1	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND RENEWAL AMENDMENTS
2	2010 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Gene Davis
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends Community Development and Renewal Agencies provisions relating
10	to tax increment for housing.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	defines terms;
14	requires that tax increment funds allocated for housing be paid:
15	• in the first tax year in which the agency receives tax increment under a project
16	area budget; and
17	 each succeeding tax year that the tax increment is collected;
18	 requires that an economic development agency review a draft housing project area
19	plan with a draft project area plan; and
20	makes technical corrections.
21	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:
26	AMENDS:
27	9-4-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382



28	17C-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
29	17C-1-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
30	17C-1-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
31	17C-1-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
32	17C-1-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
33	17C-2-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
34	17C-2-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
35	17C-2-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
36	17C-3-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
37	17C-3-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
38	17C-3-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
39	17C-3-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
40	17C-3-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
41	17C-3-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 387
42	17C-3-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
43	17C-3-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
44	
45	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
46	Section 1. Section 9-4-704 is amended to read:
47	9-4-704. Distribution of fund moneys.
48	(1) The executive director shall:
49	(a) make grants and loans from the fund for any of the activities authorized by Section
50	9-4-705, as directed by the board;
51	(b) establish the criteria with the approval of the board by which loans and grants will
52	be made; and
53	(c) determine with the approval of the board the order in which projects will be funded.
54	(2) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any federal moneys
55	contained in the fund according to the procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed upon the
56	use of those moneys by the federal government.
	use of those moneys by the redefin government.

received pursuant to Section [17C-1-412] <u>17C-1-411</u> to pay the costs of providing income

targeted housing within the community that created the community development and renewal
 agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community
 Development and Renewal Agencies.

(b) As used in Subsection (3)(a):

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- (i) "Community" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
- (ii) "Income targeted housing" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
- (4) Except federal money and money received under Section [17C-1-412] <u>17C-1-411</u>, the executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, all other moneys from the fund according to the following requirements:
 - (a) Not less than 30% of all fund moneys shall be distributed to rural areas of the state.
- (b) At least 50% of the moneys in the fund shall be distributed as loans to be repaid to the fund by the entity receiving them.
- (i) (A) Of the fund moneys distributed as loans, at least 50% shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the state.
- (B) The remaining loan moneys shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median family income for the state.
- (ii) The executive director or the executive director's designee shall lend moneys in accordance with this Subsection (4) at a rate based upon the borrower's ability to pay.
 - (c) Any fund moneys not distributed as loans shall be distributed as grants.
- (i) At least 90% of the fund moneys distributed as grants shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the state.
- (ii) The remaining fund moneys distributed as grants may be used by the executive director to obtain federal matching funds or for other uses consistent with the intent of this part, including the payment of reasonable loan servicing costs, but no more than 3% of the revenues of the fund may be used to offset other department or board administrative expenses.
 - (5) The executive director may with the approval of the board:
- (a) enact rules to establish procedures for the grant and loan process by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
 - (b) service or contract, pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code, for

90	the servicing of loans made by the fund.
91	Section 2. Section 17C-1-102 is amended to read:
92	17C-1-102. Definitions.
93	As used in this title:
94	(1) "Adjusted tax increment" means:
95	(a) for tax increment under a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, tax increment under
96	Section 17C-1-403, excluding tax increment under Subsection 17C-1-403(3); and
97	(b) for tax increment under a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan, tax increment under
98	Section 17C-1-404, excluding tax increment under Section 17C-1-406.
99	(2) "Affordable housing" means housing to be owned or occupied by persons and
100	families of low or moderate income, as determined by resolution of the agency.
101	(3) "Agency" or "community development and renewal agency" means a separate body
102	corporate and politic, created under Section 17C-1-201 or as a redevelopment agency under
103	previous law, that is a political subdivision of the state, that is created to undertake or promote
104	urban renewal, economic development, or community development, or any combination of
105	them, as provided in this title, and whose geographic boundaries are coterminous with:
106	(a) for an agency created by a county, the unincorporated area of the county; and
107	(b) for an agency created by a city or town, the boundaries of the city or town.
108	(4) "Annual income" has the meaning as defined under regulations of the U.S.
109	Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 5.609, as amended or as
110	superseded by replacement regulations.
111	(5) "Assessment roll" has the meaning as defined in Section 59-2-102.
112	(6) "Base taxable value" means:
113	(a) for an urban renewal or economic development project area, the taxable value of
114	the property within a project area from which tax increment will be collected, as shown upon
115	the assessment roll last equalized before:
116	(i) for a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, the effective date of the project area plan;
117	(ii) for a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan:
118	(A) the date of the taxing entity committee's approval of the first project area budget;
119	or
120	(B) if no taxing entity committee approval is required for the project area budget, the

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later of:

