1	HOUSING AND TRANSIT REINVESTMENT ZONE
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2022 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
6	House Sponsor: Stephen G. Handy
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends provisions related to housing and transit reinvestment zones.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	defines terms;
14	 allows housing and transit reinvestment zones around light rail and bus rapid transit
15	facilities;
16	 amends provisions related to the size limitations and number of allowed housing
17	and transit reinvestment zones;
18	requires equal participation by all local taxing entities;
19	 defines the term of each type of housing and transit reinvestment zone;
20	amends the membership of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee;
21	 requires relevant zoning changes be made before the housing and transit
22	reinvestment zone may be approved by the committee;
23	 amends provisions related to the efficiency and feasibility analysis of a housing and
24	transit reinvestment zone; and
25	makes technical changes.
26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None
28	Other Special Clauses:
29	None

	Code Sections Affected:
AME	ENDS:
	59-2-924, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 214 and 388
	59-12-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 367, 387, and 411
	63N-3-602, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 411
	63N-3-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 3
	63N-3-604, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 411
	63N-3-605, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 411
	63N-3-607, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 411
	63N-3-610, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 411
Be it	enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 59-2-924 is amended to read:
	59-2-924. Definitions Report of valuation of property to county auditor and
comr	nission Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Calculation of certified tax
rate	Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative budget Notice provided by the
comr	nission.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) (i) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" means revenue collected in accordance with
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	enapter.
	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:
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	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:
	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:(A) interest;
	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:(A) interest;(B) penalties;
manu	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:(A) interest;(B) penalties;(C) collections from redemptions; or
	 (ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include: (A) interest; (B) penalties; (C) collections from redemptions; or (D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is semiconductor

58	17C-1-102.
59	(c) (i) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
60	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in
61	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
62	(B) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property the commission
63	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year; and
64	(C) the aggregate year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
65	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior year's tax rolls
66	of the taxing entity.
67	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" does not include the aggregate year
68	end taxable value of personal property that is:
69	(A) semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in
70	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
71	(B) contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
72	(d) "Base taxable value" means:
73	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined in
74	Section 11-58-102;
75	(ii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
76	in Section 17C-1-102;
77	(iii) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is defined
78	in Section 63H-1-102; [or]
79	(iv) for a host local government, the same as that term is defined in Section
80	63N-2-502[-]; or
81	(v) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Par
82	6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, a property's taxable value as shown upon the
83	assessment roll last equalized during the base year, as that term is defined in Section
84	<u>63N-3-602.</u>
85	(e) "Centrally assessed benchmark value" means an amount equal to the highest year

86	end taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
87	Part 2, Assessment of Property, for a previous calendar year that begins on or after January 1,
88	2015, adjusted for taxable value attributable to:
89	(i) an annexation to a taxing entity; or
90	(ii) an incorrect allocation of taxable value of real or personal property the commission
91	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.
92	(f) (i) "Centrally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
93	(A) zero; or
94	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the centrally assessed benchmark value
95	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real and personal
96	property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the
97	current year, adjusted for current year incremental value.
98	(ii) "Centrally assessed new growth" does not include a change in value as a result of a
99	change in the method of apportioning the value prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the
100	commission in an administrative rule or administrative order.
101	(g) "Certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem property
102	tax revenue for a taxing entity as was budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior year.
103	(h) "Community reinvestment agency" means the same as that term is defined in
104	Section 17C-1-102.
105	(i) "Eligible new growth" means the greater of:
106	(i) zero; or
107	(ii) the sum of:
108	(A) locally assessed new growth;
109	(B) centrally assessed new growth; and
110	(C) project area new growth or hotel property new growth.
111	(j) "Host local government" means the same as that term is defined in Section

(k) "Hotel property" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-502.

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63N-2-502.

114	(1) "Hotel property new growth" means an amount equal to the incremental value that
115	is no longer provided to a host local government as incremental property tax revenue.
116	(m) "Incremental property tax revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
117	Section 63N-2-502.
118	(n) "Incremental value" means:
119	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the amount calculated by
120	multiplying:
121	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
122	that is located within a project area and on which property tax differential is collected; and
123	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax differential that is
124	paid to the authority;
125	(ii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the amount calculated by
126	multiplying:
127	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
128	located within a project area and on which tax increment is collected; and
129	(B) the number that represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area that is
130	paid to the agency;
131	(iii) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the amount calculated by
132	multiplying:
133	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
134	located within a project area and on which property tax allocation is collected; and
135	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax allocation from that
136	project area that is paid to the authority; [or]
137	(iv) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter
138	3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount calculated by multiplying:
139	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
140	that is located within a housing and transit reinvestment zone and on which tax increment is
141	collected; and

142	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to the
143	housing and transit reinvestment zone; or
144	[(iv)] (v) for a host local government, an amount calculated by multiplying:
145	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the hotel
146	property on which incremental property tax revenue is collected; and
147	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the incremental property tax revenue
148	from that hotel property that is paid to the host local government.
149	(o) (i) "Locally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
150	(A) zero; or
151	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the year end taxable value of real property the
152	county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the previous year,
153	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real property the county
154	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year, adjusted
155	for current year incremental value.
156	(ii) "Locally assessed new growth" does not include a change in:
157	(A) value as a result of factoring in accordance with Section 59-2-704, reappraisal, or
158	another adjustment;
159	(B) assessed value based on whether a property is allowed a residential exemption for a
160	primary residence under Section 59-2-103;
161	(C) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 5, Farmland
162	Assessment Act; or
163	(D) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 17, Urban
164	Farming Assessment Act.
165	(p) "Project area" means:
166	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined in
167	Section 11-58-102;
168	(ii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
169	in Section 17C-1-102; or

