INDIGENT COUNSEL IN PRIVATE PARENTAL
TERMINATION CASES
2016 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Todd Weiler
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to the right to counsel in private parental
termination cases.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>allows juvenile courts to appoint counsel for an indigent private party in parental</li> </ul>
termination cases when failure to appoint counsel would result in a deprivation of
due process; and
<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
78A-6-1111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 338



78A-6-1111. Right to counsel -- Appointment of counsel for indigent -- Costs.

(1) (a) In any action in juvenile court initiated by the state, a political subdivision of the state, or a private party, the parents, legal guardian, and the minor, where applicable, shall be informed that they may be represented by counsel at every stage of the proceedings.

- (b) In any action initiated by a private party, the parents or legal guardian shall have the right to employ counsel of their own choice at their own expense.
- (c) If, in any action initiated by the state or a political subdivision of the state under Part 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings; Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act; or Part 10, Adult Offenses, of this chapter or under Section 78A-6-1101, a parent or legal guardian requests an attorney and is found by the court to be indigent, counsel shall be appointed by the court to represent the parent or legal guardian in all proceedings directly related to the petition or motion filed by the state, or a political subdivision of the state, subject to the provisions of this section.
- (d) In any action initiated by the state, a political subdivision of the state, or a private party under Part 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings, or Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act, of this chapter, the child shall be represented by a guardian ad litem in accordance with Sections 78A-6-317 and 78A-6-902. The child shall also be represented by an attorney guardian ad litem in other actions initiated under this chapter when appointed by the court under Section 78A-6-902 or as otherwise provided by law.
- (e) In any action initiated by the state or a political subdivision of the state under Part 6, Delinquency and Criminal Actions, or Part 7, Transfer of Jurisdiction, of this chapter, or against a minor under Section 78A-6-1101, the parents or legal guardian and the minor shall be informed that the minor has the right to be represented by counsel at every stage of the proceedings.
- (i) In cases where a minor is facing a felony level offense, the court shall appoint counsel, who shall appear until counsel is retained on the minor's behalf. The minor may not waive counsel unless the minor has had a meaningful opportunity to consult with a defense attorney. The court shall make findings on the record, taking into consideration the minor's unique circumstances and attributes, that the waiver is knowing and voluntary and the minor understands the consequences of waiving the right to counsel.
  - (ii) In all other situations the right to counsel may not be waived by a minor unless

there has been a finding on the record, taking into consideration the minor's unique circumstances and attributes, that the waiver is knowing and voluntary, and the minor understands the consequences of waiving the right to counsel.

- (iii) If the minor is found to be indigent, counsel shall be appointed by the court to represent the minor in all proceedings directly related to the petition or motion filed by the state or a political subdivision of the state, subject to the provisions of this section.
- (f) Indigency of a parent, legal guardian, or minor shall be determined in accordance with the process and procedure defined in Section 77-32-202. The court shall take into account the income and financial ability of the parent or legal guardian to retain counsel in determining the indigency of the minor.
- (g) The cost of appointed counsel for a party found to be indigent, including the cost of counsel and expense of the first appeal, shall be paid by the county in which the trial court proceedings are held. Counties may levy and collect taxes for these purposes.
- (2) [Counsel] Except as provided in Subsection (3), counsel appointed by the court may not provide representation as court-appointed counsel for a parent or legal guardian in any action initiated by, or in any proceeding to modify court orders in a proceeding initiated by, a private party.
- (3) Unless the court finds there is a likelihood that the failure to appoint counsel for an indigent private party may result in a deprivation of due process, counsel appointed by the court may not provide representation as court-appointed counsel for a parent or legal guardian in a termination of parental rights action initiated by a private party.
- [(3)] (4) If the county responsible to provide legal counsel for an indigent under Subsection (1)(g) has arranged by contract to provide services, the court shall appoint the contracting attorney as legal counsel to represent that indigent.
- [(4)] (5) The court may order a parent or legal guardian for whom counsel is appointed, and the parents or legal guardian of any minor for whom counsel is appointed, to reimburse the county for the cost of appointed counsel.
- [(5)] (6) The state, or an agency of the state, may not be ordered to reimburse the county for expenses incurred under Subsection (1)(g).

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