MEDICAID REFORM
2011 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Daniel R. Liljenquist
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Budgetary Procedures Act and the Medical Assistance Act.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 requires the Department of Health to develop a proposal to modify the Medicaid
program in a way that maximizes replacement of the fee-for-service delivery model
with one or more risk-based delivery models;
 specifies criteria for the proposal;
 requires the department to report to the Legislature on the development of the
proposal;
 requires the department to submit a request to the Centers for Medicare and
Medicaid Services for waivers from federal law to implement the proposal;
 directs the department to implement the proposal in the fiscal year following the
fiscal year in which the waivers are approved;
 provides definitions;
 creates the Medicaid Growth Reduction and Budget Stabilization Account restricted
account;
 specifies conditions under which Medicaid growth savings shall be transferred or
appropriated to the account;
 provides that Medicaid growth savings not transferred into the account shall be

included in the base budget for the second following fiscal year;
 specifies the priority of the account's claim on General Fund revenue surplus;
 specifies how account funds may be used;
 makes conforming amendments;
 makes clarifying amendments; and
 makes technical corrections.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
63J-1-312, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
63J-1-314, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 389 and renumbered and
amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
63M-1-905, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 245 and 278
ENACTS:
26-18-405 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
63J-1-315 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 26-18-405 is enacted to read:
26-18-405. Waivers to maximize replacement of fee-for-service delivery model.
(1) The department shall develop a proposal to amend the state plan for the Medicaid
program in a way that maximizes replacement of the fee-for-service delivery model with one or
more risk-based delivery models. The proposal shall:
(a) restructure the program's provider payment provisions to reward health care
providers for delivering the most appropriate services at the lowest cost and in ways that,
compared to services delivered before implementation of the proposal, maintain or improve
recipient health status;
(b) restructure the program's cost sharing provisions to reward recipients for personal

59	efforts to:
60	(i) maintain or improve their health status; and
61	(ii) use providers that deliver the most appropriate services at the lowest cost;
62	(c) identify the evidence-based practices and measures, risk adjustment methodologies,
63	payment systems, and other mechanisms necessary to reward providers for delivering the most
64	appropriate services at the lowest cost, including mechanisms that:
65	(i) pay providers for packages of services delivered over entire episodes of illness
66	rather than for individual services delivered during each patient encounter; and
67	(ii) reward providers for delivering services that make the most positive contribution to
68	a recipient's health status;
69	(d) limit total per-patient-per-month expenditures for services delivered through
70	fee-for-service arrangements to total per-patient-per-month expenditures for services delivered
71	through risk-based arrangements covering similar client populations and services; and
72	(e) limit the rate of growth in per-patient-per-month General Fund expenditures for the
73	program to the rate of growth in General Fund expenditures for all other programs, when the
74	rate of growth in the General Fund expenditures for all other programs is greater than zero.
75	(2) No later than June 1, 2011, the department shall submit a written report on the
76	development of the proposal to the Executive Appropriations Committee, the Social Services
77	Appropriations Subcommittee, and the Health and Human Services Interim Committee.
78	(3) No later than July 1, 2011, the department shall submit to the Centers for Medicare
79	and Medicaid Services within the United States Department of Health and Human Services a
80	request for waivers from federal statutory and regulatory law necessary to implement the
81	proposal.
82	(4) The department shall implement the proposal in the fiscal year that follows the
83	fiscal year in which the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services approves the
84	request for waivers.
85	Section 2. Section 63J-1-312 is amended to read:
86	63J-1-312. Establishing a General Fund Budget Reserve Account Providing for
87	deposits and expenditures from the account Providing for interest generated by the
88	account.
89	(1) As used in this section:

89 (1) As used in this section:

90 (a) "Education Fund budget deficit" means a situation where appropriations made by 91 the Legislature from the Education Fund for a fiscal year exceed the estimated revenues 92 adopted by the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature for the Education Fund 93 in that fiscal year. 94 (b) "General Fund appropriations" means the sum of the spending authority for a fiscal 95 year that is: 96 (i) granted by the Legislature in all appropriation acts and bills; and 97 (ii) identified as coming from the General Fund. 98 (c) "General Fund budget deficit" means a situation where General Fund appropriations 99 made by the Legislature for a fiscal year exceed the estimated revenues adopted by the 100 Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature for the General Fund in that fiscal year. 101 (d) "General Fund revenue surplus" means a situation where actual General Fund 102 revenues collected in a completed fiscal year exceed the estimated revenues for the General 103 Fund for that fiscal year that were adopted by the Executive Appropriations Committee of the 104 Legislature. 105 (e) "Operating deficit" means that, at the end of the fiscal year, the unreserved and 106 undesignated fund balance in the General Fund is less than zero. 107 (2) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account to be known as the 108 General Fund Budget Reserve Account, which is designated to receive the legislative 109 appropriations, investment earnings, and the surplus revenue required to be deposited into the 110 account by this section. 111 (3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), at the end of any fiscal year in 112 which the Division of Finance, in consultation with the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and in 113 conjunction with the completion of the annual audit by the state auditor, determines that there 114 is a General Fund revenue surplus, the Division of Finance shall transfer 25% of the General 115 Fund revenue surplus to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account. 116 (ii) If the transfer of 25% of the General Fund revenue surplus to the General Fund 117 Budget Reserve Account would cause the balance in the account to exceed 6% of General Fund 118 appropriations for the fiscal year in which the revenue surplus occurred, the Division of 119 Finance shall transfer only those funds necessary to ensure that the balance in the account 120 equals 6% of General Fund appropriations for the fiscal year in which the General Fund

121 revenue surplus occurred. 122 (iii) [The] After the transfer of General Fund revenue surplus to the Medicaid Budget 123 Stabilization Restricted Account has been made, as provided in Section 63J-1-315, the 124 Division of Finance shall calculate the amount to be transferred under this Subsection (3)(a): 125 (A) before transferring from the General Fund revenue surplus any other year-end 126 contingency appropriations, year-end set-asides, or other year-end transfers required by law; 127 and 128 (B) excluding [the] from the General Fund revenue surplus any General Fund 129 investment earnings for the fiscal year and [excluding] any direct legislative appropriation 130 made to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account for the fiscal year. 131 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), in addition to Subsection (3)(a)(i), if 132 a General Fund revenue surplus exists and if, within the last 10 years, the Legislature has 133 appropriated any [money] funds from the General Fund Budget Reserve Account that has not 134 been replaced by appropriation or as provided in this Subsection (3)(b), the Division of Finance 135 shall transfer up to 25% more of the General Fund revenue surplus to the General Fund Budget 136 Reserve Account to replace the amounts appropriated, until direct legislative appropriations, if 137 any, and transfers from the General Fund revenue surplus under this Subsection (3)(b) have 138 replaced the appropriations from the account. 139 (ii) If the transfer under Subsection (3)(b)(i) would cause the balance in the account to 140 exceed 6% of General Fund appropriations for the fiscal year in which the revenue surplus 141 occurred, the Division of Finance shall transfer only those funds necessary to ensure that the 142 balance in the account equals 6% of General Fund appropriations for the fiscal year in which 143 the revenue surplus occurred. 144 (iii) [The] After the transfer of General Fund revenue surplus to the Medicaid Budget 145 Stabilization Restricted Account has been made, as provided in Section 63J-1-315, the 146 Division of Finance shall calculate the amount to be transferred under this Subsection (3)(b): 147 (A) before transferring from the General Fund revenue surplus any other year-end 148 contingency appropriations, year-end set-asides, or other year-end transfers required by law; 149 and 150 (B) excluding [the] from the General Fund revenue surplus any General Fund 151 investment earnings for the fiscal year and [excluding] any direct legislative appropriation

S.B. 180

152 made to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account for the fiscal year.