170	(iii) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is defined
171	in Section 63H-1-102.
172	(q) "Project area new growth" means:
173	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, an amount equal to the
174	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax differential;
175	(ii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, an amount equal to the
176	incremental value that is no longer provided to an agency as tax increment; [or]
177	(iii) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, an amount equal to the
178	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax allocation[:]; or
179	(iv) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
180	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount equal to the incremental value
181	that is no longer provided to a housing and transit reinvestment zone as tax increment.
182	(r) "Project area incremental revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
183	Section 17C-1-1001.
184	(s) "Property tax allocation" means the same as that term is defined in Section
185	63H-1-102.
186	(t) "Property tax differential" means the same as that term is defined in Section
187	11-58-102.
188	(u) "Qualifying exempt revenue" means revenue received:
189	(i) for the previous calendar year;
190	(ii) by a taxing entity;
191	(iii) from tangible personal property contained on the prior year's tax rolls that is
192	exempt from property tax under Subsection 59-2-1115(2)(b) for a calendar year beginning on
193	January 1, 2022; and
194	(iv) on the aggregate 2021 year end taxable value of the tangible personal property that
195	exceeds \$15,300.
196	(v) "Tax increment" means:
197	(A) for a project created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined in

198	Section 1/C-1-102[-]; <u>or</u>
199	(B) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
200	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, the same as that term is defined in Section
201	<u>63N-3-602.</u>
202	(2) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
203	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
204	(a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable real property a county
205	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for each taxing entity; and
206	(b) a statement containing the taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
207	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, from the prior year end values.
208	(3) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of
209	each taxing entity:
210	(a) the statements described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b);
211	(b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
212	(c) the certified tax rate; and
213	(d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
214	(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be
215	calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenue that a taxing entity budgeted for the
216	prior year minus the qualifying exempt revenue by the amount calculated under Subsection
217	(4)(b).
218	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the legislative body of a taxing entity shall
219	calculate an amount as follows:
220	(i) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
221	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
222	(B) any adjustments for current year incremental value;
223	(ii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(i), calculate an amount
224	determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(i) by the
225	average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable property for the equalization

226	period for the three calendar years immediately preceding the current calendar year;
227	(iii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii), calculate the product
228	of:
229	(A) the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
230	(B) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years immediately
231	preceding the current calendar year; and
232	(iv) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iii), calculate an amount
233	determined by:
234	(A) multiplying the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years
235	immediately preceding the current calendar year by eligible new growth; and
236	(B) subtracting the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iv)(A) from the amount
237	calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iii).
238	(5) A certified tax rate for a taxing entity described in this Subsection (5) shall be
239	calculated as follows:
240	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) or (c), for a new taxing entity, the certified
241	tax rate is zero;
242	(b) for a municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
243	(i) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type
244	services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
245	(ii) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county
246	purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in
247	Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(23);
248	(c) for a community reinvestment agency that received all or a portion of a taxing
249	entity's project area incremental revenue in the prior year under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 10,
250	Agency Taxing Authority, the certified tax rate is calculated as described in Subsection (4)
251	except that the commission shall treat the total revenue transferred to the community
252	reinvestment agency as ad valorem property tax revenue that the taxing entity budgeted for the
253	prior year; and

254	(d) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate is the actual levy
255	imposed by that section, except that a certified tax rate for the following levies shall be
256	calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
257	(i) a school levy provided for under Section 53F-8-301, 53F-8-302, or 53F-8-303; and
258	(ii) a levy to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative
259	orders under Section 59-2-1602.
260	(6) (a) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 may be
261	imposed at a rate that is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or more
262	eligible judgments.
263	(b) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by a judgment levy described in
264	Subsection (6)(a) may not be considered in establishing a taxing entity's aggregate certified tax
265	rate.
266	(7) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use:
267	(i) the taxable value of real property:
268	(A) the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
269	(B) contained on the assessment roll;
270	(ii) the year end taxable value of personal property:
271	(A) a county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
272	(B) contained on the prior year's assessment roll; and
273	(iii) the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
274	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.
275	(b) For purposes of Subsection (7)(a), taxable value does not include eligible new
276	growth.
277	(8) (a) On or before June 30, a taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.
278	(b) If a taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, the taxing entity shall
279	notify the county auditor of:
280	(i) the taxing entity's intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
281	(ii) the amount by which the taxing entity proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.

(c) The county auditor shall notify property owners of any intent to levy a tax rate that exceeds the certified tax rate in accordance with Sections 59-2-919 and 59-2-919.1.

- (9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(d), the commission shall provide notice, through electronic means on or before July 31, to a taxing entity and the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee if:
- (i) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(b) is 10% or more of the year end taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental value; and
- (ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(c) is 50% or more of the total year end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
- (b) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(i), the commission shall calculate an amount by subtracting the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for current year incremental value, from the year end taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental value.
- (c) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(ii), the commission shall calculate an amount by subtracting the total taxable value of real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, from the total year end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
- (d) The notification under Subsection (9)(a) shall include a list of taxpayers that meet the requirement under Subsection (9)(a)(ii).
 - Section 2. Section **59-12-103** is amended to read:
- 59-12-103. Sales and use tax base -- Rates -- Effective dates -- Use of sales and use tax revenues.

