1	UTAH POSTSECONDARY PROPRIETARY SCHOOL ACT
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2011 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6	House Sponsor:
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Utah Postsecondary Proprietary School Act.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 modifies definitions;
14	 modifies institutions that are exempt from the act;
15	 provides for the Division of Consumer Protection to issue certificates of exemption
16	to specified institutions and establishes a process for issuing an exemption
17	certificate and renewals;
18	 modifies the division's authority with respect to complaints against institutions
19	subject to the act;
20	 requires institutions to file separate registration and exempt applications for each
21	campus that the institution operates;
22	 requires a proprietary school to submit a review of its continued qualification for
23	certification;
24	 specifies information that a proprietary school is required to submit to demonstrate
25	that it is financially sound;
26	 modifies a provision relating to division inspections of a proprietary school; and
27	 modifies a provision relating to criminal background checks that the division may

require.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
13-34-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 222
13-34-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 218 and 378
13-34-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 242
13-34-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 278 and 378
13-34-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 242
13-34-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 222
13-34-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
ENACTS:
13-34-107.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 13-34-103 is amended to read:
13-34-103. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Agent" means any person who owns an interest in or is employed by a proprietary
school and who:
(a) enrolls or attempts to enroll a resident of this state in a proprietary school;
(b) offers to award educational credentials for remuneration on behalf of a proprietary
school; or
(c) holds himself out to residents of this state as representing a proprietary school for
any purpose.
(2) "Certificate of registration" means approval of the division to operate a school or
institution in compliance with this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter. The
registration is not an endorsement of the school or institution by either the division or the state

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59 [of Utah]. 60 (3) "Division" means the Division of Consumer Protection. (4) "Educational credentials" means degrees, diplomas, certificates, transcripts, reports, 61 62 documents, or letters of designation, marks, appellations, series of letters, numbers, or words 63 which signify or appear to signify enrollment, attendance, progress, or satisfactory completion 64 of the requirements or prerequisites for any educational program. 65 (5) "Institution" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, 66 cooperative, or other legal entity. 67 (6) "Offer" means to advertise, publicize, solicit, or encourage any person directly or 68 indirectly. 69 (7) "Operate" in this state means to [have a significant presence within]: 70 (a) maintain a place of business in the state[, to]; 71 (b) solicit business in the state; 72 (c) conduct significant educational activities within the state [-]; or [to]73 (d) offer or provide postsecondary instruction leading to a postsecondary degree or 74 certificate to any number of Utah residents [assembled at a receiving site in Utah] from a 75 location outside the state by correspondence or any telecommunications or electronic media 76 technology. 77 (8) "Ownership" means the controlling interest in a school, institution, or college. If 78 the school, institution, or college is owned or controlled by other than a natural person, 79 "ownership" refers to the controlling interest in the legal entity which controls the school, 80 institution, or college. 81 (9) "Postsecondary education" means education or educational services offered 82 primarily to persons who have completed or terminated their secondary or high school 83 education or who are beyond the age of compulsory school attendance. 84 (10) "Proprietary school" means any private institution, including business, modeling, 85 paramedical, tax preparation, or trade [and] or technical [schools, which] school, other than a school exempted under this chapter, that offers postsecondary education: 86 87 (a) in consideration of the payment of tuition or fees; and 88 (b) for the attainment of educational, professional, or vocational objectives[, other than 89 those schools exempted under this chapter].

