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26
               to the Governor's Office of Economic Development -- Rural County Economic
27
     Development Grant Program, as an ongoing appropriation:
28
                   from the General Fund, $8,000,000; and
29
             ▶ to the Governor's Office of Economic Development -- Rural County Economic
30
     Development Grant Program, as a one-time appropriation:
31
                   from the General Fund, One-time, ($6,000,000).
32
     Other Special Clauses:
33
            This bill provides retrospective operation.
34
     Utah Code Sections Affected:
35
     AMENDS:
36
             59-7-610, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
37
             59-7-614.10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
             59-10-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
38
39
             59-10-1007, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
40
             59-10-1037, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
             63C-10-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 204
41
42
             63N-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
             63N-2-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 252
43
44
             63N-2-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 11
             63N-2-208, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
45
46
             63N-2-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
47
             63N-2-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
48
             63N-2-705, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
49
     ENACTS:
50
             63N-4-501, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51
             63N-4-502, Utah Code Annotated 1953
52
            63N-4-503, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53
            63N-4-504, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            63N-4-505, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            63N-4-506, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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     REPEALS:
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process:

57	59-7-614.11, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 252
58	59-10-1039, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 252
59	63N-2-213.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 252
60	63N-2-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
61	63N-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 352
62	63N-2-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 352
63	63N-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 352
64	63N-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 352
65	63N-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 204
66	63N-3-104.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 204
67	
68	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
69	Section 1. Section <b>59-7-610</b> is amended to read:
70	59-7-610. Recycling market development zones tax credit.
71	(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1996, a business operating in a
72	recycling market development zone as defined in Section 63N-2-402 may claim a tax credit as
73	provided in this section.
74	(a) (i) There shall be allowed a nonrefundable tax credit of 5% of the purchase price
75	paid for machinery and equipment used directly in:
76	(A) commercial composting; or
77	(B) manufacturing facilities or plant units that:
78	(I) manufacture, process, compound, or produce recycled items of tangible personal
79	property for sale; or
80	(II) reduce or reuse postconsumer waste material.
81	(ii) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall certify that the machinery
82	and equipment described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) are integral to the composting or recycling

(iii) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall provide a taxpayer seeking

(A) on a form provided by the commission; and

(B) before a taxpayer is allowed a tax credit under this section.

to claim a tax credit under this section with a copy of the form described in Subsection

88 (1)(a)(ii).

- (iv) The taxpayer described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii) shall retain a copy of the form received under Subsection (1)(a)(iii).
- (b) There shall be allowed a nonrefundable tax credit equal to 20% of net expenditures up to \$10,000 to third parties for rent, wages, supplies, tools, test inventory, and utilities made by the taxpayer for establishing and operating recycling or composting technology in Utah, with an annual maximum tax credit of \$2,000.
- (2) The total nonrefundable tax credit allowed under this section may not exceed 40% of the Utah income tax liability of the taxpayer prior to any tax credits in the taxable year of purchase prior to claiming the tax credit authorized by this section.
- (3) (a) Any tax credit not used for the taxable year in which the purchase price on composting or recycling machinery and equipment was paid may be carried over for credit against the business' income taxes in the three succeeding taxable years until the total tax credit amount is used.
- (b) Tax credits not claimed by a business on the business' state income tax return within three years are forfeited.
- (4) The commission shall make rules governing what information shall be filed with the commission to verify the entitlement to and amount of a tax credit.
- (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit described in Subsection (1)(a) in a taxable year during which the taxpayer claims or carries forward a tax credit under Section 63N-2-213.
- (b) For a taxable year other than a taxable year during which the taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), a taxpayer may claim or carry forward a tax credit described in Subsection (1)(a):
- (i) if the taxpayer may claim or carry forward the tax credit in accordance with Subsections (1) and (2); and
  - (ii) subject to Subsections (3) and (4).
- (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer may not claim a tax credit described in Subsection (1)(b) in a taxable year during which the taxpayer claims or carries forward a tax credit under Section 63N-2-213.

119	[(7) A taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this section
120	for a taxable year during which the taxpayer has claimed the targeted business income tax
121	credit available under Section 63N-2-305.]
122	Section 2. Section <b>59-7-614.10</b> is amended to read:
123	59-7-614.10. Nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit.
124	(1) As used in this section:
125	(a) "Business entity" means a corporation that meets the definition of "business entity"
126	as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-202.
127	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created in Section
128	63N-1-201.
129	(2) Subject to the provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a
130	nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit as described in Section 63N-2-213.
131	(3) The enterprise zone tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax
132	credit amount on the tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for [the] $\underline{a}$
133	taxable year ending on or before December 31, 2019.
134	(4) A business entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that
135	does not exceed the next three taxable years, if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the
136	business entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
137	[(5) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this
138	part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business
139	income tax credit available under Section 63N-2-305.]
140	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> (a) In accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim
141	Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations
142	concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
143	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study
144	required by this Subsection $[(6)]$ $(5)$ , the office shall provide by electronic means the following
145	information for each calendar year to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst:
146	(A) the amount of tax credits provided in each development zone;
147	(B) the number of new full-time employee positions reported to obtain tax credits in
148	each development zone;
149	(C) the amount of tax credits awarded for rehabilitating a building in each development

