment has been noticed;
10578	(b) specify the allocation of caretaking authority among the deploying parent, the other
10579	parent, and any nonparent;
10580	(c) specify any decision-making authority that accompanies a grant of caretaking
10581	authority;
10582	(d) specify any grant of limited contact to a nonparent;
10583	(e) if under the agreement custodial responsibility is shared by the other parent and a
10584	nonparent, or by other nonparents, provide a process to resolve any dispute that may
10585	arise;
10586	(f) specify the frequency, duration, and means, including electronic means, by which the
10587	deploying parent will have contact with the child, any role to be played by the other
10588	parent in facilitating the contact, and the allocation of any costs of contact;
10589	(g) specify the contact between the deploying parent and child during the time the
10590	deploying parent is on leave or is otherwise available;
10591	(h) acknowledge that any party's child-support obligation cannot be modified by the
10592	agreement, and that changing the terms of the obligation during deployment requires
10593	modification in the appropriate court;
10594	(i) provide that the agreement will terminate according to the procedures under Part 4,
10595	Return from Deployment, after the deploying parent returns from deployment; and
10596	(j) if the agreement is required to be filed pursuant to Section [78B-20-205] 81-10-205,
10597	specify which parent is required to file the agreement.
10598	(4) The omission of any of the items specified in Subsection (3) does not invalidate an
10599	agreement under this section.
10600	(5) A servicemember shall ensure that the servicemember's family care plan reflects orders
10601	and agreements entered and filed [pursuant to] in accordance with this chapter.

10602	Section 256. Section 81-10-202 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-202 is renumbered
10603	and amended to read:
10604	[78B-20-202] <u>81-10-202</u> . Nature of authority created by agreement.
10605	(1)(a) An agreement under this part is temporary and terminates pursuant to Part 4,
10606	Return from Deployment, after the deploying parent returns from deployment, unless
10607	the agreement has been terminated before that time by court order or modification
10608	under Section [78B-2-203] <u>81-10-203</u> .
10609	(b) The agreement may not create an independent, continuing right to caretaking
10610	authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact in an individual to whom
10611	custodial responsibility is given.
10612	(2) A nonparent who has caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact
10613	by an agreement under this part has standing to enforce the agreement until it has been
10614	terminated by court order, by modification under Section [78B-20-203] 81-10-203, or
10615	under Part 4, Return from Deployment.
10616	Section 257. Section 81-10-203, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-203 is renumbered
10617	and amended to read:
10618	[78B-20-203] <u>81-10-203</u> . Modification of agreement.
10619	(1) By mutual consent, the parents of a child may modify an agreement regarding custodial
10620	responsibility made [pursuant to] in accordance with this part.
10621	(2) If an agreement is modified under Subsection (1) before deployment of a deploying
10622	parent, the modification shall be in writing and signed by both parents and any
10623	nonparent who will exercise custodial responsibility under the modified agreement.
10624	(3) If an agreement is modified under Subsection (1) during deployment of a deployed
10625	parent, the modification shall be agreed to in a record by both parents and any nonparent
10626	who will exercise custodial responsibility under the modified agreement.
10627	Section 258. Section 81-10-204, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-204 is renumbered
10628	and amended to read:
10629	[78B-20-204] <u>81-10-204</u> . Power of attorney.
10630	(1) A deploying parent, by power of attorney, may delegate all or part of custodial
10631	responsibility to an adult nonparent for the period of deployment if no other parent
10632	possesses custodial responsibility under the law of this state other than this chapter or if
10633	a court order currently in effect prohibits contact between the child and the other parent.
10634	(2) The deploying parent may revoke the power of attorney by signing a revocation of the
10635	power.

10636	Section 259. Section 81-10-205, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-205 is renumbered
10637	and amended to read:
10638	[78B-20-205] <u>81-10-205</u> . Filing agreement or power of attorney with court.
10639	(1)(a) An agreement or power of attorney under this part shall be filed within a
10640	reasonable time with any court that has entered an order on custodial responsibility or
10641	child support that is in effect concerning the child who is the subject of the agreement
10642	or power.
10643	(b) The case number and heading of the pending case concerning custodial responsibility
10644	or child support shall be provided to the court with the agreement or power.
10645	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), failure to file an agreement or power of attorney does
10646	not invalidate an otherwise valid agreement or power of attorney.
10647	Section 260. Section 81-10-301, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-301 is renumbered
10648	and amended to read:
10649	Part 3. Judicial Procedure for Granting Custodial Responsibility During Deployment
10650	[78B-20-301] <u>81-10-301</u> . Definitions for part.
10651	[In] As used in this part, "close and substantial relationship" means a relationship in
10652	which a significant bond exists between a child and a nonparent.
10653	Section 261. Section 81-10-302 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-302 is renumbered
10654	and amended to read:
10655	[78B-20-302] <u>81-10-302</u> . Proceeding for temporary custody Order.
10656	(1)(a) After a deploying parent receives notice of deployment and until the deployment
10657	terminates, a court may issue a temporary order granting custodial responsibility
10658	unless prohibited by Section 39A-6-105 and the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, 50
10659	U.S.C. Appendix Sections 521 and 522.
10660	(b) A court may not issue a permanent order granting custodial responsibility without
10661	the consent of the deploying parent.
10662	(2)(a) At any time after a deploying parent receives notice of deployment, either parent
10663	may file a motion regarding custodial responsibility of a child during deployment.
10664	(b) The motion shall be filed in a pending proceeding for custodial responsibility in a
10665	court with jurisdiction under Section [78B-20-104] 81-10-103 or, if there is no
10666	pending proceeding in a court with jurisdiction under Section [78B-20-104] 81-10-103,
10667	in a new action for granting custodial responsibility during deployment.
10668	Section 262. Section 81-10-303 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-303 is renumbered
10669	and amended to read:

10670	[78B-20-303] <u>81-10-303</u> . Expedited hearing.
10671	If a motion to grant custodial responsibility is filed under Subsection [78B-20-302(2)]
10672	81-10-302(2) before a deploying parent deploys, the court shall conduct an expedited hearing.
10673	Section 263. Section 81-10-304, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-304 is renumbered
10674	and amended to read:
10675	[78B-20-304] <u>81-10-304</u> . Testimony by electronic means.
10676	In a proceeding under this part, a party or witness who is not reasonably available to
10677	appear personally may appear, provide testimony, and present evidence by electronic means
10678	unless the court finds good cause to require a personal appearance.
10679	Section 264. Section 81-10-305, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-305 is renumbered
10680	and amended to read:
10681	[78B-20-305] <u>81-10-305</u> . Effect of prior judicial order or agreement.
10682	In a proceeding for a grant of custodial responsibility [pursuant to] in accordance with
10683	this part, the following rules apply:
10684	(1) a prior judicial order designating custodial responsibility in the event of deployment is
10685	binding on the court unless the circumstances meet the requirements of the law of this
10686	state other than this chapter for modifying a judicial order regarding custodial
10687	responsibility; and
10688	(2) the court shall enforce a prior written agreement between the parents for designating
10689	custodial responsibility in the event of deployment, including an agreement executed
10690	under Part 2, Agreement Addressing Custodial Responsibility During Deployment,
10691	unless the court finds that the agreement is contrary to the best interest of the child.
10692	Section 265. Section 81-10-306, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-306 is renumbered
10693	and amended to read:
10694	[78B-20-306] <u>81-10-306</u> . Grant of caretaking or decision-making authority to
10695	nonparent.
10696	(1) On motion of a deploying parent and in accordance with the law of this state other than
10697	this chapter, if it is in the best interest of the child a court may grant caretaking authority
10698	to a nonparent who is an adult family member of the child with whom the child has a
10699	close and substantial relationship.
10700	(2) Unless a grant of caretaking authority to a nonparent under Subsection (1) is agreed to
10701	by the other parent, the grant is limited to an amount of time not greater than:
10702	(a) the amount of time granted to the deploying parent under a permanent custody order,
10703	but the court may add unusual travel time necessary to transport the child; or

10704	(b) in the absence of a permanent custody order that is currently in effect, the amount of
10705	time that the deploying parent habitually cared for the child before being notified of
10706	deployment, but the court may add unusual travel time necessary to transport the
10707	child.
10708	(3)(a) A court may grant part of a deploying parent's decision-making authority, if the
10709	deploying parent is unable to exercise that authority, to a nonparent who is an adult
10710	family member of the child with whom the child has a close and substantial
10711	relationship.
10712	(b) If a court grants the authority to a nonparent, the court shall specify the
10713	decision-making powers granted, including decisions regarding the child's education,
10714	religious training, health care, extracurricular activities, and travel.
10715	Section 266. Section 81-10-307, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-307 is renumbered
10716	and amended to read:
10717	[78B-20-307] <u>81-10-307</u> . Grant of limited contact.
10718	On motion of a deploying parent, and in accordance with the law of this state other than
10719	this chapter, unless the court finds that the contact would be contrary to the best interest of the
10720	child, a court shall grant limited contact to a nonparent who is a family member of the child or
10721	an individual with whom the child has a close and substantial relationship.
10722	Section 267. Section 81-10-308, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-308 is renumbered
10723	and amended to read:
10724	[78B-20-308] <u>81-10-308</u> . Nature of authority created by temporary custody
10725	order.
10726	(1)(a) A grant of authority under this part is temporary and terminates under Part 4,
10727	Return from Deployment, after the return from deployment of the deploying parent,
10728	unless the grant has been terminated before that time by court order.
10729	(b) The grant may not create an independent, continuing right to caretaking authority,
10730	decision-making authority, or limited contact in an individual to whom it is granted.
10731	(2) A nonparent granted caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact
10732	under this part has standing to enforce the grant until it is terminated by court order or
10733	under Part 4, Return from Deployment.
10734	Section 268. Section 81-10-309, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-309 is renumbered
10735	and amended to read:
10736	[78B-20-309] <u>81-10-309</u> . Content of temporary custody order.
10737	(1) An order granting custodial responsibility under this part shall:

10738	(a) designate the order as temporary; and
10739	(b) identify to the extent feasible the destination, duration, and conditions of the
10740	deployment.
10741	(2) If applicable, an order for custodial responsibility under this part shall:
10742	(a) specify the allocation of caretaking authority, decision-making authority, or limited
10743	contact among the deploying parent, the other parent, and any nonparent;
10744	(b) if the order divides caretaking or decision-making authority between individuals, or
10745	grants caretaking authority to one individual and limited contact to another, provide a
10746	process to resolve any dispute that may arise;
10747	(c) provide for liberal communication between the deploying parent and the child during
10748	deployment, including through electronic means, unless contrary to the best interest
10749	of the child, and allocate any costs of communications;
10750	(d) provide for liberal contact between the deploying parent and the child during the
10751	time the deploying parent is on leave or otherwise available, unless contrary to the
10752	best interest of the child;
10753	(e) provide for reasonable contact between the deploying parent and the child after
10754	return from deployment until the temporary order is terminated, even if the time of
10755	contact exceeds the time the deploying parent spent with the child before entry of the
10756	temporary order; and
10757	(f) provide that the order will terminate [pursuant to] in accordance with Part 4, Return
10758	from Deployment, after the deploying parent returns from deployment.
10759	Section 269. Section 81-10-310 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-310 is renumbered
10760	and amended to read:
10761	[78B-20-310] <u>81-10-310</u> . Order for child support.
10762	If a court has issued an order granting caretaking authority under this part, or an
10763	agreement granting caretaking authority has been executed under Part 2, Agreement
10764	Addressing Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, the court may enter a temporary
10765	order for child support consistent with the law of this state other than this chapter if the court
10766	has jurisdiction under [Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act]
10767	Chapter 8, Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.
10768	Section 270. Section 81-10-311 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-311 is renumbered
10769	and amended to read:
10770	[78B-20-311] <u>81-10-311</u> . Modifying or terminating grant of custodial
10771	responsibility to nonparent.

10772	(1)(a) Except for an order under Section [78B-20-305] 81-10-305, except as otherwise
10773	provided in Subsection (2), and consistent with Section 39A-6-105 and the
10774	Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C. Appendix Sections 521 and 522, on
10775	motion of a deploying parent, other parent, or any nonparent to whom caretaking
10776	authority, decision-making authority, or limited contact has been granted, the court
10777	may modify or terminate the grant if the modification or termination is consistent
10778	with this part and it is in the best interest of the child.
10779	(b) A modification is temporary and terminates [pursuant to] in accordance with Part 4,
10780	Return from Deployment, after the deploying parent returns from deployment, unless
10781	the grant has been terminated before that time by court order.
10782	(2) On motion of a deploying parent, the court shall terminate a grant of limited contact.
10783	Section 271. Section 81-10-401, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-401 is renumbered
10784	and amended to read:
10785	Part 4. Return from Deployment
10786	[78B-20-401] <u>81-10-401</u> . Procedure for terminating temporary grant of custodial
10787	responsibility established by agreement.
10788	(1) At any time after return from deployment, a temporary agreement granting custodial
10789	responsibility under Part 2, Agreement Addressing Custodial Responsibility During
10790	Deployment, may be terminated by an agreement to terminate signed by the deploying
10791	parent and the other parent.
10792	(2) A temporary agreement under Part 2, Agreement Addressing Custodial Responsibility
10793	During Deployment, granting custodial responsibility terminates:
10794	(a) if an agreement to terminate under Subsection (1) specifies a date for termination, on
10795	that date; or
10796	(b) if the agreement to terminate does not specify a date, on the date the agreement to
10797	terminate is signed by the deploying parent and the other parent.
10798	(3) In the absence of an agreement under Subsection (1) to terminate, a temporary
10799	agreement granting custodial responsibility terminates under Part 2, Agreement
10800	Addressing Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, 30 days after the deploying
10801	parent gives notice to the other parent that the deploying parent returned from
10802	deployment.
10803	(4)(a) If a temporary agreement granting custodial responsibility was filed with a court [
10804	pursuant to Section 78B-20-205] in accordance with Section 81-10-205, an agreement
10805	to terminate the temporary agreement shall also be filed with that court within a

10806 reasonable time after the signing of the agreement.

- 10807 (b) The case number and heading of the case concerning custodial responsibility or child 10808 support shall be provided to the court with the agreement to terminate.
- 10809 Section 272. Section **81-10-402**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-402 is renumbered
- 10810 and amended to read:

10811 [78B-20-402] 81-10-402 . Consent procedure for terminating temporary grant of

- 10812 custodial responsibility established by court order.
- 10813 (1) At any time after a deploying parent returns from deployment, the deploying parent
- and the other parent may file with the court an agreement to terminate a temporary order
- 10815 for custodial responsibility issued under Part 3, Judicial Procedure for Granting
- 10816 Custodial Responsibility During Deployment.
- 10817 (2) After an agreement has been filed, the court shall issue an order terminating the
- 10818 temporary order effective on the date specified in the agreement.
- 10819 (3) If a date is not specified, the order is effective immediately.
- 10820 Section 273. Section **81-10-403**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-403 is renumbered 10821 and amended to read:

10822 [78B-20-403] 81-10-403. Visitation before termination of temporary grant of

10823 custodial responsibility.

After a deploying parent returns from deployment until a temporary agreement or order for custodial responsibility established under Part 2, Agreement Addressing Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, or a provision of a court order specifying temporary custodial responsibility during deployment issued under Part 3, Judicial Procedure for Granting Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, or [Title 81,-]Chapter 9, Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation, is terminated, the court shall issue a temporary order granting the deploying parent reasonable contact with the child unless it is contrary to the best interest of

- 10831 the child, even if the time of contact exceeds the time the deploying parent spent with the child
- 10832 before deployment.
- 10833Section 274. Section 81-10-404, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-404 is renumbered10834and amended to read:

10835[78B-20-404] 81-10-404. Termination by operation of law of temporary grant of10836custodial responsibility established by court order.

- 10837 (1) If an agreement between the parties to terminate a court order for temporary custodial
- 10838 responsibility during deployment under Part 3, Judicial Procedure for Granting
- 10839 Custodial Responsibility During Deployment, or to terminate a provision of an order for

10840	temporary custodial responsibility during deployment entered under [Title 81,]Chapter
10841	9, Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation, has not been filed, the temporary order
10842	terminates 30 days after the day on which the deploying parent gives notice to the other
10843	parent and any nonparent granted custodial responsibility that the deploying parent has
10844	returned from deployment.
10845	(2) A proceeding seeking to prevent termination of a temporary order for custodial
10846	responsibility is governed by the law of this state other than this chapter.
10847	Section 275. Section 81-10-501, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-501 is renumbered
10848	and amended to read:
10849	Part 5. Applicability Provisions
10850	[78B-20-501] 81-10-501 . Uniformity of application and construction.
10851	In applying and construing this [uniform act] chapter, consideration shall be given to the
10852	need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] this uniform law's subject matter
10853	among states that enact [it] this uniform law.
10854	Section 276. Section 81-10-502, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-502 is renumbered
10855	and amended to read:
10856	[78B-20-502] <u>81-10-502</u> . Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and
10857	National Commerce Act.
10858	This chapter modifies, limits, or supersedes the Electronic Signatures in Global and
10859	National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede
10860	Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of
10861	the notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7003(b).
10862	Section 277. Section 81-10-503, which is renumbered from Section 78B-20-503 is renumbered
10863	and amended to read:
10864	[78B-20-503] <u>81-10-503</u> . Savings clause.
10865	This chapter does not affect the validity of a temporary court order concerning custodial
10866	responsibility during deployment that was entered before May 10, 2016.
10867	Section 278. Section 81-11-101, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-102 is renumbered
10868	and amended to read:
10869	CHAPTER 11. UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY JURISDICTION AND
10870	
	ENFORCEMENT ACT
10871	Part 1. General Provisions

10872	[78B-13-102] <u>81-11-101</u> . Definitions for chapter.
10873	As used in this chapter:
10874	(1) "Abandoned" means left without provision for reasonable and necessary care or
10875	supervision.
10876	[(2) "Child" means an individual under 18 years of age and not married.]
10877	[(3)] (2)(a) "Child custody determination" means a judgment, decree, or other order of a
10878	court providing for the legal custody, physical custody, or parent-time with respect to
10879	a <u>minor</u> child. [The term]
10880	(b) <u>"Child custody determination"</u> includes a permanent, temporary, initial, and
10881	modification order. [The term]
10882	(c) <u>"Child custody determination"</u> does not include an order relating to child support or
10883	other monetary obligation of an individual.
10884	[(4)] (3)(a) "Child custody proceeding" means a proceeding in which legal custody,
10885	physical custody, or parent-time with respect to a minor child is an issue. [The term]
10886	(b) "Child custody proceeding" includes a proceeding for divorce, separation, neglect,
10887	abuse, dependency, guardianship, paternity, termination of parental rights, and
10888	protection from domestic violence, in which the issue may appear. [The term]
10889	(c) <u>"Child custody proceeding"</u> does not include a proceeding involving juvenile
10890	delinquency, contractual emancipation, or enforcement under Part 3, Enforcement.
10891	[(5)] (4) "Commencement" means the filing of the first pleading in a proceeding.
10892	[(6)] (5) "Court" means an entity authorized under the law of a state to establish, enforce, or
10893	modify a child custody determination.
10894	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> "Home state" means:
10895	(a) if the minor child is six months old or older, the state in which a minor child lived
10896	with a parent or a person acting as a parent for at least six consecutive months
10897	immediately before the commencement of a child custody proceeding[. In the case
10898	of a child less than six months of age, the term means], including any period of
10899	temporary absence of the parent or the person acting as a parent during that time
10900	period; or
10901	(b) if the minor child is younger than six months old, the state in which the minor child
10902	lived from birth with [any of the persons mentioned. A period of temporary absence
10903	of any of the mentioned persons is part of the period.] a parent or a person acting as
10904	parent, including any period of temporary absence of the parent or the person acting
10905	as a parent during that time period.

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10906 [(8)] (7) "Initial determination" means the first child custody determination concerning a 10907 particular minor child. 10908 $\left[\frac{(9)}{(8)}\right]$ "Issuing court" means the court that makes a child custody determination for which 10909 enforcement is sought under this chapter. 10910 [(10)] (9) "Issuing state" means the state in which a child custody determination is made. 10911 [(11)] (10) "Modification" means a child custody determination that changes, replaces, 10912 supersedes, or is otherwise made after a previous determination concerning the same 10913 minor child, whether or not it is made by the court that made the previous determination. 10914 [(12)] (11) "Person" includes government, governmental subdivision, agency, or 10915 instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity. 10916 [(13)] (12) "Person acting as a parent" means a person, other than a parent, who: 10917 (a) has physical custody of the minor child or has had physical custody for a period of 10918 six consecutive months, including any temporary absence, within one year 10919 immediately before the commencement of a child custody proceeding; and 10920 (b) has been awarded legal custody by a court or claims a right to legal custody under 10921 the law of this state. 10922 [(14)] (13) "Physical custody" means the physical care and supervision of a minor child. 10923 [(15)] (14) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, 10924 the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the 10925 jurisdiction of the United States. 10926 [(16)] (15) "Tribe" means an Indian tribe, or band, or Alaskan Native village which is 10927 recognized by federal law or formally acknowledged by a state. [(17)] (16) "Writ of assistance" means an order issued by a court authorizing law 10928 10929 enforcement officers to take physical custody of a minor child. 10930 Section 279. Section 81-11-102, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-103 is renumbered 10931 and amended to read: 10932 [78B-13-103] 81-11-102. Proceedings governed by other law. 10933 (1) [For purposes of] As used in this section, "adoption proceeding" means any proceeding 10934 under [Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act] Chapter 13, Adoption. 10935 (2) This chapter does not govern: 10936 (a) an adoption proceeding; or 10937 (b) a proceeding pertaining to the authorization of emergency medical care for a minor child. 10938 10939 Section 280. Section 81-11-103, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-104 is renumbered - 326 -

10940	and amended to read:
10941	[78B-13-10 4] <u>81-11-103</u> . Application to Indian tribes.
10942	(1) A child custody proceeding that pertains to an Indian child as defined in the Indian
10943	Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. 1901 et seq., is not subject to this chapter to the extent that
10944	it is governed by the Indian Child Welfare Act.
10945	(2) A court of this state shall treat a tribe as a state of the United States for purposes of Part
10946	1, General Provisions, and Part 2, Jurisdiction.
10947	(3) A child custody determination made by a tribe under factual circumstances in
10948	substantial conformity with the jurisdictional standards of this chapter shall be
10949	recognized and enforced under the provisions of Part 3, Enforcement.
10950	Section 281. Section 81-11-104, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-105 is renumbered
10951	and amended to read:
10952	[78B-13-105] <u>81-11-104</u> . International application of chapter.
10953	(1) A court of this state shall treat a foreign country as a state of the United States for
10954	purposes of applying Part 1, General Provisions, and Part 2, Jurisdiction.
10955	(2) A child custody determination made in a foreign country under factual circumstances in
10956	substantial conformity with the jurisdictional standards of this chapter shall be
10957	recognized and enforced under Part 3, Enforcement.
10958	(3) The court need not apply the provisions of this chapter when the child custody law of
10959	the other country violates fundamental principles of human rights.
10960	Section 282. Section 81-11-105, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-106 is renumbered
10961	and amended to read:
10962	[78B-13-106] <u>81-11-105</u> . Binding force of child custody determination.
10963	(1) A child custody determination made by a court of this state that had jurisdiction
10964	under this chapter binds all persons who have:
10965	(a)(i) been served in accordance with the laws of this state or notified in accordance
10966	with Section [78B-13-108 or who have] 81-11-107; or
10967	(ii) submitted to the jurisdiction of the court[, and who have] ; and
10968	(b) been given an opportunity to be heard.
10969	(2) The determination is conclusive as to [them] the persons described in Subsection (1) as
10970	to all decided issues of law and fact except to the extent the determination is modified.
10971	Section 283. Section 81-11-106, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-107 is renumbered
10972	and amended to read:
10973	[78B-13-107] <u>81-11-106</u> . Priority.

If a question of existence or exercise of jurisdiction under this chapter is raised in a child 10974

- 10975 custody proceeding, the question, upon request of a party, shall be given priority on the
- 10976 calendar and handled expeditiously.
- 10977 Section 284. Section 81-11-107, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-108 is renumbered 10978 and amended to read:
- 10979 [78B-13-108] 81-11-107. Notice to persons outside state.
- 10980 (1)(a) Notice required for the exercise of jurisdiction when a person is outside this state 10981 may be given in a manner prescribed by the law of this state for the service of process 10982 or by the law of the state in which the service is made.
- 10983 (b) Notice shall be given in a manner reasonably calculated to give actual notice, but 10984 may be by publication if other means are not effective.
- 10985 (2) Proof of service may be made in the manner prescribed by the law of this state or by the 10986 law of the state in which the service is made.
- 10987 (3) Notice is not required for the exercise of jurisdiction with respect to a person who 10988 submits to the jurisdiction of the court.
- 10989 Section 285. Section 81-11-108, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-109 is renumbered 10990 and amended to read:
- 10991

[78B-13-109] 81-11-108. Appearance and limited immunity.

- 10992 (1) A party to a child custody proceeding who is not subject to personal jurisdiction in this
- 10993 state and is a responding party under Part 2, Jurisdiction, a party in a proceeding to
- 10994 modify a child custody determination under Part 2, Jurisdiction, or a petitioner in a
- 10995 proceeding to enforce or register a child custody determination under Part 3,
- 10996 Enforcement, may appear and participate in the proceeding without submitting to
- 10997 personal jurisdiction over the party for another proceeding or purpose.
- 10998 (2)(a) A party is not subject to personal jurisdiction in this state solely by being
- 10999 physically present for the purpose of participating in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 11000 (b) If a party is subject to personal jurisdiction in this state on a basis other than physical 11001 presence, the party may be served with process in this state.
- 11002 (c) If a party present in this state is subject to the jurisdiction of another state, service of 11003 process allowable under the laws of that state may be accomplished in this state.
- 11004 (3) The immunity granted by this section does not extend to civil litigation based on acts
- 11005 unrelated to the participation in a proceeding under this chapter committed by an
- 11006 individual while present in this state.
- 11007 Section 286. Section **81-11-109**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-110 is renumbered

11008	and amended to read:
11009	[78B-13-110] 81-11-109 . Communication between courts.
11010	(1) As used in this section:
11011	(a) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that which is
11012	stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
11013	(b) <u>"Record" includes:</u>
11014	(i) notes or transcripts of a court reporter who listened to a conference call between
11015	the courts;
11016	(ii) an electronic recording of a telephone call;
11017	(iii) a memorandum or an electronic record of the communication between the courts;
11018	<u>or</u>
11019	(iv) a memorandum or an electronic record made by a court after the communication.
11020	[(1)] (2) A court of this state may communicate with a court in another state concerning a
11021	proceeding arising under this chapter.
11022	[(2)] (3)(a) The court may allow the parties to participate in the communication.
11023	(b) If the parties are not able to participate in the communication, the parties shall be
11024	given the opportunity to present facts and legal arguments before a decision on
11025	jurisdiction is made.
11026	[(3)] (4)(a) A communication between courts on schedules, calendars, court records, and
11027	similar matters may occur without informing the parties.
11028	(b) A record need not be made of that communication.
11029	[(4)] (5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4), a record shall be made of the
11030	communication.
11031	(b) The parties shall be informed promptly of the communication and granted access to
11032	the record.
11033	[(5) For the purposes of this section, "record" means information that is inscribed on a
11034	tangible medium or that which is stored in an electronic or other medium and is
11035	retrievable in perceivable form. A record includes notes or transcripts of a court reporter
11036	who listened to a conference call between the courts, an electronic recording of a
11037	telephone call, a memorandum or an electronic record of the communication between
11038	the courts, or a memorandum or an electronic record made by a court after the
11039	communication.]
11040	Section 287. Section 81-11-110 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-111 is renumbered
11041	and amended to read:

11042	[78B-13-111] <u>81-11-110</u> . Taking testimony in another state.
11043	(1)(a) In addition to other procedures available to a party, a party to a child custody
11044	proceeding may offer testimony of witnesses who are located in another state,
11045	including testimony of the parties and the minor child, by deposition or other means
11046	allowable in this state for testimony taken in another state.
11047	(b) The court on [its] the court's own motion may:
11048	(i) order that the testimony of a person be taken in another state; and [may-]
11049	(ii) prescribe the manner in which and the terms upon which the testimony is taken.
11050	(2)(a) A court of this state may permit an individual residing in another state to be
11051	deposed or to testify by telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means
11052	before a designated court or at another location in that state.
11053	(b) A court of this state shall cooperate with courts of other states in designating an
11054	appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.
11055	(3) Documentary evidence transmitted from another state to a court of this state by
11056	technological means that do not produce an original writing may not be excluded from
11057	evidence on an objection based on the means of transmission.
11058	Section 288. Section 81-11-111, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-112 is renumbered
11059	and amended to read:
11059 11060	and amended to read: [78B-13-112] <u>81-11-111</u> . Cooperation between courts Preservation of records.
11060	[78B-13-112] 81-11-111 . Cooperation between courts Preservation of records.
11060 11061	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111 . Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to:
11060 11061 11062	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111 . Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing;
11060 11061 11062 11063	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state;
11060 11061 11062 11063 11064	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state; (c) order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a <u>minor</u> child
11060 11061 11062 11063 11064 11065	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state; (c) order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a minor child involved in a pending proceeding;
11060 11061 11062 11063 11064 11065 11066	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state; (c) order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a minor child involved in a pending proceeding; (d) forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript of the record of the
11060 11061 11062 11063 11064 11065 11066 11067	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state; (c) order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a minor child involved in a pending proceeding; (d) forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript of the record of the hearing, the evidence otherwise presented, and any evaluation prepared in
11060 11061 11062 11063 11064 11065 11066 11067 11068	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state; (c) order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a minor child involved in a pending proceeding; (d) forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript of the record of the hearing, the evidence otherwise presented, and any evaluation prepared in compliance with the request; and
11060 11061 11062 11063 11064 11065 11066 11067 11068 11069	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state; (c) order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a minor child involved in a pending proceeding; (d) forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript of the record of the hearing, the evidence otherwise presented, and any evaluation prepared in compliance with the request; and (e) order a party to a child custody proceeding or any person having physical custody of
11060 11061 11062 11063 11064 11065 11066 11067 11068 11069 11070	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state; (c) order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a minor child involved in a pending proceeding; (d) forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript of the record of the hearing, the evidence otherwise presented, and any evaluation prepared in compliance with the request; and (e) order a party to a child custody proceeding or any person having physical custody of the minor child to appear in the proceeding with or without the minor child.
11060 11061 11062 11063 11064 11065 11066 11067 11068 11069 11070 11071	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state; (c) order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a minor child involved in a pending proceeding; (d) forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript of the record of the hearing, the evidence otherwise presented, and any evaluation prepared in compliance with the request; and (e) order a party to a child custody proceeding or any person having physical custody of the minor child. (2) Upon request of a court of another state, a court of this state may:
11060 11061 11062 11063 11064 11065 11066 11067 11068 11069 11070 11071 11071	 [78B-13-112] 81-11-111. Cooperation between courts Preservation of records. (1) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to: (a) hold an evidentiary hearing; (b) order a person to produce or give evidence under procedures of that state; (c) order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a minor child involved in a pending proceeding; (d) forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript of the record of the hearing, the evidence otherwise presented, and any evaluation prepared in compliance with the request; and (e) order a party to a child custody proceeding or any person having physical custody of the minor child to appear in the proceeding with or without the minor child. (2) Upon request of a court of another state, a court of this state may: (a) hold a hearing or enter an order described in Subsection (1); or

11076	(2)(b) upon assurance by the other state that travel and other necessary expenses will
11077	be advanced or reimbursed.
11078	(b) If [the person] an individual who has physical custody of the minor child cannot be
11079	served or fails to obey the order, or it appears the order will be ineffective, the court
11080	may issue a warrant of arrest against [the person to secure his] the individual to secure
11081	the individual's appearance with the minor child in the other state.
11082	(4) Travel and other necessary and reasonable expenses incurred under Subsections (1) and
11083	(2) may be assessed against the parties according to the law of this state.
11084	(5)(a) A court of this state shall preserve the pleadings, orders, decrees, records of
11085	hearings, evaluations, and other pertinent records with respect to a child custody
11086	proceeding until the [child attains 18 years of age] minor child is 18 years old.
11087	(b) Upon appropriate request by a court or law enforcement official of another state, the
11088	court shall forward a certified copy of these records.
11089	Section 289. Section 81-11-201, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-201 is renumbered
11090	and amended to read:
11091	Part 2. Jurisdiction
11092	[78B-13-201] 81-11-201 . Initial child custody jurisdiction.
11093	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-13-204] 81-11-204, a court of this state
11094	has jurisdiction to make an initial child custody determination only if:
11095	(a) this state is the home state of the <u>minor</u> child on the date of the commencement of the
11096	proceeding, or was the home state of the minor child within six months before the
11097	commencement of the proceeding and the minor child is absent from this state but a
11098	parent or person acting as a parent continues to live in this state;
11099	(b) a court of another state does not have jurisdiction under Subsection (1)(a), or a court
11100	of the home state of the minor child has declined to exercise jurisdiction on the
11101	ground that this state is the more appropriate forum under Section [78B-13-207 or
11102	78B-13-208;] <u>81-11-207 or 81-11-208,</u> and:
11103	(i) the minor child and the minor child's parents, or the minor child and at least one
11104	parent or a person acting as a parent have a significant connection with this state
11105	other than mere physical presence; and
11106	(ii) substantial evidence is available in this state concerning the minor child's care,
11107	protection, training, and personal relationships;
11108	(c) all courts having jurisdiction under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) have declined to exercise
11109	jurisdiction on the ground that a court of this state is the more appropriate forum to

11110	determine the custody of the minor child under Section [78B-13-207 or 78B-13-208]
11111	<u>81-11-207 or 81-11-208;</u> or
11112	(d) no state would have jurisdiction under Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c).
11113	(2) Subsection (1) is the exclusive jurisdictional basis for making a child custody
11114	determination by a court of this state.
11115	(3) Physical presence of, or personal jurisdiction over, a party or a minor child is neither
11116	necessary nor sufficient to make a child custody determination.
11117	Section 290. Section 81-11-202, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-202 is renumbered
11118	and amended to read:
11119	[78B-13-202] 81-11-202 . Exclusive, continuing jurisdiction.
11120	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-13-204] 81-11-204, a court of this state
11121	that has made a child custody determination consistent with Section [78B-13-201 or
11122	78B-13-203] 81-11-201 or 81-11-203 has exclusive, continuing jurisdiction over the
11123	determination until:
11124	(a) a court of this state determines that [neither] the minor child, the minor child and one
11125	parent, [nor] and the minor child and a person acting as a parent do not have a
11126	significant connection with this state and that substantial evidence is no longer
11127	available in this state concerning the minor child's care, protection, training, and
11128	personal relationships; or
11129	(b) a court of this state or a court of another state determines that [neither the child, nor a
11130	parent, nor] the minor child, a parent, and any person acting as a parent [presently
11131	resides] do not presently reside in this state.
11132	(2) A court of this state that has exclusive, continuing jurisdiction under this section may
11133	decline to exercise [its] the court's jurisdiction if the court determines that it is an
11134	inconvenient forum under Section [78B-13-207] 81-11-207.
11135	(3) A court of this state that has made a child custody determination and does not have
11136	exclusive, continuing jurisdiction under this section may modify that determination only
11137	if [it] the court has jurisdiction to make an initial determination under Section [
11138	78B-13-201] <u>81-11-201</u> .
11139	Section 291. Section 81-11-203, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-203 is renumbered
11140	and amended to read:
11141	[78B-13-203] 81-11-203 . Jurisdiction to modify determination.
11142	Except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-13-204] 81-11-204, a court of this state
11143	may not modify a child custody determination made by a court of another state unless a court

- 11144 of this state has jurisdiction to make an initial determination under Subsection [11145 78B-13-201(1)(a) 81-11-201(1)(a) or (b) and: 11146 (1) the court of the other state determines [it] the court no longer has exclusive, continuing 11147 jurisdiction under Section [78B-13-202] 81-11-202 or that a court of this state would be a 11148 more convenient forum under Section [78B-13-207] 81-11-207; or 11149 (2) a court of this state or a court of the other state determines that [neither the child, nor a 11150 parent, nor] the minor child, a parent, and any person acting as a parent presently [resides] 11151 do not reside in the other state. 11152 Section 292. Section 81-11-204, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-204 is renumbered 11153 and amended to read: 11154 [78B-13-204] 81-11-204 . Temporary emergency jurisdiction. (1) A court of this state has temporary emergency jurisdiction if the minor child is present 11155 11156 in this state and the minor child has been abandoned or it is necessary in an emergency 11157 to protect the <u>minor child</u> because the <u>minor child</u>, or a sibling or parent of the <u>minor</u> 11158 child, is subjected to or threatened with mistreatment or abuse. 11159 (2)(a) If there is no previous child custody determination that is entitled to be enforced 11160 under this chapter, and if no child custody proceeding has been commenced in a court 11161 of a state having jurisdiction under Sections [78B-13-201 through 78B-13-203] 11162 <u>81-11-201 through 81-11-203</u>, a child custody determination made under this section 11163 remains in effect until an order is obtained from a court of a state having jurisdiction 11164 under Sections [78B-13-201 through 78B-13-203] 81-11-201 through 81-11-203. 11165 (b) If a child custody proceeding has not been or is not commenced in a court of a state 11166 having jurisdiction under Sections [78B-13-201 through 78B-13-203] 81-11-201 11167 through 81-11-203, a child custody determination made under this section becomes a 11168 final determination, if: 11169 [(a)] (i) it so provides; and 11170 [(b)] (ii) this state becomes the home state of the minor child. 11171 (3)(a) If there is a previous child custody determination that is entitled to be enforced 11172 under this chapter, or a child custody proceeding has been commenced in a court of a 11173 state having jurisdiction under Sections [78B-13-201 through 78B-13-203] 81-11-201 11174 through 81-11-203, any order issued by a court of this state under this section shall
- <u>unough 61-11-205</u>, any order issued by a court of this state under this section share
- 11175 specify in the order a period of time which the court considers adequate to allow the
- 11176 person seeking an order to obtain an order from the state having jurisdiction under
- 11177 Sections [78B-13-201 through 78B-13-203] <u>81-11-201 through 81-11-203</u>.

11178	(b) The order issued in this state remains in effect until an order is obtained from the
11179	other state within the period specified or the period expires.
11180	(4)(a) A court of this state that has been asked to make a child custody determination
11181	under this section, upon being informed that a child custody proceeding has been
11182	commenced, or a child custody determination has been made, by a court of a state
11183	having jurisdiction under Sections [78B-13-201 through 78B-13-203] 81-11-201
11184	through 81-11-203, shall immediately communicate with the other court.
11185	(b) A court of this state that is exercising jurisdiction [pursuant to Sections 78B-13-201
11186	through 78B-13-203] in accordance with Sections 81-11-201 through 81-11-203,
11187	upon being informed that a child custody proceeding has been commenced, or a child
11188	custody determination has been made by a court of another state under a statute
11189	similar to this section shall immediately communicate with the court of that state.
11190	(c) The purpose of the communication is to resolve the emergency, protect the safety of
11191	the parties and the minor child, and determine a period for the duration of the
11192	temporary order.
11193	Section 293. Section 81-11-205, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-205 is renumbered
11194	and amended to read:
11195	[78B-13-205] <u>81-11-205</u> . Notice Opportunity to be heard Joinder.
11196	(1) Before a child custody determination is made under this chapter, notice and an
11197	opportunity to be heard in accordance with the standards of Section [78B-13-108]
11198	81-11-107 shall be given to all persons entitled to notice under the law of this state as in
11199	child custody proceedings between residents of this state, any parent whose parental
11200	rights have not been previously terminated, and any person having physical custody of
11201	the minor child.
11202	(2) This chapter does not govern the enforceability of a child custody determination made
11203	without notice and an opportunity to be heard.
11204	(3) The obligation to join a party and the right to intervene as a party in a child custody
11205	proceeding under this chapter are governed by the law of this state as in child custody
11206	proceedings between residents of this state.
11207	Section 294. Section 81-11-206 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-206 is renumbered
11208	and amended to read:
11209	[78B-13-206] <u>81-11-206</u> . Simultaneous proceedings.
11210	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-13-204] 81-11-204, a court of this state
11211	may not exercise its jurisdiction under this chapter if at the time of the commencement

11212 of the proceeding a proceeding concerning the custody of the minor child had been 11213 previously commenced in a court of another state having jurisdiction substantially in 11214 conformity with this chapter, unless the proceeding has been terminated or is stayed by 11215 the court of the other state because a court of this state is a more convenient forum under 11216 Section [78B-13-207] 81-11-207. 11217 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-13-204] 81-11-204, a court of this 11218 state, before hearing a child custody proceeding, shall examine the court documents 11219 and other information supplied by the parties [pursuant to Section 78B-13-209] in 11220 accordance with Section 81-11-209. 11221 (b) If the court determines that a child custody proceeding was previously commenced 11222 in a court in another state having jurisdiction substantially in accordance with this 11223 chapter, the court of this state shall stay [its] the court's proceeding and communicate 11224 with the court of the other state. 11225 (c) If the court of the state having jurisdiction substantially in accordance with this 11226 chapter does not determine that the court of this state is a more appropriate forum, the 11227 court of this state shall dismiss the proceeding. 11228 (3)(a) In a proceeding to modify a child custody determination, a court of this state shall 11229 determine whether a proceeding to enforce the determination has been commenced in 11230 another state. 11231 (b) If a proceeding to enforce a child custody determination has been commenced in 11232 another state, the court may: 11233 $\left[\frac{(a)}{(a)}\right]$ (i) stay the proceeding for modification pending the entry of an order of a court 11234 of the other state enforcing, staying, denying, or dismissing the proceeding for 11235 enforcement: 11236 [(b)] (ii) enjoin the parties from continuing with the proceeding for enforcement; or 11237 [(c)] (iii) proceed with the modification under conditions it considers appropriate. 11238 Section 295. Section 81-11-207, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-207 is renumbered 11239 and amended to read: 11240 [78B-13-207] 81-11-207 . Inconvenient forum. 11241 (1)(a) A court of this state that has jurisdiction under this chapter to make a child 11242 custody determination may decline to exercise its jurisdiction at any time if [it] the 11243 court determines that [it] the court is an inconvenient forum under the circumstances 11244 and that a court of another state is a more appropriate forum. 11245 (b) The issue of inconvenient forum may be raised upon the court's own motion, request

11246	of another court, or motion of a party.
11247	(2)(a) Before determining whether [it] the court is an inconvenient forum, a court of this
11248	state shall consider whether it is appropriate that a court of another state exercise
11249	jurisdiction.
11250	(b) [For this purpose] In making a determination under Subsection (2)(a), the court shall:
11251	(i) allow the parties to submit information[-and shall] ; and
11252	(ii) consider all relevant factors, including:
11253	[(a)] (A) whether domestic violence has occurred and is likely to continue in the
11254	future and which state could best protect the parties and the minor child;
11255	[(b)] (B) the length of time the <u>minor</u> child has resided outside this state;
11256	[(c)] (C) the distance between the court in this state and the court in the state that
11257	would assume jurisdiction;
11258	[(d)] (D) the relative financial circumstances of the parties;
11259	[(e)] (E) any agreement of the parties as to which state should assume jurisdiction;
11260	[(f)] (F) the nature and location of the evidence required to resolve the pending
11261	litigation, including the testimony of the minor child;
11262	[(g)] (G) the ability of the court of each state to decide the issue expeditiously and
11263	the procedures necessary to present the evidence; and
11264	[(h)] (H) the familiarity of the court of each state with the facts and issues of the
11265	pending litigation.
11266	(3) If a court of this state determines that [it] the court is an inconvenient forum and that a
11267	court of another state is a more appropriate forum, [it] the court shall stay the
11268	proceedings upon condition that a child custody proceeding be promptly commenced in
11269	another designated state and may impose any other condition the court considers just
11270	and proper.
11271	(4) A court of this state may decline to exercise [its] the court's jurisdiction under this
11272	chapter if a child custody determination is incidental to an action for divorce or another
11273	proceeding while still retaining jurisdiction over the divorce or other proceeding.
11274	Section 296. Section 81-11-208 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-208 is renumbered
11275	and amended to read:
11276	[78B-13-208] <u>81-11-208</u> . Jurisdiction declined by reason of conduct.
11277	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-13-204] 81-11-204 or by other law of this
11278	state, if a court of this state has jurisdiction under this chapter because a person invoking
11279	the jurisdiction has engaged in unjustifiable conduct, the court shall decline to exercise [

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11280	its] <u>the court's</u> jurisdiction unless:
11281	(a) the parents and all persons acting as parents have acquiesced in the exercise of
11282	jurisdiction;
11283	(b) a court of the state otherwise having jurisdiction under Sections [78B-13-201
11284	through 78B-13-203] 81-11-201 through 81-11-203 determines that this state is a
11285	more appropriate forum under Section [78B-13-207] 81-11-207; or
11286	(c) no other state would have jurisdiction under Sections [78B-13-201 through
11287	78B-13-203] <u>81-11-201 through 81-11-203</u> .
11288	(2) If a court of this state declines to exercise [its] the court's jurisdiction [pursuant to] in
11289	accordance with Subsection (1), [it] the court may fashion an appropriate remedy to
11290	ensure the safety of the minor child and prevent a repetition of the wrongful conduct,
11291	including staying the proceeding until a child custody proceeding is commenced in a
11292	court having jurisdiction under Sections [78B-13-201 through 78B-13-203] 81-11-201
11293	<u>through 81-11-203</u> .
11294	(3)(a) If a court dismisses a petition or stays a proceeding because it declines to exercise [
11295	its jurisdiction pursuant to] the court's jurisdiction in accordance with Subsection (1), [
11296	it] the court shall charge the party invoking the jurisdiction of the court with necessary
11297	and reasonable expenses including costs, communication expenses, attorney fees,
11298	investigative fees, expenses for witnesses, travel expenses, and child care during the
11299	course of the proceedings, unless the party from whom fees are sought establishes
11300	that the award would be clearly inappropriate.
11301	(b) The court may not assess fees, costs, or expenses against this state except as
11302	otherwise provided by law other than this chapter.
11303	Section 297. Section 81-11-209, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-209 is renumbered
11304	and amended to read:
11305	[78B-13-209] <u>81-11-209</u> . Information to be submitted to court.
11306	(1)(a) In a child custody proceeding, each party, in [its] the party's first pleading or in an
11307	attached affidavit, shall give information, if reasonably ascertainable, under oath as to
11308	the minor child's present address, the places where the minor child has lived during
11309	the last five years, and the names and present addresses of the persons with whom the
11310	minor child has lived during that period.
11311	(b) The pleading or affidavit shall state whether the party:
11312	[(a)] (i) has participated, as a party or witness or in any other capacity, in any other
11313	proceeding concerning the custody of or parent-time with the minor child and, if

11314	so, identify the court, the case number of the proceeding, and the date of the child
11315	custody determination, if any;
11316	[(b)] (ii) knows of any proceeding that could affect the current proceeding, including
11317	proceedings for enforcement and proceedings relating to domestic violence,
11318	protective orders, termination of parental rights, and adoptions and, if so, identify
11319	the court and the case number and the nature of the proceeding; and
11320	[(c)] (iii) knows the names and addresses of any person not a party to the proceeding
11321	who has physical custody of the minor child or claims rights of legal custody or
11322	physical custody of, or parent-time with, the minor child and, if so, the names and
11323	addresses of those persons.
11324	(2) If the information required by Subsection (1) is not furnished, the court, upon [its] the
11325	court's own motion or that of a party, may stay the proceeding until the information is
11326	furnished.
11327	(3)(a) If the declaration as to any of the items described in Subsection (1) is in the
11328	affirmative, the declarant shall give additional information under oath as required by
11329	the court.
11330	(b) The court may examine the parties under oath as to details of the information
11331	furnished and other matters pertinent to the court's jurisdiction and the disposition of
11332	the case.
11333	(4) Each party has a continuing duty to inform the court of any proceeding in this or any
11334	other state that could affect the current proceeding.
11335	(5) If a party alleges in an affidavit or a pleading under oath that the health, safety, or
11336	liberty of a party or minor child would be put at risk by the disclosure of identifying
11337	information, that information shall be sealed and not disclosed to the other party or the
11338	public unless the court orders the disclosure to be made after a hearing in which the
11339	court takes into consideration the health, safety, or liberty of the party or minor child and
11340	determines that the disclosure is in the interest of justice.
11341	Section 298. Section 81-11-210 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-210 is renumbered
11342	and amended to read:
11343	[78B-13-210] <u>81-11-210</u> . Appearance of parties and child.
11344	(1)(a) A court of this state may order a party to a child custody proceeding who is in
11345	this state to appear before the court personally with or without the minor child.
11346	(b) The court may order any person who is in this state and who has physical custody or
11347	control of the minor child to appear physically with the minor child.

11348	(2) If a party to a child custody proceeding whose presence is desired by the court is outside
11349	this state, the court may order that a notice given [pursuant to Section 78B-13-108] in
11350	accordance with Section 81-11-107 include a statement directing the party to appear
11351	personally with or without the minor child and declaring that failure to appear may result
11352	in a decision adverse to the party.
11353	(3) The court may enter any orders necessary to ensure the safety of the <u>minor</u> child and of
11354	any person ordered to appear under this section.
11355	(4) If a party to a child custody proceeding who is outside this state is directed to appear
11356	under Subsection (2) or desires to appear personally before the court with or without the
11357	minor child, the court may require another party to pay reasonable and necessary travel
11358	and other expenses of the party so appearing and of the minor child.
11359	Section 299. Section 81-11-301, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-301 is renumbered
11360	and amended to read:
11361	Part 3. Enforcement
11362	[78B-13-301] <u>81-11-301</u> . Definitions for part.
11363	As used in this part:
11364	(1) "Petitioner" means a person who seeks enforcement of a child custody determination or
11365	enforcement of an order for the return of the minor child under the Hague Convention
11366	on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction.
11367	(2) "Respondent" means a person against whom a proceeding has been commenced for
11368	enforcement of a child custody determination or enforcement of an order for the return
11369	of the minor child under the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International
11370	Child Abduction.
11371	Section 300. Section 81-11-302, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-302 is renumbered
11372	and amended to read:
11373	[78B-13-302] 81-11-302 . Scope Hague Convention Enforcement.
11374	This chapter may be invoked to enforce:
11375	(1) a child custody determination; and
11376	(2) an order for the return of the minor child made under the Hague Convention on the Civil
11377	Aspects of International Child Abduction.
11378	Section 301. Section 81-11-303 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-303 is renumbered
11379	and amended to read:
11380	[78B-13-303] <u>81-11-303</u> . Duty to enforce.
11381	(1) A court of this state shall recognize and enforce a child custody determination of a court

11382	of another state if the latter court exercised jurisdiction that was in substantial
11383	conformity with this chapter or the determination was made under factual circumstances
11384	meeting the jurisdictional standards of this chapter and the determination has not been
11385	modified in accordance with this chapter.
11386	(2)(a) A court may utilize any remedy available under other law of this state to enforce
11387	a child custody determination made by a court of another state.
11388	(b) The procedure provided by this part does not affect the availability of other remedies
11389	to enforce a child custody determination.
11390	Section 302. Section 81-11-304, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-304 is renumbered
11391	and amended to read:
11392	[78B-13-304] <u>81-11-304</u> . Temporary parent-time.
11393	(1) A court of this state which does not have jurisdiction to modify a child custody
11394	determination may issue a temporary order enforcing:
11395	(a) a parent-time schedule made by a court of another state; or
11396	(b) the parent-time provisions of a child custody determination of another state that does
11397	not provide for a specific parent-time schedule.
11398	(2)(a) If a court of this state makes an order under Subsection (1)(b), [it] the court shall
11399	specify in the order a period that [it] the court considers adequate to allow the
11400	petitioner to obtain an order from a court having jurisdiction under the criteria
11401	specified in Part 2, Jurisdiction.
11402	(b) The order remains in effect until an order is obtained from the other court or the
11403	period expires.
11404	Section 303. Section 81-11-305, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-305 is renumbered
11405	and amended to read:
11406	[78B-13-305] 81-11-305 . Registration of child custody determination.
11407	(1) A child custody determination issued by a court of another state may be registered in
11408	this state, with or without a simultaneous request for enforcement, by sending to the
11409	district court in this state:
11410	(a) a letter or other document requesting registration;
11411	(b) two copies, including one certified copy, of the determination sought to be
11412	registered, and a statement under penalty of perjury that to the best of the knowledge
11413	and belief of the person seeking registration the order has not been modified; and
11414	(c) except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-13-209] 81-11-209, the name and
11415	address of the person seeking registration and any parent or person acting as a parent

11416	who has been awarded custody or parent-time in the child custody determination
11417	sought to be registered.
11418	(2) On receipt of the documents required by Subsection (1), the registering court shall:
11419	(a) cause the determination to be filed as a foreign judgment, together with one copy of
11420	any accompanying documents and information, regardless of their form; and
11421	(b) serve notice upon [the persons named pursuant to Subsection (1)(c) and provide them]
11422	a person named as described in Subsection (1)(c) and provide the person with an
11423	opportunity to contest the registration in accordance with this section.
11424	(3) The notice required by Subsection (2)(b) shall state:
11425	(a) that a registered determination is enforceable as of the date of the registration in the
11426	same manner as a determination issued by a court of this state;
11427	(b) that a hearing to contest the validity of the registered determination shall be
11428	requested within 20 days after service of notice; and
11429	(c) that failure to contest the registration will result in confirmation of the child custody
11430	determination and preclude further contest of that determination with respect to any
11431	matter that could have been asserted.
11432	(4)(a) A person seeking to contest the validity of a registered order shall request a
11433	hearing within 20 days after service of the notice.
11434	(b) At that hearing, the court shall confirm the registered order unless the person
11435	contesting registration establishes that:
11436	[(a)] (i) the issuing court did not have jurisdiction under Part 2, Jurisdiction;
11437	[(b)] (ii) the child custody determination sought to be registered has been vacated,
11438	stayed, or modified by a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under Part 2,
11439	Jurisdiction; or
11440	[(c)] (iii) the person contesting registration was entitled to notice, but notice was not
11441	given in accordance with the standards of Section [78B-13-108] 81-11-107 in the
11442	proceedings before the court that issued the order for which registration is sought.
11443	(5) If a timely request for a hearing to contest the validity of the registration is not made,
11444	the registration is confirmed as a matter of law and the person requesting registration
11445	and all persons served shall be notified of the confirmation.
11446	(6) Confirmation of a registered order, whether by operation of law or after notice and
11447	hearing, precludes further contest of the order with respect to any matter which could
11448	have been asserted at the time of registration.
11449	Section 304. Section 81-11-306, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-306 is renumbered

11451 [78B-13-306] 81-11-306. Enforcement of registered determination. 11452(1) A court of this state may grant any relief normally available under the law of this state11453to enforce a registered child custody determination made by a court of another state.11454(2) A court of this state shall recognize and enforce, but may not modify except in11455accordance with Part 2, Jurisdiction, a registered child custody determination of another11456state.11457Section 305. Section 81-11-307, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-307 is renumbered11458and amended to read:11459 [78B-13-307] 81-11-307. Simultaneous proceedings. 11461state and a court of this state determines that a proceeding to modify the determination11462has been commenced in another state having jurisdiction to modify the determination11463under Part 2, Jurisdiction, the enforcing court shall immediately communicate with the11464modifying court.11465(2) The proceeding for enforcement continues unless the enforcing court, after consultation11466with the modifying court, stays or dismisses the proceeding.11467Section 306. Section 81-11-308, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-308 is renumbered11470(1) Cartified copies of all orders sought to be enforced and of the order confirming11471(b) Certified copies of all order sought to be enforced and of the original.11472(c) A copy of a certified copy of an order may be attached instead of the original.11473(c) A copy of a certified copy of an order may be attached instead of	11450	and amended to read:
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 (c) A copy of a certified copy of an order may be attached instead of the original. (2) A petition for enforcement of a child custody determination shall state: (a) whether the court that issued the determination identified the jurisdictional basis [it] (b) whether the determination for which enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court whose decision shall be enforced under this chapter or federal law and, if so, identify the court, the case number of the proceeding, and the action taken; (c) whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current 	11471	(b) Certified copies of all orders sought to be enforced and of the order confirming
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11475(a) whether the court that issued the determination identified the jurisdictional basis [it]11476the court relied upon in exercising jurisdiction and, if so, what the basis was;11477(b) whether the determination for which enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed,11478or modified by a court whose decision shall be enforced under this chapter or federal11479law and, if so, identify the court, the case number of the proceeding, and the action11480taken;11481(c) whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current	11473	(c) A copy of a certified copy of an order may be attached instead of the original.
11476the court relied upon in exercising jurisdiction and, if so, what the basis was;11477(b) whether the determination for which enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed,11478or modified by a court whose decision shall be enforced under this chapter or federal11479law and, if so, identify the court, the case number of the proceeding, and the action11480taken;11481(c) whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current	11474	(2) A petition for enforcement of a child custody determination shall state:
 (b) whether the determination for which enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court whose decision shall be enforced under this chapter or federal law and, if so, identify the court, the case number of the proceeding, and the action taken; (c) whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current 	11475	(a) whether the court that issued the determination identified the jurisdictional basis [it]
11478or modified by a court whose decision shall be enforced under this chapter or federal11479law and, if so, identify the court, the case number of the proceeding, and the action11480taken;11481(c) whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current	11476	the court relied upon in exercising jurisdiction and, if so, what the basis was;
11479law and, if so, identify the court, the case number of the proceeding, and the action11480taken;11481(c) whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current	11477	(b) whether the determination for which enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed,
11480taken;11481(c) whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current	11478	or modified by a court whose decision shall be enforced under this chapter or federal
11481 (c) whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current	11479	law and, if so, identify the court, the case number of the proceeding, and the action
	11480	taken;
11482 proceeding, including proceedings relating to domestic violence, protective orders,	11481	(c) whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current
	11482	proceeding, including proceedings relating to domestic violence, protective orders,
11483 termination of parental rights, and adoptions and, if so, identify the court and the case	11483	termination of parental rights, and adoptions and, if so, identify the court and the case

number and the nature of the proceeding;
(d) the present physical address of the minor child and the respondent, if known; and
(e) whether relief in addition to the immediate physical custody of the minor child and
attorney fees is sought, including a request for assistance from law enforcement
officials and, if so, the relief sought.
(3) If the child custody determination has been registered and confirmed under Section [
78B-13-305] 81-11-305, the petition shall also state the date and place of registration.
(4) The court shall issue an order directing the respondent to appear with or without the
minor child at a hearing and may enter any orders necessary to ensure the safety of the
parties and the minor child.
(5)(a) The hearing shall be held on the next judicial day following service of process
unless that date is impossible.
(b) In that event, the court shall hold the hearing on the first day possible.
(c) The court may extend the date of hearing at the request of the petitioner.
(6) The order shall:
(a) state the time and place of the hearing[-and shall] ; and
(b) advise the respondent that at the hearing the court will order the delivery of the child
and the payment of fees, costs, and expenses under Section [78B-13-312, and may]
<u>81-11-312.</u>
(7) The order may set an additional hearing to determine whether further relief is
appropriate, unless the respondent appears and establishes that:
(a) the child custody determination has not been registered and confirmed under Section [
78B-13-305] <u>81-11-305</u> , and that:
(i) the issuing court did not have jurisdiction under Part 2, Jurisdiction;
(ii) the child custody determination for which enforcement is sought has been
vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so
under Part 2, Jurisdiction, or federal law; or
(iii) the respondent was entitled to notice, but notice was not given in accordance
with the standards of Section [78B-13-108] 81-11-107 in the proceedings before
the court that issued the order for which enforcement is sought; or
(b) the child custody determination for which enforcement is sought was registered and
confirmed under Section [78B-13-305] 81-11-305, but has been vacated, stayed, or
modified by a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under Part 2, Jurisdiction,
or federal law.

11518	Section 307. Section 81-11-309, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-309 is renumbered
11519	and amended to read:
11520	[78B-13-309] <u>81-11-309</u> . Service of petition and order.
11521	Except as otherwise provided in Section [78B-13-311] 81-11-311, the petition and order
11522	shall be served, by any method authorized by the law of this state, upon respondent and any
11523	person who has physical custody of the minor child.
11524	Section 308. Section 81-11-310 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-310 is renumbered
11525	and amended to read:
11526	[78B-13-310] <u>81-11-310</u> . Hearing and order.
11527	(1) Unless the court enters a temporary emergency order [pursuant to Section 78B-13-204]
11528	in accordance with Section 81-11-204, upon a finding that a petitioner is entitled to the
11529	physical custody of the minor child immediately, the court shall order the minor child
11530	delivered to the petitioner unless the respondent establishes that:
11531	(a) the child custody determination has not been registered and confirmed under Section [
11532	78B-13-305] <u>81-11-305</u> , and that:
11533	(i) the issuing court did not have jurisdiction under Part 2, Jurisdiction;
11534	(ii) the child custody determination for which enforcement is sought has been
11535	vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so
11536	under Part 2, Jurisdiction, or federal law; or
11537	(iii) the respondent was entitled to notice, but notice was not given in accordance
11538	with the standards of Section [78B-13-108] 81-11-107 in the proceedings before
11539	the court that issued the order for which enforcement is sought; or
11540	(b) the child custody determination for which enforcement is sought was registered and
11541	confirmed under Section [78B-13-305] 81-11-305, but has been vacated, stayed, or
11542	modified by a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under Part 2, Jurisdiction,
11543	or federal law.
11544	(2) The court shall award the fees, costs, and expenses authorized under Section [
11545	78B-13-312] 81-11-312 and may grant additional relief, including a request for the
11546	assistance of law enforcement officials, and set a further hearing to determine whether
11547	additional relief is appropriate.
11548	(3) If a party called to testify refuses to answer on the ground that the testimony may be
11549	self-incriminating, the court may draw an adverse inference from the refusal.
11550	(4) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses and a defense of
11551	immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife or parent and minor child may

- not be invoked in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 11553 Section 309. Section **81-11-311**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-311 is renumbered 11554 and amended to read:

11555 [78B-13-311] 81-11-311 . Writ to take physical custody of child.