- (c) For appropriations made by the Legislature to the General Fund Budget Reserve
 Account, the Division of Finance shall treat those appropriations, unless otherwise specified in
 the appropriation, as replacement funds for appropriations made from the account if funds were
 appropriated from the General Fund Budget Reserve Account within the past 10 years and have
 not yet been replaced.
- 158 [(4) (a) If, at the close of any fiscal year, there appear to be insufficient monies to pay 159 additional debt service for any bonded debt authorized by the Legislature, the Division of
- additional debt service for any bolided debt autionized by the Degisiature, the DIVISION OF
- 160 Finance may hold back from any General Fund revenue surplus monies sufficient to pay the
- 161 additional debt service requirements resulting from issuance of bonded debt that was
- 162 authorized by the Legislature.]
- 163 [(b) The Division of Finance may not spend the hold back amount for debt service
 164 under Subsection (4)(a) unless and until it is appropriated by the Legislature.]
- 165 [(c) If, after calculating the amount for transfers to the General Fund Budget Reserve
 166 Account, the remaining General Fund revenue surplus is insufficient to cover the hold back for
 167 debt service required by Subsection (4)(a), the Division of Finance shall reduce the transfer to
 168 the General Fund Budget Reserve Account by the amount necessary to cover the debt service
 169 hold back.]
- 170 [(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), the Division of Finance shall hold back the
 171 General Fund balance for debt service authorized by this Subsection (4) before making any
 172 transfers to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account or any other designation or allocation of
 173 General Fund revenue surplus.]
- 174 [(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), if, at the end of a fiscal year, the Division of
 175 Finance determines that an operating deficit exists and that holding back the transfers to the
 176 State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account under Section 63J-1-314 does not eliminate the
 177 operating deficit, the Division of Finance may reduce the transfer to the General Fund Budget
 178 Reserve Account by the amount necessary to eliminate the operating deficit.]
 179 [(6)] (4) The Legislature may appropriate [monies] funds from the General Fund
 180 Budget Reserve Account only to:
- (a) resolve a General Fund budget deficit, for the fiscal year in which the General Fundbudget deficit occurs;

183	(b) pay some or all of state settlement agreements approved under Title 63G, Chapter
184	10, State Settlement Agreements Act;
185	(c) pay retroactive tax refunds; or
186	(d) resolve an Education Fund budget deficit.
187	[(7)] (5) Interest generated from investments of [money] funds in the General Fund
188	Budget Reserve Account shall be deposited into the General Fund.
189	Section 3. Section 63J-1-314 is amended to read:
190	63J-1-314. Deposits related to the Disaster Recovery Funding Act.
191	(1) As used in this section, "operating deficit" means that, at the end of the fiscal year,
192	the unreserved and undesignated fund balance in the General Fund is less than zero.
193	(2) Except as provided under Subsection (3), [beginning with the fiscal year ending
194	June 30, 2007,] at the end of each fiscal year and after the transfer of surplus General Fund
195	revenues has been made to the Medicaid Budget Stabilization Restricted Account, as provided
196	in Section 63J-1-315, and the General Fund Budget Reserve Account, as provided in Section
197	63J-1-312, the Division of Finance shall deposit an amount into the State Disaster Recovery
198	Restricted Account, created in Section 53-2-403, calculated by:
199	(a) determining the amount of surplus General Fund revenues that is unrestricted and
200	undesignated after the transfer to the Medicaid Budget Stabilization Restricted Account under
201	Section 63J-1-315 and the General Fund Budget Reserve Account under Section 63J-1-312
202	[that is unrestricted and undesignated];
203	(b) calculating an amount equal to the lesser of:
204	(i) 25% of the amount determined under Subsection (2)(a); or
205	(ii) 6% of the total of the General Fund appropriation amount for the fiscal year in
206	which the surplus occurs; and
207	(c) adding to the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(b) an amount equal to the
208	lesser of:
209	(i) 25% more of the amount described in Subsection (2)(a); or
210	(ii) the amount necessary to replace, in accordance with this Subsection (2)(c), any
211	amount appropriated from the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account within 10 fiscal
212	years before the fiscal year in which the surplus occurs if:
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213 (A) a surplus exists; and