310	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part on the purchase price or
311	sales price for amounts paid or charged for the following transactions:
312	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
313	(b) amounts paid for:
314	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
315	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
316	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
317	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
318	Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
319	(iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
320	(A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
321	(B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
322	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:
323	(i) gas;
324	(ii) electricity;
325	(iii) heat;
326	(iv) coal;
327	(v) fuel oil; or
328	(vi) other fuels;
329	(d) sales of the following for residential use:
330	(i) gas;
331	(ii) electricity;
332	(iii) heat;
333	(iv) coal;
334	(v) fuel oil; or
335	(vi) other fuels;
336	(e) sales of prepared food;
337	(f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or

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user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature, exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries, fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails, tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises, horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation, exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity; (g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for: (i) the tangible personal property; and (ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described in Subsection (1)(g)(i), regardless of whether: (A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal property; or (B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal property are exempt from a tax under this chapter; (h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property; (i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days; (i) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services: (k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within this state the tangible personal property is: (i) stored; (ii) used; or (iii) otherwise consumed;

(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the

366	tangible personal property is:
367	(i) stored;
368	(ii) used; or
369	(iii) consumed; and
370	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
371	(i) (A) of a product transferred electronically; or
372	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically, and
373	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
374	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
375	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
376	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
377	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition.
378	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (f), a state tax and a local tax
379	are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
380	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
381	(A) 4.70% plus the rate specified in Subsection (12)(a); and
382	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales
383	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
384	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional
385	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
386	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales
387	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
388	through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state
389	imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
390	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
391	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
392	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or (f) and subject to Subsection (2)(k), a
393	state tax and a local tax are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to

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- (i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and
- 396 (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the transaction under this chapter other than this part.
 - (c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or (f), a state tax and a local tax are imposed on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
 - (i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients at a tax rate of 1.75%; and
 - (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.
 - (d) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e) or (f), a state tax is imposed on amounts paid or charged for fuel to a common carrier that is a railroad for use in a locomotive engine at a rate of 4.85%.
 - (e) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
 - (II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
 - (Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- 420 (B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates 421 described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).

(ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction that consists of taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized on an invoice or similar billing document, the purchase of the optional computer software maintenance contract is 40% taxable under this chapter and 60% nontaxable under this chapter.

- (iii) Subject to Subsection (2)(e)(iv), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled transaction described in Subsection (2)(e)(i) or (ii):
- (A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or

- (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise.
- (iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(e)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (f) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections (2)(f)(ii) and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental

of tangible personal property, other property, a product, or a service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:

- (A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
 - (ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:
- (A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser because of an error or ignorance of the law; and
- (B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
- (iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(f)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (g) (i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business.

478 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(g)(i), books and records that a seller keeps in the 479 seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular 480 course of business for nontax purposes. 481 (h) Subject to Subsections (2)(i) and (j), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax 482 rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter: 483 (i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 484 (ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i); 485 (iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or 486 (iv) Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I). 487 (i) (i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that 488 begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the 489 transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under: 490 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 491 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i); 492 (C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or 493 (D) Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I). 494 (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing 495 statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax 496 or the tax rate decrease imposed under: 497 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 498 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i); 499 (C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or 500 (D) Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I). 501 (j) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(j)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale is 502 computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal or 503 change in a tax rate takes effect: 504 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.

506	(ii) Subsection (2)(j)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:
507	(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
508	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
509	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
510	(D) Subsection $(2)(e)(i)(A)(I)$.
511	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
512	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
513	(k) (i) For a location described in Subsection (2)(k)(ii), the commission shall determine
514	the taxable status of a sale of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel based on the
515	predominant use of the gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel at the location.
516	(ii) Subsection (2)(k)(i) applies to a location where gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil,
517	or other fuel is furnished through a single meter for two or more of the following uses:
518	(A) a commercial use;
519	(B) an industrial use; or
520	(C) a residential use.
521	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
522	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
523	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
524	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
525	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I).
526	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
527	in this chapter:
528	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
529	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
530	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
531	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(B).
532	(c) The state tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d) shall be deposited into the General
533	Fund.

534	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1
535	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
536	through (g):
537	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
538	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
539	(B) for the fiscal year; or
540	(ii) \$17,500,000.
541	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
542	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the
543	Department of Natural Resources to:
544	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to
545	protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
546	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations
547	act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections
548	79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
549	(ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection
550	(4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other
551	person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the
552	Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.
553	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
554	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
555	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
556	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
557	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
558	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
559	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
560	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
561	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund

562	created	in	Section	4-1	8-	10	16
<i>3</i> 02	Cicalcu	ш	Section	4-1	O	ıυ	vO.

- (d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for the adjudication of water rights.
 - (ii) At the end of each fiscal year:
- (A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
- (B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
- (C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
- (e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.
 - (ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund may also be used to:
 - (A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource;
 - (B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and
- 586 (C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the hiring of technical and legal staff.
- (f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount

590 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects. 591 (g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described 592 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount 593 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to: 594 (i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and 595 distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102; 596 (ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and 597 (iii) develop surface water sources. 598 (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 599 2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this 600 Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1: 601 (i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the 602 fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and 603 (ii) \$17,500,000. 604 (b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be: 605 (A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as dedicated credits; and 606 607 (B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or 608 restoration. 609 (ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund 610 611 created in Section 73-10-24. 612 (c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the 613 remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be: 614 (A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as dedicated credits; and 615

(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects

authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.

616

618	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
619	in Subsection $(5)(c)(i)$ shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
620	created in Section 73-10-24.
621	(d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 85% of the
622	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water
623	Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the
624	Division of Water Resources for:
625	(i) preconstruction costs:
626	(A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter
627	26, Bear River Development Act; and
628	(B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project
629	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
630	(ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73,
631	Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;
632	(iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project
633	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and
634	(iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, and 73-10-30, and
635	Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).
636	(e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c) and subject to
637	Subsection (5)(f), 15% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be
638	transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs
639	incurred for employing additional technical staff for the administration of water rights.
640	(f) At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended dedicated credits described in
641	Subsection (5)(e) over \$150,000 lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development
642	Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
643	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the
644	amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection
645	(1) for the fiscal year shall be deposited as follows:

646	(a) for fiscal year 2020-21 only:
647	(i) 20% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
648	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124; and
649	(ii) 80% of the revenue described in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the
650	Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created by Section 73-10g-103; and
651	(b) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2021, 100% of the revenue described
652	in this Subsection (6) shall be deposited into the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account
653	created by Section 73-10g-103.
654	(7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited in
655	Subsection (6), and subject to Subsection (7)(b), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
656	2012, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005
657	created by Section 72-2-124:
658	(i) a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 8.3% of
659	the revenues collected from the following taxes, which represents a portion of the
660	approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually by the sales and use tax
661	on vehicles and vehicle-related products:
662	(A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
663	(B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
664	(C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
665	(D) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I); plus
666	(ii) an amount equal to 30% of the growth in the amount of revenues collected in the
667	current fiscal year from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through
668	(D) that exceeds the amount collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections
669	(7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the 2010-11 fiscal year.
670	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (7)(b)(ii) and (iii), in any fiscal year that the portion of
671	the sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) represents an amount that is a total
672	lower percentage of the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D)
673	generated in the current fiscal year than the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited in

the previous fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall deposit an amount under Subsection (7)(a) equal to the product of:

- (A) the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) in the previous fiscal year; and
- (B) the total sales and use tax revenue generated by the taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year.
- (ii) In any fiscal year in which the portion of the sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (7)(a) would exceed 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall deposit 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) for the current fiscal year under Subsection (7)(a).
- (iii) Subject to Subsection (7)(b)(iv)(E), in all subsequent fiscal years after a year in which 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) was deposited under Subsection (7)(a), the Division of Finance shall annually deposit 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year under Subsection (7)(a).
- (iv) (A) As used in this Subsection (7)(b)(iv), "additional growth revenue" means the amount of relevant revenue collected in the current fiscal year that exceeds by more than 3% the relevant revenue collected in the previous fiscal year.
- (B) As used in this Subsection (7)(b)(iv), "combined amount" means the combined total amount of money deposited into the Cottonwood Canyons fund under Subsections (7)(b)(iv)(F) and [(8)(c)(iv)(F)] (8)(d)(vi) in any single fiscal year.
- (C) As used in this Subsection (7)(b)(iv), "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10).
- (D) As used in this Subsection (7)(b)(iv), "relevant revenue" means the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 17% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D).
- (E) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall annually

reduce the deposit under Subsection [(7)(c)(iii)] (7)(b)(iii) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this Subsection (7)(b)(iv) to the Cottonwood Canyons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 25% of additional growth revenue, subject to the limit in Subsection (7)(b)(iv)(F).

- (F) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (7)(b)(iv)(E) into the Cottonwood Canyons fund, subject to an annual maximum combined amount for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000.
- (G) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the previous fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the Cottonwood Canyons fund under this Subsection (7)(b)(iv) in the same proportion as the decline in relevant revenue.
- (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited under Subsections (6) and (7), and subject to Subsections (8)(b) and (d)(v), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the commission shall annually deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 3.68% of the revenues collected from the following taxes:
- 719 (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
- 720 (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);

- (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- 722 (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A)(I).
 - (b) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsection (8)(a) by an amount that is equal to 35% of the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax imposed on motor and special fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state that exceeds 29.4 cents per gallon.
 - (c) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(b) into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.

(d) (i) As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "additional growth revenue" means the amount of relevant revenue collected in the current fiscal year that exceeds by more than 3% the relevant revenue collected in the previous fiscal year.

- (ii) As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "combined amount" means the combined total amount of money deposited into the Cottonwood Canyons fund under Subsections (7)(b)(iv)(F) and (8)(d)(vi) in any single fiscal year.
- (iii) As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10).
- (iv) As used in this Subsection (8)(d), "relevant revenue" means the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 3.68% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i) through (iv).
- (v) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit under Subsection (8)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this Subsection (8)(d) to the Cottonwood Canyons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 25% of additional growth revenue, subject to the limit in Subsection (8)(d)(vi).
- (vi) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(d)(v) into the Cottonwood Canyons fund, subject to an annual maximum combined amount for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000.
- (vii) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the previous fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the Cottonwood Canyons fund under this Subsection (8)(d) in the same proportion as the decline in relevant revenue.
- (9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
- (10) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), and in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (6), (7), and (8), the Division of

Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section
759 72-2-124 the amount of revenue described as follows:

- (i) for fiscal year 2020-21 only, 33.33% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
 - (ii) for fiscal year 2021-22 only, 16.67% of the amount of revenue generated by a .05% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
- (b) For purposes of Subsection (10)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).
- (11) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after the fiscal year during which the Division of Finance receives notice under Section 63N-2-510 that construction on a qualified hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has begun, the Division of Finance shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually deposit \$1,900,000 of the revenue generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Hotel Impact Mitigation Fund, created in Section 63N-2-512.
 - (12) (a) The rate specified in this subsection is 0.15%.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the Division of Finance shall, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, annually transfer the amount of revenue collected from the rate described in Subsection (12)(a) on the transactions that are subject to the sales and use tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) into the Medicaid Expansion Fund created in Section 26-36b-208.
- (13) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the Division of Finance shall deposit \$200,000 into the General Fund as a dedicated credit solely for use of the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program created in, and expended in accordance with, Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Search and Rescue Act.
- 785 (14) (a) For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the Division of

Finance shall annually transfer \$1,813,400 of the revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (6) through (8) to the General Fund.