- 11556 (1) Upon the filing of a petition seeking enforcement of a child custody determination, the
- 11557 petitioner may file a verified application for the issuance of a writ of assistance to take
- 11558 physical custody of the <u>minor child if the minor child is likely to suffer serious imminent</u>
- 11559 physical harm or removal from this state.
- 11560 (2)(a) If the court, upon the testimony of the petitioner or other witness, finds that the
- 11561 <u>minor child is likely to suffer serious imminent physical harm or be imminently</u>
- removed from this state, [it] <u>the court may issue a writ of assistance to take physical</u>
 custody of the <u>minor child.</u>
- 11564 (b) The petition shall be heard within 72 hours after the writ is executed.
- 11565
 (c) The writ shall include the statements required by Subsection [78B-13-308(2)]

 11566
 81-11-308(2).
- 11567 (3) A writ to take physical custody of a <u>minor</u> child shall:
- (a) recite the facts upon which a conclusion of serious imminent physical harm orremoval from the jurisdiction is based;
- (b) direct law enforcement officers to take physical custody of the <u>minor</u> child
 immediately; and
- 11572 (c) provide for the placement of the <u>minor child pending final relief</u>.
- (4) The respondent shall be served with the petition, writ, and order immediately after the
 <u>minor child is taken into physical custody.</u>
- 11575 (5)(a) A writ of assistance to take physical custody of a <u>minor</u> child is enforceable
- 11576 throughout this state.
- 11577 (b) If the court finds on the basis of the testimony of the petitioner or other witness that a
- 11578 less intrusive remedy is not effective, [it] <u>the court</u> may authorize law enforcement
- 11579 officers to enter private property to take physical custody of the <u>minor</u> child.
- 11580(c) If required by the exigency of the case, the court may authorize law enforcement11581officers to make a forcible entry at any hour.
- 11582 (6) The court may impose conditions upon placement of a <u>minor</u> child to ensure the
- 11583 appearance of the <u>minor child and the minor child's custodian</u>.
- 11584 Section 310. Section **81-11-312**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-312 is renumbered 11585 and amended to read:

11586	[78B-13-312] <u>81-11-312</u> . Costs, fees, and expenses.
11587	(1) The court shall award the prevailing party, including a state, necessary and reasonable
11588	expenses incurred by or on behalf of the party, including costs, communication
11589	expenses, attorney fees, investigative fees, expenses for witnesses, travel expenses, and
11590	child care during the course of the proceedings, unless the party from whom fees or
11591	expenses are sought establishes that the award would be clearly inappropriate.
11592	(2) The court may not assess fees, costs, or expenses against a state except as otherwise
11593	provided by law other than this chapter.
11594	Section 311. Section 81-11-313 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-313 is renumbered
11595	and amended to read:
11596	[78B-13-313] 81-11-313 . Recognition and enforcement.
11597	A court of this state shall accord full faith and credit to an order made consistently with
11598	this chapter which enforces a child custody determination by a court of another state unless the
11599	order has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court authorized to do so under Part 2,
11600	Jurisdiction.
11601	Section 312. Section 81-11-314 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-314 is renumbered
11602	and amended to read:
11603	[78B-13-314] <u>81-11-314</u> . Appeals.
11604	(1) An appeal may be taken from an order in a proceeding under this chapter in
11605	accordance with expedited appellate procedures in other civil cases.
11606	(2) Unless the court enters a temporary emergency order under Section [78B-13-204]
11607	81-11-204, the enforcing court may not stay an order enforcing a child custody
11608	determination pending appeal.
11609	Section 313. Section 81-11-315 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-315 is renumbered
11610	and amended to read:
11611	[78B-13-315] <u>81-11-315</u> . Role of prosecutor or attorney general.
11612	(1) In a case arising under this chapter or involving the Hague Convention on the Civil
11613	Aspects of International Child Abduction, the prosecutor or [Attorney General] attorney
11614	general may take any lawful action, including resort to a proceeding under this chapter
11615	or any other available civil proceeding to locate a minor child, obtain the return of a
11616	minor child, or enforce a child custody determination if there is:
11617	(a) an existing child custody determination;
11618	(b) a request from a court in a pending child custody case;
11619	(c) a reasonable belief that a criminal statute has been violated; or

11620 (d) a reasonable belief that the <u>minor</u> child has been wrongfully removed or retained in 11621 violation of the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child 11622 Abduction. 11623 (2) A prosecutor or attorney general acts on behalf of the court and may not represent any 11624 party to a child custody determination. 11625 Section 314. Section 81-11-316, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-316 is renumbered 11626 and amended to read: 11627 [78B-13-316] 81-11-316 . Role of law enforcement. 11628 At the request of a prosecutor or the attorney general acting under Section [78B-13-315] 11629 81-11-315, a law enforcement officer may take any lawful action reasonably necessary to 11630 locate a minor child or a party and assist a prosecutor or attorney general with responsibilities 11631 under Section [78B-13-315] 81-11-315. 11632 Section 315. Section 81-11-317, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-317 is renumbered 11633 and amended to read: 11634 [78B-13-317] 81-11-317 . Costs and expenses. 11635 If the respondent is not the prevailing party, the court may assess against the respondent 11636 all direct expenses and costs incurred by the prosecutor or attorney general and law 11637 enforcement officers under Section [78B-13-315 or 78B-13-316] 81-11-315 or 81-11-316. 11638 Section 316. Section 81-11-318, which is renumbered from Section 78B-13-318 is renumbered 11639 and amended to read: 11640 [78B-13-318] 81-11-318 . Transitional provision. 11641 A motion or other request for relief made in a child custody or enforcement proceeding [11642 which] that was commenced before [the effective date of this chapter] July 1, 2000, is governed 11643 by the law in effect at the time the motion or other request was made. 11644 Section 317. Section 81-12-101, which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-102 is renumbered 11645 and amended to read: **CHAPTER 12. UNIFORM CHILD ABDUCTION PREVENTION ACT** 11646 11647 [78B-16-102] 81-12-101 . Definitions for chapter. 11648 [In] As used in this chapter: 11649 (1) "Abduction" means the wrongful removal or wrongful retention of a minor child. 11650 [(2) "Child" means an unemancipated individual who is less than 18 years of age.] 11651 $\left[\frac{3}{2}\right]$ (2)(a) "Child custody determination" means a judgment, decree, or other order of a 11652 court providing for the legal custody, physical custody, or visitation with respect to a 11653 minor child. [The term]

11654	(b) "Child custody determination" includes a permanent, temporary, initial, and
11655	modification order.
11656	[(4)] (3)(a) "Child custody proceeding" means a proceeding in which legal custody,
11657	physical custody, visitation, or parent-time with respect to a minor child is at issue. [
11658	The term]
11659	(b) "Child custody proceeding" includes a proceeding for divorce, dissolution of
11660	marriage, separation, neglect, abuse, dependency, guardianship, paternity,
11661	termination of parental rights, or protection from domestic violence.
11662	[(5)] (4) "Court" means an entity authorized under the law of a state to establish, enforce, or
11663	modify a child custody determination.
11664	[(6)] (5) "Petition" includes a motion or [its] the motion's equivalent.
11665	[(7)] (6) "Record" means information inscribed on a tangible medium or stored in an
11666	electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
11667	[(8)] (7)(a) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto
11668	Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject
11669	to the jurisdiction of the United States. [The term]
11670	(b) "State" includes a federally recognized Indian tribe or nation.
11671	[(9)] (8)(a) "Travel document" means records relating to a travel itinerary, including
11672	travel tickets, passes, reservations for transportation, or accommodations. [The term]
11673	(b) <u>"Travel document"</u> does not include a passport or visa.
11674	[(10)] (9) "Wrongful removal" means the taking of a minor child that breaches rights of
11675	custody, visitation, or parent-time given or recognized under the law of this state.
11676	[(11)] (10) "Wrongful retention" means the keeping or concealing of a minor child that
11677	breaches rights of custody, visitation, or parent-time given or recognized under the law
11678	of this state.
11679	Section 318. Section 81-12-102, which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-103 is renumbered
11680	and amended to read:
11681	[78B-16-103] 81-12-102 . Cooperation and communication among courts.
11682	Sections [78B-13-110, 78B-13-111, and 78B-13-112] 81-11-109, 81-11-110, and
11683	81-11-111 apply to cooperation and communications among courts in proceedings under this
11684	chapter.
11685	Section 319. Section 81-12-103, which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-104 is renumbered
11686	and amended to read:
11687	[78B-16-104] 81-12-103 . Actions for abduction prevention measures.

11688	(1) A court on [its] the court's own motion may order abduction prevention measures in a
11689	child custody proceeding if the court finds that the evidence establishes a credible risk of
11690	abduction of the <u>minor</u> child.
11691	(2) A party to a child custody determination or another individual or entity having a right
11692	under the law of this state or any other state to seek a child custody determination for the
11693	minor child may file a petition seeking abduction prevention measures to protect the
11694	minor child under this chapter.
11695	(3) A prosecutor or public authority designated under Section [78B-13-315] 81-11-315 may
11696	seek a warrant to take physical custody of a minor child under Section [78B-16-109]
11697	81-12-108 or other appropriate prevention measures.
11698	Section 320. Section 81-12-104, which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-105 is renumbered
11699	and amended to read:
11700	[78B-16-105] <u>81-12-104</u> . Jurisdiction.
11701	(1) A petition under this chapter may be filed only in a court that has jurisdiction to make a
11702	child custody determination with respect to the minor child at issue under [Title 78B,
11703	Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act] Chapter 11,
11704	Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.
11705	(2) A court of this state has temporary emergency jurisdiction under Section [78B-13-204]
11706	<u>81-11-204</u> if the court finds a credible risk of abduction.
11707	Section 321. Section 81-12-105 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-106 is renumbered
11708	and amended to read:
11709	[78B-16-106] <u>81-12-105</u> . Contents of petition.
11710	(1)(a) A petition under this chapter must be verified and include a copy of any existing
11711	child custody determination, if available.
11712	(b) The petition must specify the risk factors for abduction, including the relevant factors
11713	described in Section [78B-16-107] 81-12-106.
11714	(2) Subject to Subsection [78B-13-209(5)] 81-11-209(5), if reasonably ascertainable, the
11715	petition must contain:
11716	(a) the name, date of birth, and gender of the <u>minor</u> child;
11717	(b) the customary address and current physical location of the minor child;
11718	(c) the identity, customary address, and current physical location of the respondent;
11719	(d) a statement of whether a prior action to prevent abduction or domestic violence has
11720	been filed by a party or other individual or entity having custody of the minor child,
11721	and the date, location, and disposition of the action;

11722	(e) a statement of whether a party to the proceeding has been arrested for a crime related
11723	to domestic violence, stalking, or child abuse or neglect, and the date, location, and
11724	disposition of the case; and
11725	(f) any other information required to be submitted to the court for a child custody
11726	determination under Section [78B-13-209] 81-11-209.
11727	Section 322. Section 81-12-106, which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-107 is renumbered
11728	and amended to read:
11729	[78B-16-107] <u>81-12-106</u> . Factors to determine risk of abduction.
11730	(1) In determining whether there is a credible risk of abduction of a minor child, the court
11731	shall consider any evidence that the petitioner or respondent:
11732	(a) has previously abducted or attempted to abduct the minor child;
11733	(b) has threatened to abduct the <u>minor</u> child;
11734	(c) has recently engaged in activities that may indicate a planned abduction, including:
11735	(i) abandoning employment;
11736	(ii) selling a primary residence;
11737	(iii) terminating a lease;
11738	(iv) closing bank or other financial management accounts, liquidating assets, hiding
11739	or destroying financial documents, or conducting any unusual financial activities;
11740	(v) applying for a passport or visa or obtaining travel documents for the respondent, a
11741	family member, or the minor child; or
11742	(vi) seeking to obtain the minor child's birth certificate or school or medical records;
11743	(d) has engaged in domestic violence, stalking, or child abuse or neglect;
11744	(e) has refused to follow a child custody determination;
11745	(f) lacks strong familial, financial, emotional, or cultural ties to the state or the United
11746	States;
11747	(g) has strong familial, financial, emotional, or cultural ties to another state or country;
11748	(h) is likely to take the <u>minor</u> child to a country that:
11749	(i) is not a party to the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child
11750	Abduction and does not provide for the extradition of an abducting parent or for
11751	the return of an abducted minor child;
11752	(ii) is a party to the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child
11753	Abduction but:
11754	(A) the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction
11755	is not in force between the United States and that country;

11756	(B) is noncompliant according to the most recent compliance report issued by the
11757	United States Department of State; or
11758	(C) lacks legal mechanisms for immediately and effectively enforcing a return
11759	order under the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child
11760	Abduction;
11761	(iii) poses a risk that the minor child's physical or emotional health or safety would be
11762	endangered in the country because of specific circumstances relating to the minor
11763	child or because of human rights violations committed against [children] a minor
11764	child;
11765	(iv) has laws or practices that would:
11766	(A) enable the respondent, without due cause, to prevent the petitioner from
11767	contacting the <u>minor</u> child;
11768	(B) restrict the petitioner from freely traveling to or exiting from the country
11769	because of the petitioner's gender, nationality, marital status, or religion; or
11770	(C) restrict the <u>minor</u> child's ability legally to leave the country after the <u>minor</u>
11771	child reaches the age of majority because of a minor child's gender, nationality,
11772	or religion;
11773	(v) is included by the United States Department of State on a current list of state
11774	sponsors of terrorism;
11775	(vi) does not have an official United States diplomatic presence in the country; or
11776	(vii) is engaged in active military action or war, including a civil war, to which the
11777	minor child may be exposed;
11778	(i) is undergoing a change in immigration or citizenship status that would adversely
11779	affect the respondent's ability to remain in the United States legally;
11780	(j) has had an application for United States citizenship denied;
11781	(k) has forged or presented misleading or false evidence on government forms or
11782	supporting documents to obtain or attempt to obtain a passport, a visa, travel
11783	documents, a [Social Security] social security card, a driver license, or other
11784	government-issued identification card or has made a misrepresentation to the United
11785	States government;
11786	(1) has used multiple names to attempt to mislead or defraud; or
11787	(m) has engaged in any other conduct the court considers relevant to the risk of
11788	abduction.
11789	(2) In the hearing on a petition under this chapter, the court shall consider any evidence that

11790	the respondent believed in good faith that the respondent's conduct was necessary to
11791	avoid imminent harm to the minor child or respondent and any other evidence that may
11792	be relevant to whether the respondent may be permitted to remove or retain the minor
11793	child.
11794	Section 323. Section 81-12-107, which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-108 is renumbered
11795	and amended to read:
11796	[78B-16-108] 81-12-107 . Provisions and measures to prevent abduction.
11797	(1) If a petition is filed under this chapter, the court may enter an order [which] that must
11798	include:
11799	(a) the basis for the court's exercise of jurisdiction;
11800	(b) the manner in which notice and opportunity to be heard were given to the persons
11801	entitled to notice of the proceeding;
11802	(c) a detailed description of each party's custody and visitation rights and residential
11803	arrangements for the minor child;
11804	(d) a provision stating that a violation of the order may subject the party in violation to
11805	civil and criminal penalties; and
11806	(e) identification of the minor child's country of habitual residence at the time of the
11807	issuance of the order.
11808	(2)(a) If, at a hearing on a petition under this chapter or on the court's own motion, the
11809	court after reviewing the evidence finds a credible risk of abduction of the minor
11810	child, the court shall enter an abduction prevention order.
11811	(b) The order must include the provisions required by Subsection (1) and measures and
11812	conditions, including those in Subsections (3), (4), and (5), that are reasonably
11813	calculated to prevent abduction of the minor child, giving due consideration to the
11814	custody, visitation, and parent-time rights of the parties.
11815	(c) The court shall consider the age of the minor child, the potential harm to the minor
11816	child from an abduction, the legal and practical difficulties of returning the minor
11817	child to the jurisdiction if abducted, and the reasons for the potential abduction,
11818	including evidence of domestic violence, stalking, or child abuse or neglect.
11819	(3) An abduction prevention order may include one or more of the following:
11820	(a) an imposition of travel restrictions that require that a party traveling with the minor
11821	child outside a designated geographical area provide the other party with the
11822	following:
11823	(i) the travel itinerary of the <u>minor child;</u>

11824	(ii) a list of physical addresses and telephone numbers at which the minor child can
11825	be reached at specified times; and
11826	(iii) copies of all travel documents;
11827	(b) a prohibition of the respondent directly or indirectly:
11828	(i) removing the minor child from this state, the United States, or another geographic
11829	area without permission of the court or the petitioner's written consent;
11830	(ii) removing or retaining the minor child in violation of a child custody
11831	determination;
11832	(iii) removing the minor child from school or a child-care or similar facility; or
11833	(iv) approaching the minor child at any location other than a site designated for
11834	supervised visitation;
11835	(c) a requirement that a party to register the order in another state as a prerequisite to
11836	allowing the child to travel to that state;
11837	(d) with regard to the <u>minor</u> child's passport:
11838	(i) a direction that the petitioner place the minor child's name in the United States
11839	Department of State's Child Passport Issuance Alert Program;
11840	(ii) a requirement that the respondent surrender to the court or the petitioner's
11841	attorney any United States or foreign passport issued in the minor child's name,
11842	including a passport issued in the name of both the parent and the minor child; and
11843	(iii) a prohibition upon the respondent from applying on behalf of the minor child for
11844	a new or replacement passport or visa;
11845	(e) as a prerequisite to exercising custody, visitation, or parent-time, a requirement that
11846	the respondent provide:
11847	(i) to the United States Department of State Office of Children's Issues and the
11848	relevant foreign consulate or embassy, an authenticated copy of the order detailing
11849	passport and travel restrictions for the minor child;
11850	(ii) to the court:
11851	(A) proof that the respondent has provided the information in Subsection (3)(e)(i);
11852	and
11853	(B) an acknowledgment in a record from the relevant foreign consulate or
11854	embassy that no passport application has been made, or passport issued, on
11855	behalf of the minor child;
11856	(iii) to the petitioner, proof of registration with the United States Embassy or other
11857	United States diplomatic presence in the destination country and with the Central

11858	Authority for the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child
11859	Abduction, if that convention is in effect between the United States and the
11860	destination country, unless one of the parties objects; and
11861	(iv) a written waiver under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. Section 552a, with respect to
11862	any document, application, or other information pertaining to the minor child
11863	authorizing its disclosure to the court and the petitioner; and
11864	(f) upon the petitioner's request, a requirement that the respondent obtain an order from
11865	the relevant foreign country containing terms identical to the child custody
11866	determination issued in the United States.
11867	(4) In an abduction prevention order, the court may impose conditions on the exercise of
11868	custody or visitation that:
11869	(a) limit visitation or require that visitation with the <u>minor child by the respondent be</u>
11870	supervised until the court finds that supervision is no longer necessary and order the
11871	respondent to pay the costs of supervision;
11872	(b) require the respondent to post a bond or provide other security in an amount
11873	sufficient to serve as a financial deterrent to abduction, the proceeds of which may be
11874	used to pay for the reasonable expenses of recovery of the minor child, including
11875	reasonable attorney fees and costs if there is an abduction; and
11876	(c) require the respondent to obtain education on the potentially harmful effects to the
11877	minor child from abduction.
11878	(5) To prevent imminent abduction of a <u>minor</u> child, a court may:
11879	(a) issue a warrant to take physical custody of the minor child under Section [
11880	78B-16-109] 81-12-108 or the law of this state other than this chapter;
11881	(b) direct the use of law enforcement to take any action reasonably necessary to locate
11882	the minor child, obtain return of the minor child, or enforce a custody determination
11883	under this chapter or the law of this state other than this chapter; or
11884	(c) grant any other relief allowed under the law of this state other than this chapter.
11885	(6) The remedies provided in this chapter are cumulative and do not affect the availability
11886	of other remedies to prevent abduction.
11887	Section 324. Section 81-12-108 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-109 is renumbered
11888	and amended to read:
11889	[78B-16-109] <u>81-12-108</u> . Warrant to take physical custody of a minor child.
11890	(1) If a petition under this chapter contains allegations, and the court finds that there is a
11891	credible risk that the minor child is imminently likely to be wrongfully removed, the

11892	court may issue an ex parte warrant to take physical custody of the minor child.
11893	$(2)(\underline{a})$ The respondent on a petition under Subsection (1) must be afforded an
11894	opportunity to be heard at the earliest possible time after the ex parte warrant is
11895	executed, but not later than the next judicial day unless a hearing on that date is
11896	impossible.
11897	(b) In that event, the court shall hold the hearing on the first judicial day possible.
11898	(3) An ex parte warrant under Subsection (1) to take physical custody of a <u>minor</u> child must:
11899	(a) recite the facts upon which a determination of a credible risk of imminent wrongful
11900	removal of the <u>minor</u> child is based;
11901	(b) direct law enforcement officers to take physical custody of the minor child
11902	immediately;
11903	(c) state the date and time for the hearing on the petition; and
11904	(d) provide for the safe interim placement of the <u>minor</u> child pending further order of the
11905	court.
11906	(4) If feasible, before issuing a warrant and before determining the placement of the minor
11907	child after the warrant is executed, the court may order a search of the relevant databases
11908	of the National Crime Information Center system and similar state databases to
11909	determine if either the petitioner or respondent has a history of domestic violence,
11910	stalking, or child abuse or neglect.
11911	(5) The petition and warrant must be served on the respondent when or immediately after
11912	the minor child is taken into physical custody.
11913	(6)(a) A warrant to take physical custody of a minor child, issued by this state or
11914	another state, is enforceable throughout this state.
11915	(b) If the court finds that a less intrusive remedy will not be effective, [it] the court may
11916	authorize law enforcement officers to enter private property to take physical custody
11917	of the <u>minor</u> child.
11918	(c) If required by exigent circumstances, the court may authorize law enforcement
11919	officers to make a forcible entry at any hour.
11920	(7) If the court finds, after a hearing, that a petitioner sought an ex parte warrant under
11921	Subsection (1) for the purpose of harassment or in bad faith, the court may award the
11922	respondent reasonable attorney fees, costs, and other reasonable expenses and losses
11923	arising out of the issuance of the ex parte warrant.
11924	(8) This chapter does not affect the availability of relief allowed under the law of this state
11925	other than this chapter.

11926	Section 325. Section 81-12-109, which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-110 is renumbered
11927	and amended to read:
11928	[78B-16-110] <u>81-12-109</u> . Duration of abduction prevention order.
11929	An abduction prevention order remains in effect until the earliest of:
11930	(1) the time stated in the order;
11931	(2) the emancipation of the <u>minor</u> child;
11932	(3) the minor child's attaining 18 years [of age] old; or
11933	(4) the time the order is modified, revoked, vacated, or superseded by a court with
11934	jurisdiction under Sections [78B-13-201 through 78B-13-203] 81-11-201 through
11935	<u>81-11-203</u> .
11936	Section 326. Section 81-12-110, which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-111 is renumbered
11937	and amended to read:
11938	[78B-16-111] 81-12-110 . Uniformity of application and construction.
11939	(1) This chapter is a uniform act.
11940	(2) In applying and construing [it] this chapter, consideration must be given to the need to
11941	promote uniformity of the law with respect to [its] this uniform law's subject matter
11942	among states that enact [it] this uniform law.
11943	Section 327. Section 81-12-111, which is renumbered from Section 78B-16-112 is renumbered
11944	and amended to read:
11945	[78B-16-112] 81-12-111 . Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and
11946	National Commerce Act.
11947	This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal Electronic Signatures in Global
11948	and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001, et seq., but does not modify, limit, or
11949	supersede Section 101(c) of the act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery
11950	of any of the notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b).
11951	Section 328. Section 81-13-101, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-103 is renumbered
11952	and amended to read:
11953	CHAPTER 13. ADOPTION
11954	Part 1. General Provisions
11955	[78B-6-103] <u>81-13-101</u> . Definitions for chapter.
11956	As used in this [part] chapter:
11957	[(1) "Adoptee" means a person who:]
11958	[(a) is the subject of an adoption proceeding; or]

11959	[(b) has been legally adopted.]
11960	(1) <u>"Adoptee" means:</u>
11961	(a) a child adoptee; or
11962	(b) an adult adoptee.
11963	(2) "Adoption" means [the judicial act that] the process by which an individual seeks to:
11964	(a) [creates the] create the legal relationship of parent and child where [it] the relationship
11965	did not previously exist; and
11966	(b) except as provided in Subsections [78B-6-138(2) and (4), terminates] 81-13-220(2)
11967	and (4) and Subsections 81-13-306(2) and (4), terminate the parental rights of any
11968	other [person] individual with respect to the child.
11969	(3) "Adoption document" means an adoption-related document filed with the office, a
11970	petition for adoption, a decree of adoption, an original birth certificate, or evidence
11971	submitted in support of a supplementary birth certificate.
11972	(4) "Adoption proceeding" means any proceeding under this [part] chapter.
11973	(5) "Adoption service provider" means:
11974	(a) a child-placing agency;
11975	(b) a licensed counselor who has at least one year of experience providing professional
11976	social work services to:
11977	(i) adoptive parents;
11978	(ii) prospective adoptive parents; or
11979	(iii) birth parents; or
11980	(c) the Office of Licensing within the Department of Health and Human Services.
11981	(6) "Adoptive parent" means an individual who has legally adopted an adoptee.
11982	(7) "Adult" means an individual who is 18 years old or older.
11983	[(8) "Adult adoptee" means an adoptee who is 18 years old or older and was adopted as a
11984	minor.]
11985	(8) <u>"Adult adoptee" means an individual:</u>
11986	(a) who is an adult and is the subject of an adoption proceeding; or
11987	(b) who was adopted when the individual was an adult.
11988	(9) "Adult sibling" means [an] an individual:
11989	(a) who is a child adoptee's brother or sister[,];
11990	(b) who is 18 years old or older; and
11991	(c) whose birth [mother or father] parent is the same as that of the child adoptee.
11992	[(10) "Birth mother" means the biological mother of a child]

11992 [(10) "Birth mother" means the biological mother of a child.]

11993	(10) "Birth mother" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-5-102.
11994	(11) "Birth parent" means:
11995	[(a) a birth mother;]
11996	[(b) a man whose paternity of a child is established;]
11997	(a) an individual that has a parent-child relationship with an adoptee as described in
11998	Section 81-5-201;
11999	[(c)] (<u>b</u>) a man who:
12000	(i) has been identified as the father of [a child by the child's] an adoptee by the
12001	adoptee's birth mother; and
12002	(ii) has not denied paternity; or
12003	$\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ (c) an unmarried biological father.
12004	(12) "Child adoptee" means an individual:
12005	(a) who is a minor child and is the subject of an adoption proceeding; or
12006	(b) who was adopted when the individual was a minor child.
12007	[(12)] (13) "Child-placing agency" means an agency licensed to place [children] a minor
12008	child for adoption under Title 26B, Chapter 2, Part 1, Human Services Programs and
12009	Facilities.
12010	[(13)] (14) "Cohabiting" means residing with another [person] individual and being involved
12011	in a sexual relationship with that [person] individual.
12012	[(14)] (15) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services, within the
12013	Department of Health and Human Services, created in Section 80-2-201.
12014	[(15)] (16) "Extra-jurisdictional child-placing agency" means an agency licensed to place
12015	children for adoption by a district, territory, or state of the United States, other than Utah.
12016	[(16)] (17) "Genetic and social history" means a comprehensive report, when obtainable,
12017	that contains the following information on an adoptee's birth parents, aunts, uncles, and
12018	grandparents:
12019	(a) medical history;
12020	(b) health status;
12021	(c) cause of and age at death;
12022	(d) height, weight, and eye and hair color;
12023	(e) ethnic origins;
12024	(f) where appropriate, levels of education and professional achievement; and
12025	(g) religion, if any.
12026	[(17)] (18) "Health history" means a comprehensive report of the adoptee's health status at

12027	the time of placement for adoption, and medical history, including neonatal,
12028	psychological, physiological, and medical care history.
12029	[(18)] (19) "Identifying information" means information that is in the possession of the
12030	office and that contains:
12031	(a) the name and address of:
12032	(i) a pre-existing parent[-or an adult adoptee, or-] ; or
12033	(ii) a child adoptee who is 18 years old or older; or
12034	(b) other specific information that by itself or in reasonable conjunction with other
12035	information may be used to identify a pre-existing parent or [an adult adoptee] child
12036	adoptee, including information on a birth certificate or in an adoption document.
12037	[(19)] (20) "Licensed counselor" means an individual who is licensed by the state, or
12038	another state, district, or territory of the United States as a:
12039	(a) certified social worker;
12040	(b) clinical social worker;
12041	(c) psychologist;
12042	(d) marriage and family therapist;
12043	(e) clinical mental health counselor; or
12044	(f) an equivalent licensed professional of another state, district, or territory of the United
12045	States.
12046	[(20)] (21) "Man" means a male individual[, regardless of] of any age.
12047	[(21) "Mature adoptee" means an adoptee who is adopted when the adoptee is an adult.]
12048	(22) "Office" means the Office of Vital Records and Statistics within the Department of
12049	Health and Human Services operating under Title 26B, Chapter 8, Part 1, Vital Statistics.
12050	[(23) "Parent," for purposes of Subsection 78B-6-112(6) and Section 78B-6-119, means
12051	any person described in Subsections 78B-6-120(1)(b) through (f) from whom consent
12052	for adoption or relinquishment for adoption is required under Sections 78B-6-120
12053	through 78B-6-122.]
12054	[(24)] (23) "Potential birth father" means a man who:
12055	(a) is identified by a birth mother as a potential biological father of the birth mother's
12056	minor child, but whose genetic paternity has not been established; and
12057	(b) was not married to the [biological] birth mother of the minor child described in
12058	Subsection $[(24)(a)]$ (23)(a) at the time of the minor child's conception or birth.
12059	[(25) "Pre-existing parent" means:]
12060	[(a) a birth parent; or]

12061	[(b) an individual who, before an adoption decree is entered, is, due to an earlier adoption
12062	decree, legally the parent of the child being adopted.]
12063	(24)(a) "Pre-existing parent" means an individual who is an adoptee's birth parent
12064	before an adoption decree is entered for the adoptee.
12065	(b) "Pre-existing parent" includes an individual who is legally the parent of the adoptee,
12066	due to an earlier adoption decree, before an adoption decree is entered for the adoptee.
12067	[(26)] (25) "Prospective adoptive parent" means an individual who seeks to adopt an
12068	adoptee.
12069	[(27)] <u>(26)</u> "Relative" means:
12070	(a) an adult who is a grandparent, great grandparent, aunt, great aunt, uncle, great uncle,
12071	brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepparent, first cousin, stepsibling, sibling of a minor
12072	child, or first cousin of a minor child's parent; [and] or
12073	(b) in the case of [a child defined as] a minor child who is an "Indian child" under the
12074	Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903, an "extended family member" as
12075	defined by that statute.
12076	[(28)] (27) "Unmarried biological father" means a man who:
12077	(a) is the biological father of a <u>minor</u> child; and
12078	(b) was not married to the [biological] birth mother of the minor child described in
12079	Subsection $[(28)(a)]$ (27)(a) at the time of the minor child's conception or birth.
12080	(28) <u>"Vulnerable adult" means:</u>
12081	(a) an individual who is 65 years old or older; or
12082	(b) an adult who has a mental or physical impairment that substantially affects that
12083	adult's ability to:
12084	(i) provide personal protection;
12085	(ii) provide necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, or medical or other health care;
12086	(iii) obtain services necessary for health, safety, or welfare;
12087	(iv) carry out the activities of daily living;
12088	(v) manage the adult's own resources; or
12089	(vi) comprehend the nature and consequences of remaining in a situation of abuse,
12090	neglect, or exploitation.
12091	Section 329. Section 81-13-102, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-105 is renumbered
12092	and amended to read:
12093	[78B-6-105] <u>81-13-102</u> . Venue for an adoption proceeding.
12094	(1) Notwithstanding Title 78B, Chapter 3a, Venue for Civil Actions, a person shall bring an

12095	adoption proceeding in a court with jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial
12096	Administration:
12097	(a) in the [county] judicial district where the prospective adoptive parent resides;
12098	(b) if the prospective adoptive parent is not a resident of this state, in the [eounty] judicial
12099	district where:
12100	(i) the adoptee was born;
12101	(ii) the adoptee resides on the day on which the petition is filed; or
12102	(iii) a parent of the proposed adoptee resides on the day on which the petition is filed
12103	if the proposed adoptee is a minor child; or
12104	(c) if the adoption proceeding is brought in the juvenile court, as described in Subsection
12105	78A-6-103(2)(a)(xiv) or (xv), in accordance with Section 78A-6-350.
12106	(2) All orders, decrees, agreements, and notices in an adoption proceeding shall be filed
12107	with the clerk of the court where the adoption proceeding is commenced under
12108	Subsection (1).
12109	[(3) A petition for adoption:]
12110	[(a) may be filed before the birth of a child;]
12111	[(b) may be filed before or after the adoptee is placed in the home of the petitioner for the
12112	purpose of adoption; and]
12113	[(c) shall be filed no later than 30 days after the day on which the adoptee is placed in the
12114	home of the petitioners for the purpose of adoption, unless:]
12115	[(i) the time for filing has been extended by the court; or]
12116	[(ii) the adoption is arranged by a child-placing agency in which case the agency may
12117	extend the filing time.]
12118	[(4)] (3)(a) If a person whose consent for the adoption is required under Section [
12119	78B-6-120 or 78B-6-121] 81-13-212 or 81-13-213 cannot be found within the state,
12120	the fact of the [minor's] adoptee's presence within the state shall confer jurisdiction on
12121	the court in proceedings under this chapter as to such absent person[, provided that] if
12122	due notice has been given in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
12123	(b) The notice may not include the name of:
12124	(i) a prospective adoptive parent; or
12125	(ii) an unmarried <u>birth mother without [her] the unmarried birth mother's</u> consent.
12126	[(5) Service of notice described in Subsection (6) shall vest the court with jurisdiction over
12127	the person served in the same manner and to the same extent as if the person served was
12128	served personally within the state.]