150	zone;
151	(D) the amount of tax credits awarded for investing in a plant, equipment, or other
152	depreciable property in each development zone;
153	(E) the information related to the tax credit contained in the office's latest report under
154	Section 63N-1-301; and
155	(F) any other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
156	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(i), the office
157	shall redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
158	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(ii)(A),
159	reporting the information described in Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a
160	recipient of a tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim
161	Committee to provide the information described in Subsection [ $(6)$ ] $(5)$ (b)(i) in the aggregate
162	for all development zones that receive the tax credit under this section.
163	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection [(6)] (5), the Office of the
164	Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a
165	summary and analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal
166	Analyst by the office under Subsection [ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> (b).
167	(d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the
168	recommendations described in Subsection [ $\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ ] ( $\frac{(5)}{(a)}$ ) include an evaluation of:
169	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
170	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
171	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
172	Section 3. Section <b>59-10-210</b> is amended to read:
173	59-10-210. Fiduciary adjustments.
174	(1) A share of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2) shall be added to
175	or subtracted from unadjusted income:
176	(a) of:
177	(i) a resident or nonresident estate or trust; or
178	(ii) a resident or nonresident beneficiary of a resident or nonresident estate or trust; and
179	(b) as provided in this section.
180	(2) For purposes of Subsection (1), the fiduciary adjustments are the following

181	amounts:
182	(a) the additions to and subtractions from unadjusted income of a resident or
183	nonresident estate or trust required by Section 59-10-202; and
184	(b) a tax credit claimed by a resident or nonresident estate or trust as allowed by:
185	(i) Section 59-6-102;
186	(ii) Part 10, Nonrefundable Tax Credit Act;
187	(iii) Part 11, Refundable Tax Credit Act;
188	(iv) Section 59-13-202; <u>or</u>
189	(v) Section 63N-2-213[ <del>, or</del> ].
190	[ <del>(vi)</del> Section 63N-2-305.]
191	(3) (a) The respective shares of an estate or trust and its beneficiaries, including for the
192	purpose of this allocation a nonresident beneficiary, in the state fiduciary adjustments, shall be
193	allocated in proportion to their respective shares of federal distributable net income of the
194	estate or trust.
195	(b) If the estate or trust described in Subsection (3)(a) has no federal distributable net
196	income for the taxable year, the share of each beneficiary in the fiduciary adjustments shall be
197	allocated in proportion to that beneficiary's share of the estate or trust income for the taxable
198	year that is, under state law or the governing instrument, required to be distributed currently
199	plus any other amounts of that income distributed in that taxable year.
200	(c) After making the allocations required by Subsections (3)(a) and (b), any balance of
201	the fiduciary adjustments shall be allocated to the estate or trust.
202	(4) (a) The commission shall allow a fiduciary to use a method for determining the
203	allocation of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2) other than the method
204	described in Subsection (3) if using the method described in Subsection (3) results in an
205	inequity:
206	(i) in allocating the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2); and
207	(ii) if the inequity is substantial:
208	(A) in amount; and
209	(B) in relation to the total amount of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection
210	(2).

(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

212	commission may make rules authorizing a fiduciary to use a method for determining the
213	allocation of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2) other than the method
214	described in Subsection (3) if using the method described in Subsection (3) results in an
215	inequity:
216	(i) in allocating the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection (2); and
217	(ii) if the inequity is substantial:
218	(A) in amount; and
219	(B) in relation to the total amount of the fiduciary adjustments described in Subsection
220	(2).
221	Section 4. Section <b>59-10-1007</b> is amended to read:
222	59-10-1007. Recycling market development zones tax credit.
223	(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1996, a claimant, estate, or trust
224	in a recycling market development zone as defined in Section 63N-2-402 may claim a
225	nonrefundable tax credit as provided in this section.
226	(a) (i) There shall be allowed a tax credit of 5% of the purchase price paid for
227	machinery and equipment used directly in:
228	(A) commercial composting; or
229	(B) manufacturing facilities or plant units that:
230	(I) manufacture, process, compound, or produce recycled items of tangible personal
231	property for sale; or
232	(II) reduce or reuse postconsumer waste material.
233	(ii) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall certify that the machinery
234	and equipment described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) are integral to the composting or recycling
235	process:
236	(A) on a form provided by the commission; and
237	(B) before a claimant, estate, or trust is allowed a tax credit under this section.
238	(iii) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall provide a claimant, estate,
239	or trust seeking to claim a tax credit under this section with a copy of the form described in
240	Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
241	(iv) The claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii) shall retain a copy
242	of the form received under Subsection (1)(a)(iii).