90	(11) "Rules" means those rules adopted by the division under the Utah Administrative
91	Rulemaking Act necessary to enforce and administer this chapter.
92	(12) "Utah [school or] institution" means a postsecondary educational school or
93	institution whose headquarters or primary operations are in Utah.
94	Section 2. Section 13-34-105 is amended to read:
95	13-34-105. Exempted institutions.
96	(1) This chapter does not apply to [the following institutions]:
97	(a) a Utah institution directly supported, to a substantial degree, with funds provided
98	by:
99	(i) the state;
100	(ii) a local school district; or
101	(iii) other Utah governmental subdivision;
102	(b) an institution that offers instruction exclusively at or below the 12th grade level;
103	(c) a lawful enterprise that offers only professional review programs, such as C.P.A.
104	and bar examination review and preparation courses;
105	(d) a private, postsecondary educational institution that is owned, controlled, operated,
106	or maintained by a bona fide church or religious denomination, which is exempted from
107	property taxation under the laws of this state;
108	(e) subject to Subsection (3) and Section 13-34-107.5, a school or institution that is
109	accredited by a regional or national accrediting agency recognized by the United States
110	Department of Education;
111	(f) subject to Subsection (4), a business organization, trade or professional association,
112	fraternal society, or labor union that:
113	(i) sponsors or conducts courses of instruction or study predominantly for bona fide
114	employees or members; and
115	(ii) does not, in advertising, describe itself as a school;
116	(g) an institution that:
117	(i) (A) exclusively offers general education courses or instruction solely remedial,
118	avocational, nonvocational, or recreational in nature[, that]; and
119	(B) does not [: (i)] advertise occupation objectives [;] or [(ii)] grant educational
120	credentials; <u>or</u>

121	(ii) exclusively prepares individuals to teach courses or instruction described in
122	Subsection $(1)(g)(i)(A)$;
123	(h) an institution that offers only workshops or seminars:
124	(i) lasting no longer than three calendar days; and
125	(ii) for which academic credit is not awarded;
126	(i) an institution that offers programs:
127	(i) in barbering, cosmetology, real estate, or insurance; and
128	(ii) that are regulated and approved by a state or federal governmental agency;
129	(j) an education provider certified by the Division of Real Estate under Section
130	61-2c-204.1;
131	(k) an institution that offers aviation training if the institution:
132	(i) (A) is approved under Federal Aviation Regulations, 14 C.F.R. Part 141; or
133	(B) provides aviation training under Federal Aviation Regulations, 14 C.F.R. Part 61;
134	and
135	(ii) exclusively offers aviation training that a student fully receives within 24 hours
136	after the student pays any tuition, fee, or other charge for the aviation training; [and]
137	(1) an institution that provides emergency medical services training if all of the
138	institution's instructors, course coordinators, and courses are approved by the Department of
139	Health[.] <u>: and</u>
140	(m) an institution that exclusively conducts nurse aide training programs that are
141	approved by the State Office of Vocational Education and are subject to the Nurse Aide
142	Registry.
143	(2) $[(a)]$ If available evidence suggests that an exempt institution under this section is
144	not in compliance with the standards of registration under this chapter and applicable division
145	rules, the division shall contact the institution and, if appropriate, the state or federal
146	government agency to request corrective action.
147	[(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to an institution exempted under Subsection
148	(1)(e).]
149	(3) An institution, branch, extension, or facility operating within the state that is
150	affiliated with an institution operating in another state shall be separately approved by the
151	affiliate's regional or national accrediting agency to qualify for the exemption described in

152	Subsection (1)(e).
153	(4) For purposes of Subsection (1)(f), a business organization, trade or professional
154	association, fraternal society, or labor union is considered to be conducting the course
155	predominantly for bona fide employees or members if it hires a majority of the persons who:
156	(a) successfully complete its course of instruction or study with a reasonable degree of
157	proficiency; and
158	(b) apply for employment with that same entity.
159	Section 3. Section 13-34-106 is amended to read:
160	13-34-106. Responsibilities of division.
161	The division is responsible for the administration of this chapter, and shall do the
162	following:
163	(1) prescribe the contents of the registration statements required by this chapter relating
164	to the quality of education and ethical and business practices;
165	(2) issue <u>:</u>
166	(a) certification of registration upon receipt and approval of the registration statement
167	required under Section 13-34-107; and
168	(b) a certificate of exemption under Section 13-34-107.5 upon receipt and approval of
169	an application and verification that the requirements of Subsection 13-34-105(1)(e) and Section
170	<u>13-34-107.5 are met;</u>
171	(3) receive, investigate, and make available for public inspection the registration
172	statements filed by proprietary schools operating or intending to operate in the state;
173	(4) maintain and publicize a list of proprietary schools for which a registration
174	statement is on file with the division;
175	(5) [investigate and audit,] on the division's own initiative or in response to a complaint
176	filed with the division, do any of the following with respect to any institution subject to, or
177	reasonably believed by the division to be subject to, this chapter[;]:
178	(a) investigate:
179	(b) audit;
180	(c) review;
181	(d) appropriately act, including enforcing this chapter or any other law enforced by the
182	division; and