214	(B) the Legislature appropriates [money] funds from the State Disaster Recovery
215	Restricted Account that is not replaced by appropriation or as provided in this Subsection
216	(2)(c).
217	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)[: (a) if], if at the end of a fiscal year, the Division
218	of Finance determines that an operating deficit exists, the [Division of Finance] division shall
219	reduce the transfer to the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account by the amount necessary
220	to eliminate the operating deficit[; and].
221	[(b) for FY 2008-09 and FY 2009-10 only, the Division of Finance shall suspend the
222	deposit provided under Subsection (2) to the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account
223	created under Section 53-2-403.]
224	Section 4. Section 63J-1-315 is enacted to read:
225	63J-1-315. Medicaid Growth Reduction and Budget Stabilization Restricted
226	AccountTransfers of Medicaid growth savings Base budget adjustments.
227	(1) As used in this section:
228	(a) "Department" means the Department of Health created in Section 26-1-4.
229	(b) "Division" means the Division of Health Care Financing created within the
230	department under Section 26-18-2.1.
231	(c) "General Fund appropriations" means the sum of the spending authority for a fiscal
232	year that is:
233	(i) granted by the Legislature in all appropriation acts and bills; and
234	(ii) identified as coming from the General Fund.
235	(d) "General Fund budget deficit" means a situation where General Fund
236	appropriations made by the Legislature for a fiscal year exceed the estimated revenues adopted
237	by the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature for the General Fund in that
238	fiscal year.
239	(e) "General Fund revenue surplus" means a situation where actual General Fund
240	revenues collected in a completed fiscal year exceed the estimated revenues for the General
241	Fund for that fiscal year that were adopted by the Executive Appropriations Committee of the
242	Legislature, as determined by the Division of Finance, in consultation with the Legislative
243	Fiscal Analyst and in conjunction with the completion of the annual audit by the state auditor.
244	(f) "Medicaid growth savings" means the Medicaid growth target minus Medicaid

245	program expenditures, if Medicaid program expenditures are less than the Medicaid growth
246	target.
247	(g) "Medicaid growth target" means Medicaid program expenditures for the previous
248	year multiplied by 1.08.
249	(h) "Medicaid program" is as defined in Section 26-18-2.
250	(i) "Medicaid program expenditures" means total state revenue expended for the
251	Medicaid program from the General Fund during a fiscal year.
252	(j) "Medicaid program expenditures for the previous year" means total state revenue
253	expended for the Medicaid program from the General Fund during the fiscal year immediately
254	preceding a fiscal year for which Medicaid program expenditures are calculated.
255	(k) "Operating deficit" means that, at the end of the fiscal year, the unreserved and
256	undesignated fund balance in the General Fund is less than zero.
257	(1) "State revenue" means revenue other than federal revenue.
258	(m) "State revenue expended for the Medicaid program" includes funds transferred or
259	appropriated to the Medicaid Growth Reduction and Budget Stabilization Account only to the
260	extent the funds are subsequently transferred to and appropriated from the General Fund for the
261	Medicaid program by the Legislature.
262	(2) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account to be known as the
263	Medicaid Growth Reduction and Budget Stabilization Account.
264	(3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6), if at the end of a fiscal year there is a
265	General Fund revenue surplus, the Division of Finance shall transfer an amount equal to
266	Medicaid growth savings from the General Fund to the Medicaid Growth Reduction and
267	Budget Stabilization Account.
268	(ii) If the amount transferred is reduced to prevent an operating deficit, as provided in
269	Subsection (6), the Legislature shall include, to the extent funds are available, an amount equal
270	to the reduction as an appropriation from the General Fund to the account in the base budget
271	for the second fiscal year following the fiscal year for which the reduction was made.
272	(b) If at the end of a fiscal year there is not a General Fund revenue surplus, the
273	Legislature shall include, to the extent funds are available, an amount equal to Medicaid
274	growth savings as an appropriation from the General Fund to the account in the base budget for
275	the second fiscal year following the fiscal year for which the reduction was made.

