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TRANSPORTATION GOVERNANCE AMENDMENTS

2018 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

House Sponsor: Mike Schultz

general, and provides for a transition for an existing large public transit district;

creates a local advisory board for a large public transit district and defines the



- 26 membership and duties of a local advisory board;
- requires a large public transit district to transition retirement benefits to fall under
- 28 the provisions and oversight provided in the Utah State Retirement and Insurance
- 29 Benefit Act;
- exempts certain meetings of members of the board of trustees of a large public
- 31 transit district from the Open and Public Meetings Act;
- defines "alternative fuel vehicle," "diesel fuel," "electric motor vehicle," "hybrid
- electric motor vehicle," "motor fuel," "natural gas," and "plug-in hybrid electric
- motor vehicle";

- modifies provisions imposing registration fees on motor vehicles:
 - reduces funds allocated from the General Fund into the Transportation Investment
- Fund of 2005 and deposits funds from the General Fund into the Transit
- 38 Transportation Investment Fund;
- allocates revenue from increased vehicle registration fees to the Transportation
- 40 Investment Fund of 2005;
- Leading Section 41 → Creates the "Transit Transportation Investment Fund" within the Transportation
- 42 Investment Fund of 2005;
- imposes a deadline for certain local governments to impose certain local option
- sales and use taxes;
- 45 ► allows a county, city, or town to impose certain local option sales and use taxes
- without submitting the question to the county's, city's, or town's registered voters;
- ▶ allows a city to impose certain local option sales and use taxes not imposed by the
- 48 county;
- ▶ amends provisions related to the expenditure of certain local option sales and use
- 50 taxes;
- ► modifies certain responsibilities of the Department of Transportation and the
- 52 executive director of the Department of Transportation related to supervision and
- oversight of certain projects and cooperation with other entities involved in a
- 54 project;
- ▶ modifies governance of the Department of Transportation, including:
- requiring a second deputy director;

57	 describing the qualifications for each deputy; and
58	 describing the responsibilities of each deputy director;
59	 creates the Planning and Investment Division within the Department of
60	Transportation;
61	 modifies requirements for the Department of Transportation to develop statewide
62	strategic initiatives for coordinating and planning multimodal transportation;
63	 requires the Department of Transportation to study a road user charge and
64	implement a demonstration program;
65	 requires the Transportation Commission to consider public transit projects in the
66	prioritization process to allocate funds;
67	 modifies criteria for the Transportation Commission to consider while prioritizing
68	transportation and public transit projects;
69	 allows corridor preservation funds to be used for public transit district corridors;
70	and
71	 requires the Department of Transportation to assume responsibilities for review and
72	approval of projects under the requirements of the National Environmental Policy
73	Act of 1969.
74	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
75	None
76	Other Special Clauses:
77	This bill provides a special effective date.
78	Utah Code Sections Affected:
79	AMENDS:
80	11-13-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 382
81	11-13-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 218
82	11-13-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 265
83	11-13-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 265
84	17B-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 362
85	17B-1-702, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
86	17B-1-703, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
87	17B-2a-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 387

88	17B-2a-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 181 and 427
89	17B-2a-807, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 70
90	17B-2a-808, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 281
91	17B-2a-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 56
92	17B-2a-811, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 281
93	17B-2a-826, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 427
94	41-1a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 40
95	41-1a-1201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 261 and 406
96	41-1a-1206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 261, 406 and last
97	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 261
98	41-1a-1221, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 397
99	52-4-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 196, 277, and 441
100	59-12-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 234, 421, and 422
101	59-12-2202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 263
102	59-12-2217 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 240
103	59-12-2218 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 240
104	59-12-2219 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 373
105	63G-6a-1402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 348
106	67-5-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 258
107	72-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 372
108	72-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 78
109	72-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 139
110	72-1-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 97
111	72-1-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
112	72-1-211, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
113	72-1-213 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 275
114	72-1-214, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 160
115	72-1-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 256
116	72-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
117	72-1-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 364
118	72-2-117.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 240

19	72-2-121, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 436
20	72-2-124, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 436
21	72-5-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
22	72-6-120, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 144
23	ENACTS:
24	11-13-227, Utah Code Annotated 1953
25	17B-2a-803.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
26	17B-2a-807.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
27	17B-2a-808.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
28	17B-2a-808.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
29	17B-2a-810.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	17B-2a-811.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
31	REPEALS:
32	17B-2a-807.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 364
.33	
34	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
35	Section 1. Section 11-13-103 is amended to read:
36	11-13-103. Definitions.
37	As used in this chapter:
38	(1) (a) "Additional project capacity" means electric generating capacity provided by a
39	generating unit that first produces electricity on or after May 6, 2002, and that is constructed or
40	installed at or adjacent to the site of a project that first produced electricity before May 6, 2002,
41	regardless of whether:
42	(i) the owners of the new generating unit are the same as or different from the owner of
43	the project; and
.44	(ii) the purchasers of electricity from the new generating unit are the same as or
45	different from the purchasers of electricity from the project.
46	(b) "Additional project capacity" does not mean or include replacement project
47	capacity.
48	(2) "Board" means the Permanent Community Impact Fund Board created by Section
49	35A-8-304 and its successors

150	(3) "Candidate" means one or more of:
151	(a) the state;
152	(b) a county, municipality, school district, local district, special service district, or other
153	political subdivision of the state; and
154	(c) a prosecution district.
155	(4) "Commercial project entity" means a project entity, defined in Subsection (18),
156	that:
157	(a) has no taxing authority; and
158	(b) is not supported in whole or in part by and does not expend or disburse tax
159	revenues.
160	(5) "Direct impacts" means an increase in the need for public facilities or services that
161	is attributable to the project or facilities providing additional project capacity, except impacts
162	resulting from the construction or operation of a facility that is:
163	(a) owned by an owner other than the owner of the project or of the facilities providing
164	additional project capacity; and
165	(b) used to furnish fuel, construction, or operation materials for use in the project.
166	(6) "Electric interlocal entity" means an interlocal entity described in Subsection
167	11-13-203(3).
168	(7) "Energy services interlocal entity" means an interlocal entity that is described in
169	Subsection 11-13-203(4).
170	(8) (a) "Estimated electric requirements," when used with respect to a qualified energy
171	services interlocal entity, includes any of the following that meets the requirements of
172	Subsection (8)(b):
173	(i) generation capacity;
174	(ii) generation output; or
175	(iii) an electric energy production facility.
176	(b) An item listed in Subsection (8)(a) is included in "estimated electric requirements"
177	if it is needed by the qualified energy services interlocal entity to perform the qualified energy
178	services interlocal entity's contractual or legal obligations to any of its members.
179	(9) (a) "Facilities providing replacement project capacity" means facilities that have
180	been, are being, or are proposed to be constructed, reconstructed, converted, repowered,

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- (b) "Facilities providing replacement project capacity" includes facilities that have been, are being, or are proposed to be constructed, reconstructed, converted, repowered, acquired, leased, used, or installed:
- (i) to support and facilitate the construction, reconstruction, conversion, repowering, installation, financing, operation, management, or use of replacement project capacity; or
- (ii) for the distribution of power generated from existing capacity or replacement project capacity to facilities located on real property in which the project entity that owns the project has an ownership, leasehold, right-of-way, or permitted interest.
 - (10) "Governing authority" means a governing board or joint administrator.
- (11) (a) "Governing board" means the body established in reliance on the authority provided under Subsection 11-13-206(1)(b) to govern an interlocal entity.
- (b) "Governing board" includes a board of directors described in an agreement, as amended, that creates a project entity.
 - (c) "Governing board" does not include a board as defined in Subsection (2).
 - (12) "Interlocal entity" means:
- (a) a Utah interlocal entity, an electric interlocal entity, or an energy services interlocal entity; or
 - (b) a separate legal or administrative entity created under Section 11-13-205.
- (13) "Joint administrator" means an administrator or joint board described in Section 11-13-207 to administer a joint or cooperative undertaking.
- (14) "Joint or cooperative undertaking" means an undertaking described in Section 11-13-207 that is not conducted by an interlocal entity.
- (15) "Member" means a public agency that, with another public agency, creates an interlocal entity under Section 11-13-203.
- 206 (16) "Out-of-state public agency" means a public agency as defined in Subsection 207 (19)(c), (d), or (e).
 - (17) (a) "Project":
- 209 (i) means an electric generation and transmission facility owned by a Utah interlocal entity or an electric interlocal entity; and
- (ii) includes fuel or fuel transportation facilities and water facilities owned by that Utah

212	interlocal entity or electric interlocal entity and required for the generation and transmission
213	facility.
214	(b) "Project" includes a project entity's ownership interest in:
215	(i) facilities that provide additional project capacity;
216	(ii) facilities providing replacement project capacity; and
217	(iii) additional generating, transmission, fuel, fuel transportation, water, or other
218	facilities added to a project.
219	(18) "Project entity" means a Utah interlocal entity or an electric interlocal entity that
220	owns a project as defined in this section.
221	(19) "Public agency" means:
222	(a) a city, town, county, school district, local district, special service district, an
223	interlocal entity, or other political subdivision of the state;
224	(b) the state or any department, division, or agency of the state;
225	(c) any agency of the United States;
226	(d) any political subdivision or agency of another state or the District of Columbia
227	including any interlocal cooperation or joint powers agency formed under the authority of the
228	law of the other state or the District of Columbia; or
229	(e) any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community which is
230	recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to
231	Indians because of their status as Indians.
232	(20) "Qualified energy services interlocal entity" means an energy services interlocal
233	entity that at the time that the energy services interlocal entity acquires its interest in facilities
234	providing additional project capacity has at least five members that are Utah public agencies.
235	(21) "Replacement project capacity" means electric generating capacity or transmission
236	capacity that:
237	(a) replaces all or a portion of the existing electric generating or transmission capacity
238	of a project; and
239	(b) is provided by a facility that is on, adjacent to, in proximity to, or interconnected
240	with the site of a project, regardless of whether:
241	(i) the capacity replacing existing capacity is less than or exceeds the generating or

transmission capacity of the project existing before installation of the capacity replacing

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- (ii) the capacity replacing existing capacity is owned by the project entity that is the owner of the project, a segment established by the project entity, or a person with whom the project entity or a segment established by the project entity has contracted; or
- (iii) the facility that provides the capacity replacing existing capacity is constructed, reconstructed, converted, repowered, acquired, leased, used, or installed before or after any actual or anticipated reduction or modification to existing capacity of the project.
- (22) "Transportation reinvestment zone" means an area created by two or more public agencies by interlocal agreement to capture increased property or sales tax revenue generated by a transportation infrastructure project as described in Section 11-13-227.
 - $\left[\frac{(22)}{(23)}\right]$ (23) "Utah interlocal entity":
 - (a) means an interlocal entity described in Subsection 11-13-203(2); and
- (b) includes a separate legal or administrative entity created under Laws of Utah 1977,Chapter 47, Section 3, as amended.
- [(23)] (24) "Utah public agency" means a public agency under Subsection (19)(a) or (b).
- Section 2. Section 11-13-202 is amended to read:
 - 11-13-202. Agreements for joint or cooperative undertaking, for providing or exchanging services, or for law enforcement services -- Effective date of agreement -- Public agencies may restrict their authority or exempt each other regarding permits and fees.
 - (1) Any two or more public agencies may enter into an agreement with one another under this chapter:
 - (a) for joint or cooperative action;
 - (b) to provide services that they are each authorized by statute to provide;
 - (c) to exchange services that they are each authorized by statute to provide;
 - (d) for a public agency to provide law enforcement services to one or more other public agencies, if the public agency providing law enforcement services under the interlocal agreement is authorized by law to provide those services, or to provide joint or cooperative law enforcement services between or among public agencies that are each authorized by law to provide those services; [or]

2/4	(e) to create a transportation reinvestment zone as defined in Section 11-13-103; or
275	[(e)] (f) to do anything else that they are each authorized by statute to do.
276	(2) An agreement under Subsection (1) does not take effect until it has been approved,
277	as provided in Section 11-13-202.5, by each public agency that is a party to it.
278	(3) (a) In an agreement under Subsection (1), a public agency that is a party to the
279	agreement may agree:
280	(i) to restrict its authority to issue permits to or assess fees from another public agency
281	that is a party to the agreement; and
282	(ii) to exempt another public agency that is a party to the agreement from permit or fee
283	requirements.
284	(b) A provision in an agreement under Subsection (1) whereby the parties agree as
285	provided in Subsection (3)(a) is subject to all remedies provided by law and in the agreement,
286	including injunction, mandamus, abatement, or other remedy to prevent, enjoin, abate, or
287	enforce the provision.
288	(4) An interlocal agreement between a county and one or more municipalities for law
289	enforcement service within an area that includes some or all of the unincorporated area of the
290	county shall require the law enforcement service provided under the agreement to be provided
291	by or under the direction of the county sheriff.
292	Section 3. Section 11-13-206 is amended to read:
293	11-13-206. Requirements for agreements for joint or cooperative action.
294	(1) Each agreement under Section 11-13-202, 11-13-203, [or] 11-13-205, or 11-13-227
295	shall specify:
296	(a) its duration;
297	(b) if the agreement creates an interlocal entity:
298	(i) the precise organization, composition, and nature of the interlocal entity;
299	(ii) the powers delegated to the interlocal entity;
300	(iii) the manner in which the interlocal entity is to be governed; and
301	(iv) subject to Subsection (2), the manner in which the members of its governing board
302	are to be appointed or selected;
303	(c) its purpose or purposes;
304	(d) the manner of financing the joint or cooperative action and of establishing and

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undertaking are governed by this chapter.

Section 5. Section 11-13-227 is enacted to read:

305	maintaining a budget for it;
306	(e) the permissible method or methods to be employed in accomplishing the partial or
307	complete termination of the agreement and for disposing of property upon such partial or
308	complete termination;
309	(f) the process, conditions, and terms for withdrawal of a participating public agency
310	from the interlocal entity or the joint or cooperative undertaking;
311	(g) (i) whether voting is based upon one vote per member or weighted; and
312	(ii) if weighted voting is allowed, the basis upon which the vote weight will be
313	determined; and
314	(h) any other necessary and proper matters.
315	(2) Each agreement under Section 11-13-203 or 11-13-205 that creates an interlocal
316	entity shall require that Utah public agencies that are parties to the agreement have the right to
317	appoint or select members of the interlocal entity's governing board with a majority of the
318	voting power.
319	Section 4. Section 11-13-207 is amended to read:
320	11-13-207. Additional requirements for agreement not establishing interlocal
321	entity.
322	(1) If an agreement under Section 11-13-202 or 11-13-227 does not establish an
323	interlocal entity to conduct the joint or cooperative undertaking, the agreement shall, in
324	addition to the items specified in Section 11-13-206, provide for:
325	(a) the joint or cooperative undertaking to be administered by:
326	(i) an administrator; or
327	(ii) a joint board with representation from the public agencies that are parties to the
328	agreement;
329	(b) the manner of acquiring, holding, and disposing of real and personal property used
330	in the joint or cooperative undertaking;
331	(c) the functions to be performed by the joint or cooperative undertaking; and
332	(d) the powers of the joint administrator.
333	(2) The creation, operation, governance, and fiscal procedures of a joint or cooperative

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330	11-13-227. Transportation reinvestment zones.
337	(1) Subject to the provisions of this part, any two or more public agencies may enter
338	into an agreement with one another to create a transportation reinvestment zone as described in
339	this section.
340	(2) To create a transportation reinvestment zone, two or more public agencies, at least
341	one of which has land use authority over the transportation reinvestment zone area, shall:
342	(a) define the transportation infrastructure need and proposed improvement;
343	(b) define the boundaries of the zone;
344	(c) establish terms for sharing sales tax revenue among the members of the agreement;
345	(d) establish a base year to calculate the increase of property tax revenue within the
346	zone;
347	(e) establish terms for sharing any increase in property tax revenue within the zone;
348	<u>and</u>
349	(f) before an agreement is approved as required in Section 11-13-202.5, hold a public
350	hearing regarding the details of the proposed transportation reinvestment zone.
351	(3) Any agreement to establish a transportation reinvestment zone is subject to the
352	requirements of Sections 11-13-202, 11-13-202.5, 11-13-206, and 11-13-207.
353	(4) (a) Each public agency that is party to an agreement under this section shall
354	annually publish a report including a statement of the increased tax revenue and the
355	expenditures made in accordance with the agreement.
356	(b) Each public agency that is party to an agreement under this section shall transmit a
357	copy of the report described in Subsection (4)(a) to the state auditor.
358	(5) If any surplus revenue remains in a tax revenue account created as part of a
359	transportation reinvestment zone agreement, the parties may use the surplus for other purposes
360	as determined by agreement of the parties.
361	Section 6. Section 17B-1-301 is amended to read:
362	17B-1-301. Board of trustees duties and powers.
363	(1) (a) Each local district shall be governed by a board of trustees which shall manage
364	and conduct the business and affairs of the district and shall determine all questions of district
365	policy.
366	(b) All powers of a local district are exercised through the board of trustees.

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property;

- 367 (2) The board of trustees may: 368 (a) fix the location of the local district's principal place of business and the location of 369 all offices and departments, if any; 370 (b) fix the times of meetings of the board of trustees: 371 (c) select and use an official district seal; 372 (d) subject to Subsections (3) and (4), employ employees and agents, or delegate to 373 district officers power to employ employees and agents, for the operation of the local district 374 and its properties and prescribe or delegate to district officers the power to prescribe the duties. 375 compensation, and terms and conditions of employment of those employees and agents; 376 (e) require district officers and employees charged with the handling of district funds to 377 provide surety bonds in an amount set by the board or provide a blanket surety bond to cover 378 officers and employees; 379 (f) contract for or employ professionals to perform work or services for the local 380 district that cannot satisfactorily be performed by the officers or employees of the district; 381 (g) through counsel, prosecute on behalf of or defend the local district in all court 382 actions or other proceedings in which the district is a party or is otherwise involved; 383 (h) adopt bylaws for the orderly functioning of the board; 384 (i) adopt and enforce rules and regulations for the orderly operation of the local district 385 or for carrying out the district's purposes; 386 (j) prescribe a system of civil service for district employees; 387 (k) on behalf of the local district, enter into contracts that the board considers to be for 388 the benefit of the district; 389 (1) acquire, construct or cause to be constructed, operate, occupy, control, and use 390 buildings, works, or other facilities for carrying out the purposes of the local district; 391 (m) on behalf of the local district, acquire, use, hold, manage, occupy, and possess 392 property necessary to carry out the purposes of the district, dispose of property when the board 393 considers it appropriate, and institute and maintain in the name of the district any action or
 - (n) delegate to a district officer the exercise of a district duty; and
 - (o) exercise all powers and perform all functions in the operation of the local district

proceeding to enforce, maintain, protect, or preserve rights or privileges associated with district

member; and

398	and its properties as are ordinarily exercised by the governing body of a political subdivision of
399	the state and as are necessary to accomplish the purposes of the district.
400	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "interim vacancy period" means:
401	(i) if any member of the local district board is elected, the period of time that:
402	(A) begins on the day on which an election is held to elect a local district board

- (B) ends on the day on which the local district board member-elect begins the member's term; or
 - (ii) if any member of the local district board is appointed, the period of time that:
- (A) begins on the day on which an appointing authority posts a notice of vacancy in accordance with Section 17B-1-304; and
- (B) ends on the day on which the person who is appointed by the local district board to fill the vacancy begins the person's term.
- (b) (i) The local district may not hire during an interim vacancy period a manager, a chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer, an executive director, or a similar position to perform executive and administrative duties or functions.
 - (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(i):
- (A) the local district may hire an interim manager, a chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer, an executive director, or a similar position during an interim vacancy period; and
- (B) the interim manager's, chief executive officer's, chief administrative officer's, or similar position's employment shall terminate once a new manager, chief executive officer, chief administrative officer, or similar position is hired by the new local district board after the interim vacancy period has ended.
 - (c) Subsection (3)(b) does not apply if:
- (i) all the elected local district board members who held office on the day of the election for the local district board members, whose term of office was vacant for the election are re-elected to the local district board; and
- (ii) all the appointed local district board members who were appointed whose term of appointment was expiring are re-appointed to the local district board.
 - (4) A local district board that hires an interim manager, a chief executive officer, a

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chief administrative officer, <u>an executive director</u>, or a similar position in accordance with this section may not, on or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an automatic renewal provision with the interim manager, chief executive officer, chief administrative officer, <u>executive director</u>, or similar position.

Section 7. Section 17B-1-702 is amended to read:

17B-1-702. Local districts to submit budgets.

- (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), within 30 days after it is approved by the board, and at least 30 days before the board adopts a final budget, the board of each local district with an annual budget of \$50,000 or more shall send a copy of its tentative budget and notice of the time and place for its budget hearing to:
 - (i) each of its constituent entities that has in writing requested a copy; and
 - (ii) to each of its customer agencies that has in writing requested a copy.
- (b) Within 30 days after it is approved by the board, and at least 30 days before the board adopts a final budget, the board of trustees of a <u>large</u> public transit district [serving a population of more than 200,000 people] as defined in Section 17B-2a-802 shall send a copy of its tentative budget and notice of the time and place for its budget hearing to:
 - (i) each of its constituent entities;
 - (ii) each of its customer agencies that has in writing requested a copy:
- (iii) the governor; and
- 448 (iv) the Legislature.
 - (c) The local district shall include with the tentative budget a signature sheet that includes:
 - (i) language that the constituent entity or customer agency received the tentative budget and has no objection to it; and
 - (ii) a place for the chairperson or other designee of the constituent entity or customer agency to sign.
 - (2) Each constituent entity and each customer agency that receives the tentative budget shall review the tentative budget submitted by the district and either:
 - (a) sign the signature sheet and return it to the district; or
- 458 (b) attend the budget hearing or other meeting scheduled by the district to discuss the objections to the proposed budget.

- (3) (a) If any constituent entity or customer agency that received the tentative budget has not returned the signature sheet to the local district within 15 calendar days after the tentative budget was mailed, the local district shall send a written notice of the budget hearing to each constituent entity or customer agency that did not return a signature sheet and invite them to attend that hearing.
- (b) If requested to do so by any constituent entity or customer agency, the local district shall schedule a meeting to discuss the budget with the constituent entities and customer agencies.
 - (c) At the budget hearing, the local district board shall:
 - (i) explain its budget and answer any questions about it;
- (ii) specifically address any questions or objections raised by the constituent entity, customer agency, or those attending the meeting; and
 - (iii) seek to resolve the objections.
- (4) Nothing in this part prevents a local district board from approving or implementing a budget over any or all constituent entity's or customer agency's protests, objections, or failure to respond.
 - Section 8. Section 17B-1-703 is amended to read:

17B-1-703. Local districts to submit audit reports.

- (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), within 30 days after it is presented to the board, the board of each local district with an annual budget of \$50,000 or more shall send a copy of any audit report to:
 - (i) each of its constituent entities that has in writing requested a copy; and
 - (ii) each of its customer agencies that has in writing requested a copy.
- (b) Within 30 days after it is presented to the board, the board of a <u>large</u> public transit district [serving a population of more than 200,000 people] as defined in Section 17B-2a-802 shall send a copy of its annual audit report to:
 - (i) each of its constituent entities; and
 - (ii) each of its customer agencies that has in writing requested a copy.
- (2) Each constituent entity and each customer agency that received the audit report shall review the audit report submitted by the district and, if necessary, request a meeting with the district board to discuss the audit report.