122	(I) the date the project area plan is adopted by the community legislative body; and
123	(II) the date the agency adopts the first project area budget;
124	(iii) for a project on an inactive industrial site, a year after the date on which the
125	inactive industrial site is sold for remediation and development; or
126	(iv) for a project on an inactive airport site, a year after the later of:
127	(A) the date on which the inactive airport site is sold for remediation and development;
128	and
129	(B) the date on which the airport that had been operated on the inactive airport site
130	ceased operations; and
131	(b) for a community development project area, the agreed value specified in a
132	resolution or interlocal agreement under Subsection 17C-4-201(2).
133	(7) "Basic levy" means the portion of a school district's tax levy constituting the
134	minimum basic levy under Section 59-2-902.
135	(8) "Blight" or "blighted" means the condition of an area that meets the requirements of
136	Subsection 17C-2-303(1).
137	(9) "Blight hearing" means a public hearing under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C)
138	and Section 17C-2-302 regarding the existence or nonexistence of blight within the proposed
139	urban renewal project area.
140	(10) "Blight study" means a study to determine the existence or nonexistence of blight
141	within a survey area as provided in Section 17C-2-301.
142	(11) "Board" means the governing body of an agency, as provided in Section
143	17C-1-203.
144	(12) "Budget hearing" means the public hearing on a draft project area budget required
145	under Subsection 17C-2-201(2)(d) for an urban renewal project area budget or Subsection
146	17C-3-201(2)(d) for an economic development project area budget.
147	(13) "Combined incremental value" means the combined total of all incremental values
148	from all urban renewal project areas, except project areas that contain some or all of a military
149	installation or inactive industrial site, within the agency's boundaries under adopted project area
150	plans and adopted project area budgets at the time that a project area budget for a new urban
151	renewal project area is being considered.

152	(14) "Community" means a county, city, or town.
153	(15) "Community development" means development activities within a community,
154	including the encouragement, promotion, or provision of development.
155	(16) "Draft housing project area plan" means a draft economic development project
156	area plan that includes tax increment for housing.
157	[(16)] (17) "Economic development" means to promote the creation or retention of
158	public or private jobs within the state through:
159	(a) planning, design, development, construction, rehabilitation, business relocation, or
160	any combination of these, within a community; and
161	(b) the provision of office, industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution,
162	parking, public, or other facilities, or other improvements that benefit the state or a community.
163	$\left[\frac{(17)}{(18)}\right]$ "Fair share ratio" means the ratio derived by:
164	(a) for a city or town, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the city or
165	town that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the percentage of all
166	housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing
167	units; or
168	(b) for the unincorporated part of a county, comparing the percentage of all housing
169	units within the unincorporated county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing
170	units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized
171	income targeted housing units.
172	[(18)] (19) "Family" has the meaning as defined under regulations of the U.S.
173	Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Section 5.403, as amended or as
174	superseded by replacement regulations.
175	[(19)] (20) "Greenfield" means land not developed beyond agricultural or forestry use.
176	[(20)] (21) "Hazardous waste" means any substance defined, regulated, or listed as a
177	hazardous substance, hazardous material, hazardous waste, toxic waste, pollutant, contaminant,
178	or toxic substance, or identified as hazardous to human health or the environment, under state
179	or federal law or regulation.
180	[(21)] (22) "Housing funds" means the funds allocated <u>under Section 17C-1-411</u> in:
181	(a) an urban renewal project area budget [under Section 17C-2-203 for the purposes
182	provided in Subsection 17C-1-412(1).]; or

183	(b) an economic development renewal project area budget.
184	$\left[\frac{(22)}{(23)}\right]$ (a) "Inactive airport site" means land that:
185	(i) consists of at least 100 acres;
186	(ii) is occupied by an airport:
187	(A) (I) that is no longer in operation as an airport; or
188	(II) (Aa) that is scheduled to be decommissioned; and
189	(Bb) for which a replacement commercial service airport is under construction; and
190	(B) that is owned or was formerly owned and operated by a public entity; and
191	(iii) requires remediation because:
192	(A) of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste; or
193	(B) the site lacks sufficient public infrastructure and facilities, including public roads,
194	electric service, water system, and sewer system, needed to support development of the site.
195	(b) "Inactive airport site" includes a perimeter of up to 2,500 feet around the land
196	described in Subsection [(22)] (23) (a).
197	$\left[\frac{(23)}{(24)}\right]$ (a) "Inactive industrial site" means land that:
198	(i) consists of at least 1,000 acres;
199	(ii) is occupied by an inactive or abandoned factory, smelter, or other heavy industrial
200	facility; and
201	(iii) requires remediation because of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste.
202	(b) "Inactive industrial site" includes a perimeter of up to 1,500 feet around the land
203	described in Subsection [$\frac{(23)}{(24)}$ (a).
204	[(24)] (25) "Income targeted housing" means housing to be owned or occupied by a
205	family whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median annual income for the county in
206	which the housing is located.
207	[(25)] (26) "Incremental value" means a figure derived by multiplying the marginal
208	value of the property located within an urban renewal project area on which tax increment is
209	collected by a number that represents the percentage of adjusted tax increment from that project
210	area that is paid to the agency.
211	[(26)] (27) "Loan fund board" means the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board,
212	established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund.
213	[(27)] (28) "Marginal value" means the difference between actual taxable value and