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276	(c) Subsections (3)(a) and (3)(b) apply only to the fiscal year in which the department
277	implements the proposal developed under Section 26-18-405 to reduce the long-term growth in
278	state expenditures for the Medicaid program, and to each fiscal year thereafter.
279	(4) The Division of Finance shall calculate the amount to be transferred under
280	Subsection (3):
281	(a) after excluding from the General Fund revenue surplus any General Fund
282	investment earnings for the fiscal year and any direct legislative appropriations to the General
283	Fund Budget Reserve Account for the fiscal year;
284	(b) before transferring revenue from the General Fund revenue surplus to:
285	(i) the General Fund Budget Reserve Account under Section 63J-1-312;
286	(ii) the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account under Section 63J-1-314; and
287	(iii) the Industrial Assistance Account under Section 63M-1-905; and
288	(c) before making any other year-end contingency appropriations, year-end set-asides,
289	or other year-end transfers required by law.
290	(5) (a) If, at the close of any fiscal year, there appear to be insufficient funds to pay
291	additional debt service for any bonded debt authorized by the Legislature, the Division of
292	Finance may hold back from any General Fund revenue surplus funds sufficient to pay the
293	additional debt service requirements resulting from issuance of bonded debt that was
294	authorized by the Legislature.
295	(b) The Division of Finance may not spend the hold back amount for debt service
296	under Subsection (5)(a) unless and until it is appropriated by the Legislature.
297	(c) If, after calculating the amount for transfers to the General Fund Budget Reserve
298	Account, the remaining General Fund revenue surplus is insufficient to cover the hold back for
299	debt service required by Subsection (5)(a), the Division of Finance shall reduce the transfer to
300	the Medicaid Growth Reduction and Budget Stabilization Account by the amount necessary to
301	cover the debt service hold back.
302	(d) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), the Division of Finance shall hold back
303	the General Fund balance for debt service authorized by this Subsection (5) before making any
304	transfers to the Medicaid Growth Reduction and Budget Stabilization Account or any other
305	designation or allocation of General Fund revenue surplus.
306	(6) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), if, at the end of a fiscal year, the Division

307	of Finance determines that an operating deficit exists and that holding back transfers to the
308	Industrial Assistance Account under Section 63J-1-314, the State Disaster Recovery Restricted
309	Account under Section 63J-1-314, the General Fund Budget Reserve Account under Section
310	63J-1-312, or more than one of those accounts, in that order, does not eliminate the operating
311	deficit, the Division of Finance may reduce the transfer to the Medicaid Growth Reduction and
312	Budget Stabilization Account by the amount necessary to eliminate the operating deficit.
313	(7) The Legislature may appropriate funds from the Medicaid Growth Reduction and
314	Budget Stabilization Account only:
315	(a) if the estimated amount of state revenue to be expended for the Medicaid program
316	from the General Fund during the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made is at least
317	108% of the amount of state revenue actually expended for the program from the General Fund
318	during the previous fiscal year; and
319	(b) for the Medicaid program.
320	(8) The Division of Finance shall deposit interest or other earnings derived from
321	investment of Medicaid Growth Reduction and Budget Stabilization Account funds into the
322	General Fund.
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323	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read:
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323 324	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits.
323 324 325	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants,
323 324 325 326	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the Industrial Assistance Account for expenses related to
 323 324 325 326 327 	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the Industrial Assistance Account for expenses related to establishment, relocation, or development of industry in Utah.
 323 324 325 326 327 328 	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the Industrial Assistance Account for expenses related to establishment, relocation, or development of industry in Utah. (b) A company creating an economic impediment that qualifies under Section
 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the Industrial Assistance Account for expenses related to establishment, relocation, or development of industry in Utah. (b) A company creating an economic impediment that qualifies under Section 63M-1-908 may in accordance with this part receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance
 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the Industrial Assistance Account for expenses related to establishment, relocation, or development of industry in Utah. (b) A company creating an economic impediment that qualifies under Section 63M-1-908 may in accordance with this part receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the restricted account for the expenses of the company creating an economic impediment
 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the Industrial Assistance Account for expenses related to establishment, relocation, or development of industry in Utah. (b) A company creating an economic impediment that qualifies under Section 63M-1-908 may in accordance with this part receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the restricted account for the expenses of the company creating an economic impediment related to:
 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the Industrial Assistance Account for expenses related to establishment, relocation, or development of industry in Utah. (b) A company creating an economic impediment that qualifies under Section 63M-1-908 may in accordance with this part receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the restricted account for the expenses of the company creating an economic impediment related to: (i) relocation to a rural area in Utah of the company creating an economic impediment;
 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the Industrial Assistance Account for expenses related to establishment, relocation, or development of industry in Utah. (b) A company creating an economic impediment that qualifies under Section 63M-1-908 may in accordance with this part receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the restricted account for the expenses of the company creating an economic impediment related to: (i) relocation to a rural area in Utah of the company creating an economic impediment; and
 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 	Section 5. Section 63M-1-905 is amended to read: 63M-1-905. Loans, grants, and assistance Repayment Earned credits. (1) (a) A company that qualifies under Section 63M-1-906 may receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the Industrial Assistance Account for expenses related to establishment, relocation, or development of industry in Utah. (b) A company creating an economic impediment that qualifies under Section 63M-1-908 may in accordance with this part receive loans, grants, or other financial assistance from the restricted account for the expenses of the company creating an economic impediment related to: (i) relocation to a rural area in Utah of the company creating an economic impediment; and (ii) the siting of a replacement company.

338	expenses related to the establishment, relocation, retention, or development of industry in the
339	state; and
340	(ii) include infrastructure or other economic development precursor activities that act
341	as a catalyst and stimulus for economic activity likely to lead to the maintenance or
342	enlargement of the state's tax base.
343	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the administrator has authority to determine the
344	structure, amount, and nature of any loan, grant, or other financial assistance from the restricted
345	account.
346	(b) Loans made under Subsection (2)(a) shall be structured so the intended repayment
347	or return to the state, including cash or credit, equals at least the amount of the assistance
348	together with an annual interest charge as negotiated by the administrator.
349	(c) Payments resulting from grants awarded from the restricted account shall be made
350	only after the administrator has determined that the company has satisfied the conditions upon
351	which the payment or earned credit was based.
352	(3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the administrator may provide for a
353	system of earned credits that may be used to support grant payments or in lieu of cash
354	repayment of a restricted account loan obligation.
355	(ii) The value of the credits described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be based on factors
356	determined by the administrator, including:
357	(A) the number of Utah jobs created;
358	(B) the increased economic activity in Utah; or
359	(C) other events and activities that occur as a result of the restricted account assistance.
360	(b) (i) The administrator shall provide for a system of credits to be used to support
361	grant payments or in lieu of cash repayment of a restricted account loan when loans are made to
362	a company creating an economic impediment.
363	(ii) The value of the credits described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall be based on factors
364	determined by the administrator, including:
365	(A) the number of Utah jobs created;
366	(B) the increased economic activity in Utah; or
367	(C) other events and activities that occur as a result of the restricted account assistance.
368	(4) (a) A cash loan repayment or other cash recovery from a company receiving

369	assistance under this section, including interest, shall be deposited into the restricted account.
370	(b) The administrator and the Division of Finance shall determine the manner of
371	recognizing and accounting for the earned credits used in lieu of loan repayments or to support
372	grant payments as provided in Subsection (3).
373	(5) (a) (i) At the end of each fiscal year, the unrestricted, undesignated General Fund
374	balance after the transfers of surplus of General Fund revenues described in this Subsection
375	(5)(a) shall be earmarked to the Industrial Assistance Account in an amount equal to any credit
376	that has accrued under this part.
377	(ii) The earmark under Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be capped at \$50,000,000, at which
378	time no subsequent contributions may be made and any interest accrued above the \$50,000,000
379	cap shall be deposited into the General Fund.
380	(b) The earmark required by Subsection (5)(a) shall be made after the transfer of
381	surplus General Fund revenues is made:
382	(i) to the Medicaid Growth Reduction and Budget Stabilization Restricted Account, as
383	provided in Section 63J-1-315;
384	[(i)] (ii) to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account, as provided in Section
385	63J-1-312; and
386	[(ii) beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007]
387	(iii) to the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account, as provided in Section
388	63J-1-314.
389	(c) These credit amounts may not be used for purposes of the restricted account as
390	provided in this part until appropriated by the Legislature.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-8-11 12:07 PM

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