- (b) If the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (6) through (8) is less than \$1,813,400 for a fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall transfer the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (6) through (8) during the fiscal year to the General Fund.
- (15) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and as described in Section 63N-3-610, beginning the first day of the calendar quarter one year after the sales and use tax boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established, the commission, at least annually, shall transfer an amount equal to 15% of the sales and use tax increment within an established sales and use tax boundary, as defined in Section 63N-3-602, into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
 - Section 3. Section **63N-3-602** is amended to read:
- **63N-3-602. Definitions.**

As used in this part:

- (1) "Affordable housing" means the same as that term is defined in Section 11-38-102.
- (2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
- (3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the base year.
- (4) "Base year" means, for a proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone area, a year <u>beginning the first day of the calendar quarter</u> determined by the last equalized tax roll before the adoption of the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (5) "Bus rapid transit" means a high-quality bus-based transit system that delivers fast and efficient service that may include dedicated lanes, busways, traffic signal priority, off-board fare collection, elevated platforms, and enhanced stations.
- [(5)] (6) (a) "Commuter rail" means a heavy-rail passenger rail transit facility operated by a large public transit district.
- (b) "Commuter rail" does not include a light-rail passenger rail facility of a large public

814	transit district.
815	[(6)] (7) "Commuter rail station" means a station, stop, or terminal along an existing
816	commuter rail line, or along an extension to an existing commuter rail line or new commuter
817	rail line that is included in a metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range
818	transportation plan.
819	(8) (a) "Developable area" means the portion of land within a housing and transit
820	reinvestment zone available for development and construction of business and residential uses.
821	(b) "Developable area" does not include portions of land within a housing and transit
822	reinvestment zone that are allocated to:
823	(i) parks;
824	(ii) recreation facilities;
825	(iii) open space;
826	(iv) trails;
827	(v) publicly-owned roadway facilities; or
828	(vi) other public facilities.
829	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> "Dwelling unit" means one or more rooms arranged for the use of one or more
830	individuals living together, as a single housekeeping unit normally having cooking, living,
831	sanitary, and sleeping facilities.
832	[(8)] (10) "Enhanced development" means the construction of mixed uses including
833	housing, commercial uses, and related facilities[, at an average density of 50 dwelling units or
834	more per acre on the developable acres].
835	[(9)] (11) "Enhanced development costs" means extra costs associated with structured
836	parking costs, vertical construction costs, horizontal construction costs, life safety costs,
837	structural costs, conveyor or elevator costs, and other costs incurred due to the increased height
838	of buildings or enhanced development.
839	[(10)] (12) "Horizontal construction costs" means the additional costs associated with
840	earthwork, over excavation, utility work, transportation infrastructure, and landscaping to
841	achieve enhanced development in the housing and transit reinvestment zone.

842	[(11)] (13) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means a housing and transit
843	reinvestment zone created pursuant to this part.
844	[(12)] (14) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means a housing and
845	transit reinvestment zone committee created pursuant to Section 63N-3-605.
846	[(13)] (15) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in
847	Section 17B-2a-802.
848	(16) "Light rail" means a passenger rail public transit system with right-of-way and
849	fixed rails:
850	(a) dedicated to exclusive use by light-rail public transit vehicles;
851	(b) that may cross streets at grade; and
852	(c) that may share parts of surface streets.
853	[(14)] (17) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is
854	defined in Section 72-1-208.5.
855	[(15)] (18) "Mixed use development" means development with a mix of multi-family
856	residential use and at least one additional land use.
857	[(16)] (19) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
858	[(17)] (20) "Participant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
859	[(18)] (21) "Participation agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section
860	17C-1-102, except that the agency may not provide and the person may not receive a direct
861	subsidy.
862	[(19)] (22) "Public transit county" means a county that has created a small public
863	transit district.
864	[(20)] (23) "Public transit hub" means a public transit depot or station where four or
865	more routes serving separate parts of the county-created transit district stop to transfer riders
866	between routes.
867	[(21)] (24) "Sales and use tax base year" means a sales and use tax year determined by
868	the first year pertaining to the tax imposed in Section 59-12-103 after the sales and use tax
869	boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established.

870	[(22)] (25) "Sales and use tax boundary" means a boundary created as described in
871	Section 63N-3-604, based on state sales and use tax collection that corresponds as closely as
872	reasonably practicable to the housing and transit reinvestment zone boundary.
873	[(23)] (26) "Sales and use tax increment" means the difference between:
874	(a) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue generated each year following the
875	sales and use tax base year by the sales and use tax from the area within a housing and transit
876	reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal as the area
877	from which sales and use tax increment is to be collected; and
878	(b) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue that was generated from that same
879	area during the sales and use tax base year.
880	[(24)] (27) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is generated from the tax
881	imposed under Section 59-12-103.
882	[(25)] (28) "Small public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in
883	Section 17B-2a-802.
884	[(26)] (29) "Tax commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section
885	59-1-201.
886	[(27)] (30) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
887	(a) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from
888	the area within a housing and transit reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit
889	reinvestment zone proposal as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the
890	current assessed value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section
891	59-2-924; and
892	(b) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area
893	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in
894	Section 59-2-924.
895	[(28)] (31) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
896	17C-1-102.
897	[(29)] (32) "Vertical construction costs" means the additional costs associated with

898 construction above four stories and structured parking to achieve enhanced development in the 899 housing and transit reinvestment zone. 900 Section 4. Section **63N-3-603** is amended to read: 901 63N-3-603. Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a housing and transit 902 reinvestment zone. 903 (1) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal created under this part shall 904 promote the following objectives: 905 (a) higher utilization of public transit: (b) increasing availability of housing, including affordable housing; 906 907 (c) conservation of water resources through efficient land use: 908 (d) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips; 909 (e) encouraging transformative mixed-use development and investment in 910 transportation and public transit infrastructure in strategic areas; 911 (f) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors as 912 described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2); and 913 (g) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities. 914 (2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality or 915 public transit county that initiates the process to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone 916 as described in this part shall ensure that the proposal for a housing and transit reinvestment 917 zone includes: 918 (a) except as provided in Subsection (3), at least 10% of the proposed [housing] 919 dwelling units within the housing and transit reinvestment zone are affordable housing units; 920 (b) [a dedication of] at least 51% of the developable area within the housing and transit 921 reinvestment zone [to residential development] includes residential uses with, except as 922 provided in Subsection (4)(c), an average of 50 [multi-family] dwelling units per acre or 923 greater; [and] 924 (c) mixed-use development[-]; and 925 (d) a mix of dwelling units to ensure that a reasonable percentage of the dwelling units