214	base taxable value.
215	[(28)] (29) "Military installation project area" means a project area or a portion of a
216	project area located within a federal military installation ordered closed by the federal Defense
217	Base Realignment and Closure Commission.
218	[(29)] (30) "Plan hearing" means the public hearing on:
219	(a) a draft project area plan required under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(vi) for an urban
220	renewal project area plan[-,]:
221	(b) a draft project area plan and draft housing project area plan required under
222	Subsection 17C-3-102(1)(d) for an economic development project area plan[-,]; and
223	(c) a draft project area plan required under Subsection 17C-4-102(1)(d) for a
224	community development project area plan.
225	[(30)] (31) "Post-June 30, 1993 project area plan" means a project area plan adopted on
226	or after July 1, 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to its adoption.
227	[(31)] (32) "Pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan" means a project area plan adopted
228	before July 1, 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to its adoption.
229	[(32)] (33) "Private," with respect to real property, means:
230	(a) not owned by the United States or any agency of the federal government, a public
231	entity, or any other governmental entity; and
232	(b) not dedicated to public use.
233	[(33)] (34) "Project area" means the geographic area described in a project area plan or
234	draft project area plan where the urban renewal, economic development, or community
235	development, as the case may be, set forth in the project area plan or draft project area plan
236	takes place or is proposed to take place.
237	[(34)] (35) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative
238	revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a urban renewal or economic
239	development project area that includes:
240	(a) the base taxable value of property in the project area;
241	(b) the projected tax increment expected to be generated within the project area;
242	(c) the amount of tax increment expected to be shared with other taxing entities;
243	(d) the amount of tax increment expected to be used to implement the project area plan,
244	including the estimated amount of tax increment to be used for land acquisition, public

245 improvements, infrastructure improvements, and loans, grants, or other incentives to private 246 and public entities; 247 (e) the tax increment expected to be used to cover the cost of administering the project 248 area plan; 249 (f) if the area from which tax increment is to be collected is less than the entire project 250 area: 251 (i) the tax identification numbers of the parcels from which tax increment will be 252 collected; or 253 (ii) a legal description of the portion of the project area from which tax increment will 254 be collected; 255 (g) for property that the agency owns and expects to sell, the expected total cost of the 256 property to the agency and the expected selling price; and 257 (h) (i) for an urban renewal project area, the information required under Subsection 258 17C-2-201(1)(b); and 259 (ii) for an economic development project area, the information required under 260 Subsection 17C-3-201(1)(b). 261 [(35)] (36) (a) "Project area plan" means a written plan under Chapter 2, Part 1, Urban 262 Renewal Project Area Plan, Chapter 3, Part 1, Economic Development Project Area Plan, or 263 Chapter 4, Part 1, Community Development Project Area Plan, as the case may be, that, after 264 its effective date, guides and controls the urban renewal, economic development, or community 265 development activities within a project area. 266 (b) "Project area plan" includes a draft housing project area plan if the draft housing 267 project area plan is approved as the project area plan by an agency under Section 17C-3-102. 268 [(36)] (37) "Property tax" includes privilege tax and each levy on an ad valorem basis 269 on tangible or intangible personal or real property. 270 [(37)] (38) "Public entity" means: 271 (a) the state, including any of its departments or agencies; or 272 (b) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district, 273 local district, special service district, or interlocal cooperation entity. 274 [(38)] (39) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements" means water, sewer,

storm drainage, electrical, and other similar systems and lines, streets, roads, curb, gutter,

sidewalk, walkways, parking facilities, public transportation facilities, and other facilities, infrastructure, and improvements benefitting the public and to be publicly owned or publicly maintained or operated.

[(39)] (40) "Record property owner" or "record owner of property" means the owner of real property as shown on the records of the recorder of the county in which the property is located and includes a purchaser under a real estate contract if the contract is recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the property is located or the purchaser gives written notice of the real estate contract to the agency.

[(40)] <u>(41)</u> "Superfund site":

- (a) means an area included in the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9605; and
- (b) includes an area formerly included in the National Priorities List, as described in Subsection [(40)] (41)(a), but removed from the list following remediation that leaves on site the waste that caused the area to be included in the National Priorities List.
- [(41)] (42) "Survey area" means an area designated by a survey area resolution for study to determine whether one or more urban renewal projects within the area are feasible.
- [(42)] (43) "Survey area resolution" means a resolution adopted by the agency board under Subsection 17C-2-101(1)(a) designating a survey area.
- [(43)] (44) "Taxable value" means the value of property as shown on the last equalized assessment roll as certified by the county assessor.
- [44] (45) (a) "Tax increment" means, except as provided in Subsection [44] (45)(b), the difference between:
- (i) the amount of property tax revenues generated each tax year by all taxing entities from the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property; and
- (ii) the amount of property tax revenues that would be generated from that same area using the base taxable value of the property.
- (b) "Tax increment" does not include taxes levied and collected under Section 59-2-1602 on or after January 1, 1994 upon the taxable property in the project area unless:
- (i) the project area plan was adopted before May 4, 1993, whether or not the project area plan was subsequently amended; and