183	(e) refer a matter to:
183	
	(i) another governmental entity; or
185	(ii) the institution's accrediting body, if the institution is an exempt institution under
186	<u>Section 13-34-107.5;</u>
187	(6) negotiate and enter into interstate reciprocity agreements with other states, if in the
188	judgment of the division, the agreements are or will help to effectuate the purposes of this
189	chapter; and
190	(7) consent to the use of educational terms in business names in accordance with
191	Section 13-34-114.
192	Section 4. Section 13-34-107 is amended to read:
193	13-34-107. Advertising, recruiting, or operating a proprietary school Required
194	registration statement or exemption Certificate of registration Registration does not
195	constitute endorsement.
196	(1) (a) Unless an institution complies with Subsection (1)(b), the institution may not do
197	any of the following in this state:
198	(i) advertise a proprietary school;
199	(ii) recruit students for a proprietary school; or
200	(iii) operate a proprietary school.
201	(b) An institution may not engage in an activity described in Subsection (1)(a) unless
202	the institution:
203	(i) (A) files with the division a registration statement relating to the proprietary school
204	that is in compliance with:
205	(I) applicable rules made by the division; and
206	(II) the requirements set forth in this chapter; and
207	(B) obtains a certificate of registration; or
208	(ii) establishes an exemption with the division.
209	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c)(ii), an institution that files a registration
210	statement under this section shall file a separate registration statement and pay a separate fee
211	for each physical campus that the institution operates as a proprietary school.
212	(ii) An institution that registered with the division before May 10, 2011 is not required
213	to comply with Subsection (1)(c)(i) until the institution's next regular renewal date.
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214	(2) (a) The registration statement or exemption described in Subsection (1) shall be:
215	(i) verified by the oath or affirmation of the owner or a responsible officer of the
216	proprietary school filing the registration statement or exemption; and
217	(ii) include a certification as to whether any of the following has violated laws, federal
218	regulations, or state rules as determined in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding:
219	(A) the proprietary school; or
220	(B) any of the following with respect to the proprietary school:
221	(I) an owner;
222	(II) an officer;
223	(III) a director;
224	(IV) an administrator;
225	(V) a faculty member;
226	(VI) a staff member; or
227	(VII) an agent.
228	(b) The proprietary school shall:
229	(i) make available, upon request, a copy of the registration statement, showing the date
230	upon which it was filed; and
231	(ii) display the certificate of registration obtained from the division in a conspicuous
232	place on the proprietary school's premises.
233	(3) (a) A registration statement and the accompanying certificate of registration are not
234	transferable.
235	(b) In the event of a change in ownership or in the governing body of the proprietary
236	school, the new owner or governing body, within 30 days after the change, shall file a new
237	registration statement.
238	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a registration statement or a renewal
239	statement and the accompanying certificate of registration are effective for a period of two
240	years after the date of filing and issuance.
241	(b) No later than one year after the issuance or renewal of a certificate of registration to
242	a proprietary school, the proprietary school shall:
243	(i) submit a review of the proprietary school's continued qualification for a certificate
244	of registration, on a form approved by the division; and