926	has more than one bedroom.
927	(3) A municipality or public transit county that, at the time the housing and transit
928	reinvestment zone proposal is approved by the housing and transit reinvestment zone
929	committee, meets the affordable housing guidelines of the United States Department of
930	Housing and Urban Development at 60% area median income is exempt from the requirement
931	described in Subsection (2)(a).
932	[(4) A municipality or public transit county may only propose a housing and transit
933	reinvestment zone that:]
934	(4) (a) A municipality may only propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a
935	commuter rail station, and a public transit county may only propose a housing and transit
936	reinvestment zone at a public transit hub, that:
937	$[\frac{a}{a}]$ (i) subject to Subsection (5)(a):
938	$[\frac{1}{2}]$ (A) $\underline{(I)}$ except as provided in Subsection $(4)(a)(i)(A)(II)$, for a municipality, does
939	not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a commuter rail station; [or]
940	(II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than
941	150,000 that is within a county of the first class, with an opportunity zone created pursuant to
942	Section 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code, does not exceed a 1/2 mile radius of a commuter rai
943	station located within the opportunity zone; or
944	[(B)] (III) for a public transit county, does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a public
945	transit hub; and
946	[(ii)] (B) has a total area of no more than 125 noncontiguous [square] acres;
947	[(b)] (ii) subject to Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a maximum of 80% of
948	each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25
949	consecutive years on each parcel within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax increment
950	amount approved in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and
951	[(c)] (iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the
952	housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in
953	Subsection (6).

954	(b) A municipality or public transit county may only propose a housing and transit
955	reinvestment zone at a light rail station or bus rapid transit station that:
956	(i) subject to Subsection (5):
957	(A) does not exceed:
958	(I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A)(II) or (III), a 1/4 mile radius of a bus
959	rapid transit station or light rail station;
960	(II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than
961	150,000 that is within a county of the first class, a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located
962	in an opportunity zone created pursuant to Section 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code; or
963	(III) a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located within a master-planned
964	development of 500 acres or more; and
965	(B) has a total area of no more than 100 noncontiguous acres;
966	(ii) subject to Subsection (4)(c) and Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a
967	maximum of 80% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no
968	more than 15 consecutive years on each parcel within a 30-year period not to exceed the tax
969	increment amount approved in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; and
970	(iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the
971	housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as described in
972	Subsection (6).
973	(c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a
974	public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a municipality at
975	a bus rapid transit station, if the proposed housing density within the housing and transit
976	reinvestment zone is between 39 and 49 dwelling units per acre, the maximum capture of each
977	taxing entity's tax increment above the base year is 60%.
978	(d) A municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000
979	in a county of the first class as described in Subsections (4)(a)(i)(A)(II) and (4)(b)(i)(A)(II) may
980	only propose one housing and transit reinvestment zone within an opportunity zone.
981	[(5) If] (5) (a) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a commuter rail station,

982	$\underline{\text{if}}$ a parcel is bisected by the [$\frac{1}{3}$ mile radius] relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be
983	included as part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the
984	limitations described in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
985	(b) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a light rail or bus rapid transit
986	station, if a parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included
987	as part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the
988	limitations described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
989	(6) The notice of commencement of collection of tax increment required in Subsection
990	[(4)(c)] $(4)(a)(iii)$ or $(4)(b)(iii)$ shall be sent by mail or electronically to:
991	(a) the tax commission;
992	(b) the State Board of Education;
993	(c) the state auditor;
994	(d) the auditor of the county in which the housing and transit reinvestment zone is
995	located;
996	(e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the housing and
997	transit reinvestment zone; and
998	(f) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.
999	(7) (a) The maximum number of housing and transit reinvestment zones at light rail
1000	stations is eight in any given county.
1001	(b) The maximum number of housing and transit reinvestment zones at bus rapid
1002	transit stations is three in any given county.
1003	Section 5. Section 63N-3-604 is amended to read:
1004	63N-3-604. Process for a proposal of a housing and transit reinvestment zone
1005	Analysis.
1006	(1) Subject to approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee as
1007	described in Section 63N-3-605, in order to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone, a
1008	municipality or public transit county that has general land use authority over the housing and
1009	transit reinvestment zone area, shall:

1010	(a) prepare a proposal for the housing and transit reinvestment zone that:
1011	(i) demonstrates that the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone will meet the
1012	objectives described in Subsection 63N-3-603(1);
1013	(ii) explains how the municipality or public transit county will achieve the
1014	requirements of Subsection 63N-3-603(2)(a);
1015	(iii) defines the specific transportation infrastructure needs, if any, and proposed
1016	improvements;
1017	(iv) defines the boundaries of:
1018	(A) the housing and transit reinvestment zone; and
1019	(B) the sales and use tax boundary corresponding to the housing and transit
1020	reinvestment zone boundary, as described in Section 63N-3-610;
1021	(v) identifies any development impediments that prevent the development from being a
1022	market-rate investment and proposed strategies for addressing each one;
1023	(vi) describes the proposed development plan, including the requirements described in
1024	Subsections 63N-3-603(2) and (4);
1025	(vii) establishes a base year and collection period to calculate the tax increment within
1026	the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
1027	(viii) establishes a sales and use tax base year to calculate the sales and use tax
1028	increment within the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
1029	(ix) describes projected maximum revenues generated and the amount of tax increment
1030	capture from each taxing entity and proposed expenditures of revenue derived from the housing
1031	and transit reinvestment zone;
1032	(x) includes an analysis of other applicable or eligible incentives, grants, or sources of
1033	revenue that can be used to reduce the finance gap;
1034	(xi) evaluates possible benefits to active and public transportation availability and
1035	impacts on air quality;
1036	[(xi)] (xii) proposes a finance schedule to align expected revenue with required
1037	financing costs and payments; and