491	(3) At the meeting, the local district board shall:
492	(a) answer any questions about the audit report; and
493	(b) discuss their plans to implement suggestions made by the auditor.
494	Section 9. Section 17B-2a-802 is amended to read:
495	17B-2a-802. Definitions.
496	As used in this part:
497	(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by
498	households that meet certain gross household income requirements based on the area median
499	income for households of the same size.
500	(a) "Affordable housing" may include housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by
501	households that meet specific area median income targets or ranges of area median income
502	targets.
503	(b) "Affordable housing" does not include housing occupied or reserved for occupancy
504	by households with gross household incomes that are more than 60% of the area median
505	income for households of the same size.
506	(2) "Appointing entity" means the person, county, unincorporated area of a county, or
507	municipality appointing a member to a public transit district board of trustees.
508	(3) (a) "Chief executive officer" means a person appointed by the board of trustees of a
509	small public transit district to serve as chief executive officer.
510	(b) "Chief executive officer" shall enjoy all the rights, duties, and responsibilities
511	defined in Sections 17B-2a-810 and 17B-2a-811 and includes all rights, duties, and
512	responsibilities assigned to the general manager but prescribed by the board of trustees to be
513	fulfilled by the chief executive officer.
514	(4) "Council of governments" means a decision-making body in each county composed
515	of membership including the county governing body and the mayors of each municipality in the
516	county.
517	[(4)] (5) "Department" means the Department of Transportation created in Section
518	72-1-201.
519	(6) "Executive director" means a person appointed by the board of trustees of a large
520	public transit district to serve as executive director.
521	[(5)] (7) (a) "General manager" means a person appointed by the board of trustees of a

322	sman public transit district to serve as general manager.
523	(b) "General manager" shall enjoy all the rights, duties, and responsibilities defined in
524	Sections 17B-2a-810 and 17B-2a-811 prescribed by the board of trustees of a small public
525	transit district.
526	(8) "Large public transit district" means a public transit district that provides public
527	transit to an area that includes:
528	(a) more than 65% of the population of the state based on the most recent official
529	census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau; and
530	(b) two or more counties.
531	[(6)] (9) (a) "Locally elected public official" means a person who holds an elected
532	position with a county or municipality.
533	(b) "Locally elected public official" does not include a person who holds an elected
534	position if the elected position is not with a county or municipality.
535	[(7)] <u>(10)</u> "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined
536	in Section 72-1-208.5.
537	[(8)] (11) "Multicounty district" means a public transit district located in more than one
538	county.
539	[(9)] (12) "Operator" means a public entity or other person engaged in the
540	transportation of passengers for hire.
541	[(10)] (13) "Public transit" means the transportation of passengers only and their
542	incidental baggage by means other than:
543	(a) chartered bus;
544	(b) sightseeing bus; or
545	(c) taxi.
546	(14) "Public transit district" means a local district that provides public transit services.
547	(15) "Small public transit district" means any public transit district that is not a large
548	public transit district.
549	[(11)] (16) "Transit facility" means a transit vehicle, transit station, depot, passenger
550	loading or unloading zone, parking lot, or other facility:
551	(a) leased by or operated by or on behalf of a public transit district; and
552	(b) related to the public transit services provided by the district, including:

553	(i) railway or other right-of-way;
554	(ii) railway line; and
555	(iii) a reasonable area immediately adjacent to a designated stop on a route traveled by
556	a transit vehicle.
557	[(14)] (17) "Transit vehicle" means a passenger bus, coach, railcar, van, or other
558	vehicle operated as public transportation by a public transit district.
559	[(12)] (18) "Transit-oriented development" means a mixed use residential or
560	commercial area that is designed to maximize access to public transit and includes the
561	development of land owned by a public transit district that serves a county of the first class.
562	[(13)] (19) "Transit-supportive development" means a mixed use residential or
563	commercial area that is designed to maximize access to public transit and does not include the
564	development of land owned by a public transit district.
565	Section 10. Section 17B-2a-803.1 is enacted to read:
566	17B-2a-803.1. Authority to name a large public transit district.
567	(1) The authority to name any large public transit district is vested in the Legislature
568	and the name shall be codified in this section.
569	(2) (a) For the large public transit district in existence and with a portion of the district
570	within a county of the first class as of May 8, 2018, and beginning on May 8, 2018, the large
571	public transit district shall be called Transit District of Utah.
572	(b) The board of trustees of the large public transit district described in Subsection
573	(2)(a) shall implement the name change over time and as resources permit.
574	Section 11. Section 17B-2a-804 is amended to read:
575	17B-2a-804. Additional public transit district powers.
576	(1) In addition to the powers conferred on a public transit district under Section
577	17B-1-103, a public transit district may:
578	(a) provide a public transit system for the transportation of passengers and their
579	incidental baggage;
580	(b) notwithstanding Subsection 17B-1-103(2)(g) and subject to Section 17B-2a-817,
581	levy and collect property taxes only for the purpose of paying:
582	(i) principal and interest of bonded indebtedness of the public transit district; or
583	(ii) a final judgment against the public transit district if:

584	(A) the amount of the judgment exceeds the amount of any collectable insurance or
585	indemnity policy; and
586	(B) the district is required by a final court order to levy a tax to pay the judgment;
587	(c) insure against:
588	(i) loss of revenues from damage to or destruction of some or all of a public transit
589	system from any cause;
590	(ii) public liability;
591	(iii) property damage; or
592	(iv) any other type of event, act, or omission;
593	(d) acquire, contract for, lease, construct, own, operate, control, or use:
594	(i) a right-of-way, rail line, monorail, bus line, station, platform, switchyard, terminal,
595	parking lot, or any other facility necessary or convenient for public transit service; or
596	(ii) any structure necessary for access by persons and vehicles;
597	(e) (i) hire, lease, or contract for the supplying or management of a facility, operation,
598	equipment, service, employee, or management staff of an operator; and
599	(ii) provide for a sublease or subcontract by the operator upon terms that are in the
600	public interest;
601	(f) operate feeder bus lines and other feeder or ridesharing services as necessary;
602	(g) accept a grant, contribution, or loan, directly through the sale of securities or
603	equipment trust certificates or otherwise, from the United States, or from a department,
604	instrumentality, or agency of the United States;
605	(h) study and plan transit facilities in accordance with any legislation passed by
606	Congress;
607	(i) cooperate with and enter into an agreement with the state or an agency of the state
608	or otherwise contract to finance to establish transit facilities and equipment or to study or plan
609	transit facilities;
610	(j) <u>subject to Subsection 17B-2a-808.1(5)</u> , issue bonds as provided in and subject to
611	Chapter 1, Part 11, Local District Bonds, to carry out the purposes of the district;
612	(k) from bond proceeds or any other available funds, reimburse the state or an agency
613	of the state for an advance or contribution from the state or state agency;
614	(1) do anything necessary to avail itself of any aid, assistance, or cooperation available

under federal law, including complying with labor standards and making arrangements for
employees required by the United States or a department, instrumentality, or agency of the
United States;

- (m) sell or lease property;
- (n) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), assist in or operate transit-oriented or transit-supportive developments;
- (o) establish, finance, participate as a limited partner or member in a development with limited liabilities in accordance with Subsection (1)(p), construct, improve, maintain, or operate transit facilities, equipment, and, in accordance with Subsection (3), transit-oriented developments or transit-supportive developments; and
- (p) subject to the restrictions and requirements in Subsections (2) and (3), assist in a transit-oriented development or a transit-supportive development in connection with project area development as defined in Section 17C-1-102 by:
 - (i) investing in a project as a limited partner or a member, with limited liabilities; or
- (ii) subordinating an ownership interest in real property owned by the public transit district.
- (2) (a) A public transit district may only assist in the development of areas under Subsection (1)(p):
 - (i) in the manner described in Subsection (1)(p)(i) or (ii); and
- (ii) on no more than eight transit-oriented developments or transit-supportive developments selected by the board of trustees.
- (b) A public transit district may not invest in a transit-oriented development or transit-supportive development as a limited partner or other limited liability entity under the provisions of Subsection (1)(p)(i), unless the partners, developer, or other investor in the entity, makes an equity contribution equal to no less than 25% of the appraised value of the property to be contributed by the public transit district.
- (c) (i) For transit-oriented development projects, a public transit district shall adopt transit-oriented development policies and guidelines that include provisions on affordable housing.
- (ii) For transit-supportive development projects, a public transit district shall work with the metropolitan planning organization and city and county governments where the project is

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- located to collaboratively seek to create joint plans for the areas within one-half mile of transit stations, including plans for affordable housing.
 - (d) A current board member of a public transit district to which the board member is appointed may not have any interest in the transactions engaged in by the public transit district pursuant to Subsection (1)(p)(i) or (ii), except as may be required by the board member's fiduciary duty as a board member.
 - (3) For any transit-oriented development or transit-supportive development authorized in this section, the public transit district shall:
 - (a) perform a cost-benefit analysis of the monetary investment and expenditures of the development, including effect on:
 - (i) service and ridership;
 - (ii) regional plans made by the metropolitan planning agency;
- 658 (iii) the local economy;
- (iv) the environment and air quality;
- (v) affordable housing; and
 - (vi) integration with other modes of transportation; and
 - (b) provide evidence to the public of a quantifiable positive return on investment, including improvements to public transit service.
 - (4) A public transit district may be funded from any combination of federal, state, local, or private funds.
 - (5) A public transit district may not acquire property by eminent domain.
 - Section 12. Section **17B-2a-807** is amended to read:
 - 17B-2a-807. Small public transit district board of trustees -- Appointment -- Apportionment -- Qualifications -- Quorum -- Compensation -- Terms.
 - (1) (a) [If 200,000 people or fewer reside within the boundaries of a] For a small public transit district, the board of trustees shall consist of members appointed by the legislative bodies of each municipality, county, or unincorporated area within any county on the basis of one member for each full unit of regularly scheduled passenger routes proposed to be served by the district in each municipality or unincorporated area within any county in the following calendar year.
 - (b) For purposes of determining membership under Subsection (1)(a), the number of

service miles comprising a unit shall be determined jointly by the legislative bodies of the municipalities or counties comprising the district.

- (c) The board of trustees of a public transit district under this [Subsection (1)] section may include a member that is a commissioner on the Transportation Commission created in Section 72-1-301 and appointed as provided in Subsection [(11)] (8), who shall serve as a nonvoting, ex officio member.
- (d) Members appointed under this [Subsection (1)] section shall be appointed and added to the board or omitted from the board at the time scheduled routes are changed, or as municipalities, counties, or unincorporated areas of counties annex to or withdraw from the district using the same appointment procedures.
- (e) For purposes of appointing members under this [Subsection (1)] section, municipalities, counties, and unincorporated areas of counties in which regularly scheduled passenger routes proposed to be served by the district in the following calendar year is less than a full unit, as defined in Subsection (1)(b), may combine with any other similarly situated municipality or unincorporated area to form a whole unit and may appoint one member for each whole unit formed.
- [(2) (a) Subject to Section 17B-2a-807.5, if more than 200,000 people reside within the boundaries of a public transit district, the board of trustees shall consist of:]
- [(i) 11 members:]
 - [(A) appointed as described under this Subsection (2); or]
 - [(B) retained in accordance with Section 17B-2a-807.5;]
- 698 [(ii) three members appointed as described in Subsection (4);]
 - [(iii) one voting member appointed as provided in Subsection (11); and]
 - (iv) one nonvoting member appointed as provided in Subsection (12).
 - [(b) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(c) and (d), the board shall apportion voting members to each county within the district using an average of:]
 - [(i) the proportion of population included in the district and residing within each county, rounded to the nearest 1/11 of the total transit district population; and]
 - [(ii) the cumulative proportion of transit sales and use tax collected from areas included in the district and within each county, rounded to the nearest 1/11 of the total cumulative transit sales and use tax collected for the transit district.]

708	[(c) The board shall join an entire or partial county not apportioned a voting member
709	under this Subsection (2) with an adjacent county for representation. The combined
710	apportionment basis included in the district of both counties shall be used for the
711	apportionment.]
712	[(d) (i) If rounding to the nearest 1/11 of the total public transit district apportionment
713	basis under Subsection (2)(b) results in an apportionment of more than 11 members, the county
714	or combination of counties with the smallest additional fraction of a whole member proportion
715	shall have one less member apportioned to it.]
716	[(ii) If rounding to the nearest 1/11 of the total public transit district apportionment
717	basis under Subsection (2)(b) results in an apportionment of less than 11 members, the county
718	or combination of counties with the largest additional fraction of a whole member proportion
719	shall have one more member apportioned to it.]
720	[(e) If the population of a county is at least 750,000, the county executive, with the
721	advice and consent of the county legislative body, shall appoint one voting member to
722	represent the population of the county.]
723	[(f) If a municipality's population is at least 160,000, the chief municipal executive,
724	with the advice and consent of the municipal legislative body, shall appoint one voting member
725	to represent the population within a municipality.]
726	[(g) (i) The number of voting members appointed from a county and municipalities
727	within a county under Subsections (2)(e) and (f) shall be subtracted from the county's total
728	voting member apportionment under this Subsection (2).]
729	[(ii) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(1) and (10), no more than one voting member
730	appointed by an appointing entity may be a locally elected public official.]
731	[(h) If the entire county is within the district, the remaining voting members for the
732	county shall represent the county or combination of counties, if Subsection (2)(c) applies, or
733	the municipalities within the county.]
734	[(i) If the entire county is not within the district, and the county is not joined with
735	another county under Subsection (2)(c), the remaining voting members for the county shall
736	represent a municipality or combination of municipalities.]
737	[(j) (i) Except as provided under Subsections (2)(e) and (f), voting members
738	representing counties, combinations of counties if Subsection (2)(c) applies, or municipalities

/39	within the county shall be designated and appointed by a simple majority of the chief
740	executives of the municipalities within the county or combinations of counties if Subsection
741	(2)(c) applies.]
742	[(ii) The appointments shall be made by joint written agreement of the appointing
743	municipalities, with the consent and approval of the county legislative body of the county that
744	has at least 1/11 of the district's apportionment basis.]
745	[(k) Voting members representing a municipality or combination of municipalities
746	shall be designated and appointed by the chief executive officer of the municipality or simple
747	majority of chief executive officers of municipalities with the consent of the legislative body of
748	the municipality or municipalities.]
749	[(1) The appointment of members shall be made without regard to partisan political
750	affiliation from among citizens in the community.]
751	[(m) Each member shall be a bona fide resident of the municipality, county, or
752	unincorporated area or areas which the member is to represent for at least six months before the
753	date of appointment, and shall continue in that residency to remain qualified to serve as a
754	member.]
755	[(n) (i) All population figures used under this section shall be derived from the most
756	recent official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.]
757	[(ii) If population estimates are not available from the United States Bureau of Census,
758	population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population Estimates
759	Committee.]
760	[(iii) All transit sales and use tax totals shall be obtained from the State Tax
761	Commission.
762	[(o) (i) The board shall be apportioned as provided under this section in conjunction
763	with the decennial United States Census Bureau report every 10 years.]
764	[(ii) Within 120 days following the receipt of the population estimates under this
765	Subsection (2)(o), the district shall reapportion representation on the board of trustees in
766	accordance with this section.]
767	[(iii) The board shall adopt by resolution a schedule reflecting the current and proposed
768	apportionment.]
769	[(iv) Upon adoption of the resolution, the board shall forward a copy of the resolution

//0	to each of its constituent entities as defined under Section 17/B-1-701.
771	[(v) The appointing entities gaining a new board member shall appoint a new member
772	within 30 days following receipt of the resolution.]
773	[(vi) The appointing entities losing a board member shall inform the board of which
774	member currently serving on the board will step down:
775	[(A) upon appointment of a new member under Subsection (2)(o)(v); or]
776	[(B) in accordance with Section 17B-2a-807.5.]
777	[(3)] (2) Upon the completion of an annexation to a public transit district under
778	Chapter 1, Part 4, Annexation, the annexed area shall have a representative on the board of
779	trustees on the same basis as if the area had been included in the district as originally
780	organized.
781	[(4) In addition to the voting members appointed in accordance with Subsection (2),
782	the board shall consist of three voting members appointed as follows:
783	[(a) one member appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;]
784	[(b) one member appointed by the president of the Senate; and]
785	[(c) one member appointed by the governor.]
786	[(5) Except as provided in Section 17B-2a-807.5, the terms of office of the members of
787	the board shall be four years or until a successor is appointed, qualified, seated, and has taken
788	the oath of office.]
789	[6] (a) Vacancies for members shall be filled by the official appointing the
790	member creating the vacancy for the unexpired term, unless the official fails to fill the vacancy
791	within 90 days.
792	(b) If the appointing official under Subsection (1) does not fill the vacancy within 90
793	days, the board of trustees of the authority shall fill the vacancy.
794	[(c) If the appointing official under Subsection (2) does not fill the vacancy within 90
795	days, the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall fill the vacancy.]
796	$\left[\frac{(7)}{4}\right]$ (a) Each voting member may cast one vote on all questions, orders,
797	resolutions, and ordinances coming before the board of trustees.
798	(b) A majority of all voting members of the board of trustees are a quorum for the
799	transaction of business.
800	(c) The affirmative vote of a majority of all voting members present at any meeting at

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the public transit district.]

801	which a quorum was initially present shall be necessary and, except as otherwise provided, is
802	sufficient to carry any order, resolution, ordinance, or proposition before the board of trustees.
803	[(8)] (5) Each public transit district shall pay to each member per diem and travel
804	expenses for meetings actually attended, in accordance with Section 11-55-103.
805	[(9)] (6) (a) Members of the initial board of trustees shall convene at the time and place
806	fixed by the chief executive officer of the entity initiating the proceedings.
807	(b) The board of trustees shall elect from its voting membership a chair, vice chair, and
808	secretary.
809	(c) The members elected under Subsection [(9)] <u>(6)</u> (b) shall serve for a period of two
810	years or until their successors shall be elected and qualified.
811	(d) On or after January 1, 2011, a locally elected public official is not eligible to serve
812	as the chair, vice chair, or secretary of the board of trustees.
813	[(10)] (7) (a) Except as otherwise authorized under [Subsections (2)(g) and (10)(b) and
814	Section 17B-2a-807.5] Subsection (7)(b), at the time of a member's appointment or during a
815	member's tenure in office, a member may not hold any employment, except as an independent
816	contractor or locally elected public official, with a county or municipality within the district.
817	(b) A member appointed by a county or municipality may hold employment with the
818	county or municipality if the employment is disclosed in writing and the public transit district
819	board of trustees ratifies the appointment.
820	[(11)] (8) The Transportation Commission created in Section 72-1-301[: (a) for a
821	public transit district serving a population of 200,000 people or fewer,] may appoint a
822	commissioner of the Transportation Commission to serve on the board of trustees of a small
823	public transit district as a nonvoting, ex officio member[; and].
824	[(b) for a public transit district serving a population of more than 200,000 people, shall
825	appoint a commissioner of the Transportation Commission to serve on the board of trustees as
826	a voting member.]
827	[(12) (a) The board of trustees of a public transit district serving a population of more
828	than 200,000 people shall include a nonvoting member who represents all municipalities and

[(b) The nonvoting member representing the combination of municipalities and

unincorporated areas within the district that are located within a county that is not annexed into

832	unincorporated areas described in Subsection (12)(a) shall be designated and appointed by a
833	weighted vote of the majority of the chief executive officers of the municipalities described in
834	Subsection (12)(a).]
835	[(c) Each municipality's vote under Subsection (12)(b) shall be weighted using the
836	proportion of the public transit district population that resides within that municipality and the
837	adjacent unincorporated areas within the same county.]
838	[(13)] (9) (a) (i) Each member of the board of trustees of a public transit district is
839	subject to recall at any time by the legislative body of the county or municipality from which
840	the member is appointed.
841	(ii) Each recall of a board of trustees member shall be made in the same manner as the
842	original appointment.
843	(iii) The legislative body recalling a board of trustees member shall provide written
844	notice to the member being recalled.
845	(b) Upon providing written notice to the board of trustees, a member of the board may
846	resign from the board of trustees.
847	(c) [Except as provided in Section 17B-2a-807.5, if] If a board member is recalled or
848	resigns under this Subsection [(13)] (9), the vacancy shall be filled as provided in Subsection
849	[(6)] <u>(3)</u> .
850	Section 13. Section 17B-2a-807.1 is enacted to read:
851	17B-2a-807.1. Large public transit district board of trustees Appointment
852	Quorum Compensation Terms.
853	(1) (a) For a large public transit district, the board of trustees shall consist of three
854	members appointed as described in Subsection (1)(b).
855	(b) (i) The governor, with advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint the members
856	of the board of trustees, making:
857	(A) one appointment from the nominees described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
858	(B) one appointment from the nominees described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii); and
859	(C) one appointment from the nominees described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv).
860	(ii) The chief executive officer of a county of the first class within a large public transit
861	district, with approval of the legislative body of the county, shall nominate two or more
862	individuals to the governor for appointment to the board of trustees.

863	(iii) (A) Subject to Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(B), the executive governing individuals or
864	bodies of a county or counties of the second class, with a population over 500,000, within a
865	large public transit district, shall nominate two or more individuals to the governor for
866	appointment to the board of trustees.
867	(B) To select individuals for nomination, the executive governing individuals or bodies
868	described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(A) shall consult with the executive governing individual or
869	body of a county of the third or smaller class within the large public transit district.
870	(iv) (A) Subject to Subsection (1)(b)(iv)(B), the executive governing individuals or
871	bodies of any county or counties of the second class, with a population of 500,000 or less,
872	within a large public transit district, shall jointly nominate two or more individuals to the
873	governor for appointment to the board of trustees.
874	(B) To select individuals for nomination, the executive governing individuals or bodies
875	described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv)(A) shall consult with the executive governing individual or
876	body of a county of the third or smaller class within the large public transit district different
877	from a third or smaller class county consulting with the county or counties described in
878	Subsection (1)(b)(iii).
879	(c) Each nominee shall be a qualified executive with technical and administrative
880	experience and training appropriate for the position.
881	(d) The board of trustees of a large public transit district shall be full-time employees
882	of the public transit district.
883	(e) The compensation package for the board of trustees shall be determined by the local
884	advisory board as described in Section 17B-2a-808.2.
885	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (3) and (4), each member of the board of trustees of a
886	large public transit district shall serve for a term of three years.
887	(b) A member of the board of trustees may serve an unlimited number of terms.
888	(3) Each member of the board of trustees of a large public transit district shall serve at
889	the pleasure of the governor.
890	(4) The first time the board of trustees is appointed under this section, the governor
891	shall stagger the initial term of each of the members of the board of trustees as follows:
892	(a) one member of the board of trustees shall serve an initial term of two years;
893	(b) one member of the board of trustees shall serve an initial term of three years; and

894	(c) one member of the board of trustees shall serve an initial term of four years.
895	(5) The governor shall designate one member of the board of trustees as chair of the
896	board of trustees.
897	(6) (a) If a vacancy occurs, the nomination and appointment procedures to replace the
898	individual shall occur in the same manner described in Subsection (1) for the member creating
899	the vacancy.
900	(b) A replacement board member shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term,
901	but may serve an unlimited number of terms as provided in Subsection (2)(b).
902	(c) If the nominating officials under Subsection (1) do not nominate to fill the vacancy
903	within 60 days, the governor shall appoint an individual to fill the vacancy.
904	(7) For any large public transit district in existence as of May 8, 2018:
905	(a) the individuals or bodies providing nominations as described in this section shall
906	provide the nominations to the governor as described in this section before July 31, 2018;
907	(b) the governor shall appoint the members of the board of trustees before August 31,
908	2018; and
909	(c) the new board shall assume control of the large public transit district on or before
910	November 1, 2018.
911	Section 14. Section 17B-2a-808 is amended to read:
912	17B-2a-808. Small public transit district board of trustees powers and duties
913	Adoption of ordinances, resolutions, or orders Effective date of ordinances.
914	(1) The powers and duties of a board of trustees of a <u>small</u> public transit district stated
915	in this section are in addition to the powers and duties stated in Section 17B-1-301.
916	(2) The board of trustees of each <u>small</u> public transit district shall:
917	(a) appoint and fix the salary of a general manager, a chief executive officer, or both, as
918	provided in Section 17B-2a-811;
919	(b) determine the transit facilities that the district should acquire or construct;
920	(c) supervise and regulate each transit facility that the district owns and operates,
921	including:
922	(i) fixing rates, fares, rentals, and charges and any classifications of rates, fares, rentals,
923	and charges; and
924	(ii) making and enforcing rules, regulations, contracts, practices, and schedules for or

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	or to the start (Gray) sibility
925	in connection with a transit facility that the district owns or controls;
926	(d) control the investment of all funds assigned to the district for investment, including
927	funds:
928	(i) held as part of a district's retirement system; and
929	(ii) invested in accordance with the participating employees' designation or direction
930	pursuant to an employee deferred compensation plan established and operated in compliance
931	with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;
932	(e) invest all funds according to the procedures and requirements of Title 51, Chapter
933	7, State Money Management Act;
934	(f) if a custodian is appointed under Subsection (3)(d), pay the fees for the custodian's
935	services from the interest earnings of the investment fund for which the custodian is appointed;
936	(g) (i) cause an annual audit of all district books and accounts to be made by an
937	independent certified public accountant;
938	(ii) as soon as practicable after the close of each fiscal year, submit to the chief
939	administrative officer and legislative body of each county and municipality with territory
940	within the district a financial report showing:
941	(A) the result of district operations during the preceding fiscal year; and
942	(B) the district's financial status on the final day of the fiscal year; and
943	(iii) supply copies of the report under Subsection (2)(g)(ii) to the general public upon
944	request in a quantity that the board considers appropriate;
945	(h) report at least annually to the Transportation Commission created in Section
946	72-1-301 the district's short-term and long-range public transit plans, including the transit
947	portions of applicable regional transportation plans adopted by a metropolitan planning
948	organization established under 23 U.S.C. Sec. 134;
949	(i) direct the internal auditor appointed under Section 17B-2a-810 to conduct audits
950	that the board of trustees determines to be the most critical to the success of the organization;

- 952 (j) hear audit reports for audits conducted in accordance with Subsection (2)(i).
 - (3) A board of trustees of a public transit district may:
- 954 (a) subject to Subsection (5), make and pass ordinances, resolutions, and orders that 955 are:

956	(i) not repugnant to the United States Constitution, the Utah Constitution, or the
957	provisions of this part; and
958	(ii) necessary for:
959	(A) the government and management of the affairs of the district;
960	(B) the execution of district powers; and
961	(C) carrying into effect the provisions of this part;
962	(b) provide by resolution, under terms and conditions the board considers fit, for the
963	payment of demands against the district without prior specific approval by the board, if the
964	payment is:
965	(i) for a purpose for which the expenditure has been previously approved by the board;
966	(ii) in an amount no greater than the amount authorized; and
967	(iii) approved by the general manager or other officer or deputy as the board prescribes;
968	(c) (i) hold public hearings and subpoena witnesses; and
969	(ii) appoint district officers to conduct a hearing and require the officers to make
970	findings and conclusions and report them to the board; and
971	(d) appoint a custodian for the funds and securities under its control, subject to
972	Subsection (2)(f).
973	(4) A member of the board of trustees of a public transit district or a hearing officer
974	designated by the board may administer oaths and affirmations in a district investigation or
975	proceeding.
976	(5) (a) The vote of the board of trustees on each ordinance shall be by roll call vote
977	with each affirmative and negative vote recorded.
978	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(b)(ii), the board of trustees may adopt a resolution or
979	order by voice vote.
980	(ii) The vote of the board of trustees on a resolution or order shall be by roll call vote if
981	a member of the board so demands.
982	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c)(ii), the board of trustees of a public
983	transit district may not adopt an ordinance unless it is:
984	(A) introduced at least a day before the board of trustees adopts it; or
985	(B) mailed by registered mail, postage prepaid, to each member of the board of trustees
986	at least five days before the day upon which the ordinance is presented for adoption.

