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and any loss of income.

1	H.699
2	Introduced by Representatives Russell of Rutland City, Lewis of Derby,
3	Andrews of Rutland City, Botzow of Pownal, Canfield of Fair
4	Haven, Courcelle of Rutland City, Deen of Westminster, Fagan
5	of Rutland City, French of Shrewsbury, Heath of Westford,
6	Kitzmiller of Montpelier, Kupersmith of South Burlington,
7	Lenes of Shelburne, Marek of Newfane, McNeil of Rutland
8	Town, Munger of South Burlington, Savage of Swanton, Shand
9	of Weathersfield, Sharpe of Bristol, Shaw of Pittsford, Stevens
10	of Shoreham, Townsend of Randolph, Waite-Simpson of Essex
11	Yantachka of Charlotte and Young of Glover
12	Referred to Committee on
13	Date:
14	Subject: Commerce and trade; scrap metal processors
15	Statement of purpose: This bill proposes to expand the governing
16	requirements for sales of scrap metal to include salvage yards; to require scrap
17	metal processors to file a uniform report with local law enforcement and
18	segregate items purchased from sellers who are not authorized scrap sellers;

and to provide a private cause of action for damages for scrap metal thefts that

includes the value of the items stolen, in addition to damages to other property

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cast-iron radiators.

1	An act relating to scrap metal processors
2	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
3	Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. chapter 82 is amended to read:
4	CHAPTER 82. SCRAP METAL PROCESSORS
5	§ 3021. DEFINITIONS
6	As used in this chapter:
7	(1) "Authorized scrap seller" means a licensed plumber, electrician,
8	HVAC contractor, building or construction contractor, demolition contractor,
9	construction and demolition debris contractor, public utility, transportation
10	company, licensed peddler or broker, an industrial and manufacturing
11	company; marine, automobile, or aircraft salvage and wrecking company, or a
12	government entity.
13	(2) "Ferrous scrap" means any scrap metal consisting primarily of iron,
14	steel, or both, including large manufactured articles such as automobile bodies
15	that may contain other substances to be removed and sorted during normal
16	processing operations of scrap metal.
17	(3) "Metal article" means any manufactured item consisting of metal
18	that is usable for its originally intended purpose without processing, repair, or
19	alteration, including railings, copper or aluminum wire, copper pipe and
20	tubing, bronze cemetery plaques, urns, markers, plumbing fixtures, and

1	(4) "Nonferrous scrap" means any scrap metal consisting primarily of
2	metal other than iron or steel, and does not include aluminum beverage cans,
3	post-consumer household items, items removed during building renovations or
4	demolitions, or large manufactured items containing small quantities of
5	nonferrous metals such as automobile bodies and appliances.
6	(5) "Proprietary article" means any of the following:
7	(A) Any metal article stamped, engraved, stenciled, or marked as
8	being or having been the property of a governmental entity, public utility, or a
9	transportation, shipbuilding, ship repair, mining, or manufacturing company.
10	(B) Any hard-drawn copper electrical conductor, cable, or wire
11	greater than 0.375 inches in diameter, stranded or solid.
12	(C) Any aluminum conductor, cable, or wire greater than 0.75 inches
13	in diameter, stranded or solid.
14	(D) Metal beer kegs.
15	(E) Manhole covers.
16	(F) Catalytic converters.
17	(6) "Scrap metal" means any manufactured item or article that contains
18	metal.
19	(7) "Scrap metal processor" means:

(A) a salvage yard, as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2241(7); or

1	(B) a person authorized to conduct a business that processes and
2	manufactures scrap metal into prepared grades for sale as raw material to mills
3	foundries, and other manufacturing facilities.
4	§ 3022. PURCHASE OF NONFERROUS SCRAP, METAL ARTICLES,
5	AND PROPRIETARY ARTICLES
6	(a) A scrap metal processor may purchase nonferrous scrap, metal articles,
7	and proprietary articles directly from an authorized scrap metal seller or the
8	seller's authorized agent or employee.
9	(b) A scrap metal processor may purchase nonferrous scrap, metal articles,
10	and proprietary articles from a person who is not an authorized scrap metal
11	seller or the seller's authorized agent or employee, provided only if the scrap
12	processor complies with all the following procedures at the time of sale:
13	(1) At the time of sale, requires Requires the seller to provide a current
14	government-issued photographic identification that indicates the seller's full
15	name, current address, and date of birth, and records in a permanent ledger the
16	identification information of the seller, the time and date of the transaction, the
17	license number of the seller's vehicle, and a description of the items received
18	from the seller. This information shall be retained for at least five years at the
19	processor's normal place of business or other readily accessible and secure
20	location. On request, this information shall be made available to any law

enforcement official or authorized security agent of a governmental entity who

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1	provides official credentials at the scrap metal processor's business location
2	during regular business hours.
3	(2) Requests documentation from the seller of the items offered for sale,
4	such as a bill of sale, receipt, letter of authorization, or similar evidence that
5	establishes that the seller lawfully owns the items to be sold.
6	(3) After purchasing an item from a person who fails to provide
7	documentation pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection (b) of this section.
8	(A) Segregates each purchase into a separate and distinct pile,
9	bundle, or package with a tag bearing the name and residence of the seller, the
10	date and place of purchase, and the weight thereof; and
11	(B) submits Submits to the local law enforcement agency no later
12	than the close of the following business day a report, on a form prepared by the
13	agency of natural resources, in collaboration with the department of public
14	safety, for that purpose, that describes the item and the seller's identifying
15	information required in subdivision (1) of this subsection, and holds the
16	proprietary article for at least 15 days following purchase.
17	(4) Retains the items purchased without removing, melting, cutting, or
18	destroying any item for a period of 15 days.
19	(c) The information collected by a scrap metal processor pursuant to this

section shall be retained for at least five years at the processor's normal place

of business or other readily accessible and secure location. On request, this

1	information shall be made available to any law enforcement official or
2	authorized security agent of a governmental entity who provides official
3	credentials at the scrap metal processor's business location during regular
4	business hours.
5	(d) It shall be unlawful for any seller to refuse to furnish the information
6	required by this section, or to furnish incorrect or incomplete information.
7	§ 3023. PENALTIES
8	(a) A scrap metal processor who violates any provision of this chapter for
9	the first time may be assessed a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000.00 for each
10	transaction.
11	(b) A scrap metal processor who violates any provision of this chapter for a
12	second or subsequent time shall be fined not more than \$25,000.00 for each
13	transaction.
14	§ 3024. DAMAGES; VALUATION OF THEFT
15	In a cause of action brought by a person who suffers damages from the theft
16	of a metal article, nonferrous scrap, or proprietary article, the valuation of
17	damages from the theft shall include the value of the property taken, the value
18	of any damage caused to other property during the theft, and the value of any
19	loss of income arising from the theft.
20	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2012.

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