12129	[(6)] (4)(a) In the case of service outside the state, service completed not less than five
12130	days before the time set in the notice for appearance of the person served is sufficient
12131	to confer jurisdiction.
12132	(b) Service of notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall vest the court with jurisdiction
12133	over the person served in the same manner and to the same extent as if the person
12134	served was served personally within the state.
12135	[(7)] (5) Computation of periods of time not otherwise [set forth] described in this section
12136	shall be made in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
12137	Section 330. Section 81-13-103 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-141 is renumbered
12138	and amended to read:
12139	[78B-6-141] <u>81-13-103</u> . Court hearings Adoption documents Motion to
12140	intervene.
12141	(1)(a) Notwithstanding Section 80-4-106, [court hearings in adoption cases may be
12142	elosed to the public] the court may close to the public any court hearing regarding an
12143	adoption upon the request of a party to the [adoption petition and upon court approval]
12144	petition for adoption.
12145	(b) In a closed hearing, the court may only admit the following individuals may be
12146	admitted]:
12147	(i) a party to the proceeding;
12148	(ii) the adoptee;
12149	(iii) a representative of an agency having custody of the adoptee;
12150	(iv) in a hearing to relinquish parental rights, the individual whose rights are to be
12151	relinquished and invitees of that individual to provide emotional support;
12152	(v) in a hearing on the termination of parental rights, the individual whose rights may
12153	be terminated;
12154	(vi) in a hearing on a petition to intervene, the proposed intervenor;
12155	(vii) in a hearing to finalize an adoption, invitees of the petitioner; and
12156	(viii) other individuals for good cause, upon order of the court.
12157	(2) [An] Except as provided in Subsections (3) through (6), an adoption document and any
12158	other documents filed in connection with a petition for adoption are sealed.
12159	(3) A person may only inspect and copy the documents described in Subsection (2):
12160	(a) if the adoption proceeding is pending and the person is a party to the adoption
12161	proceeding:
12162	(b) within 180 days after the day on which the final decree of adoption is entered if the

12163	person is a party to the adoption proceeding;
12165	(c) if the court enters an order expressly permitting the inspection or copying the
12165	documents after the person filed a motion to intervene and the motion to intervene
12165	was granted on appeal;
12160	(d) if the court enters an order expressly permitting the inspection or copying of the
12167	documents after good cause is shown;
12160	(e) if the office is permitted to release the documents to the person as described in
12109	Section 81-13-504;
12170	(f) when the documents becomes public 100 years after the day on which the final
12172	decree of adoption was entered;
12172	(g) when the birth certificate becomes public 100 years after the day on which the
12174	adoptee was born; or
12175	(h) if the person is permitted access to the documents under Subsection (6)(a) or (7).
12176	(4) A person who files a motion to intervene in an adoption proceeding:
12177	(a) is not a party to the adoption proceeding, unless the motion to intervene is granted;
12178	and
12179	(b) subject to Subsection (5), may not be granted access to the documents described in
12180	Subsection (2), unless the motion to intervene is granted.
12181	(5) If the court enters an order under Subsection (3)(c) or a potential birth father is made a
12182	party to the adoption proceeding upon a motion to intervene, the court shall:
12183	(a) prohibit the person described in Subsection (3)(c) or the potential birth father from
12184	inspecting a document described in Subsection (2) that contains identifying
12185	information of an adoptive or prospective adoptive parent; and
12186	(b) permit the person described in Subsection (3)(c) or the potential birth father to
12187	review a copy of the document described in Subsection (5)(a) after the identifying
12188	information of the adoptive or prospective adoptive parent is redacted from the
12189	document.
12190	[(3) The documents described in Subsection (2) may only be open to inspection and
12191	copying:]
12192	[(a) in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), by a party to the adoption proceeding:]
12193	[(i) while the proceeding is pending; or]
12194	[(ii) within six months after the day on which the adoption decree is entered;]
12195	[(b) subject to Subsection (5)(b), if a court enters an order permitting access to the
12196	documents by an individual who has appealed the denial of that individual's motion to

12197	intervene;]
12198	[(c) upon order of the court expressly permitting inspection or copying, after good cause
12199	has been shown;]
12200	[(d) as provided under Section 78B-6-144;]
12201	[(e) when the adoption document becomes public on the one hundredth anniversary of the
12202	date the final decree of adoption was entered;]
12203	[(f) when the birth certificate becomes public on the one hundredth anniversary of the date
12204	of birth;]
12205	[(g) to a mature adoptee or a parent who adopted the mature adoptee, without a court order,
12206	unless the final decree of adoption is entered by the juvenile court under Subsection
12207	78B-6-115(3)(b); or]
12208	[(h) to an adult adoptee, to the extent permitted under Subsection (4).]
12209	[(4)] (6)[(a) An adult adoptee that was born in the state may access an adoption
12210	document associated with the adult adoptee's adoption without a court order:]
12211	[(i) to the extent that a birth parent consents under Subsection (4)(b); or]
12212	[(ii) if the birth parents listed on the original birth certificate are deceased.]
12213	(a) A child adoptee may access an adoption document associated with the child
12214	adoptee's adoption without a court order if:
12215	(i) the child adoptee is 18 years old or older;
12216	(ii) the child adoptee was born in this state; and
12217	(iii)(A) a pre-existing parent consents as described in Subsection (6)(b); or
12218	(B) the pre-existing parents listed on the original birth certificate are deceased.
12219	(b) A [birth] pre-existing parent may:
12220	(i) provide consent to allow the access described in Subsection $[(4)(a)]$ (6)(a) by
12221	electing, electronically or on a written form provided by the office, allowing the [
12222	birth] pre-existing parent to elect to:
12223	(A) allow the office to provide the [adult] child adoptee with the contact
12224	information of the [birth] pre-existing parent that the [birth] pre-existing parent
12225	indicates;
12226	(B) allow the office to provide the [adult] child adoptee with the contact
12227	information of an intermediary that the [birth] pre-existing parent indicates;
12228	(C) prohibit the office from providing any contact information to the [adult] child
12229	adoptee; <u>or</u>
12230	(D) allow the office to provide the [adult] child adoptee with a noncertified copy of

12231	the original birth certificate; and
12232	(ii) at any time, file, electronically or on a written document with the office, to:
12233	(A) change the election described in Subsection $[(4)(b)]$ (6)(b); or
12234	(B) elect to make other information about the birth parent, including an updated
12235	medical history, available for inspection by [an adult] a child adoptee.
12236	[(c) A birth parent may not access any identifying information or an adoption document
12237	under this Subsection (4).]
12238	[(d)] (c) If two [birth] pre-existing parents are listed on the original birth certificate and
12239	only one [birth] pre-existing parent consents under Subsection [(4)(b)] (6)(a) or is
12240	deceased, the office may redact the name of the other [birth] pre-existing parent.
12241	(7) An adult adoptee, or the adoptive parent of the adult adoptee, may inspect an adoption
12242	document associated with the adult adoptee's adoption without a court order, unless the
12243	final decree of adoption is entered by the juvenile court.
12244	(8) A pre-existing parent may not access the documents described in Subsection (2) or any
12245	identifying information under Subsection (6).
12246	[(5)(a) An individual who files a motion to intervene in an adoption proceeding:]
12247	[(i) is not a party to the adoption proceeding, unless the motion to intervene is granted; and]
12248	[(ii) may not be granted access to the documents described in Subsection (2), unless the
12249	motion to intervene is granted.]
12250	[(b) An order described in Subsection (3)(b) shall:]
12251	[(i) prohibit the individual described in Subsection (3)(b) from inspecting a document
12252	described in Subsection (2) that contains identifying information of the adoptive or
12253	prospective adoptive parent; and]
12254	[(ii) permit the individual described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) to review a copy of a document
12255	described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) after the identifying information described in
12256	Subsection (5)(b)(i) is redacted from the document.]
12257	Section 331. Section 81-13-104, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-106 is renumbered
12258	and amended to read:
12259	[78B-6-106] <u>81-13-104</u> . Responsibility for own actions Fraud or
12260	misrepresentation.
12261	(1) Each parent of [a child] an adoptee conceived or born outside of marriage is responsible
12262	for [his or her] the parent's own actions and is not excused from strict compliance with
12263	the provisions of this [-]chapter based upon any action, statement, or omission of the
12264	other parent or third parties.

12265	(2)(a) Any person injured by fraudulent representations or actions in connection with an
12266	adoption is entitled to pursue civil or criminal penalties in accordance with existing
12267	law.
12268	(b) A fraudulent representation is not a defense to strict compliance with the
12269	requirements of this chapter and is not a basis for dismissal of a petition for adoption,
12270	vacation of an adoption decree, or an automatic grant of custody to the offended
12271	party.
12272	(c) [Custody determinations] For a child adoptee, a custody determination shall be based
12273	on the best interests of the [child,] child adoptee in accordance with the provisions of
12274	Section [78B-6-133] <u>81-13-215</u> .
12275	(3) A child-placing agency and the employees of a child-placing agency may not:
12276	(a) employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;
12277	(b) engage in any act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as a
12278	fraud or deceit upon any person;
12279	(c) materially and intentionally misrepresent facts or information; or
12280	(d) request or require a prospective adoptive parent to grant, as a condition of or in
12281	connection with entering into an agreement with a child-placing agency, a release of
12282	either the prospective adoptive parent's claims or the [adoptive child's] adoptee's
12283	claims against the child-placing agency regarding any of the following:
12284	(i) criminal misconduct;
12285	(ii) ethical violations, as established by the Office of Licensing's administrative rules;
12286	(iii) bad faith;
12287	(iv) intentional torts;
12288	(v) fraud;
12289	(vi) gross negligence associated with care of the [child] adoptee, as described in
12290	Subsection [78B-6-134(3)] <u>81-13-210(2);</u>
12291	(vii) future misconduct that may arise before the adoption is finalized;
12292	(viii) breach of contract; or
12293	(ix) gross negligence.
12294	(4) Subsection (3) does not prohibit a release of claims against a child-placing agency or a
12295	child-placing agency's employees for liability arising from the acts or the failure to act of
12296	a third party.
12297	Section 332. Section 81-13-105 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-142 is renumbered
12298	and amended to read:

12299	[78B-6-142] <u>81-13-105</u> . Adoption order from foreign country.
12300	(1) Except as otherwise provided by federal law, an adoption order rendered to a resident of
12301	this state that is made by a foreign country shall be recognized by the courts of this state
12302	and enforced as if the order were rendered by a court in this state.
12303	(2) [A person] An individual who adopts [a child] an adoptee in a foreign country may
12304	register the order in this state.
12305	(3) A petition for registration of a foreign adoption order may be combined with a petition
12306	for a name change.
12307	(4) If the court finds that the foreign adoption order meets the requirements of Subsection
12308	(1), the court shall order the [state registrar] office to:
12309	(a) file the order[-pursuant to Section 78B-6-137]; and
12310	(b) file a certificate of birth for the [child pursuant to] adoptee in accordance with Section
12311	26B-8-131.
12312	[(3)] (5) If a clerk of the court is unable to establish the fact, time, and place of birth from
12313	the documentation provided, a person holding a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest
12314	as described in Subsection 26B-8-125(3)(a) or (b) may petition for a court order
12315	establishing the fact, time, and place of a birth [pursuant to] in accordance with
12316	Subsection 26B-8-119(1).
12317	Section 333. Section 81-13-106, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-121.5 is renumbered
12318	and amended to read:
12319	[78B-6-121.5] <u>81-13-106</u> . Compact for Interstate Sharing of Putative Father
12320	Registry Information Severability clause.
12321	OF PUCKANIPAIC FAFCHER REPORTING TION
1232 3	This compact enables the sharing of putative father registry information collected by a
12326	state that is a party to the compact with all ot DAERINGT IGANS are parties to the compact.
12329	(1) "Putative father" means a man who may be the biological father of a child because
12330	the man had a sexual relationship with a woman to whom he is not married.
12331	(2) "Putative father registry" mean a registry of putative fathers maintained and used by
12332	a state as part of its legal process for protecting a putative father's rights.
12333	(3) "State" includes a FENE, RINS, AVEL THE DERAWAY AND LAND MANAGEMENTS
1233 5	(1) A state is a party to this compact upon enactment of this compact by the state into
12337	state law.
12338	(2) Upon providing at least 60 days' notice of withdrawal from this compact to each
12339	party to the compact and repealing the compact from state law, a state is no longer party to this

12340 compact.

(3) This compact is amended upon enactment of the amendment into state law by each
party to the compact is amended upon enactment of the amendment into state law by each
(1) A party to this compact shall communicate information in its putative father registry
about a specific putative father to any other party to this compact in a timely manner upon
request by the other party.

(2) A party to this compact is not required to have a putative father registry in order torequest putative father registry information from another party to the compact.

(3) Putative father registry information requested by a party to this compact from
another party to this compact is subject to the laws of the requesting party governing the
privacy, retention, and authorized uses of putative father information or, if the requesting party
does not have a putative father registry, the laws of the party supplying the information
governing the privacy, retention, and authorized uses of putative father information.

(4) Notwithstanding Article IV, Subsection (3) of this compact, the request for or
receipt of putative father registry information by a party to this compact from another party to
this compact does not affect the application of the requesting party's laws, including laws
regarding adoption or the protection of a putative father's rights, except as explicitly provided
by the requesting party's laws.

(5) Failure by a party to this compact to provide accurate putative father registry
information in a timely manner to another party to this compact upon request does not affect
application of the requesting party's laws, including laws governing adoption and the
protection of a putative father's rights, except as explicitly provided by the requesting party's
laws.

(6) Each party to this compact shall work with every other party to this compact to
 facilitate the timely communication of putative father registry information between compact
 parties upon request.

12369 The provisions of this compact are severable. If any provision of this compact or the 12371 application of any provision of this compact to any person or circumstance is held invalid by a 12372 final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction for a state that is a member of this compact, 12373 the remainder of this compact shall be given effect within that state without the invalid 12374 provision or application. If a provision of this compact is severed in one or more states as a 12375 result of one or more court decisions, the provision shall remain in force in all other states that 12376 are parties to this compact.

12377 Section 334. Section **81-13-201** is enacted to read:

12378	Part 2. Adoption of a Minor Child
12379	81-13-201 . Definitions for part.
12380	Reserved.
12381	Section 335. Section 81-13-202, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-102 is renumbered
12382	and amended to read:
12383	[78B-6-102] <u>81-13-202</u> . Legislative intent and findings Best interest of the
12384	minor child Interests of each party.
12385	(1) It is the intent and desire of the Legislature that in every adoption of a minor child that
12386	the best interest of the minor child should govern and be of foremost concern in the
12387	court's determination.
12388	(2) The court shall make a specific finding regarding the best interest of the [ehild] minor
12389	child, taking into consideration information provided to the court pursuant to the
12390	requirements of this chapter relating to the health, safety, and welfare of the minor child
12391	and the moral climate of the potential adoptive placement.
12392	(3) The Legislature finds that the rights and interests of all parties affected by an adoption
12393	proceeding must be considered and balanced in determining what constitutional
12394	protections and processes are necessary and appropriate.
12395	(4)(a) The Legislature specifically finds that it is not in a minor child's best interest to
12396	be adopted by a person or persons who are cohabiting in a relationship that is not a
12397	legally valid and binding marriage under the laws of this state.
12398	(b) Nothing in this section limits or prohibits the court's placement of a minor child with
12399	a single adult who is not cohabiting or a person who is a relative of the minor child or
12400	a recognized placement under the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1901 et
12401	seq.
12402	(5) The Legislature also finds that:
12403	(a) the state has a compelling interest in providing <u>a</u> stable and permanent [homes for
12404	adoptive children] home for a child adoptee in a prompt manner, in preventing the
12405	disruption of [adoptive placements] an adoptive placement, and in holding parents
12406	accountable for meeting the needs of [children] a child adoptee;
12407	(b) an unmarried <u>birth</u> mother, faced with the responsibility of making crucial decisions
12408	about the future of a newborn child, is entitled to privacy, and has the right to make
12409	timely and appropriate decisions regarding her future and the future of the <u>newborn</u>
12410	child, and is entitled to assurance regarding the permanence of an adoptive placement;
12411	(c) [adoptive children have] a child adoptee has a right to permanence and stability in [

10.110	
12412	adoptive placements] an adoptive placement;
12413	(d) adoptive parents have a constitutionally protected liberty and privacy interest in
12414	retaining custody of [an adopted child] a child adoptee;
12415	(e) an unmarried biological father has an inchoate interest that acquires constitutional
12416	protection only when [he] the unmarried biological father demonstrates a timely and
12417	full commitment to the responsibilities of parenthood, both during pregnancy and
12418	upon the [child's] child adoptee's birth; and
12419	(f) the state has a compelling interest in requiring [unmarried biological fathers] an
12420	unmarried biological father to demonstrate commitment by providing appropriate
12421	medical care and financial support and by establishing legal [paternity,] parentage in
12422	accordance with the requirements of this chapter.
12423	(6)(a) In enacting this chapter, the Legislature has prescribed the conditions for
12424	determining whether an unmarried biological father's action is sufficiently prompt
12425	and substantial to require constitutional protection.
12426	(b) If an unmarried biological father fails to grasp the opportunities to establish a
12427	relationship with [his child] the child adoptee that are available to [him, his biological]
12428	the unmarried biological father, the unmarried biological father's parental interest
12429	may be lost entirely, or greatly diminished in constitutional significance by [his] the
12430	unmarried biological father's failure to timely exercise [it] the unmarried biological
12431	father's parental interest, or by [his] the unmarried biological father's failure to strictly
12432	comply with the available legal steps to substantiate [it] the parental interest.
12433	(c)(i) A certain degree of finality is necessary in order to facilitate the state's
12434	compelling interest.
12435	(ii) The Legislature finds that the interests of the state, the birth mother, the child
12436	adoptee, and the adoptive parents described in this section outweigh the interest of
12437	an unmarried biological father who does not timely grasp the opportunity to
12438	establish and demonstrate a relationship with [his child] the child adoptee in
12439	accordance with the requirements of this chapter.
12440	(d)(i) The Legislature finds no practical way to remove all risk of fraud or
12441	misrepresentation in adoption proceedings, and has provided a method for
12442	absolute protection of an unmarried biological father's rights by compliance with
12443	the provisions of this chapter.
12444	(ii) In balancing the rights and interests of the state, and of all parties affected by
12445	fraud, specifically the child adoptee, the adoptive parents, and the unmarried

12446	high given fother, the Legislature has determined that the summaried high given
12446	biological father, the Legislature has determined that the unmarried biological
12447	father is in the best position to prevent or ameliorate the effects of fraud and that,
12448	therefore, the burden of fraud shall be borne by [him] the unmarried biological
12449	father.
12450	(e) An unmarried biological father has the primary responsibility to protect [his] the
12451	unmarried biological father's rights.
12452	(f) An unmarried biological father is presumed to know that the child <u>adoptee</u> may be
12453	adopted without [his] the unmarried biological father's consent unless [he] the
12454	unmarried biological father strictly complies with the provisions of this chapter,
12455	manifests a prompt and full commitment to [his] the unmarried biological father's
12456	parental responsibilities, and establishes paternity.
12457	(7) The Legislature finds that an unmarried <u>birth</u> mother has:
12458	(a) a right of privacy with regard to [her] the unmarried birth mother's pregnancy and
12459	adoption plan[, and therefore has];
12460	(b) no legal obligation to disclose the identity of an unmarried biological father [prior to]
12461	before or during an adoption proceeding[, and has] ; and
12462	(c) no obligation to volunteer information to the court with respect to the father.
12463	Section 336. Section 81-13-203 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-117 is renumbered
12464	and amended to read:
12465	[78B-6-117] <u>81-13-203</u> . Who may adopt Adoption of a minor child.
12466	[(1) A minor child may be adopted by an adult individual, in accordance with this section
12467	and this part.]
12468	(1) An adult may adopt a minor child in accordance with this section and this chapter.
12469	(2) [A] Except as otherwise provided in this section and subject to the placement
12470	requirements described in Section 81-13-403, a minor child may be adopted by:
12471	(a) adults who are legally married to each other in accordance with the laws of this state,
12472	including adoption by a stepparent; or
12473	(b) [subject to Subsections (3) and (4), a single adult] an adult who is not married.
12474	(3) [A child may not be adopted by an individual who] If an adult is cohabiting in a
12475	relationship that is not a legally valid and binding marriage under the laws of this state,
12476	the adult may not adopt a minor child unless the individual is a relative of the minor
12477	child or a recognized placement under the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec.
12478	1901 et seq.
12479	[(4) To provide a child who is in the custody of the division with the most beneficial

12480	family structure, when a child in the custody of the division is placed for adoption, the
12481	division or child-placing agency shall place the child with a married couple, unless:]
12482	[(a) there are no qualified married couples who:]
12483	[(i) have applied to adopt a child;]
12484	[(ii) are willing to adopt the child; and]
12485	[(iii) are an appropriate placement for the child;]
12486	[(b) the child is placed with a relative of the child;]
12487	[(c) the child is placed with an individual who has already developed a substantial
12488	relationship with the child;]
12489	[(d) the child is placed with an individual who:]
12490	[(i) is selected by a parent or former parent of the child, if the parent or former parent
12491	consented to the adoption of the child; and]
12492	[(ii) the parent or former parent described in Subsection (4)(d)(i):]
12493	[(A) knew the individual with whom the child is placed before the parent consented to the
12494	adoption; or]
12495	[(B) became aware of the individual with whom the child is placed through a source other
12496	than the division or the child-placing agency that assists with the adoption of the child;
	or]
12497	[(e) it is in the best interests of the child to place the child with a single adult.]
12498	(4) A married adult who is lawfully separated from the married adult's spouse may not
12499	adopt a minor child without the consent of the married adult's spouse if the spouse is
12500	capable of giving consent.
12501	(5) An adult may not adopt a minor child unless:
12502	(a) the adult is at least 10 years older than the minor child; or
12503	(b) at least one adult of a married couple is at least 10 years older than the minor child if
12504	a married couple is adopting the minor child.
12505	[(5)] (6) Except as provided in Subsection [(6)] (7), an adult may not adopt a minor child if,
12506	before adoption is finalized, the adult has been convicted of, pleaded guilty to, or
12507	pleaded no contest to a felony or attempted felony involving conduct that constitutes[
12508	any of the following]:
12509	(a) child abuse, as described in Section 76-5-109;
12510	(b) child abuse homicide, as described in Section 76-5-208;
12511	(c) child kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301.1;
12512	(d) human trafficking of a child, as described in Section 76-5-308.5;

12513	(e) sexual abuse of a minor, as described in Section 76-5-401.1;
12514	(f) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1;
12515	(g) object rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.3;
12516	(h) sodomy on a child, as described in Section 76-5-403.1;
12517	(i) sexual abuse of a child, as described in Section 76-5-404.1[, or] ;
12518	(j) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, as described in Section 76-5-404.3;
12519	[(i)] (k) sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Section 76-5b-201;
12520	[(k)] (1) aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Section 76-5b-201.1;
12521	[(1)] (m) aggravated child abuse, as described in Section 76-5-109.2;
12522	[(m)] (n) child abandonment, as described in Section 76-5-109.3;
12523	[(n)] (o) commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child, as described in
12524	Section 76-5-114; or
12525	[(o)] (p) an offense in another state that, if committed in this state, would constitute an
12526	offense described in this Subsection [(5)] (6).
12527	[(6)] (7)(a) [For purpose of] As used in this Subsection [(6)] (7), "disqualifying offense"
12528	means an offense listed in Subsection $[(5)]$ (6) that prevents a court from considering [
12529	an individual] an adult for adoption of a minor child except as provided in this
12530	Subsection [(6)] (7).
12531	(b) An [individual] adult described in Subsection [(5)] (6) may only be considered for
12532	adoption of a minor child if the following criteria are met by clear and convincing
12533	evidence:
12534	(i) at least 10 years have elapsed from the day on which the [individual] adult is
12535	successfully released from prison, jail, parole, or probation related to a
12536	disqualifying offense;
12537	(ii) during the 10 years before the day on which the [individual] adult files a petition
12538	with the court seeking adoption, the [individual] adult has not been convicted,
12539	pleaded guilty, or pleaded no contest to an offense greater than an infraction or
12540	traffic violation that would likely impact the health, safety, or well-being of the
12541	minor_child;
12542	(iii) the [individual] adult can provide evidence of successful treatment or
12543	rehabilitation directly related to the disqualifying offense;
12544	(iv) the court determines that the risk related to the disqualifying offense is unlikely
12545	to cause harm, as defined in Section 80-1-102, or potential harm to the minor child
12546	currently or at any time in the future when considering all of the following:

12547	(A) the <u>minor</u> child's age;
12548	(B) the <u>minor</u> child's gender;
12549	(C) the <u>minor</u> child's development;
12550	(D) the nature and seriousness of the disqualifying offense;
12551	(E) the preferences of a minor child who is 12 years old or older;
12552	(F) any available assessments, including custody evaluations, home studies,
12553	pre-placement adoptive evaluations, parenting assessments, psychological or
12554	mental health assessments, and bonding assessments; and
12555	(G) any other relevant information;
12556	(v) the [individual] adult can provide evidence of all of the following:
12557	(A) the relationship with the <u>minor</u> child is of long duration;
12558	(B) that an emotional bond exists with the <u>minor</u> child; and
12559	(C) that adoption by the individual who has committed the disqualifying offense
12560	ensures the best interests of the minor child are met; and
12561	(vi) the adoption is by:
12562	(A) a stepparent whose spouse is the adoptee's parent and consents to the
12563	adoption; or
12564	(B) subject to Subsection [$(6)(d)$] (7)(d), a relative of the minor child, as defined in
12565	Section 80-3-102, and there is not another relative without a disqualifying
12566	offense filing an adoption petition.
12567	(c) The [individual] adult with the disqualifying offense bears the burden of proof
12568	regarding why adoption with that [individual] adult is in the best interest of the minor
12569	child over another responsible relative or equally situated [individual] adult who does
12570	not have a disqualifying offense.
12571	(d) If there is an alternative responsible relative who does not have a disqualifying
12572	offense filing an adoption petition[, the following applies]:
12573	(i) preference for adoption shall be given to a relative who does not have a
12574	disqualifying offense; and
12575	(ii) before the court may grant adoption to the [individual] adult who has the
12576	disqualifying offense over another responsible, willing, and able relative:
12577	(A) an impartial custody evaluation shall be completed; and
12578	(B) a guardian ad litem shall be assigned.
12579	[(7)] <u>(8)</u> Subsections [(5) and (6)] <u>(6) and (7)</u> apply to a case pending on March 25, 2017, for
12580	which a final decision on adoption has not been made and to a case filed on or after

12581	March 25, 2017.
12582	Section 337. Section 81-13-204 is enacted to read:
12583	81-13-204 . Petition for adoption of a minor child.
12584	(1)(a) A person may bring a petition for adoption of a minor child:
12585	(i) before the birth of the minor child; or
12586	(ii) before or after the minor child is placed in the home of the adoptive parent for the
12587	purpose of adoption.
12588	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), a petition for adoption of a minor child
12589	shall state whether the minor child was born in another state.
12590	(b) If the minor child was born in another state, the petition and the court's final decree
12591	of adoption shall state that the requirements of Title 80, Chapter 2, Part 9, Interstate
12592	Compact on Placement of Children, have been complied with.
12593	(c) This Subsection (2) does not apply if the prospective adoptive parent is not required
12594	to complete a preplacement adoptive evaluation under Section 81-13-404.
12595	(3) In any adoption proceeding involving an "Indian child," as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec.
12596	1903, a child-placing agency and a petitioner shall comply with the Indian Child
12597	Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1901 et seq.
12598	Section 338. Section 81-13-205, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-112 is renumbered
12599	and amended to read:
12600	[78B-6-112] <u>81-13-205</u> . Petition to terminate parental rights of a minor child.
12602	(1) A party may bring a petition seeking to terminate parental rights [in the child] of a minor
12603	child for the purpose of facilitating the adoption of the minor child in a court with
12604	jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial Administration.
12605	(2) A petition to terminate parental rights under this section may be:
12606	(a) joined with a proceeding on an adoption petition; or
12607	(b) filed as a separate proceeding before or after a petition to adopt the <u>minor</u> child is
12608	filed.
12609	(3) A court may enter a final order terminating parental rights before a final decree of
12610	adoption is entered.
12611	(4)(a) Nothing in this section limits the jurisdiction of a juvenile court relating to
12612	proceedings to terminate parental rights as described in Section 78A-6-103.
12613	(b) A court may not terminate parental rights [in a] of a minor child if the minor child is
12614	under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court in a pending abuse, neglect, dependency,
12615	or termination of parental rights proceeding.

