

1 HOUSE BILL NO. 1456
 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
 3 (Proposed by the House Committee on General Laws
 4 on _____)
 5 (Patron Prior to Substitute--Delegate Carr)

6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-1183 and 15.2-1804.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to
 7 infrastructure for renewable energy systems for certain government buildings; net-zero energy
 8 consumption building design for schools.

9 **Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

10 **1. That §§ 2.2-1183 and 15.2-1804.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:**

11 **§ 2.2-1183. Building standards; exemption; report.**

12 A. Any executive branch agency or institution entering the design phase for the construction of a
 13 new building greater than 5,000 gross square feet in size, or the renovation of a building where the cost of
 14 the renovation exceeds 50 percent of the value of the building, shall ensure that such building:

15 1. Is designed, constructed, verified, and operated to comply with the high performance building
 16 certification program and VEES;

17 2. Has sufficient electric vehicle charging infrastructure. However, the provisions of this
 18 subdivision shall not apply to buildings located in the right-of-way of the Interstate System as that term is
 19 defined in § 33.2-100; ~~and~~

20 3. Has features that permit the agency or institution to track the building's energy efficiency and
 21 associated carbon emissions, including metering of all electricity, gas, water, and other utilities; and

22 4. Includes infrastructure for renewable energy systems. Photovoltaic solar panels shall be the
 23 primary choice for on-site renewable energy systems.

24 B. Any executive branch agency or institution may exceed the design and construction standards
 25 required by subsection A, provided that such agency or institution obtains prior written approval from the
 26 Director of the Department.

27 C. The Director of the Department may grant an exemption from the design and construction
28 standards required by subsection A upon a finding that special circumstances make the construction or
29 renovation to the standards impracticable. Such exemption shall be made in writing and shall explain the
30 basis for granting such exemption. If the Director cites cost as a factor in granting an exemption, the
31 Director shall include a comparison of the cost the agency or institution will incur over the next 20 years
32 if the agency does not comply with the standards required by subsection A versus the costs to the agency
33 or institution if the agency or institution were to comply with such standards.

34 D. Each agency or institution shall submit an annual report to the Governor by January 1 of each
35 year detailing the energy-efficiency and associated carbon emissions metrics for each building built or
36 renovated in accordance with the design and construction standards required by subsection A and
37 completed during the prior fiscal year.

38 **§ 15.2-1804.1. (For applicability, see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, c. 473, cl. 2) Building by locality;**
39 **high performance standards.**

40 A. As used in this section:

41 "Design phase" means the design of a building construction or renovation project, inclusive of the
42 issuance of a request for proposal and the project budget approval.

43 "EV" means an electric vehicle.

44 "High performance building certification program" means a public building design, construction,
45 and renovation program that achieves certification using the U.S. Green Building Council's Leadership in
46 Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) green building rating standard or the Green Building
47 Initiative's "Green Globes" building standard, or meets the requirements of VEES.

48 "Sufficient ZEV charging and fueling infrastructure" means the provision of ZEV charging or
49 fueling infrastructure, including EV-ready charging electrical capacity and pre-wiring, (i) sufficient to
50 support every passenger-type vehicle owned by the locality and available for use by the locality that will
51 be located at such building upon full occupancy, meet projected demand for such infrastructure during the
52 first 10 years following building occupancy, or (ii) that achieves the current ZEV or EV charging credit
53 for a high performance building certification program.

54 "VEES" means the Virginia Energy Conservation and Environmental Standards developed by the
55 Department considering the U.S. Green Building Council (LEED) green building rating standard, the
56 Green Building Initiative "Green Globes" building standard, and other appropriate requirements as
57 determined by the Department.

58 "ZEV" means a zero-emissions vehicle.

59 B. Any locality entering the design phase for the construction of a new building greater than 5,000
60 gross square feet in size, or the renovation of a building where the cost of the renovation exceeds 50
61 percent of the value of the building, shall ensure that such building:

62 1. Is designed, constructed, verified, and operated to comply with a high performance building
63 certification program;

64 2. Has sufficient ZEV charging and fueling infrastructure. In making a sufficiency determination,
65 the locality may also consider the interest of the Commonwealth in providing infrastructure for nearby
66 locations, geographical gaps in ZEV charging infrastructure, availability of incentives, and other factors;

67 3. Has features that permit the agency or institution to measure the building's energy consumption
68 and associated carbon emissions, including metering of all electricity, gas, water, and other utilities; and

69 4. Incorporates appropriate resilience and distributed energy features, including infrastructure for
70 renewable energy systems. Photovoltaic solar panels shall be the primary choice for on-site renewable
71 energy systems.

72 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, for any such construction or renovation of a
73 building that is less than 20,000 gross square feet in size, the locality may instead ensure that such building
74 achieves the relevant ENERGY STAR certification and implement mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and
75 envelope commissioning.

76 D. Upon a finding that special circumstances make the construction or renovation to the standards
77 impracticable, the governing body of such locality may, by resolution, grant an exemption from any such
78 design and construction standards. Such resolution shall be made in writing and shall explain the basis for
79 granting the exemption. If the local governing body cites cost as a factor in granting an exemption, the
80 local governing body shall include a comparison of the cost the locality will incur over the next 20 years

81 or the lifecycle of the project, whichever is shorter, if the locality does not comply with the standards
82 required by subsection B versus the costs to the locality if the locality were to comply with such standards.

83 E. Any local governing body may, by ordinance, adopt its own green design and construction
84 program that includes standards that are more stringent than any equivalent standard in subsection B.
85 While such program remains in effect, the locality shall be deemed compliant with the provisions of this
86 section.

87 **2. That the provisions of this act shall apply to projects entering the design phase on or after January**
88 **1, 2025.**

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