1038	[(xii)] (xiii) provides a pro-forma for the planned development including the cost
1039	differential between surface parked multi-family development and enhanced development that
1040	satisfies the requirements described in Subsections 63N-3-603(2), (3), and (4); and
1041	(b) submit the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the Governor's Office
1042	of Economic Opportunity.
1043	[(2) Before submitting the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone to the
1044	Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity as described in Subsection (1)(b), the municipality
1045	or public transit county proposing the housing and transit reinvestment zone shall ensure that
1046	the area of the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone is zoned in such a manner to
1047	accommodate the requirements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone described in this
1048	section and the proposed development.]
1049	(2) As part of the proposal described in Subsection (1), a municipality or public transit
1050	county shall study and evaluate possible impacts of a proposed housing and transit
1051	reinvestment zone on parking within the city and housing and transit reinvestment zone.
1052	(3) (a) After receiving the proposal as described in Subsection (1)(b), the Governor's
1053	Office of Economic Opportunity shall, at the expense of the proposing municipality or public
1054	transit county as described in Subsection (5), contract with an independent entity to perform the
1055	gap analysis described in Subsection (3)(b).
1056	(b) The gap analysis required in Subsection (3)(a) shall include:
1057	(i) a description of the planned development;
1058	(ii) a market analysis relative to other comparable project developments included in or
1059	adjacent to the municipality or public transit county absent the proposed housing and transit
1060	reinvestment zone;
1061	(iii) an evaluation of the proposal to and a determination of the adequacy and efficiency
1062	of the proposal; [and]
1063	(iv) an evaluation of the proposed increment capture needed to cover the enhanced
1064	development costs associated with the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal and

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enable the proposed development to occur; and

1066 [(iv)] (v) based on the market analysis and other findings, an opinion relative to the 1067 minimum amount of potential public financing reasonably determined to be necessary to 1068 achieve the objectives described in Subsection 63N-3-603(1). 1069 (4) After receiving the results from the analysis described in Subsection (3)(b), the 1070 municipality or public transit county proposing the housing and transit reinvestment zone may: 1071 (a) amend the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal based on the findings of 1072 the analysis described in Subsection (3)(b) and request that the Governor's Office of Economic 1073 Opportunity submit the amended housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing 1074 and transit reinvestment zone committee; or 1075 (b) request that the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity submit the original 1076 housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone 1077 committee. 1078 (5) (a) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may accept, as a dedicated 1079 credit, up to \$20,000 from a municipality or public transit county for the costs of the gap 1080 analysis described in Subsection (3)(b). 1081 (b) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity may expend funds received from a 1082 municipality or public transit county as dedicated credits to pay for the costs associated with 1083 the gap analysis described in Subsection (3)(b). 1084 Section 6. Section **63N-3-605** is amended to read: 1085 63N-3-605. Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Committee -- Creation. (1) For any housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed under this part, there is 1086 1087 created a housing and transit reinvestment zone committee with membership described in 1088 Subsection (2). 1089 (2) Each housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall consist of the

(2) Each housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall consist of the following members:

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- (a) one representative from the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity, designated by the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity;
 - (b) one representative from each municipality that is a party to the proposed housing

1094	and transit reinvestment zone, designated by the chief executive officer of each respective
1095	municipality;
1096	(c) one representative from the Department of Transportation created in Section
1097	72-1-201, designated by the executive director of the Department of Transportation;
1098	(d) one representative from a large public transit district that serves the proposed
1099	housing and transit reinvestment zone area, designated by the chair of the board of trustees of a
1100	large public transit district;
1101	[(e) one representative of each relevant metropolitan planning organization, designated
1102	by the chair of the metropolitan planning organization;]
1103	(e) one individual from the Office of the State Treasurer, designated by the state
1104	treasurer;
1105	(f) one member designated by the president of the Senate;
1106	(g) one member designated by the speaker of the House of Representatives;
1107	[(h) one member designated by the chair of the State Board of Education;]
1108	(h) one individual from the tax commission, designated by the executive director of the
1109	tax commission;
1110	(i) one member designated by the chief executive officer of each county affected by the
1111	housing and transit reinvestment zone;
1112	(j) one representative designated by the school superintendent from the school district
1113	affected by the housing and transit reinvestment zone; and
1114	(k) one representative, representing the largest participating local taxing entity, after
1115	the municipality, county, and school district.
1116	(3) The individual designated by the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity as
1117	described in Subsection (2)(a) shall serve as chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
1118	committee.
1119	(4) (a) A majority of the members of the housing and transit reinvestment zone
1120	committee constitutes a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
1121	(b) An action by a majority of a quorum of the housing and transit reinvestment zone

1122 committee is an action of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.