307	(ii) the taxes were pledged to support bond indebtedness or other contractual
308	obligations of the agency.
309	[(45)] (46) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that levies a tax on property within a
310	community.
311	[(46)] (47) "Taxing entity committee" means a committee representing the interests of
312	taxing entities, created as provided in Section 17C-1-402.
313	[(47)] (48) "Unincorporated" means not within a city or town.
314	[(48)] (49) (a) "Urban renewal" means the development activities under a project area
315	plan within an urban renewal project area, including:
316	(i) planning, design, development, demolition, clearance, construction, rehabilitation,
317	environmental remediation, or any combination of these, of part or all of a project area;
318	(ii) the provision of residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other structures or
319	spaces, including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant to them;
320	(iii) altering, improving, modernizing, demolishing, reconstructing, or rehabilitating, or
321	any combination of these, existing structures in a project area;
322	(iv) providing open space, including streets and other public grounds and space around
323	buildings;
324	(v) providing public or private buildings, infrastructure, structures, and improvements;
325	and
326	(vi) providing improvements of public or private recreation areas and other public
327	grounds.
328	(b) "Urban renewal" means "redevelopment," as defined under the law in effect before
329	May 1, 2006, if the context requires.
330	Section 3. Section 17C-1-204 is amended to read:
331	17C-1-204. Urban renewal, economic development, and community development
332	by an adjoining agency Requirements.
333	(1) An agency or community may, by resolution of its board or legislative body,
334	respectively, authorize an agency to conduct urban renewal, economic development, or
335	community development activities in a project area that includes an area within the authorizing
336	agency's boundaries or within the boundaries of the authorizing community if the project area
337	or community is contiguous to the boundaries of the other agency.

338	(2) If an agency board or community legislative body adopts a resolution under
339	Subsection (1) authorizing another agency to undertake urban renewal, economic development
340	or community development activities in the authorizing agency's project area or within the
341	boundaries of the authorizing community:
342	(a) the other agency may act in all respects as if the project area were within its own
343	boundaries;
344	(b) the board of the other agency has all the rights, powers, and privileges with respect
345	to the project area as if it were within its own boundaries; and
346	(c) the other agency may be paid tax increment funds to the same extent as if the
347	project area were within its own boundaries.
348	(3) Each project area plan approved by the other agency for the project area that is the
349	subject of a resolution under Subsection (1) shall be adopted by ordinance of the legislative
350	body of the community in which the project area is located.
351	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4):
352	(i) "County agency" means an agency that was created by a county.
353	(ii) "Industrial property" means private real property:
354	(A) over half of which is located within the boundary of a town, as defined in Section
355	10-1-104; and
356	(B) comprises some or all of an inactive industrial site.
357	(iii) "Perimeter portion" means the portion of an inactive industrial site that is:
358	(A) part of the inactive industrial site because it lies within the perimeter described in
359	Subsection 17C-1-102[(23)](24)(b); and
360	(B) located within the boundary of a city, as defined in Section 10-1-104.
361	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(b)(ii), a county agency may undertake urban renewal,
362	economic development, or community development on industrial property if the record
363	property owner of the industrial property submits a written request to the county agency to do
364	so.
365	(ii) A county agency may not include a perimeter portion within a project area without
366	the approval of the city in which the perimeter portion is located.

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(c) If a county agency undertakes urban renewal, economic development, or

community development on industrial property:

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369	(i) the county agency may act in all respects as if the project area that includes the
370	industrial property were within the county agency's boundary;
371	(ii) the board of the county agency has each right, power, and privilege with respect to
372	the project area as if the project area were within the county agency's boundary; and
373	(iii) the county agency may be paid tax increment to the same extent as if the project
374	area were within the county agency's boundary.
375	(d) A project area plan for a project on industrial property that is approved by the
376	county agency shall be adopted by ordinance of the legislative body of the county in which the
377	project area is located.
378	Section 4. Section 17C-1-401 is amended to read:
379	17C-1-401. Agency receipt and use of tax increment and sales tax Distribution
380	of tax increment and sales tax.
381	(1) An agency may receive and use tax increment and sales tax, as provided in this
382	part.
383	(2) (a) The applicable length of time or number of years for which an agency is to be
384	paid tax increment or sales tax under this part shall be measured:
385	(i) for a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, from the first tax year regarding which the
386	agency accepts tax increment from the project area;
387	(ii) for a post-June 30, 1993 urban renewal or economic development project area plan,
388	from the first tax year for which the agency receives tax increment under the project area
389	budget; or
390	(iii) for a community development project area plan, as indicated in the resolution or
391	interlocal agreement of a taxing entity that establishes the agency's right to receive tax
392	increment or sales tax.
393	(b) Tax increment may not be paid to an agency for a tax year prior to the tax year
394	following:
395	(i) for an urban renewal or economic development project area plan, the effective date
396	of the project area plan; and
397	(ii) for a community development project area plan, the effective date of the interlocal

(c) For a project area plan adopted by a legislative body on or after May 11, 2010, an

agreement that establishes the agency's right to receive tax increment.

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400	agency shan pay tax increment runds anocated for nousing runds under Section 17C-1-411:
401	(i) in the first tax year in which the agency receives tax increment under a project area
402	budget; and
403	(ii) each tax year succeeding the year described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) that the tax
404	increment is collected.
405	(3) With respect to a community development project area plan:
406	(a) a taxing entity or public entity may, by resolution or through interlocal agreement,
407	authorize an agency to be paid any or all of that taxing entity or public entity's tax increment or
408	sales tax for any period of time; and
409	(b) the resolution or interlocal agreement authorizing the agency to be paid tax
410	increment or sales tax shall specify:
411	(i) the base taxable value of the project area; and
412	(ii) the method of calculating the amount of tax increment or sales tax to be paid to the
413	agency.
414	(4) With the written consent of a taxing entity, an agency may be paid tax increment,
415	from that taxing entity's tax revenues only, in a higher percentage or for a longer period of time
416	or both, than otherwise authorized under this title.
417	(5) Each county that collects property tax on property within a project area shall pay
418	and distribute to the agency the tax increment that the agency is entitled to collect under this
419	title, in the manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365.
420	Section 5. Section 17C-1-409 is amended to read:
421	17C-1-409. Allowable uses of tax increment and sales tax.
422	(1) (a) An agency may use tax increment and sales tax proceeds received from a taxing
423	entity:
424	(i) for any of the purposes for which the use of tax increment is authorized under this
425	title;
426	(ii) for administrative, overhead, legal, and other operating expenses of the agency,
427	including consultant fees and expenses under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(b)(ii)(B); or
428	(iii) to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or part of:
429	(A) urban renewal activities in the project area from which the tax increment funds are
430	collected, including environmental remediation activities occurring before or after adoption of

431 the project area plan;

- (B) economic development or community development activities in the project area from which the tax increment funds are collected;
- (C) housing expenditures, projects, or programs as provided in Section 17C-1-411 [or 17C-1-412];
- (D) subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (6), the value of the land for and the cost of the installation and construction of any publicly owned building, facility, structure, landscaping, or other improvement within the project area from which the tax increment funds were collected; and
- (E) subject to Subsection (1)(d), the cost of the installation of publicly owned infrastructure and improvements outside the project area from which the tax increment funds were collected if the agency board and the community legislative body determine by resolution that the publicly owned infrastructure and improvements are of benefit to the project area.
- (b) The determination of the agency board and the community legislative body under Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(E) regarding benefit to the project area shall be final and conclusive.
- (c) An agency may not use tax increment or sales tax proceeds received from a taxing entity for the purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(D) under an urban renewal or economic development project area plan without the consent of the community legislative body.
- (d) An agency may not use tax increment or sales tax proceeds received from a taxing entity for the purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(E) under an urban renewal or economic development project area plan without the consent of the community legislative body and the taxing entity committee.
- (2) Sales tax proceeds that an agency receives from another public entity are not subject to the prohibition or limitations of Title 11, Chapter 41, Prohibition on Sales and Use Tax Incentive Payments Act.
- (3) An agency may use sales tax proceeds it receives under a resolution or interlocal agreement under Section 17C-4-201 for the uses authorized in the resolution or interlocal agreement.
- (4) (a) An agency may contract with the community that created the agency or another public entity to use tax increment to reimburse the cost of items authorized by this title to be paid by the agency that have been or will be paid by the community or other public entity.

(b) If land has been or will be acquired or the cost of an improvement has been or will be paid by another public entity and the land or improvement has been or will be leased to the community, an agency may contract with and make reimbursement from tax increment funds to the community.

- (5) An agency created by a city of the first or second class may use tax increment from one project area in another project area to pay all or part of the value of the land for and the cost of the installation and construction of a publicly or privately owned convention center or sports complex or any building, facility, structure, or other improvement related to the convention center or sports complex, including parking and infrastructure improvements, if:
- (a) construction of the convention center or sports complex or related building, facility, structure, or other improvement is commenced on or before June 30, 2002; and
- (b) the tax increment is pledged to pay all or part of the value of the land for and the cost of the installation and construction of the convention center or sports complex or related building, facility, structure, or other improvement.
- (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an agency may not use tax increment to construct municipal buildings, courts or other judicial buildings, or fire stations.
- (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an agency may not use tax increment under an urban renewal or economic development project area plan, to pay any of the cost of the land, infrastructure, or construction of a stadium or arena constructed after March 1, 2005, unless the tax increment has been pledged for that purpose before February 15, 2005.
- (8) (a) An agency may not use tax increment to pay the debt service of or any other amount related to a bond issued or other obligation incurred if the bond was issued or the obligation was incurred:
- (i) by an interlocal entity created under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act;
 - (ii) on or after March 30, 2009; and

- (iii) to finance a telecommunication facility.
- 490 (b) Subsection (8)(a) may not be construed to prohibit the refinancing, restatement, or refunding of a bond issued before March 30, 2009.
 - Section 6. Section 17C-1-412 is amended to read:

493	17C-1-412. Use of funds allocated for housing Separate accounting required
494	Issuance of bonds for housing Action to compel agency to provide housing funds.
495	(1) (a) Each agency shall use all funds allocated for housing under [this section]
496	<u>Section 17C-1-411</u> to:
497	(i) pay part or all of the cost of land or construction of income targeted housing within
498	the boundary of the agency, if practicable in a mixed income development or area;
499	(ii) pay part or all of the cost of rehabilitation of income targeted housing within the
500	boundary of the agency;
501	(iii) lend, grant, or contribute money to a person, public entity, housing authority,
502	private entity or business, or nonprofit corporation for income targeted housing within the
503	boundary of the agency;
504	(iv) plan or otherwise promote income targeted housing within the boundary of the
505	agency;
506	(v) pay part or all of the cost of land or installation, construction, or rehabilitation of
507	any building, facility, structure, or other housing improvement, including infrastructure
508	improvements, related to housing located in a project area where blight has been found to exist;
509	(vi) replace housing units lost as a result of the urban renewal, economic development,
510	or community development;
511	(vii) make payments on or establish a reserve fund for bonds:
512	(A) issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides
513	income targeted housing within the community; and
514	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which are used within the community for the purposes
515	stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
516	(viii) if the community's fair share ratio at the time of the first adoption of the project
517	area budget is at least 1.1 to 1.0, make payments on bonds:
518	(A) that were previously issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority
519	that provides income targeted housing within the community; and
520	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which were used within the community for the
521	purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi); or
522	(ix) relocate mobile home park residents displaced by an urban renewal, economic
523	development, or community development project.

524	(b) As an alternative to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), an agency may pay all or
525	any portion of housing funds to:
526	(i) the community for use as provided under Subsection (1)(a);
527	(ii) the housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community
528	for use in providing income targeted housing within the community; or
529	(iii) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7,
530	Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, for use in providing income targeted housing within the
531	community.
532	(2) The agency or community shall separately account for the housing funds, together
533	with all interest earned by the housing funds and all payments or repayments for loans,
534	advances, or grants from the housing funds.
535	(3) An agency may:
536	(a) issue bonds from time to time to finance a housing undertaking under this section,
537	including the payment of principal and interest upon advances for surveys and plans or
538	preliminary loans; and
539	(b) issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of bonds under Subsection
540	(3)(a) previously issued by the agency.
541	(4) (a) If an agency fails to provide housing funds in accordance with the project area
542	budget and, if applicable, the housing plan adopted under Subsection 17C-2-204(2), the loan
543	fund board may bring legal action to compel the agency to provide the housing funds.
544	(b) In an action under Subsection (4)(a), the court:
545	(i) shall award the loan fund board a reasonable attorney fee, unless the court finds that
546	the action was frivolous; and
547	(ii) may not award the agency its attorney fees, unless the court finds that the action
548	was frivolous.
549	Section 7. Section 17C-2-203 is amended to read:
550	17C-2-203. Part of tax increment funds in urban renewal project area budget to
551	be used for housing Waiver of requirement.
552	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), each urban renewal project area budget
553	adopted on or after May 1, 2000 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment
554	to be paid to the agency shall allocate at least 20% of the tax increment for housing as provided

555 in Section [17C-1-412] 17C-1-411.

(b) The 20% requirement of Subsection (1)(a) may be waived in part or whole by the mutual consent of the loan fund board and the taxing entity committee if they determine that 20% of tax increment is more than is needed to address the community's need for income targeted housing.

- (2) An urban renewal project area budget not required under Subsection (1)(a) to allocate tax increment for housing may allocate 20% of tax increment payable to the agency over the life of the project area for housing as provided in Section [17C-1-412] 17C-1-411 if the project area budget is under a project area plan that is adopted on or after July 1, 1998.
 - Section 8. Section 17C-2-204 is amended to read:

17C-2-204. Consent of taxing entity committee required for urban renewal project area budget -- Exception.

- (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and subject to Subsection (2), each agency shall obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for each urban renewal project area budget under a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan before the agency may collect any tax increment from the urban renewal project area.
- (b) For an urban renewal project area budget adopted from July 1, 1998 through May 1, 2000 that allocates 20% or more of the tax increment for housing as provided in Section [17C-1-412] 17C-1-411, an agency:
- (i) need not obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for the project area budget; and
 - (ii) may not collect any tax increment from all or part of the project area until after:
- (A) the loan fund board has certified the project area budget as complying with the requirements of [Section] Sections 17C-1-411 and 17C-1-412; and
- (B) the agency board has approved and adopted the project area budget by a two-thirds vote.
- (2) (a) Before a taxing entity committee may consent to an urban renewal project area budget adopted on or after May 1, 2000 that is required under Subsection 17C-2-203(1)(a) to allocate 20% of tax increment for housing, the agency shall:
 - (i) adopt a housing plan showing the uses for the housing funds; and
- (ii) provide a copy of the housing plan to the taxing entity committee and the loan fund

586	board.
587	(b) If an agency amends a housing plan prepared under Subsection (2)(a), the agency
588	shall provide a copy of the amendment to the taxing entity committee and the loan fund board.
589	Section 9. Section 17C-2-205 is amended to read:
590	17C-2-205. Filing a copy of the urban renewal project area budget.
591	Each agency adopting an urban renewal project area budget shall:
592	(1) within 30 days after adopting the project area budget, file a copy of the project area
593	budget with the auditor of the county in which the project area is located, the State Tax
594	Commission, the state auditor, the State Board of Education, and each taxing entity affected by
595	the agency's collection of tax increment under the project area budget; and
596	(2) if the project area budget allocates tax increment for housing under Section
597	[17C-1-412] <u>17C-1-411</u> , file a copy of the project area budget with the loan fund board.
598	Section 10. Section 17C-3-101 is amended to read:
599	17C-3-101. Resolution authorizing the preparation of a draft economic
600	development project area plan Request to adopt resolution.
601	(1) An agency board may begin the process of adopting an economic development
602	project area plan by adopting a resolution that authorizes the preparation of:
603	(a) a draft project area plan[:]; and
604	(b) a draft housing project area plan.
605	(2) (a) Any person or any group, association, corporation, or other entity may submit a
606	written request to the board to adopt a resolution under Subsection (1).
607	(b) A request under Subsection (2)(a) may include plans showing the economic
608	development proposed for an area within the agency's boundaries.
609	(c) The board may, in its sole discretion, grant or deny a request under Subsection
610	(2)(a).
611	Section 11. Section 17C-3-102 is amended to read:
612	17C-3-102. Process for adopting an economic development project area plan
613	Prerequisites Restrictions.
614	(1) In order to adopt an economic development project area plan, after adopting a
615	resolution under Subsection 17C-3-101(1) the agency shall:
616	(a) (i) prepare a draft [of an economic development] project area plan [and];

61/	(11) prepare a draft housing project area plan; and
618	(iii) conduct any examination, investigation, and negotiation regarding the draft project
619	area plan and the draft housing project area plan that the agency considers appropriate;
620	(b) make the draft project area plan and the draft housing project area plan available to
621	the public at the agency's offices during normal business hours;
622	(c) provide notice of the plan hearing as provided in Part 4, Economic Development
623	Notice Requirements;
624	(d) (i) hold a public hearing [on] to review at the same public hearing:
625	(A) the draft project area plan; and[, at that]
626	(B) the draft housing project area plan; and
627	(ii) at the public hearing described in Subsection (1)(d)(i):
628	$\left[\frac{(i)}{A}\right]$ allow public comment on:
629	[(A)] (I) the draft project area plan and the draft housing project area plan; and
630	[(B)] (II) whether the draft project area plan or the draft housing project area plan
631	should be revised, approved, or rejected; and
632	[(ii)] (B) receive all written and hear all oral objections to the draft project area plan
633	and the draft housing project area plan;
634	(e) before holding the plan hearing, provide an opportunity for the State Board of
635	Education and each taxing entity that levies a tax on property within the proposed project area
636	to consult with the agency regarding the draft project area plan and the draft housing project
637	area plan;
638	(f) after holding the plan hearing, at the same meeting or at a subsequent meeting
639	consider:
640	(i) the oral and written objections to the draft project area plan and the draft housing
641	project area plan;
642	(ii) evidence and testimony for or against adoption of:
643	(A) the draft project area plan; and
644	(B) the draft housing project area plan; and
645	[(iii)] (iii) whether to revise, approve, or reject:
646	(A) the draft project area plan; or
647	(B) the draft housing project area plan;

648	(g) approve either the draft project area plan or the draft housing project area plan, with
649	or without revisions, as the approved project area plan by a resolution that complies with
650	Section 17C-3-105; and
651	(h) submit the approved project area plan to the community legislative body for
652	adoption.
653	(2) An agency may not propose a project area plan under Subsection (1) unless the
654	community in which the proposed project area is located:
655	(a) has a planning commission; and
656	(b) has adopted a general plan under:
657	(i) if the community is a city or town, Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part 4, General Plan; or
658	(ii) if the community is a county, Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 4, General Plan.
659	(3) An agency board may not approve a project area plan more than one year after the
660	date of the plan hearing.
661	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a draft project area plan or a draft
662	housing project area plan may not be modified to add real property to the proposed project area
663	unless the board holds a plan hearing to consider the addition and gives notice of the plan
664	hearing as required under Part 4, Economic Development Notice Requirements.
665	(b) The notice and hearing requirements under Subsection (4)(a) do not apply to a draft
666	project area plan or a draft housing project area plan being modified to add real property to the
667	proposed project area if:
668	(i) the property is contiguous to the property already included in the proposed project
669	area under the draft project area plan; and
670	(ii) the record owner of the property consents to adding the real property to the
671	proposed project area.
672	Section 12. Section 17C-3-103 is amended to read:
673	17C-3-103. Economic development project area plan requirements.
674	(1) Each economic development project area plan [and], draft project area plan, and
675	draft housing project area plan shall:
676	(a) describe the boundaries of the project area, subject to Section 17C-1-414, if
677	applicable;
678	(b) contain a general statement of the land uses, layout of principal streets, population

densities, and building intensities of the project area and how they will be affected by the economic development;

(c) state the standards that will guide the economic development;

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- (d) show how the purposes of this title will be attained by the economic development;
- (e) be consistent with the general plan of the community in which the project area is located and show that the economic development will conform to the community's general plan;
 - (f) describe how the economic development will create additional jobs;
- (g) describe any specific project or projects that are the object of the proposed economic development;
- (h) identify how private developers, if any, will be selected to undertake the economic development and identify each private developer currently involved in the economic development process;
 - (i) state the reasons for the selection of the project area;
 - (j) describe the physical, social, and economic conditions existing in the project area;
- (k) describe any tax incentives offered private entities for facilities located in the project area;
- (1) include an analysis, as provided in Subsection (2), of whether adoption of the project area plan is beneficial under a benefit analysis;
- (m) if any of the existing buildings or uses in the project area are included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places or the State Register, state that the agency shall comply with Subsection 9-8-404(1) as though the agency were a state agency; and
 - (n) include other information that the agency determines to be necessary or advisable.
 - (2) Each analysis under Subsection (1)(1) shall consider:
- (a) the benefit of any financial assistance or other public subsidy proposed to be provided by the agency, including:
 - (i) an evaluation of the reasonableness of the costs of economic development;
- 706 (ii) efforts the agency or developer has made or will make to maximize private 707 investment;
- 708 (iii) the rationale for use of tax increment, including an analysis of whether the 709 proposed development might reasonably be expected to occur in the foreseeable future solely