- (b) There shall be allowed a tax credit equal to 20% of net expenditures up to \$10,000 to third parties for rent, wages, supplies, tools, test inventory, and utilities made by the claimant, estate, or trust for establishing and operating recycling or composting technology in Utah, with an annual maximum tax credit of \$2,000.
- (2) The total tax credit allowed under this section may not exceed 40% of the Utah income tax liability of the claimant, estate, or trust prior to any tax credits in the taxable year of purchase prior to claiming the tax credit authorized by this section.
- (3) (a) Any tax credit not used for the taxable year in which the purchase price on composting or recycling machinery and equipment was paid may be carried forward against the claimant's, estate's, or trusts's tax liability under this chapter in the three succeeding taxable years until the total tax credit amount is used.
- (b) Tax credits not claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust on the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax return under this chapter within three years are forfeited.
- (4) The commission shall make rules governing what information shall be filed with the commission to verify the entitlement to and amount of a tax credit.
- (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a claimant, estate, or trust may not claim or carry forward a tax credit described in Subsection (1)(a) in a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust claims or carries forward a tax credit under Section 63N-2-213.
- (b) For a taxable year other than a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust may not claim or carry forward a tax credit in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), a claimant, estate, or trust may claim or carry forward a tax credit described in Subsection (1)(a):
- (i) if the claimant, estate, or trust may claim or carry forward the tax credit in accordance with Subsections (1) and (2); and
  - (ii) subject to Subsections (3) and (4).
- (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a claimant, estate, or trust may not claim a tax credit described in Subsection (1)(b) in a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust claims or carries forward a tax credit under Section 63N-2-213.
- [(7) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this section for a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust has claimed the

274	targeted business income tax credit available under Section 63N-2-305.]
275	Section 5. Section 59-10-1037 is amended to read:
276	59-10-1037. Nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit.
277	(1) As used in this section:
278	(a) "Business entity" means a claimant, estate, or trust that meets the definition of
279	"business entity" as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-202.
280	(b) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created in Section
281	63N-1-201.
282	(2) Subject to the provisions of this section, a business entity may claim a
283	nonrefundable enterprise zone tax credit as described in Section 63N-2-213.
284	(3) The enterprise zone tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax
285	credit amount on the tax credit certificate that the office issues to the business entity for [the] $\underline{a}$
286	taxable year ending on or before December 31, 2019.
287	(4) A business entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a period that
288	does not exceed the next three taxable years, if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the
289	business entity's tax liability under this chapter for that taxable year.
290	[(5) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this
291	part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business
292	income tax credit available under Section 63N-2-305.]
293	[(6)] (5) (a) In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim
294	Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations
295	concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
296	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study
297	required by this Subsection [(6)] (5), the office shall provide by electronic means the following
298	information, if available to the office, for each calendar year to the Office of the Legislative
299	Fiscal Analyst:
300	(A) the amount of tax credits provided in each development zone;
301	(B) the number of new full-time employee positions reported to obtain tax credits in
302	each development zone;
303	(C) the amount of tax credits awarded for rehabilitating a building in each development
304	zone;

305	(D) the amount of tax credits awarded for investing in a plant, equipment, or other
306	depreciable property in each development zone;
307	(E) the information related to the tax credit contained in the office's latest report under
308	Section 63N-1-301; and
309	(F) other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
310	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(i), the office
311	shall redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
312	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(ii)(A),
313	reporting the information described in Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a
314	recipient of a tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim
315	Committee to provide the information described in Subsection [ $(6)$ ] $(5)$ (b)(i) in the aggregate
316	for all development zones that receive the tax credit under this section.
317	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection [(6)] (5), the Office of the
318	Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a
319	summary and analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal
320	Analyst by the office under Subsection [ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> (b).
321	(d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the
322	recommendations described in Subsection [ $\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ ] $\frac{(5)}{(a)}$ include an evaluation of:
323	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
324	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
325	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
326	Section 6. Section <b>63C-10-103</b> is amended to read:
327	63C-10-103. Duties.
328	(1) The board shall:
329	(a) serve as an advisory board to:
330	(i) the governor on rural economic and planning issues; and
331	(ii) the Governor's Office of Economic Development on rural economic development
332	issues;
333	(b) prepare an annual strategic plan that:
334	(i) identifies rural economic development, planning, and leadership training challenges,
335	opportunities, priorities, and objectives; and

336	(ii) includes a work plan for accomplishing the objectives referred to in Subsection
337	(1)(b)(i);
338	(c) identify local, regional, and statewide rural economic development and planning
339	priorities;
340	(d) study and take input on issues relating to local, regional, and statewide rural
341	economic development, including challenges, opportunities, best practices, policy, planning,
342	and collaboration;
343	(e) advocate for rural needs, programs, policies, opportunities, and other issues relating
344	to rural economic development and planning; and
345	[(f) review projects in enterprise zones proposed by nonprofit corporations
346	headquartered in enterprise zones as described in Subsection 63N-2-213.5(6);]
347	[(g) review applications for cash awards, grants, loans, or other financial assistance
348	under:]
349	[(i) the Rural Fast Track Program described in Section 63N-3-104; and]
350	[(ii) the Business Expansion and Retention Initiative described in Section
351	<del>63N-3-104.5; and</del> ]
352	[(h)] (f) no later than October 1 of each year, submit to the governor, the Legislature,
353	and the Economic Development and Workforce Services Interim Committee an annual report,
354	in accordance with Section 68-3-14, that provides:
355	(i) an overview of the rural economy in the state;
356	(ii) a summary of current issues and policy matters relating to rural economic
357	development; and
358	(iii) a statement of the board's initiatives, programs, and economic development
359	priorities.
360	(2) The board may engage in activities necessary to fulfill the board's duties, including:
361	(a) propose or support rural economic development legislation; and
362	(b) create one or more subcommittees.
363	Section 7. Section 63N-2-103 is amended to read:
364	63N-2-103. Definitions.
365	As used in this part:
366	(1) "Business entity" means a person that enters into an agreement with the office to

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367	initiate a new commercial project in Utah that will qualify the person to receive a tax credit
368	under Section 59-7-614.2 or 59-10-1107.
369	(2) "Community reinvestment agency" has the same meaning as that term is defined in
370	Section 17C-1-102.
371	(3) "Development zone" means an economic development zone created under Section
372	63N-2-104.
373	(4) "High paying jobs" means[:] newly created full-time employment positions where
374	the aggregate average annual gross wages of the employment positions, not including health
375	care or other paid or unpaid benefits, are at least:
376	(a) 110% of the average wage of the county in which the employment positions exist
377	for a county of the first or second class; or
378	(b) 100% of the average wage of the county in which the employment positions exist
379	for a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class.
380	[(a) with respect to a business entity, the aggregate average annual gross wages, not
381	including healthcare or other paid or unpaid benefits, of newly created full-time employment
382	positions in a business entity that are at least 110% of the average wage of a community in
383	which the employment positions will exist;]
384	[(b) with respect to a county, the aggregate average annual gross wages, not including
385	healthcare or other paid or unpaid benefits, of newly created full-time employment positions in
386	a new commercial project within the county that are at least 110% of the average wage of the
387	county in which the employment positions will exist; or]
388	[(c) with respect to a city or town, the aggregate average annual gross wages, not
389	including healthcare or other paid or unpaid benefits of newly created full-time employment
390	positions in a new commercial project within the city or town that are at least 110% of the
391	average wages of the city or town in which the employment positions will exist.]
392	(5) "Local government entity" means a county, city, or town that enters into an
393	agreement with the office to have a new commercial project that:
394	(a) is initiated within the county's, city's, or town's boundaries; and

(b) qualifies the county, city, or town to receive a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.2.

(6) (a) "New commercial project" means an economic development opportunity that

involves new or expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business services in Utah.

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- 398 (b) "New commercial project" does not include retail business. 399 (7) (a) "New incremental jobs" means full-time employment positions that are filled by 400 employees who work at least 30 hours per week and that are: 401 (i) with respect to a business entity, created in addition to the baseline count of 402 employment positions that existed within the business entity before the new commercial 403 project; 404 (ii) with respect to a county, created as a result of a new commercial project with 405 respect to which the county or a community development and renewal agency seeks to claim a 406 tax credit under Section 59-7-614.2; or 407 (iii) with respect to a city or town, created as a result of a new commercial project with 408 respect to which the city, town, or a community development and renewal agency seeks to 409 claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.2. 410 (b) "New incremental jobs" may include full-time equivalent positions that are filled by more than one employee, if each employee who works less than 30 hours per week is provided 411 benefits comparable to a full-time employee. 412 413 (c) "New incremental jobs" does not include jobs that are shifted from one jurisdiction 414 in the state to another jurisdiction in the state. (8) "New state revenues" means: 415 416 (a) with respect to a business entity: 417 (i) incremental new state sales and use tax revenues that a business entity pays under 418 Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, as a result of a new commercial project in a 419 development zone; 420 (ii) incremental new state tax revenues that a business entity pays as a result of a new 421 commercial project in a development zone under: 422 (A) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; 423 (B) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and 424 Information:
  - (iii) incremental new state tax revenues paid as individual income taxes under Title 59,

(C) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 2, Trusts and Estates;

(D) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 4, Withholding of Tax; or

(E) a combination of Subsections (8)(a)(ii)(A) through (D);

429	Chapter 10, Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and Information, by
430	employees of a new or expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business service
431	within a new commercial project as evidenced by payroll records that indicate the amount of
432	employee income taxes withheld and transmitted to the State Tax Commission by the new or
433	expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business service within the new
434	commercial project; or
435	(iv) a combination of Subsections (8)(a)(i) through (iii); or
436	(b) with respect to a local government entity:
437	(i) incremental new state sales and use tax revenues that are collected under Title 59,
438	Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, as a result of a new commercial project in a development
439	zone;
440	(ii) incremental new state tax revenues that are collected as a result of a new
441	commercial project in a development zone under:
442	(A) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes;
443	(B) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and
444	Information;
445	(C) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 2, Trusts and Estates;
446	(D) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 4, Withholding of Tax; or
447	(E) a combination of Subsections (8)(b)(ii)(A) through (D);
448	(iii) incremental new state tax revenues paid as individual income taxes under Title 59
449	Chapter 10, Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and Information, by
450	employees of a new or expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business service
451	within a new commercial project as evidenced by payroll records that indicate the amount of
452	employee income taxes withheld and transmitted to the State Tax Commission by the new or
453	expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business service within the new
454	commercial project; or
455	(iv) a combination of Subsections (8)(b)(i) through (iii).
456	(9) "Significant capital investment" means an amount of at least \$10,000,000 to
457	purchase capital or fixed assets, which may include real property, personal property, and other
458	fixtures related to a new commercial project:
459	(a) that represents an expansion of existing operations in the state; or

460 (b) that maintains or increases the business entity's existing work force in the state. (10) "Tax credit" means an economic development tax credit created by Section 461 462 59-7-614.2 or 59-10-1107. 463 (11) "Tax credit amount" means the amount the office lists as a tax credit on a tax 464 credit certificate for a taxable year. (12) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office that: 465 466 (a) lists the name of the business entity, local government entity, or community 467 development and renewal agency to which the office authorizes a tax credit: 468 (b) lists the business entity's, local government entity's, or community development and 469 renewal agency's taxpayer identification number; (c) lists the amount of tax credit that the office authorizes the business entity, local 470 471 government entity, or community development and renewal agency for the taxable year; and 472 (d) may include other information as determined by the office. 473 Section 8. Section 63N-2-203 is amended to read: 474 63N-2-203. Powers of the office. 475 The office shall: 476 (1) monitor the implementation and operation of this part and conduct a continuing 477 evaluation of the progress made in the enterprise zones; 478 (2) evaluate an application for designation as an enterprise zone from a county 479 applicant or a municipal applicant and determine if the applicant qualifies for that designation; (3) provide technical assistance to county applicants and municipal applicants in 480 481 developing applications for designation as enterprise zones; (4) assist county applicants and municipal applicants designated as enterprise zones in 482 483 obtaining assistance from the federal government and agencies of the state; 484 (5) assist a qualified business entity in obtaining the benefits of an incentive or 485 inducement program authorized by this part; and 486 (6) as part of the annual written report described in Section 63N-1-301, prepare an 487 annual evaluation that provides: 488 (a) based on data from the State Tax Commission, the total amount of tax credits 489 claimed under this part;

(b) the total amount awarded in tax credits for each development zone;

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492	each development zone;
493	(d) the amount of tax credits awarded for rehabilitating a building in each development
494	zone;
495	(e) the amount of tax credits awarded for investing in a plant, equipment, or other
496	depreciable property in each development zone; and
497	[(f) the list of approved projects under Section 63N-2-213.5 and the aggregate value of
498	the tax credit certificates issued related to contributions to those approved projects; and]
499	[(g)] (f) recommendations regarding the effectiveness of the program and any
500	suggestions for legislation.
501	Section 9. Section 63N-2-204 is amended to read:
502	63N-2-204. Criteria for designation of enterprise zones Application.
503	(1) A county applicant seeking designation as an enterprise zone shall file an
504	application with the office that, in addition to complying with the other requirements of this
505	part:
506	(a) verifies that the county has a population of not more than 70,000; and
507	(b) provides clear evidence of the need for development in the county.
508	(2) A municipal applicant seeking designation as an enterprise zone shall file an
509	application with the office that, in addition to complying with other requirements of this part:
510	(a) verifies that the municipality has a population that does not exceed 20,000;
511	(b) verifies that the municipality is within a county that has a population of not more
512	than 70,000; and
513	(c) provides clear evidence of the need for development in the municipality.
514	(3) An application filed under Subsection (1) or (2) shall be in a form and in
515	accordance with procedures approved by the office, and shall include the following
516	information:
517	(a) a plan developed by the county applicant or municipal applicant that identifies local
518	contributions meeting the requirements of Section 63N-2-205;
519	(b) the county applicant or municipal applicant has a development plan that outlines:
520	(i) the types of investment and development within the zone that the county applicant
521	or municipal applicant expects to take place if the incentives specified in this part are provided;

(c) the number of new full-time employee positions reported to obtain tax credits in

522	(ii) the specific investment or development reasonably expected to take place;
523	(iii) any commitments obtained from businesses;
524	(iv) the projected number of jobs that will be created and the anticipated wage level of
525	those jobs;
526	(v) any proposed emphasis on the type of jobs created, including any affirmative action
527	plans; and
528	(vi) a copy of the county applicant's or municipal applicant's economic development
529	plan to demonstrate coordination between the zone and overall county or municipal goals;
530	(c) the county applicant's or municipal applicant's proposed means of assessing the
531	effectiveness of the development plan or other programs within the zone once they have been
532	implemented within the zone;
533	(d) any additional information required by the office; and
534	(e) any additional information the county applicant or municipal applicant considers
535	relevant to its designation as an enterprise zone.
536	(4) On or after January 1, 2019, no new enterprise zones shall be designated.
537	Section 10. Section <b>63N-2-208</b> is amended to read:
538	63N-2-208. Duration of designation.
539	(1) Each enterprise zone has a duration of five years[, at the end of which the county
540	may reapply for the designation].
541	(2) On or after January 1, 2019, a county may not reapply for an enterprise zone
542	designation for an enterprise zone that has reached the end of the enterprise zone's five-year
543	duration.
544	Section 11. Section 63N-2-213 is amended to read:
545	63N-2-213. State tax credits.
546	(1) (a) The office shall certify a business entity's eligibility for a tax credit described in
547	this section.
548	(b) A business entity may not receive a tax credit under this section for a taxable year
549	beginning on or after January 1, 2020.
550	(2) A business entity seeking to receive a tax credit as provided in this section shall
551	provide the office with:
552	(a) an application for a tax credit certificate in a form approved by the office, including

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a certification, by an officer of the business entity, of a signature on the application; and

- (b) documentation that demonstrates the business entity has met the requirements to receive the tax credit.
- (3) If, after review of an application and documentation provided by a business entity as described in Subsection (2), the office determines that the application and documentation are inadequate to provide a reasonable justification for authorizing the tax credit, the office shall:
  - (a) deny the tax credit; or
- (b) inform the business entity that the application or documentation was inadequate and ask the business entity to submit additional documentation.
- (4) If, after review of an application and documentation provided by a business entity as described in Subsection (2), the office determines that the application and documentation provide reasonable justification for authorizing a tax credit, the office shall:
  - (a) determine the amount of the tax credit to be granted to the business entity;
  - (b) issue a tax credit certificate to the business entity; and
  - (c) provide a duplicate copy of the tax credit certificate to the State Tax Commission.
- (5) A business entity may not claim a tax credit under this section unless the business entity has a tax credit certificate issued by the office.
- (6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the office shall make rules describing:
  - (a) the form and content of an application for a tax credit under this section;
- (b) the documentation requirements for a business entity to receive a tax credit certificate under this section; and
  - (c) administration of the program, including relevant timelines and deadlines.
- (7) [Subject] For a taxable year that ends on or before December 31, 2019, and subject to the limitations of Subsections (8) through (10), [and] if the requirements of this part are met, the following nonrefundable tax credits against a tax under Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, are applicable in an enterprise zone:
- (a) a tax credit of \$750 may be claimed by a business entity for each new full-time employee position created within the enterprise zone;
- (b) an additional \$500 tax credit may be claimed if the new full-time employee position

created within the enterprise zone pays at least 125% of:

- (i) the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage for the respective industry as determined by the Department of Workforce Services; or
- (ii) if the county average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage is not available for the respective industry, the total average monthly nonagricultural payroll wage in the respective county where the enterprise zone is located;
- (c) an additional tax credit of \$750 may be claimed if the new full-time employee position created within the enterprise zone is in a business entity that adds value to agricultural commodities through manufacturing or processing;
- (d) an additional tax credit of \$200 may be claimed for two consecutive years for each new full-time employee position created within the enterprise zone that is filled by an employee who is insured under an employer-sponsored health insurance program if the employer pays at least 50% of the premium cost for the year for which the credit is claimed;
- (e) a tax credit of 25% of the first \$200,000 spent on rehabilitating a building in the enterprise zone that has been vacant for two years or more; and
- (f) an annual investment tax credit of 10% of the first \$250,000 in investment, and 5% of the next \$1,000,000 qualifying investment in plant, equipment, or other depreciable property.
- (8) (a) Subject to the limitations of Subsection (8)(b), a business entity claiming a tax credit under Subsections (7)(a) through (d) may claim the tax credit for no more than 30 full-time employee positions in a taxable year.
- (b) A business entity that received a tax credit for one or more new full-time employee positions under Subsections (7)(a) through (d) in a prior taxable year may claim a tax credit for a new full-time employee position in a subsequent taxable year under Subsections (7)(a) through (d) if:
- (i) the business entity has created a new full-time position within the enterprise zone; and
- (ii) the total number of full-time employee positions at the business entity at any point during the tax year for which the tax credit is being claimed is greater than the highest number of full-time employee positions that existed at the business entity in the previous three taxable years.

615	(c) Construction jobs are not eligible for the tax credits under Subsections (7)(a)
616	through (d).
617	(9) If the amount of a tax credit under this section exceeds a business entity's tax
618	liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the business entity may carry forward the amount
619	of the tax credit exceeding the liability for a period that does not exceed the next three taxable
620	years.
621	(10) Tax credits under Subsections (7)(a) through (f) may not be claimed by a business
622	entity primarily engaged in retail trade or by a public utilities business.
623	(11) A business entity that has no employees:
624	(a) may not claim tax credits under Subsections (7)(a) through (d); and
625	(b) may claim tax credits under Subsections (7)(e) through (f).
626	[(12) A business entity may not claim or carry forward a tax credit available under this
627	part for a taxable year during which the business entity has claimed the targeted business
628	income tax credit available under Section 63N-2-305.]
629	[(13)] (12) (a) On or before November 30, 2018, and every three years after 2018, the
630	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall review the tax credits provided by this section
631	and make recommendations concerning whether the tax credits should be continued, modified,
632	or repealed.
633	(b) In conducting the review required by Subsection [(13)] (12)(a), the Revenue and
634	Taxation Interim Committee shall:
635	(i) schedule time on at least one committee agenda to conduct the review;
636	(ii) invite state agencies, individuals, and organizations concerned with the credits
637	under review to provide testimony;
638	(iii) ensure that the recommendations described in this section include an evaluation of:
639	(A) the cost of the tax credits to the state;
640	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits; and
641	(C) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credits; and
642	(iv) undertake other review efforts as determined by the chairs of the Revenue and
643	Taxation Interim Committee.
644	Section 12. Section 63N-2-403 is amended to read:
645	63N-2-403. Duties of the office.

646	The office shall:
647	(1) facilitate recycling development zones through state support of county incentives
648	which encourage development of manufacturing enterprises that use recycling materials
649	currently collected;
650	(2) evaluate an application from a county or municipality executive authority to be
651	designated as a recycling market development zone and determine if the county or municipality
652	qualifies for that designation;
653	(3) provide technical assistance to municipalities and counties in developing
654	applications for designation as a recycling market development zone;
655	(4) assist counties and municipalities designated as recycling market development
656	zones in obtaining assistance from the federal government and agencies of the state;
657	(5) assist a qualified business in obtaining the benefits of an incentive or inducement
658	program authorized by this part;
659	(6) monitor the implementation and operation of this part and conduct a continuing
660	evaluation of the progress made in the recycling market development zone; and
661	(7) include in the annual written report described in Section [63N-2-301] 63N-1-301,
662	an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program and recommendations for legislation.
663	Section 13. Section 63N-2-705 is amended to read:
664	63N-2-705. Reporting.
665	The office shall provide the following information in the annual written report
666	described in Section [ <del>63N-2-301</del> ] <u>63N-1-301</u> :
667	(1) the office's success in attracting alternative energy manufacturing projects to the
668	state and the resulting increase in new state revenues under this part;
669	(2) the amount of tax credits the office has granted or will grant and the time period
670	during which the tax credits have been or will be granted; and
671	(3) the economic impact on the state by comparing new state revenues to tax credits
672	that have been or will be granted under this part.
673	Section 14. Section 63N-4-501 is enacted to read:
674	Part 5. Rural County Economic Development Grant Program
675	63N-4-501. Title.
676	This part is known as the "Rural County Economic Development Grant Program."

677	Section 15. Section 63N-4-502 is enacted to read:
678	<b>63N-4-502.</b> Definitions.
679	As used in this part:
680	(1) "Grant" means a grant available under the Rural County Economic Development
681	Grant Program created in this part.
682	(2) "Grant program" means the Rural County Economic Development Grant Program
683	created in Section 63N-4-503.
684	(3) "Rural county" means a county of the third class, fourth class, fifth class, or sixth
685	<u>class.</u>
686	(4) "Rural partnership board" means the Governor's Rural Partnership Board created in
687	Section 63C-10-102.
688	(5) "Qualifying strategic economic development plan" means a rural county economic
689	development plan created by a rural county, or by a rural county with the assistance of the
690	Office of Rural Development, to address the economic development needs of the rural county
691	and which has been reviewed and approved by GOED.
692	Section 16. Section 63N-4-503 is enacted to read:
693	63N-4-503. Creation and purpose of the Rural County Economic Development
694	Grant Program.
695	(1) There is created the Rural County Economic Development Grant Program.
696	(2) The grant program shall be administered by GOED and the Office of Rural
697	Development.
698	(3) In administering the grant program, GOED and the Office of Rural Development
699	shall award grants to rural counties to address the economic development needs of rural
700	counties in accordance with the provisions of this part, which needs may include:
701	(a) training and technical assistance, such as project planning, business counseling and
702	training, market research, professional and technical reports, or product or service
703	improvements;
704	(b) economic development funding for specific communities within a rural county;
705	(c) technology-based economic development;
706	(d) feasibility studies and business plans;
707	(e) the creation or support of business incubators;

708	(f) long-term strategic planning for specific business sectors; and
709	(g) creating or improving a rural county's qualifying strategic economic development
710	<u>plan.</u>
711	Section 17. Section <b>63N-4-504</b> is enacted to read:
712	63N-4-504. Requirements for awarding a grant.
713	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
714	GOED shall make rules establishing the eligibility and reporting criteria for a rural county to
715	receive a grant under this part, including:
716	(a) the form and process for a rural county submitting an application to the Office of
717	Rural Development for a grant;
718	(b) the method of scoring and prioritizing grant program applications from rural
719	counties;
720	(c) the reporting, auditing, and post-performance requirements for a rural county that
721	receives a grant under the grant program; and
722	(d) any deadlines that shall be met by a rural county when applying for a grant under
723	the grant program.
724	(2) In determining the award of a grant, GOED and the Office of Rural Development
725	may prioritize applications that demonstrate any combination of the following:
726	(a) that the county has or is actively pursuing the creation of an effective qualifying
727	strategic economic development plan;
728	(b) consistency with local economic development priorities;
729	(c) an effective plan to measure and report results;
730	(d) economic need;
731	(e) utilization of local financial or in-kind resources in combination with a grant;
732	(f) evidence that jobs will be created; and
733	(g) evidence that there will be a positive return on investment.
734	(3) Subject to legislative appropriation, a grant may only be awarded to a rural county
735	by the executive director after the following requirements have been met:
736	(a) the Office of Rural Development has scored and prioritized one or more grant
737	applications from rural counties in accordance with this part and rules made by the office as
738	described in Subsection (1);

739	(b) the results of the scoring and prioritization of one or more grant applications are
740	provided to the rural partnership board for the rural partnership board's review and
741	recommendations related to awarding grants under the grant program;
742	(c) the rural partnership board may reject an application for a grant if the rural
743	partnership board determines that the proposed use of the grant would lack positive economic
744	impact, is inconsistent with the state economic development strategy, or would negatively
745	impact municipalities within the rural county; and
746	(d) after the rural partnership board provides a positive recommendation for one or
747	more grant applications, the grant applications are provided for final approval to the Board of
748	Business and Economic Development.
749	Section 18. Section <b>63N-4-505</b> is enacted to read:
750	63N-4-505. Indian tribes Application.
751	(1) For purposes of this section:
752	(a) "Indian tribe" has the same meaning as defined in Subsection 9-9-402(6).
753	(b) "Tribal applicant" means the governing authority of an Indian tribe that applies for
754	a grant in accordance with Subsection (2) and the grant program created in Section 63N-4-503.
755	(2) (a) An Indian tribe may apply for a grant under the grant program.
756	(b) A tribal applicant shall follow the application procedure for a rural county as
757	described in this part.
758	Section 19. Section <b>63N-4-506</b> is enacted to read:
759	<u>63N-4-506.</u> Reporting.
760	GOED shall include in the annual written report described in Section 63N-1-301, a
761	report describing:
762	(1) grant recipients and the amounts of grant money received by each grant recipient;
763	(2) an evaluation of the effectiveness of awarded grants in improving economic
764	development in rural counties receiving grants; and
765	(3) any recommendations to improve or modify the grant program.
766	Section 20. Repealer.
767	This bill repeals:
768	Section 59-7-614.11, Nonrefundable nonprofit contribution tax credit.
769	Section 59-10-1039, Nonrefundable nonprofit contribution tax credit.

770	Section 63N-2-213.5, State tax credits for contributions to a nonprofit corporation.
771	Section 63N-2-301, Title.
772	Section 63N-2-302, Definitions.
773	Section 63N-2-303, Duties of the office.
774	Section 63N-2-304, Application for targeted business income tax credit.
775	Section 63N-2-305, Targeted business income tax credit structure Revenue and
776	Taxation Interim Committee study.
777	Section 63N-3-104, Rural Fast Track Program Creation Funding
778	Qualifications for program participation Awards Reports.
779	Section 63N-3-104.5, Business Expansion and Retention Initiative Creation
780	Funding Qualifications for program participation Awards Reports.
781	Section 21. Appropriations.
782	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
783	2019, and ending June 30, 2020. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for
784	fiscal year 2020. Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures
785	Act, the Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts
786	indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.
787	ITEM 1
788	To the Governor's Office of Economic Development Rural County Economic
789	Development Grant Program
790	From General Fund \$8,000,000
791	From General Fund, One-time (\$6,000,000)
792	Schedule of Programs:
793	Rural County Economic Development
794	<u>Grant Program</u> <u>\$2,000,000</u>
795	Section 22. Retrospective operation.
796	The repeal of Sections 59-7-614.11, 59-10-1039, 63N-2-213.5, 63N-2-301, 63N-2-302,
797	63N-2-303, 63N-2-304, and 63N-2-305 in this bill have retrospective operation for a taxable
798	year beginning on or after January 1, 2019.