987	(ii) Subsection (5)(c)(i) does not apply if the ordinance is adopted by a unanimous vote
988	of all board members present at a meeting at which at least 3/4 of all board members are
989	present.
990	(d) Each ordinance adopted by a public transit district's board of trustees shall take
991	effect upon adoption, unless the ordinance provides otherwise.
992	Section 15. Section 17B-2a-808.1 is enacted to read:
993	17B-2a-808.1. Large public transit district board of trustees powers and duties
994	Adoption of ordinances, resolutions, or orders Effective date of ordinances.
995	(1) The powers and duties of a board of trustees of a large public transit district stated
996	in this section are in addition to the powers and duties stated in Section 17B-1-301.
997	(2) The board of trustees of each large public transit district shall:
998	(a) hold public meetings and receive public comment;
999	(b) ensure that the policies, procedures, and management practices established by the
1000	public transit district meet state and federal regulatory requirements and federal grantee
1001	eligibility;
1002	(c) subject to Subsection (8), create and approve an annual budget, including the
1003	issuance of bonds and other financial instruments, after consultation with the local advisory
1004	board;
1005	(d) approve any interlocal agreement with a local jurisdiction;
1006	(e) in consultation with the local advisory board, approve contracts and overall
1007	property acquisitions and dispositions for transit-oriented development;
1008	(f) in consultation with constituent counties, municipalities, metropolitan planning
1009	organizations, and the local advisory board:
1010	(i) develop and approve a strategic plan for development and operations on at least a
1011	four-year basis; and
1012	(ii) create and pursue funding opportunities for transit capital and service initiatives to
1013	meet anticipated growth within the public transit district;
1014	(g) annually report the public transit district's long-term financial plan to the State
1015	Bonding Commission;
1016	(h) annually report the public transit district's progress and expenditures related to state
1017	resources to the Executive Appropriations Committee and the Infrastructure and General

1018	Government Appropriations Subcommittee;
1019	(i) (i) in partnership with the Department of Transportation, study and evaluate the
1020	feasibility of a strategic transition of a large public transit district into a state entity; and
1021	(ii) in partnership with the Department of Transportation, before November 30 of each
1022	year, report on the progress of the study to the Transportation Interim Committee and the
1023	Infrastructure and General Government Appropriations Subcommittee;
1024	(j) hire, set salaries, and develop performance targets and evaluations for:
1025	(i) the executive director;
1026	(ii) the chief internal auditor;
1027	(iii) the chief people officer;
1028	(iv) any vice president level officer; and
1029	(v) the chief safety, security, and technology officer;
1030	(k) supervise and regulate each transit facility that the public transit district owns and
1031	operates, including:
1032	(i) fix rates, fares, rentals, charges and any classifications of rates, fares, rentals, and
1033	charges; and
1034	(ii) make and enforce rules, regulations, contracts, practices, and schedules for or in
1035	connection with a transit facility that the district owns or controls;
1036	(l) subject to Subsection (4), control the investment of all funds assigned to the district
1037	for investment, including funds:
1038	(i) held as part of a district's retirement system; and
1039	(ii) invested in accordance with the participating employees' designation or direction
1040	pursuant to an employee deferred compensation plan established and operated in compliance
1041	with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;
1042	(m) in consultation with the local advisory board created under Section 17B-2a-808.2,
1043	invest all funds according to the procedures and requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State
1044	Money Management Act;
1045	(n) if a custodian is appointed under Subsection (3)(d), and subject to Subsection (4),
1046	pay the fees for the custodian's services from the interest earnings of the investment fund for
1047	which the custodian is appointed;
1048	(o) (i) cause an annual audit of all public transit district books and accounts to be made

1049	by an independent certified public accountant;
1050	(ii) as soon as practicable after the close of each fiscal year, submit to each of the
1051	councils of governments within the public transit district a financial report showing:
1052	(A) the result of district operations during the preceding fiscal year;
1053	(B) an accounting of the expenditures of all local sales tax revenues generated under
1054	Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 22, Local Option Sales and Use Taxes for Transportation Act;
1055	(C) the district's financial status on the final day of the fiscal year; and
1056	(D) the district's progress and efforts to improve efficiency relative to the previous
1057	fiscal year; and
1058	(iii) supply copies of the report under Subsection (2)(o)(ii) to the general public upon
1059	request;
1060	(p) report at least annually to the Transportation Commission created in Section
1061	72-1-301, which report shall include:
1062	(i) the district's short-term and long-range public transit plans, including the portions of
1063	applicable regional transportation plans adopted by a metropolitan planning organization
1064	established under 23 U.S.C. Sec. 134; and
1065	(ii) any transit capital development projects that the board of trustees would like the
1066	Transportation Commission to consider;
1067	(q) direct the internal auditor appointed under Section 17B-2a-810 to conduct audits
1068	that the board of trustees determines, in consultation with the local advisory board created in
1069	Section 17B-2a-808.2, to be the most critical to the success of the organization;
1070	(r) together with the local advisory board created in Section 17B-2a-808.2, hear audit
1071	reports for audits conducted in accordance with Subsection (2)(o);
1072	(s) review and approve all contracts pertaining to reduced fares, and evaluate existing
1073	contracts, including review of:
1074	(i) how negotiations occurred;
1075	(ii) the rationale for providing a reduced fare; and
1076	(iii) identification and evaluation of cost shifts to offset operational costs incurred and
1077	impacted by each contract offering a reduced fare;
1078	(t) in consultation with the local advisory board, develop and approve other board
1079	policies, ordinances, and bylaws; and

1080	(u) review and approve any:
1081	(i) contract or expense exceeding \$200,000; or
1082	(ii) proposed change order to an existing contract if the value of the change order
1083	exceeds:
1084	(A) 15% of the total contract; or
1085	(B) \$200,000.
1086	(3) A board of trustees of a large public transit district may:
1087	(a) subject to Subsection (5), make and pass ordinances, resolutions, and orders that
1088	are:
1089	(i) not repugnant to the United States Constitution, the Utah Constitution, or the
1090	provisions of this part; and
1091	(ii) necessary for:
1092	(A) the governance and management of the affairs of the district;
1093	(B) the execution of district powers; and
1094	(C) carrying into effect the provisions of this part;
1095	(b) provide by resolution, under terms and conditions the board considers fit, for the
1096	payment of demands against the district without prior specific approval by the board, if the
1097	payment is:
1098	(i) for a purpose for which the expenditure has been previously approved by the board;
1099	(ii) in an amount no greater than the amount authorized; and
1100	(iii) approved by the executive director or other officer or deputy as the board
1101	prescribes;
1102	(c) in consultation with the local advisory board created in Section 17B-2a-808.2:
1103	(i) hold public hearings and subpoena witnesses; and
1104	(ii) appoint district officers to conduct a hearing and require the officers to make
1105	findings and conclusions and report them to the board; and
1106	(d) appoint a custodian for the funds and securities under its control, subject to
1107	Subsection (2)(n).
1108	(4) For a large public transit district in existence as of May 8, 2018, on or before
1109	September 30, 2019, the board of trustees of a large public transit district shall present a report
1110	to the Transportation Interim Committee regarding retirement benefits of the district, including

1111	(a) the feasibility of becoming a participating employer and having retirement benefits
1112	of eligible employees and officials covered in applicable systems and plans administered under
1113	Title 49, Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act;
1114	(b) any legal or contractual restrictions on any employees that are party to a collectively
1115	bargained retirement plan; and
1116	(c) a comparison of retirement plans offered by the large public transit district and
1117	similarly situated public employees, including the costs of each plan and the value of the
1118	benefit offered.
1119	(5) The board of trustees may not issue a bond unless the board of trustees has
1120	consulted and received approval from the State Bonding Commission created in Section
1121	<u>63B-1-201.</u>
1122	(6) A member of the board of trustees of a large public transit district or a hearing
1123	officer designated by the board may administer oaths and affirmations in a district investigation
1124	or proceeding.
1125	(7) (a) The vote of the board of trustees on each ordinance or resolution shall be by roll
1126	call vote with each affirmative and negative vote recorded.
1127	(b) The board of trustees of a large public transit district may not adopt an ordinance
1128	unless it is introduced at least 24 hours before the board of trustees adopts it.
1129	(c) Each ordinance adopted by a large public transit district's board of trustees shall
1130	take effect upon adoption, unless the ordinance provides otherwise.
1131	(8) (a) For a large public transit district in existence on May 8, 2018, for the budget for
1132	calendar year 2019, the board in place on May 8, 2018, shall create the tentative annual budget.
1133	(b) The budget described in Subsection (8)(a) shall include setting the salary of each of
1134	the members of the board of trustees that will assume control on or before November 1, 2018,
1135	which salary may not exceed \$150,000, plus additional retirement and other standard benefits.
1136	(c) For a large public transit district in existence on May 8, 2018, the board of trustees
1137	that assumes control of the large public transit district on or before November 2, 2018, shall
1138	approve the calendar year 2019 budget on or before December 31, 2018.
1139	Section 16. Section 17B-2a-808.2 is enacted to read:
1140	17B-2a-808.2. Large public transit district local advisory board Powers and
1141	duties.

1142	(1) A large public transit district shall create and consult with a local advisory board.
1143	(2) (a) The local advisory board shall have membership selected as described in
1144	Subsection (2)(b) on or before November 1, 2018.
1145	(b) (i) The council of governments of a county of the first class within a large public
1146	transit district shall appoint three members to the local advisory board.
1147	(ii) The chief executive officer of a city that is the county seat within a county of the
1148	first class within a large public transit district shall appoint one member to the local advisory
1149	board.
1150	(iii) The council of governments of a county of the second class with a population of
1151	500,000 or more within a large public transit district shall appoint two members to the local
1152	advisory board.
1153	(iv) The council of governments of a county of the second class with a population
1154	under 500,000 within a large public transit district shall each appoint one member to the local
1155	advisory board.
1156	(v) The councils of governments of any counties of the third or smaller class or smaller
1157	within a large public transit district shall jointly appoint one member to the local advisory
1158	board.
1159	(c) The population numbers used to apportion appointment powers described in
1160	Subsection (2)(b) shall be based on the most recent official census or census estimate of the
1161	United States Census Bureau.
1162	(3) The local advisory board shall meet at least quarterly in a meeting open to the
1163	public for comment to discuss the service, operations, and any concerns with the public transit
1164	district operations and functionality.
1165	(4) The duties of the local advisory board shall include:
1166	(a) setting the compensation packages of the board of trustees;
1167	(b) reviewing, approving, and recommending final adoption by the board of trustees of
1168	the large public transit district service plans at least every two and one-half years;
1169	(c) reviewing, approving, and recommending final adoption by the board of trustees of
1170	project development plans, including funding, of all new capital development projects;
1171	(d) reviewing, approving, and recommending final adoption by the board of trustees of
1172	any plan for a transit-oriented development where a large public transit district is involved;

1173	(e) at least annually, engaging with the safety and security team of the large public
1174	transit district to ensure coordination with local municipalities and counties;
1175	(f) assisting with coordinated mobility and constituent services provided by the public
1176	transit district;
1177	(g) representing and advocating the concerns of citizens within the public transit
1178	district to the board of trustees; and
1179	(h) other duties described in Section 17B-2a-808.1.
1180	(5) The local advisory board shall meet at least quarterly with and consult with the
1181	board of trustees and advise regarding the operation and management of the public transit
1182	district.
1183	Section 17. Section 17B-2a-810 is amended to read:
1184	17B-2a-810. Officers of a public transit district.
1185	(1) (a) The officers of a public transit district shall consist of:
1186	(i) the members of the board of trustees;
1187	(ii) for a small public transit district, a chair and vice chair, appointed by the board of
1188	trustees, subject to Subsection (1)(c);
1189	(iii) a secretary, appointed by the board of trustees;
1190	(iv) (A) for a small public transit district, a general manager, appointed by the board of
1191	trustees as provided in Section 17B-2a-811, whose duties may be allocated by the board of
1192	trustees, at the board of trustees' discretion, to a chief executive officer, or both; or
1193	(B) for a large public transit district, an executive director appointed by the board of
1194	trustees as provided in Section 17B-2a-811.1;
1195	(v) for a small public transit district, a chief executive officer appointed by the board of
1196	trustees, as provided in Section 17B-2a-811;
1197	(vi) for a small public transit district, a general counsel, appointed by the board of
1198	trustees, subject to Subsection (1)(d);
1199	(vii) a treasurer, appointed as provided in Section 17B-1-633;
1200	(viii) a comptroller, appointed by the board of trustees, subject to Subsection (1)(e);
1201	(ix) for a [public transit district with more than 200,000 people residing within the
1202	boundaries of the] large public transit district, an internal auditor, appointed by the board of
1203	trustees, subject to Subsection (1)(f); and

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- 1204 (x) other officers, assistants, and deputies that the board of trustees considers 1205 necessary. 1206 (b) The board of trustees of a small public transit district may, at its discretion, appoint 1207 a president, who shall also be considered an officer of a public transit district. 1208 (c) The district chair and vice chair of a small public transit district shall be members 1209 of the board of trustees. 1210 (d) The person appointed as general counsel for a small public transit district shall: 1211 (i) be admitted to practice law in the state; and 1212 (ii) have been actively engaged in the practice of law for at least seven years next 1213 preceding the appointment. 1214 (e) The person appointed as comptroller shall have been actively engaged in the 1215 practice of accounting for at least seven years next preceding the appointment. 1216 (f) The person appointed as internal auditor shall be a licensed certified internal auditor or certified public accountant with at least five years experience in the auditing or public 1217 1218 accounting profession, or the equivalent, prior to appointment. 1219 (2) (a) [The] For a small public transit district, the district's general manager or chief 1220 executive officer, as the board prescribes, or for a large public transit district, the executive 1221 director, shall appoint all officers and employees not specified in Subsection (1). 1222 (b) Each officer and employee appointed by the district's general manager or chief executive officer of a small public transit district, or the executive director of a large public 1223 transit district, serves at the pleasure of the appointing general manager [or], chief executive 1224 1225 officer, or executive director. 1226 (3) The board of trustees shall by ordinance or resolution fix the compensation of all 1227 district officers and employees, except as otherwise provided in this part. 1228 (4) (a) Each officer appointed by the board of trustees or by the district's general 1229 manager [or], chief executive officer, or executive director shall take the oath of office 1230 specified in Utah Constitution, Article IV, Section 10. 1231 (b) Each oath under Subsection (4)(a) shall be subscribed and filed with the district
 - 17B-2a-810.1. Attorney general as legal counsel for a large public transit district

secretary no later than 15 days after the commencement of the officer's term of office.

Section 18. Section **17B-2a-810.1** is enacted to read:

1235	Large public transit district may sue and be sued.
1236	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 5, Attorney
1237	General, the Utah attorney general shall serve as legal counsel for a large public transit district.
1238	(2) (a) For any large public transit district in existence as of May 8, 2018, the transition
1239	to legal representation by the Utah attorney general shall occur as described in this Subsection
1240	(2), but no later than July 1, 2019.
1241	(b) (i) For any large public transit district in existence as of May 8, 2018, in partnership
1242	with the Utah attorney general, the board of trustees of the large public transit district shall
1243	study and develop a strategy to transition legal representation from a general counsel to the
1244	<u>Utah attorney general.</u>
1245	(ii) In partnership with the Utah attorney general, the board of trustees of the large
1246	public transit district shall present a report to the Transportation Interim Committee before
1247	November 30, 2018, to:
1248	(A) outline the transition strategy; and
1249	(B) request any legislation that might be required for the transition.
1250	(3) Sections 67-5-6 through 13, Attorney General Career Service Act, apply to
1251	representation of a large public transit district by the Utah attorney general.
1252	(4) A large public transit district may sue, and it may be sued only on written contracts
1253	made by it or under its authority.
1254	(5) In all matters requiring legal advice in the performance of the attorney general's
1255	duties and in the prosecution or defense of any action growing out of the performance of the
1256	attorney general's duties, the attorney general is the legal adviser of a large public transit district
1257	and shall perform any and all legal services required by the large public transit district.
1258	(6) The attorney general shall aid in any investigation, hearing, or trial under the
1259	provisions of this part and institute and prosecute actions or proceedings for the enforcement of
1260	the provisions of the Constitution and statutes of this state or any rule or ordinance of the large
1261	public transit district affecting and related to public transit, persons, and property.
1262	Section 19. Section 17B-2a-811 is amended to read:
1263	17B-2a-811. General manager or chief executive officer of a small public transit
1264	district.
1265	(1) (a) The board of trustees of a small public transit district shall appoint a person as a

1266 general manager.

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- (b) The board of trustees of a <u>small</u> public transit district may, at its discretion, appoint a person as a chief executive officer.
- (c) The board of trustees of a <u>small</u> public transit district shall allocate the responsibilities defined in Subsection (2) between the general manager and the chief executive officer, if the board of trustees appoints a chief executive officer.
- (d) The chief executive officer shall have the same rights allocated to the general manager under Subsections (3) and (4).
- (e) The appointment of a general manager, chief executive officer, or both, shall be by the affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the board of trustees.
- (f) The board's appointment of a person as general manager, chief executive officer, or both, shall be based on the person's qualifications, with special reference to the person's actual experience in or knowledge of accepted practices with respect to the duties of the office.
- (g) A person appointed as general manager or chief executive officer of a <u>small</u> public transit district is not required to be a resident of the state at the time of appointment.
- (2) A general manager or chief executive officer of a <u>small</u> public transit district shall have the following responsibilities as allocated by the board of trustees:
 - (a) be a full-time officer and devote full time to the district's business;
 - (b) ensure that all district ordinances are enforced;
- (c) prepare and submit to the board of trustees, as soon as practical but not less than 45 days after the end of each fiscal year, a complete report on the district's finances and administrative activities for the preceding year;
 - (d) keep the board of trustees advised as to the district's needs;
- (e) prepare or cause to be prepared all plans and specifications for the construction of district works;
- (f) cause to be installed and maintained a system of auditing and accounting that completely shows the district's financial condition at all times; and
 - (g) attend meetings of the board of trustees.
- 1294 (3) A general manager of a <u>small</u> public transit district:
 - (a) serves at the pleasure of the board of trustees;
- (b) holds office for an indefinite term;

1297	(c) may be removed by the board of trustees upon the adoption of a resolution by the
1298	affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the board, subject to Subsection (5);
1299	(d) has full charge of:
1300	(i) the acquisition, construction, maintenance, and operation of district facilities; and
1301	(ii) the administration of the district's business affairs;
1302	(e) is entitled to participate in the deliberations of the board of trustees as to any matter
1303	before the board; and
1304	(f) may not vote at a meeting of the board of trustees.
1305	(4) The board of trustees may not reduce the general manager's salary below the
1306	amount fixed at the time of original appointment unless:
1307	(a) the board adopts a resolution by a vote of a majority of all members; and
1308	(b) if the general manager demands in writing, the board gives the general manager the
1309	opportunity to be publicly heard at a meeting of the board before the final vote on the
1310	resolution reducing the general manager's salary.
1311	(5) (a) Before adopting a resolution providing for a general manager's removal as
1312	provided in Subsection (3)(c), the board shall, if the manager makes a written demand:
1313	(i) give the general manager a written statement of the reasons alleged for the general
1314	manager's removal; and
1315	(ii) allow the general manager to be publicly heard at a meeting of the board of
1316	trustees.
1317	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), the board of trustees of a public transit district
1318	may suspend a general manager from office pending and during a hearing under Subsection
1319	(5)(a)(ii).
1320	(6) The action of a board of trustees suspending or removing a general manager or
1321	reducing the general manager's salary is final.
1322	Section 20. Section 17B-2a-811.1 is enacted to read:
1323	17B-2a-811.1. Executive director of a large public transit district.
1324	(1) (a) The board of trustees of a large public transit district shall appoint a person as
1325	an executive director.
1326	(b) The appointment of an executive director shall be by the affirmative vote of a
1327	majority of the board of trustees.

1328	(c) The board's appointment of a person as executive director shall be based on the
1329	person's qualifications, with special reference to the person's actual experience in or knowledge
1330	of accepted practices with respect to the duties of the office.
1331	(d) A person appointed as executive director of a large public transit district is not
1332	required to be a resident of the state at the time of appointment.
1333	(2) An executive director of a large public transit district shall:
1334	(a) be a full-time officer and devote full time to the district's business;
1335	(b) serve at the pleasure of the board of trustees;
1336	(c) hold office for an indefinite term;
1337	(d) ensure that all district ordinances are enforced;
1338	(e) prepare and submit to the board of trustees, as soon as practical but not less than 45
1339	days after the end of each fiscal year, a complete report on the district's finances and
1340	administrative activities for the preceding year;
1341	(f) advise the board of trustees regarding the needs of the district;
1342	(g) in consultation with the board of trustees, prepare or cause to be prepared all plans
1343	and specifications for the construction of district works;
1344	(h) cause to be installed and maintained a system of auditing and accounting that
1345	completely shows the district's financial condition at all times;
1346	(i) attend meetings of the board of trustees;
1347	(j) in consultation with the board of trustees, have charge of:
1348	(i) the acquisition, construction, maintenance, and operation of district facilities; and
1349	(ii) the administration of the district's business affairs; and
1350	(k) be entitled to participate in the deliberations of the board of trustees as to any
1351	matter before the board.
1352	(3) The board of trustees may not remove the executive director or reduce the
1353	executive director's salary below the amount fixed at the time of original appointment unless:
1354	(a) the board adopts a resolution by a vote of a majority of all members; and
1355	(b) if the executive director demands in writing, the board gives the executive director
1356	the opportunity to be publicly heard at a meeting of the board before the final vote on the
1357	resolution removing the executive director or reducing the executive director's salary.
1358	(4) (a) Before adopting a resolution providing for the removal of the executive director

1359	or a reduction in the executive director's salary as provided in Subsection (3), the board shall, if
1360	the executive director makes a written demand:
1361	(i) give the executive director a written statement of the reasons alleged for the removal
1362	or reduction in salary; and
1363	(ii) allow the executive director to be publicly heard at a meeting of the board of
1364	trustees.
1365	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the board of trustees of a public transit district
1366	may suspend an executive director from office pending and during a hearing under Subsection
1367	(4)(a)(ii).
1368	(5) The action of a board of trustees suspending or removing an executive director or
1369	reducing the executive director's salary is final.
1370	Section 21. Section 17B-2a-826 is amended to read:
1371	17B-2a-826. Public transit district office of constituent services and office of
1372	coordinated mobility.
1373	(1) (a) The board of trustees of a <u>large</u> public transit district [serving a population over
1374	200,000 people] shall create and employ an office of constituent services.
1375	(b) The duties of the office of constituent services described in Subsection (1)(a) shall
1376	include:
1377	(i) establishing a central call number to hear and respond to complaints, requests,
1378	comments, concerns, and other communications from customers and citizens within the
1379	district;
1380	(ii) keeping a log of the complaints, comments, concerns, and other communications
1381	from customers and citizens within the district; and
1382	(iii) reporting complaints, comments, concerns, and other communications to
1383	management and to the [citizens'] local advisory board created in [Subsection (2)] Section
1384	<u>17B-2a-808.2</u> .
1385	[(2) (a) A public transit district serving a population over 200,000 people shall create
1386	and oversee a citizens' advisory board.]
1387	[(b) (i) The board of trustees of the public transit district shall select up to 12 members
1388	for the public transit district citizens' advisory board with membership representing the
1389	diversity of the public transit district area.]

1390	[(ii) The board of trustees shall ensure that each member of the citizens' advisory board
1391	regularly uses the public transit district services.]
1392	[(c) The public transit district citizens' advisory board shall meet as needed or quarterly
1393	in a meeting open to the public for comment, to discuss the service, operations, and any
1394	concerns with the public transit district operations and functionality.]
1395	[(d) The public transit district management shall meet at least quarterly with and
1396	consult with the citizens' advisory board and take into consideration the input of the citizens'
1397	advisory board in managing and operating the public transit district.]
1398	[(3)] (2) (a) A large public transit district [serving a population over 200,000 people]
1399	shall create and employ an office of coordinated mobility.
1400	(b) The duties of the office of coordinated mobility shall include:
1401	(i) establishing a central call number to facilitate human services transportation;
1402	(ii) coordinating all human services transportation needs within the public transit
1403	district;
1404	(iii) receiving requests and other communications regarding human services
1405	transportation;
1406	(iv) receiving requests and other communications regarding vans, buses, and other
1407	vehicles available for use from the public transit district to maximize the utility of and
1408	investment in those vehicles; and
1409	(v) supporting local efforts and applications for additional funding.
1410	Section 22. Section 41-1a-102 is amended to read:
1411	41-1a-102. Definitions.
1412	As used in this chapter:
1413	(1) "Actual miles" means the actual distance a vehicle has traveled while in operation.
1414	(2) "Actual weight" means the actual unladen weight of a vehicle or combination of
1415	vehicles as operated and certified to by a weighmaster.
1416	(3) "All-terrain type I vehicle" [has the same meaning provided] means the same as that
1417	term is defined in Section 41-22-2.
1418	(4) "All-terrain type II vehicle" [has the same meaning provided] means the same as
1419	that term is defined in Section 41-22-2.
1420	(5) "Alternative fuel vehicle" means:

1421	(a) an electric vehicle;
1422	(b) a hybrid electric vehicle;
1423	(c) a plug-in hybrid electric vehicle; or
1424	(d) a motor vehicle powered by a fuel other than:
1425	(i) motor fuel;
1426	(ii) diesel fuel;
1427	(iii) natural gas; or
1428	(iv) propane.
1429	[(5)] (6) "Amateur radio operator" means any person licensed by the Federal
1430	Communications Commission to engage in private and experimental two-way radio operation
1431	on the amateur band radio frequencies.
1432	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> "Autocycle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-3-102.
1433	$[\frac{7}{8}]$ "Branded title" means a title certificate that is labeled:
1434	(a) rebuilt and restored to operation;
1435	(b) flooded and restored to operation; or
1436	(c) not restored to operation.
1437	[(8)] (9) "Camper" means any structure designed, used, and maintained primarily to be
1438	mounted on or affixed to a motor vehicle that contains a floor and is designed to provide a
1439	mobile dwelling, sleeping place, commercial space, or facilities for human habitation or for
1440	camping.
1441	[(9)] (10) "Certificate of title" means a document issued by a jurisdiction to establish a
1442	record of ownership between an identified owner and the described vehicle, vessel, or outboard
1443	motor.
1444	[(10)] (11) "Certified scale weigh ticket" means a weigh ticket that has been issued by
1445	a weighmaster.
1446	[(11)] (12) "Commercial vehicle" means a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer used or
1447	maintained for the transportation of persons or property that operates:
1448	(a) as a carrier for hire, compensation, or profit; or
1449	(b) as a carrier to transport the vehicle owner's goods or property in furtherance of the
1450	owner's commercial enterprise.
1451	[(12)] (13) "Commission" means the State Tax Commission.

1452	(14) "Consumer price index" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1453	<u>59-13-102.</u>
1454	[(13)] (15) "Dealer" means a person engaged or licensed to engage in the business of
1455	buying, selling, or exchanging new or used vehicles, vessels, or outboard motors either outright
1456	or on conditional sale, bailment, lease, chattel mortgage, or otherwise or who has an
1457	established place of business for the sale, lease, trade, or display of vehicles, vessels, or
1458	outboard motors.
1459	(16) "Diesel fuel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
1460	[(14)] (17) "Division" means the Motor Vehicle Division of the commission, created in
1461	Section 41-1a-106.
1462	(18) "Electric motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that is powered solely by an
1463	electric motor drawing current from a rechargeable energy storage system.
1464	[(15)] (19) "Essential parts" means all integral and body parts of a vehicle of a type
1465	required to be registered in this state, the removal, alteration, or substitution of which would
1466	tend to conceal the identity of the vehicle or substantially alter its appearance, model, type, or
1467	mode of operation.
1468	[(16)] (20) "Farm tractor" means every motor vehicle designed and used primarily as a
1469	farm implement for drawing plows, mowing machines, and other implements of husbandry.
1470	$[\frac{(17)}{2}]$ (a) "Farm truck" means a truck used by the owner or operator of a farm
1471	solely for his own use in the transportation of:
1472	(i) farm products, including livestock and its products, poultry and its products,
1473	floricultural and horticultural products;
1474	(ii) farm supplies, including tile, fence, and every other thing or commodity used in
1475	agricultural, floricultural, horticultural, livestock, and poultry production; and
1476	(iii) livestock, poultry, and other animals and things used for breeding, feeding, or
1477	other purposes connected with the operation of a farm.
1478	(b) "Farm truck" does not include the operation of trucks by commercial processors of
1479	agricultural products.
1480	[(18)] (22) "Fleet" means one or more commercial vehicles.
1481	[(19)] (23) "Foreign vehicle" means a vehicle of a type required to be registered,
1482	brought into this state from another state, territory, or country other than in the ordinary course

1463	of business by or through a manufacturer of dealer, and not registered in this state.
1484	[(20)] (24) "Gross laden weight" means the actual weight of a vehicle or combination
1485	of vehicles, equipped for operation, to which shall be added the maximum load to be carried.
1486	[(21)] (25) "Highway" or "street" means the entire width between property lines of
1487	every way or place of whatever nature when any part of it is open to the public, as a matter of
1488	right, for purposes of vehicular traffic.
1489	(26) "Hybrid electric motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that draws propulsion
1490	energy from onboard sources of stored energy that are both:
1491	(a) an internal combustion engine or heat engine using consumable fuel; and
1492	(b) a rechargeable energy storage system where energy for the storage system comes
1493	solely from sources onboard the vehicle.
1494	$\left[\frac{(22)}{(27)}\right]$ (a) "Identification number" means the identifying number assigned by the
1495	manufacturer or by the division for the purpose of identifying the vehicle, vessel, or outboard
1496	motor.
1497	(b) "Identification number" includes a vehicle identification number, state assigned
1498	identification number, hull identification number, and motor serial number.
1499	[(23)] (28) "Implement of husbandry" means every vehicle designed or adapted and
1500	used exclusively for an agricultural operation and only incidentally operated or moved upon the
1501	highways.
1502	[(24)] (29) (a) "In-state miles" means the total number of miles operated in this state
1503	during the preceding year by fleet power units.
1504	(b) If fleets are composed entirely of trailers or semitrailers, "in-state miles" means the
1505	total number of miles that those vehicles were towed on Utah highways during the preceding
1506	year.
1507	[(25)] (30) "Interstate vehicle" means any commercial vehicle operated in more than
1508	one state, province, territory, or possession of the United States or foreign country.
1509	[(26)] (31) "Jurisdiction" means a state, district, province, political subdivision,
1510	territory, or possession of the United States or any foreign country.
1511	[(27)] (32) "Lienholder" means a person with a security interest in particular property.
1512	[(28)] (33) "Manufactured home" means a transportable factory built housing unit
1513	constructed on or after June 15, 1976, according to the Federal Home Construction and Safety

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chapter.

1514	Standards Act of 1974 (HUD Code), in one or more sections, which, in the traveling mode, is
1515	eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in length, or when erected on site, is
1516	400 or more square feet, and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a
1517	dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and
1518	includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems.
1519	[(29)] (34) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the business of constructing,
1520	manufacturing, assembling, producing, or importing new or unused vehicles, vessels, or
1521	outboard motors for the purpose of sale or trade.
1522	[(30)] (35) "Mobile home" means a transportable factory built housing unit built prior
1523	to June 15, 1976, in accordance with a state mobile home code which existed prior to the
1524	Federal Manufactured Housing and Safety Standards Act (HUD Code).
1525	(36) "Motor fuel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-13-102.
1526	[(33)] (37) (a) "Motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle intended primarily for
1527	use and operation on the highways.
1528	(b) "Motor vehicle" does not include an off-highway vehicle.
1529	[(31)] (38) "Motorboat" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same as that
1530	term is defined in Section 73-18-2.
1531	[(32)] <u>(39)</u> "Motorcycle" means:
1532	(a) a motor vehicle having a saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel on not
1533	more than three wheels in contact with the ground; or
1534	(b) an autocycle.
1535	(40) "Natural gas" means a fuel of which the primary constituent is methane.
1536	[(34)] (41) (a) "Nonresident" means a person who is not a resident of this state as
1537	defined by Section 41-1a-202, and who does not engage in intrastate business within this state
1538	and does not operate in that business any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer within this state.
1539	(b) A person who engages in intrastate business within this state and operates in that
1540	business any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer in this state or who, even though engaging in
1541	interstate commerce, maintains any vehicle in this state as the home station of that vehicle is
1542	considered a resident of this state, insofar as that vehicle is concerned in administering this

[(35)] (42) "Odometer" means a device for measuring and recording the actual distance

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to the vehicle by the division.

1545	a vehicle travels while in operation, but does not include any auxiliary odometer designed to be
1546	periodically reset.
1547	[(36)] (43) "Off-highway implement of husbandry" [has the same meaning as
1548	provided] means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-22-2.
1549	[(37)] (44) "Off-highway vehicle" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same
1550	as that term is defined in Section 41-22-2.
1551	[(38)] (45) "Operate" means to drive or be in actual physical control of a vehicle or to
1552	navigate a vessel.
1553	[(39)] (46) "Outboard motor" means a detachable self-contained propulsion unit,
1554	excluding fuel supply, used to propel a vessel.
1555	[(40)] (47) (a) "Owner" means a person, other than a lienholder, holding title to a
1556	vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor whether or not the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor is
1557	subject to a security interest.
1558	(b) If a vehicle is the subject of an agreement for the conditional sale or installment
1559	sale or mortgage of the vehicle with the right of purchase upon performance of the conditions
1560	stated in the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional
1561	vendee or mortgagor, or if the vehicle is the subject of a security agreement, then the
1562	conditional vendee, mortgagor, or debtor is considered the owner for the purposes of this
1563	chapter.
1564	(c) If a vehicle is the subject of an agreement to lease, the lessor is considered the
1565	owner until the lessee exercises his option to purchase the vehicle.
1566	[(41)] (48) "Park model recreational vehicle" means a unit that:
1567	(a) is designed and marketed as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping,
1568	travel, or seasonal use;
1569	(b) is not permanently affixed to real property for use as a permanent dwelling;
1570	(c) requires a special highway movement permit for transit; and
1571	(d) is built on a single chassis mounted on wheels with a gross trailer area not
1572	exceeding 400 square feet in the setup mode.
1573	[(42)] (49) "Personalized license plate" means a license plate that has displayed on it a
1574	combination of letters, numbers, or both as requested by the owner of the vehicle and assigned

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requirements of the jurisdiction.

- 1576 [(43)] (50) (a) "Pickup truck" means a two-axle motor vehicle with motive power 1577 manufactured, remanufactured, or materially altered to provide an open cargo area. 1578 (b) "Pickup truck" includes motor vehicles with the open cargo area covered with a 1579 camper, camper shell, tarp, removable top, or similar structure. 1580 (51) "Plug-in hybrid electric motor vehicle" means a hybrid electric motor vehicle that 1581 has the capability to charge the battery or batteries used for vehicle propulsion from an 1582 off-vehicle electric source, such that the off-vehicle source cannot be connected to the vehicle while the vehicle is in motion. 1583 1584 [(44)] (52) "Pneumatic tire" means every tire in which compressed air is designed to 1585 support the load. 1586 [(45)] (53) "Preceding year" means a period of 12 consecutive months fixed by the 1587 division that is within 16 months immediately preceding the commencement of the registration 1588 or license year in which proportional registration is sought. The division in fixing the period shall conform it to the terms, conditions, and requirements of any applicable agreement or 1589 1590 arrangement for the proportional registration of vehicles. 1591 [46] (54) "Public garage" means every building or other place where vehicles or 1592 vessels are kept and stored and where a charge is made for the storage and keeping of vehicles 1593 and vessels. 1594 [(47)] (55) "Receipt of surrender of ownership documents" means the receipt of 1595 surrender of ownership documents described in Section 41-1a-503. 1596 [(48)] (56) "Reconstructed vehicle" means every vehicle of a type required to be registered in this state that is materially altered from its original construction by the removal, 1597 1598 addition, or substitution of essential parts, new or used. 1599 [(49)] (57) "Recreational vehicle" [has the same meaning as provided] means the same 1600 as that term is defined in Section 13-14-102. 1601 [(50)] (58) "Registration" means a document issued by a jurisdiction that allows 1602 operation of a vehicle or vessel on the highways or waters of this state for the time period for 1603 which the registration is valid and that is evidence of compliance with the registration
 - [(51)] (59) (a) "Registration year" means a 12 consecutive month period commencing with the completion of all applicable registration criteria.

1607	(b) For administration of a multistate agreement for proportional registration the
1608	division may prescribe a different 12-month period.
1609	[(52)] (60) "Repair or replacement" means the restoration of vehicles, vessels, or
1610	outboard motors to a sound working condition by substituting any inoperative part of the
1611	vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor, or by correcting the inoperative part.
1612	[(53)] <u>(61)</u> "Replica vehicle" means:
1613	(a) a street rod that meets the requirements under Subsection 41-21-1(3)(a)(i)(B); or
1614	(b) a custom vehicle that meets the requirements under Subsection
1615	41-6a-1507(1)(a)(i)(B).
1616	[(54)] (62) "Road tractor" means every motor vehicle designed and used for drawing
1617	other vehicles and constructed so it does not carry any load either independently or any part of
1618	the weight of a vehicle or load that is drawn.
1619	[(55)] (63) "Sailboat" means the same as that term is defined in Section 73-18-2.
1620	[(56)] (64) "Security interest" means an interest that is reserved or created by a security
1621	agreement to secure the payment or performance of an obligation and that is valid against third
1622	parties.
1623	[(57)] (65) "Semitrailer" means every vehicle without motive power designed for
1624	carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed so that
1625	some part of its weight and its load rests or is carried by another vehicle.
1626	[(58)] (66) "Special group license plate" means a type of license plate designed for a
1627	particular group of people or a license plate authorized and issued by the division in accordance
1628	with Section 41-1a-418.
1629	[(59)] (67) (a) "Special interest vehicle" means a vehicle used for general
1630	transportation purposes and that is:
1631	(i) 20 years or older from the current year; or
1632	(ii) a make or model of motor vehicle recognized by the division director as having
1633	unique interest or historic value.
1634	(b) In making a determination under Subsection [(59)] (67)(a), the division director
1635	shall give special consideration to:
1636	(i) a make of motor vehicle that is no longer manufactured;
1637	(ii) a make or model of motor vehicle produced in limited or token quantities;

its weight rests upon the towing vehicle.

1638	(iii) a make or model of motor vehicle produced as an experimental vehicle or one
1639	designed exclusively for educational purposes or museum display; or
1640	(iv) a motor vehicle of any age or make that has not been substantially altered or
1641	modified from original specifications of the manufacturer and because of its significance is
1642	being collected, preserved, restored, maintained, or operated by a collector or hobbyist as a
1643	leisure pursuit.
1644	[(60)] (68) (a) "Special mobile equipment" means every vehicle:
1645	(i) not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property;
1646	(ii) not designed to operate in traffic; and
1647	(iii) only incidentally operated or moved over the highways.
1648	(b) "Special mobile equipment" includes:
1649	(i) farm tractors;
1650	(ii) off-road motorized construction or maintenance equipment including backhoes,
1651	bulldozers, compactors, graders, loaders, road rollers, tractors, and trenchers; and
1652	(iii) ditch-digging apparatus.
1653	(c) "Special mobile equipment" does not include a commercial vehicle as defined
1654	under Section 72-9-102.
1655	[(61)] (69) "Specially constructed vehicle" means every vehicle of a type required to be
1656	registered in this state, not originally constructed under a distinctive name, make, model, or
1657	type by a generally recognized manufacturer of vehicles, and not materially altered from its
1658	original construction.
1659	[(62)] (70) "Title" means the right to or ownership of a vehicle, vessel, or outboard
1660	motor.
1661	[(63)] (71) (a) "Total fleet miles" means the total number of miles operated in all
1662	jurisdictions during the preceding year by power units.
1663	(b) If fleets are composed entirely of trailers or semitrailers, "total fleet miles" means
1664	the number of miles that those vehicles were towed on the highways of all jurisdictions during
1665	the preceding year.
1666	[(64)] (72) "Trailer" means a vehicle without motive power designed for carrying
1667	persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed so that no part of

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- 1669 [(65)] (73) "Transferee" means a person to whom the ownership of property is 1670 conveyed by sale, gift, or any other means except by the creation of a security interest.
- 1671 [(66)] (74) "Transferor" means a person who transfers his ownership in property by sale, gift, or any other means except by creation of a security interest.
- [(67)] (75) "Travel trailer," "camping trailer," or "fifth wheel trailer" means a portable vehicle without motive power, designed as a temporary dwelling for travel, recreational, or vacation use that does not require a special highway movement permit when drawn by a self-propelled motor vehicle.
 - [(68)] (76) "Truck tractor" means a motor vehicle designed and used primarily for drawing other vehicles and not constructed to carry a load other than a part of the weight of the vehicle and load that is drawn.
- 1680 [(69)] (77) "Vehicle" includes a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, off-highway vehicle, camper, park model recreational vehicle, manufactured home, and mobile home.
- 1682 $\left[\frac{70}{1}\right]$ "Vessel" means the same as that term is defined in Section 73-18-2.
- 1683 [(71)] (79) "Vintage vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-21-1.
- 1685 $\left[\frac{(72)}{80}\right]$ "Waters of this state" means the same as that term is defined in Section 73-18-2.
- 1687 [(73)] (81) "Weighmaster" means a person, association of persons, or corporation permitted to weigh vehicles under this chapter.
- Section 23. Section 41-1a-1201 is amended to read:

1690 **41-1a-1201. Disposition of fees.**

- 1691 (1) All fees received and collected under this part shall be transmitted daily to the state treasurer.
- (2) Except as provided in Subsections (3), (6), (7), (8), and (9) and Sections 41-1a-422, 41-1a-1220, 41-1a-1221, and 41-1a-1223 all fees collected under this part shall be deposited in the Transportation Fund.
- 1696 (3) Funds generated under Subsections 41-1a-1211(1)(b)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), and (7) and 1697 Section 41-1a-1212 may be used by the commission to cover the costs incurred in issuing 1698 license plates under Part 4, License Plates and Registration Indicia.
- 1699 (4) In accordance with Section 63J-1-602.2, all funds available to the commission for

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- the purchase and distribution of license plates and decals are nonlapsing.

 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (5)(b) and Section 41-1a-1205, the expenses of the commission in enforcing and administering this part shall be provided for by legislative appropriation from the revenues of the Transportation Fund.

 (b) Three dollars of the registration fees imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(2)(a)
 - (b) Three dollars of the registration fees imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(2)(a) and (b) for each vehicle registered for a six-month registration period under Section 41-1a-215.5 may be used by the commission to cover the costs incurred in enforcing and administering this part.
- (6) (a) The following portions of the registration fees imposed under Section
 41-1a-1206 for each vehicle shall be deposited in the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005
 created under Section 72-2-124:
- 1711 (i) \$30 of the registration fees imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(1)(a), (1)(b), 1712 (1)(f), [(3), and (6)] (4), and (7);
- 1713 (ii) \$21 of the registration fees imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(1)(c)(i) and 1714 (1)(c)(ii);
- 1715 (iii) \$2.50 of the registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(e)(ii);
- 1716 (iv) \$23 of the registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(d)(i);
- (v) \$24.50 of the registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(e)(i); and
- 1718 (vi) \$1 of the registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(d)(ii).
- 1719 (b) The following portions of the registration fees collected for each vehicle registered 1720 for a six-month registration period under Section 41-1a-215.5 shall be deposited in the 1721 Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124:
 - (i) \$23.25 of each registration fee collected under Subsection 41-1a-1206(2)(a)(i); and
- (ii) \$23 of each registration fee collected under Subsection 41-1a-1206(2)[(b)](a)(ii).
- 1724 (7) (a) Ninety-four cents of each registration fee imposed under Subsections 1725 41-1a-1206(1)(a) and (b) for each vehicle shall be deposited in the Public Safety Restricted
- 1726 Account created in Section 53-3-106.
- 1727 (b) Seventy-one cents of each registration fee imposed under Subsections
- 1728 41-1a-1206(2)(a) and (b) for each vehicle registered for a six-month registration period under
- 1729 Section 41-1a-215.5 shall be deposited in the Public Safety Restricted Account created in
- 1730 Section 53-3-106.

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1731	(8) (a) One dollar of each registration fee imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(1)(a)
1732	and (b) for each vehicle shall be deposited into the Motor Vehicle Safety Impact Restricted
1733	Account created in Section 53-8-214.
1734	(b) One dollar of each registration fee imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(2)(a)
1735	and (b) for each vehicle registered for a six-month registration period under Section
1736	41-1a-215.5 shall be deposited into the Motor Vehicle Safety Impact Restricted Account
1737	created in Section 53-8-214.
1738	(9) Fifty cents of each registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(a) for
1739	each motorcycle shall be deposited in the Spinal Cord and Brain Injury Rehabilitation Fund
1740	created in Section 26-54-102.
1741	Section 24. Section 41-1a-1206 is amended to read:
1742	41-1a-1206. Registration fees Fees by gross laden weight.
1743	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), at the time application is made for
1744	registration or renewal of registration of a vehicle or combination of vehicles under this
1745	chapter, a registration fee shall be paid to the division as follows:
1746	(a) \$46.00 for each motorcycle;
1747	(b) \$44 for each motor vehicle of 12,000 pounds or less gross laden weight, excluding
1748	motorcycles;
1749	(c) unless the semitrailer or trailer is exempt from registration under Section 41-1a-202
1750	or is registered under Section 41-1a-301:
1751	(i) \$31 for each trailer or semitrailer over 750 pounds gross unladen weight; or
1752	(ii) \$28.50 for each commercial trailer or commercial semitrailer of 750 pounds or less
1753	gross unladen weight;
1754	(d) (i) \$53 for each farm truck over 12,000 pounds, but not exceeding 14,000 pounds
1755	gross laden weight; plus
1756	(ii) \$9 for each 2,000 pounds over 14,000 pounds gross laden weight;
1757	(e) (i) \$69.50 for each motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles, excluding farm
1758	trucks, over 12,000 pounds, but not exceeding 14,000 pounds gross laden weight; plus
1759	(ii) \$19 for each 2,000 pounds over 14,000 pounds gross laden weight;
1760	(f) (i) \$69.50 for each park model recreational vehicle over 12,000 pounds, but not

exceeding 14,000 pounds gross laden weight; plus

1762	(ii) \$19 for each 2,000 pounds over 14,000 pounds gross laden weight; [and]
1763	(g) \$45 for each vintage vehicle that is less than 40 years old[-]; and
1764	(h) in addition to the fee described in Subsection (1)(b):
1765	(i) for each electric motor vehicle:
1766	(A) \$60 during calendar year 2019;
1767	(B) \$90 during calendar year 2020; and
1768	(C) \$120 beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter;
1769	(ii) for each hybrid electric motor vehicle:
1770	(A) \$10 during calendar year 2019;
1771	(B) \$15 during calendar year 2020; and
1772	(C) \$20 beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter;
1773	(iii) for each plug-in hybrid electric motor vehicle:
1774	(A) \$26 during calendar year 2019;
1775	(B) \$39 during calendar year 2020; and
1776	(C) \$52 beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter; and
1777	(iv) for any motor vehicle not described in Subsections (1)(h)(i) through (iii) that is
1778	fueled by a source other than motor fuel, diesel fuel, natural gas, or propane:
1779	(A) \$60 during calendar year 2019;
1780	(B) \$90 during calendar year 2020; and
1781	(C) \$120 beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter.
1782	(2) (a) At the time application is made for registration or renewal of registration of a
1783	vehicle under this chapter for a six-month registration period under Section 41-1a-215.5, a
1784	registration fee shall be paid to the division as follows:
1785	$[\frac{(a)}{(i)}]$ \$34.50 for each motorcycle; and
1786	[(b)] (ii) \$33.50 for each motor vehicle of 12,000 pounds or less gross laden weight,
1787	excluding motorcycles.
1788	(b) In addition to the fee described in Subsection (2)(a), for registration or renewal of
1789	registration of a vehicle under this chapter for a six-month registration period under Section
1790	41-1a-215.5 a registration fee shall be paid to the division as follows:
1791	(i) for each electric motor vehicle:
1792	(A) \$46.50 during calendar year 2019;

1793	(B) \$69.75 during calendar year 2020; and
1794	(C) \$93 beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter;
1795	(ii) for each hybrid electric motor vehicle:
1796	(A) \$7.50 during calendar year 2019;
1797	(B) \$11.25 during calendar year 2020; and
1798	(C) \$15 beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter;
1799	(iii) for each plug-in hybrid electric motor vehicle:
1800	(A) \$20 during calendar year 2019;
1801	(B) \$30 during calendar year 2020; and
1802	(C) \$40 beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter; and
1803	(iv) for each motor vehicle not described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) through (iii) that is
1804	fueled by a source other than motor fuel, diesel fuel, natural gas, or propane:
1805	(A) \$46.50 during calendar year 2019;
1806	(B) \$69.75 during calendar year 2020; and
1807	(C) \$93 beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter.
1808	(3) (a) (i) Beginning on January 1, 2019, the commission shall, on January 1, annually
1809	adjust the registration fees described in Subsections (1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(c)(i), (1)(c)(ii), (1)(d)(i),
1810	(1)(e)(i), (1)(f)(i), (1)(g), (2)(a), (4)(a), and (7), by taking the registration fee rate for the
1811	previous year and adding an amount equal to the greater of:
1812	(A) an amount calculated by multiplying the registration fee of the previous year by the
1813	actual percentage change during the previous fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index; and
1814	(B) 0.
1815	(ii) Beginning on January 1, 2022, the commission shall, on January 1, annually adjust
1816	the registration fees described in Subsections (1)(h)(i)(C), (1)(h)(ii)(C), (1)(h)(iii)(C),
1817	(1)(h)(iv)(C), (2)(b)(i)(C), (2)(b)(ii)(C), (2)(b)(iii)(C), and (2)(b)(iv)(C) by taking the
1818	registration fee rate for the previous year and adding an amount equal to the greater of:
1819	(A) an amount calculated by multiplying the registration fee of the previous year by the
1820	actual percentage change during the previous fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index; and
1821	(B) 0.
1822	(b) The amounts calculated as described in Subsection (3)(a) shall be rounded up to the
1823	nearest 25 cents.

1824 [(3)] (4) (a) The initial registration fee for a vintage vehicle that is 40 years old or older is \$40. 1825 1826 (b) A vintage vehicle that is 40 years old or older is exempt from the renewal of 1827 registration fees under Subsection (1). 1828 (c) A vehicle with a Purple Heart special group license plate issued in accordance with 1829 Section 41-1a-421 is exempt from the registration fees under Subsection (1). 1830 (d) A camper is exempt from the registration fees under Subsection (1). 1831 [(4)] (5) If a motor vehicle is operated in combination with a semitrailer or trailer, each 1832 motor vehicle shall register for the total gross laden weight of all units of the combination if the total gross laden weight of the combination exceeds 12,000 pounds. 1833 1834 [(5)] (6) (a) Registration fee categories under this section are based on the gross laden 1835 weight declared in the licensee's application for registration. 1836 (b) Gross laden weight shall be computed in units of 2,000 pounds. A fractional part 1837 of 2,000 pounds is a full unit. 1838 [(6)] (7) The owner of a commercial trailer or commercial semitrailer may, as an 1839 alternative to registering under Subsection (1)(c), apply for and obtain a special registration and 1840 license plate for a fee of \$130. 1841 [(7)] (8) Except as provided in Section 41-6a-1642, a truck may not be registered as a 1842 farm truck unless: (a) the truck meets the definition of a farm truck under Section 41-1a-102; and 1843 1844 (b) (i) the truck has a gross vehicle weight rating of more than 12,000 pounds; or 1845 (ii) the truck has a gross vehicle weight rating of 12,000 pounds or less and the owner 1846 submits to the division a certificate of emissions inspection or a waiver in compliance with 1847 Section 41-6a-1642. [8] (9) A violation of Subsection [7] (8) is an infraction that shall be punished by a 1848 1849 fine of not less than \$200. 1850 [(9)] (10) Trucks used exclusively to pump cement, bore wells, or perform crane 1851 services with a crane lift capacity of five or more tons, are exempt from 50% of the amount of 1852 the fees required for those vehicles under this section. 1853 Section 25. Section 41-1a-1221 is amended to read:

41-1a-1221. Fees to cover the cost of electronic payments.

1855	(1) As used in this section:
1856	(a) "Electronic payment" means use of any form of payment processed through
1857	electronic means, including credit cards, debit cards, and automatic clearinghouse transactions.
1858	(b) "Electronic payment fee" means the fee assessed to defray:
1859	(i) the charge, discount fee, or processing fee charged by credit card companies or
1860	processing agents to process an electronic payment; or
1861	(ii) costs associated with the purchase of equipment necessary for processing electronic
1862	payments.
1863	(2) (a) The Motor Vehicle Division may collect an electronic payment fee on all
1864	registrations and renewals of registration under Subsections 41-1a-1206(1)(a), (1)(b), (2)(a),
1865	$(2)(b)$, and $[\frac{(3)}{4}]$.
1866	(b) The fee described in Subsection (2)(a):
1867	(i) shall be imposed regardless of the method of payment for a particular transaction;
1868	and
1869	(ii) need not be separately identified from the fees imposed for registration and
1870	renewals of registration under Subsections $41-1a-1206(1)(a)$, $(1)(b)$, $(2)(a)$, $(2)(b)$, and $[\frac{(3)}{2}]$.
1871	(3) The division shall establish the fee according to the procedures and requirements of
1872	Section 63J-1-504.
1873	(4) A fee imposed under this section:
1874	(a) shall be deposited in the Electronic Payment Fee Restricted Account created by
1875	Section 41-1a-121; and
1876	(b) is not subject to Subsection 63J-2-202(2).
1877	Section 26. Section 52-4-103 is amended to read:
1878	52-4-103. Definitions.
1879	As used in this chapter:
1880	(1) "Anchor location" means the physical location from which:
1881	(a) an electronic meeting originates; or
1882	(b) the participants are connected.
1883	(2) "Capitol hill complex" means the grounds and buildings within the area bounded by
1884	300 North Street, Columbus Street, 500 North Street, and East Capitol Boulevard in Salt Lake
1885	City.

public transit district.

