2	Introduced by Representatives Buxton of Tunbridge, Branagan of Georgia,
3	Burditt of West Rutland, Canfield of Fair Haven, Carr of
4	Brandon, Christie of Hartford, Connor of Fairfield, Consejo of
5	Sheldon, Cross of Winooski, Cupoli of Rutland City, Dakin of
6	Chester, Dickinson of St. Albans Town, Evans of Essex, Fagan
7	of Rutland City, Feltus of Lyndon, Juskiewicz of Cambridge,
8	Krowinski of Burlington, Lenes of Shelburne, Lewis of Berlin,
9	Manwaring of Wilmington, Marcotte of Coventry, McCarthy of
10	St. Albans City, Mitchell of Fairfax, Moran of Wardsboro, Peltz
11	of Woodbury, Savage of Swanton, Shaw of Pittsford, Townsend
12	of South Burlington, Trieber of Rockingham, Vowinkel of
13	Hartford, Wizowaty of Burlington, Yantachka of Charlotte, and
14	Young of Glover
15	Referred to Committee on
16	Date:
17	Subject: Health; health insurance; physicians; optometrists
18	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require health
19	insurance plans to provide a choice of providers for vision care and medical
20	eye care services and to reimburse providers the same amount for the same
21	services when provided by either an optometrist or an ophthalmologist. It

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requires health insurers to permit optometrists to participate in vision care and
medical eye care plans to the same extent as ophthalmologists and prohibits
insurers from placing certain requirements on an optometrist as a condition for
participation in a health insurance or vision plan. The bill would also ensure
that optometrists and ophthalmologists are compensated for the services and
materials they provide.

- An act relating to vision riders and a choice of providers for vision and eye care services
- 9 It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
- 10 Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. § 4088j is added to read:
- 11 § 4088j. CHOICE OF PROVIDERS FOR VISION CARE AND MEDICAL
- 12 EYE CARE SERVICES
- 13 (a) To the extent a health insurance plan provides coverage for vision care
 14 or medical eye care services, it shall cover those services when provided by a
 15 physician licensed pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 23, an optometrist licensed
 16 pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 30, or an osteopathic physician licensed pursuant
 17 to 26 V.S.A. chapter 33, provided the health care professional is acting within
 18 his or her authorized scope of practice.
- (b) A health insurance plan shall impose no greater co-payment,
 coinsurance, or other cost-sharing amount for services when provided by an

1	optometrist than for the same service when provided by a physician or
2	osteopathic physician.

- (c) A health insurance plan shall provide to a licensed health care
 professional acting within his or her scope of practice the same level of
 reimbursement or other compensation for providing vision care and medical
 eye care services that are within the lawful scope of practice of the professions
 of medicine, optometry, and osteopathy, regardless of whether the health care
 professional is a physician, optometrist, or osteopathic physician.
- (d)(1) A health insurer shall permit a licensed optometrist to participate in plans or contracts providing for vision care or medical eye care to the same extent as it does a licensed physician or osteopathic physician.
- (2) A health insurer shall not require a licensed optometrist to provide discounted materials benefits or to participate as a provider in another medical or vision care plan or contract as a condition or requirement for the optometrist's participation as a provider in any medical or vision care plan or contract.
- (e)(1) An agreement between a health insurer or an entity that writes vision insurance and an optometrist or ophthalmologist for the provision of vision services on a preferred or in-network basis to plan members or subscribers in connection with coverage under a stand-alone vision plan or other health insurance plan shall not require that an optometrist or ophthalmologist provide

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1	services or materials at a fee limited or set by the plan or insurer unless the
2	services or materials are reimbursed as covered services under the contract.
3	(2) An optometrist or ophthalmologist shall not charge more for services
4	and materials that are noncovered services under a vision plan than his or her
5	usual and customary rate for those services and materials.
6	(3) The amount of a contractual discount shall not result in a fee less
7	than the stand-alone vision plan or other health insurance plan would pay for
8	covered services and materials but for the application of a member's or
9	subscriber's contractual limitations of deductibles, co-payments, or
10	coinsurance.
11	(4) Reimbursement paid by a vision plan for covered services and
12	materials shall be reasonable and shall not provide nominal reimbursement in
13	order to claim that services and materials are covered services.
14	(f) As used in this section:
15	(1) "Contractual discount" means a percentage reduction from an
16	optometrist's or ophthalmologist's usual and customary rate for covered
17	services and materials required under a participating provider agreement.
18	(2) "Covered services" means services and materials for which
19	reimbursement from a vision plan or other health insurance plan is provided by

a member's or subscriber's plan contract, or for which a reimbursement would

1	be available but for the application of the member's or subscriber's contractual
2	limitations of deductibles, co-payments, or coinsurance.
3	(3) "Health insurance plan" means any health insurance policy or health
4	benefit plan offered by a health insurer or a subcontractor of a health insurer.
5	The term includes vision plans but does not include policies or plans providing
6	coverage for a specified disease or other limited benefit coverage.
7	(4) "Health insurer" shall have the same meaning as in 18 V.S.A.
8	<u>§ 9402.</u>
9	(5) "Materials" includes lenses, devices containing lenses, prisms, lens
10	treatments and coatings, contact lenses, orthoptics, vision training, and
11	prosthetic devices to correct, relieve, or treat defects or abnormal conditions of
12	the human eye or its adnexa.
13	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
14	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.