245	(ii) pay a fee established under this section and Section 63J-1-504.
246	(5) (a) The division shall establish a graduated fee structure for the filing of registration
247	statements by various classifications of institutions pursuant to Section 63J-1-504.
248	(b) Fees are not refundable.
249	(c) Fees shall be deposited in the Commerce Service Account created by Section
250	13-1-2.
251	(6) (a) Each proprietary school shall:
252	(i) demonstrate fiscal responsibility at the time the proprietary school files its
253	registration statement as prescribed by rules of the division; and
254	(ii) as provided in Subsection (6)(b), provide evidence to the division that the
255	proprietary school:
256	(A) is financially sound; and
257	(B) can reasonably fulfill commitments to and obligations the proprietary school has
258	incurred with students and creditors.
259	[(b) A proprietary school applying for an initial certificate of registration to operate
260	shall prepare and submit financial statements and supporting documentation as requested by
261	the division.]
262	[(c) A proprietary school applying for renewal of a certificate of registration to operate
263	or renewal under new ownership shall provide audited financial statements.]
264	(b) The evidence that a propriety school is required to provide under Subsection
265	(6)(a)(ii) includes:
266	(i) for a proprietary school that has not operated long enough to complete a fiscal year:
267	(A) pro forma financial statements until the information described in Subsection
268	(6)(b)(ii) is available; and
269	(B) a commercial credit report for the proprietary school and a consumer credit report
270	for each individual with an ownership interest in the proprietary school; and
271	(ii) for a proprietary school that has completed a fiscal year or as soon as a proprietary
272	school completes its first fiscal year:
273	(A) a current financial statement, with all applicable footnotes, for the most recent
274	fiscal year, including a balance sheet, a statement of income, a statement of retained earnings,
275	and a statement of cash flow; and

276	(B) a certified fiscal audit of the proprietary school's financial statement, performed by
277	a certified or licensed public accountant, or a commercial credit report for the proprietary
278	school and a consumer credit report for each individual with an ownership interest in the
279	proprietary school.
280	(c) In evaluating a proprietary school's fiscal responsibility under this Subsection (6),
281	the division may consider:
282	(i) any judgment, tax lien, collection action, bankruptcy schedule, or history of late
283	payments to creditors;
284	(ii) documentation showing the resolution of any matter listed in Subsection (6)(c)(i);
285	(iii) the proprietary school's explanation for any of the matters listed in Subsection
286	<u>(6)(c)(i);</u>
287	(iv) any guarantee agreement provided for the proprietary school; and
288	(v) any history of a prior entity that:
289	(A) is owned or operated by any individual with an ownership interest in the
290	proprietary school; and
291	(B) has failed to maintain fiscal responsibility.
292	(d) The division may require evidence of financial status at other times when it is in the
293	best interest of students to require such information.
294	(7) (a) A proprietary school applying for an initial certificate of registration or seeking
295	renewal shall provide in a form approved by the division:
296	(i) a surety bond;
297	(ii) a certificate of deposit; or
298	(iii) an irrevocable letter of credit.
299	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
300	division may make rules providing for:
301	(i) the amount of the bond, certificate, or letter of credit required under Subsection
302	(7)(a), not to exceed in amount the anticipated tuition and fees to be received by the proprietary
303	school during a school year;
304	(ii) the execution of the bond, certificate, or letter of credit;
305	(iii) cancellation of the bond, certificate, or letter of credit during or at the end of the
306	registration term; and