1886	(3) (a) "Convening" means the calling together of a public body by a person authorized
1887	to do so for the express purpose of discussing or acting upon a subject over which that public
1888	body has jurisdiction or advisory power.
1889	(b) "Convening" does not include the initiation of a routine conversation between
1890	members of a board of trustees of a large public transit district if the members involved in the
1891	conversation do not, during the conversation, take a tentative or final vote on the matter that is
1892	the subject of the conversation.
1893	(4) "Electronic meeting" means a public meeting convened or conducted by means of a
1894	conference using electronic communications.
1895	(5) "Electronic message" means a communication transmitted electronically, including:
1896	(a) electronic mail;
1897	(b) instant messaging;
1898	(c) electronic chat;
1899	(d) text messaging as defined in Section 76-4-401; or
1900	(e) any other method that conveys a message or facilitates communication
1901	electronically.
1902	(6) (a) "Meeting" means the convening of a public body or a specified body, with a
1903	quorum present, including a workshop or an executive session, whether in person or by means
1904	of electronic communications, for the purpose of discussing, receiving comments from the
1905	public about, or acting upon a matter over which the public body or specific body has
1906	jurisdiction or advisory power.
1907	(b) "Meeting" does not mean:
1908	(i) a chance gathering or social gathering; [or]
1909	(ii) a convening of the State Tax Commission to consider a confidential tax matter in
1910	accordance with Section 59-1-405[-]; or
1911	(iii) a convening of a three-member board of trustees of a large public transit district as
1912	defined in Section 17B-2a-802 if:
1913	(A) the board members do not, during the conversation, take a tentative or final vote on
1914	the matter that is the subject of the conversation; or
1915	(B) the conversation pertains only to day-to-day management and operation of the

191/	(c) "Meeting" does not mean the convening of a public body that has both legislative
1918	and executive responsibilities if:
1919	(i) no public funds are appropriated for expenditure during the time the public body is
1920	convened; and
1921	(ii) the public body is convened solely for the discussion or implementation of
1922	administrative or operational matters:
1923	(A) for which no formal action by the public body is required; or
1924	(B) that would not come before the public body for discussion or action.
1925	(7) "Monitor" means to hear or observe, live, by audio or video equipment, all of the
1926	public statements of each member of the public body who is participating in a meeting.
1927	(8) "Participate" means the ability to communicate with all of the members of a public
1928	body, either verbally or electronically, so that each member of the public body can hear or
1929	observe the communication.
1930	(9) (a) "Public body" means:
1931	(i) any administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body of the state or its
1932	political subdivisions that:
1933	(A) is created by the Utah Constitution, statute, rule, ordinance, or resolution;
1934	(B) consists of two or more persons;
1935	(C) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by tax revenue; and
1936	(D) is vested with the authority to make decisions regarding the public's business; or
1937	(ii) any administrative, advisory, executive, or policymaking body of an association, as
1938	defined in Section 53A-1-1601, that:
1939	(A) consists of two or more persons;
1940	(B) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by dues paid by a public
1941	school or whose employees participate in a benefit or program described in Title 49, Utah State
1942	Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act; and
1943	(C) is vested with authority to make decisions regarding the participation of a public
1944	school or student in an interscholastic activity as defined in Section 53A-1-1601.
1945	(b) "Public body" includes:
1946	(i) as defined in Section 11-13-103, an interlocal entity or joint or cooperative
1947	undertaking; and

1948	(ii) as defined in Section 11-13a-102, a governmental nonprofit corporation.
1949	(c) "Public body" does not include:
1950	(i) a political party, a political group, or a political caucus;
1951	(ii) a conference committee, a rules committee, or a sifting committee of the
1952	Legislature;
1953	(iii) a school community council or charter trust land council as defined in Section
1954	53A-1a-108.1; or
1955	(iv) the Economic Development Legislative Liaison Committee created in Section
1956	36-30-201.
1957	(10) "Public statement" means a statement made in the ordinary course of business of
1958	the public body with the intent that all other members of the public body receive it.
1959	(11) (a) "Quorum" means a simple majority of the membership of a public body, unless
1960	otherwise defined by applicable law.
1961	(b) "Quorum" does not include a meeting of two elected officials by themselves when
1962	no action, either formal or informal, is taken on a subject over which these elected officials
1963	have advisory power.
1964	(12) "Recording" means an audio, or an audio and video, record of the proceedings of a
1965	meeting that can be used to review the proceedings of the meeting.
1966	(13) "Specified body":
1967	(a) means an administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body that:
1968	(i) is not a public body;
1969	(ii) consists of three or more members; and
1970	(iii) includes at least one member who is:
1971	(A) a legislator; and
1972	(B) officially appointed to the body by the president of the Senate, speaker of the
1973	House of Representatives, or governor; and
1974	(b) does not include a body listed in Subsection (9)(c)(ii).
1975	(14) "Transmit" means to send, convey, or communicate an electronic message by
1976	electronic means.
1977	Section 27. Section 59-12-103 is amended to read:
1978	59-12-103. Sales and use tax base Rates Effective dates Use of sales and use

1979	tax revenues.
1980	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part on the purchase price or
1981	sales price for amounts paid or charged for the following transactions:
1982	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
1983	(b) amounts paid for:
1984	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
1985	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
1986	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
1987	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
1988	Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
1989	(iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
1990	(A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
1991	(B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
1992	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:
1993	(i) gas;
1994	(ii) electricity;
1995	(iii) heat;
1996	(iv) coal;
1997	(v) fuel oil; or
1998	(vi) other fuels;
1999	(d) sales of the following for residential use:
2000	(i) gas;
2001	(ii) electricity;
2002	(iii) heat;
2003	(iv) coal;
2004	(v) fuel oil; or
2005	(vi) other fuels;
2006	(e) sales of prepared food;
2007	(f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or
2008	user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature,
2009	exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries,

2010	fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit
2011	television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf
2012	driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails,
2013	tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises,
2014	horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation,
2015	exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
2016	(g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal
2017	property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
2018	(i) the tangible personal property; and
2019	(ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
2020	in Subsection (1)(g)(i), regardless of whether:
2021	(A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
2022	property; or
2023	(B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
2024	property are exempt from a tax under this chapter;
2025	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for
2026	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
2027	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court
2028	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;
2029	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
2030	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within
2031	this state the tangible personal property is:
2032	(i) stored;
2033	(ii) used; or
2034	(iii) otherwise consumed;
2035	(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the
2036	tangible personal property is:
2037	(i) stored;
2038	(ii) used; or
2039	(iii) consumed; and

(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:

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2041	(i) (A) of a product transferred electronically; or
2042	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically, and
2043	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
2044	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
2045	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
2046	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
2047	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition.
2048	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (e), a state tax and a local tax
2049	is imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
2050	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
2051	(A) 4.70%; and
2052	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales
2053	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
2054	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional
2055	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2056	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales
2057	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
2058	through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state
2059	imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2060	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
2061	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
2062	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed
2063	on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to the sum of:
2064	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and
2065	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
2066	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
2067	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed
2068	on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
2069	(i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients at
2070	a tax rate of 1.75%; and

(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the

amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.

- (d) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
- (II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- (Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- (B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
- (ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction that consists of taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized on an invoice or similar billing document, the purchase of the optional computer software maintenance contract is 40% taxable under this chapter and 60% nontaxable under this chapter.
- (iii) Subject to Subsection (2)(d)(iv), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled transaction described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii):
- (A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or
 - (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of

tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless:

- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise.
- (iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (e) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections (2)(e)(ii) and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, other property, a product, or a service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
 - (ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:
- (A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser because of an error or ignorance of the law; and
- (B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
- (iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(e)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the

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regular course of business for nontax purposes.

- (f) (i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business.
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(f)(i), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (g) Subject to Subsections (2)(h) and (i), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:
 - (i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 2150 (ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
- 2151 (iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
- 2152 (iv) Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
 - (h) (i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under:
- 2156 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 2157 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
 - (C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
- 2159 (D) Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
 - (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
- 2163 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 2164 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);

2165	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
2166	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
2167	(i) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(i)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale is
2168	computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal or
2169	change in a tax rate takes effect:
2170	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2171	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.
2172	(ii) Subsection (2)(i)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:
2173	(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
2174	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
2175	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
2176	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
2177	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
2178	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2179	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
2180	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
2181	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
2182	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
2183	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
2184	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
2185	in this chapter:
2186	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
2187	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
2188	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
2189	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B).
2190	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
2191	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
2192	through (g):
2193	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
2194	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
2195	(B) for the fiscal year; or

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2196	(ii) \$17,500,000.
2197	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
2198	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the
2199	Department of Natural Resources to:
2200	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to
2201	protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
2202	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations
2203	act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections
2204	79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
2205	(ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection
2206	(4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other
2207	person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the
2208	Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.
2209	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
2210	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
2211	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
2212	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
2213	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
2214	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
2215	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
2216	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
2217	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund
2218	created in Section 4-18-106.
2219	(d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described
2220	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water
2221	Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for the adjudication of
2222	water rights.
2223	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year:

(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan

(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources

Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;

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2227	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
2228	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
2229	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
2230	(e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described
2231	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and
2232	Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.
2233	(ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and
2234	Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and
2235	Development Fund may also be used to:
2236	(A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water
2237	Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of
2238	quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an
2239	area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and
2240	accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource;
2241	(B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and
2242	(C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the
2243	hiring of technical and legal staff.
2244	(f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described
2245	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount
2246	created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects.
2247	(g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described
2248	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount
2249	created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to:
2250	(i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and
2251	distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102;
2252	(ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and
2253	(iii) develop surface water sources.
2254	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,

(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the

2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this

Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:

2258	fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
2259	(ii) \$17,500,000.
2260	(b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
2261	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as dedicated
2262	credits; and
2263	(B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or
2264	restoration.
2265	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
2266	in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
2267	created in Section 73-10-24.
2268	(c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the
2269	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
2270	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as dedicated
2271	credits; and
2272	(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects
2273	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.
2274	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
2275	in Subsection $(5)(c)(i)$ shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
2276	created in Section 73-10-24.
2277	(d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 85% of the
2278	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water
2279	Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the
2280	Division of Water Resources for:
2281	(i) preconstruction costs:
2282	(A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter
2283	26, Bear River Development Act; and
2284	(B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project
2285	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
2286	(ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73,
2287	Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;
2288	(iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project

2289	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and
2290	(iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, and 73-10-30, and
2291	Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).
2292	(e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c) and subject to
2293	Subsection (5)(f), 15% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be
2294	transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs
2295	incurred for employing additional technical staff for the administration of water rights.
2296	(f) At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended dedicated credits described in
2297	Subsection (5)(e) over \$150,000 lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development
2298	Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
2299	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the
2300	amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection
2301	(1) for the fiscal year shall be deposited as follows:
2302	(a) for fiscal year 2016-17 only, 100% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6)
2303	shall be deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section
2304	72-2-124;
2305	(b) for fiscal year 2017-18 only:
2306	(i) 80% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
2307	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and
2308	(ii) 20% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
2309	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103;
2310	(c) for fiscal year 2018-19 only:
2311	(i) 60% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
2312	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and
2313	(ii) 40% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
2314	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103;
2315	(d) for fiscal year 2019-20 only:
2316	(i) 40% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
2317	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and

(ii) 60% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the

Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103;

2320	(e) for fiscal year 2020-21 only:
2321	(i) 20% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
2322	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and
2323	(ii) 80% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
2324	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103; and
2325	(f) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2021, 100% of the revenue described
2326	in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account
2327	created by Section 73-10g-103.
2328	(7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited in
2329	Subsection (6), and subject to Subsection (7)(b), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
2330	2012, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005
2331	created by Section 72-2-124:
2332	(i) a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 8.3% of
2333	the revenues collected from the following taxes, which represents a portion of the
2334	approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually by the sales and use tax
2335	on vehicles and vehicle-related products:
2336	(A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
2337	(B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
2338	(C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
2339	(D) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I); plus
2340	(ii) an amount equal to 30% of the growth in the amount of revenues collected in the
2341	current fiscal year from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through
2342	(D) that exceeds the amount collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections
2343	(7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the 2010-11 fiscal year.
2344	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (7)(b)(ii) and (iii), in any fiscal year that the portion of
2345	the sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) represents an amount that is a total
2346	lower percentage of the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D)
2347	generated in the current fiscal year than the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited in
2348	the previous fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall deposit an amount under Subsection
2349	(7)(a) equal to the product of:
2350	(A) the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) in the

2351 previous fiscal year; and

- (B) the total sales and use tax revenue generated by the taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year.
 - (ii) In any fiscal year in which the portion of the sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) would exceed 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall deposit 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) for the current fiscal year under Subsection (7)(a).
 - (iii) In all subsequent fiscal years after a year in which 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) was deposited under Subsection (7)(a), the Division of Finance shall annually deposit 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year under Subsection (7)(a).
 - (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and in addition to the amounts deposited under Subsections (6) and (7), for the 2016-17 fiscal year only, the Division of Finance shall deposit \$64,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and in addition to the amounts deposited under Subsections (6) and (7), for the 2017-18 fiscal year only, the Division of Finance shall deposit \$63,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124.
 - (c) [(i)] Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited under Subsections (6) and (7), [and subject to Subsection (8)(c)(ii), for a fiscal year] beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the commission shall annually deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 3.68% of the revenues collected from the following taxes:
- 2377 (A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
 - (B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
 - (C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- 2380 (D) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
- 2381 [(ii) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall annually

- reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsection (8)(c)(i)
 by an amount that is equal to 35% of the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year
 by the portion of the tax imposed on motor and special fuel that is sold, used, or received for
 sale or use in this state that exceeds 29.4 cents per gallon.
 - (9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
 - (10) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (10)(c), in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (6), (7), and (8), and for the 2016-17 fiscal year only, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 the amount of tax revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (10)(c), and in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (6), (7), and (8), the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 the amount of revenue described as follows:
 - (i) for fiscal year 2017-18 only, 83.33% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1);
 - (ii) for fiscal year 2018-19 only, 66.67% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1);
 - (iii) for fiscal year 2019-20 only, 50% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1);
 - (iv) for fiscal year 2020-21 only, 33.33% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
 - (v) for fiscal year 2021-22 only, 16.67% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
 - (c) For purposes of Subsections (10)(a) and (b), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(d).

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2413	(11) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after the
2414	fiscal year during which the Division of Finance receives notice under Section 63N-2-510 that
2415	construction on a qualified hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has begun, the Division of
2416	Finance shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually deposit \$1,900,000 of the revenue
2417	generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Hotel Impact Mitigation Fund,
2418	created in Section 63N-2-512.
2419	(12) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for the 2016-17 fiscal year only, the
2420	Division of Finance shall deposit \$26,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed
2421	under Subsection (3)(a) into the Throughput Infrastructure Fund created by Section 35A-8-308.
2422	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for the 2017-18 fiscal year only, the Division of
2423	Finance shall deposit \$27,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under
2424	Subsection (3)(a) into the Throughput Infrastructure Fund created by Section 35A-8-308.
2425	(13) Notwithstanding Subsections (4) through (12), an amount required to be expended
2426	or deposited in accordance with Subsections (4) through (12) may not include an amount the
2427	Division of Finance deposits in accordance with Section 59-12-103.2.
2428	Section 28. Section 59-12-2202 is amended to read:
2429	59-12-2202. Definitions.
2430	As used in this part:
2431	(1) "Airline" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-102.
2432	(2) "Airport facility" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
2433	59-12-602.
2434	(3) "Airport of regional significance" means an airport identified by the Federal
2435	Aviation Administration in the most current National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems or an
2436	update to the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems.
2437	(4) "Annexation" means an annexation to:
2438	(a) a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, County Consolidations and Annexations; or
2439	(b) a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation.
2440	(5) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county, city, or town.
2441	(6) "Council of governments" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
2442	72-2-117.5.

(7) "Fixed guideway" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section

2444	59-12-102.
2445	(8) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2446	<u>17B-2a-802.</u>
2447	[(8)] (9) "Major collector highway" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in
2448	Section 72-4-102.5.
2449	[(9)] (10) "Metropolitan planning organization" [is as] means the same as that term is
2450	defined in Section 72-1-208.5.
2451	[(10)] (11) "Minor arterial highway" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in
2452	Section 72-4-102.5.
2453	[(11)] (12) "Minor collector road" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in
2454	Section 72-4-102.5.
2455	[(12)] (13) "Principal arterial highway" [is as] means the same as that term is defined
2456	in Section 72-4-102.5.
2457	[(13)] (14) "Regionally significant transportation facility" means:
2458	(a) in a county of the first or second class:
2459	(i) a principal arterial highway;
2460	(ii) a minor arterial highway;
2461	(iii) a fixed guideway that:
2462	(A) extends across two or more cities or unincorporated areas; or
2463	(B) is an extension to an existing fixed guideway; or
2464	(iv) an airport of regional significance; or
2465	(b) in a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class:
2466	(i) a principal arterial highway;
2467	(ii) a minor arterial highway;
2468	(iii) a major collector highway;
2469	(iv) a minor collector road; or
2470	(v) an airport of regional significance.
2471	[(14)] (15) "State highway" means a highway designated as a state highway under Title
2472	72, Chapter 4, Designation of State Highways Act.
2473	[(15)] (16) (a) Subject to Subsection $[(15)]$ (16) (b) , "system for public transit" $[has the]$
2474	same meaning as] means the same as the term "public transit" [as] is defined in Section

24/5	1/B-2a-802.
2476	(b) "System for public transit" includes:
2477	(i) the following costs related to public transit:
2478	(A) maintenance costs; or
2479	(B) operating costs;
2480	(ii) a fixed guideway;
2481	(iii) a park and ride facility;
2482	(iv) a passenger station or passenger terminal;
2483	(v) a right-of-way for public transit; or
2484	(vi) the following that serve a public transit facility:
2485	(A) a maintenance facility;
2486	(B) a platform;
2487	(C) a repair facility;
2488	(D) a roadway;
2489	(E) a storage facility;
2490	(F) a utility line; or
2491	(G) a facility or item similar to Subsections [(15)] (16)(b)(vi)(A) through (F).
2492	Section 29. Section 59-12-2217 is amended to read:
2493	59-12-2217. County option sales and use tax for transportation Base Rate
2494	Written prioritization process Approval by county legislative body.
2495	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this part, and subject to Subsection (10), a county
2496	legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of up to .25% on the transactions described in
2497	Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county.
2498	(2) Subject to Subsections (3) through (8) and Section 59-12-2207, the revenues
2499	collected from a sales and use tax under this section may only be expended for:
2500	(a) a project or service:
2501	(i) relating to a regionally significant transportation facility for the portion of the
2502	project or service that is performed within the county;
2503	(ii) for new capacity or congestion mitigation if the project or service is performed
2504	within a county:
2505	(A) of the first or second class; or

2506	(B) if that county is part of an area metropolitan planning organization; and
2507	(iii) that is on a priority list:
2508	(A) created by the county's council of governments in accordance with Subsection (7)
2509	and
2510	(B) approved by the county legislative body in accordance with Subsection (7);
2511	(b) corridor preservation for a project or service described in Subsection (2)(a) [as
2512	provided in Subsection (8)]; or
2513	(c) debt service or bond issuance costs related to a project or service described in
2514	Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii).
2515	(3) If a project or service described in Subsection (2) is for:
2516	(a) a principal arterial highway or a minor arterial highway in a county of the first or
2517	second class or a collector road in a county of the second class, that project or service shall be
2518	part of the:
2519	(i) county and municipal master plan; and
2520	(ii) (A) statewide long-range plan; or
2521	(B) regional transportation plan of the area metropolitan planning organization if a
2522	metropolitan planning organization exists for the area; or
2523	(b) a fixed guideway or an airport, that project or service shall be part of the regional
2524	transportation plan of the area metropolitan planning organization if a metropolitan planning
2525	organization exists for the area.
2526	(4) In a county of the first or second class, a regionally significant transportation
2527	facility project or service described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall have a funded year priority
2528	designation on a Statewide Transportation Improvement Program and Transportation
2529	Improvement Program if the project or service described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) is:
2530	(a) a principal arterial highway;
2531	(b) a minor arterial highway;
2532	(c) a collector road in a county of the second class; or
2533	(d) a major collector highway in a rural area.
2534	(5) Of the revenues collected from a sales and use tax imposed under this section
2535	within a county of the first [or second] class, 25% or more shall be expended for the purpose
2536	described in Subsection (2)(b).

2537	(6) (a) As provided in this Subsection (6), a council of governments shall:
2538	(i) develop a written prioritization process for the prioritization of projects to be funded
2539	by revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section;
2540	(ii) create a priority list of regionally significant transportation facility projects or
2541	services described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) in accordance with Subsection (7); and
2542	(iii) present the priority list to the county legislative body for approval in accordance
2543	with Subsection (7).
2544	(b) The written prioritization process described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall include:
2545	(i) a definition of the type of projects to which the written prioritization process
2546	applies;
2547	(ii) subject to Subsection (6)(c), the specification of a weighted criteria system that the
2548	council of governments will use to rank proposed projects and how that weighted criteria
2549	system will be used to determine which proposed projects will be prioritized;
2550	(iii) the specification of data that is necessary to apply the weighted criteria system;
2551	(iv) application procedures for a project to be considered for prioritization by the
2552	council of governments; and
2553	(v) any other provision the council of governments considers appropriate.
2554	(c) The weighted criteria system described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii) shall include the
2555	following:
2556	(i) the cost effectiveness of a project;
2557	(ii) the degree to which a project will mitigate regional congestion;
2558	(iii) the compliance requirements of applicable federal laws or regulations;
2559	(iv) the economic impact of a project;
2560	(v) the degree to which a project will require tax revenues to fund maintenance and
2561	operation expenses; and
2562	(vi) any other provision the council of governments considers appropriate.
2563	(d) A council of governments of a county of the first or second class shall submit the
2564	written prioritization process described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) to the Executive Appropriations
2565	Committee for approval prior to taking final action on:
2566	(i) the written prioritization process; or
2567	(ii) any proposed amendment to the written prioritization process.

- (7) (a) A council of governments shall use the weighted criteria system adopted in the written prioritization process developed in accordance with Subsection (6) to create a priority list of regionally significant transportation facility projects or services for which revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section may be expended.
 - (b) Before a council of governments may finalize a priority list or the funding level of a project, the council of governments shall conduct a public meeting on:
 - (i) the written prioritization process; and
 - (ii) the merits of the projects that are prioritized as part of the written prioritization process.
 - (c) A council of governments shall make the weighted criteria system ranking for each project prioritized as part of the written prioritization process publicly available before the public meeting required by Subsection (7)(b) is held.
 - (d) If a council of governments prioritizes a project over another project with a higher rank under the weighted criteria system, the council of governments shall:
 - (i) identify the reasons for prioritizing the project over another project with a higher rank under the weighted criteria system at the public meeting required by Subsection (7)(b); and
 - (ii) make the reasons described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) publicly available.
 - (e) Subject to Subsections (7)(f) and (g), after a council of governments finalizes a priority list in accordance with this Subsection (7), the council of governments shall:
 - (i) submit the priority list to the county legislative body for approval; and
 - (ii) obtain approval of the priority list from a majority of the members of the county legislative body.
 - (f) A council of governments may only submit one priority list per calendar year to the county legislative body.
 - (g) A county legislative body may only consider and approve one priority list submitted under Subsection (7)(e) per calendar year.
 - [(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this section that a county allocates for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(b) shall be:]
 - [(i) deposited in or transferred to the Local Highway and Transportation Corridor

2599	Preservation Fund created by Section 72-2-117.5; and
2600	[(ii) expended as provided in Section 72-2-117.5.]
2601	[(b)] (8) In a county of the first class, revenues collected from a sales and use tax under
2602	this section that a county allocates for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(b) shall be:
2603	[(i)] (a) deposited in or transferred to the County of the First Class Highway Projects
2604	Fund created by Section 72-2-121; and
2605	[(ii)] (b) expended as provided in Section 72-2-121.
2606	(9) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, a county legislative body may, but is not
2607	required to, submit an opinion question to the county's registered voters in accordance with
2608	Section 59-12-2208 to impose a sales and use tax under this section.
2609	(10) (a) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, if the entire boundary
2610	of a county is annexed into a large public transit district, to impose a sales and use tax under
2611	this section, the county legislative body shall pass the ordinance to impose a sales and use tax
2612	under this section on or before June 30, 2022.
2613	(ii) If the entire boundary of a county is annexed into a large public transit district, the
2614	county legislative body may not pass an ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this
2615	section on or after July 1, 2022.
2616	(b) Notwithstanding the deadline described in Subsection (10)(a), any sales and use tax
2617	imposed under this section on or before June 30, 2022, may remain in effect.
2618	Section 30. Section 59-12-2218 is amended to read:
2619	59-12-2218. County, city, or town option sales and use tax for airports, highways,
2620	and systems for public transit Base Rate Administration of sales and use tax
2621	Voter approval exception.
2622	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this part, and subject to Subsection (11), the
2623	following may impose a sales and use tax under this section:
2624	(a) if, on April 1, 2009, a county legislative body of a county of the second class
2625	imposes a sales and use tax under this section, the county legislative body of the county of the
2626	second class may impose the sales and use tax on the transactions:
2627	(i) described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and
2628	(ii) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county; or
2629	(b) if, on April 1, 2009, a county legislative body of a county of the second class does

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2630 not impose a sales and use tax under this section:

- (i) a city legislative body of a city within the county of the second class may impose a sales and use tax under this section on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within that city;
- (ii) a town legislative body of a town within the county of the second class may impose a sales and use tax under this section on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within that town; and
- (iii) the county legislative body of the county of the second class may impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1):
- (A) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county, if on the date the county legislative body provides the notice described in Section 59-12-2209 to the commission stating that the county will enact a sales and use tax under this section, no city or town within that county imposes a sales and use tax under this section or has provided the notice described in Section 59-12-2209 to the commission stating that the city or town will enact a sales and use tax under this section; or
- (B) within the county, except for within a city or town within that county, if, on the date the county legislative body provides the notice described in Section 59-12-2209 to the commission stating that the county will enact a sales and use tax under this section, that city or town imposes a sales and use tax under this section or has provided the notice described in Section 59-12-2209 to the commission stating that the city or town will enact a sales and use tax under this section.
- (2) For purposes of Subsection (1) and subject to the other provisions of this section, a county, city, or town legislative body that imposes a sales and use tax under this section may impose the tax at a rate of:
 - (a) .10%; or
- 2655 (b) .25%.
- 2656 (3) A sales and use tax imposed at a rate described in Subsection (2)(a) shall be expended as determined by the county, city, or town legislative body as follows:
- 2658 (a) deposited as provided in Subsection (9)(b) into the County of the Second Class 2659 State Highway Projects Fund created by Section 72-2-121.2 and expended as provided in 2660 Section 72-2-121.2;

	or to the circuit.
2661	(b) expended for a project or service relating to an airport facility for the portion of the
2662	project or service that is performed within the county, city, or town within which the tax is
2663	imposed:
2664	(i) for a county legislative body that imposes the sales and use tax, if that airport
2665	facility is part of the regional transportation plan of the area metropolitan planning organization
2666	if a metropolitan planning organization exists for the area; or
2667	(ii) for a city or town legislative body that imposes the sales and use tax, if:
2668	(A) that city or town owns or operates the airport facility; and
2669	(B) an airline is headquartered in that city or town; or
2670	(c) deposited or expended for a combination of Subsections (3)(a) and (b).
2671	(4) Subject to Subsections (5) through (7), a sales and use tax imposed at a rate
2672	described in Subsection (2)(b) shall be expended as determined by the county, city, or town
2673	legislative body as follows:
2674	(a) deposited as provided in Subsection (9)(b) into the County of the Second Class
2675	State Highway Projects Fund created by Section 72-2-121.2 and expended as provided in
2676	Section 72-2-121.2;
2677	(b) expended for:
2678	(i) a state highway designated under Title 72, Chapter 4, Part 1, State Highways;
2679	(ii) a local highway that is a principal arterial highway, minor arterial highway, major
2680	collector highway, or minor collector road; or
2681	(iii) a combination of Subsections (4)(b)(i) and (ii);
2682	(c) expended for a project or service relating to a system for public transit for the
2683	portion of the project or service that is performed within the county, city, or town within which
2684	the sales and use tax is imposed;
2685	(d) expended for a project or service relating to an airport facility for the portion of the
2686	project or service that is performed within the county, city, or town within which the sales and
2687	use tax is imposed:
2688	(i) for a county legislative body that imposes the sales and use tax, if that airport
2689	facility is part of the regional transportation plan of the area metropolitan planning organization

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(ii) for a city or town legislative body that imposes the sales and use tax, if:

if a metropolitan planning organization exists for the area; or

2692 (A) that city or town owns or operates the airport facility; and 2693 (B) an airline is headquartered in that city or town; 2694 (e) expended for: 2695 (i) a class B road, as defined in Section 72-3-103; 2696 (ii) a class C road, as defined in Section 72-3-104; or 2697 (iii) a combination of Subsections (4)(e)(i) and (ii); (f) expended for traffic and pedestrian safety, including: 2698 2699 (i) for a class B road, as defined in Section 72-3-103, or class C road, as defined in 2700 Section 72-3-104, for: 2701 (A) a sidewalk; 2702 (B) curb and gutter; 2703 (C) a safety feature; 2704 (D) a traffic sign: 2705 (E) a traffic signal; 2706 (F) street lighting; or 2707 (G) a combination of Subsections (4)(f)(i)(A) through (F); (ii) the construction of an active transportation facility that: 2708 2709 (A) is for nonmotorized vehicles and multimodal transportation; and 2710 (B) connects an origin with a destination; or 2711 (iii) a combination of Subsections (4)(f)(i) and (ii); or 2712 (g) deposited or expended for a combination of Subsections (4)(a) through (f). 2713 (5) A county, city, or town legislative body may not expend revenue collected within a 2714 county, city, or town from a tax under this section for a purpose described in Subsections (4)(b) 2715 through (f) unless the purpose is recommended by: 2716 (a) for a county that is part of a metropolitan planning organization, the metropolitan 2717 planning organization of which the county is a part; or 2718 (b) for a county that is not part of a metropolitan planning organization, the council of 2719 governments of which the county is a part. 2720 (6) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a county, city, or town that imposes 2721 a tax described in Subsection (2)(b) shall deposit the revenue collected from a tax rate of .05% 2722 as provided in Subsection (9)(b)(i) into the Local Highway and Transportation Corridor

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- 2723 Preservation Fund created by Section 72-2-117.5. 2724 (ii) Revenue deposited in accordance with Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall be expended and 2725 distributed in accordance with Section 72-2-117.5. (b) A county, city, or town is not required to make the deposit required by Subsection 2726 2727 (6)(a)(i) if the county, city, or town: 2728 (i) imposed a tax described in Subsection (2)(b) on July 1, 2010; or 2729 (ii) has continuously imposed a tax described in Subsection (2)(b): 2730 (A) beginning after July 1, 2010; and 2731 (B) for a five-year period. (7) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (7), a city or town within 2732 2733 which a sales and use tax is imposed at the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(b) may: 2734 (i) expend the revenues in accordance with Subsection (4); or 2735 (ii) expend the revenues in accordance with Subsections (7)(b) through (d) if: (A) that city or town owns or operates an airport facility; and 2736 2737 (B) an airline is headquartered in that city or town. 2738 (b) (i) A city or town legislative body of a city or town within which a sales and use tax is imposed at the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(b) may expend the revenues collected 2739 2740 from a tax rate of greater than .10% but not to exceed the revenues collected from a tax rate of 2741 .25% for a purpose described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii) if: 2742 (A) that city or town owns or operates an airport facility; and 2743 (B) an airline is headquartered in that city or town. 2744 (ii) A city or town described in Subsection (7)(b)(i) may expend the revenues collected 2745 from a tax rate of greater than .10% but not to exceed the revenues collected from a tax rate of 2746 .25% for: 2747 (A) a project or service relating to the airport facility; and 2748 (B) the portion of the project or service that is performed within the city or town 2749 imposing the sales and use tax. 2750 (c) If a city or town legislative body described in Subsection (7)(b)(i) determines to 2751
 - (c) If a city or town legislative body described in Subsection (7)(b)(i) determines to expend the revenues collected from a tax rate of greater than .10% but not to exceed the revenues collected from a tax rate of .25% for a project or service relating to an airport facility as allowed by Subsection (7)(b), any remaining revenue that is collected from the sales and use

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- tax imposed at the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(b) that is not expended for the project or service relating to an airport facility as allowed by Subsection (7)(b) shall be expended as follows:
 - (i) 75% of the remaining revenues shall be deposited as provided in Subsection (9)(c) into the County of the Second Class State Highway Projects Fund created by Section 72-2-121.2 and expended as provided in Section 72-2-121.2; and
 - (ii) 25% of the remaining revenues shall be deposited as provided in Subsection (9)(c) into the Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund created by Section 72-2-117.5 and expended and distributed in accordance with Section 72-2-117.5.
 - (d) A city or town legislative body that expends the revenues collected from a sales and use tax imposed at the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(b) in accordance with Subsections (7)(b) and (c):
 - (i) shall, on or before the date the city or town legislative body provides the notice described in Section 59-12-2209 to the commission stating that the city or town will enact a sales and use tax under this section:
 - (A) determine the tax rate, the percentage of which is greater than .10% but does not exceed .25%, the collections from which the city or town legislative body will expend for a project or service relating to an airport facility as allowed by Subsection (7)(b); and
 - (B) notify the commission in writing of the tax rate the city or town legislative body determines in accordance with Subsection (7)(d)(i)(A);
 - (ii) shall, on or before the April 1 immediately following the date the city or town legislative body provides the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) to the commission:
 - (A) determine the tax rate, the percentage of which is greater than .10% but does not exceed .25%, the collections from which the city or town legislative body will expend for a project or service relating to an airport facility as allowed by Subsection (7)(b); and
 - (B) notify the commission in writing of the tax rate the city or town legislative body determines in accordance with Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A);
- 2781 (iii) shall, on or before April 1 of each year after the April 1 described in Subsection 2782 (7)(d)(ii):
- 2783 (A) determine the tax rate, the percentage of which is greater than .10% but does not exceed .25%, the collections from which the city or town legislative body will expend for a

project or service relating to an airport facility as allowed by Subsection (7)(b); and

- (B) notify the commission in writing of the tax rate the city or town legislative body determines in accordance with Subsection (7)(d)(iii)(A); and
- (iv) may not change the tax rate the city or town legislative body determines in accordance with Subsections (7)(d)(i) through (iii) more frequently than as prescribed by Subsections (7)(d)(i) through (iii).
- (8) Before a city or town legislative body may impose a sales and use tax under this section, the city or town legislative body shall provide a copy of the notice described in Section 59-12-2209 that the city or town legislative body provides to the commission:
 - (a) to the county legislative body within which the city or town is located; and
- (b) at the same time as the city or town legislative body provides the notice to the commission.
- (9) (a) Subject to Subsections (9)(b) through (e) and Section 59-12-2207, the commission shall transmit revenues collected within a county, city, or town from a tax under this part that will be expended for a purpose described in Subsection (3)(b) or Subsections (4)(b) through (f) to the county, city, or town legislative body in accordance with Section 59-12-2206.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c) and subject to Section 59-12-2207, the commission shall deposit revenues collected within a county, city, or town from a sales and use tax under this section that:
- (i) are required to be expended for a purpose described in Subsection (6)(a) into the Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund created by Section 72-2-117.5; or
- (ii) a county, city, or town legislative body determines to expend for a purpose described in Subsection (3)(a) or (4)(a) into the County of the Second Class State Highway Projects Fund created by Section 72-2-121.2 if the county, city, or town legislative body provides written notice to the commission requesting the deposit.
- (c) Subject to Subsection (9)(d) or (e), if a city or town legislative body provides notice to the commission in accordance with Subsection (7)(d), the commission shall:
- (i) transmit the revenues collected from the tax rate stated on the notice to the city or town legislative body monthly by electronic funds transfer; and
 - (ii) deposit any remaining revenues described in Subsection (7)(c) in accordance with

2816 Subsection (7)(c).

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- (d) (i) If a city or town legislative body provides the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) to the commission, the commission shall transmit or deposit the revenues collected from the sales and use tax:
 - (A) in accordance with Subsection (9)(c);
 - (B) beginning on the date the city or town legislative body enacts the sales and use tax; and
 - (C) ending on the earlier of the June 30 immediately following the date the city or town legislative body provides the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii) to the commission or the date the city or town legislative body repeals the sales and use tax.
 - (ii) If a city or town legislative body provides the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii) or (iii) to the commission, the commission shall transmit or deposit the revenues collected from the sales and use tax:
 - (A) in accordance with Subsection (9)(c);
 - (B) beginning on the July 1 immediately following the date the city or town legislative body provides the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii) or (iii) to the commission; and
 - (C) ending on the earlier of the June 30 of the year after the date the city or town legislative body provides the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii) or (iii) to the commission or the date the city or town legislative body repeals the sales and use tax.
 - (e) (i) If a city or town legislative body that is required to provide the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) does not provide the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) to the commission on or before the date required by Subsection (7)(d) for providing the notice, the commission shall transmit, transfer, or deposit the revenues collected from the sales and use tax within the city or town in accordance with Subsections (9)(a) and (b).
 - (ii) If a city or town legislative body that is required to provide the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii) or (iii) does not provide the notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii) or (iii) to the commission on or before the date required by Subsection (7)(d) for providing the notice, the commission shall transmit or deposit the revenues collected from the sales and use tax within the city or town in accordance with:
 - (A) Subsection (9)(c); and
 - (B) the most recent notice the commission received from the city or town legislative

2847	body under Subsection (7)(d).
2848	(10) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, a county, city, or town legislative body may
2849	but is not required to, submit an opinion question to the county's, city's, or town's registered
2850	voters in accordance with Section 59-12-2208 to impose a sales and use tax under this section.
2851	(11) (a) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, if the entire boundary
2852	of a county, city, or town is annexed into a large public transit district, to impose a sales and
2853	use tax under this section, the county, city, or town legislative body shall pass the ordinance to
2854	impose a sales and use tax under this section on or before June 30, 2022.
2855	(ii) If the entire boundary of a county, city, or town is annexed into a large public
2856	transit district, the county, city, or town legislative body may not pass the ordinance to impose
2857	a sales and use tax under this section on or after July 1, 2022.
2858	(b) Notwithstanding the deadline described in Subsection (11)(a), any sales and use tax
2859	imposed under this section on or before June 30, 2022, may remain in effect.
2860	Section 31. Section 59-12-2219 is amended to read:
2861	59-12-2219. County, city, and town option sales and use tax for highways and
2862	public transit Base Rate Distribution and expenditure of revenue Revenue may
2863	not supplant existing budgeted transportation revenue.
2864	(1) As used in this section:
2865	(a) "Class B road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-3-103.
2866	(b) "Class C road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-3-104.
2867	(c) "Eligible political subdivision" means a political subdivision that:
2868	(i) (A) on May 12, 2015, provides public transit services; or
2869	(B) after May 12, 2015, provides written notice to the commission in accordance with
2870	Subsection (10)(b) that it intends to provide public transit service within a county;
2871	(ii) is not a public transit district; and
2872	(iii) is not annexed into a public transit district.
2873	(d) "Public transit district" means a public transit district organized under Title 17B,
2874	Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act.
2875	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this part, and subject to Subsection (17), a county
2876	legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of .25% on the transactions described in
2877	Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the county, including the cities and towns within the county.

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- (3) [The] Subject to Subsections (11) and (12), the commission shall distribute sales and use tax revenue collected under this section as provided in Subsections (4) through (10).
 - (4) If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:
- (a) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
 - (b) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
 - (c) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
- (5) If the entire boundary of a county that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is not annexed into a single public transit district, but a city or town within the county is annexed into a single public transit district that also has a county of the first class annexed into the same public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:
- (a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city or town as follows:
- (i) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
 - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
 - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;
 - (b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as follows:
- 2902 (i) .10% shall be transferred to the eligible political subdivision in accordance with 2903 Section 59-12-2206;
 - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
- 2905 (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and
- 2906 (c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales 2907 and use tax revenue described in Subsections (5)(a) and (b), as follows:
- 2908 (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and

- 2909 (ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
 - (6) For a county not described in Subsection (4) or (5), if the entire boundary of a county of the first or second class that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is not annexed into a single public transit district, or if there is not a public transit district within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:
 - (a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city or town as follows:
- 2918 (i) .10% shall be transferred to the public transit district in accordance with Section 2919 59-12-2206;
 - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
 - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;
 - (b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as follows:
 - (i) .10% shall be transferred to the eligible political subdivision in accordance with Section 59-12-2206;
 - (ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
 - (iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and
 - (c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales and use tax revenue described in Subsections (6)(a) and (b), as follows:
 - (i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
 - (ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
 - (7) For a county not described in Subsection (4) or (5), if the entire boundary of a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class that imposes a sales and use tax under this section is not annexed into a single public transit district, or if there is not a public transit district within the county, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within the county as follows:
 - (a) for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that city

2940	or town as follows:
2941	(i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8);
2942	(ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (9); and
2943	(iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body;
2944	(b) for an eligible political subdivision within the county, the commission shall
2945	distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected within that eligible political subdivision as
2946	follows:
2947	(i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8);
2948	(ii) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (9); and
2949	(iii) .05% shall be distributed to the county legislative body; and
2950	(c) the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue, except for the sales
2951	and use tax revenue described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b), as follows:
2952	(i) .10% shall be distributed as provided in Subsection (8); and
2953	(ii) .15% shall be distributed to the county legislative body.
2954	(8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(b), the commission shall make the distributions
2955	required by Subsections (4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii), (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), (6)(c)(i),
2956	(7)(a)(i), (7)(b)(i), (7)(c)(i), [and] (9)(d)(ii)(A), and (12)(c)(i) as follows:
2957	(i) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections (4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii),
2958	$(5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), (6)(c)(i), (7)(a)(i), (7)(b)(i), (7)(c)(i), [and] \\ (9)(d)(ii)(A), and \\ (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), (6)(c)(i), (7)(a)(i), (7)(b)(i), (7)(c)(i), [and] \\ (9)(d)(ii)(A), and \\ (9)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)$
2959	(12)(c)(i) within the counties and cities that impose a tax under this section shall be distributed
2960	to the unincorporated areas, cities, and towns within those counties and cities on the basis of
2961	the percentage that the population of each unincorporated area, city, or town bears to the total
2962	population of all of the counties and cities that impose a tax under this section; and
2963	(ii) 50% of the total revenue collected under Subsections (4)(b), (5)(a)(ii), (5)(b)(ii),
2964	$(5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), (6)(c)(i), (7)(a)(i), (7)(b)(i), (7)(c)(i), [and] \\ (9)(d)(ii)(A), and \\ (5)(c)(i), (6)(a)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), (6)(c)(i), (7)(a)(i), (7)(b)(i), (7)(c)(i), [and] \\ (9)(d)(ii)(A), and \\ (9)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)$
2965	(12)(c)(i) within the counties and cities that impose a tax under this section shall be distributed
2966	to the unincorporated areas, cities, and towns within those counties and cities on the basis of
2967	the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
2968	(b) (i) Population for purposes of this Subsection (8) shall be determined on the basis
2969	of the most recent official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.
2970	(ii) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census

- Bureau, population figures shall be derived from an estimate from the Utah Population Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.
- 2973 (9) (a) (i) Subject to the requirements in Subsections (9)(b) and (c), a county legislative body:
 - (A) for a county that obtained approval from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this section prior to May 10, 2016, may, in consultation with any cities, towns, or eligible political subdivisions within the county, and in compliance with the requirements for changing an allocation under Subsection (9)(e), allocate the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) by adopting a resolution specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision; or
 - (B) for a county that obtains approval from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on the imposition of a sales and use tax under this section on or after May 10, 2016, shall, in consultation with any cities, towns, or eligible political subdivisions within the county, allocate the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) by adopting a resolution specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.
 - (ii) If a county described in Subsection (9)(a)(i)(A) does not allocate the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) in accordance with Subsection (9)(a)(i)(A), the commission shall distribute 100% of the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) to:
 - (A) a public transit district for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district; or
 - (B) an eligible political subdivision within the county.
 - (b) If a county legislative body allocates the revenue as described in Subsection (9)(a)(i), the county legislative body shall allocate not less than 25% of the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) to:
 - (i) a public transit district for a city or town within the county that is annexed into a single public transit district; or
 - (ii) an eligible political subdivision within the county.
- 3000 (c) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Section 3001 59-12-2208 shall state the allocations the county legislative body makes in accordance with this

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- (d) The commission shall make the distributions required by Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) as follows:
 - (i) the percentage specified by a county legislative body shall be distributed in accordance with a resolution adopted by a county legislative body under Subsection (9)(a) to an eligible political subdivision or a public transit district within the county; and
 - (ii) except as provided in Subsection (9)(a)(ii), if a county legislative body allocates less than 100% of the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision, the remainder of the revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) not allocated by a county legislative body through a resolution under Subsection (9)(a) shall be distributed as follows:
 - (A) 50% of the revenue as provided in Subsection (8); and
 - (B) 50% of the revenue to the county legislative body.
 - (e) If a county legislative body seeks to change an allocation specified in a resolution under Subsection (9)(a), the county legislative body may change the allocation by:
 - (i) adopting a resolution in accordance with Subsection (9)(a) specifying the percentage of revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision;
 - (ii) obtaining approval to change the allocation of the sales and use tax by a majority of all the members of the county legislative body; and
 - (iii) subject to Subsection (9)(f):
- (A) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, submitting an opinion question to the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation so that each registered voter has the opportunity to express the registered voter's opinion on whether the allocation should be changed; and
- (B) in accordance with Section 59-12-2208, obtaining approval to change the allocation from a majority of the county's registered voters voting on changing the allocation.
- (f) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, the opinion question required by Subsection (9)(e)(iii)(A) shall state the allocations specified in the resolution adopted in accordance with Subsection (9)(e) and approved by the county legislative body in accordance with Subsection (9)(e)(ii).

- (g) (i) If a county makes an allocation by adopting a resolution under Subsection (9)(a) or changes an allocation by adopting a resolution under Subsection (9)(e), the allocation shall take effect on the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (9)(g)(ii) from the county.
 - (ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(g)(i) shall state:
- (A) that the county will make or change the percentage of an allocation under Subsection (9)(a) or (e); and
- (B) the percentage of revenue under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) or (7)(b)(ii) that will be allocated to a public transit district or an eligible political subdivision.
- (10) (a) If a public transit district is organized after the date a county legislative body first imposes a tax under this section, a change in a distribution required by this section may not take effect until the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the public transit district of the organization of the public transit district.
- (b) If an eligible political subdivision intends to provide public transit service within a county after the date a county legislative body first imposes a tax under this section, a change in a distribution required by this section may not take effect until the first distribution the commission makes under this section after a 90-day period that begins on the date the commission receives written notice from the eligible political subdivision stating that the eligible political subdivision intends to provide public transit service within the county.
- (11) (a) (i) Notwithstanding Subsections (4) through (10), for a county that has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section before May 8, 2018, and if the county imposes a sales and use tax under this section before June 30, 2019, the commission shall distribute all of the sales and use tax revenue collected by the county before June 30, 2019, to the county for the purposes described in Subsection (11)(a)(ii).
- (ii) For any revenue collected by a county pursuant to Subsection (11)(a)(i) before June 30, 2019, the county may expend that revenue for:
 - (A) reducing transportation related debt;
- (B) a regionally significant transportation facility; or
- 3063 (C) a public transit project of regional significance.

3064	(b) For a county that has not imposed a sales and use tax under this section before May
3065	8, 2018, and if the county imposes a sales and use tax under this section before June 30, 2019,
3066	the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected by the county on or after
3067	July 1, 2019, as described in Subsections (4) through (10).
3068	(c) Subject to Subsection (12), for a county that has not imposed a sales and use tax
3069	under this section before June 30, 2019, if the entire boundary of that county is annexed into a
3070	large public transit district, and if the county imposes a sales and use tax under this section on
3071	or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected by
3072	the county as described in Subsections (4) through (10).
3073	(12) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2020, if a county has not imposed a sales and use tax
3074	under this section, subject to the provisions of this part, the legislative body of a city or town
3075	described in Subsection (12)(b) may impose a .25% sales and use tax on the transactions
3076	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the city or town.
3077	(b) The following cities or towns may impose the sales and use tax as described in
3078	Subsection (12)(a):
3079	(i) in a county of the first, second, or third class, a city or town that:
8080	(A) has been annexed into a public transit district; or
3081	(B) is an eligible political subdivision; or
3082	(ii) a city or town that:
3083	(A) is in a county of the third or smaller class; and
3084	(B) has been annexed into a large public transit district.
3085	(c) If a city or town imposes a sales and use tax as provided in this section, the
3086	commission shall distribute the sales and use tax revenue collected by the city or town as
3087	<u>follows:</u>
8088	(i) .125% to the city or town that imposed the sales and use tax, to be distributed as
8089	provided in Subsection (8); and
3090	(ii) .125%, as applicable, to:
3091	(A) the large public transit district in which the city or town is annexed; or
3092	(B) the eligible political subdivision for public transit services.
3093	(d) If a city or town imposes a sales and use tax under this section and the county
3094	subsequently imposes a sales and use tax under this section, the commission shall distribute the

3093	sales and use tax revenue conected within the city of town as described in Subsection (12)(c).
3096	[(11)] (13) A county, city, or town may expend revenue collected from a tax under this
3097	section, except for revenue the commission distributes in accordance with Subsection (4)(a),
3098	(5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), or (9)(d)(i) for:
3099	(a) a class B road;
3100	(b) a class C road;
3101	(c) traffic and pedestrian safety, including for a class B road or class C road, for:
3102	(i) a sidewalk;
3103	(ii) curb and gutter;
3104	(iii) a safety feature;
3105	(iv) a traffic sign;
3106	(v) a traffic signal;
3107	(vi) street lighting; or
3108	(vii) a combination of Subsections [(11)] (13)(c)(i) through (vi);
3109	(d) the construction, maintenance, or operation of an active transportation facility that
3110	is for nonmotorized vehicles and multimodal transportation and connects an origin with a
3111	destination;
3112	(e) public transit system services; or
3113	(f) a combination of Subsections [(11)] (13)(a) through (e).
3114	[(12)] (14) A public transit district or an eligible political subdivision may expend
3115	revenue the commission distributes in accordance with Subsection (4)(a), (5)(a)(i), (5)(b)(i), or
3116	(9)(d)(i) for capital expenses and service delivery expenses of the public transit district or
3117	eligible political subdivision.
3118	[(13)] (15) (a) Revenue collected from a sales and use tax under this section may not be
3119	used to supplant existing general fund appropriations that a county, city, or town has budgeted
3120	for transportation as of the date the tax becomes effective for a county, city, or town.
3121	(b) The limitation under Subsection $[(13)]$ (15) (a) does not apply to a designated
3122	transportation capital or reserve account a county, city, or town may have established prior to
3123	the date the tax becomes effective.
3124	(16) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-2208, a county, city, or town legislative body may,
3125	but is not required to, submit an opinion question to the county's, city's, or town's registered

3126	voters in accordance with Section 59-12-2208 to impose a sales and use tax under this section.
3127	(17) (a) (i) (A) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, to impose a sales
3128	and use tax under this section, the city or town legislative body shall pass the ordinance to
3129	impose a sales and use tax under this section on or before June 30, 2022.
3130	(B) A city legislative body may not pass an ordinance to impose a sales and use tax
3131	under this section on or after July 1, 2022.
3132	(ii) (A) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, if the entire boundary of a
3133	county is annexed into a large public transit district, to impose a sales and use tax under this
3134	section, the county legislative body shall pass the ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under
3135	this section on or before June 30, 2022.
3136	(B) If the entire boundary of a county is annexed into a large public transit district, the
3137	county legislative body may not pass an ordinance to impose a sales and use tax under this
3138	section on or after July 1, 2022.
3139	(b) Notwithstanding the deadline described in Subsection (17)(a), any sales and use tax
3140	imposed under this section on or before June 30, 2022, may remain in effect.
3141	Section 32. Section 63G-6a-1402 is amended to read:
3142	63G-6a-1402. Procurement of design-build transportation project contracts.
3143	(1) As used in this section:
3144	(a) "Design-build transportation project contract" means the procurement of both the
3145	design and construction of a transportation project in a single contract with a company or
3146	combination of companies capable of providing the necessary engineering services and
3147	construction.
3148	(b) "Transportation agency" means:
3149	(i) the Department of Transportation;
3150	(ii) a county of the first or second class, as defined in Section 17-50-501;
3151	(iii) a municipality of the first class, as defined in Section 10-2-301;
3152	(iv) a <u>large</u> public transit district [that has more than 200,000 people residing within its
3153	boundaries] as defined in Section 17B-2a-802; and
3154	(v) a public airport authority.
3155	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a transportation agency may award a
3156	design-build transportation project contract for any transportation project that has an estimated

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3157	cost of at least \$50,000,000 by following the requirements of this section.
3158	(3) (a) The Department of Transportation:
3159	(i) may award a design-build transportation project contract for any transportation
3160	project by following the requirements of this section; and
3161	(ii) shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3162	Rulemaking Act, establishing requirements for the procurement of its design-build
3163	transportation project contracts in addition to those required by this section.
3164	(b) A public transit district that has more than 200,000 people residing within its
3165	boundaries:
3166	(i) may award a design-build transportation project contract for any transportation
3167	project by following the requirements of this section; and
3168	(ii) shall pass ordinances or a resolution establishing requirements for the procurement
3169	of its design-build transportation project contracts in addition to those required by this section.
3170	(c) A design-build transportation project contract authorized under this Subsection (3)
3171	is not subject to the estimated cost threshold described in Subsection (2).
3172	(d) A design-build transportation project contract may include provision by the
3173	contractor of operations, maintenance, or financing.
3174	(4) (a) Before entering into a design-build transportation project contract, a
3175	transportation agency may issue a request for qualifications to prequalify potential contractors.
3176	(b) Public notice of the request for qualifications shall be given in accordance with
3177	board rules.
3178	(c) A transportation agency shall require, as part of the qualifications specified in the
3179	request for qualifications, that potential contractors at least demonstrate their:
3180	(i) construction experience;
3181	(ii) design experience;
3182	(iii) financial, manpower, and equipment resources available for the project; and
3183	(iv) experience in other design-build transportation projects with attributes similar to
3184	the project being procured.
3185	(d) The request for qualifications shall identify the number of eligible competing
3186	proposers that the transportation agency will select to submit a proposal, which may not be less

3188	(5) The transportation agency shall:
3189	(a) evaluate the responses received from the request for qualifications;
3190	(b) select from their number those qualified to submit proposals; and
3191	(c) invite those respondents to submit proposals based upon the transportation agency's
3192	request for proposals.
3193	(6) If the transportation agency fails to receive at least two qualified eligible competing
3194	proposals, the transportation agency shall readvertise the project.
3195	(7) The transportation agency shall issue a request for proposals to those qualified
3196	respondents that:
3197	(a) includes a scope of work statement constituting an information for proposal that
3198	may include:
3199	(i) preliminary design concepts;
3200	(ii) design criteria, needs, and objectives;
3201	(iii) warranty and quality control requirements;
3202	(iv) applicable standards;
3203	(v) environmental documents;
3204	(vi) constraints;
3205	(vii) time expectations or limitations;
3206	(viii) incentives or disincentives; and
3207	(ix) other special considerations;
3208	(b) requires submitters to provide:
3209	(i) a sealed cost proposal;
3210	(ii) a critical path matrix schedule, including cash flow requirements;
3211	(iii) proposal security; and
3212	(iv) other items required by the department for the project; and
3213	(c) may include award of a stipulated fee to be paid to offerors who submit
3214	unsuccessful proposals.
3215	(8) The transportation agency shall:
3216	(a) evaluate the submissions received in response to the request for proposals from the
3217	prequalified offerors;
3218	(b) comply with rules relating to discussion of proposals, best and final offers, and

3219	evaluations of the proposals submitted; and
3220	(c) after considering price and other identified factors, award the contract to the
3221	responsible offeror whose responsive proposal is most advantageous to the transportation
3222	agency or the state.
3223	Section 33. Section 67-5-3 is amended to read:
3224	67-5-3. "Agency" defined Performance of legal services for agencies Billing.
3225	(1) As used in this act, "agency" means a department, division, agency, commission,
3226	board, council, committee, authority, institution, [or] other entity within the state government
3227	of Utah, or a large public transit district as defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
3228	(2) (a) The attorney general may assign a legal assistant to perform legal services for
3229	any agency of state government.
3230	(b) The attorney general shall bill that agency for the legal services performed, if:
3231	(i) the agency billed receives federal funds to pay for the legal services rendered; [or]
3232	(ii) the agency collects funds from any other source in the form of fees, costs, interest,
3233	fines, penalties, forfeitures, or other proceeds reserved or designated for the payment of legal
3234	fees sufficient to pay for all or a portion of the legal services rendered[-]; or
3235	(iii) the agency is a large public transit district as defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
3236	(c) An agency may deduct any unreimbursed costs and expenses incurred by the agency
3237	in connection with the legal services rendered.
3238	Section 34. Section 72-1-102 is amended to read:
3239	72-1-102. Definitions.
3240	As used in this title:
3241	(1) "Commission" means the Transportation Commission created under Section
3242	72-1-301.
3243	(2) "Construction" means the construction, reconstruction, replacement, and
3244	improvement of the highways, including the acquisition of rights-of-way and material sites.
3245	(3) "Department" means the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201.
3246	(4) "Executive director" means the executive director of the department appointed
3247	under Section 72-1-202.
3248	(5) "Farm tractor" has the meaning set forth in Section 41-1a-102.
3249	(6) "Federal aid primary highway" means that portion of connected main highways

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- located within this state officially designated by the department and approved by the United States Secretary of Transportation under Title 23, Highways, U.S.C.
 - (7) "Highway" means any public road, street, alley, lane, court, place, viaduct, tunnel, culvert, bridge, or structure laid out or erected for public use, or dedicated or abandoned to the public, or made public in an action for the partition of real property, including the entire area within the right-of-way.
 - (8) "Highway authority" means the department or the legislative, executive, or governing body of a county or municipality.
 - (9) "Implement of husbandry" has the meaning set forth in Section 41-1a-102.
 - (10) "Interstate system" means any highway officially designated by the department and included as part of the national interstate and defense highways, as provided in the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1956 and any supplemental acts or amendments.
 - (11) "Limited-access facility" means a highway especially designated for through traffic, and over, from, or to which neither owners nor occupants of abutting lands nor other persons have any right or easement, or have only a limited right or easement of access, light, air, or view.
 - (12) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning set forth in Section 41-1a-102.
 - (13) "Municipality" has the same meaning set forth in Section 10-1-104.
 - (14) "National highway systems highways" means that portion of connected main highways located within this state officially designated by the department and approved by the United States Secretary of Transportation under Title 23, Highways, U.S.C.
 - (15) (a) "Port-of-entry" means a fixed or temporary facility constructed, operated, and maintained by the department where drivers, vehicles, and vehicle loads are checked or inspected for compliance with state and federal laws as specified in Section 72-9-501.
 - (b) "Port-of-entry" includes inspection and checking stations and weigh stations.
 - (16) "Port-of-entry agent" means a person employed at a port-of-entry to perform the duties specified in Section 72-9-501.
 - (17) "Public transit facility" means a transit vehicle, transit station, depot, passenger loading or unloading zone, parking lot, or other facility:
 - (a) leased by or operated by or on behalf of a public transit district; and
- 3280 (b) related to the public transit services provided by the district, including:

3281	(i) railway or other right-of-way;
3282	(ii) railway line; and
3283	(iii) a reasonable area immediately adjacent to a designated stop on a route traveled by
3284	a transit vehicle.
3285	[(17)] (18) "Right-of-way" means real property or an interest in real property, usually
3286	in a strip, acquired for or devoted to a highway.
3287	[(18)] (19) "Sealed" does not preclude acceptance of electronically sealed and submitted
3288	bids or proposals in addition to bids or proposals manually sealed and submitted.
3289	$[\frac{(19)}{(20)}]$ "Semitrailer" has the meaning set forth in Section 41-1a-102.
3290	$[\frac{(20)}{(21)}]$ "SR" means state route and has the same meaning as state highway as
3291	defined in this section.
3292	[(21)] (22) "State highway" means those highways designated as state highways in
3293	Title 72, Chapter 4, Designation of State Highways Act.
3294	[(22)] (23) "State highway purposes" has the meaning set forth in Section 72-5-102.
3295	[(23)] (24) "State transportation systems" means all streets, alleys, roads, highways,
3296	and thoroughfares of any kind, including connected structures, airports, spaceports, <u>public</u>
3297	transit facilities, and all other modes and forms of conveyance used by the public.
3298	$\left[\frac{(24)}{(25)}\right]$ "Trailer" has the meaning set forth in Section 41-1a-102.
3299	$\left[\frac{(25)}{(26)}\right]$ "Truck tractor" has the meaning set forth in Section 41-1a-102.
3300	$\left[\frac{(26)}{(27)}\right]$ "UDOT" means the Utah Department of Transportation.
3301	$\left[\frac{(27)}{(28)}\right]$ "Vehicle" has the same meaning set forth in Section 41-1a-102.
3302	Section 35. Section 72-1-202 is amended to read:
3303	72-1-202. Executive director of department Appointment Qualifications
3304	Term Responsibility Power to bring suits Salary.
3305	(1) (a) The governor, after consultation with the commission and with the consent of
3306	the Senate, shall appoint an executive director to be the chief executive officer of the
3307	department.
3308	(b) The executive director shall be a qualified executive with technical and
3309	administrative experience and training appropriate for the position.
3310	(c) The executive director shall remain in office until a successor is appointed.
3311	(d) The executive director may be removed by the governor.

3312	(2) In addition to the other functions, powers, duties, rights, and responsibilities
3313	prescribed in this chapter, the executive director shall:
3314	(a) have responsibility for the administrative supervision of the state transportation
3315	systems and the various operations of the department;
3316	(b) have the responsibility for the implementation of rules, priorities, and policies
3317	established by the department and the commission;
3318	(c) have the responsibility for the oversight and supervision of any transportation
3319	project for which state funds are expended;
3320	[(c)] (d) have full power to bring suit in courts of competent jurisdiction in the name of
3321	the department as the executive director considers reasonable and necessary for the proper
3322	attainment of the goals of this chapter;
3323	[(d)] (e) receive a salary, to be established by the governor within the salary range fixed
3324	by the Legislature in Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation, together with actual
3325	traveling expenses while away from the executive director's office on official business; and
3326	[(e)] (f) purchase all necessary equipment and supplies for the department.
3327	Section 36. Section 72-1-203 is amended to read:
3328	72-1-203. Deputy director Appointment Qualifications Other assistants
3329	and advisers Salaries.
3330	(1) The executive director shall appoint [a deputy director, who shall be a registered
3331	professional engineer in the state and] two deputy directors, who shall serve at the discretion of
3332	the executive director.
3333	(2) (a) The deputy director of engineering and operations shall be a registered
3334	professional engineer in the state and is the chief engineer of the department. The deputy
3335	director of engineering and operations shall assist the executive director [and is responsible for]
3336	with areas of responsibility including:
3337	[(a) program and project development; and]
3338	[(b) operation and maintenance of the state transportation systems.]
3339	(i) project development;
3340	(ii) oversight of the management of the region offices described in Section 72-1-205;
3341	(iii) management of operations; and
3342	(iv) oversight of operations of motor carriers and ports.

3343	(b) The deputy director of planning and investment shall assist the executive director
3344	with areas of responsibility including:
3345	(i) oversight and coordination of planning, including:
3346	(A) development of statewide strategic initiatives for planning across all modes of
3347	transportation;
3348	(B) coordination with metropolitan planning organizations and local governments; and
3349	(C) corridor and area planning;
3350	(ii) asset management;
3351	(iii) programming and prioritization of transportation projects;
3352	(iv) fulfilling requirements for environmental studies and impact statements; and
3353	(v) resource investment, including identification and development of public-private
3354	partnership opportunities.
3355	(3) The executive director may also appoint assistants to administer the divisions of the
3356	department. These assistants shall serve at the discretion of the executive director.
3357	(4) In addition, the executive director may employ other assistants and advisers as the
3358	executive director finds necessary and fix salaries in accordance with the salary standards
3359	adopted by the Department of Human Resource Management.
3360	Section 37. Section 72-1-204 is amended to read:
3361	72-1-204. Divisions enumerated Duties.
3362	The divisions of the department are:
3363	(1) the Comptroller Division responsible for:
3364	(a) all financial aspects of the department, including budgeting, accounting, and
3365	contracting;
3366	(b) providing all material data and documentation necessary for effective fiscal
3367	planning and programming; and
3368	(c) procuring administrative supplies;
3369	(2) the Internal Audit Division responsible for:
3370	(a) conducting and verifying all internal audits and reviews within the department;
3371	(b) performing financial and compliance audits to determine the allowability and
3372	reasonableness of proposals, accounting records, and final costs of consultants, contractors,
3373	utility companies, and other entities used by the department; and

3374	(c) implementing audit procedures that meet or exceed generally accepted auditing
3375	standards relating to revenues, expenditures, and funding;
3376	(3) the Communications Division responsible for:
3377	(a) developing, managing, and implementing the department's public hearing processes
3378	and programs;
3379	(b) responding to public complaints, requests, and input;
3380	(c) assisting the divisions and regions in the department's public involvement
3381	programs;
3382	(d) developing and managing internal department communications; and
3383	(e) managing and overseeing department media relations;
3384	(4) the Program Development Division responsible for:
3385	(a) developing transportation plans for state transportation systems;
3386	(b) collecting, processing, and storing transportation data to support department's
3387	engineering functions;
3388	(c) maintaining and operating the asset management systems;
3389	(d) designating state transportation systems qualifications;
3390	(e) developing a statewide transportation improvement program for approval by the
3391	commission;
3392	(f) providing cartographic services to the department;
3393	(g) assisting local governments in participating in federal-aid transportation programs;
3394	and
3395	(h) providing research services associated with transportation programs;
3396	(5) the Project Development Division responsible for:
3397	(a) developing statewide standards for project design and construction;
3398	(b) providing support for project development in the areas of design environment,
3399	right-of-way, materials testing, structures, value engineering, and construction; and
3400	(c) designing specialty projects; [and]
3401	(6) the Operations Division responsible for:
3402	(a) maintaining the state transportation systems;
3403	(b) state transportation systems safety;
3404	(c) operating state ports-of-entry;

3405	(d) operating state motor carrier safety programs in accordance with this title and
3406	federal law;
3407	(e) aeronautical operations;
3408	(f) providing equipment for department engineering and maintenance functions; and
3409	(g) risk management[-]; and
3410	(7) the Planning and Investment Division responsible for:
3411	(a) creating and managing an intermodal terminal facility to promote economic
3412	development and investment;
3413	(b) promoting strategies to synergize development of an intermodal inland port; and
3414	(c) overseeing and coordinating public-private partnerships.
3415	Section 38. Section 72-1-208 is amended to read:
3416	72-1-208. Cooperation with counties, cities, towns, the federal government, and
3417	all state departments Inspection of work done by a public transit district.
3418	(1) The department shall cooperate with the counties, cities, towns, and community
3419	reinvestment agencies in the construction, maintenance, and use of the highways and in all
3420	related matters, and may provide services to the counties, cities, towns, and community
3421	reinvestment agencies on terms mutually agreed upon.
3422	(2) The department, with the approval of the governor, shall cooperate with the federal
3423	government in all federal-aid projects and with all state departments in all matters in
3424	connection with the use of the highways.
3425	(3) The department:
3426	(a) shall inspect all work done by a public transit district under Title 17B, Chapter 2a,
3427	Part 8, Public Transit District Act, relating to safety appliances and procedures; and
3428	(b) may make further additions or changes necessary for the purpose of safety to
3429	employees and the general public.
3430	(4) (a) The department may assume responsibility for any public transit project that
3431	traverses any portion of the state highway systems.
3432	(b) To determine whether the department will assume responsibility for a public transit
3433	project, the executive director and the public transit agency proposing the development shall
3434	jointly determine whether the department will assume responsibility.
3435	Section 39. Section 72-1-211 is amended to read:

3430	72-1-211. Department to develop strategic initiatives Report Rulemaking.
3437	(1) (a) The executive director shall develop statewide strategic initiatives [for the
3438	department] across all modes of transportation.
3439	(b) To develop the strategic initiatives described in Subsection (1)(a), the executive
3440	director shall consult with the commission and relevant stakeholders, including:
3441	(i) metropolitan planning organizations;
3442	(ii) county and municipal governments;
3443	(iii) transit districts; and
3444	(iv) other transportation stakeholders.
3445	(c) To develop the strategic initiatives described in Subsection (1)(a), the executive
3446	director shall consider:
3447	(i) regional transportation plans developed by metropolitan planning organizations;
3448	(ii) local transportation plans developed by county and municipal governments;
3449	(iii) public transit plans developed by public transit districts; and
3450	(iv) other relevant transportation plans developed by other stakeholders.
3451	(d) To develop the strategic initiatives described in Subsection (1)(a), the executive
3452	director shall consider projected major centers of economic activity, population growth, and
3453	job centers.
3454	(2) (a) The strategic initiatives developed under Subsection (1) shall include
3455	consideration of the following factors:
3456	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> corridor preservation;
3457	(ii) congestion reduction;
3458	(iii) economic development and job creation;
3459	(iv) asset management;
3460	(v) sustainability;
3461	(vi) optimization of return on investment;
3462	[(b)] (vii) development of new transportation capacity projects;
3463	[(e)] (viii) long-term maintenance and operations of the transportation system;
3464	$\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ (ix) safety;
3465	$\left[\frac{(e)}{(x)}\right]$ incident management; $\left[\frac{(e)}{(e)}\right]$
3466	[(f)] (xi) homeland security[-];

3467	(xii) mobility and access; and
3468	(xiii) transportation related air quality.
3469	(b) The strategic initiatives shall include an assessment of capacity needs and establish
3470	goals for corridors that meet all of the following:
3471	(i) high volume of travel and throughput;
3472	(ii) connection of projected major centers of economic activity, population growth, and
3473	future job centers;
3474	(iii) major freight corridors; and
3475	(iv) corridors accommodating multiple modes of travel.
3476	(3) (a) The executive director or the executive director's designee shall report the
3477	strategic initiatives of the department developed under Subsection (1) to the Transportation
3478	Commission and, before December 1 of each year, the Transportation Interim Committee.
3479	(b) The report required under Subsection (3)(a) shall include the measure that will be
3480	used to determine whether the strategic initiatives have been achieved.
3481	(4) After compliance with Subsection (3) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
3482	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department shall make rules establishing the
3483	strategic initiatives developed under this part.
3484	(5) The executive director shall ensure that the strategic initiatives developed under
3485	Subsection (1):
3486	(a) are reviewed and updated as needed, but no less frequent than every four years; and
3487	(b) cover at least a 20-year horizon.
3488	Section 40. Section 72-1-213 is amended to read:
3489	72-1-213. Road usage charge study Recommendations.
3490	(1) (a) The department shall[: (1) continue to] study a road usage charge mileage-based
3491	revenue system, including a [potential] demonstration program, as an alternative to the motor
3492	and special tax[; and].
3493	[(2) make recommendations to the Legislature and other policymaking bodies on the
3494	potential use and future implementation of a road usage charge within the state.]
3495	(b) The demonstration program may consider:
3496	(i) the necessity of protecting all personally identifiable information used in reporting
3497	highway use;

3498	(ii) alternatives to recording and reporting highway use;
3499	(iii) alternatives to administration of a road usage charge program; and
3500	(iv) other factors as determined by the department.
3501	(2) (a) The department shall create a Road Usage Charge Advisory Committee to assist
3502	the department to conduct a road usage charge demonstration program.
3503	(b) The executive director shall appoint members of the committee, considering
3504	individuals with experience and expertise in the following areas:
3505	(i) telecommunications;
3506	(ii) data security and privacy;
3507	(iii) privacy rights advocacy organizations;
3508	(iv) transportation agencies with technical expertise;
3509	(v) national research;
3510	(vi) members of the Legislature;
3511	(vii) representatives from the State Tax Commission; and
3512	(viii) other relevant stakeholders as determined by the executive director.
3513	(c) The executive director or the executive director's designee shall serve as chair of the
3514	committee.
3515	(d) A member of the committee may not receive compensation or benefits for the
3516	member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
3517	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
3518	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
3519	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
3520	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
3521	(e) The department shall provide staff support to the committee.
3522	(3) (a) Beginning in 2019, and no later than September 30 of each year, the department
3523	shall prepare and submit a report of its findings based on the results of the road usage charge
3524	demonstration program to the:
3525	(i) Road Usage Charge Advisory Committee created under Subsection (2);
3526	(ii) Transportation Commission;
3527	(iii) Transportation Interim Committee of the Legislature; and
3528	(iv) Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee of the Legislature.

3529	(b) The report shall review the following issues:
3530	<u>(i) cost;</u>
3531	(ii) privacy, including recommendations regarding public and private access, including
3532	by law enforcement, to data collected and stored for purposes of the road usage charge to
3533	ensure individual privacy rights are protected;
3534	(iii) jurisdictional issues;
3535	(iv) feasibility;
3536	(v) complexity;
3537	(vi) acceptance;
3538	(vii) use of revenues;
3539	(viii) security and compliance, including a discussion of processes and security
3540	measures necessary to minimize fraud and tax evasion rates;
3541	(ix) data collection technology, including a discussion of the advantages and
3542	disadvantages of various types of data collection equipment and the privacy implications and
3543	considerations of the equipment;
3544	(x) potential for additional driver services; and
3545	(xi) implementation issues.
3546	(c) The report may make recommendations to the Legislature and other policymaking
3547	bodies on the potential use and future implementation of a road usage charge within the state.
3548	(4) Upon full implementation of a road user charge program for alternative fuel
3549	vehicles, which shall occur no later than January 1, 2020, the department, in coordination with
3550	the Motor Vehicle Division, shall offer the option to an owner of an alternative fuel vehicle as
3551	defined in Section 41-1a-102 to:
3552	(a) pay an increased motor vehicle registration fee required in Subsection
3553	41-1a-1206(1)(h) or (2)(b); or
3554	(b) participate in a road user charge program.
3555	Section 41. Section 72-1-214 is amended to read:
3556	72-1-214. Department designated as state safety oversight agency for rail fixed
3557	guideway public transportation safety Powers and duties Rulemaking.
3558	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), as used in this section, "fixed
3559	guideway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.

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3560 (b) For purposes of this section, "fixed guideway" does not include a rail system 3561 subject to regulation by the Federal Railroad Administration. 3562 (2) The department is designated as the state safety oversight agency for rail fixed 3563 guideway public transportation safety in accordance with 49 U.S.C. Sec. 5329(e)(4). 3564 (3) As the state safety oversight agency, the department may, to the extent necessary to 3565 fulfill the department's obligations under federal law: 3566 (a) enter into and inspect the property of a fixed guideway rail system receiving federal 3567 funds without prior notice to the operator: 3568 (b) audit an operator of a fixed guideway rail system receiving federal funds for 3569 compliance with: 3570 (i) federal and state laws regarding the safety of the fixed guideway rail system; and 3571 (ii) a public transportation agency safety plan adopted by a specific operator in 3572 accordance with 49 U.S.C. Sec. 5329(d): 3573 (c) direct the operator of a fixed guideway rail system to correct a safety hazard by a 3574 specified date and time; 3575 (d) prevent the operation of all or part of a fixed guideway rail system that the 3576 department has determined to be unsafe; 3577 (e) audit, review, approve, and oversee an operator of a fixed guideway rail system 3578 receiving federal funds for compliance with a plan adopted by the operator in compliance with 3579 49 U.S.C. Sec. 5329(d); and 3580 (f) enforce statutes, rules, regulations, and executive orders relating to the operation of 3581 a fixed guideway rail public transportation system in Utah. 3582 (4) The department shall, at least annually, provide a status report on the safety of the 3583 rail fixed guideway public transportation systems the department oversees to: 3584 (a) the Federal Transit Administration; 3585 (b) the governor; and 3586 (c) members of the board of any rail fixed guideway public transportation system that 3587 the department oversees in accordance with this section.

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(5) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

the department shall make rules necessary to administer and enforce this section[-], including

rules providing for the legal and financial independence of state safety oversight agency

3591	activities	and	functions

- (b) The rules made in accordance with Subsection (5)(a) shall conform to the requirements of and regulations enacted in accordance with 49 U.S.C. Sec. 5329.
- (6) (a) Notwithstanding any other agreement, a county, city, or town with fixed guideway rail transit service provided by a public transit district that is subject to safety oversight as provided in this section may request local option transit sales tax in accordance with Section 59-12-2206 and spend local option transit sales tax in the amount requested by the department to meet nonfederal match requirements for costs of safety oversight described in this section.
- (b) A county, city, or town that requests local option transit sales tax as described in Subsection (6)(a) shall transmit to the department all of the funds requested under Subsection (6)(a) and transmitted to the county, city, or town under Subsection 59-12-2206(5)(b).
- (c) A county, city, or town that requests local option transit sales tax as described in Subsection (6)(a) may not request more local option transit sales tax than is necessary to carry out the state safety oversight functions under this section and the amount shall only reflect a maximum of 20% nonfederal match requirement of eligible costs of state safety oversight.
 - Section 42. Section **72-1-303** is amended to read:

72-1-303. Duties of commission.

- (1) The commission has the following duties:
- (a) determining priorities and funding levels of projects in the state transportation systems <u>and capital development of new public transit facilities</u> for each fiscal year based on project lists compiled by the department <u>and taking into consideration the strategic initiatives</u> <u>described in Section 72-1-211</u>;
- (b) determining additions and deletions to state highways under Chapter 4, Designation of State Highways Act;
- (c) holding public hearings and otherwise providing for public input in transportation matters;
- (d) making policies and rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, necessary to perform the commission's duties described under this section;
 - (e) in accordance with Section 63G-4-301, reviewing orders issued by the executive

3622	director in adjudicative proceedings held in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4,
3623	Administrative Procedures Act;
3624	(f) advising the department in state transportation systems policy;
3625	(g) approving settlement agreements of condemnation cases subject to Section
3626	63G-10-401;
3627	(h) in accordance with Section 17B-2a-807, appointing a commissioner to serve as a
3628	nonvoting, ex officio member or a voting member on the board of trustees of a public transit
3629	district;
3630	(i) in accordance with Section 17B-2a-808, reviewing, at least annually, the short-term
3631	and long-range public transit plans; and
3632	(j) reviewing administrative rules made, amended, or repealed by the department.
3633	(2) (a) For projects prioritized with funding provided under Sections 72-2-124 and
3634	72-2-125, the commission shall annually report to a committee designated by the Legislative
3635	Management Committee:
3636	(i) a prioritized list of the new transportation capacity projects in the state
3637	transportation system and the funding levels available for those projects; and
3638	(ii) the unfunded highway construction and maintenance needs within the state.
3639	(b) The committee designated by the Legislative Management Committee under
3640	Subsection (2)(a) shall:
3641	(i) review the list reported by the Transportation Commission; and
3642	(ii) make a recommendation to the Legislature on:
3643	(A) the amount of additional funding to allocate to transportation; and
3644	(B) the source of revenue for the additional funding allocation under Subsection
3645	(2)(b)(ii)(A).
3646	(3) The commission shall review and may approve plans for the construction of a
3647	highway facility over sovereign lakebed lands in accordance with Chapter 6, Part 3, Approval
3648	of Highway Facilities on Sovereign Lands Act.
3649	Section 43. Section 72-1-304 is amended to read:
3650	72-1-304. Written project prioritization process for new transportation capacity
3651	projects Rulemaking.
3652	(1) (a) The Transportation Commission, in consultation with the department and the

3033	metropontan planning organizations as defined in Section 72-1-208.3, shall develop a written
3654	prioritization process for the prioritization of new transportation capacity projects that are or
3655	will be part of the state highway system under Chapter 4, Part 1, State Highways, or public
3656	transit projects that add capacity to the public transit systems within the state.
3657	(b) (i) A local government or district may nominate a project for prioritization in
3658	accordance with the process established by the commission in rule.
3659	(ii) If a local government or district nominates a project for prioritization by the
3660	commission, the local government or district shall provide data and evidence to show that:
3661	(A) the project will advance the purposes and goals described in Section 72-1-211;
3662	(B) for a public transit project, the local government or district has an ongoing funding
3663	source for operations and maintenance of the proposed development; and
3664	(C) the local government or district will provide 40% of the funds for the project as
3665	required by Subsection 72-2-124(7)(e).
3666	(2) The following shall be included in the written prioritization process under
3667	Subsection (1):
3668	(a) a description of how the strategic initiatives of the department adopted under
3669	Section 72-1-211 are advanced by the written prioritization process;
3670	(b) a definition of the type of projects to which the written prioritization process
3671	applies;
3672	(c) specification of a weighted criteria system that is used to rank proposed projects
3673	and how it will be used to determine which projects will be prioritized;
3674	(d) specification of the data that is necessary to apply the weighted ranking criteria; and
3675	(e) any other provisions the commission considers appropriate[.], which may include
3676	consideration of:
3677	(i) regional and statewide economic development impacts, including improved local
3678	access to:
3679	(A) employment;
3680	(B) recreation;
3681	(C) commerce; and
3682	(D) residential areas;
3683	(ii) the extent to which local land use plans relevant to a project support and

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- accomplish the strategic initiatives adopted under Section 72-1-211; and
- 3685 (iii) any matching funds provided by a political subdivision or public transit district in addition to the 40% required by Subsection 72-2-124(7)(e).
 - (3) In developing the written prioritization process, the commission:
 - (a) shall seek and consider public comment by holding public meetings at locations throughout the state; and
 - (b) may not consider local matching dollars as provided under Section 72-2-123 unless the state provides an equal opportunity to raise local matching dollars for state highway improvements within each county.
 - (4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the Transportation Commission, in consultation with the department, shall make rules establishing the written prioritization process under Subsection (1).
 - (5) The commission shall submit the proposed rules under this section to a committee or task force designated by the Legislative Management Committee for review prior to taking final action on the proposed rules or any proposed amendment to the rules described in Subsection (4).
 - Section 44. Section **72-1-305** is amended to read:
 - 72-1-305. Project selection using the written prioritization process -- Public comment -- Report.
 - (1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), in determining priorities and funding levels of projects in the state transportation system under Subsection 72-1-303(1)(a) that are new transportation capacity projects, the commission shall use the weighted criteria system adopted in the written prioritization process under Section 72-1-304.
 - (2) Prior to finalizing priorities and funding levels of projects in the state transportation system, the commission shall conduct public hearings at locations around the state and accept public comments on:
 - (a) the written prioritization process;
 - (b) the merits of new transportation capacity projects that will be prioritized under this section; and
- 3713 (c) the merits of new transportation capacity projects as recommended by a consensus 3714 of local elected officials participating in a metropolitan planning organization as defined in

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- 3716 (3) The commission shall make the weighted criteria system ranking for each project publicly available prior to the public hearings held under Subsection (2).
 - (4) (a) If the commission prioritizes a project over another project with a higher rank under the weighted criteria system, the commission shall identify the change and accept public comment at a hearing held under this section on the merits of prioritizing the project above higher ranked projects.
 - (b) The commission shall make the reasons for the prioritization under Subsection (4)(a) publicly available.
 - (5) (a) The executive director or the executive director's designee shall report annually to the governor and a committee designated by the Legislative Management Committee no later than the last day of October:
 - $[\underbrace{(a)}]$ (i) the projects prioritized under this section during the year prior to the report; and
 - [(b)] (ii) the status and progress of all projects prioritized under this section.
 - (b) Annually, before any funds are programmed and allocated from the Transit

 Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124 for each fiscal year, the executive director or the executive director's designee, along with the executive director of a large public transit district as described in Section 17B-2a-802, shall report to the governor and a committee designated by the Legislative Management Committee no later than the last day of October:
 - (i) the public transit projects prioritized under this section during the year prior to the report; and
 - (ii) the status and progress of all public transit projects prioritized under this section.
 - (6) (a) The department may not delay a new transportation capacity project that was funded by the Legislature in an appropriations act to a different fiscal year than programmed by the commission due to an unavoidable shortfall in revenues unless the project delays are prioritized and approved by the Transportation Commission.
 - (b) The Transportation Commission shall prioritize and approve any new transportation capacity project delays for projects that were funded by the Legislature in an appropriations act due to an unavoidable shortfall in revenues.
 - Section 45. Section 72-2-117.5 is amended to read:

3746	72-2-117.5. Definitions Local Highway and Transportation Corridor
3747	Preservation Fund Disposition of fund money.
3748	(1) As used in this section:
3749	(a) "Council of governments" means a decision-making body in each county composed
3750	of membership including the county governing body and the mayors of each municipality in the
3751	county.
3752	(b) "Metropolitan planning organization" has the same meaning as defined in Section
3753	72-1-208.5.
3754	(2) There is created the Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund
3755	within the Transportation Fund.
3756	(3) The fund shall be funded from the following sources:
3757	(a) a local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee
3758	imposed under Section 41-1a-1222;
3759	(b) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature;
3760	(c) contributions from other public and private sources for deposit into the fund;
3761	(d) all money collected from rents and sales of real property acquired with fund money
3762	(e) proceeds from general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, or other obligations issued
3763	as authorized by Title 63B, Bonds;
3764	(f) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Subsection 59-12-2217[(2)(b) and
3765	required by Subsection 59-12-2217(8)(a) to be] deposited into the fund; and
3766	(g) sales and use tax revenues deposited into the fund in accordance with Section
3767	59-12-2218.
3768	(4) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
3769	(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
3770	(c) The State Tax Commission shall allocate the revenues:
3771	(i) provided under Subsection (3)(a) to each county imposing a local option highway
3772	construction and transportation corridor preservation fee under Section 41-1a-1222;
3773	(ii) provided under Subsection 59-12-2217(2)(b) to each county imposing a county
3774	option sales and use tax for transportation; and
3775	(iii) provided under Subsection (3)(g) to each county of the second class or city or town
3776	within a county of the second class that imposes the sales and use tax authorized by Section

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- (d) The department shall distribute the funds allocated to each county, city, or town under Subsection (4)(c) to each county, city, or town.
 - (e) The money allocated and distributed under this Subsection (4):
 - (i) shall be used for the purposes provided in this section for each county, city, or town;
- (ii) is allocated to each county, city, or town as provided in this section with the condition that the state will not be charged for any asset purchased with the money allocated and distributed under this Subsection (4), unless there is a written agreement in place with the department prior to the purchase of the asset stipulating a reimbursement by the state to the county, city, or town of no more than the original purchase price paid by the county, city, or town; and
- (iii) is considered a local matching contribution for the purposes described under Section 72-2-123 if used on a state highway.
- (f) Administrative costs of the department to implement this section shall be paid from the fund.
- (5) (a) A highway authority may acquire real property or any interests in real property for state, county, and municipal highway or public transit corridors subject to:
 - (i) money available in the fund to each county under Subsection (4); and
 - (ii) the provisions of this section.
- (b) Fund money may be used to pay interest on debts incurred in accordance with this section.
- (c) (i) (A) Fund money may be used to pay maintenance costs of properties acquired under this section but limited to a total of 5% of the purchase price of the property.
- (B) Any additional maintenance cost shall be paid from funds other than under this section.
- (C) Revenue generated by any property acquired under this section is excluded from the limitations under this Subsection (5)(c)(i).
- (ii) Fund money may be used to pay direct costs of acquisition of properties acquired under this section.
- (d) Fund money allocated and distributed under Subsection (4) may be used by a county highway authority for countywide transportation or public transit planning if:

- (i) the county's planning focus area is outside the boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization;
- (ii) the transportation planning is part of the county's continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive process for transportation <u>or public transit</u> planning, corridor preservation, right-of-way acquisition, and project programming;
- (iii) no more than four years allocation every 20 years to each county is used for transportation planning under this Subsection (5)(d); and
- (iv) the county otherwise qualifies to use the fund money as provided under this section.
- (e) (i) Subject to Subsection (11), fund money allocated and distributed under Subsection (4) may be used by a county highway authority for transportation or public transit corridor planning that is part of the corridor elements of an ongoing work program of transportation or public transit projects.
- (ii) The transportation corridor planning under Subsection (5)(e)(i) shall be under the direction of:
- (A) the metropolitan planning organization if the county is within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization; or
- (B) the department if the county is not within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization.
- (f) (i) A county, city, or town that imposes a local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee under Section 41-1a-1222 may elect to administer the funds allocated and distributed to that county, city, or town under Subsection (4) as a revolving loan fund.
- (ii) If a county, city, or town elects to administer the funds allocated and distributed to that county, city, or town under Subsection (4) as a revolving loan fund, a local highway authority shall repay the fund money authorized for the project to the fund.
- (iii) A county, city, or town that elects to administer the funds allocated and distributed to that county, city, or town under Subsection (4) as a revolving loan fund shall establish repayment conditions of the money to the fund from the specified project funds.
- (g) (i) Subject to the restrictions in Subsections (5)(g)(ii) and (iii), fund money may be used by a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class or by a city or town within a county of

3839	the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class for:
3840	(A) the construction, operation, or maintenance of a class B road or class C road; or
3841	(B) the restoration or repair of survey monuments associated with transportation
3842	infrastructure.
3843	(ii) A county, city, or town may not use more than 50% of the current balance of fund
3844	money allocated to the county, city, or town for the purposes described in Subsection (5)(g)(i).
3845	(iii) A county, city, or town may not use more than 50% of the fund revenue collections
3846	allocated to a county, city, or town in the current fiscal year for the purposes described in
3847	Subsection (5)(g)(i).
3848	(6) (a) (i) The Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund shall be
3849	used to preserve highway and public transit corridors, promote long-term statewide
3850	transportation planning, save on acquisition costs, and promote the best interests of the state in
3851	a manner which minimizes impact on prime agricultural land.
3852	(ii) The Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund shall only be
3853	used to preserve a highway or public transit corridor that is right-of-way:
3854	(A) in a county of the first or second class for:
3855	(I) a state highway;
3856	(II) a principal arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
3857	(III) a minor arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5; [or]
3858	(IV) a collector highway in an urban area as defined in Section 72-4-102.5; or
3859	(V) a transit facility as defined in Section 17B-2a-802; or
3860	(B) in a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class for:
3861	(I) a state highway;
3862	(II) a principal arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
3863	(III) a minor arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
3864	(IV) a major collector highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5; [or]
3865	(V) a minor collector road as defined in Section 72-4-102.5[-]; or
3866	(VI) a transit facility as defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
3867	(iii) The Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund may not be
3868	used for a highway corridor that is primarily a recreational trail as defined under Section
2860	70.5.102

30/0	(b) A fighway authority shaft authorize the expenditure of fund money after
3871	determining that the expenditure is being made in accordance with this section from
3872	applications that are:
3873	(i) endorsed by the council of governments; and
3874	(ii) for a right-of-way purchase for a highway or public transit corridor authorized
3875	under Subsection (6)(a)(ii).
3876	(7) (a) (i) A council of governments shall establish a council of governments
3877	endorsement process which includes prioritization and application procedures for use of the
3878	money allocated to each county under this section.
3879	(ii) The endorsement process under Subsection (7)(a)(i) may include review or
3880	endorsement of the preservation project by:
3881	(A) the metropolitan planning organization if the county is within the boundaries of a
3882	metropolitan planning organization; or
3883	(B) the department if the county is not within the boundaries of a metropolitan
3884	planning organization.
3885	(b) All fund money shall be prioritized by each highway authority and council of
3886	governments based on considerations, including:
3887	(i) areas with rapidly expanding population;
3888	(ii) the willingness of local governments to complete studies and impact statements
3889	that meet department standards;
3890	(iii) the preservation of corridors by the use of local planning and zoning processes;
3891	(iv) the availability of other public and private matching funds for a project;
3892	(v) the cost-effectiveness of the preservation projects;
3893	(vi) long and short-term maintenance costs for property acquired; and
3894	(vii) whether the transportation or public transit corridor is included as part of:
3895	(A) the county and municipal master plan; and
3896	(B) (I) the statewide long range plan; or
3897	(II) the regional transportation plan of the area metropolitan planning organization if
3898	one exists for the area.
3899	(c) The council of governments shall:
3900	(i) establish a priority list of highway and public transit corridor preservation projects

within the county;

- (ii) submit the list described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) to the county's legislative body for approval; and
- (iii) obtain approval of the list described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) from a majority of the members of the county legislative body.
- (d) A county's council of governments may only submit one priority list described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) per calendar year.
- (e) A county legislative body may only consider and approve one priority list described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) per calendar year.
- (8) (a) Unless otherwise provided by written agreement with another highway authority or public transit district, the highway authority that holds the deed to the property is responsible for maintenance of the property.
- (b) The transfer of ownership for property acquired under this section from one highway authority to another shall include a recorded deed for the property and a written agreement between the highway authorities or public transit district.
- (9) (a) The proceeds from any bonds or other obligations secured by revenues of the Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund shall be used for the purposes authorized for funds under this section.
- (b) The highway authority shall pledge the necessary part of the revenues of the Local Highway and Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund to the payment of principal and interest on the bonds or other obligations.
- (10) (a) A highway authority may not expend money under this section to purchase a right-of-way for a state highway unless the highway authority has:
- (i) a transportation corridor property acquisition policy or ordinance in effect that meets department requirements for the acquisition of real property or any interests in real property under this section; and
- (ii) an access management policy or ordinance in effect that meets the requirements under Subsection 72-2-117(8).
- (b) The provisions of Subsection (10)(a)(i) do not apply if the highway authority has a written agreement with the department for the department to acquire real property or any interests in real property on behalf of the local highway authority under this section.

3932 (11) The county shall ensure, to the extent possible, that the fund money allocated and 3933 distributed to a city or town in accordance with Subsection (4) is expended: 3934 (a) to fund a project or service as allowed by this section within the city or town to 3935 which the fund money is allocated; 3936 (b) to pay debt service, principal, or interest on a bond or other obligation as allowed 3937 by this section if that bond or other obligation is: 3938 (i) secured by money allocated to the city or town; and 3939 (ii) issued to finance a project or service as allowed by this section within the city or 3940 town to which the fund money is allocated; 3941 (c) to fund transportation planning as allowed by this section within the city or town to 3942 which the fund money is allocated; or 3943 (d) for another purpose allowed by this section within the city or town to which the 3944 fund money is allocated. 3945 (12) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, any amounts within the fund allocated to a public transit district or for a public transit corridor may only be derived from the 3946 3947 portion of the fund that does not include constitutionally restricted sources related to the 3948 operation of a motor vehicle on a public highway or proceeds from an excise tax on liquid 3949 motor fuel to propel a motor vehicle. 3950 Section 46. Section **72-2-121** is amended to read: 3951 72-2-121. County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund. 3952 (1) There is created a special revenue fund within the Transportation Fund known as 3953 the "County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund." (2) The fund consists of money generated from the following revenue sources: 3954 3955 (a) any voluntary contributions received for new construction, major renovations, and 3956 improvements to highways within a county of the first class; 3957 (b) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Subsection 59-12-2214(3)(b) 3958 deposited in or transferred to the fund; 3959 (c) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Subsection 59-12-2217[(2)(b) and 3960 required by Subsection 59-12-2217(8)(b) to be deposited in or transferred to the fund; and (d) a portion of the local option highway construction and transportation corridor 3961 3962 preservation fee imposed in a county of the first class under Section 41-1a-1222 deposited in or

3903	transferred to the fund.
3964	(3) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
3965	(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
3966	(4) The executive director shall use the fund money only:
3967	(a) to pay debt service and bond issuance costs for bonds issued under Sections
3968	63B-16-102, 63B-18-402, and 63B-27-102;
3969	(b) for right-of-way acquisition, new construction, major renovations, and
3970	improvements to highways within a county of the first class and to pay any debt service and
3971	bond issuance costs related to those projects, including improvements to a highway located
3972	within a municipality in a county of the first class where the municipality is located within the
3973	boundaries of more than a single county;
3974	(c) for the construction, acquisition, use, maintenance, or operation of:
3975	(i) an active transportation facility for nonmotorized vehicles;
3976	(ii) multimodal transportation that connects an origin with a destination; or
3977	(iii) a facility that may include a:
3978	(A) pedestrian or nonmotorized vehicle trail;
3979	(B) nonmotorized vehicle storage facility;
3980	(C) pedestrian or vehicle bridge; or
3981	(D) vehicle parking lot or parking structure;
3982	(d) for fiscal year 2012-13 only, to pay for or to provide funds to a municipality or
3983	county to pay for a portion of right-of-way acquisition, construction, reconstruction,
3984	renovations, and improvements to highways described in Subsections 72-2-121.4(7), (8), and
3985	(9);
3986	(e) to transfer to the 2010 Salt Lake County Revenue Bond Sinking Fund created by
3987	Section 72-2-121.3 the amount required in Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) minus the amounts
3988	transferred in accordance with Subsection 72-2-124(4)(a)(iv);
3989	(f) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, to pay debt service and bond
3990	issuance costs for \$30,000,000 of the bonds issued under Section 63B-18-401 for the projects
3991	described in Subsection 63B-18-401(4)(a);
3992	(g) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, and after the department has
3993	verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121 3(4)(c) is available in the fund to

3994	transfer an amount equal to 50% of the revenue generated by the local option highway
3995	construction and transportation corridor preservation fee imposed under Section 41-1a-1222 in
3996	a county of the first class:
3997	(i) to the legislative body of a county of the first class; and
3998	(ii) to be used by a county of the first class for:
3999	(A) highway construction, reconstruction, or maintenance projects; or
4000	(B) the enforcement of state motor vehicle and traffic laws;
4001	(h) for fiscal year 2015 only, and after the department has verified that the amount
4002	required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and the transfer under
4003	Subsection (4)(f) has been made, to transfer an amount equal to the remainder of the revenue
4004	available in the fund for the 2015 fiscal year:
4005	(i) to the legislative body of a county of the first class; and
4006	(ii) to be used by a county of the first class for:
4007	(A) highway construction, reconstruction, or maintenance projects; or
4008	(B) the enforcement of state motor vehicle and traffic laws;
4009	(i) for fiscal year 2015-16 only, and after the department has verified that the amount
4010	required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and the transfer under
4011	Subsection (4)(f) has been made, to transfer an amount equal to \$25,000,000:
4012	(i) to the legislative body of a county of the first class; and
4013	(ii) to be used by the county for the purposes described in this section;
4014	(j) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2015, after the department has verified
4015	that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is available in the fund and the
4016	transfer under Subsection (4)(f) has been made, to annually transfer an amount equal to up to
4017	42.5% of the sales and use tax revenue imposed in a county of the first class and deposited into
4018	the fund in accordance with Subsection 59-12-2214(3)(b) to:
4019	(i) the appropriate debt service or sinking fund for the repayment of bonds issued under
4020	Section 63B-27-102; and
4021	(ii) the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created in Section 72-2-124 until
4022	\$28,079,000 has been deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005; and
4023	(k) for a fiscal year beginning after the amount described in Subsection (4)(j) has been
4024	repaid to the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 until fiscal year 2030, after the

4025	department has verified that the amount required under Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) is
4026	available in the fund and the transfer under Subsection (4)(f) has been made, and after the
4027	bonds under Section 63B-27-102 have been repaid, to annually transfer an amount equal to up
4028	to 42.5% of the sales and use tax revenue imposed in a county of the first class and deposited
4029	into the fund in accordance with Subsection 59-12-2214(3)(b):
4030	(i) to the legislative body of a county of the first class; and
4031	(ii) to be used by the county for the purposes described in this section.
4032	(5) The revenues described in Subsections (2)(b), (c), and (d) that are deposited in the
4033	fund and bond proceeds from bonds issued under Sections 63B-16-102, 63B-18-402, and
4034	63B-27-102 are considered a local matching contribution for the purposes described under
4035	Section 72-2-123.
4036	(6) The additional administrative costs of the department to administer this fund shall
4037	be paid from money in the fund.
4038	(7) Notwithstanding any statutory or other restrictions on the use or expenditure of the
4039	revenue sources deposited into this fund, the Department of Transportation may use the money
4040	in this fund for any of the purposes detailed in Subsection (4).
4041	Section 47. Section 72-2-124 is amended to read:
4042	72-2-124. Transportation Investment Fund of 2005.
4043	(1) There is created a capital projects fund entitled the Transportation Investment Fund
4044	of 2005.
4045	(2) The fund consists of money generated from the following sources:
4046	(a) any voluntary contributions received for the maintenance, construction,
4047	reconstruction, or renovation of state and federal highways;
4048	(b) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature;
4049	(c) registration fees designated under Section 41-1a-1201;
4050	[(c)] (d) the sales and use tax revenues deposited into the fund in accordance with
4051	Section 59-12-103; <u>and</u>
4052	[(d) registration fees designated under Section 41-1a-1201; and]
4053	(e) revenues transferred to the fund in accordance with Section 72-2-106.
4054	(3) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
4055	(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.

- 4056 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the executive director may use fund 4057 money only to pay:
 - (i) the costs of maintenance, construction, reconstruction, or renovation to state and federal highways prioritized by the Transportation Commission through the prioritization process for new transportation capacity projects adopted under Section 72-1-304;
 - (ii) the costs of maintenance, construction, reconstruction, or renovation to the highway projects described in Subsections 63B-18-401(2), (3), and (4);
 - (iii) principal, interest, and issuance costs of bonds authorized by Section 63B-18-401 minus the costs paid from the County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund in accordance with Subsection 72-2-121(4)(f);
 - (iv) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, to transfer to the 2010 Salt Lake County Revenue Bond Sinking Fund created by Section 72-2-121.3 the amount certified by Salt Lake County in accordance with Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) as necessary to pay the debt service on \$30,000,000 of the revenue bonds issued by Salt Lake County;
 - (v) principal, interest, and issuance costs of bonds authorized by Section 63B-16-101 for projects prioritized in accordance with Section 72-2-125;
 - (vi) all highway general obligation bonds that are intended to be paid from revenues in the Centennial Highway Fund created by Section 72-2-118; and
 - (vii) for fiscal year 2015-16 only, to transfer \$25,000,000 to the County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund created in Section 72-2-121 to be used for the purposes described in Section 72-2-121.
 - (b) The executive director may use fund money to exchange for an equal or greater amount of federal transportation funds to be used as provided in Subsection (4)(a).
 - (5) (a) Before bonds authorized by Section 63B-18-401 or 63B-27-101 may be issued in any fiscal year, the department and the commission shall appear before the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature and present the amount of bond proceeds that the department needs to provide funding for the projects identified in Subsections 63B-18-401(2), (3), and (4) or Subsection 63B-27-101(2) for the current or next fiscal year.
 - (b) The Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature shall review and comment on the amount of bond proceeds needed to fund the projects.
 - (6) The Division of Finance shall, from money deposited into the fund, transfer the

408 /	amount of funds necessary to pay principal, interest, and issuance costs of bonds authorized by
4088	Section 63B-18-401 or 63B-27-101 in the current fiscal year to the appropriate debt service or
4089	sinking fund.
4090	(7) (a) There is created in the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 the Transit
4091	Transportation Investment Fund.
4092	(b) The fund shall be funded by:
4093	(i) contributions deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 59-12-103;
4094	(ii) appropriations into the account by the Legislature;
4095	(iii) private contributions; and
4096	(iv) donations or grants from public or private entities.
4097	(c) (i) The fund shall earn interest.
4098	(ii) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
4099	(d) Subject to Subsection (7)(e), the Legislature may appropriate money from the fund
4100	for public transit capital development of new capacity projects to be used as prioritized by the
4101	commission.
4102	(e) (i) The Legislature may only appropriate money from the fund for a public transit
4103	capital development project if the public transit district or political subdivision provides funds
4104	of equal to or greater than 40% of the funds needed for the project.
4105	(ii) A public transit district or political subdivision may use money derived from a loan
4106	granted pursuant to Title 72, Chapter 2, Part 2, Transportation Infrastructure Loan Fund, to
4107	provide all or part of the 40% requirement described in Subsection (7)(e)(i) if:
4108	(A) the loan is approved by the commission as required in Title 72, Chapter 2, Part 2,
4109	Transportation Infrastructure Loan Fund; and
4110	(B) the proposed capital project has been prioritized by the commission pursuant to
4111	Section 72-1-303.
4112	Section 48. Section 72-5-401 is amended to read:
4113	72-5-401. Definitions.
4114	As used in this part:
4115	(1) "Corridor" means the path or proposed path of a transportation facility, including a
4116	public transit facility, that exists or that may exist in the future[. A corridor], and may include
4117	the land occupied or to be occupied by a transportation facility, and any other land that may be

4118	needed for expanding a transportation facility or for controlling access to it.
4119	(2) "Corridor preservation" means planning or acquisition processes intended to:
4120	(a) protect or enhance the capacity of existing corridors; and
4121	(b) protect the availability of proposed corridors in advance of the need for and the
4122	actual commencement of the transportation facility construction.
4123	(3) "Development" means:
4124	(a) the subdividing of land;
4125	(b) the construction of improvements, expansions, or additions; or
4126	(c) any other action that will appreciably increase the value of and the future
4127	acquisition cost of land.
4128	(4) "Official map" means a map, drawn by government authorities and recorded in
4129	county recording offices that:
4130	(a) shows actual and proposed rights-of-way, centerline alignments, and setbacks for
4131	highways and other transportation facilities;
4132	(b) provides a basis for restricting development in designated rights-of-way or between
4133	designated setbacks to allow the government authorities time to purchase or otherwise reserve
4134	the land; and
4135	(c) for counties and municipalities may be adopted as an element of the general plan,
4136	pursuant to Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 4, General Plan, or Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part 4, General
4137	Plan.
4138	(5) "Taking" means an act or regulation, either by exercise of eminent domain or other
4139	police power, whereby government puts private property to public use or restrains use of
4140	private property for public purposes, and that requires compensation to be paid to private
4141	property owners.
4142	Section 49. Section 72-6-120 is amended to read:
4143	72-6-120. Department authorized to participate in federal program assuming
4144	responsibility for environmental review of highway projects Rulemaking authority.
4145	(1) The department may:
4146	(a) assume responsibilities under 23 U.S.C. Sec. 326 for:
4147	(i) determining whether state highway design and construction projects are
4148	categorically excluded from requirements for environmental assessments or environmental

4149	impact statements; and
4150	(ii) environmental review, consultation, or other actions required under federal law for
4151	categorically excluded projects;
4152	(b) assume responsibilities under 23 U.S.C. Sec. 327 with respect to one or more
4153	railroad, public transportation, highway [projects], or multimodal projects within the state
4154	under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 for environmental review, consultation,
4155	or other action required under any federal environmental law pertaining to the review or
4156	approval of a specific highway project;
4157	(c) enter one or more memoranda of understanding with the United States Department
4158	of Transportation related to federal highway programs as provided in 23 U.S.C. Secs. 326 and
4159	327 subject to the requirements of Subsection 72-1-207(5);
4160	(d) accept, receive, and administer grants, other money, or gifts from public and private
4161	agencies, including the federal government, for the purpose of carrying out the programs
4162	authorized under this section; and
4163	(e) cooperate with the federal government in implementing this section and any
4164	memorandum of understanding entered into under Subsection 72-1-207(5).
4165	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in implementing a program under this
4166	section that is approved by the United States Department of Transportation, the department is
4167	authorized to:
4168	(a) perform or conduct any of the activities described in a memorandum of

- understanding entered into under Subsection 72-1-207(5); 4169
 - (b) take actions necessary to implement the program; and
 - (c) adopt relevant federal environmental standards as the standards for this state for categorically excluded projects.
- (3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 4173 4174 department may makes rules to implement the provisions of this section.
- 4175 Section 50. Repealer.
- 4176 This bill repeals:
- Section 17B-2a-807.5, Public transit district board of trustees -- Transitional 4177
- 4178 provisions.

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4179 Section 51. Effective date.

5th Sub. (Gray) S.B. 136

4180	This bill takes effect on May 8, 2018, except that the amendments to Sections
4181	41-1a-102, 41-1a-1201, 41-1a-1206, and 59-12-103 in this bill take effect on January 1, 2019.