710	through private investment; and
711	(iv) an estimate of the total amount of tax increment that will be expended in
712	undertaking economic development and the length of time for which it will be expended; and
713	(b) the anticipated public benefit to be derived from the economic development,
714	including:
715	(i) the beneficial influences upon the tax base of the community;
716	(ii) the associated business and economic activity likely to be stimulated; and
717	(iii) the number of jobs or employment anticipated to be generated or preserved.
718	Section 13. Section 17C-3-105 is amended to read:
719	17C-3-105. Board resolution approving an economic development project area
720	plan Requirements.
721	Each board resolution approving a draft [economic development] project area plan or a
722	draft housing project area plan as the project area plan under Subsection 17C-3-102(1)(g) shall
723	contain:
724	(1) a legal description of the boundaries of the project area that is the subject of the
725	project area plan;
726	(2) the agency's purposes and intent with respect to the project area;
727	(3) the project area plan incorporated by reference; and
728	(4) the board findings and determinations that:
729	(a) there is a need to effectuate a public purpose;
730	(b) there is a public benefit under the analysis described in Subsection 17C-3-103(2);
731	(c) it is economically sound and feasible to adopt and carry out the project area plan;
732	(d) the project area plan conforms to the community's general plan; and
733	(e) carrying out the project area plan will promote the public peace, health, safety, and
734	welfare of the community in which the project area is located.
735	Section 14. Section 17C-3-202 is amended to read:
736	17C-3-202. Part of tax increment funds in an economic development project area
737	budget to be used for housing Waiver of requirement.
738	(1) This section applies only to an economic development project area budget adopted
739	on or after May 1, 2000, but before March 30, 2009.
740	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), each economic development project

area budget adopted on or after May 1, 2000 but before March 30, 2009 that provides for more than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency shall allocate at least 20% of the tax increment for housing as provided in Section [17C-1-412] 17C-1-411.

(b) The 20% requirement of Subsection (2)(a) may be waived:

- (i) in part or whole by the mutual consent of the loan fund board and the taxing entity committee if they determine that 20% of tax increment is more than is needed to address the community's need for income targeted housing; or
- (ii) in fifth and sixth class counties, by the taxing entity committee for economic development project area budgets adopted on or after May 1, 2002 but before March 30, 2009, if the economic development project area consists of an area without housing units.
- (3) An economic development project area budget not required under Subsection (2)(a) to allocate tax increment for housing may allocate 20% of tax increment payable to the agency over the life of the project area for housing as provided in Section [17C-1-412] 17C-1-411 if the project area budget is under a project area plan that is adopted on or after July 1, 1998.
 - Section 15. Section 17C-3-203 is amended to read:

17C-3-203. Consent of taxing entity committee required for economic development project area budget -- Exception.

- (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and subject to Subsection (2), each agency shall obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for each economic development project area budget under a post-June 30, 1993 economic development project area plan before the agency may collect any tax increment from the project area.
- (b) For an economic development project area budget adopted from July 1, 1998 through May 1, 2000 that allocates 20% or more of the tax increment for housing as provided in Section [17C-1-412] 17C-1-411, an agency:
- (i) need not obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for the project area budget; and
 - (ii) may not collect any tax increment from all or part of the project area until after:
- (A) the loan fund board has certified the project area budget as complying with the requirements of [Section] Sections 17C-1-411 and 17C-1-412; and
- 770 (B) the agency board has approved and adopted the project area budget by a two-thirds vote.

772	(2) (a) Before a taxing entity committee may consent to an economic development
773	project area budget adopted on or after May 1, 2000 that allocates 20% of tax increment for
774	housing under Subsection 17C-3-202(2)(a) or (3), the agency shall:
775	(i) adopt a housing plan showing the uses for the housing funds; and
776	(ii) provide a copy of the housing plan to the taxing entity committee and the loan fund
777	board.
778	(b) If an agency amends a housing plan prepared under Subsection (2)(a), the agency
779	shall provide a copy of the amendment to the taxing entity committee and the loan fund board.
780	Section 16. Section 17C-3-204 is amended to read:
781	17C-3-204. Filing a copy of the economic development project area budget.
782	Each agency adopting an economic development project area budget shall:
783	(1) within 30 days after adopting the project area budget, file a copy of the project area
784	budget with the auditor of the county in which the project area is located, the State Tax
785	Commission, the state auditor, the State Board of Education, and each taxing entity affected by
786	the agency's collection of tax increment under the project area budget; and
787	(2) if the project area budget allocates tax increment for housing under Section
788	[17C-1-412] <u>17C-1-411</u> , file a copy of the project area budget with the loan fund board.
789	Section 17. Section 17C-3-403 is amended to read:
790	17C-3-403. Additional requirements for notice of a plan hearing.
791	Each notice under Section 17C-3-402 of a plan hearing shall include:
792	(1) a statement that any person objecting to [the draft project area plan] or contesting
793	the regularity of any of the proceedings to adopt [it] a draft project area plan or a draft housing
794	project area plan may appear before the agency board at the hearing to show cause why the
795	draft project area plan or draft housing project area plan should not be adopted; and
796	(2) a statement that the [proposed economic development] draft project area plan [is]

and draft housing project area plan are available for inspection at the agency offices.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-15-10 9:03 AM

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

S.B. 196 - Community Development and Renewal Amendments

Fiscal Note

2010 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/18/2010, 3:29:14 PM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A./Attny: VA

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst