1 Senate Rules Resolution - Legislative Process Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore

House Sponsor:

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3	LONG TITLE

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General Description:

This rules resolution modifies Senate processes and procedures.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This resolution:
- 8 defines terms;
- 9 clarifies the duties of the secretary of the Senate related to technical corrections to
- 10 legislation;
 - repeals outdated language related to the daily order of business;
- 12 modifies procedures for obtaining a citation;
- clarifies that a senator may not impugn the motives of another senator or a senator's guest;
- 14 addresses appropriate attire on the Senate floor;
- ▶ prohibits certain items and activities in the Senate gallery;
- requires that a senator obtain permission to cosponsor Senate legislation;
- 17 clarifies that the Senate Rules Committee, after sifting, makes recommendations about
- which legislation should be assigned to the second reading calendar;
- clarifies which legislation the Senate may pass without receiving a favorable
- 20 recommendation from a Senate standing committee;
- 21 modifies the circumstances under which a standing committee may recommend
- 22 legislation for the consent calendar;
- provides an exception during a special session to the prohibition on legislation being read
- a third time until at least the day after it is placed on the third reading calendar;
- 25 addresses procedures related to committee reports and Senate calendars;
- clarifies procedures for the disposition of legislation voted on third reading;
- clarifies procedures related to the consent calendar;
- requires legislation to remain on the concurrence calendar at least overnight for the first
- 29 42 days of an annual general session;
 - clarifies the prohibition on senators speaking more than twice on the same legislation;

31 allows senators participating by electronic means to be considered present for the purpose 32 of voting; 33 removes obsolete language; and 34 makes technical and conforming changes. 35 Money Appropriated in this Bill: 36 None 37 **Other Special Clauses:** 38 None 39 **Legislative Rules Affected:** 40 AMENDS: 41 SR1-4-302 42 SR1-5-103 43 SR1-7-101 44 SR1-7-102 45 SR1-7-103 46 SR1-7-104 47 SR2-2-204 48 SR2-4-101 49 SR2-5-101 50 SR3-1-101 51 SR3-2-401 52 SR3-2-405 53 SR4-3-102 54 **SR4-6-105** 55 SR4-6-109 56 SR4-7-101 57 SR4-7-103 58 **ENACTS**: 59 SR2-4-107 60 SR4-4-101 61 **RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:** 62 SR4-4-201 63 SR4-4-301

64

SR4-4-302

65	SR4-4-401
66	SR4-4-501
67	SR4-4-601
68 69	Be it resolved by the Senate of the state of Utah:
70	Section 1. SR1-4-302 is amended to read:
71	SR1-4-302 . Duties of the secretary of the Senate.
72	Subject to the chief of staff's direction, the secretary of the Senate shall perform the
73	following duties:
74	(1) certify and transmit legislation to the House and inform the House of all Senate action;
75	(2) assist in the preparation of the Senate journal and certify it as an accurate reflection of
76	Senate action;
77	(3) [make the following-] notify the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel of
78	any necessary technical corrections to legislation either before or following final passage,
79	including:
80	(a) [correcting the spelling of words;
81	(b) [correcting the erroneous division and hyphenation of words;
82	(c) [correcting mistakes in numbering sections and their references;
83	(d) [eapitalize] capitalizing words or [ehange] changing capitalized words to lower case;
84	(e) [change] changing numbers from words to figures or from figures to words;
85	(f) [underscore] underscoring or [remove] removing underscoring in legislation without a
86	motion to amend; [or]
87	(g) modifying the long title of legislation to ensure that the long title accurately reflects
88	any changes to the legislation made by amendment or substitute; or
89	(h) any combination of Subsections (3)(a) through [(f)] (g);
90	[(4) modify the long title of a piece of legislation to ensure that the long title accurately
91	reflects any changes to the legislation made by amendment or substitute];
92	[(5)] (4) act as custodian of all official documents related to legislation;
93	[(6)] (5) receive all numbered legislation from the Office of Legislative Research and
94	General Counsel;
95	[(7)] (6) record the number, title, sponsor, each action, and final disposition of each [piece
96	of]legislation on the back of the legislation;
97	[(8)] (7) prepare and distribute the daily order of business each day;
98	[(9)] (8) advise the president on parliamentary procedure, Joint Rules, and Senate Rules;

99	[(10)] (9) read, or cause to be read, the title of all bills and other materials as requested by
100	the president;
101	[(11)] (10) receive committee reports and present them to the Senate;
102	[(12)] (11) assist with verbal amendments to legislation;
103	[(13)] (12) record votes and present the results to the president;
104	[(14)] (13) transmit all enrolled Senate bills and Senate concurrent resolutions to the
105	governor;
106	[(15)] (14) maintain all calendars for the Senate floor; and
107	[(16)] (15) other duties as assigned by the chief of staff.
108	Section 2. SR1-5-103 is amended to read:
109	SR1-5-103 . Daily order of business.
110	(1) The daily order of business is:
111	(a) call to order by the president or the president's designee;
112	(b) prayer and pledge of allegiance;
113	(c) roll call;
114	(d) announcement of excused absences and whether or not a quorum is present;
115	(e) communications from the governor;
116	(f) communications from the House:
117	(i) bills for signature of the president;
118	(ii) bills for consideration; and
119	(iii) bills for reconsideration of House amendments;
120	[(g) reference of bills from the president:]
121	[(i) bills assigned to standing committees; and]
122	[(ii) bills placed on second reading calendar;]
123	[(h)] (g) reports from standing committees:
124	(i) bills placed on the second reading calendar;
125	(ii) bills placed on the consent calendar; and
126	(iii) bills sent back to the secretary of the Senate;
127	[(i)] (h) reports of special committees, including conference committees;
128	[(j)] (i) introduction of legislation given to the secretary of the Senate:
129	(i) bills referred by the Senate Rules Committee for assignment by the president; and
130	(ii) bills placed on second reading calendar;
131	[(k)] (j) unfinished business;
132	[(1)] (k) consideration of legislation on consent calendar;

133	[(m)] <u>(l)</u> special orders of business;
134	[(n)] (m) consideration of legislation on the third reading calendar;
135	[(o)] (n) consideration of bills on second reading calendar; and
136	[(p)] <u>(o)</u> miscellaneous business.
137	(2) With the approval of a constitutional majority of senators, the Senate may, at any time,
138	proceed out of order to any business.
139	(3) The presiding officer shall decide all questions of priority of Senate business without
140	debate.
141	Section 3. SR1-7-101 is amended to read:
142	CHAPTER 7. CITATIONS
143	SR1-7-101 . Commendation or condolence citations Types of citations Use of
144	citations.
145	(1) As used in this chapter:
146	(a)(i) "Citation" means a certificate issued to honor or commend an individual or
147	group, or to express condolences to the family of a deceased individual.
148	(ii) "Citation" includes a legislator citation, a Senate citation, and a Utah Legislature
149	citation.
150	(b) "Legislator citation" means a citation issued on behalf of an individual senator.
151	(c) "Senate citation" means a citation issued on behalf of the Senate.
152	(d) "Utah Legislature citation" means a citation issued on behalf of both chambers of the
153	Legislature.
154	(2) [Senators shall use a citation] A senator wishing to express the commendation or
155	condolence of a senator, the Senate, or the Legislature shall use a citation to make that
156	expression.
157	Section 4. SR1-7-102 is amended to read:
158	SR1-7-102. Obtaining a legislator citation.
159	[(1) With the approval of the presiding officer, a senator may request that the secretary of
160	the Senate prepare a citation for the senator's own signature.]
161	[(2)] (1) A legislator citation does not require any floor action by the Senate.
162	(2)(a) During any legislative session and with the approval of the presiding officer, a
163	senator may request that the secretary of the Senate prepare a citation for the senator's
164	own signature.
165	(b) When the Legislature is not in session, a senator may request that the secretary of the
166	Senate prepare a citation for the senator's own signature and, at the president's

167	discretion, the president's signature.
168	Section 5. SR1-7-103 is amended to read:
169	SR1-7-103 . Obtaining a Senate citation.
170	(1) During any legislative session, a senator may:
171	(a) request that the secretary of the Senate prepare a citation for the senator's signature;
172	and
173	(b) [after making and receiving permission for] request a personal privilege[, make a
174	motion] on the floor of the Senate to:
175	(i) [approve-] present the citation; and
176	(ii) [authorize] request that the president [to sign] signs the citation on behalf of the
177	Senate.
178	(2) [When the Legislature is not in session, a senator may request a citation for the
179	sponsor's and the president's signature] When the Legislature is not in session, a senator
180	may request that the secretary of the Senate prepare a citation for the senator's own
181	signature and, at the president's discretion, the president's signature.
182	Section 6. SR1-7-104 is amended to read:
183	SR1-7-104. Obtaining a Utah Legislature citation.
184	(1) During any legislative session, a senator may:
185	(a) request that the secretary of the Senate prepare a citation for the senator's signature;
186	and
187	(b) [after making and receiving permission for] request a personal privilege[, make a
188	motion of] on the floor of the Senate to:
189	(i) [approve-] present the citation;
190	(ii) [authorize] request that the president [to sign] signs the citation on behalf of the
191	Senate; and
192	(iii) present the proposed citation to the House for [its] [approval] the House's
193	consideration.
194	(2) When the Legislature is not in session, a senator may request that the secretary of the
195	Senate prepare a citation for the [sponsor's] senator's own signature and, at the president's
196	and speaker's discretion, the president's[,] and the speaker's [signature] signatures.
197	Section 7. SR2-2-204 is amended to read:
198	SR2-2-204. Impugning motives of a senator or a senator's guest.
199	(1) A senator may not impugn the motives of any other senator [either] or a senator's guest
200	on the floor of the Senate or in committee.

201 (2) A senator who believes that the motives of any senator or a senator's guest has been 202 impugned by another senator may raise a point of order. 203 Section 8. **SR2-4-101** is amended to read: 204 SR2-4-101. Admittance to the Senate chamber. 205 (1)(a) While the Senate is convened in annual general session or special session and 206 except as specifically provided elsewhere in this rule, only legislators, legislative 207 officers and employees, professional staff, former legislators who are not registered 208 as lobbyists, legal spouses of legislators, <u>legislative</u> interns, and [persons] <u>individuals</u> 209 invited by senators are allowed in the Senate chamber, halls, and lounge. 210 (b) The president of the Senate may deny access to the Senate chamber, halls, and 211 lounge to any [person] individual, other than a legislator, if the [person] individual 212 uses that access to influence legislative decisions. 213 (2)(a) Appropriate attire on the Senate floor is: 214 (i) for men, a suit or jacket with a tie; and (ii) for women, business professional attire. 215 216 (b) Hats are prohibited on the Senate floor or in the Senate gallery unless the hat is part 217 of a uniform or religious attire. 218 [(2)] (3)(a) A senator or the senator's legislative intern shall accompany each visitor in 219 the chamber, lounge, or hallways and is responsible for that visitor. 220 (b) After the visit, the senator or the senator's legislative intern shall ensure that the 221 visitor leaves the chamber, lounge, or hallway. 222 [(3)] (4)(a) A senator may invite a guest to accompany the senator on the Senate floor, 223 provided that: 224 (i) the senator ensures that the guest does not encroach on a neighboring senator's 225 desk space, impede staff work, or distract from the work of the Senate, and no 226 neighboring senator makes such an objection; 227 (ii) the guest complies with the requirements of SR2-4-102[-] and SR2-4-103[- and 228 Senate Handbook policies on decorum and access]; and 229 (iii) if the guest is an adult, the guest complies with [rules and Senate Handbook 230 policies that relate to dress requirements | Subsection (2). 231 (b) A senator who believes that a guest is intruding on desk space, is impeding staff 232 work, or is distracting from the work of the Senate may communicate the senator's 233 objection to the senator who has invited the guest, or through the majority leader, the 234 minority leader, or the president of the Senate.

235	Section 9. SR2-4-107 is enacted to read:
236	SR2-4-107 . Prohibited items and activity in Senate gallery.
237	A member of the public attending Senate floor time may not:
238	(1) bring into the gallery or possess while in the gallery, any of the following:
239	(a) a sign, poster, banner, or placard;
240	(b) glitter or confetti;
241	(c) a laser pointer;
242	<u>(d)</u> paint;
243	(e) an open flame;
244	(f) an incendiary device;
245	(g) a noise maker;
246	(h) flammable liquid; or
247	(i) any harmful or hazardous substance; or
248	(2) engage in any of the following while in the Senate gallery:
249	(a) commercial solicitation;
250	(b) leafleting;
251	(c) throwing an item; or
252	(d) adhering any item to a furnishing, a wall, or other state property.
253	Section 10. SR2-5-101 is amended to read:
254	SR2-5-101 . Senators may request and sponsor legislation Substituting a
255	sponsor Withdrawing as a cosponsor.
256	(1) A senator may request and sponsor legislation as provided in Joint Rules Title 4, Bills
257	and Resolutions.
258	(2)(a) After [a piece of]legislation has been introduced, the chief Senate sponsor of the
259	legislation may withdraw from sponsoring the legislation by:
260	(i) finding another senator to act as chief sponsor of the legislation; and
261	(ii) filing a substitution of sponsorship form with the secretary of the Senate before
262	final passage of the legislation in the Senate.
263	(b) A senator seeking to withdraw as the chief sponsor need not obtain permission from
264	the Senate to withdraw.
265	(3)(a) A senator seeking to cosponsor Senate legislation shall obtain permission from the
266	legislation's chief sponsor.
267	(b) During a general session, before final passage of [a piece of]legislation in the
268	Senate, a senator cosponsor of the legislation may withdraw as a cosponsor[-].

269	[(b)] <u>(c)</u> A senator seeking to withdraw as a cosponsor need not:
270	(i) obtain permission from the Senate to withdraw; or
271	(ii) provide a substitute cosponsor for the legislation.
272	Section 11. SR3-1-101 is amended to read:
273	SR3-1-101 . Senate Rules Committee Appointment General responsibilities.
274	(1) As used in this rule, "sift" means to remove legislation from the second and third
275	reading calendars and assign the legislation to the Senate Rules Committee.
276	(2) The president shall appoint members of the Senate to serve on the Senate Rules
277	Committee.
278	[(2)] (3) The Senate Rules Committee shall perform the following functions as [further
279	elaborated] provided in this part:
280	(a) when assigned by the president, receive introduced legislation from the Senate and
281	recommend that [they] the legislation be assigned to a Senate standing committee or
282	to the Senate second or third reading calendar;
283	(b) after the Senate [has sifted sent legislation on the second and third reading
284	ealendars back to the Senate Rules Committee] sifts legislation, make
285	recommendations to the Senate about which legislation should be assigned to the [
286	third] second reading calendar and the order in which it should be heard; and
287	(c) function as a standing committee or interim committee when reviewing Joint Rules
288	or Senate Rules.
289	Section 12. SR3-2-401 is amended to read:
290	SR3-2-401 . Standing committee review required Exceptions.
291	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the Senate may not pass a bill, joint resolution, or
292	concurrent resolution during the annual general session unless a Senate standing
293	committee has given a favorable recommendation to the legislation.
294	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to:
295	(a) a resolution regarding legislative rules or legislative personnel;
296	(b) <u>Senate</u> legislation that is a committee bill as defined in JR7-1-101 that:
297	(i) received its favorable recommendation by a unanimous vote of the members
298	present at the authorized legislative committee meeting; and
299	(ii) satisfied the posting requirements described in JR7-1-602.5;
300	(c) legislation placed on a reading calendar in accordance with SR3-1-102(1)(b);
301	(d) the revisor's statute; or
302	(e) if the legislation was reviewed and approved by the Executive Appropriations

303	Committee, legislation that:
304	(i) exclusively appropriates money;
305	(ii) amends Utah Code Title 53F, Chapter 2, State Funding Minimum School
306	Program;
307	(iii) amends Utah Code Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation; or
308	(iv) authorizes the issuance of general obligation or revenue bonds.
309	Section 13. SR3-2-405 is amended to read:
310	SR3-2-405 . Consent calendar.
311	[A] On or before the 41st day of an annual general session, a standing committee may
312	recommend that legislation in the standing committee's possession be placed on the consent
313	calendar if:
314	(1) the committee approves a motion, by a unanimous vote, to send the legislation to the
315	second reading calendar;
316	(2) immediately subsequent to that action, the chief sponsor or the chief sponsor's designee
317	under SR3-2-306(3) requests that the legislation be placed on the consent calendar; [and
318	(3) in a separate motion and vote, the committee unanimously approves the sponsor's
319	request to place the legislation on the consent calendar instead of the second reading
320	calendar[-] ; and
321	(4) for House legislation, the House legislation is not a fiscal note bill, as that term is
322	defined in JR4-4-101.
323	Section 14. SR4-3-102 is amended to read:
324	SR4-3-102 . Consideration of bills.
325	(1) Except for the 1st, 43rd, 44th, and 45th day of the annual general session, or any day
326	during a special session, legislation may not be read for the third time until at least the
327	day after it is placed on the third reading calendar.
328	(2) Legislation on the third reading calendar shall be considered in the order that it appears
329	on the calendar unless a constitutional majority vote of the members of the Senate
330	directs other action.
331	Section 15. SR4-4-101 is enacted to read:
332	Part 1. Standing Committee Reports
333	SR4-4-101 . Standing committee reports.
334	(1) As used in this rule, "favorable committee report" means a report produced by a Senate
335	standing committee for legislation that the committee voted to favorably recommend.
336	(2) The secretary of the Senate shall read each standing committee report.

337	(3) If the Senate adopts a favorable committee report, the secretary of the Senate or the
338	secretary's designee shall:
339	(a) place the legislation, including any substitute or amendment recommended by the
340	standing committee, on the second reading calendar; or
341	(b) if the favorable committee report recommends that the legislation be placed on the
342	consent calendar:
343	(i) read the legislation for the second time; and
344	(ii) place the legislation on the consent calendar.
345	(4) If the Senate adopts a standing committee report that is not a favorable committee
346	report, the legislation is placed in accordance with the standing committee report's
347	recommendation.
348	(5) If the Senate fails to adopt a standing committee report, the legislation is returned to the
349	Senate Rules Committee.
350	Section 16. SR4-4-201, which is renumbered from Section SR4-4-101 is renumbered
351	and amended to read:
352	Part 2. Second Reading Calendar
353	[SR4-4-101] <u>SR4-4-201</u> . Second reading calendar.
354	(1)[(a)] After the Senate considers all legislation on the third reading calendar that is not
355	circled or tabled, the [Senate shall consider legislation on the second reading calendar
356	as follows:]
357	[(i) the presiding officer shall cause each piece of legislation on the second reading
358	calendar to be read by title before debate begins, unless the Senate suspends this
359	requirement by a two-thirds vote;]
360	[(ii) the secretary of the Senate or the secretary's designee shall read the committee
361	report, noting for the Senate those instances when the legislation did not receive a
362	Senate standing committee review or an interim committee review;]
363	[(iii) if the Senate passes a motion to adopt a "favorable" committee report, the
364	legislation, including any substitute or amendment adopted by the standing
365	committee that is identified in the committee report, is before the Senate; and]
366	[(iv) the presiding officer shall allow debate on the legislation.]
367	[(b) If the Senate fails to pass a motion to adopt a "favorable" committee report, the
368	legislation will be returned to the Senate Rules Committee.] presiding officer shall:
369	(a) cause each legislation on the second reading calendar to be read by title before debate
370	begins, unless the Senate suspends this requirement by a two-thirds vote; and

371	(b) allow debate on the legislation.
372	(2)(a) The final question on second reading is: "Shall the bill (resolution) be read a third
373	time?"
374	(b) The presiding officer shall place the question as a roll call vote.
375	(c) If a constitutional majority of the Senate votes in favor of the motion, the legislation
376	is [passed to] placed on the third reading calendar.
377	Section 17. SR4-4-301, which is renumbered from Section SR4-4-201 is renumbered
378	and amended to read:
379	Part 3. Third Reading Calendar
380	$[SR4-4-201]$ $\underline{SR4-4-301}$. Third reading calendar Procedures.
381	(1)(a) For the third reading on [a piece of-]legislation, the secretary of the Senate or the
382	secretary's designee shall read the legislation by title, unless the Senate suspends this
383	requirement by a two-thirds vote.
384	(2) When the secretary of the Senate or the secretary's designee has completed the third
385	reading of the legislation, the legislation is before the Senate for debate.
386	(3) When debate on the legislation is complete, the presiding officer shall:
387	(a) pose the final question: "This bill (resolution) has been read three times. The
388	question is: Shall the bill (resolution) pass?"; and
389	(b) place the question as a roll call vote.
390	Section 18. SR4-4-302, which is renumbered from Section SR4-4-202 is renumbered
391	and amended to read:
392	$[SR4-4-202]$ $\underline{SR4-4-302}$. Disposition of legislation voted on third reading.
393	The secretary of the Senate or the secretary's designee shall:
394	(1) for Senate legislation passed by the Senate on third reading but not yet acted upon by
395	the House, transmit the Senate legislation to the House for its further action;
396	(2) for Senate legislation that fails to pass the Senate on third reading, file the legislation;
397	(3) for Senate legislation that has passed both chambers in the same form, follow the
398	procedures and requirements of JR4-5-101;
399	(4) for House legislation passed by the Senate on third reading and not amended or
400	substituted in the Senate, after the presiding officer of the Senate signs the House
401	legislation, transmit the House legislation to the presiding officer of the House for the
402	presiding officer's signature;
403	(5) for House legislation passed by the Senate on third reading that was amended or
404	substituted in the Senate, transmit the legislation to the House with the amendment or

405	substitute for further action by the House; and
406	(6) for House legislation that fails to pass the Senate on third reading, transmit the
407	legislation to the House with notice of the Senate's action.
408	Section 19. SR4-4-401, which is renumbered from Section SR4-4-301 is renumbered
409	and amended to read:
410	Part 4. Consent Calendar
411	[SR4-4-301] <u>SR4-4-401</u> . Consent calendar.
412	[(1) If a standing committee report recommends that legislation be placed on the consent
413	calendar and the standing committee report is adopted by the Senate, the secretary of the
414	Senate or the secretary's designee shall:]
415	[(a) read the legislation for the second time; and]
416	[(b) place the legislation on the consent calendar.]
417	(1) As used in this rule, "legislative day" means the same as that term is defined in
418	<u>SR4-9-101.</u>
419	(2) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), legislation shall remain on the consent calendar for two
420	legislative days after the day on which the legislation is placed on the consent calendar
421	under SR4-4-201.
422	(3)(a) Whenever the consent calendar contains legislation, the presiding officer shall
423	inform the Senate each day that:
424	(i) there are items on the consent calendar; and
425	(ii) if any senator objects to any legislation on the consent calendar, three or more
426	senators may move the legislation to the second reading calendar by notifying the
427	presiding officer verbally or in writing.
428	(b) If the presiding officer receives requests to move legislation from the consent
429	calendar to the second reading calendar from three or more senators, the secretary
430	shall:
431	(i) remove the legislation from the consent calendar; and
432	(ii) place the legislation at the bottom of the second reading calendar.
433	[(3)] (4) If[, after three days during which the Senate has floor time,] no more than two
434	members have registered objections to the legislation during the time period described in
435	<u>Subsection (2)</u> , the legislation shall be:
436	(a) read the third time;
437	(b) placed before the Senate; and
438	(c) considered for final passage.

439	[(4)] (5)(a) The presiding officer shall pose the question on each consent calendar bill in the
440	following form:
441	"The presiding officer has determined that a quorum is present.
442	Those who favor the question say, 'aye.'
443	Does the chair hear a single dissenting nay to the question?"
444	(b) If the presiding officer hears no nays to the question[, a unanimous vote of the
445	senators present shall be recorded in favor of the legislation.]
446	[(c) If the presiding officer hears any nays to the question,] a roll call vote shall be taken
447	immediately.
448	[(5)] (6) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection [(4)] (5), any senator may, before
449	the roll call vote is taken, make a motion to remove the bill from the consent calendar
450	and place it on the bottom of the third reading calendar.
451	[(6)] (7) Nothing in this rule prevents a senator from challenging the ruling of the chair or
452	asking for a vote on any question.
453	Section 20. SR4-4-501, which is renumbered from Section SR4-4-401 is renumbered
454	and amended to read:
455	Part 5. Concurrence Calendar
456	[SR4-4-401] <u>SR4-4-501</u> . Concurrence calendar.
457	(1) After the secretary of the Senate or the secretary's designee reads the transmittal letter
458	from the House informing the Senate that the House has amended or substituted [a piece
459	of-]Senate legislation, the presiding officer shall place the legislation on the concurrence
460	calendar.
461	(2)(a) During the first [43] 42 days of the annual general session, the legislation shall
462	remain on the concurrence calendar over at least one night before the Senate may
463	consider the question of concurrence.
464	(b) During the last [two] three days of the annual general session and during any special
465	session, the Senate may consider legislation for concurrence after the Senate has been
466	given a reasonable time to review the House changes.
467	(3)(a) When presenting legislation to the Senate for concurrence, the presiding officer
468	shall ask the sponsor of the legislation for a motion.
469	(b) The sponsor of the legislation may move to either:
470	(i) concur with the House amendments; or
471	(ii) refuse to concur with the House amendments and ask the House to recede from
472	their amendments.

473 (c) If a motion to concur with the House amendments passes by majority vote, the 474 presiding officer shall: 475 (i) pose the question: "This bill (resolution) has been read three times. The question 476 is: Shall this bill (resolution) pass?"; and 477 (ii) take the final roll call vote on the legislation. 478 (d) If a motion to refuse to concur with the House amendments and ask the House to 479 recede from their amendments passes by a majority vote, the secretary of the Senate 480 shall return the legislation to the House for its further action. 481 (e) If the House refuses to recede, the Senate and House shall follow the procedures and 482 requirements of [JR3-2-601] JR3-2-901 relating to the appointment of a conference 483 committee. 484 Section 21. **SR4-4-601**, which is renumbered from Section SR4-4-501 is renumbered 485 and amended to read: Part 6. Time Certain Calendar 486 487 [SR4-4-501] SR4-4-601. Time certain calendar. 488 The secretary of the Senate or the secretary's designee shall place on the time certain 489 calendar legislation or other matters approved by the Senate for a time certain under: 490 (1) SR1-5-201; or 491 (2) other rules allowing matters to be set for a time certain. 492 Section 22. **SR4-6-105** is amended to read: 493 SR4-6-105. Senators not to speak more than twice. 494 (1) Without permission from the Senate, a senator may not speak more than twice, 495 including the senator explaining the senator's vote, on the same [-piece of] legislation, 496 substitute legislation, or amendment in any one debate on the same day and on the same 497 reading of the legislation. 498 (2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the presiding officer may not grant a 499 senator who has spoken once permission to speak again on the same [piece of-] 500 legislation if any senator who has not spoken wishes to speak. 501 (b) The presiding officer may grant a senator who has spoken once permission to 502 respond to a question if the senator consents to a request that the senator yield to a 503 question under SR4-6-104. 504 Section 23. **SR4-6-109** is amended to read: 505 SR4-6-109. Motions in order during debate. 506 (1)(a) When a motion or question is being debated, the presiding officer may not accept

507	any other motion except a motion:
508	(i) to adjourn, which is nondebatable;
509	(ii) to determine the time to adjourn, which is debatable;
510	(iii) to recess, with the senator having the floor retaining the floor when the Senate
511	reassembles, which is nondebatable;
512	(iv) to call the Senate;
513	(v) to refer to a committee, which is debatable;
514	(vi) to table, which is debatable;
515	(vii) to lift from the table, which is debatable;
516	(viii) to circle, which is debatable;
517	(ix) to postpone to a time certain, which is debatable;
518	(x) to strike the enacting clause, which is debatable;
519	(xi) to adopt a substitute, which is debatable; or
520	(xii) to amend, which is debatable.
521	(b) Points of order and appeals of the decision of the presiding officer are not motions
522	and are always in order.
523	(c) The presiding officer shall grant priority to the motions listed in Subsection (1)(a)
524	according to the order in which they are listed in that rule.
525	(2) A senator may not make, and the presiding officer may not accept, a motion for the
526	previous question, which is a call for an end to debate and a vote on the matter under
527	discussion.
528	(3) If a motion to postpone [a piece of]legislation to a [day] time certain or a motion to refer [
529	a piece of]legislation to a committee is defeated, a senator may not make the same
530	motion on the same [piece of-]legislation during the same reading of the legislation.
531	(4) When a motion to refer to committee, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a time
532	certain, or to table is made, the presiding officer may not allow consideration of
533	amendments or debate on the main question.
534	Section 24. SR4-7-101 is amended to read:
535	SR4-7-101 . Definitions.
536	As used in this chapter:
537	(1) "Roll call vote" means a verbal voting process where:
538	(a) the secretary of the Senate or the secretary's designee verbally calls the name of each
539	senator alphabetically, except the president, who is called last;
540	(b) each senator present votes "ave" or "nay" when the senator's name is called:

541	(c) the secretary of the Senate or the secretary's designee:
542	(i) tallies the vote;
543	(ii) records those senators who are absent[-or not voting]; and
544	(iii) gives a copy of the tally to the presiding officer; and
545	(d) the presiding officer announces the result of the vote.
546	(2) "Voice vote" means a verbal voting process where the presiding officer:
547	(a) poses the question to be voted upon in this form: "Those in favor (of the question)
548	say 'aye'." and "Those opposed say 'nay'."; and
549	(b) based upon the senator's responses, announces that the question either passed or
550	failed.
551	Section 25. SR4-7-103 is amended to read:
552	SR4-7-103. Senators present required to vote.
553	(1)(a) A senator present within the Senate chamber when a vote is being taken shall vote.
554	(b) A senator shall vote within the time limit fixed by the presiding officer.
555	(c) Immediately before a roll call vote or when casting a roll call vote, a senator may,
556	upon recognition by the presiding officer, make a brief statement explaining any
557	conflict of interest.
558	(d) With the permission of the presiding officer, a senator may briefly explain [a] the
559	<u>senator's</u> vote.
560	(2)(a) [A-] Except as provided Joint Rules, Title 1, Chapter 4, Part 4, Electronic
561	Meetings, a senator may not vote on [a piece of] legislation or a motion unless the
562	senator is present in the Senate chamber.
563	(b) If the vote is a roll call vote or division, a senator entering the chamber after the
564	question is posed and before the presiding officer announces the result, may have the
565	question stated and vote.
566	Section 26. Effective Date.
567	This resolution takes effect upon a successful vote for final passage.