- (5) After the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity receives the results of the analysis described in Section 63N-3-604, and after the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity has received a request from the submitting municipality or public transit county to submit the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee, the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity shall notify each of the entities described in Subsection (2) of the formation of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee.
- (6) (a) The chair of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall convene a public meeting to consider the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (b) A meeting of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee is subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
- (7) (a) The proposing municipality or public transit county shall present the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal to the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee in a public meeting.
 - (b) The housing and transit reinvestment zone committee shall:
- (i) evaluate and verify whether the elements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone described in Subsections 63N-3-603(2) and (4) have been met; and
- (ii) evaluate the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone relative to the analysis described in Subsection 63N-3-604(2).
- (8) (a) [The] Subject to Subsection (8)(b), the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may:
- [(a)] (i) request changes to the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal based on the analysis described in Section 63N-3-604; or
- [(b)] (ii) vote to approve or deny the proposal.
- (b) Before the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee may approve the
 housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal, the municipality or public transit county
 proposing the housing and transit reinvestment zone shall ensure that the area of the proposed

housing and transit reinvestment zone is zoned in such a manner to accommodate the	
requirements of a housing and transit reinvestment zone described in this section and the	
proposed development.	
(9) If <u>a housing and transit reinvestment zone is</u> approved by the committee:	
(a) the proposed housing and transit reinvestment zone is established according to the	
terms of the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal; [and]	
(b) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the terms of the	ne
housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal[-]; and	
(c) each affected taxing municipality is required to participate at the same rate as a	
participating county.	
(10) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal may be amended by following	
the same procedure as approving a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal.	
Section 7. Section 63N-3-607 is amended to read:	
63N-3-607. Payment, use, and administration of revenue from a housing and	
transit reinvestment zone.	
(1) A municipality or public transit county may receive and use tax increment and	
housing and transit reinvestment zone funds in accordance with this part.	
(2) (a) A county that collects property tax on property located within a housing and	
transit reinvestment zone shall, in accordance with Section 59-2-1365, distribute to the	
municipality or public transit county any tax increment the municipality or public transit coun	ty
is authorized to receive up to the maximum approved by the housing and transit reinvestment	
zone committee.	
(b) Tax increment distributed to a municipality or public transit county in accordance	
with Subsection (2)(a) is not revenue of the taxing entity or municipality or public transit	
county.	
(c) (i) Tax increment paid to the municipality or public transit county are housing and	
transit reinvestment zone funds and shall be administered by an agency created by the	
municipality or public transit county within which the housing and transit reinvestment zone i	S

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(ii) Before an agency may receive housing and transit reinvestment zone funds from the municipality or public transit county, the municipality or public transit county and the agency shall enter into an interlocal agreement with terms that:

- (A) are consistent with the approval of the housing and transit reinvestment zone committee; and
 - (B) meet the requirements of Section 63N-3-603.
- (3) (a) A municipality or public transit county and agency shall use housing and transit reinvestment zone funds within, or for the direct benefit of, the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (b) If any housing and transit reinvestment zone funds will be used outside of the housing and transit reinvestment zone there must be a finding in the approved proposal for a housing and transit reinvestment zone that the use of the housing and transit reinvestment zone funds outside of the housing and transit reinvestment zone will directly benefit the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
- (4) A municipality or public transit county shall use housing and transit reinvestment zone funds to achieve the purposes described in Subsections 63N-3-603(1) and (2), by paying all or part of the costs of any of the following:
 - (a) income targeted housing costs;
 - (b) structured parking within the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
 - (c) enhanced development costs;
 - (d) horizontal construction costs:
- (e) vertical construction costs;
 - (f) [land purchase] property acquisition costs within the housing and transit reinvestment zone; or
 - (g) the costs of the municipality or public transit county to create and administer the housing and transit reinvestment zone, which may not exceed 1% of the total housing and transit reinvestment zone funds, plus the costs to complete the gap analysis described in

1206	Subsection $63N-3-604[\frac{(3)}{(2)}]$.
1207	(5) Housing and transit reinvestment zone funds may be paid to a participant, if the
1208	agency and participant enter into a participation agreement which requires the participant to
1209	utilize the housing and transit reinvestment zone funds as allowed in this section.
1210	(6) Housing and transit reinvestment zone funds may be used to pay all of the costs of
1211	bonds issued by the municipality or public transit county in accordance with Title 17C, Chapter
1212	1, Part 5, Agency Bonds, including the cost to issue and repay the bonds including interest.
1213	(7) A municipality or public transit county may create one or more public infrastructure
1214	districts within the housing and transit reinvestment zone under [Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part
1215	12] Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, and pledge and utilize the housing
1216	and transit reinvestment zone funds to guarantee the payment of public infrastructure bonds
1217	issued by a public infrastructure district.
1218	Section 8. Section 63N-3-610 is amended to read:
1219	63N-3-610. Sales and use tax increment in a housing and transit reinvestment
1220	zone.
1221	(1) A housing and transit reinvestment proposal shall, in consultation with the tax
1222	commission:
1223	(a) create a sales and use tax boundary as described in Subsection (2); and
1224	(b) establish a sales and use tax base year and collection period to calculate and transfer
1225	the state sales and use tax increment within the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
1226	(2) (a) The municipality or public transit county, in consultation with the tax
1227	commission, shall establish a sales and use tax boundary that:
1228	(i) is based on state sales and use tax collection boundaries; and
1229	(ii) follows as closely as reasonably practicable the boundary of the housing and transit
1230	reinvestment zone.
1231	(b) The municipality or public transit county shall include the sales and use tax
1232	boundary in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal as described in Section

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63N-3-604.

1234	(3) Beginning the first day of the calendar quarter one year after the sales and use tax
1235	boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established, the tax commission shall,
1236	at least annually, transfer an amount equal to 15% of the sales and use tax increment within an
1237	established sales and use tax boundary into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created
1238	in Section 72-2-124.
1239	(4) (a) The requirement described in Subsection (3) to transfer incremental sales tax
1240	revenue shall take effect:
1241	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1242	(ii) after a 90-day waiting period, beginning on the date the commission receives notice
1243	from the municipality or public transit county meeting the requirements of Subsection (4)(b).
1244	(b) The notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include:
1245	(i) a statement that the housing and transit reinvestment zone will be established under
1246	this part;
1247	(ii) the approval date and effective date of the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
1248	and

(iii) the definitions of the sales and use tax boundary and sales and use tax base year.