307	(iv) any other matters related to providing the bond, certificate, or letter of credit
308	required under Subsection (7)(a).
309	(c) The bond, certificate, or letter of credit shall be used as a protection against loss of
310	advanced tuition, book fees, supply fees, or equipment fees:
311	(i) collected by the proprietary school from a student or a student's parent, guardian, or
312	sponsor prior to the completion of the program or courses for which it was collected; or
313	(ii) for which the student is liable.
314	(8) (a) Except as provided in Section 13-34-113, the division may not refuse
315	acceptance of a registration statement that is:
316	(i) tendered for filing and, based on a preliminary review, appears to be in compliance
317	with Subsections (1), (2), and (6); and
318	(ii) accompanied by:
319	(A) the required fee; and
320	(B) one of the following required by Subsection (7):
321	(I) surety bond;
322	(II) certificate of deposit; or
323	(III) irrevocable letter of credit.
324	(b) A certificate of registration is effective upon the date of issuance.
325	(c) The responsibility of compliance is upon the proprietary school and not upon the
326	division.
327	(d) (i) If it appears to the division that a registration statement on file may not be in
328	compliance with this chapter, the division may advise the proprietary school as to the apparent
329	deficiencies.
330	(ii) After a proprietary school has been notified of a deficiency under Subsection
331	(8)(d)(i), a new or amended statement may be presented for filing by the proprietary school,
332	accompanied by:
333	(A) the required fee; and
334	(B) one of the following required by Subsection (7):
335	(I) surety bond;
336	(II) certificate of deposit; or
337	(III) irrevocable letter of credit.

338	(9) The following does not constitute and may not be represented by any person to
339	constitute, an endorsement or approval of the proprietary school by either the division or the
340	state:
341	(a) an acceptance of:
342	(i) a registration statement;
343	(ii) a renewal statement; or
344	(iii) an amended registration statement; and
345	(b) issuance of a certificate of registration.
346	Section 5. Section 13-34-107.5 is enacted to read:
347	<u>13-34-107.5.</u> Exemption certificate Application and renewal process.
348	(1) As used in this section:
349	(a) "Exemption certificate" means an accredited institution certificate of exemption that
350	complies with:
351	(i) applicable rules made by the division under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
352	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
353	(ii) this section.
354	(b) "Exempt institution" means an institution that is exempt from this chapter under
355	Subsection 13-34-105(1)(e) but required under 34 C.F.R. 600.9 to be legally authorized by a
356	state.
357	(2) (a) An institution wishing to be acknowledged as an exempt institution shall:
358	(i) file with the division an application for an exemption certificate; and
359	(ii) pay the division a fee established by the division.
360	(b) An institution filing an application for an exemption certificate shall file a separate
361	application and pay a separate fee for each physical campus that the institution operates.
362	(3) An application under Subsection (2) shall:
363	(a) be on a form approved by the division;
364	(b) include proof of current accreditation from a regional or national accrediting agency
365	recognized by the United States Department of Education;
366	(c) include an identical copy of each financial statement the institution provides to its
367	accrediting agency;
368	(d) be verified by the oath or affirmation of the owner or a responsible officer of the

369	institution filing the application; and
370	(e) include a certification as to whether the institution or an owner, officer, director, or
371	administrator of the institution has violated a law, federal regulation, or state rule as determined
372	in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding.
373	(4) (a) An exemption certificate is not transferrable.
374	(b) If there is a change, as defined by the United States Department of Education, in the
375	ownership or the governing body of an institution that, before the change, is an exempt
376	institution, the institution shall file a new application under Subsection (2) within 30 days after
377	the change.
378	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (4)(b) and (5)(b), an exemption certificate is
379	effective for two years after its issuance.
380	(b) For an exemption certificate that the division issues pursuant to an application the
381	division receives during 2011, the division may extend the period for which the exemption
382	certificate is effective by up to 11 months in order to ensure that renewal dates are
383	appropriately staggered to allow the division to manage resources and work load.
384	(6) No later than one year after the division's issuance or renewal of an exemption
385	certificate to an institution, the institution shall:
386	(a) submit a review, on a form approved by the division, of the institution's continued
387	qualification for an exemption certificate; and
388	(b) pay a fee that the division establishes under this section and Section 63J-1-504.
389	(7) (a) The division shall, as provided in Section 63J-1-504, establish a graduated fee
390	structure for the filing of an application for an exemption certificate under this section based on
391	various classifications of institutions seeking to be an exempt institution.
392	(b) A fee paid under this section is not refundable.
393	(c) Fees paid under this section shall be deposited in the Commerce Service Account
394	created in Section 13-1-2.
395	(8) Except as provided in Section 13-34-113, the division may not refuse acceptance of
396	an application under Subsection (2) that:
397	(a) is tendered for filing and, based on the division's preliminary review, appears to
398	comply with this section; and
399	(b) is accompanied by the required fee.

400	(9) (a) An exemption certificate is effective on the date it is issued.
401	(b) The responsibility for compliance with the requirements for issuance of an
402	exemption certificate is upon the institution and not upon the division.
403	(10) (a) If it appears to the division that an institution is not in compliance with
404	requirements to qualify for an exemption certificate, the division may advise the institution as
405	to the apparent deficiencies.
406	(b) After receiving notification from the division under Subsection (10)(a), an
407	institution may file a new or amended application for an exemption certificate, accompanied by
408	the required fee.
409	(11) A person may not represent that the division's acceptance of any application for an
410	exemption certificate under this section or the division's issuance of an exemption certificate
411	constitutes an endorsement or approval of the institution by the division or the state.
412	Section 6. Section 13-34-108 is amended to read:
413	13-34-108. Information required to be available Documents to be fair and
414	accurate Fair and ethical practices.
415	(1) It is a violation of this chapter for any institution or proprietary school, which is
416	required to file a registration statement under this chapter, to offer postsecondary education in
417	this state unless:
418	(a) the institution or proprietary school makes available:
419	(i) in writing;
420	(ii) to all applicants;
421	(iii) prior to:
422	(A) enrollment of the applicant; or
423	(B) the receipt of any tuition by the institution or proprietary school; and
424	(iv) information that includes the following:
425	(A) the proprietary school name, which shall be representative of the programs offered
426	at the proprietary school;
427	(B) the address of the proprietary school;
428	(C) the location of the proprietary school;
429	(D) the facilities, faculty, training equipment, and instructional programs of the
430	proprietary school;

431	(E) enrollment qualifications;
432	(F) accurate information regarding the relationship of the program of the institution or
433	proprietary school to state licensure requirements for practicing a related occupation and
434	profession in Utah;
435	(G) tuition, fees, and other charges and expenses;
436	(H) financial assistance, cancellation, and tuition refund policies, including the posting
437	of:
438	(I) a surety bond;
439	(II) a certificate of credit; or
440	(III) an irrevocable letter of credit;
441	(I) length of programs;
442	(J) graduation requirements;
443	(K) subject to Subsection (2), for each of the immediately preceding three years:
444	(I) graduation rates; and
445	(II) employment rates; and
446	(L) awarding of appropriate educational credentials to indicate satisfactory course
447	completions;
448	(b) all recruiting documents, advertising, solicitations, publicity releases, and other
449	public statements regarding the proprietary school are fair and accurate;
450	(c) all agents or sales representatives of the proprietary school are required by the
451	proprietary school to comply with ethical practices prescribed by the division; and
452	(d) the institution or proprietary school makes available to the division for inspection
453	during normal business hours, whether or not the inspection is scheduled or announced, all
454	records relevant to:
455	(i) the operation of the institution or proprietary school; and
456	(ii) the efforts of the institution or proprietary school to comply with this chapter.
457	(2) (a) Beginning on May 2, 2005, an institution or proprietary school shall collect and
458	maintain the information necessary to comply with Subsection (1)(a)(iv)(K).
459	(b) Prior to May 2, 2008, if an institution or proprietary school has the information
460	described in Subsection (1)(a)(iv)(K) for a time period of three years or less, the institution or
461	proprietary school shall provide the information for the time period the institution or