12616	(5) The court may terminate an individual's parental rights [in a] of a minor child if:
12617	(a) the individual executes a voluntary consent to adoption, or relinquishment for
12618	adoption, of the minor child, in accordance with:
12619	(i) the requirements of this chapter; or
12620	(ii) the laws of another state or country, if the consent is valid and irrevocable;
12621	(b) the individual is an unmarried biological father who is not entitled to consent to
12622	adoption, or relinquishment for adoption, under Section [78B-6-120 or 78B-6-121]
12623	<u>81-13-212 or 81-13-213;</u>
12624	(c) the individual:
12625	(i) received notice of the adoption proceeding relating to the minor child under
12626	Section [78B-6-110] <u>81-13-207;</u> and
12627	(ii) failed to file a motion for relief, under Subsection [78B-6-110(6)] 81-13-207(6),
12628	within 30 days after the day on which the individual was served with notice of the
12629	adoption proceeding;
12630	(d) the court finds, under Section [78B-15-607] 81-5-607, that the individual is not a
12631	parent of the minor child; or
12632	(e) the individual's parental rights are terminated on grounds described in Title 80,
12633	Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, and termination is in the
12634	best interests of the minor child.
12635	(6) The court shall appoint an indigent defense service provider in accordance with Title
12636	78B, Chapter 22, Indigent Defense Act, to represent a parent, as defined in Section
12637	81-13-211, who faces any action initiated by a private party under Title 80, Chapter 4,
12638	Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, or whose parental rights are subject to
12639	termination under this section.
12640	(7) If a county incurs expenses in providing indigent defense services to an indigent
12641	individual facing any action initiated by a private party under Title 80, Chapter 4,
12642	Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, or termination of parental rights under
12643	this section, the county may apply for reimbursement from the Utah Indigent Defense
12644	Commission in accordance with Section 78B-22-406.
12645	(8) A petition filed under this section is subject to the procedural requirements of this
12646	chapter.
12647	Section 339. Section 81-13-206 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-109 is renumbered
12648	and amended to read:
12649	[78B-6-109] <u>81-13-206</u> . Determination of rights in an adoption proceeding for a

12650	minor child.
12651	(1)(a) Any interested person may petition a court [having] with jurisdiction over [
12652	adoption proceedings] an adoption proceeding of a minor child for a determination of
12653	the rights and interests of any person who may claim an interest in [a child under this
12654	part] the minor child under this part.
12655	(b) The petition described in Subsection (1) may be filed at any time before the
12656	finalization of the adoption, including before:
12657	(i) the <u>minor</u> child's birth;
12658	(ii) a petition for adoption is filed; or
12659	(iii) a petition to terminate parental rights is filed.
12660	(2) If a petition for adoption or a petition to terminate parental rights has been filed [in
12661	district court] in a court with jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial
12662	Administration, the petitioner or any interested person may, without filing a separate
12663	petition, move the court for a determination of the rights and interests of any person who
12664	may claim an interest in [a child under this part] the minor child under this chapter.
12665	Section 340. Section 81-13-207 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-110 is renumbered
12666	and amended to read:
12667	[78B-6-110] <u>81-13-207</u> . Notice of an adoption proceeding for a minor child.
12668	[(1)(a) An unmarried biological father, by virtue of the fact that he has engaged in a sexual
12669	relationship with a woman:]
12670	[(i) is considered to be on notice that a pregnancy and an adoption proceeding regarding
12671	the child may occur; and]
12672	[(ii) has a duty to protect his own rights and interests.]
12673	[(b) An unmarried biological father is entitled to actual notice of a birth or an adoption
12674	proceeding with regard to his child only as provided in this section or Section
12675	78B-6-110.5.]
12676	[(2)] (1) [Notice of an adoption proceeding shall be served] A petitioner in an adoption
12677	proceeding described in Section 81-13-204, 81-13-205, or 81-13-206 shall serve a notice
12678	of the adoption proceeding on each of the following persons:
12679	(a) any person or agency whose consent or relinquishment is required under Section [
12680	78B-6-120 or 78B-6-121] 81-13-212 or 81-13-213, unless that right has been
12681	terminated by:
12682	(i) waiver;
12683	(ii) relinquishment;

12684	(iii) actual or implied consent; or
12685	(iv) judicial action;
12686	(b) any person who has initiated a [paternity] parentage proceeding and filed notice of
12687	that action with the [state registrar of vital statistics within the Department of Health
12688	and Human Services,] the office in accordance with Subsection (3);
12689	(c) any legally appointed custodian or guardian of the <u>child</u> adoptee;
12690	(d) the petitioner's spouse[, if any, only if] if the petitioner is married and the petitioner's
12691	spouse has not joined in the petition;
12692	(e) the <u>child</u> adoptee's spouse [, if any] if the child adoptee is married;
12693	(f) any [person who, prior to] individual who, before the time the birth mother executes [
12694	her] the birth mother's consent for adoption or relinquishes the child adoptee for
12695	adoption, is recorded on the birth certificate as the [child's father] child adoptee's
12696	parent, with the knowledge and consent of the <u>birth</u> mother;
12697	(g) [a person] any individual who is:
12698	(i) openly living in the same household with the child adoptee at the time the consent
12699	is executed or relinquishment made; and
12700	(ii) holding [himself] the individual out to be the [child's father] child adoptee's parent;
12701	and
12702	(h) [any person] an individual who is married to the [ehild's] child adoptee's birth mother
12703	at the time [she] the birth mother executes [her] the birth mother's consent to the
12704	adoption or relinquishes the child adoptee for adoption, unless the court finds that the
12705	mother's spouse is not the [ehild's father] child adoptee's parent under Section [
12706	78B-15-607] <u>81-5-607</u> .
12707	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) and (c), the petitioner may serve the
12708	notice described in Subsection (1) at any time after the petition for the adoption
12709	proceeding is filed.
12710	(b) The petitioner may not serve the notice described in Subsection (2)(a) on a birth
12711	mother before the birth mother has given birth to the minor child who is the subject
12712	of the petition.
12713	(c) The petitioner shall serve the notice described in Subsection (1) at least 30 days prior
12714	to the final dispositional hearing.
12715	(3)(a) An unmarried biological father, by virtue of the fact that the unmarried biological
12716	father has engaged in a sexual relationship with a woman:
12717	(i) is considered to be on notice that a pregnancy and an adoption proceeding
12713 12714 12715 12716	 (c) The petitioner shall serve the notice described in Subsection (1) at least 30 days prior to the final dispositional hearing. (3)(a) An unmarried biological father, by virtue of the fact that the unmarried biological father has engaged in a sexual relationship with a woman:

12718	regarding a minor child may occur; and
12719	(ii) has a duty to protect the unmarried biological father's own rights and interests.
12720	(b) An unmarried biological father is entitled to actual notice of a birth or an adoption
12721	proceeding with regard to the unmarried biological father's minor child only as
12722	provided in this section or Section 81-13-209.
12723	[(a)] (c) In order to preserve any right to notice, an unmarried biological father shall,
12724	consistent with Subsection $[(3)(d)]$ (3)(f):
12725	(i) initiate proceedings in a [district court of Utah to establish paternity under Title
12726	78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act] court with jurisdiction under Title
12727	78A, Judiciary and Judicial Administration, to establish parentage under Chapter
12728	5, Uniform Parentage Act; and
12729	(ii) file a notice of commencement of the proceedings described in Subsection [
12730	(3)(a)(i) with the office of vital statistics within the Department of Health and
12731	Human Services] $(3)(c)(i)$ with the office.
12732	[(b) If the unmarried, biological father does not know the county in which the birth
12733	mother resides, he may initiate his action in any county, subject to a change in trial
12734	pursuant to Section 78B-3a-201.]
12735	(d) Notwithstanding Section 81-13-102 or Title 78B, Chapter 3a, Venue for Civil
12736	Actions, an unmarried biological father may initiate an action described in
12737	Subsection (3)(c) in any county if the unmarried biological father does not know the
12738	county in which the birth mother resides.
12739	[(c)] (e) The Department of Health and Human Services shall provide forms for the
12740	purpose of filing the notice described in Subsection [(3)(a)(ii)] (3)(c)(ii), and make
12741	those forms available in the office of the county health department in each county.
12742	[(d)] (f) When the [state registrar of vital statistics] office receives a completed form, the [
12743	registrar] office shall:
12744	(i) record the date and time the form was received; and
12745	(ii) immediately enter the information provided by the unmarried biological father in
12746	the confidential registry [established by Subsection 78B-6-121(3)(c)] described in
12747	Subsection 81-13-213(4)(c).
12748	[(e)] (g) [The action and notice described in Subsection (3)(a):]
12749	(i) [may be filed] An unmarried biological father may file the action and notice
12750	described in Subsection (3)(c) before or after the minor child's birth[; and].
12751	(ii) [shall be filed prior to] An unmarried biological father shall file the action and

12752	notice described in Subsection (3)(c) before the mother's:
12753	(A) execution of consent to adoption of the <u>minor</u> child; or
12754	(B) relinquishment of the <u>minor</u> child for adoption.
12755	(h) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), an unmarried biological father is not entitled to
12756	notice of an adoption proceeding in a case where it is shown that the minor child was
12757	conceived as a result of conduct that constitutes a sexual offense under Title 76,
12758	Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, or under the laws of the state where the minor
12759	child was conceived, regardless of whether the unmarried biological father is
12760	formally charged with or convicted of a criminal offense.
12761	(4) Notice provided in accordance with this section need not disclose the name of the <u>birth</u>
12762	mother of the minor child who is the subject of an adoption proceeding.
12763	(5) The notice required by this section:
12764	[(a) may be served at any time after the petition for adoption is filed, but may not be
12765	served on a birth mother before she has given birth to the child who is the subject of
12766	the petition for adoption;]
12767	[(b) shall be served at least 30 days prior to the final dispositional hearing;]
12768	[(c)] (a) shall specifically state that the person served shall fulfill the requirements of
12769	Subsection (6)(a) within 30 days after the day on which the person receives service if
12770	the person intends to intervene in or contest the adoption;
12771	[(d)] (b) shall state the consequences, described in Subsection (6)(b), for failure of a
12772	person to file a motion for relief within 30 days after the day on which the person is
12773	served with notice of an adoption proceeding;
12774	[(e)] (c) is not required to include, [nor] or be accompanied by, a summons or a copy of
12775	the petition for adoption;
12776	[(f)] (d) shall state where the person may obtain a copy of the petition for adoption; and
12777	$\left[\frac{(g)}{(g)}\right]$ (e) shall indicate the right to the appointment of counsel for a party whom the court
12778	determines is indigent and at risk of losing the party's parental rights.
12779	(6)(a) A person who has been served with notice of an adoption proceeding and who
12780	wishes to contest the adoption shall file a motion to intervene in the adoption
12781	proceeding:
12782	(i) within 30 days after the day on which the person was served with notice of the
12783	adoption proceeding;
12784	(ii) setting forth specific relief sought; and
12785	(iii) accompanied by a memorandum specifying the factual and legal grounds upon

12786	which the motion is based.
12787	(b) A person who fails to fully and strictly comply with all of the requirements described
12788	in Subsection (6)(a) within 30 days after the day on which the person was served with
12789	notice of the adoption proceeding:
12790	(i) waives any right to further notice in connection with the adoption;
12791	(ii) forfeits all rights in relation to the adoptee; and
12792	(iii) is barred from thereafter bringing or maintaining any action to assert any interest
12793	in the adoptee.
12794	(7) [Service of notice under this section shall be made as follows:]
12795	(a)(i) Subject to Subsection [$(5)(e)$, service on] $(5)(c)$, the petitioner shall serve a
12796	person whose consent is necessary under Section [78B-6-120 or 78B-6-121 shall
12797	be] 81-13-212 or 81-13-213 in accordance with [the provisions of]the Utah Rules
12798	of Civil Procedure.
12799	(ii) If service of a person described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is by publication, the court
12800	shall designate the content of the notice regarding the identity of the parties.
12801	(iii) The notice described in this Subsection (7)(a) may not include the name of a
12802	person seeking to adopt the adoptee.
12803	(b)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b)(ii) to any other person for whom
12804	notice is required under this section, service by certified mail, return receipt
12805	requested, is sufficient.
12806	(ii) If the service described in Subsection (7)(b)(i) cannot be completed after two
12807	attempts, the court may issue an order providing for service by publication,
12808	posting, or by any other manner of service.
12809	(c) Notice to [a person] an individual, who has initiated a [paternity] parentage
12810	proceeding and filed notice of that action with the [state registrar of vital statistics in
12811	the Department of Health and Human Services] office in accordance with the
12812	requirements of Subsection (3), shall be served by certified mail, return receipt
12813	requested, at the last address filed with the [registrar] office.
12814	(8) The notice required by this section may be waived in writing by the person entitled to
12815	receive notice.
12816	(9) Proof of service of notice on all persons for whom notice is required by this section
12817	shall be filed with the court before the final dispositional hearing on the adoption.
12818	(10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither the notice of an adoption
12819	proceeding nor any process in that proceeding is required to contain the name of the

12820	person or persons seeking to adopt the <u>child</u> adoptee.
12821	(11) Except as to those persons whose consent to an adoption is required under Section [
12822	78B-6-120 or 78B-6-121] 81-13-212 or 81-13-213, the sole purpose of notice under this
12823	section is to enable the person served to:
12824	(a) intervene in the adoption; and
12825	(b) present evidence to the court relevant to the best interest of the child <u>adoptee</u> .
12826	Section 341. Section 81-13-208 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-110.1 is renumbered
12827	and amended to read:
12828	[78B-6-110.1] <u>81-13-208</u> . Prebirth notice to birth father of intent to place a
12829	minor child for adoption.
12830	(1) As used in this section, "birth father" means:
12831	(a) a potential [biological] birth father; or
12832	(b) an unmarried biological father.
12833	(2) Before the birth of a minor child, the following [individuals] persons may notify a birth
12834	father of the minor child that the birth mother of the minor child is considering an
12835	adoptive placement for the minor child:
12836	(a) the <u>minor child's birth mother;</u>
12837	(b) a licensed child-placing agency;
12838	(c) an attorney representing a prospective adoptive parent of the <u>minor child</u> ; or
12839	(d) an attorney representing the <u>birth</u> mother of the <u>minor</u> child.
12840	(3) Providing a birth father with notice under Subsection (2) does not obligate the <u>birth</u>
12841	mother of the minor child to proceed with an adoptive placement of the minor child.
12842	(4) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall include the name, address, and telephone
12843	number of the person providing the notice[, and shall include] and the following
12844	information:
12845	(a) the <u>birth</u> mother's intent to place the <u>minor</u> child for adoption;
12846	(b) that the <u>birth</u> mother has named the person receiving this notice as a potential birth
12847	father of [her child] the minor child;
12848	(c) the requirements to contest the adoption, including taking the following steps within
12849	30 days after the day on which the notice is served:
12850	(i) initiating proceedings to establish or assert paternity in a [district court of Utah]
12851	court with jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial Administration,
12852	within 30 days after the day on which notice is served, including filing an affidavit
12853	stating:

12854	(A) that the birth father is fully able and willing to have full custody of the minor
12855	child;
12856	(B) the birth father's plans to care for the <u>minor</u> child; and
12857	(C) that the birth father agrees to pay for child support and expenses incurred in
12858	connection with the pregnancy and birth of the minor child; and
12859	(ii) filing a notice of commencement of [paternity] parentage proceedings with the [
12860	state registrar of vital statistics within the Utah Department of Health] office;
12861	(d) the consequences for failure to comply with Subsection (4)(c), including that:
12862	(i) the birth father's ability to assert the right, if any, to consent or refuse to consent to
12863	the adoption is irrevocably lost;
12864	(ii) the birth father will lose the ability to assert the right to contest any future
12865	adoption of the <u>minor</u> child; and
12866	(iii) the birth father will lose the right, if any, to notice of any adoption proceedings
12867	related to the <u>minor</u> child;
12868	(e) that the birth father may consent to the adoption, if any, within 30 days after the day
12869	on which the notice is received, and that [his] the birth father's consent is irrevocable;
12870	and
12871	(f) that no communication between the <u>birth mother of the minor</u> child and the birth
12872	father changes the rights and responsibilities of the birth father described in the notice.
12873	(5) If [the recipient of the notice described in Subsection (2)] a birth father does not fully
12874	and strictly comply with the requirements of Subsection (4)(c) within 30 days after the
12875	day on which [he] the birth father receives the notice, [he] the birth father will lose:
12876	(a) the ability to assert the right to consent or refuse to consent to an adoption of the
12877	minor child described in the notice;
12878	(b) the ability to assert the right to contest any future adoption of the minor child
12879	described in the notice; and
12880	(c) the right to notice of any adoption proceedings relating to the minor child described
12881	in the notice.
12882	(6) If [an individual] a person described in Subsection (2) chooses to notify a birth father
12883	under this section, the notice shall be served on a birth father in a manner consistent with
12884	the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure or by certified mail.
12885	Section 342. Section 81-13-209 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-110.5 is renumbered
12886	and amended to read:
12887	[78B-6-110.5] <u>81-13-209</u> . Declaration regarding each potential birth father for

12888	out-of-state birth mother and adoptive parents Putative father registry Notice to
12889	potential birth father.
12890	(1) The procedural and substantive requirements of this section [shall be] are required
12891	only to the extent that [they] the requirements do not exceed the requirements of the state
12892	of conception or the birth mother's state of residence.
12893	[(1)(a) For a child who is six months of age or less at the time the child is placed with
12894	prospective adoptive parents, the birth mother shall sign, and the adoptive parents
12895	shall file with the court, a declaration regarding each potential birth father, in
12896	accordance with this section, before or at the time a petition for adoption is filed with
12897	the court, if, at any point during the time period beginning at the conception of the
12898	child and ending at the time the mother executes consent to adoption or
12899	relinquishment of the child for adoption, neither the birth mother nor at least one of
12900	the adoptive parents has resided in the state for 90 total days or more, as described in
12901	Subsection (1)(c).]
12902	(2)(a) For a child adoptee who is six months old or younger at the time that the child
12903	adoptee is placed with the prospective adoptive parents and subject to the rights of a
12904	birth mother described in Subsection 81-13-202(7), the birth mother shall sign, and
12905	the prospective adoptive parents shall file with the court, a declaration regarding each
12906	potential birth father before or at the time a petition for adoption is filed with the
12907	<u>court.</u>
12908	(b) A declaration is not required under Subsection (2)(a) if the birth mother or one of the
12909	adoptive parents has resided in the state for 90 total days or more at any point during
12910	the time period beginning at the conception of the child adoptee and ending at the
12911	time that the birth mother executes consent to the adoption or relinquishment of the
12912	child adoptee for adoption.
12913	[(b)] (3) The child-placing agency or prospective adoptive parents shall search the putative
12914	father registry of each state where the birth mother believes the child adoptee may have
12915	been conceived and each state where the birth mother lived during her pregnancy, if the
12916	state has a putative father registry, to determine whether a potential birth father
12917	registered with the state's putative father registry.
12918	[(c)] (4) In determining whether the 90-day requirement described in Subsection (2) is
12919	satisfied, the following apply:
12920	[(i)] (a) the 90 days are not required to be consecutive;
12921	[(ii)] (b) no absence from the state may be for more than seven consecutive days;

12922	[(iii)] (c) any day on which the individual is absent from the state does not count toward
12923	the total 90-day period; and
12924	[(iv)] (d) the 90-day period begins and ends during a period that is no more than 120
12925	consecutive days.
12926	[(2)] (5) The declaration filed under Subsection $[(1)]$ (2) regarding a potential birth father
12927	shall include, for each potential birth father, the following information:
12928	(a) if known, the potential birth father's name, date of birth, social security number, and
12929	address;
12930	(b) with regard to a state's putative father registry in each state described in Subsection [
12931	(1)(b)] (<u>3)</u> :
12932	(i) whether the state has a putative father registry; and
12933	(ii) for each state that has a putative father registry, with the declaration, a certificate
12934	or written statement from the state's putative father registry that a search of the
12935	state's putative father registry was made and disclosing the results of the search;
12936	(c) whether the potential birth father was notified of:
12937	(i) the birth mother's pregnancy;
12938	(ii) the fact that he is a potential birth father; or
12939	(iii) the fact that the birth mother intends to consent to adoption or relinquishment of
12940	the child <u>adoptee</u> for adoption[,] in Utah;
12941	(d) each state where the birth mother lived during the pregnancy;
12942	(e) if known, the state in which the child <u>adoptee</u> was conceived;
12943	(f) whether the birth mother informed the potential birth father that she was traveling to
12944	or planning to reside in Utah;
12945	(g) whether the birth mother has contacted the potential birth father while she was
12946	located in Utah;
12947	(h) whether, and for how long, the potential birth father has ever lived with the child
12948	adoptee;
12949	(i) whether the potential birth father has given the birth mother money or offered to pay
12950	for any of [her] the birth mother's expenses during pregnancy or the [child's] child
12951	adoptee's birth;
12952	(j) whether the potential birth father has offered to pay child support;
12953	(k) if known, whether the potential birth father has taken any legal action to establish
12954	paternity of the child adoptee, either in Utah or in any other state, and, if known,
12955	what action [he] the potential birth father has taken; and

12956	(1) whether the birth mother has ever been involved in a domestic violence matter with
12957	the potential birth father.
12958	[(3)] (6) Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)]$ (8), based on the declaration regarding the
12959	potential birth father, the court shall order the birth mother to serve a potential birth
12960	father notice that she intends to consent or has consented to adoption or relinquishment
12961	of the child <u>adoptee</u> for adoption, if the court finds that the potential birth father:
12962	(a) has taken sufficient action to demonstrate an interest in the child adoptee;
12963	(b) has taken sufficient action to attempt to preserve [his] the potential birth father's legal
12964	rights as a birth father, including by filing a legal action to establish [paternity]
12965	parentage or filing with a state's putative father registry; or
12966	(c) does not know, and does not have a reason to know, that:
12967	(i) the mother or child <u>adoptee</u> are present in Utah;
12968	(ii) the mother intended to give birth to the child <u>adoptee</u> in Utah;
12969	(iii) the child <u>adoptee</u> was born in Utah; or
12970	(iv) the mother intends to consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child adoptee
12971	for adoption in Utah.
12972	[(4)] (7) Notice under this section shall be made in accordance with Subsections [
12973	78B-6-110(7) through (11).] 81-13-207(7) through (11).
12974	[(5)] (8) A court may only order the notice requirements in Subsection $[(3)]$ (6) to the extent
12975	that they do not exceed the notice requirements of:
12976	(a) the state of conception; or
12977	(b) the birth mother's state of residence.
12978	Section 343. Section 81-13-210, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-134 is renumbered
12979	and amended to read:
12980	[78B-6-134] <u>81-13-210</u> . Custody pending final decree.
12981	[(1)(a) A licensed child-placing agency, or a petitioner if the petition for adoption is filed
12982	before a child's birth, may seek an order establishing that the agency or petitioner shall
12983	have temporary custody of the child from the time of birth.]
12984	[(b) The court shall grant an order for temporary custody under Subsection (1)(a) upon
12985	determining that:]
12986	[(i) the birth mother or both birth parents consent to the order;]
12987	[(ii) the agency or petitioner is willing and able to take custody of the child; and]
12988	[(iii) an order will be in the best interest of the child.]
12989	[(c) The court shall vacate an order if, prior to the child's birth, the birth mother or birth

12990	parents withdraw their consent.]
12991	[(2)] (1) Except as otherwise provided by the court, once a petitioner has received the
12992	adoptee into [his] the petitioner's home and a petition for adoption has been filed, the
12993	petitioner is entitled to the custody and control of the child adoptee and is responsible
12994	for the care, maintenance, and support of the adoptee, including any necessary medical
12995	or surgical treatment, pending further order of the court.
12996	[(3)] (2)(a) Once [a child] a child adoptee has been placed with, relinquished to, or
12997	ordered into the custody of a child-placing agency for purposes of adoption, the
12998	agency shall have custody and control of the child adoptee and is responsible for [his]
12999	the child adoptee's care, maintenance, and support.
13000	(b) [The] Subject to Subsection (3)(c), the child-placing agency may delegate the
13001	responsibility for care, maintenance, and support, including any necessary medical or
13002	surgical treatment, to the petitioner once the petitioner has received the [child into his
13003	home. However, until] adoptee into the petitioner's home, including a temporary
13004	place of abode for the petitioner.
13005	(c) Until the final decree of adoption is entered by the court, the <u>child-placing</u> agency
13006	has the right to the custody and control of the child <u>adoptee</u> .
13007	(3)(a) A licensed child-placing agency, or a petition if the petition of adoption is filed
13008	before a child adoptee's birth, may seek an order establishing that the child-placing
13009	agency or petitioner shall have temporary custody of the child adoptee from the time
13010	of the child adoptee's birth.
13011	(b) The court shall grant an order for temporary custody under Subsection (3)(a) upon
13012	determining that:
13013	(i) the birth mother or both birth parents consent to the order;
13014	(ii) the child-placing agency or petitioner is willing and able to take custody of the
13015	child adoptee; and
13016	(iii) an order will be in the best interest of the child adoptee.
13017	(c) The court shall vacate an order if, before the child adoptee's birth, the birth mother or
13018	both birth parents withdraw consent to the order.
13019	Section 344. Section 81-13-211 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-119 is renumbered
13020	and amended to read:
13021	[78B-6-119] <u>81-13-211</u> . Counseling for parents.
13022	(1) As used in this section, "parent" means a person described in Subsections
13023	81-13-212(1)(b) through (f) for whom the consent or relinquishment of a minor child for

13024	the adoption is required.
13025	[(1)] (2) Subject to Subsection [(2)(a)] (3)(a), before relinquishing a minor child to a
13026	child-placing agency, or consenting to the adoption of a child adoptee, a parent of the
13027	child adoptee has the right to participate in, or elect to participate in, counseling:
13028	(a) by a licensed counselor or an adoption service provider selected by the parent
13029	participating in the counseling;
13030	(b) for up to three sessions of at least 50 minutes per session completed [prior to] before
13031	relinquishing a child adoptee or within [three months] 120 days following the
13032	relinquishment of a child adoptee; and
13033	(c) subject to Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ (3)(b), at the expense of the:
13034	(i) child-placing agency; or
13035	(ii) prospective adoptive parents.
13036	[(2)] (3)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(1)]$ (2), a parent who has the right to participate
13037	in the counseling [described in this section] under Subsection (1) may waive that right.
13038	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(1)(c)]$ (2)(c), the total amount required to be paid by a
13039	child-placing agency or the prospective adoptive parents for the counseling described
13040	in Subsection [(1)] (2) may not exceed \$400, unless an agreement for a greater
13041	amount is signed by:
13042	(i) the parent who receives the counseling; and
13043	(ii) the child-placing agency or prospective adoptive parents.
13044	[(3)] (4) Before a parent relinquishes a child adoptee to a child-placing agency, or consents
13045	to the adoption of a child adoptee, the parent shall be informed of the right described in
13046	Subsection (1) by the:
13047	(a) child-placing agency;
13048	(b) prospective adoptive parents; or
13049	(c) representative of a person described in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (4)(a) or (b).
13050	[(4)] (5) If the parent who is entitled to the counseling as described in Subsection (1) elects
13051	to attend one or more counseling sessions following the relinquishment of a child
13052	adoptee:
13053	(a) the parent of the child <u>adoptee</u> shall inform the child-placing agency or prospective
13054	adoptive parents of this election prior to relinquishing the child adoptee to a
13055	child-placing agency or consenting to the adoption of the child adoptee; and
13056	(b) the parent of the child <u>adoptee</u> and the child-placing agency or attorney representing
13057	a prospective adoptive parent of the child <u>adoptee</u> shall enter into an agreement to

13058	pay for the counseling in accordance with this section.
13059	[(5)] (6)(a) Subject to Subsections $[(3)(b)]$ (4)(b) and (c), before the day on which a final
13060	decree of adoption is entered, a statement shall be filed with the court that:
13061	(i) is signed by each parent who:
13062	(A) relinquishes the parent's parental rights; or
13063	(B) consents to the adoption; and
13064	(ii) states that, before the parent took the action described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(5)(a)(i)(A)}{(a)(i)(A)}\right]$
13065	(6)(a)(i)(A) or (B), the parent was advised of the parent's right to participate in the
13066	counseling described in this section at the expense of the:
13067	(A) child-placing agency; or
13068	(B) prospective adoptive parents.
13069	(b) The statement described in Subsection $[(5)(a)]$ (6)(a) may be included in the
13070	document that:
13071	(i) relinquishes the parent's parental rights; or
13072	(ii) consents to the adoption.
13073	(c) Failure by a person to give the notice described in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4), or pay for the
13074	counseling described in this section:
13075	(i) shall not constitute grounds for invalidating a:
13076	(A) relinquishment of parental rights; or
13077	(B) consent to adoption; and
13078	(ii) shall give rise to a cause of action for the recovery of damages suffered, if any, by
13079	the parent or guardian who took the action described in Subsection $[(5)(c)(i)(A)]$
13080	$(\underline{6})(\underline{c})(\underline{i})(\underline{A})$ or (B) against the person required to:
13081	(A) give the notice described in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4); or
13082	(B) pay for the counseling described in this section.
13083	Section 345. Section 81-13-212, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-120 is renumbered
13084	and amended to read:
13085	[78B-6-120] <u>81-13-212</u> . Necessary consent to adoption or relinquishment for
13086	adoption of a minor child Implied consent.
13087	(1) Except as provided in Subsection [(2), consent to adoption of a child, or relinquishment
13088	of a child for adoption, is required from] (2), the following persons are required to
13089	consent to an adoption of a minor child, or to relinquishment of a minor child, before an
13090	adoption of the minor child is granted:
13091	(a) [the adoptee, if the adoptee is more than 12 years old,] if the child adoptee is 12 years

13092	old or older, the child adoptee unless the child adoptee does not have the mental
13093	capacity to consent;
13094	(b) a man or woman who:
13095	(i) by operation of law under Section [78B-15-204] 81-5-204, is recognized as the
13096	father or mother of the proposed adoptee, unless:
13097	(A) the presumption is rebutted under Section [78B-15-607] 81-5-607;
13098	(B) at the time of the marriage, the man or woman knew or reasonably should
13099	have known that the marriage to the mother of the proposed child adoptee was
13100	or could be declared invalid; or
13101	(C) the man or woman was not married to the mother of the proposed $child$
13102	adoptee until after the mother consented to adoption, or relinquishment for
13103	adoption, of the proposed child adoptee; or
13104	(ii) is the [father] parent of the child adoptee by a previous legal adoption;
13105	(c) the <u>birth</u> mother of the <u>child</u> adoptee;
13106	(d) [a biological parent] an individual who has been adjudicated to be the [child's
13107	biological father by a court of competent jurisdiction prior to the] child adoptee's
13108	parent by a court with jurisdiction before the birth mother's execution of consent to
13109	adoption or [her] the birth mother's relinquishment of the child adoptee for adoption;
13110	(e) consistent with Subsection (3), [a biological parent] an individual who has executed
13111	and filed a voluntary declaration of paternity with the [state registrar of vital statistics
13112	within the Department of Health in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah
13113	Uniform Parentage Act, prior to the] office in accordance with Chapter 5, Uniform
13114	Parentage Act, before the birth mother's execution of consent to adoption or [her] the
13115	birth mother's relinquishment of the child adoptee for adoption;
13116	(f) an unmarried biological father[, of an] <u>of the child</u> adoptee, whose consent is not
13117	required under Subsection (1)(d) or (1)(e), [only if he] only if the unmarried
13118	biological father fully and strictly complies with the requirements of [Sections
13119	78B-6-121 and 78B-6-122] Section 81-13-213; and
13120	(g) the person or agency to whom an adoptee has been relinquished and that is placing
13121	the child <u>adoptee</u> for adoption.
13122	(2)[(a) The consent of a person described in Subsections (1)(b) through (g) is not
13123	required if the adoptee is 18 years old or older.]
13124	[(b)] The consent or relinquishment of [a person] an individual described in Subsections [
13125	(1)(b) through (f)] (1)(b) through (f) is not required if the [person's] individual's

13126	parental rights relating to the child adoptee have been terminated by a court.
13127	(3) For purposes of Subsection (1)(e), a voluntary declaration of paternity is considered
13128	filed when [it] the voluntary declaration is entered into a database that:
13129	(a) can be accessed by the Department of Health and Human Services; and
13130	(b) is designated by the [state registrar of vital statistics] office as the official database for
13131	voluntary declarations of paternity.
13132	(4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a person described in Subsection (1)
13133	may execute a consent or relinquishment at any time, including before the birth of the
13134	child adoptee.
13135	(b) A birth mother may not consent to the adoption of the child adoptee, or relinquish
13136	control or custody of the child adoptee, until at least 24 hours after the birth of the
13137	child adoptee.
13138	(c) A child adoptee may not execute a consent to an adoption until the child adoptee is at
13139	least 12 years old.
13140	(5)(a) A birth parent who is younger than 18 years old has the power to:
13141	(i) consent to the adoption of the birth parent's minor child; and
13142	(ii) relinquish the birth parent's control or custody of the minor child for adoption.
13143	(b) The consent or relinquishment described in Subsection (5)(a) is valid and has the
13144	same force and effect as a consent or relinquishment executed by a birth parent who
13145	is an adult.
13146	(c) A birth parent, who is younger than 18 years old and has executed a consent or
13147	relinquishment, cannot revoke that consent or relinquishment upon reaching 18 years
13148	old or otherwise becoming emancipated.
13149	(6) A consent or relinquishment is effective when the consent or relinquishment is signed
13150	and may not be revoked.
13151	(7)(a) As used in this Subsection (7):
13152	(i) "Abandonment" means failure of a birth parent, with reasonable knowledge of the
13153	pregnancy, to offer and provide financial and emotional support to the birth
13154	mother for a period of 180 days before the day on which the child adoptee is born.
13155	(ii) "Emotional support" means a pattern of statements or actions that indicate to a
13156	reasonable person that a birth parent intends to provide for the physical and
13157	emotional well-being of an unborn child adoptee.
13158	(b) A consent or relinquishment required by Subsection (1) may be implied by any of
13159	the following acts:

13160	(i) abandonment;
13161	(ii) leaving the child adoptee with a third party for 30 consecutive days without
13162	providing the third party with the birth parent's identification;
13163	(iii) knowingly leaving the child adoptee with another person for 180 consecutive
13164	days without providing for support, communicating, or otherwise maintaining a
13165	substantial relationship with the child adoptee; or
13166	(iv) receiving notification of a pending adoption proceeding as described in Section
13167	81-13-207, or of a termination proceeding described in Section 81-13-205, and
13168	failing to respond as required.
13169	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (7), a court may not:
13170	(i) determine that a birth parent abandoned the birth mother if the birth parent failed
13171	to provide financial or emotional support because the birth mother refused to
13172	accept support; or
13173	(ii) find that the birth parent failed to provide emotional support if the individual's
13174	failure was due to impossibility of performance.
13175	(d) Implied consent under this Subsection (7) may not be withdrawn.
13176	(e) Nothing in this Subsection (7) negates the requirements of Section 81-13-213 for an
13177	unmarried biological father.
13178	Section 346. Section 81-13-213 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-121 is renumbered
13179	and amended to read:
13180	[78B-6-121] <u>81-13-213</u> . Consent of unmarried biological father.
13181	(1) As used in this section, "qualifying circumstance" means that, at any point during the
13182	time period beginning at the conception of the child adoptee and ending at the time that
13183	the birth mother executes a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child adoptee
13184	for adoption:
13185	(a) the child adoptee or the child adoptee's birth mother resided on a permanent basis, or
13186	a temporary basis of no less than 30 consecutive days, in the state;
13187	(b) the birth mother intended to give birth to the child adoptee in the state;
13188	(c) the child adoptee was born in the state; or
13189	(d) the birth mother intended to execute a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the
13190	child adoptee for adoption in the state or under the laws of the state.
13191	[(1)] (2) Except as provided in [Subsections (2)(a) and 78B-6-122(1)] Subsections (3)(a) and
13192	(8), and subject to Subsections [(5) and (6), with regard to a child who is placed with
13193	prospective adoptive parents more than six months after birth,] (6) and (7), the consent of

13194	an unmarried biological father to the adoption of a child adoptee, who is placed with
13195	prospective adoptive parents more than 180 days after birth, is not required unless the
13196	unmarried biological father:
13197	(a)(i) developed a substantial relationship with the child <u>adoptee</u> by:
13198	(A) visiting the child adoptee monthly, unless the unmarried biological father was
13199	physically or financially unable to visit the child adoptee on a monthly basis; or
13200	(B) engaging in regular communication with the child adoptee or with the person
13201	or authorized agency that has lawful custody of the child adoptee;
13202	(ii) took some measure of responsibility for the child adoptee and the [child's] child
13203	adoptee's future; and
13204	(iii) demonstrated a full commitment to the responsibilities of parenthood by
13205	financial support of the child adoptee of a fair and reasonable sum in accordance
13206	with the <u>unmarried biological</u> father's ability; or
13207	(b)(i) if the child adoptee is younger than one year old, openly lived with the child
13208	adoptee immediately preceding placement of the child adoptee with the
13209	prospective adoptive parents for a period of at least 180 days during the period of
13210	time beginning on the day on which the child adoptee is born and ending on the
13211	day on which the child adoptee is placed with prospective adoptive parents;
13212	(ii) if the child adoptee is one year old or older, openly lived with the child adoptee
13213	immediately preceding placement of the child adoptee with the prospective
13214	adoptive parents for a period of at least 180 days during the one-year period
13215	immediately preceding the day on which the child adoptee is placed with
13216	prospective adoptive parents; or
13217	(iii) openly held himself out to be the father of the child adoptee during the 180-day
13218	period described in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii).
13219	[(b)(i) openly lived with the child:]
13220	[(A)(I) if the child is one year old or older, for a period of at least six months during
13221	the one-year period immediately preceding the day on which the child is placed with
13222	prospective adoptive parents; or]
13223	[(II) if the child is less than one year old, for a period of at least six months during the
13224	period of time beginning on the day on which the child is born and ending on the
	day
13225	on which the child is placed with prospective adoptive parents; and]
13226	[(B) immediately preceding placement of the child with prospective adoptive parents;

13227	and]
13228	[(ii) openly held himself out to be the father of the child during the six-month period
13229	described in Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A).]
13230	[(2)] (3)(a) If an unmarried biological father was prevented from complying with $[a]$
13231	requirement of Subsection (1)] a requirement described in Subsection (2) by the
13232	person or authorized agency having lawful custody of the child adoptee, the
13233	unmarried biological father is not required to comply with that requirement.
13234	(b) The subjective intent of an unmarried biological father, whether expressed or
13235	otherwise, that is unsupported by evidence that the requirements in Subsection $[(1)]$
13236	(2) have been met, shall not preclude a determination that the unmarried biological
13237	father failed to meet the requirements of Subsection $[(1)]$ (2).
13238	[(3)] (4) Except as provided in [Subsections (6) and 78B-6-122(1)] Subsections (7) and (8),
13239	and subject to Subsection [(5), with regard to a child who is six months old or less at the
13240	time the child is placed with prospective adoptive parents,] (6), the consent of an
13241	unmarried biological father to the adoption of a child adoptee, who is 180 days old or
13242	younger at the time that the child adoptee is placed with the prospective adoptive parents,
13243	is not required unless, [prior to the time the mother executes her] before the time that the
13244	birth mother executes the birth mother's consent for adoption or relinquishes the child
13245	adoptee for adoption, the unmarried biological father:
13246	(a) initiates proceedings in [a district court of Utah to establish paternity under Title
13247	78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act] a court with jurisdiction under Title
13248	78A, Judiciary and Judicial Administration, to establish parentage under Chapter 5,
13249	Uniform Parentage Act;
13250	(b) files with the court that is presiding over the [paternity] parentage proceeding a sworn
13251	affidavit:
13252	(i) stating that [he] the unmarried biological father is fully able and willing to have
13253	full custody of the child adoptee;
13254	(ii) setting forth [his] the unmarried biological father's plans for care of the child
13255	adoptee; and
13256	(iii) agreeing to a court order of child support and the payment of expenses incurred
13257	in connection with the <u>birth</u> mother's pregnancy and the [child's] child adoptee's
13258	birth;
13259	(c) consistent with Subsection [(4)] (5), files notice of the commencement of [paternity
13260	proceedings,] parentage proceedings described in Subsection [(3)(a)] (4)(a), with the [

13261	state registrar of vital statistics within the Department of Health and Human Services,]
13262	office in a confidential registry established by the [department] office for that
13263	purpose; and
13264	(d) offered to pay and paid, during the pregnancy and after the [child's] child adoptee's
13265	birth, a fair and reasonable amount of the expenses incurred in connection with the
13266	birth mother's pregnancy and the [child's] child adoptee's birth, in accordance with [his]
13267	the unmarried biological father's financial ability, unless:
13268	(i) [he] the unmarried biological father did not have actual knowledge of the
13269	pregnancy;
13270	(ii) [he] the unmarried biological father was prevented from paying the expenses by
13271	the person or authorized agency having lawful custody of the child adoptee; or
13272	(iii) the <u>birth</u> mother refused to accept the unmarried biological father's offer to pay
13273	the expenses described in this Subsection $[(3)(d)]$ (4)(d).
13274	[(4)] (5)(a) The notice described in Subsection $[(3)(c)]$ (4)(c) is considered filed when
13275	received by the [state registrar of vital statistics] office.
13276	(b) If the unmarried biological father fully complies with the requirements of Subsection [
13277	(3) (4), and an adoption of the child <u>adoptee</u> is not completed, the unmarried
13278	biological father shall, without any order of the court, be legally obligated for a
13279	reasonable amount of child support, pregnancy expenses, and child birth expenses, in
13280	accordance with [his] the unmarried biological father's financial ability.
13281	[(5)] (6) Unless [his] the unmarried biological father's ability to assert the right to consent
13282	has been lost for failure to comply with Section [78B-6-110.1] 81-13-208, or lost under
13283	another provision of Utah law, an unmarried biological father shall have at least one
13284	business day after the [child's] child adoptee's birth to fully and strictly comply with the
13285	requirements of Subsection [(3)] (4).
13286	[(6)] (7) [Consent] The consent of an unmarried biological father to the adoption of a child
13287	adoptee is not required under this section if:
13288	(a) the court determines, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of Title 80,
13289	Chapter 4, Termination and Restoration of Parental Rights, that the unmarried
13290	biological father's rights should be terminated, based on the petition of any interested
13291	party;
13292	(b)(i) a voluntary declaration of paternity declaring the unmarried biological father
13293	to be the father of the child <u>adoptee</u> is rescinded under Section [78B-15-306]
13294	<u>81-5-306;</u> and

13295	(ii) the unmarried biological father fails to comply with Subsection [(3)] (4) within 10
13296	business days after the day that notice of the rescission described in Subsection [
13297	(6)(b)(i)] (7)(b)(i) is mailed by the [Office of Vital Records within the Department
13298	of Health and Human Services] office as provided in Section [78B-15-306]
13299	<u>81-5-306;</u> or
13300	(c) the unmarried biological father is notified under Section [78B-6-110.1] 81-13-208
13301	and fails to preserve [his] the unmarried biological father's rights in accordance with
13302	the requirements of [that section] Section 81-13-208.
13303	(8) Notwithstanding Subsections (2) and (4), the consent of an unmarried biological father
13304	to the adoption of a child adoptee is required if:
13305	(a)(i) the unmarried biological father did not know, and through the exercise of
13306	reasonable diligence could not have known, before the time the birth mother
13307	executed a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child adoptee for adoption
13308	that a qualifying circumstance existed;
13309	(ii) before the birth mother executed a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the
13310	child adoptee for adoption, the unmarried biological father fully complied with the
13311	requirements to establish parental rights and duties in the child adoptee, and to
13312	preserve the right to notice of a proceeding in connection with the adoption of the
13313	child adoptee, imposed by:
13314	(A) the last state where the unmarried biological father knew, or through the
13315	exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, that the birth mother
13316	resided in before the birth mother executed the consent to adoption or
13317	relinquishment of the child adoptee for adoption; or
13318	(B) the state where the child adoptee was conceived; and
13319	(iii) the unmarried biological father has demonstrated, based on the totality of the
13320	circumstances, a full commitment to the unmarried biological father's parental
13321	responsibilities as described in Subsection (9); or
13322	(b)(i) the unmarried biological father knew, or through the exercise of reasonable
13323	diligence should have known, before the time the birth mother executed a consent
13324	to adoption or relinquishment of the child adoptee for adoption that a qualifying
13325	circumstance existed; and
13326	(ii) the unmarried biological father complied with the requirements of Subsections (2)
13327	through (7) before the later of:
13328	(A) 20 days after the day that the unmarried biological father knew, or through the

13329	exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, that a qualifying
13330	circumstance existed; or
13331	(B) the time that the birth mother executed a consent to adoption or
13332	relinquishment of the child adoptee for adoption.
13333	(9) When determining whether an unmarried biological father has demonstrated a full
13334	commitment to the unmarried biological father's parental responsibilities for purposes of
13335	Subsection (8)(a)(iii), a court shall consider the totality of the circumstances, including,
13336	if applicable:
13337	(a) the efforts the unmarried biological father has taken to discover the location of the
13338	child adoptee or the child adoptee's birth mother;
13339	(b) whether the unmarried biological father has expressed and demonstrated an interest
13340	in taking responsibility for the child adoptee;
13341	(c) whether, and to what extent, the unmarried biological father has developed, or
13342	attempted to develop, a relationship with the child adoptee;
13343	(d) whether the unmarried biological father offered to provide and, unless the offer was
13344	rejected, did provide, financial support for the child adoptee or the child adoptee's
13345	birth mother;
13346	(e) whether, and to what extent, the unmarried biological father has communicated, or
13347	attempted to communicate, with the child adoptee or the child adoptee's birth mother;
13348	(f) whether the unmarried biological father has timely filed legal proceedings to
13349	establish the unmarried biological father's parentage of, and take responsibility for,
13350	the child adoptee; and
13351	(g) whether the unmarried biological father has timely filed a notice with a public
13352	official or agency relating to:
13353	(i) the unmarried biological father's parentage of the child adoptee;
13354	(ii) legal proceedings to establish the unmarried biological father's parentage of the
13355	child adoptee; or
13356	(iii) other evidence that shows whether the unmarried biological father has
13357	demonstrated a full commitment to the unmarried biological father's parental
13358	responsibilities.
13359	(10) An unmarried biological father who does not fully and strictly comply with the
13360	requirements of this section is considered to have waived and surrendered any right in
13361	relation to the child adoptee, including the right to:
13362	(a) notice of any judicial proceeding in connection with the adoption of the child

13363	adoptee; and
13364	(b) consent, or refuse to consent, to the adoption of the child adoptee.
13365	(11) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the consent of an unmarried
13366	biological father is not required in a case where it is shown that the child adoptee was
13367	conceived as a result of conduct that constitutes a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter
13368	5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, or under the laws of the state where the child adoptee was
13369	conceived, regardless of whether the unmarried biological father is formally charged
13370	with or convicted of a criminal offense.
13371	[(7)] (12) Unless the child adoptee is conceived or born within a marriage, the petitioner in
13372	an adoption proceeding shall, [prior to] before entrance of a final decree of adoption, file
13373	with the court a certificate from the [state registrar of vital statistics within the
13374	Department of Health and Human Services] office, stating:
13375	(a) that a diligent search has been made of the registry of notices from unmarried
13376	biological fathers described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(3)(d)}{(d)}\right]$ (4)(c); and
13377	(b)(i) that no filing has been found pertaining to the <u>unmarried biological</u> father of
13378	the child <u>adoptee</u> in question; or
13379	(ii) if a filing is found, the name of the [putative] unmarried biological father and the
13380	time and date of filing.
13381	(13) Unless an individual who is an unmarried biological father has fully and strictly
13382	complied with the requirements of this section and Section 81-13-212, an out-of-state
13383	order that adjudicates parentage, or an out-of-state declaration or acknowledgment of
13384	paternity:
13385	(a) only has the effect of establishing that the individual is an unmarried biological
13386	father of the child adoptee to whom the order, declaration, or acknowledgment
13387	relates; and
13388	(b) does not entitle the individual to:
13389	(i) notice of any judicial proceeding related to the adoption of the child adoptee;
13390	(ii) the right to consent, or refuse to consent, to the adoption of the child adoptee; or
13391	(iii) the right to custody of, control over, or visitation with the child adoptee.
13392	Section 347. Section 81-13-214, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-124 is renumbered
13393	and amended to read:
13394	[78B-6-124] <u>81-13-214</u> . Persons who may take consents and relinquishments.
13395	(1) [A consent or relinquishment by a birth mother or an adoptee shall be signed before] A
13396	birth mother shall sign a consent or relinquishment, or a child adoptee shall sign a

13397	consent, before:
13398	(a) a judge of any court that has jurisdiction over adoption proceedings;
13399	(b) subject to Subsection (6), a person appointed by the judge described in Subsection
13400	(1)(a) to take consents or relinquishments; or
13401	(c) subject to Subsection (6), a person who is authorized by a child-placing agency to
13402	take consents or relinquishments[,] if the consent or relinquishment grants legal
13403	custody of the child adoptee to a child-placing agency or an extra-jurisdictional
13404	child-placing agency.
13405	(2) If the consent or relinquishment of a birth mother or <u>child</u> adoptee is taken out of state[
13406	it shall be signed] out-of-state, the birth mother or child adoptee shall sign the consent or
13407	relinquishment before:
13408	(a) subject to Subsection (6), a person who is authorized by a child-placing agency to
13409	take consents or relinquishments[,] if the consent or relinquishment grants legal
13410	custody of the child adoptee to a child-placing agency or an extra-jurisdictional
13411	child-placing agency;
13412	(b) subject to Subsection (6), a person authorized or appointed to take consents or
13413	relinquishments by a court of this state that has jurisdiction over adoption
13414	proceedings;
13415	(c) a court that has jurisdiction over adoption proceedings in the state where the consent
13416	or relinquishment is taken; or
13417	(d) a person authorized[, under the laws of the state where the consent or relinquishment
13418	is taken,] to take consents or relinquishments of a birth mother or <u>child</u> adoptee <u>under</u>
13419	the laws of the state where the consent or relinquishment is taken.
13420	(3) [The] A person described in Subsection 81-13-211(1) that is not the birth mother or the
13421	child adoptee may sign a consent or relinquishment [of any other person or agency as
13422	required by Section 78B-6-120 may be signed before a Notary Public] before a notary
13423	public or any person authorized to take a consent or relinquishment under Subsection (1)
13424	or (2).
13425	(4) A person, authorized by Subsection (1) or (2) to take consents or relinquishments, shall
13426	certify to the best of [his] the person's information and belief that the person executing
13427	the consent or relinquishment has read and understands the consent or relinquishment
13428	and has signed [it] the consent or relinquishment freely and voluntarily.
13429	(5) A person executing a consent or relinquishment is entitled to receive a copy of the
13430	consent or relinquishment.

13431	(6) A signature described in Subsection (1)(b), (1)(c), (2)(a), or (2)(b), shall be:
13432	(a) notarized; or
13433	(b) witnessed by two individuals who are not members of the birth mother's or the child
13434	adoptee's immediate family.
13435	(7) Except as provided in Subsection 26B-2-127(2), a transfer of relinquishment from one
13436	child-placing agency to another child-placing agency shall be signed before a [Notary
13437	Public] notary public.
13438	Section 348. Section 81-13-215 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-133 is renumbered
13439	and amended to read:
13440	[78B-6-133] 81-13-215 . Contested adoption of a minor child Rights of parties
13441	Determination of custody.
13442	(1) If [a person] an individual whose consent for an adoption of a minor child is required [
13443	pursuant to Subsection 78B-6-120(1)(b)] as described in Subsection 81-13-212(1)(b), (c),
13444	(d), (e), or (f) refused to consent, the court shall determine whether proper grounds exist
13445	for the termination of that [person's rights pursuant to the provisions of] individual's
13446	rights in accordance with this chapter or Title 80, Chapter 4, Termination and
13447	Restoration of Parental Rights.
13448	(2)(a) If there are proper grounds to terminate the [person's] individual's parental rights,
13449	the court shall order that the [person's] individual's rights be terminated.
13450	(b) If there are not proper grounds to terminate the [person's] individual's parental rights,
13451	the court shall:
13452	(i) dismiss the adoption petition;
13453	(ii) conduct an evidentiary hearing to determine who should have custody of the child
13454	adoptee; and
13455	(iii) award custody of the child adoptee in accordance with the [child's] child adoptee's
13456	best interest.
13457	(c) Termination of [a person's] an individual's parental rights does not terminate the right
13458	of a relative of the parent to seek adoption of the child <u>adoptee</u> .
13459	(3) Evidence considered at the custody hearing may include:
13460	(a) evidence of psychological or emotional bonds that the child adoptee has formed with
13461	a third person, including the prospective adoptive parent; and
13462	(b) any detriment that a change in custody may cause the child <u>adoptee</u> .
13463	(4) If the court dismisses the adoption petition, the fact that [a person] an individual
13464	relinquished a child adoptee for adoption or consented to the adoption may not be

considered as evidence in a custody proceeding described in this section, or in any
subsequent custody proceeding, that it is not in the [child's] child adoptee's best interest
for custody to be awarded to such person or that:
(a) the [person] individual is unfit or incompetent to be a parent;
 (a) the [person] <u>individual</u> has neglected or abandoned the child <u>adoptee;</u>
 (c) the [person] individual is not interested in having custody of the child adoptee; or
(d) the [person] individual has forfeited the [person's] individual's parental presumption.
 (d) the <u>person individual</u> has forfered the <u>person s</u> <u>individual s</u> parental presumption. (5) Any custody order entered [pursuant to] <u>under</u> this section may also:
(a) include provisions for:
(i) parent-time; or
(ii) visitation by an interested third party, including the prospective adoptive parent;
and
(b) provide for the financial support of the child <u>adoptee</u> .
(6)(a) If a person [or entity-]whose consent is required for an adoption under Subsection [
78B-6-120(1)(a)] <u>81-13-212(1)(a)</u> or (g) refuses to consent, the court shall proceed
with an evidentiary hearing and award custody as [set forth] described in Subsection
(2).
(b) The court may also finalize the adoption if doing so is in the best interest of the child
adoptee.
(7)(a) A person may not contest an adoption after the final decree of adoption is
entered, if that person:
(i) was a party to the adoption proceeding;
(ii) was served with notice of the adoption proceeding; or
(iii) executed a consent to the adoption or relinquishment for adoption.
(b) No person may contest an adoption after one year from the day on which the final
decree of adoption is entered.
(c) The limitations on contesting an adoption action, described in this Subsection (7),
apply to all attempts to contest an adoption:
(i) regardless of whether the adoption is contested directly or collaterally; and
(ii) regardless of the basis for contesting the adoption, including claims of fraud,
duress, undue influence, lack of capacity or competency, mistake of law or fact, or
lack of jurisdiction.
(d) The limitations on contesting an adoption action, described in this Subsection (7), do
not prohibit a timely appeal of:

13499	(i) a final decree of adoption; or
13500	(ii) a decision in an action challenging an adoption, if the action was brought within
13501	the time limitations described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b).
13502	(8) A court that has jurisdiction over a child adoptee for whom more than one petition for
13503	adoption is filed shall grant a hearing only under the following circumstances:
13504	(a) to a petitioner:
13505	(i) with whom the child <u>adoptee</u> is placed;
13506	(ii) who has custody or guardianship of the child <u>adoptee</u> ;
13507	(iii) who has filed a written statement with the court within [eight months] 240 days
13508	after the day on which the shelter hearing is held:
13509	(A) requesting immediate placement of the child adoptee with the petitioner; and
13510	(B) expressing the petitioner's intention of adopting the child <u>adoptee;</u>
13511	(iv) who is a relative with whom the child <u>adoptee</u> has a significant and substantial
13512	relationship and who was unaware, within [the first eight months] 240 days after
13513	the day on which the shelter hearing is held, of the [child's] child adoptee's
13514	removal from the [child's] child adoptee's parent; or
13515	(v) who is a relative with whom the child <u>adoptee</u> has a significant and substantial
13516	relationship and, in a case where the child <u>adoptee</u> is not placed with a relative or
13517	is placed with a relative that is unable or unwilling to adopt the child adoptee:
13518	(A) was actively involved in the [child's] child adoptee's child welfare case with
13519	the division or the juvenile court while the [child's] child adoptee's parent
13520	engaged in reunification services; and
13521	(B) filed a written statement with the court that includes the information described
13522	in Subsections (8)(a)(iii)(A) and (B) within 30 days after the day on which the
13523	court terminated reunification services; or
13524	(b) if the child <u>adoptee</u> :
13525	(i) has been in the current placement for less than 180 days before the day on which
13526	the petitioner files the petition for adoption; or
13527	(ii) is placed with, or is in the custody or guardianship of, an individual who
13528	previously informed the division or the court that the individual is unwilling or
13529	unable to adopt the child <u>adoptee</u> .
13530	(9)(a) If the court grants a hearing on more than one petition for adoption, there is a
13531	rebuttable presumption that it is in the best interest of a child <u>adoptee</u> to be placed for
13532	adoption with a petitioner:

13533	(i) who has fulfilled the requirements [described in Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah
13534	Adoption Act] of this chapter; and
13535	(ii)(A) with whom the child <u>adoptee</u> has continuously resided for [six months] <u>180</u>
13536	<u>days;</u>
13537	(B) who has filed a written statement with the court within [eight months] 240 days
13538	after the day on which the shelter hearing is held, as described in Subsection
13539	(8)(a)(iii); or
13540	(C) who is a relative described in Subsection (8)(a)(iv).
13541	(b) The court may consider other factors relevant to the best interest of the child adoptee
13542	to determine whether the presumption is rebutted.
13543	(c) The court shall weigh the best interest of the child adoptee uniformly between
13544	petitioners if more than one petitioner satisfies a rebuttable presumption condition
13545	described in Subsection (9)(a).
13546	(10) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the division or the [child's] child
13547	adoptee's guardian ad litem from appearing or participating in any proceeding for a
13548	petition for adoption.
13549	(11) The division shall use best efforts to provide a known relative with timely information
13550	relating to the relative's rights or duties under this section.
13551	Section 349. Section 81-13-216, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-146 is renumbered
13552	and amended to read:
13553	[78B-6-146] 81-13-216 . Postadoption contact agreement.
13554	(1) As used in this section:
13555	(a) "Postadoption contact agreement" means a document, agreed upon prior to the
13556	finalization of an adoption of a minor child in the custody of the division, that
13557	outlines the relationship between an adoptive parent, birth parent, or other birth
13558	relative, and [an adopted child] the minor child after the finalization of adoption.
13559	(b) "Other birth relative" means a grandparent, stepparent, sibling, stepsibling, aunt, or
13560	uncle of the [prospective adoptive child] child adoptee.
13561	(2)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, if a child adoptee in the
13562	custody of the division is placed for adoption, the prospective adoptive parent and
13563	birth parent, or other birth relative, may enter into a postadoption contact agreement
13564	as provided in this section.
13565	(b) A birth parent is not required to be a party to a postadoption contact agreement in
13566	order to permit an open adoption agreement between a prospective adoptive parent

13567	and another birth relative of the child <u>adoptee</u> .
13568	(3) In order to be legally enforceable, a postadoption contact agreement shall be:
13569	(a) approved by the court before the finalization of the adoption, with the court making a
13570	specific finding that the agreement is in the best interest of the child adoptee;
13571	(b) signed by each party claiming a right or obligation in the agreement; and
13572	(c) if the [adopted child] child adoptee is 12 years old or older, approved by the child
13573	adoptee.
13574	(4) A postadoption contact agreement shall:
13575	(a) describe:
13576	(i) visits, if any, that shall take place between the birth parent, other birth relative,
13577	adoptive parent, and [adopted child] child adoptee;
13578	(ii) the degree of supervision, if any, that shall be required during a visit between a
13579	birth parent, other birth relative, and [adopted child] child adoptee;
13580	(iii) the information, if any, that shall be provided to a birth parent, or other birth
13581	relative, about the [adopted child] child adoptee and how often that information
13582	shall be provided;
13583	(iv) the grounds, if any, on which the adoptive parent may:
13584	(A) decline to permit visits, described in Subsection $(4)(a)(i)$, between the birth
13585	parent, or other birth relative, and [adopted child] child adoptee; or
13586	(B) cease providing the information described in Subsection (4)(a)(iii) to the birth
13587	parent or other birth relative; and
13588	(b) state that following the adoption, the court shall presume that the adoptive parent's
13589	judgment about the best interest of the child adoptee is correct in any action seeking
13590	to enforce, modify, or terminate the agreement.
13591	(5) A postadoption contact agreement may not limit the adoptive parent's ability to move
13592	out of state.
13593	(6) A postadoption contact agreement may only be modified with the consent of the
13594	adoptive parent.
13595	(7) In an action seeking enforcement of a postadoption contact agreement:
13596	(a) an adoptive parent's judgment about the best interest of the child adoptee is entitled
13597	to a presumption of correctness;
13598	(b) if the party seeking to enforce the postadoption contact agreement successfully
13599	rebuts the presumption described in Subsection (7)(a), the court shall consider
13600	whether:

13601	(i) the parties performed the duties outlined in the open adoption agreement in good
13602	faith;
13603	(ii) there is a reasonable alternative that fulfills the spirit of the open adoption
13604	agreement without ordering mandatory compliance with the open adoption
13605	agreement; and
13606	(iii) enforcement of the open adoption agreement is in the best interest of the [
13607	adopted child] child adoptee; and
13608	(c) the court shall order the parties to attend mediation, if the presumption in Subsection
13609	(7)(a) is successfully rebutted and mediation is in the [ehild's] child adoptee's best
13610	interest.
13611	(8) An open adoption agreement that has been found not to be in the best interest of the [
13612	adopted child] child adoptee shall not be enforced.
13613	(9) Violation of an open adoption agreement is not grounds:
13614	(a) to set aside an adoption; or
13615	(b) for an award of money damages.
13616	(10) Nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that an open adoption agreement is
13617	required before an adoption may be finalized.
13618	(11) Refusal or failure to agree to a postadoption contact agreement is not admissible in any
13619	adoption proceeding.
13620	(12) The court that approves a postadoption contact agreement retains jurisdiction over
13621	modification, termination, and enforcement of an approved postadoption contact
13622	agreement.
13623	Section 350. Section 81-13-217 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-140 is renumbered
13624	and amended to read:
13625	[78B-6-140] <u>81-13-217</u> . Affidavit regarding fees and expenses before final decree
13626	of adoption of a minor child.
13627	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), before the date that a final decree of
13628	adoption for a child adoptee is entered, a prospective adoptive parent or, if the child
13629	adoptee was placed by a child-placing agency, the person or agency placing the child
13630	adoptee shall file with the court an affidavit regarding fees and expenses on a form
13631	prescribed by the Judicial Council in accordance with Subsection (2).
13632	(b) An affidavit filed pursuant to Subsection (1)(a) shall be signed by each prospective
13633	adoptive parent and, if the child adoptee was placed by a child-placing agency, the
13634	person or agency placing the child <u>adoptee</u> .

13635	(c) The court shall review an affidavit filed under this section for completeness and
13636	compliance with the requirements of this section.
13637	(d) The results of the court's review under Subsection (1)(c) shall be noted in the court's
13638	record.
13639	(2)(a) The Judicial Council shall prescribe a uniform form for the affidavit described in
13640	Subsection (1).
13641	(b) The uniform affidavit form shall require itemization of the following items in
13642	connection with the adoption:
13643	(i) all legal expenses that have been or will be paid to or on behalf of the preexisting
13644	parents of the child adoptee, including the source of payment;
13645	(ii) all maternity expenses that have been or will be paid to or on behalf of the
13646	preexisting parents of the child adoptee, including the source of payment;
13647	(iii) all medical or hospital expenses that have been or will be paid to or on behalf of
13648	the preexisting parents of the child adoptee, including the source of payment;
13649	(iv) all living expenses that have been or will be paid to or on behalf of the
13650	preexisting parents of the child adoptee, including the source of payment;
13651	(v) fees paid by the prospective adoptive parent or parents in connection with the
13652	adoption;
13653	(vi) all gifts, property, or other items that have been or will be provided to the
13654	preexisting parents, including the source and approximate value of the gifts,
13655	property, or other items;
13656	(vii) all public funds used for any medical or hospital costs in connection with the:
13657	(A) pregnancy;
13658	(B) delivery of the child <u>adoptee</u> ; or
13659	(C) care of the child <u>adoptee;</u> and
13660	(viii) if a child-placing agency placed the child <u>adoptee</u> :
13661	(A) a description of services provided to the prospective adoptive parents or
13662	preexisting parents in connection with the adoption;
13663	(B) all expenses associated with matching the prospective adoptive parent or
13664	parents and the birth mother;
13665	(C) all expenses associated with advertising; and
13666	(D) any other agency fees or expenses paid by an adoptive parent that are not
13667	itemized under one of the other categories described in this Subsection (2)(b),
13668	including a description of the reason for the fee or expense.

13669	(c) The uniform affidavit form shall require:
13670	(i) a statement of the state of residence of the:
13671	(A) birth mother or the preexisting parents; and
13672	(B) prospective adoptive parent or parents;
13673	(ii) a declaration that Section 76-7-203 has not been violated; and
13674	(iii) if the affidavit includes an itemized amount for both of the categories described
13675	in Subsections (2)(b)(iii) and (vii), a statement explaining why certain medical or
13676	hospital expenses were paid by a source other than public funds.
13677	(d) To satisfy the requirement of Subsection (1)(a), the court shall accept an affidavit
13678	that is submitted in a form accepted by the Office of Licensing within the Department
13679	of Health and Human Services if the affidavit contains the same information and is in
13680	a reasonably equivalent format as the uniform affidavit form prescribed by the
13681	Judicial Council.
13682	(3)(a) If a child-placing agency, that is licensed by this state, placed the child <u>adoptee</u> ,
13683	the child-placing agency shall provide a copy of the affidavit described in Subsection
13684	(1) to the Office of Licensing within the Department of Health and Human Services.
13685	(b) Before August 30 of each even-numbered year, the Office of Licensing within the
13686	Department of Health and Human Services shall provide a written report to the
13687	Health and Human Services Interim Committee and to the Judicial Council regarding
13688	the cost of adoptions in the state that includes:
13689	(i) the total number of affidavits provided to the Office of Licensing during the
13690	previous year;
13691	(ii) for each of the categories described in Subsection (2)(b):
13692	(A) the average amount disclosed on affidavits submitted during the previous
13693	year; and
13694	(B) the range of amounts disclosed on affidavits submitted during the previous
13695	year;
13696	(iii) the average total amount disclosed on affidavits submitted during the previous
13697	year;
13698	(iv) the range of total amounts disclosed on affidavits submitted during the previous
13699	year; and
13700	(v) any recommended legislation that may help reduce the cost of adoptions.
13701	(c) The Health and Human Services Interim Committee shall, based on information in
13702	reports provided under Subsection (3)(b) and in consultation with a consortium

13703	described in Subsection 26B-2-127(8), consider:
13704	(i) what constitutes reasonable fees and expenses related to adoption; and
13705	(ii) the standards that may be used to determine whether fees and expenses related to
13706	adoption are reasonable in a specific case.
13707	(4) The Judicial Council shall make a copy of each report provided by the Office of
13708	Licensing under Subsection (3)(b) available to each court that may be required to review
13709	an affidavit under Subsection (1)(c).
13710	(5) This section does not apply if the prospective adoptive parent is the legal spouse of a
13711	preexisting parent.
13712	Section 351. Section 81-13-218, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-136 is renumbered
13713	and amended to read:
13714	[78B-6-136] <u>81-13-218</u> . Final decree of adoption of a minor child Agreement
13715	by adoptive parent or parents.
13716	(1)(a) Before entering a final decree of adoption, the court shall examine separately
13717	each person appearing before the court in accordance with this chapter.
13718	(b) If the court is satisfied that the interests of the child adoptee will be promoted by the
13719	adoption, the court shall enter a final decree of adoption in accordance with Section
13720	81-13-219 declaring that:
13721	(i) the child adoptee is adopted by the adoptive parent or parents; and
13722	(ii) the child adoptee is regarded and treated in all respects as the child of the
13723	adoptive parent or parents.
13724	[(1)] (2) Except as provided in Subsection $[(2)]$ (3), before the court enters a final decree of
13725	adoption of a child adoptee:
13726	(a) the prospective adoptive parent or parents and the child adoptee being adopted shall
13727	appear before the appropriate court; and
13728	(b) the prospective adoptive parent or parents shall execute an agreement stating that the
13729	child adoptee shall be adopted and treated in all respects as the adoptive parent's or
13730	parents' own lawful child.
13731	[(2)] (3) [Except as provided in Subsection 78B-6-115(4), a] The court may waive the
13732	requirement [-]described in Subsection [(1)(a)] (2)(a) if:
13733	(a) the adoption is not contested;
13734	(b) the prospective adoptive parent or parents:
13735	(i) execute an agreement stating that the child adoptee shall be adopted and treated in
13736	all respects as the parent's or parents' own lawful child;

 (iii) file the agreement described in Subsection [(2)(b)(i)] (3)(b)(i) with the court; and (c) all requirements of this chapter to obtain a final decree of adoption are otherwise complied with. (4) At the time that a final decree of adoption is entered, the child adoptee may take the family name of the adoptive parent or parents. (5) After a final decree of adoption is entered, the adoptive parent or parents and the child adoptee shall: (a) sustain the legal relationship of a parent and child; and (b) have all the rights and be subject to all the duties of a parent-child relationship. Section 352. Section 81-13-219, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-136.5 is renumbered and amended to read: [78B-6-136.5] 81-13-219. Timing of entry of final decree of adoption of a minor child.
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and amended to read: [78B-6-136.5] <u>81-13-219</u> . Timing of entry of final decree of adoption of a minor
[78B-6-136.5] <u>81-13-219</u> . Timing of entry of final decree of adoption of a minor
child Posthumous adoption of a minor child.
(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) or (2), [a final decree of adoption may
not be entered] the court may not enter a final decree of adoption for a child adoptee
until the earlier of:
[(a)] (i) when the child adoptee has lived in the home of the prospective adoptive
parent for [three months] 90 days; or
[(b)] (ii) when the child adoptee has been placed for adoption with the prospective
adoptive parent for [three months] 90 days.
(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the court may enter a final decree of adoption at
an earlier or later time than described in Subsection (1) if the court finds that there is
good cause.
(2)(a) If the prospective adoptive parent is the spouse of the preexisting parent, [a final
decree of adoption may not be entered until the child] the court may not enter a final
decree of adoption for a child adoptee until the child adoptee has lived in the home of
that prospective adoptive parent for [six months, unless, based on a finding of good
cause, the court orders that the final decree of adoption may be entered at an earlier
time] <u>180 days</u> .
(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the court may enter a final decree of adoption at
an earlier time than described in Subsection (2)(a) if the court finds that there is good
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<u>cause.</u>
(

13771	adoption be entered at a later time than described in Subsection (1).]
13772	(3) The court [has authority to] may enter a final decree of adoption for a child adoptee after [
13773	a child's] the child adoptee's death upon the request of the prospective adoptive parent or
13774	parents of the child adoptee if:
13775	(a) the child adoptee dies during the time that the child adoptee is placed in the home of
13776	a prospective adoptive parent or parents for the purpose of adoption; or
13777	(b) the prospective adoptive parent is the spouse of a preexisting parent of the child
13778	adoptee and the child adoptee lived with the prospective adoptive parent before the [
13779	child's] child adoptee's death.
13780	(4) The court may enter a final decree of adoption for a child adoptee declaring that [a child]
13781	the child adoptee is adopted by:
13782	(a) both a deceased and a surviving adoptive parent if after the child adoptee is placed in
13783	the home of the [ehild's] child adoptee's prospective adoptive parents:
13784	(i) one of the prospective adoptive parents dies;
13785	(ii) the surviving prospective adoptive parent requests that the court enter the decree;
13786	and
13787	(iii) the decree is entered after the child adoptee has lived in the home of the
13788	surviving prospective adoptive parent for at least [three months] 180 days; or
13789	(b) a spouse of a preexisting parent if after the child <u>adoptee</u> has lived with the spouse of
13790	the preexisting parent:
13791	(i) the preexisting parent, or the spouse of the preexisting parent, dies;
13792	(ii) the preexisting parent, or the spouse of the preexisting parent, requests that the
13793	court enter the decree; and
13794	(iii) the child <u>adoptee</u> has lived in the same home as the spouse of the preexisting
13795	parent for at least [six months] 180 days.
13796	(5) Upon request of a surviving preexisting parent, or a surviving parent for whom adoption
13797	of a child <u>adoptee</u> has been finalized, the court may enter a final decree of adoption
13798	declaring that a child adoptee is adopted by a deceased adoptive parent who was the
13799	spouse of the surviving parent at the time of the prospective adoptive parent's death.
13800	(6) The court may enter a final decree of adoption declaring that a child <u>adoptee</u> is adopted
13801	by both deceased prospective adoptive parents if:
13802	(a) both of the prospective adoptive parents die after the child <u>adoptee</u> is placed in the
13803	prospective adoptive parents' home; and
13804	(b) it is in the best interests of the child <u>adoptee</u> to enter the decree.

13805 (7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to grant any rights to the preexisting parents 13806 of a child adoptee to assert any interest in the child adoptee during the [three-month or 13807 six-month] time periods described in this section. 13808 Section 353. Section 81-13-220, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-138 is renumbered 13809 and amended to read: 13810 [78B-6-138] 81-13-220. Effect of adoption of a minor child on pre-existing parent. 13811 (1) A pre-existing parent of [an adopted child] a child adoptee: 13812 (a) is released from all parental rights and duties toward and all responsibilities for the [13813 adopted child] child adoptee, including residual parental rights and duties, as defined 13814 in Section 80-1-102[, and]; and 13815 (b) has no further parental rights or duties with regard to [that adopted child] the child adoptee at the earlier of: 13816 13817 $\left[\frac{(a)}{(a)}\right]$ (i) the time the pre-existing parent's parental rights are terminated; or 13818 [(b)] (ii) except as provided in Subsection (2), and subject to Subsections (3) and (4), 13819 the time the final decree of adoption is entered. 13820 (2) The parental rights and duties of a pre-existing parent who, at the time the child adoptee 13821 is adopted, is lawfully married to the [person adopting the child] individual adopting the 13822 child adoptee are not released under Subsection (1)(b). 13823 (3) The parental rights and duties of a pre-existing parent who, at the time the child adoptee 13824 is adopted, is not lawfully married to the [person adopting the child] individual adopting 13825 the child adoptee are released under Subsection (1)(b). 13826 (4)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the court may allow a prospective 13827 adoptive parent to adopt a child adoptee without releasing the pre-existing parent 13828 from parental rights and duties under Subsection (1)(b), if: 13829 (i) the pre-existing parent and the prospective adoptive parent were lawfully married 13830 at some time during the [child's] child adoptee's life; 13831 (ii) the pre-existing parent consents to the prospective adoptive parent's adoption of 13832 the [ehild,] child adoptee or is unable to consent because the pre-existing parent is 13833 deceased or incapacitated; 13834 (iii) notice of the adoption proceeding is provided in accordance with Section [13835 78B-6-110] 81-13-207; (iv) consent to the adoption is provided in accordance with [Section 78B-6-120] 13836 13837 Section 81-13-212; and 13838 (v) the court finds that it is in the best interest of the child adoptee to grant the

13839	adoption without releasing the pre-existing parent from parental rights and duties.
13840	(b) This Subsection (4) does not permit a child adoptee to have more than two [natural
13841	parents, as that term is defined in Section 80-1-102] parents.
13842	(5) This section may not be construed as terminating any child support obligation of a
13843	parent incurred before the adoption.
13844	Section 354. Section 81-13-301 is enacted to read:
13845	Part 3. Adoption of an Adult
13846	81-13-301 . Definitions for part.
13847	Reserved.
13848	Section 355. Section 81-13-302, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-115 is renumbered
13849	and amended to read:
13850	[78B-6-115] <u>81-13-302</u> . Who may adopt an adult.
13851	[(1) As used in this section, "vulnerable adult" means:]
13852	[(a) an individual who is 65 years old or older; or]
13853	[(b) an adult who is 18 years old or older, and who has a mental or physical impairment
13854	that substantially affects that adult's ability to:]
13855	[(i) provide personal protection;]
13856	[(ii) provide necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, or medical or other health care;]
13857	[(iii) obtain services necessary for health, safety, or welfare;]
13858	[(iv) carry out the activities of daily living;]
13859	[(v) manage the adult's own resources; or]
13860	[(vi) comprehend the nature and consequences of remaining in a situation of abuse,
13861	neglect, or exploitation.]
13862	[(2) Subject to this section and Section 78B-6-117, any adult may be adopted by another
13863	adult.]
13864	[(3) The following provisions of this part apply to the adoption of an adult just as though
13865	the individual being adopted were a minor:]
13866	[(a)(i) Section 78B-6-108;]
13867	[(ii) Section 78B-6-114;]
13868	[(iii) Section 78B-6-116;]
13869	[(iv) Section 78B-6-118;]
13870	[(v) Section 78B-6-124;]
13871	[(vi) Section 78B-6-136;]
13872	[(vii) Section 78B-6-137;]

13873	[(viii) Section 78B-6-138;]
13873	[(ix) Section 78B-6-139;]
13875	[(x) Section 78B-6-141; and]
13876	[(xi) Section 78B-6-142;]
13877	[(b) Subsections 78B-6-105(1)(a), (1)(b)(i), (1)(b)(ii), (2), and (7), except that the juvenile
13878	court does not have jurisdiction over a proceeding for adoption of an adult, unless the
13879	adoption arises from a case where the juvenile court has continuing jurisdiction over the
13880	mature adoptee; and]
13881	[(c) if the mature adoptee is a vulnerable adult, Sections 78B-6-128 through 78B-6-131,
13882	regardless of whether the mature adoptee resides, or will reside, with the adopters,
13883	unless the court, based on a finding of good cause, waives the requirements of those
13884	sections.]
13885	[(4) Before a court enters a final decree of adoption of a mature adoptee, the mature
13886	adoptee and the prospective adoptive parent or parents shall appear before the court
13887	presiding over the adoption proceeding and execute consent to the adoption.]
13888	[(5) No provision of this part, other than those listed or described in this section or Section
13889	78B-6-117, apply to the adoption of an adult.]
13890	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), an adult may adopt another adult.
13891	(2) A married adult who is lawfully separated from the married adult's spouse may not
13892	adopt another adult without the consent of the married adult's spouse if the spouse is
13893	capable of giving consent.
13894	(3) An individual adopting an adult may not adopt the adult unless:
13895	(a) the individual is at least 10 years older than the adult; or
13896	(b) at least one individual of a married couple is at least 10 years older than the adult if a
13897	married couple is adopting the adult.
13898	(4) The placement requirements described in Part 4, Placement of a Minor Child or
13899	Vulnerable Adult for Adoption, apply to an adult adoptee that is a vulnerable adult
13900	regardless of whether the adult adoptee resides, or will reside, with the adoptive parents,
13901	unless the court waives the placement requirements upon a finding of good cause.
13902	Section 356. Section 81-13-303 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-116 is renumbered
13903	and amended to read:
13904	[78B-6-116] <u>81-13-303</u> . Notice of adoption of an adult.
13905	[(1)(a) Consent to the adoption of an adult is required from:]
13906	[(i) the mature adoptee;]

13907	[(ii) any person who is adopting the adult;]
13908	[(iii) the spouse of a person adopting the adult; and]
13909	[(iv) any legally appointed guardian or custodian of the adult adoptee.]
13910	[(b) No person, other than a person described in Subsection (1)(a), may consent, or
13911	withhold consent, to the adoption of an adult.]
13912	[(2)] (1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(2)(b)$, notice of a proceeding for the
13913	adoption of an adult shall be served on each person described in Subsection (1)(a)
13914	and the spouse of the mature adoptee.] $(1)(c)$, a petitioner in an adoption proceeding
13915	shall serve notice of the proceeding on:
13916	(i) the adult adoptee;
13917	(ii) the spouse of the petitioner if the petitioner is married;
13918	(iii) any legally appointed guardian or custodian of the adult adoptee; and
13919	(iv) the spouse of the adult adoptee if the adult adoptee is married.
13920	(b) The petitioner shall serve the notice described in Subsection (1)(a) at least 30 days
13921	before the day on which the adoption is finalized.
13922	[(b)] (c) The notice described in Subsection $[(2)(a)]$ (1)(a) may be waived, in writing, by
13923	the person entitled to receive notice.
13924	[(3)] (2) The notice described in Subsection $[(2)]$ (1):
13925	[(a) shall be served at least 30 days before the day on which the adoption is finalized;]
13926	[(b)] (a) shall specifically state that the person served must respond to the petition within
13927	30 days of service if the person intends to intervene in the adoption proceeding;
13928	[(c)] (b) shall state the name of the [person to be adopted] adult adoptee;
13929	[(d)] (c) may not state the name of a person adopting the [mature] adult adoptee, unless
13930	the person consents, in writing, to disclosure of the person's name;
13931	[(e)] (d) with regard to a person described in Subsection (1)(a):
13932	(i) except as provided in Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ (2)(a), shall be in accordance with the
13933	provisions of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and
13934	(ii) may not be made by publication; and
13935	[(f)] (e) with regard to the spouse of the [mature] adult adoptee, may be made:
13936	(i) in accordance with the provisions of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
13937	(ii) by certified mail, return receipt requested; or
13938	(iii) by publication, posting, or other means if:
13939	(A) the service described in Subsection $[(3)(f)(ii)] (2)(e)(ii)$ cannot be completed
13940	after two attempts; and

13941	(B) the court issues an order providing for service by publication, posting, or other
13942	means.
13943	[(4)] (3) Proof of service of the notice on each person to whom notice is required by this
13944	section shall be filed with the court before the adoption is finalized.
13945	[(5)] (4)(a) Any person who is served with notice of a proceeding for the adoption of an
13946	adult adoptee and who wishes to intervene in the adoption shall file a motion in the
13947	adoption proceeding:
13948	(i) within 30 days after the day on which the person is served with notice of the
13949	adoption proceeding;
13950	(ii) that sets forth the specific relief sought; and
13951	(iii) that is accompanied by a memorandum specifying the factual and legal grounds
13952	upon which the motion is made.
13953	(b) A person who fails to file the motion described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(5)(a)}{(4)(a)}\right]$ (4)(a) within
13954	the time described in Subsection $[(5)(a)(i)] (4)(a)(i)$:
13955	(i) waives any right to further notice of the adoption proceeding; and
13956	(ii) is barred from intervening in, or bringing or maintaining any action challenging,
13957	the adoption proceeding.
13958	[(6)] (5) Except as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6), after a court enters a final decree of
13959	adoption of an adult adoptee, the [mature] adult adoptee shall:
13960	(a) serve notice of the finalization of the adoption, [pursuant to] in accordance with the
13961	Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, on each person who was a legal parent of the adult
13962	adoptee before the final decree of adoption described in this Subsection [(6)] (5) was
13963	entered; and
13964	(b) file with the court proof of service of the notice described in Subsection [$(6)(a)$] (5)(a).
13965	[(7)] (6) A court may[, based on a finding of good cause,] waive the notification
13966	requirement described in Subsection [(6)] (5) upon a finding of good cause.
13967	Section 357. Section 81-13-304 is enacted to read:
13968	81-13-304 . Necessary consent to adoption of an adult Persons who may take
13969	consents.
13970	(1) The following persons are required to consent to an adoption of an adult adoptee before
13971	the adoption is granted:
13972	(a) the adult adoptee;
13973	(b) any individual who is adopting the adult adoptee:
13974	(c) the spouse of the individual adopting the adult adoptee if the individual is married;

13975	and
13976	(d) any legally appointed guardian or custodian of the adult adoptee.
13977	(2) An adult adoptee shall sign a consent before:
13978	(a) the court with jurisdiction over the adoption proceeding; or
13979	(b) a person appointed by the court to take the consent.
13980	(3) If the consent of the adult adoptee is taken out of state, the adult adoptee shall sign the
13981	consent before:
13982	(a) a person authorized or appointed to take a consent by a court of this state that has
13983	jurisdiction over adoption proceedings;
13984	(b) a court that has jurisdiction over adoption proceedings in the state where the consent
13985	is taken; or
13986	(c) a person authorized, under the laws of the state where the consent is taken, to take a
13987	consent of the adult adoptee.
13988	(4) A person other than the adult adoptee may sign the consent before a notary or any
13989	person authorized to take the consent as described in Subsection (2) or (3).
13990	(5) A person authorized by Subsection (2) or (3) to take a consent shall certify to the best of
13991	the person's information and belief that the person executing the consent has read and
13992	understands the consent and has signed the consent freely and voluntarily.
13993	(6) A person executing a consent is entitled to receive a copy of the consent.
13994	(7) A signature described in Subsection (2)(b) or (3)(a), shall be:
13995	(a) notarized; or
13996	(b) witnessed by two individuals who are not members of the adult adoptee's immediate
13997	family.
13998	Section 358. Section 81-13-305 is enacted to read:
13999	<u>81-13-305</u> . Final decree of adoption of an adult Agreement by adoptive parent
14000	or parents.
14001	(1) Before entering a final decree of adoption of an adult adoptee, the court shall examine
14002	separately each person appearing before the court in accordance with this chapter.
14003	(2) If the court is satisfied that the interests of the adult adoptee will be promoted by the
14004	adoption, the court shall enter a final decree of adoption declaring that:
14005	(a) the adult adoptee is adopted by the adoptive parent or parents; and
14006	(b) the adult adoptee is regarded and treated in all respects as the child of the adoptive
14007	parent or parents.
14008	(3) Before the court enters a final decree of adoption of an adult adoptee, the prospective

14009	adoptive parent or parents and the adult adoptee shall:
14010	(a) appear before the court;
14011	(b) execute a consent to the adoption as described in Section 81-13-304; and
14012	(c) execute an agreement stating that the adult adoptee shall be adopted and treated in all
14013	respects as the adoptive parent's or parents' own lawful child.
14014	(4) When a final decree of adoption is entered, the adult adoptee may take the family name
14015	of the adoptive parent or parents.
14016	(5) After a final decree of adoption is entered, the adoptive parent or parents and the adult
14017	adoptee shall:
14018	(a) sustain the legal relationship of a parent and child; and
14019	(b) have all the rights and be subject to all the duties of a parent-child relationship.
14020	Section 359. Section 81-13-306 is enacted to read:
14021	81-13-306 . Effect of adoption of an adult on pre-existing parent.
14022	(1) A pre-existing parent of an adult adoptee:
14023	(a) is released from all parental rights and duties toward and all responsibilities for the
14024	adult adoptee, including residual parental rights and duties, as defined in Section
14025	80-1-102; and
14026	(b) has no further parental rights or duties with regard to the adult adoptee at the earlier
14027	<u>of:</u>
14028	(i) the time the pre-existing parent's parental rights are terminated; or
14029	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2), and subject to Subsections (3) and (4), the
14030	time the final decree of adoption is entered.
14031	(2) The parental rights and duties of a pre-existing parent who, at the time the adult adoptee
14032	is adopted, is lawfully married to the individual adopting the adult adoptee are not
14033	released under Subsection (1)(b).
14034	(3) The parental rights and duties of a pre-existing parent who, at the time the adult adoptee
14035	is adopted, is not lawfully married to the individual adopting the adult adoptee are
14036	released under Subsection (1)(b).
14037	(4)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the court may allow a prospective
14038	adoptive parent to adopt an adult adoptee without releasing the pre-existing parent
14039	from parental rights and duties under Subsection (1)(b) if:
14040	(i) the pre-existing parent and the prospective adoptive parent were lawfully married
14041	at some time during the adult adoptee's life;
14042	(ii) the pre-existing parent consents to the prospective adoptive parent's adoption of

14043	the adult adoptee or is unable to consent because the pre-existing parent is
14044	deceased or incapacitated;
14045	(iii) notice of the adoption proceeding is provided in accordance with Section
14046	<u>81-13-303;</u>
14047	(iv) consent to the adoption is provided in accordance with Section 81-13-304; and
14048	(v) the court finds that it is in the best interest of the adult adoptee to grant the
14049	adoption without releasing the pre-existing parent from parental rights and duties.
14050	(b) This Subsection (4) does not permit an adult adoptee to have more than two parents.
14051	(5) This section may not be construed as terminating any child support obligation of a
14052	parent incurred before the adoption.
14053	Section 360. Section 81-13-401 is enacted to read:
14054	Part 4. Placement of a Minor Child or Vulnerable Adult for Adoption
14055	81-13-401 . Definitions for part.
14056	Reserved.
14057	Section 361. Section 81-13-402 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-131 is renumbered
14058	and amended to read:
14059	[7 8B-6-131] <u>81-13-402</u> . Placement of an adoptee in custody of state Priority
14060	placement.
14060 14061	placement. (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most
	-
14061	(1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most
14061 14062	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or
14061 14062 14063	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless:
14061 14062 14063 14064	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who:
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child;
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065 14066	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child; (ii) are willing to adopt the minor child; and
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065 14066 14067	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child; (ii) are willing to adopt the minor child; and (iii) are an appropriate placement for the minor child;
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065 14066 14067 14068	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child; (ii) are willing to adopt the minor child; and (iii) are an appropriate placement for the minor child; (b) the minor child is placed with a relative of the minor child;
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065 14066 14067 14068 14069	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child; (ii) are willing to adopt the minor child; and (iii) are an appropriate placement for the minor child; (b) the minor child is placed with a relative of the minor child; (c) the minor child is placed with an individual who has already developed a substantial
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065 14066 14067 14068 14069 14070	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child; (ii) are willing to adopt the minor child; and (iii) are an appropriate placement for the minor child; (b) the minor child is placed with a relative of the minor child; (c) the minor child is placed with an individual who has already developed a substantial relationship with the minor child;
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065 14066 14067 14068 14069 14070 14071	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child; (ii) are willing to adopt the minor child; and (iii) are an appropriate placement for the minor child; (b) the minor child is placed with a relative of the minor child; (c) the minor child is placed with an individual who has already developed a substantial relationship with the minor child; (d) the minor child is placed with an individual who:
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065 14066 14067 14068 14069 14070 14071 14072	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child; (ii) are willing to adopt the minor child; and (iii) are an appropriate placement for the minor child; (b) the minor child is placed with a relative of the minor child; (c) the minor child is placed with an individual who has already developed a substantial relationship with the minor child; (d) the minor child is placed with an individual who: (i) is selected by a birth parent or former parent of the minor child if the birth parent
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065 14066 14067 14068 14069 14070 14071 14072 14073	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child; (ii) are willing to adopt the minor child; and (iii) are an appropriate placement for the minor child; (b) the minor child is placed with a relative of the minor child; (c) the minor child is placed with an individual who has already developed a substantial relationship with the minor child; (d) the minor child is placed with an individual who: (i) is selected by a birth parent or former parent of the minor child; and
14061 14062 14063 14064 14065 14066 14067 14068 14069 14070 14071 14072 14073 14073	 (1) To provide a minor child, who is in the legal custody of the division, with the most beneficial family structure when the minor child is placed for adoption, the division or child-placing agency shall place the minor child with a married couple, unless: (a) there are no qualified married couples who: (i) have applied to adopt a minor child; (ii) are willing to adopt the minor child; and (iii) are an appropriate placement for the minor child; (b) the minor child is placed with a relative of the minor child; (c) the minor child is placed with an individual who has already developed a substantial relationship with the minor child; (d) the minor child is placed with an individual who: (i) is selected by a birth parent or former parent of the minor child; and (ii) the parent or former parent described in Subsection (1)(d)(i):

14077 (B) became aware of the individual with whom the minor child is placed through a 14078 source other than the division or the child-placing agency that assists with the 14079 adoption of the minor child; or 14080 (iii) it is in the best interests of the minor child to place the minor child with a single 14081 adult. 14082 [(1)] (2) Notwithstanding Sections [78B-6-128 through 78B-6-130] 81-13-403 through 14083 81-13-405, and except as provided in Subsection $\left[\frac{(2)}{2}, a \text{ child}\right]$ (3), an adoptee, who is a 14084 minor child or vulnerable adult in the legal custody of the state, may not be placed with 14085 a prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent, unless, before the [ehild] 14086 adoptee is placed with the prospective foster parent or the prospective adoptive parent: 14087 (a) a fingerprint based [FBI] Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history 14088 records check is conducted on the prospective foster parent, prospective adoptive 14089 parent, and any other adult residing in the household; 14090 (b) the Department of Health and Human Services conducts a check of the child abuse 14091 and neglect registry in each state where the prospective foster parent or prospective 14092 adoptive parent resided in the five years immediately preceding the day on which the 14093 prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent applied to be a foster parent 14094 or adoptive parent, to determine whether the prospective foster parent or prospective 14095 adoptive parent is listed in the registry as having a substantiated or supported finding 14096 of child abuse or neglect; 14097 (c) the Department of Health and Human Services conducts a check of the child abuse 14098 and neglect registry of each state where each adult living in the home of the 14099 prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent described in Subsection [14100 (1)(b) (2)(b) resided in the five years immediately preceding the day on which the 14101 prospective foster parent or prospective adoptive parent applied to be a foster parent 14102 or adoptive parent, to determine whether the adult is listed in the registry as having a 14103 substantiated or supported finding of child abuse or neglect; and 14104 (d) each person required to undergo a background check described in this section passes 14105 the background check, pursuant to the provisions of Section 26B-2-120. 14106 $\left[\frac{(2)}{2}\right]$ (3) The requirements under Subsection $\left[\frac{(1)}{2}\right]$ (2) do not apply to the extent that: 14107 (a) federal law or rule permits otherwise; or 14108 (b) the requirements would prohibit the division or a court from placing [a child] an 14109 adoptee, who is a minor child or vulnerable adult in the legal custody of the state, 14110 with:

14111	(i) a noncustodial parent, under Section 80-2a-301, 80-3-302, or 80-3-303; or
14112	(ii) a relative, under Section 80-2a-301, 80-3-302, or 80-3-303, pending completion
14113	of the background check described in Subsection $[(1)]$ (2).
14114	(4) When an adoption petition is to be finalized in this state with regard to any prospective
14115	adoptive parent who is not a resident of this state at the time an adoptee, who is a minor
14116	child or vulnerable adult, is placed in the prospective adoptive parent's home, the
14117	prospective adoptive parent shall comply with Sections 81-13-403 through 81-13-405.
14118	Section 362. Section 81-13-403 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-128 is renumbered
14119	and amended to read:
14120	[78B-6-128] 81-13-403 . Preplacement adoptive evaluations Exceptions.
14121	(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, [a child] an adoptee, who is a minor
14122	child or vulnerable adult, may not be placed in an adoptive home until a
14123	preplacement adoptive evaluation, assessing the prospective adoptive parent and the
14124	prospective adoptive home, has been conducted in accordance with the requirements
14125	of this section.
14126	(b) Except as provided in Section [78B-6-131] 81-13-402, the court may, at any time,
14127	authorize temporary placement of [a child] an adoptee, who is a minor child or
14128	vulnerable adult, in a prospective adoptive home pending completion of a
14129	preplacement adoptive evaluation described in this section.
14130	(c)(i) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if a pre-existing parent has legal custody of
14131	the [child] adoptee to be adopted and the prospective adoptive parent is related to
14132	that [child] adoptee or the pre-existing parent as a stepparent, sibling by half or
14133	whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin, unless the
14134	court otherwise requests the preplacement adoption.
14135	(ii) The prospective adoptive parent described in this Subsection (1)(c) shall obtain
14136	the information described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b), and file that
14137	documentation with the court prior to finalization of the adoption.
14138	(d)(i) The preplacement adoptive evaluation shall be completed or updated within
14139	the 12-month period immediately preceding the placement of [a child] the adoptee
14140	with the prospective adoptive parent.
14141	(ii) If the prospective adoptive parent has previously received custody of [a child] an
14142	adoptee, who is a minor child or vulnerable adult, for the purpose of adoption, the
14143	preplacement adoptive evaluation shall be completed or updated within the
14144	12-month period immediately preceding the placement of [a child] an adoptee,

14145	who is a minor child or vulnerable adult, with the prospective adoptive parent and
14146	after the placement of the previous [child] adoptee with the prospective adoptive
14147	parent.
14148	(2) The preplacement adoptive evaluation shall include:
14149	(a) a criminal history background check regarding each prospective adoptive parent and
14150	any other adult living in the prospective home, prepared no earlier than 18 months
14151	immediately preceding placement of the [child] adoptee in accordance with the
14152	following:
14153	(i) if the [child] adoptee is in state custody, each prospective adoptive parent and any
14154	other adult living in the prospective home shall submit fingerprints to the
14155	Department of Health and Human Services, which shall perform a criminal history
14156	background check in accordance with Section 26B-2-120; or
14157	(ii) subject to Subsection (3), if the [ehild] adoptee is not in state custody, an adoption
14158	service provider or an attorney representing a prospective adoptive parent shall
14159	submit fingerprints from the prospective adoptive parent and any other adult
14160	living in the prospective home to:
14161	(A) the [Criminal and Technical Services Division of Public Safety] Bureau of
14162	Criminal Identification within the Department of Public Safety for a regional
14163	and nationwide background check[, to] :
14164	(B) the Office of Background Processing within the Department of Health and
14165	Human Services for a background check in accordance with Section 26B-2-120[
14166	, or to] <u>; or</u>
14167	(C) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
14168	(b) a report containing all information regarding reports and investigations of child
14169	abuse, neglect, and dependency, with respect to each prospective adoptive parent and
14170	any other adult living in the prospective home, obtained no earlier than 18 months
14171	immediately preceding the day on which the [child] adoptee is placed in the
14172	prospective home, pursuant to waivers executed by each prospective adoptive parent
14173	and any other adult living in the prospective home, that:
14174	(i) if the prospective adoptive parent or the adult living in the prospective adoptive
14175	parent's home is a resident of Utah, is prepared by the Department of Health and
14176	Human Services from the records of the Department of Health and Human
14177	Services; or
14178	(ii) if the prospective adoptive parent or the adult living in the prospective adoptive

14179	parent's home is not a resident of Utah, prepared by the Department of Health and
14180	Human Services, or a similar agency in another state, district, or territory of the
14181	United States, where each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living
14182	in the prospective home resided in the five years immediately preceding the day
14183	on which the [child] adoptee is placed in the prospective adoptive home;
14184	(c) in accordance with Subsection (6), a home study conducted by an adoption service
14185	provider that is:
14186	(i) an expert in family relations approved by the court;
14187	(ii) a certified social worker;
14188	(iii) a clinical social worker;
14189	(iv) a marriage and family therapist;
14190	(v) a psychologist;
14191	(vi) a social service worker, if supervised by a certified or clinical social worker;
14192	(vii) a clinical mental health counselor; or
14193	(viii) an Office of Licensing employee within the Department of Health and Human
14194	Services who is trained to perform a home study; and
14195	(d) in accordance with Subsection (7), if the [child to be adopted is a child who] adoptee
14196	is in the custody of any public child welfare agency[, and is a child who] and has a
14197	special need as defined in Section 80-2-801, the preplacement adoptive evaluation
14198	shall be conducted by the Department of Health and Human Services or a
14199	child-placing agency that has entered into a contract with the department to conduct
14200	the preplacement adoptive evaluations for [children] adoptees with special needs.
14201	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), subject to Subsection (4), the criminal history
14202	background check described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) shall be submitted in a manner
14203	acceptable to the court that will:
14204	(a) preserve the chain of custody of the results; and
14205	(b) not permit tampering with the results by a prospective adoptive parent or other
14206	interested party.
14207	(4) In order to comply with Subsection (3), the manner in which the criminal history
14208	background check is submitted shall be approved by the court.
14209	(5) Except as provided in Subsection [78B-6-131(2)] 81-13-402(3), and in addition to the
14210	other requirements of this section, [before a child in state custody is placed with a
14211	prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent,]the Department of Health
14212	and Human Services shall comply with Section [78B-6-131] 81-13-402 before an

adoptee, who is a minor child or vulnerable adult in state custody, is placed with a
prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent.
(6)(a) An individual described in Subsections (2)(c)(i) through (vii) shall be licensed to
practice under the laws of:
(i) this state; or
(ii) the state, district, or territory of the United States where the prospective adoptive
parent or other person living in the prospective adoptive home resides.
(b) [Neither the] The Department of Health and Human Services[-nor], or any of the
department's divisions, may not proscribe who qualifies as an expert in family
relations or who may conduct a home study under Subsection (2)(c).
(c) The home study described in Subsection (2)(c) shall be a written document that
contains the following:
(i) a recommendation to the court regarding the suitability of the prospective adoptive
parent for placement of [a child] an adoptee who is a minor child or vulnerable
<u>adult;</u>
(ii) a description of in-person interviews with the prospective adoptive parent, the
prospective adoptive parent's children, and other individuals living in the home;
(iii) a description of character and suitability references from at least two individuals
who are not related to the prospective adoptive parent and with at least one
individual who is related to the prospective adoptive parent;
(iv) a medical history and a doctor's report, based upon a doctor's physical
examination of the prospective adoptive parent, made within two years before the
date of the application; and
(v) a description of an inspection of the home to determine whether sufficient space
and facilities exist to meet the needs of the [child] adoptee and whether basic
health and safety standards are maintained.
(7) Any fee assessed by the evaluating agency described in Subsection (2)(d) is the
responsibility of the adopting parent.
(8) The person conducting the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall, in connection with
the preplacement adoptive evaluation, provide the prospective adoptive parent with
literature approved by the [Division of Child and Family Services] division relating to
adoption, including information relating to:
(a) the adoption process;
(b) developmental issues that may require early intervention; and

14247	(c) community resources that are available to the prospective adoptive parent.
14248	(9) A copy of the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall be filed with the court.
14249	(10) A home study completed for the purposes of foster care licensing in accordance with
14250	Title 80, Chapter 2, Part 3, Division Responsibilities, shall be accepted by the court for a
14251	proceeding under this part.
14252	Section 363. Section 81-13-404, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-129 is renumbered
14253	and amended to read:
14254	[78B-6-129] 81-13-404 . Postplacement adoptive evaluations.
14255	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), a postplacement evaluation shall be
14256	conducted and submitted to the court [prior to] before the final hearing in an adoption
14257	proceeding for a minor child or a vulnerable adult.
14258	(2) The postplacement evaluation <u>under Subsection (1)</u> shall include:
14259	(a) verification of the allegations of fact contained in the petition for adoption;
14260	(b) an evaluation of the progress of the [child's] adoptee's placement in the adoptive
14261	home; and
14262	(c) a recommendation regarding whether the adoption is in the best interest of the [child]
14263	adoptee.
14264	[(2)] (3) The exemptions from and requirements for evaluations, described in Subsections [
14265	78B-6-128(1)(c)] 81-13-403(1)(c), (2)(c), (6), and (8), also apply to postplacement
14266	adoptive evaluations.
14267	[(3)] (4) Upon the request of the petitioner, the court may waive the postplacement adoptive
14268	evaluation, unless [it] the court determines that it is in the best interest of the [child]
14269	adoptee to require the postplacement evaluation.
14270	Section 364. Section 81-13-405 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-130 is renumbered
14271	and amended to read:
14272	[78B-6-130] <u>81-13-405</u> . Preplacement and postplacement adoptive evaluations
14273	Review by court.
14274	(1)(a) If the person conducting the preplacement adoptive evaluation or postplacement
14275	adoptive evaluation disapproves the adoptive placement, the court may dismiss the
14276	petition for adoption.
14277	(b) Upon request by a prospective adoptive parent, the court shall:
14278	(i) order that an additional preplacement adoptive evaluation or postplacement
14279	adoptive evaluation be conducted[, and shall] <u>; and</u>
14280	(ii) hold a hearing on the suitability of the adoption, including testimony of interested

14281	parties.
14282	(2) Before finalization of a petition for adoption the court shall review and consider the
14283	information and recommendations contained in the preplacement adoptive evaluation
14284	and postplacement adoptive evaluation described in Sections [78B-6-128 and 78B-6-129]
14285	<u>81-13-403 and 81-13-404</u> .
14286	(3) With respect to the home study required as part of the preplacement adoptive evaluation
14287	described in Subsection [78B-6-128(2)(c)] 81-13-403(2)(c), a court may review and
14288	consider information other than the information contained in the home study described
14289	in Subsection [78B-6-128(6)(c)] <u>81-13-403(6)(c)</u> .
14290	Section 365. Section 81-13-501 is enacted to read:
14291	Part 5. Post Adoption
14292	81-13-501 . Definitions for part.
14293	Reserved.
14294	Section 366. Section 81-13-502, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-104 is renumbered
14295	and amended to read:
14296	[78B-6-104] <u>81-13-502</u> . Applicability of part.
14297	(1) Sections [78B-6-143] 81-13-503 through [78B-6-145] 81-13-505 do not apply to [
14298	adoptions] an adoption of a minor child by a stepparent whose spouse is the adoptee's
14299	parent.
14300	(2) Sections [78B-6-143] 81-13-503 through [78B-6-145] 81-13-505 apply only to [
14301	adoptions of adoptees] an adoption of an adoptee born in this state.
14302	Section 367. Section 81-13-503, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-143 is renumbered
14303	and amended to read:
14304	[78B-6-143] <u>81-13-503</u> . Nonidentifying health history of adoptee filed with office
14305	Limited availability.
14306	(1)(a) Upon finalization of an adoption in this state of a minor child, the person who
14307	proceeded on behalf of the petitioner for adoption, or a child-placing agency if an
14308	agency is involved in the adoption, shall file a report with the office, in the form
14309	established by the office.
14310	(b) The report described in Subsection (1)(a) shall include a detailed health history, and
14311	a genetic and social history of the adoptee.
14312	(2) The report described in Subsection (1)(a) may not contain identifying information or
14313	any information that identifies the adoptee's [birth] pre-existing parents or members of
14314	their families.

14315	(3) When the report described in Subsection (1)(a) is filed, a duplicate report shall be
14316	provided to the adoptive parents.
14317	(4) The report described in Subsection (1)(a) shall only be available upon request, and upon
14318	presentation of positive identification, to the following persons:
14319	(a) the adoptive parents;
14320	(b) in the event of the death of the adoptive parents, the adoptee's legal guardian;
14321	(c) the adoptee;
14322	(d) in the event of the death of the adoptee, the adoptee's spouse[,] if the spouse is the
14323	parent or guardian of the adoptee's child;
14324	(e) the adoptee's child or descendant;
14325	(f) the adoptee's [birth] pre-existing parent; and
14326	(g) the adoptee's adult sibling.
14327	(5) No identifying information or information that identifies a [birth] pre-existing parent or
14328	the [birth] pre-existing parent's family may be disclosed under this section.
14329	(6) The actual cost of providing information under this section shall be paid by the person
14330	requesting the information.
14331	(7) A child-placing agency may provide a copy of the report described in Subsection (1)(a)
14332	and information in the child-placing agency's files, except identifying information, to [an
14333	adult adoptee, a birth] a child adoptee who is 18 years old or older, a pre-existing parent,
14334	or an adoptive parent.
14335	(8) Notwithstanding Subsection (7), identifying information may be released to the extent
14336	that the individual who is the subject of the information provides written authorization
14337	of the information's release.
14338	Section 368. Section 81-13-504, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-144 is renumbered
14339	and amended to read:
14340	[78B-6-144] 81-13-504 . Mutual-consent, voluntary adoption registry
14341	Procedures Fees.
14342	(1) As used in this section, "adopted individual" means a child adoptee who is 18 years old
14343	or older.
14344	[(1)] (2) The office shall establish a mutual-consent, voluntary adoption registry.
14345	(3)(a) An [adult adoptee] adopted individual or a [birth] pre-existing parent of an [adult
14346	adoptee] adopted individual, upon presentation of positive identification, may request
14347	identifying information from the office, in the form established by the office.
14348	(b) A court [of competent jurisdiction-]or a child-placing agency may accept that request

14349	from the [adult adoptee or birth] adopted individual or pre-existing parent, in the form
14350	provided by the office, and transfer that request to the office.
14351	(c) The [adult adoptee or birth] adopted individual or pre-existing parent is responsible
14352	for notifying the office of any change in information contained in the request.
14353	[(b)] (d) Except as otherwise provided in this [part] chapter, the office may only release
14354	identifying information to an [adult adoptee or birth] adopted individual or
14355	pre-existing parent when [it] the office receives requests from both the [adoptee and
14356	the adoptee's birth] adopted individual and the adopted individual's pre-existing parent.
14357	[(c)] (e) After matching the request of an [adult adoptee] adopted individual with that of
14358	at least one of the [adoptee's birth] adopted individual's pre-existing parents, the office
14359	shall notify both the [adult adoptee] adopted individual and the [birth] pre-existing
14360	parent that the requests have been matched, and disclose the identifying information
14361	to those parties. [However, if that adult adoptee]
14362	(f) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c) or (d), if an adopted individual has a sibling of the
14363	same [birth] <u>pre-existing</u> parent who is under [the age of 18 years,] <u>18 years old</u> and
14364	who was raised in the same family setting as the [adult adoptee] adopted individual,
14365	the office may not disclose the requested identifying information to that [adult
14366	adoptee] adopted individual or the [adoptee's birth] adopted individual's pre-existing
14367	parent.
14368	[(2)] (4)(a) [Adult adoptees and adult siblings of adult adoptees] An adopted individual
14369	or an adult sibling of an adopted individual, upon presentation of positive
14370	identification, may request identifying information from the office[,] in the form
14371	established by the office.
14372	(b) A court [of competent jurisdiction]or a child-placing agency may accept that request
14373	from the [adult adoptee] adopted individual or adult sibling[,] in the form provided by
14374	the office,[-]and transfer that request to the office.
14375	(c) The [adult adoptee] adopted individual or adult sibling is responsible for notifying the
14376	office of any change in information contained in the request.
14377	[(b)] (d) The office may only release identifying information to an [adult adoptee]
14378	adopted individual or adult sibling when [it] the office receives requests from both
14379	the [adult adoptee] adopted individual and the [adult adoptee's] adopted individual's
14380	adult sibling.
14381	[(c)] (e) After matching the request of an [adult adoptee] adopted individual with that of
14382	the [adoptee's] adopted individual's adult sibling, if the office determines that the

14383	office has sufficient information to make that match, the office shall notify both the [
14384	adult adoptee] adopted individual and the adopted individual's adult sibling that the
14385	requests have been matched, and disclose the identifying information to those parties.
14386	[(d)] (5) After receiving a request for information from an [adult adoptee and a birth]
14387	adopted individual and a pre-existing parent under this section, the office shall:
14388	[(i)] (a) search the office's vital records for the [adult adoptee's birth] adopted individual's
14389	pre-existing parent; and
14390	[(ii)] (b) if the search described in Subsection [(2)(d)(i)] (5)(a) reveals that the [birth]
14391	pre-existing parent who had requested information under this section is dead, inform
14392	the [adult adoptee] adopted individual that the [birth] pre-existing parent is dead and
14393	disclose the identity of the [birth] pre-existing parent.
14394	[(e)] (6) The office shall attempt to notify an individual who requests information under this
14395	section:
14396	[(i)] (a) of the results of the initial search for a match; and
14397	[(ii)] (b) if the initial search does not produce a match, that the office will keep the
14398	request on file and will attempt to notify the individual in the event of a match.
14399	[(3)] (7) Information registered with the office under this section is available only to a
14400	registered [adult adoptee] adopted individual and the [adoptee's registered birth] adopted
14401	individual's pre-existing parent or registered adult sibling[,] under the terms of this
14402	section.
14403	[(4)] (8) [Except as provided in Section 78B-6-141, the] The office may not disclose
14404	information regarding a [birth] pre-existing parent who has not registered a request with
14405	the office.
14406	[(5)] (9) Nothing in this section limits the disclosure of information in accordance with
14407	Section [78B-6-141] <u>81-13-103</u> .
14408	Section 369. Section 81-13-505, which is renumbered from Section 78B-6-144.5 is renumbered
14409	and amended to read:
14410	[78B-6-144.5] <u>81-13-505</u> . Adoption information Adoption records fees.
14411	(1)(a) The office may not disclose information maintained or filed with the office under
14412	this chapter unless the disclosure is permitted by this chapter or by a court order.
14413	(b) Any person who discloses information obtained from the office's voluntary adoption
14414	registry in violation of this part, or knowingly allows that information to be disclosed
14415	in violation of this chapter, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
14416	[(1)] (2)(a) The office shall, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, establish a fee to be

14417	paid by an individual who requests information or other services under Section [
14418	78B-6-141 or Section 78B-6-144] 81-13-103 or 81-13-504, and to cover the costs
14419	related to providing the information, services, and improvements described in
14420	Subsection (2).
14421	(b) The office may accept donations or grants from public or private entities to cover the
14422	costs related to providing the information, services, and improvements described in
14423	Subsection (2).
14424	[(2)] (3) The office shall deposit fees and donations collected under Subsection $[(1)]$ (2) into
14425	the General Fund as dedicated credits and may be used only to:
14426	(a) fund, automate, and improve the provision of services described in Sections [
14427	78B-6-141 and 78B-6-144] 81-13-103 and 81-13-504; or
14428	(b) implement means of maximizing potential matches for the services described in
14429	Sections [78B-6-141 and 78B-6-144] 81-13-103 and 81-13-504, including the use of
14430	broad search terms and methods.
14431	Section 370. Section 81-14-101, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-101 is renumbered
14432	and amended to read:
14433	CHAPTER 14. UNIFORM UNREGULATED CHILD CUSTODY TRANSFER ACT
14434	Part 1. General Provisions
14435	[78B-24-101] <u>81-14-101</u> . Definitions.
14436	As used in this chapter:
14437	[(1) "Child" means an unemancipated individual under 18 years old.]
14438	-
11120	[(2)] (1)(a) "Child-placing agency" means a person with authority under other law of this
14439	[(2)] (1)(a) "Child-placing agency" means a person with authority under other law of this state to identify or place a <u>minor</u> child for adoption.
14439	state to identify or place a <u>minor</u> child for adoption.
14439 14440	 state to identify or place a <u>minor</u> child for adoption. (b) "Child-placing agency" does not include a parent of a <u>minor</u> child.
14439 14440 14441	 state to identify or place a <u>minor</u> child for adoption. (b) "Child-placing agency" does not include a parent of a <u>minor</u> child. [(3)] (2) "Custody" means the exercise of physical care and supervision of a <u>minor</u> child.
14439 14440 14441 14442	 state to identify or place a <u>minor</u> child for adoption. (b) "Child-placing agency" does not include a parent of a <u>minor</u> child. [(3)] (2) "Custody" means the exercise of physical care and supervision of a <u>minor</u> child. [(4)] (3)(a) "Intercountry adoption" means an adoption or placement for adoption of a
14439 14440 14441 14442 14443	 state to identify or place a <u>minor</u> child for adoption. (b) "Child-placing agency" does not include a parent of a <u>minor</u> child. [(3)] (2) "Custody" means the exercise of physical care and supervision of a <u>minor</u> child. [(4)] (3)(a) "Intercountry adoption" means an adoption or placement for adoption of a <u>minor</u> child who resides in a foreign country at the time of adoption or placement.
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14450	[(7)] <u>(5)</u> "Record" means information:
14451	(a) inscribed on a tangible medium; or
14452	(b) stored in an electronic or other medium and retrievable in perceivable form.
14453	[(8)] (6)(a) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto
14454	Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any other territory or possession subject to
14455	the jurisdiction of the United States.
14456	(b) "State" includes a federally recognized Indian tribe.
14457	Section 371. Section 81-14-102, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-102 is renumbered
14458	and amended to read:
14459	[78B-24-102] 81-14-102 . Limitations on applicability.
14460	This chapter does not apply to custody of an Indian child, as defined in the Indian Child
14461	Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903, to the extent governed by the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25
14462	U.S.C. Sec. 1901 through 1963.
14463	Section 372. Section 81-14-201, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-201 is renumbered
14464	and amended to read:
14465	Part 2. Prohibition of Unregulated Custody Transfer
14466	[78B-24-201] <u>81-14-201</u> . Definitions for part.
14467	As used in this part:
14468	(1) "Guardian" means a person recognized as a guardian under other law of this state.
14469	(2) "Intermediary" means a person that assists or facilitates a transfer of custody of a minor
14470	child, whether or not for compensation.
14471	Section 373. Section 81-14-202, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-202 is renumbered
14472	and amended to read:
14473	[78B-24-202] <u>81-14-202</u> . Applicability.
14474	This part does not apply to a transfer of custody of a minor child by a parent or guardian
14475	of the <u>minor</u> child to:
14476	(1) a parent of the <u>minor</u> child;
14477	(2) a stepparent of the <u>minor</u> child;
14478	(3) an adult who is related to the minor child by blood, marriage, or adoption;
14479	(4) an adult who, at the time of the transfer, had a close relationship with the minor child or
14480	the parent or guardian of the minor child for a substantial period, and whom the parent
14481	or guardian reasonably believed, at the time of the transfer, to be a fit custodian of the
14482	minor child;
14483	(5) an Indian custodian, as defined in the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903, of
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- 14484 the <u>minor</u> child; or
- 14485 (6) a member of the <u>minor child's customary family unit recognized by the minor child's</u>
 14486 indigenous group.
- 14487 Section 374. Section **81-14-203**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-203 is renumbered 14488 and amended to read:

14489 [78B-24-203] 81-14-203 . Prohibited custody transfer.

- 14490 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a parent or guardian of a <u>minor</u> child, or an
- 14491 individual with whom a <u>minor</u> child has been placed for adoption, may not transfer
- 14492 custody of the <u>minor</u> child to another person with the intent, at the time of the transfer,
- 14493 to abandon the rights and responsibilities concerning the <u>minor</u> child.
- 14494 (2) A parent or guardian of a <u>minor child or an individual with whom a minor child has</u>
- been placed for adoption may transfer custody of the <u>minor</u> child to another person with
- 14496 the intent, at the time of the transfer, to abandon the rights and responsibilities
- 14497 concerning the <u>minor</u> child only through:
- 14498 (a) adoption or guardianship;
- 14499 (b) judicial award of custody;
- 14500 (c) placement by or through a child-placing agency;
- 14501 (d) other judicial or tribal action; or
- (e) safe relinquishment under Title 80, Chapter 4, Part 5, Safe Relinquishment of aNewborn Child.
- (3)(a) A person may not receive custody of a <u>minor</u> child, or act as an intermediary in a
 transfer of custody of a minor child, if the person knows or reasonably should know
- 14506 the transfer violates Subsection (1).
- (b) This subsection does not apply if the person as soon as practicable after the transfer,
 notifies the Division of Child and Family Services of the transfer or takes appropriate
- action to establish custody under Subsection (2).
- 14510 (4) A violation of this section is a class B misdemeanor.
- 14511 (5) A violation of Subsection (1) is not established solely because a parent or guardian that
- 14512 transfers custody of a <u>minor child does not regain custody</u>.
- 14513 Section 375. Section **81-14-204**, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-204 is renumbered 14514 and amended to read:

14515 [78B-24-204] 81-14-204 . Authority and responsibility of the Division of Child

- 14516 and Family Services.
- 14517 (1) If the Division of Child and Family Services has a reasonable basis to believe that a

14518	person has transferred or will transfer custody of a minor child in violation of Subsection [
14519	78B-24-203(1)] 81-14-203(1), the Division of Child and Family Services may conduct a
14520	home visit as provided by other law of this state and take appropriate action to protect
14521	the welfare of the <u>minor</u> child.
14522	(2) If the Division of Child and Family Services conducts a home visit for a minor child
14523	adopted or placed through an intercountry adoption, the Division of Child and Family
14524	Services shall:
14525	(a) prepare a report on the welfare and plan for permanent placement of the minor child;
14526	and
14527	(b) provide a copy of the report to the United States Department of State.
14528	(3) This chapter does not prevent the Division of Child and Family Services from taking
14529	appropriate action under law of this state.
14530	Section 376. Section 81-14-205 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-205 is renumbered
14531	and amended to read:
14532	[78B-24-205] <u>81-14-205</u> . Prohibited soliciting or advertising.
14533	(1) A person may not solicit or advertise to:
14534	(a) find a person to which to make a transfer of custody in violation of Subsection [
14535	78B-24-203(1)] <u>81-14-203(1);</u>
14536	(b) identify a minor child for a transfer of custody in violation of Subsection [
14537	78B-24-203(3)] <u>81-14-203(3);</u> or
14538	(c) act as an intermediary in a transfer of custody in violation of Subsection [
14539	78B-24-203(3)] <u>81-14-203(3)</u> .
14540	(2) A violation of this section is a class B misdemeanor.
14541	Section 377. Section 81-14-301, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-301 is renumbered
14542	and amended to read:
14543	Part 3. Information and Guidance
14544	[78B-24-301] <u>81-14-301</u> . Definitions for part.
14545	As used in this part, "prospective adoptive parent" means an individual who has been
14546	approved or permitted under other law of this state to adopt a minor child.
14547	Section 378. Section 81-14-302 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-302 is renumbered
14548	and amended to read:
14549	
14347	[78B-24-302] <u>81-14-302</u> . Scope.
14550	[78B-24-302] 81-14-302 . Scope. This part applies to placement for adoption of a <u>minor</u> child who:

14552 (2) previously has been adopted in a state; 14553 (3) has been or is being adopted under the law of a foreign country; 14554 (4) has come or is coming to a state from a foreign country to be adopted; 14555 (5) is not a citizen of the United States; 14556 (6) has an attachment or trauma-related disorder; or 14557 (7) suffered from prenatal exposure to alcohol or drugs. 14558 Section 379. Section 81-14-303, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-303 is renumbered 14559 and amended to read: 14560 [78B-24-303] 81-14-303 . General adoption information. 14561 (1) Within a reasonable time before a child-placing agency places a minor child for 14562 adoption with a prospective adoptive parent, the child-placing agency shall provide or 14563 cause to be provided to the prospective adoptive parent general adoption information. 14564 (2) The information under Subsection (1) shall address: 14565 (a) possible physical, mental, emotional, and behavioral issues concerning: 14566 (i) identity, loss, and trauma that a minor child might experience before, during, or 14567 after adoption; and 14568 (ii) a <u>minor child leaving familiar ties and surroundings;</u> 14569 (b) the effect that access to resources, including health insurance, might have on the 14570 ability of an adoptive parent to meet the needs of a <u>minor</u> child; 14571 (c) causes of disruption of an adoptive placement or dissolution of an adoption and 14572 resources available to help avoid disruption or dissolution; and 14573 (d) prohibitions under Sections [78B-24-203 and 78B-24-205] 81-14-203 and 81-14-205. 14574 Section 380. Section 81-14-304, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-304 is renumbered 14575 and amended to read: 14576 [78B-24-304] 81-14-304 . Information about a minor child. 14577 (1)(a) Except as prohibited by other law of this state, within a reasonable time before a 14578 child-placing agency places a minor child for adoption with a prospective adoptive 14579 parent, the agency shall provide or cause to be provided to the prospective adoptive 14580 parent information specific to the minor child that is known or reasonably obtainable 14581 by the child-placing agency and material to the prospective adoptive parents informed decision to adopt the minor child. 14582 14583 (b) The information under Subsection (1)(a) shall include: 14584 (i) the minor child's family, cultural, racial, religious, ethnic, linguistic, and 14585 educational background;

14586	(ii) the minor child's physical, mental, emotional, and behavioral health;
14587	(iii) circumstances that may adversely affect the minor child's physical, mental,
14588	emotional, or behavioral health;
14589	(iv) the minor child's medical history, including immunizations;
14590	(v) the medical history of the minor child's genetic parents and siblings;
14591	(vi) the history of an adoptive or out-of-home placement of the minor child and the
14592	reason the adoption or placement ended;
14593	(vii) the minor child's United States immigration status;
14594	(viii) medical, therapeutic, and educational resources, including language-acquisition
14595	training, available to the adoptive parent and minor child after placement or
14596	adoption to assist in responding effectively to physical, mental, emotional, or
14597	behavioral issues; and
14598	(ix) available records relevant to the information in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through
14599	(viii).
14600	(2) If, before an adoption is finalized, additional information under Subsection (1) that is
14601	material to a prospective adoptive parent's informed decision to adopt the minor child
14602	becomes known or reasonably obtainable by the child-placing agency, the child-placing
14603	agency shall provide the information to the prospective adoptive parent.
14604	(3) If, after an adoption is finalized, additional information under Subsection (1) becomes
14605	known to the child-placing agency, the child-placing agency shall make a reasonable
14606	effort to provide the information to the adoptive parent.
14607	Section 381. Section 81-14-305 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-305 is renumbered
14608	and amended to read:
14609	[78B-24-305] <u>81-14-305</u> . Guidance and instruction.
14610	(1) A child-placing agency placing a minor child for adoption shall provide or cause to be
14611	provided to the prospective adoptive parent guidance and instruction specific to the
14612	minor child to help prepare the parent to respond effectively to needs of the child [which]
14613	that are known or reasonably ascertainable by the child-placing agency.
14614	(2) The guidance and instruction under Subsection (1) shall address, if applicable:
14615	(a) the potential effect on the <u>minor</u> child of:
14616	(i) previous adoption or out-of-home placement;
14617	(ii) multiple previous adoptions or out-of-home placements;
14618	(iii) trauma, insecure attachment, fetal alcohol exposure, or malnutrition;
14619	(iv) neglect, abuse, drug exposure, or similar adversity;

14620	(v) separation from a sibling or significant caregiver; and
14621	(vi) a difference in ethnicity, race, or cultural identity between the minor child and
14622	the prospective adoptive parent or other <u>minor</u> child of the parent;
14623	(b) information available from the federal government on the process for the child to
14624	acquire United States citizenship; and
14625	(c) any other matter the child-placing agency considers material to the adoption.
14626	(3) The guidance and instruction under Subsection (1) shall be provided:
14627	(a) for adoption of a <u>minor</u> child residing in the United States, a reasonable time before
14628	the adoption is finalized; or
14629	(b) for an intercountry adoption, in accordance with federal law.
14630	Section 382. Section 81-14-306, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-306 is renumbered
14631	and amended to read:
14632	[78B-24-306] <u>81-14-306</u> . Information about financial assistance and support
14633	services.
14634	On request of a minor child who was placed for adoption or the minor child's adoptive
14635	parent, the child-placing agency placing the minor child or the Division of Child and Family
14636	Services shall provide information about how to obtain financial assistance or support services:
14637	(1) to assist the minor child or parent to respond effectively to adjustment, behavioral, and
14638	other challenges; and
14639	(2) to help preserve the placement or adoption.
14640	Section 383. Section 81-14-307, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-307 is renumbered
14641	and amended to read:
14642	[78B-24-307] <u>81-14-307</u> . Child-placing agency compliance.
14643	(1) The Division of Licensing and Background Checks, created in Section 26B-2-103, may
14644	investigate an allegation that a child-placing agency has failed to comply with this part
14645	and commence an action for injunctive or other relief or initiate administrative
14646	proceedings against the child-placing agency to enforce this part.
14647	(2)(a) The Office of Licensing may initiate a proceeding to determine whether a
14648	child-placing agency has failed to comply with this part.
14649	(b) If the Office of Licensing finds that the child-placing agency has failed to comply,
14650	the Office of Licensing may suspend or revoke the child-placing agency's license or
14651	take other action permitted by law of the state.
14652	Section 384. Section 81-14-308, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-308 is renumbered
14653	and amended to read:

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14654	[78B-24-308] <u>81-14-308</u> . Rulemaking by Division of Licensing and Background
14655	Checks.
14656	The Division of Licensing and Background Checks, created in Section 26B-2-103, may
14657	adopt rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement
14658	Sections [78B-24-303, 78B-24-304, 78B-24-305, and 78B-24-306] 81-14-303, 81-14-304,
14659	<u>81-14-305, and 81-14-306</u> .
14660	Section 385. Section 81-14-401 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-401 is renumbered
14661	and amended to read:
14662	Part 4. Applicability and Severability Provisions
14663	[78B-24-401] <u>81-14-401</u> . Uniformity of application and construction.
14664	In applying and construing this [uniform act] chapter, a court shall consider the
14665	promotion of uniformity of the law among jurisdictions that enact the uniform act.
14666	Section 386. Section 81-14-402 , which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-402 is renumbered
14667	and amended to read:
14668	[78B-24-402] <u>81-14-402</u> . Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and
14669	National Commerce Act.
14670	This chapter modifies, limits, or supersedes the Electronic Signatures in Global and
14671	National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede
14672	15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in 15
14673	U.S.C. Sec. 7003(b).
14674	Section 387. Section 81-14-403, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-403 is renumbered
14675	and amended to read:
14676	[78B-24-403] <u>81-14-403</u> . Transitional provisions.
14677	(1) Part 2, Prohibition of Unregulated Custody Transfer, applies to:
14678	(a) a transfer of custody on or after May 4, 2022; and
14679	(b) soliciting or advertising on or after May 4, 2022.
14680	(2) Part 3, Information and Guidance, applies to placement of a minor child for adoption
14681	more than 60 days after May 4, 2022.
14682	Section 388. Section 81-14-404, which is renumbered from Section 78B-24-404 is renumbered
14683	and amended to read:
14684	[78B-24-40 4] <u>81-14-404</u> . Severability.
14685	If a provision of this chapter or the provision's application to a person or circumstance is
14686	held invalid, the invalidity does not affect another provision or application that can be given
14687	effect without the invalid provision.

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14688	Section 389. Repealer.
14689	This bill repeals:
14690	Section 78B-6-101, Title.
14691	Section 78B-6-107, Compliance with the Interstate Compact on Placement of Children
14692	Compliance with the Indian Child Welfare Act.
14693	Section 78B-6-108, Alien child Evidence of lawful admission to United States
14694	required.
14695	Section 78B-6-111, Criminal sexual offenses.
14696	Section 78B-6-113, Prospective adoptive parent not a resident Preplacement
14697	requirements.
14698	Section 78B-6-114, Adoption by married persons Consent.
14699	Section 78B-6-118, Relative ages.
14700	Section 78B-6-120.1, Implied consent.
14701	Section 78B-6-122, Qualifying circumstance.
14702	Section 78B-6-122.5, Effect of out-of-state paternity adjudication, declaration, or
14703	acknowledgment.
14704	Section 78B-6-123, Power of a minor to consent or relinquish.
14705	Section 78B-6-125, Time period prior to birth mother's consent.
14706	Section 78B-6-126, When consent or relinquishment effective.
14707	Section 78B-6-127, Parents whose rights have been terminated.
14708	Section 78B-6-137, Decree of adoption Best interest of child Legislative findings.
14709	Section 78B-6-139, Name and status of adopted child.
14710	Section 78B-6-145, Restrictions on disclosure of information Violations Penalty.
14711	Section 78B-7-101, Title.
14712	Section 78B-13-101, Title.
14713	Section 78B-14-101, Title.
14714	Section 78B-15-101, Title.
14715	Section 78B-15-105, Protection of participants.
14716	Section 78B-15-106, Determination of maternity.
14717	Section 78B-15-107, Effect.
14718	Section 78B-15-108, Obligation to provide address.
14719	Section 78B-15-109, Limitation on recovery from the obligor.
14720	Section 78B-15-110, Duty of attorney general and county attorney.
14721	Section 78B-15-111, Default judgment.

- 14722 Section **78B-15-112**, **Standard of proof**.
- 14723 Section **78B-15-113**, **Parent-time rights of father**.
- 14724 Section **78B-15-114**, **Social Security number in tribunal records**.
- 14725 Section **78B-15-115**, **Settlement agreements**.
- 14726 Section **78B-16-101**, **Title**.
- 14727 Section **78B-20-101**, **Title**.
- 14728 Section 390. Effective Date.
- 14729 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.