1	H.714
2	Introduced by Representatives Ram of Burlington, Buxton of Tunbridge,
3	Clarkson of Woodstock, Fay of St. Johnsbury, Grad of
4	Moretown, Haas of Rochester, Komline of Dorset, Krowinski
5	of Burlington, Lanpher of Vergennes, Martin of Springfield,
6	O'Sullivan of Burlington, Pugh of South Burlington, Rachelson
7	of Burlington, Spengler of Colchester, Strong of Albany,
8	Sweaney of Windsor, Toll of Danville, Waite-Simpson of
9	Essex, and Wilson of Manchester
10	Referred to Committee on
11	Date:
12	Subject: Crimes; lewd and indecent conduct; voyeurism
13	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to criminalize
14	the display or disclosure of a recorded image of another person whose intimate
15	areas are exposed or who is engaged in sexual conduct under circumstances in
16	which a person has a reasonable expectation of privacy without the subject's
17	knowledge and consent to the display or disclosure.

1	An act relating to nonconsensual disclosure of sexually-explicit images
2	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
3	Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 2605 is amended to read:
4	§ 2605. VOYEURISM
5	(a) As used in this section:
6	(1) "Bona fide private investigator or bona fide security guard" means
7	an individual lawfully providing services, whether licensed or unlicensed,
8	pursuant to 26 V.S.A. §§ 3151 and 3151a.
9	(2) "Female breast" means any portion of the female breast below the
10	top of the areola.
11	(3) "Circumstances in which a person has a reasonable expectation of
12	privacy" means circumstances in which a reasonable person would believe that
13	his or her intimate areas or engagement in sexual conduct would not be visible
14	to the public, regardless of whether that person is in a public or private area.
15	This definition includes circumstances in which:
16	(A) a person knowingly disrobes or engages in sexual conduct in
17	front of another, but does not expect nor give consent for the other person to
18	photograph, film, or record his or her intimate areas or sexual conduct; or
19	(B) a person knowingly disrobes or engages in sexual conduct in

front of another and gives consent for the other person to photograph, film, or

1	record his or her intimate areas or sexual conduct, but not to display or disclose
2	the image to a third party.
3	(4) "Intimate areas" means the naked or undergarment-clad genitals,
4	pubic area, buttocks, or female breast of a person.
5	(5) "Place where a person has a reasonable expectation of privacy"
6	means:
7	(A) a place in which a reasonable person would believe that he or she
8	could disrobe in privacy, without his or her undressing being viewed by
9	another; or
10	(B) a place in which a reasonable person would expect to be safe
11	from unwanted intrusion or surveillance.
12	(6) "Sexual conduct" shall have the same meaning as in section 2821 of
13	this title.
14	(7) "Surveillance" means secret observation of the activities of another
15	person for the purpose of spying upon and invading the privacy of the person.
16	(7)(8) "View" means the intentional looking upon another person for
17	more than a brief period of time, in other than a casual or cursory manner, with
18	the unaided eye or a device designed or intended to improve visual acuity.
19	(b) No person shall intentionally view, photograph, film, or record in any
20	format:

(1) the intimate areas of another person without that person's knowledge
and consent while the person being viewed, photographed, filmed, or recorded
is in a place where he or she would have a reasonable expectation of
privacy; or

- (2) the intimate areas of another person without that person's knowledge and consent and under circumstances in which the person has a reasonable expectation of privacy.
- (c) No person shall <u>intentionally or knowingly</u> display or disclose to a third party:
- (1) any image recorded in violation of subsection (b), (d), or (e) of this section; or
- (2) any photograph, film, or recording of another person whose intimate areas are exposed or who is engaged in sexual conduct under circumstances in which a person has a reasonable expectation of privacy without the subject's knowledge and consent to the display or disclosure.
- (d) No person shall intentionally conduct surveillance or intentionally photograph, film, or record in any format a person without that person's knowledge and consent while the person being surveilled, photographed, filmed, or recorded is in a place where he or she would have a reasonable expectation of privacy within a home or residence. Bona fide private investigators and bona fide security guards engaged in otherwise lawful

activities within the scope of their employment are exempt from this
subsection.

- (e) No person shall intentionally photograph, film, or record in any format a person without that person's knowledge and consent while that person is in a place where a person has a reasonable expectation of privacy and that person is engaged in a sexual act as defined in section 3251 of this title conduct.
- (f) This section shall apply to a person who intentionally views, photographs, films, or records the intimate areas of a person as part of a security or theft prevention policy or program at a place of business.
  - (g) This section shall not apply to:
- (1) a law enforcement officer conducting official law enforcement activities in accordance with state and federal law;  $\Theta$
- (2) official activities of the Department of Corrections, a law enforcement agency, the Agency of Human Services, or a court for security purposes or during the investigation of alleged misconduct by a person in the custody of the Department of Corrections, a law enforcement agency, the Agency of Human Services, or a court; or
- (3) situations involving voluntary exposure in public or commercial settings.

(h) This section is not intended to infringe upon the freedom of the press to
gather and disseminate news as guaranteed by the First Amendment to the
Constitution of the United States.

- (i) It shall be an affirmative defense to a violation of subsection (b) of this section that the defendant was a bona fide private investigator or bona fide security guard conducting surveillance in the ordinary course of business, and the violation was unintentional and incidental to otherwise legal surveillance. However, an unintentional and incidental violation of subsection (b) of this section shall not be a defense to a violation of subsection (c).
- (j)(1) For a first offense, a person who violates subsection (b), (d), or (e) of this section shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both. For a second or subsequent offense, a person who violates subsection (b), (d), or (e) of this section shall be imprisoned not more than three years or fined not more than \$5,000.00, or both.
- (2) A person who violates subsection (c) subdivision (c)(1) of this section shall be imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than \$5,000.00, or both. A person who violates subdivision (c)(2) of this section shall be imprisoned not more than three years or fined not more than \$3,000.00, or both.
- 20 Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
- This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.