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462 proprietary school has the information. 463 Section 7. Section **13-34-110** is amended to read: 464 13-34-110. Enforcement of contracts or agreements -- Rescission based on 465 defective registration statement. (1) A proprietary school shall be unable to enforce in the courts of this state any 466 467 contract or agreement relating to postsecondary education services in this state unless, at the 468 time the contract or agreement was entered into, an effective registration statement was on file 469 with the division and made accessible to every applicant at the time of admission to the school. 470 (2) It is a violation of this chapter if a proprietary school or its agent: 471 (a) fails to file an effective registration statement; 472 (b) willfully omits from a registration statement provided under Section 13-34-107 or 473 an application under Section 13-34-107.5 for an exemption certificate any material statement of 474 fact required by this chapter and applicable regulations; or 475 (c) includes in a registration statement any material statement of fact that was known, 476 or should have been known, to the proprietary school to be false, deceptive, inaccurate, or 477 misleading. 478 (3) A student who enrolled in a proprietary school, in reliance upon the school's 479 registration statement, may rescind the contract or agreement of enrollment and obtain a refund 480 from the school of all tuition, fees, and other charges paid to the school if the school or its 481 agent committed a violation under Subsection (2). 482 (4) A violation of this chapter is also a violation of Section 13-11-4. 483 Section 8. Section 13-34-113 is amended to read: 484 13-34-113. Denial, suspension, or revocation of a certificate of registration or 485 exemption certificate -- Limitations. 486 (1) In accordance with Chapter 2, Division of Consumer Protection, and Title 63G, 487 Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the division may initiate proceedings to deny, 488 suspend, or revoke a certificate of registration to operate a proprietary school under this chapter 489 or an exemption certificate under Section 13-34-107.5 if: 490 (a) the division finds that the order is in the public interest; and 491 (b) (i) the registration statement [or], renewal statement, or application for an 492 exemption certificate is incomplete, false, or misleading in any respect;

493	(ii) the division determines that the educational credential associated with the
494	proprietary school or accredited institution represents the undertaking or completion of
495	educational achievement that has not been undertaken and earned; or
496	(iii) the proprietary school [or], accredited institution, or an individual described in
497	Subsection 13-34-107(2)(a)(ii)(B) has:
498	(A) violated any provision of:
499	(I) this chapter;
500	(II) the rules made by the division pursuant to this chapter; or
501	(III) a commitment made in a registration statement for a certificate of registration to
502	operate the proprietary school or in an application for an exemption certificate;
503	(B) caused or allowed to occur a violation of any provision of:
504	(I) this chapter;
505	(II) the rules made by the division pursuant to this chapter; or
506	(III) a commitment made in a registration statement for a certificate of registration to
507	operate the proprietary school;
508	(C) been enjoined by any court, or is the subject of an administrative or judicial order
509	issued in this or another state, if the injunction or order:
510	(I) includes a finding or admission of fraud, breach of fiduciary duty, or material
511	misrepresentation; or
512	(II) was based on a finding of lack of integrity, truthfulness, or mental competence;
513	(D) been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude;
514	(E) obtained or attempted to obtain a certificate of registration under this chapter by
515	misrepresentation;
516	(F) failed to timely file with the division any report required by:
517	(I) this chapter; or
518	(II) rules made by the division pursuant to this chapter;
519	(G) failed to furnish information requested by the division; or
520	(H) failed to pay an administrative fine imposed by the division in accordance with this
521	chapter.
522	(2) Division staff may place reasonable limits upon a proprietary school's continued
523	certificate of registration to operate if:

523 certificate of registration to operate if:

524	(a) there are serious concerns about the proprietary school's ability to provide the
525	training in the manner approved by the division; and
526	(b) limitation is warranted to protect the students' interests.
527	(3) (a) The division may:
528	[(a)] (i) conduct a criminal background check on an individual described in Subsection
529	13-34-107(2)(a)(ii)(B); and
530	[(b)] (ii) require a proprietary school to provide to the division any information and to
531	cover any costs necessary to conduct a criminal background check on an individual described
532	in Subsection 13-34-107(2)(a)(ii)(B)[-](I) through (IV), including:
533	(A) a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the division;
534	(B) consent to a criminal background check by the Utah Bureau of Criminal
535	Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
536	(C) the cost of a criminal background check; and
537	(D) the cost of fingerprinting.
538	(b) Money paid to the division for the cost of a criminal background check is
539	nonlapsing.

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel