## HOUSE BILL 1114

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Representatives Leavitt and Ybarra

Prefiled 12/23/24.

1 AN ACT Relating to the respiratory care interstate compact; 2 adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; and providing a contingent 3 effective date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. TITLE AND PURPOSE. (1) The purpose of this 5 6 compact is to facilitate the interstate practice of respiratory 7 therapy with the goal of improving public access to respiratory therapy services by providing respiratory therapists licensed in a 8 member state the ability to practice in other member states. The 9 10 compact preserves the regulatory authority of states to protect 11 public health and safety through the current system of state 12 licensure.

(2) This compact is designed to achieve the following objectives:
(a) Increase public access to respiratory therapy services by
creating a responsible, streamlined pathway for licensees to practice
in member states with the goal of improving outcomes for patients;

17 (b) Enhance states' ability to protect the public's health and 18 safety;

(c) Promote the cooperation of member states in regulating thepractice of respiratory therapy within those member states;

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1 (d) Ease administrative burdens on states by encouraging the 2 cooperation of member states in regulating multistate respiratory 3 therapy practice;

4 (e) Support relocating active military members and their spouses;5 and

(f) Promote mobility and address workforce shortages.

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7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. DEFINITIONS. As used in this compact, 8 unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions 9 shall apply:

(1) "Active military member" means any person with a full-time duty status in the armed forces of the United States, including members of the national guard and reserve.

(2) "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a state's laws which is imposed by any state authority with regulatory authority over respiratory therapists, such as license denial, censure, revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the licensee, or restriction on the licensee's practice, not including participation in an alternative program.

(3) "Alternative program" means a nondisciplinary monitoring or practice remediation process applicable to a respiratory therapist approved by any state authority with regulatory authority over respiratory therapists. This includes, but is not limited to, programs to which licensees with substance abuse or addiction issues are referred in lieu of adverse action.

26 (4) "Charter member states" means those member states that were 27 the first seven states to enact the compact into the laws of their 28 state.

(5) "Commission" or "respiratory care interstate compact commission" means the government instrumentality and body politic whose membership consists of all member states that have enacted the compact.

(6) "Commissioner" means the individual appointed by a member
 state to serve as the member of the commission for that member state.

35 (7) "Compact" means the respiratory care interstate compact.

36 (8) "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a 37 remote state to allow a licensee from another member state to 38 practice as a respiratory therapist in the remote state under the 39 remote state's laws and rules. The practice of respiratory therapy

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1 occurs in the member state where the patient is located at the time 2 of the patient encounter.

(9) "Criminal background check" means the submission by the 3 member state of fingerprints or other biometric-based information on 4 license applicants at the time of initial licensing for the purpose 5 6 of obtaining that applicant's criminal history record information, as 7 defined in 28 C.F.R. Sec. 20.3(d) or successor provision, from the federal bureau of investigation and the state's criminal history 8 record repository, as defined in 28 C.F.R. Sec. 20.3(f) or successor 9 provision. 10

(10) "Data system" means the commission's repository of information about licensees as further set forth in section 8 of this act.

14 (11) "Domicile" means the jurisdiction which is the licensee's 15 principal home for legal purposes.

16 (12) "Encumbered license" means a license that a state's 17 respiratory therapy licensing authority has limited in any way.

18 (13) "Executive committee" means a group of directors elected or 19 appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them 20 by, the commission.

(14) "Home state," except as set forth in section 5 of this act,
means the member state that is the licensee's primary domicile.

(15) "Home state license" means an active license to practice respiratory therapy in a home state that is not an encumbered license.

(16) "Jurisprudence requirement" means an assessment of an
 individual's knowledge of the state laws and regulations governing
 the practice of respiratory therapy in such state.

(17) "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds anauthorization from the state to practice as a respiratory therapist.

31 (18) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the compact 32 and been admitted to the commission in accordance with the provisions 33 herein and commission rules.

34 (19) "Model compact" means the model for the respiratory care 35 interstate compact on file with the council of state governments or 36 other entity as designated by the commission.

37 (20) "Remote state" means a member state where a licensee is 38 exercising or seeking to exercise the compact privilege.

39 (21) "Respiratory therapist" or "respiratory care practitioner" 40 means an individual who holds a credential issued by the national

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board for respiratory care (or its successor) and holds a license in a state to practice respiratory therapy. For purposes of this compact, any other title or status adopted by a state to replace the term "respiratory therapist" or "respiratory care practitioner" shall be deemed synonymous with "respiratory therapist" and shall confer the same rights and responsibilities to the licensee under the provisions of this compact at the time of its enactment.

8 (22) "Respiratory therapy," "respiratory therapy practice," 9 "respiratory care," "the practice of respiratory care," and "the 10 practice of respiratory therapy" means the care and services provided 11 by or under the direction and supervision of a respiratory therapist 12 or respiratory care practitioner.

13 (23) "Respiratory therapy licensing authority" means the agency, 14 board, or other body of a state that is responsible for licensing and 15 regulation of respiratory therapists.

16 (24) "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by an entity that has 17 the force and effect of law.

(25) "Scope of practice" means the procedures, actions, and 18 processes a respiratory therapist licensed in a state or practicing 19 under a compact privilege in a state is permitted to undertake in 20 21 that state and the circumstances under which the respiratory therapist is permitted to undertake those procedures, actions, and 22 processes. Such procedures, actions, and processes, 23 and the circumstances under which they may be undertaken, may be established 24 25 through means including, but not limited to, statute, regulations, 26 case law, and other processes available to the state respiratory therapy licensing authority or other government agency. 27

28 (26) "Significant investigative information" means information, records, and documents received or generated by a state respiratory 29 therapy licensing authority pursuant to an investigation for which a 30 31 determination has been made that there is probable cause to believe 32 that the licensee has violated a statute or regulation that is 33 considered more than a minor infraction for which the state respiratory therapy licensing authority could pursue adverse action 34 35 against the licensee.

36 (27) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or 37 territory of the United States.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. STATE PARTICIPATION IN THIS COMPACT. (1)
 In order to participate in this compact and thereafter continue as a
 member state, a member state shall:

4 (a) Enact a compact that is not materially different from the 5 model compact;

6 7 (b) License respiratory therapists;

(c) Participate in the commission's data system;

8 (d) Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating 9 complaints against licensees and compact privilege holders;

10 (e) Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms of this 11 compact and commission rules, of any adverse action against a 12 licensee, a compact privilege holder, or a license applicant;

(f) Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms of this compact and commission rules, of the existence of significant investigative information;

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(g) Comply with the rules of the commission;

(h) Grant the compact privilege to a holder of an active home state license and otherwise meet the applicable requirements of section 4 of this act in a member state; and

20 (i) Complete a criminal background check for each new licensee at 21 the time of initial licensure.

22 (2) Where expressly authorized or permitted by federal law, 23 whether such federal law is in effect prior to, at, or after the time of a member state's enactment of this compact, a member state's 24 25 enactment of this compact shall hereby authorize the member state's 26 respiratory therapy licensing authority to perform criminal background checks as defined herein. The absence of such a federal 27 28 law as described in this subsection shall not prevent or preclude 29 such authorization where it may be derived or granted through means other than the enactment of this compact. 30

(3) Nothing in this compact prohibits a member state fromcharging a fee for granting and renewing the compact privilege.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. COMPACT PRIVILEGE. (1) To exercise the 34 compact privilege under the terms and provisions of the compact, the 35 licensee shall:

36 (a) Hold and maintain an active home state license as a 37 respiratory therapist;

38 (b) Hold and maintain an active credential from the national 39 board for respiratory care (or its successor) that would qualify them

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1 for licensure in the remote state in which they are seeking the 2 privilege;

3 (c) Have not had any adverse action against a license within the 4 previous two years;

5 (d) Notify the commission that the licensee is seeking the 6 compact privilege within a remote state(s);

7 (e) Pay any applicable fees, including any state and commission 8 fees and renewal fees, for the compact privilege;

9 (f) Meet any jurisprudence requirements established by the remote 10 state in which the licensee is seeking a compact privilege;

(g) Report to the commission adverse action taken by any nonmember state within 30 days from the date the adverse action is taken;

(h) Report to the commission, when applying for a compact privilege, the address of the licensee's domicile and thereafter promptly report to the commission any change in the address of the licensee's domicile within 30 days of the effective date of the change in address; and

(i) Consent to accept service of process by mail at the licensee's domicile on record with the commission with respect to any action brought against the licensee by the commission or a member state, and consent to accept service of a subpoena by mail at the licensee's domicile on record with the commission with respect to any action brought or investigation conducted by the commission or a member state.

26 (2) The compact privilege is valid until the expiration date or revocation of the home state license unless terminated pursuant to 27 adverse action. The licensee must comply with all of the requirements 28 of subsection (1) of this section to maintain the compact privilege 29 in a remote state. If those requirements are met, no adverse actions 30 31 are taken, and the licensee has paid any applicable compact privilege 32 renewal fees, then the licensee will maintain the licensee's compact privilege. 33

(3) A licensee providing respiratory therapy in a remote state under the compact privilege shall function within the scope of practice authorized by the remote state for the type of respiratory therapist license the licensee holds. Such procedures, actions, processes, and the circumstances under which they may be undertaken may be established through means including, but not limited to, statute, regulations, case law, and other processes available to the

1 state respiratory therapy licensing authority or other government 2 agency.

3 (4) If a licensee's compact privilege in a remote state is 4 removed by the remote state, the individual shall lose or be 5 ineligible for the compact privilege in that remote state until the 6 compact privilege is no longer limited or restricted by that state.

7 (5) If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee shall
8 lose the compact privilege in all remote states until the following
9 occur:

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(a) The home state license is no longer encumbered; and

(b) Two years have elapsed from the date on which the license is no longer encumbered due to the adverse action.

13 (6) Once a licensee with a restricted or limited license meets 14 the requirements of subsection (5)(a) and (b) of this section, the 15 licensee must also meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this 16 section to obtain a compact privilege in a remote state.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. ACTIVE MILITARY MEMBER OR THEIR SPOUSE. 18 (1) An active military member, or their spouse, shall designate a 19 home state where the individual has a current license in good 20 standing. The individual may retain the home state designation during 21 the period the service member is on active duty.

(2) An active military member and their spouse shall not be required to pay to the commission for a compact privilege any fee that may otherwise be charged by the commission. If a remote state chooses to charge a fee for a compact privilege, it may choose to charge a reduced fee or no fee to an active military member and their spouse for a compact privilege.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. ADVERSE ACTIONS. (1) A member state in 29 which a licensee is licensed shall have authority to impose adverse 30 action against the license issued by that member state.

31 (2) A member state may take adverse action based on significant 32 investigative information of a remote state or the home state, so 33 long as the member state follows its own procedures for imposing 34 adverse action.

35 (3) Nothing in this compact shall override a member state's 36 decision that participation in an alternative program may be used in 37 lieu of adverse action and that such participation shall remain 38 nonpublic if required by the member state's laws. 1

(4) (a) A remote state shall have the authority to:

2 (i) Take adverse actions as set forth herein against a licensee's3 compact privilege in that state;

4 (ii) Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that 5 require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production 6 of evidence.

7 (A) Subpoenas may be issued by a respiratory therapy licensing
8 authority in a member state for the attendance and testimony of
9 witnesses and the production of evidence.

10 (B) Subpoenas issued by a respiratory therapy licensing authority 11 in a member state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses shall 12 be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent 13 jurisdiction in the latter state, according to the practice and 14 procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings 15 pending before it.

16 (C) Subpoenas issued by a respiratory therapy licensing authority 17 in a member state for production of evidence from another member 18 state shall be enforced in the latter state, according to the 19 practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued 20 in the proceedings pending before it.

(D) The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the state where the witnesses or evidence are located; and

(iii) Unless otherwise prohibited by state law, recover from the
licensee the costs of investigations and disposition of cases
resulting from any adverse action taken against that licensee.

(b) Notwithstanding (a)(ii) of this subsection, a member state may not issue a subpoena to gather evidence of conduct in another member state that is lawful in such other member state for the purpose of taking adverse action against a licensee's compact privilege or application for a compact privilege in that member state.

33 (c) Nothing in this compact authorizes a member state to impose 34 discipline against a respiratory therapist's compact privilege in 35 that member state for the individual's otherwise lawful practice in 36 another state.

37 (5) Joint investigations.

(a) In addition to the authority granted to a member state by its
 respective respiratory therapy practice act or other applicable state
 law, a member state may participate with other member states in joint

investigations of licensees, provided, however, that a member state receiving such a request has no obligation to respond to any subpoena issued regarding an investigation of conduct or practice that was lawful in a member state at the time it was undertaken.

5 (b) Member states shall share any significant investigative 6 information, litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of 7 any joint or individual investigation initiated under the compact. In 8 sharing such information between member state respiratory therapy 9 licensing authorities, all information obtained shall be kept 10 confidential, except as otherwise mutually agreed upon by the sharing 11 and receiving member state(s).

12 (6) Nothing in this compact may permit a member state to take any 13 adverse action against a licensee or holder of a compact privilege 14 for conduct or practice that was legal in the member state at the 15 time it was undertaken.

16 (7) Nothing in this compact may permit a member state to take 17 disciplinary action against a licensee or holder of a compact 18 privilege for conduct or practice that was legal in the member state 19 at the time it was undertaken.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RESPIRATORY CARE 21 INTERSTATE COMPACT COMMISSION. (1) The compact member states hereby 22 create and establish a joint government agency whose membership consists of all member states that have enacted the compact known as 23 24 the respiratory care interstate compact commission. The commission is 25 an instrumentality of the compact member states acting jointly and not an instrumentality of any one state. The commission shall come 26 27 into existence on or after the effective date of the compact, as set forth in section 11 of this act. 28

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(2) Membership, voting, and meetings.

30 (a) Each member state shall have and be limited to one 31 commissioner selected by that member state's respiratory therapy 32 licensing authority.

33 (b) The commissioner shall be an administrator or their 34 designated staff member of the member state's respiratory therapy 35 licensing authority.

36 (c) The commission shall by rule or bylaw establish a term of 37 office for commissioners and may by rule or bylaw establish term 38 limits.

(d) The commission may recommend to a member state the removal or
 suspension of any commissioner from office.

3 (e) A member state's respiratory therapy licensing authority 4 shall fill any vacancy of its commissioner occurring on the 5 commission within 60 days of the vacancy.

6 (f) Each commissioner shall be entitled to one vote on all 7 matters before the commission requiring a vote by commissioners.

8 (g) A commissioner shall vote in person or by such other means as 9 provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for commissioners to 10 meet by telecommunication, videoconference, or other means of 11 communication.

(h) The commission shall meet at least once during each calendaryear. Additional meetings may be held as set forth in the bylaws.

(3) The commission shall have the following powers:

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(a) Establish and amend the fiscal year of the commission;

16 (b) Establish and amend bylaws and policies including, but not 17 limited to, a code of conduct and conflict of interest;

18 (c) Establish and amend rules, which shall be binding in all 19 member states;

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(d) Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;

(e) Meet and take such actions as are consistent with theprovisions of this compact, the commission's rules, and the bylaws;

(f) Initiate and conduct legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission, provided that the standing of any respiratory therapy licensing authority to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;

(g) Maintain and certify records and information provided to a member state as the authenticated business records of the commission, and designate an agent to do so on the commission's behalf;

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(h) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;

31 (i) Accept or contract for services of personnel including, but 32 not limited to, employees of a member state;

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(j) Conduct an annual financial review;

(k) Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the compact, and establish the commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;

39 (1) Assess and collect fees;

1 (m) Accept any and all appropriate gifts, donations, grants of 2 money, other sources of revenue, equipment, supplies, materials, and 3 services, and receive, utilize, and dispose of the same, provided 4 that at all times:

5 (i) The commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety; and 6 (ii) The commission shall avoid any appearance of conflict of 7 interest;

8 (n) Lease, purchase, retain, own, hold, improve, or use any 9 property, real, personal, or mixed, or any undivided interest 10 therein;

(o) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal, or mixed;

13 (p) Establish a budget and make expenditures;

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(q) Borrow money in a fiscally responsible manner;

(r) Appoint committees, including standing committees, composed of commissioners, state regulators, state legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such other interested persons as may be designated in this compact and the bylaws;

20 (s) Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law 21 enforcement agencies;

(t) Establish and elect an executive committee, including a chair, vice chair, secretary, treasurer, and such other offices as the commission shall establish by rule or bylaw;

25 (u) Enter into contracts or arrangements for the management of 26 the affairs of the commission;

(v) Determine whether a state's adopted language is materially different from the model compact language such that the state would not qualify for participation in the compact; and

30 (w) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or 31 appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.

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(4) The executive committee.

33 (a) The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf 34 of the commission according to the terms of this compact. The powers, 35 duties, and responsibilities of the executive committee shall 36 include:

(i) Overseeing the day-to-day activities of the administration of the compact, including enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact, its rules and bylaws, and other such duties as deemed necessary; 1 (ii) Recommending to the commission changes to the rules or 2 bylaws, changes to this compact legislation, fees charged to compact 3 member states, fees charged to licensees, and other fees;

4 (iii) Ensuring compact administration services are appropriately
5 provided, including by contract;

6 7 (iv) Preparing and recommending the budget;

(v) Maintaining financial records on behalf of the commission;

8 (vi) Monitoring compact compliance of member states and providing 9 compliance reports to the commission;

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(vii) Establishing additional committees as necessary;

11 (viii) Exercising the powers and duties of the commission during 12 the interim between commission meetings, except for adopting or 13 amending rules, adopting or amending bylaws, and exercising any other 14 powers and duties expressly reserved to the commission by rule or 15 bylaw; and

16 (ix) Performing other duties as provided in the rules or bylaws 17 of the commission.

(b) The executive committee shall be composed of up to ninemembers, as further set forth in the bylaws of the commission:

(i) Seven voting members who are elected by the commission fromthe current membership of the commission; and

22 (ii) Two ex officio, nonvoting members.

23 (c) The commission may remove any member of the executive 24 committee as provided in the commission's bylaws.

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(d) The executive committee shall meet at least annually.

(i) Executive committee meetings shall be open to the public,
except that the executive committee may meet in a closed, nonpublic
meeting as provided in subsection (6) (d) of this section;

(ii) The executive committee shall give advance notice of its
 meetings, posted on its website and as determined to provide notice
 to persons with an interest in the business of the commission; and

32 (iii) The executive committee may hold a special meeting in 33 accordance with subsection (6)(b) of this section.

34 (5) The commission shall adopt and provide to the member states 35 an annual report.

36 (6) Meetings of the commission.

37 (a) All meetings of the commission that are not closed pursuant 38 to (d) of this subsection shall be open to the public. Notice of 39 public meetings shall be posted on the commission's website at least 40 30 days prior to the public meeting. 1 (b) Notwithstanding (a) of this subsection, the commission may 2 convene an emergency public meeting by providing at least 24 hours 3 prior notice on the commission's website, and any other means as 4 provided in the commission's rules, for any of the reasons it may 5 dispense with notice of proposed rule making under section 9(7) of 6 this act. The commission's legal counsel shall certify that one of 7 the reasons justifying an emergency public meeting has been met.

8 (c) Notice of all commission meetings shall provide the time, 9 date, and location of the meeting, and if the meeting is to be held 10 or accessible via telecommunication, videoconference, or other 11 electronic means, the notice shall include the mechanism for access 12 to the meeting.

13 (d) The commission or the executive committee may convene in a 14 closed, nonpublic meeting for the commission or executive committee 15 to receive or solicit legal advice or to discuss:

16 (i) Noncompliance of a member state with its obligations under 17 the compact;

(ii) The employment, compensation, discipline, or other matters,
practices, or procedures related to specific employees;

20 (iii) Current or threatened discipline of a licensee or compact 21 privilege holder by the commission or by a member state's respiratory 22 therapy licensing authority;

23 (iv) Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;

24 (v) Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of 25 goods, services, or real estate;

26 (vi) Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any 27 person;

28 (vii) Trade secrets or commercial or financial information that 29 is privileged or confidential;

30 (viii) Information of a personal nature where disclosure would 31 constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

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(ix) Investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;

33 (x) Information related to any investigative reports prepared by 34 or on behalf of or for use of the commission or other committee 35 charged with responsibility of investigation or determination of 36 compliance issues pursuant to the compact;

37 (xi) Legal advice;

38 (xii) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or 39 member state law; or

40 (xiii) Other matters as promulgated by the commission by rule.

1 (e) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed, the 2 presiding officer shall state that the meeting will be closed and 3 reference each relevant exempting provision, and such reference shall 4 be recorded in the minutes.

5 (f) The commission shall keep minutes in accordance with 6 commission rules and bylaws. All documents considered in connection 7 with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and 8 documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to 9 release only by a majority vote of the commission or order of a court 10 of competent jurisdiction.

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(7) Financing of the commission.

12 (a) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the 13 reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing 14 activities.

15 (b) The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue 16 sources as provided herein.

17 (c) The commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment 18 from each member state and impose fees on licensees of member states 19 to whom it grants a compact privilege to cover the cost of the 20 operations and activities of the commission and its staff. The 21 aggregate annual assessment amount for member states, if any, shall 22 be allocated based upon a formula that the commission shall 23 promulgate by rule.

(d) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds or a loan adequate to meet the same; nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.

28 (e) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts 29 and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the financial review and accounting procedures 30 31 established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements 32 of funds handled by the commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by a certified or licensed public accountant, and 33 the report of the financial review shall be included in and become 34 part of the annual report of the commission. 35

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(8) Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.

37 (a) Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on the
 38 liability of any licensee for professional malpractice or misconduct,
 39 which shall be governed solely by any other applicable state laws.

1 (b) The member states, commissioners, officers, executive directors, employees, and agents of the commission shall be immune 2 from suit and liability, both personally and in their official 3 capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal 4 injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any 5 6 actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for 7 believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, 8 or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this subsection shall 9 10 be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or 11 12 willful or wanton misconduct of that person. The procurement of insurance of any type by the commission shall not in any way 13 compromise or limit the immunity granted hereunder. 14

15 (c) The commission shall defend any commissioner, officer, executive director, employee, and agent of the commission in any 16 17 civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of 18 19 commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or as determined by the commission that the person against whom the claim is made had 20 a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of 21 commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that 22 23 nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining their own counsel at their own expense; and provided 24 25 further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not 26 result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton 27 misconduct.

28 (d) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any commissioner, member, officer, executive director, employee, and 29 agent of the commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment 30 31 obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged 32 act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a 33 34 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the 35 actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the 36 37 intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

38 (e) Nothing in this compact shall be interpreted to waive or 39 otherwise abrogate a member state's state action immunity or state 40 action affirmative defense with respect to antitrust claims under the

Sherman act, Clayton act, or any other state or federal antitrust or
 anticompetitive law or regulation.

3 (f) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of 4 sovereign immunity by the member states or by the commission.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. DATA SYSTEMS. (1) The commission shall 6 provide for the development, maintenance, operation, and utilization 7 of a coordinated database and reporting system containing licensure, 8 adverse action, and the presence of significant investigative 9 information.

10 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the 11 contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the data 12 system as required by the rules of the commission including, but not 13 limited to:

14 (a) Identifying information;

15 (b) Licensure data;

16 (c) Adverse actions against a licensee, license applicant, or 17 compact privilege holder and information related thereto;

(d) Nonconfidential information related to alternative program participation, the beginning and ending dates of such participation, and other information related to such participation not made confidential under member state law;

(e) Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s)
for such denial;

24 (f) The presence of current significant investigative 25 information; and

26 (g) Other information that may facilitate the administration of 27 this compact or the protection of the public, as determined by the 28 rules of the commission.

(3) No member state shall submit any information which constitutes criminal history record information, as defined by applicable federal law, to the data system established hereunder.

32 (4) The records and information provided to a member state 33 pursuant to this compact or through the data system, when certified 34 by the commission or an agent thereof, shall constitute the 35 authenticated business records of the commission, and shall be 36 entitled to any associated hearsay exception in any relevant 37 judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceedings in a member 38 state. 1 (5) Significant investigative information pertaining to a 2 licensee in any member state will only be available to other member 3 states.

4 (6) It is the responsibility of the member states to report any
5 adverse action against a licensee and to monitor the database to
6 determine whether adverse action has been taken against a licensee.
7 Adverse action information pertaining to a licensee in any member
8 state will be available to any other member state.

9 (7) Member states contributing information to the data system may 10 designate information that may not be shared with the public without 11 the express permission of the contributing state.

12 (8) Any information submitted to the data system that is 13 subsequently expunged pursuant to federal law or the laws of the 14 member state contributing the information shall be removed from the 15 data system.

Sec. 9. RULE MAKING. (1) The commission shall 16 NEW SECTION. promulgate reasonable rules in order to effectively and efficiently 17 18 implement and administer the purposes and provisions of the compact. A rule shall be invalid and have no force or effect only if a court 19 20 of competent jurisdiction holds that the rule is invalid because the commission exercised its rule-making authority in a manner that is 21 22 beyond the scope and purposes of the compact, or the powers granted hereunder, or based upon another applicable standard of review. 23

(2) For purposes of the compact, the rules of the commissionshall have the force of law in each member state.

(3) The commission shall exercise its rule-making powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this section and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules shall become binding as of the date specified in each rule.

30 (4) If a majority of the legislatures of the member states 31 rejects a rule or portion of a rule, by enactment of a statute or 32 resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact within four 33 years of the date of adoption of the rule, then such rule shall have 34 no further force and effect in any member state.

35 (5) Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the 36 commission.

(6) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall
 hold a public hearing and allow persons to provide oral and written
 comments, data, facts, opinions, and arguments.

1 (7) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule by the commission, and 2 at least 30 days in advance of the meeting at which the commission 3 will hold a public hearing on the proposed rule, the commission shall 4 provide a notice of proposed rule making:

5 (a) On the website of the commission or other publicly accessible6 platform;

7 (b) To persons who have requested notice of the commission's 8 notices of proposed rule making; and

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(c) In such other way(s) as the commission may by rule specify.

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(8) The notice of proposed rule making shall include:

(a) The time, date, and location of the public hearing at which the commission will hear public comments on the proposed rule and, if different, the time, date, and location of the meeting where the commission will consider and vote on the proposed rule;

15 (b) If the hearing is held via telecommunication, 16 videoconference, or other electronic means, the mechanism for access 17 to the hearing in the notice of proposed rule making;

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(c) The text of the proposed rule and the reason therefor;

19 (d) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any 20 interested person; and

21 (e) The manner in which interested persons may submit written 22 comments.

(9) All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording and
all written comments and documents received by the commission in
response to the proposed rule shall be available to the public.

(10) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this section.

(11) The commission shall, by majority vote of all commissioners,
 take final action on the proposed rule based on the rule-making
 record and the full text of the rule.

32 (a) The commission may adopt changes to the proposed rule 33 provided the changes are consistent with the original purpose of the 34 proposed rule.

35 (b) The commission shall provide an explanation of the reasons 36 for substantive changes made to the proposed rule as well as reasons 37 for substantive changes not made that were recommended by commenters.

38 (c) The commission shall determine a reasonable effective date 39 for the rule. Except for an emergency as provided in subsection (12) 40 of this section, the effective date of the rule shall be no sooner 1 than 30 days after issuing the notice that it adopted or amended the 2 rule.

(12) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission 3 may consider and adopt an emergency rule with 24 hours' notice, and 4 with opportunity to comment, provided that the usual rule-making 5 6 procedures provided in the compact and in this section shall be 7 retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than 90 days after the effective date of the rule. For 8 the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one that must be 9 adopted immediately in order to: 10

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(a) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;

(b) Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds;

13 (c) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of a rule that is 14 established by federal law or rule; or

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(d) Protect public health and safety.

16 (13) The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule for purposes of 17 18 correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in 19 consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the commission. The revision shall 20 be subject to challenge by any person for a period of 30 days after 21 posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the 22 23 revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to the commission prior to the end of 24 25 the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the 26 revision may not take effect without the approval of the commission. 27

28 (14)(a) No member state's rule-making process or procedural 29 requirements shall apply to the commission.

30 (b) The commission shall have no authority over any member 31 state's rule-making process or procedural requirements that do not 32 pertain to the compact.

(15) Nothing in this compact, nor any rule or regulation of the commission, shall be construed to limit, restrict, or in any way reduce the ability of a member state to enact and enforce laws, regulations, or other rules related to the practice of respiratory therapy in that state, where those laws, regulations, or other rules are not inconsistent with the provisions of this compact. 1NEW SECTION.Sec. 10.OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND2ENFORCEMENT. (1) Oversight.

3 (a) The executive and judicial branches of state government in
4 each member state shall enforce this compact and take all actions
5 necessary and appropriate to implement the compact.

6 (b) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of 7 competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission 8 is The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional 9 located. defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in 10 11 alternative dispute resolution proceedings. Nothing herein shall 12 affect or limit the selection or propriety of venue in any action against a licensee for professional malpractice, misconduct, or any 13 such similar matter. 14

15 (c) The commission shall be entitled to receive service of 16 process in any proceeding regarding the enforcement or interpretation 17 of the compact and shall have standing to intervene in such a 18 proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide the commission 19 service of process shall render a judgment or order void as to the 20 commission, this compact, or promulgated rules.

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(2) Default, technical assistance, and termination.

(a) If the commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact or the promulgated rules, the commission shall provide written notice to the defaulting state. The notice of default shall describe the default, the proposed means of curing the default, and any other action that the commission may take, and shall offer training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

(b) The commission shall provide a copy of the notice of defaultto the other member states.

31 (3) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the 32 defaulting state may be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the commissioners of the member 33 states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred on that 34 state by this compact may be terminated on the effective date of 35 36 termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of 37 default. 38

39 (4) Termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed 40 only after all other means of securing compliance have been

exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, the defaulting state's respiratory therapy licensing authority, and each of the member states' respiratory therapy licensing authorities.

6 (5) A state that has been terminated is responsible for all 7 assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the 8 effective date of termination, including obligations that extend 9 beyond the effective date of termination, if necessary.

10 (6) Upon the termination of a state's membership from this 11 compact, that state shall immediately provide notice to all licensees 12 and compact privilege holders (of which the commission has a record) 13 within that state of such termination. The terminated state shall 14 continue to recognize all licenses granted pursuant to this compact 15 for a minimum of 180 days after the date of said notice of 16 termination.

17 (7) The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state 18 that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from the 19 compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the 20 defaulting state.

(8) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the United States district court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

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(9) Dispute resolution.

(a) Upon request by a member state, the commission shall attempt
 to resolve disputes related to the compact that arise among member
 states and between member and nonmember states.

30 (b) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both 31 mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes, as 32 appropriate.

33 (10) Enforcement.

(a) By majority vote, as may be further provided by rule, the commission may initiate legal action against a member state in default in the United States district court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its promulgated rules. A member state by enactment of this compact consents to venue and jurisdiction in such court for the 1 purposes set forth herein. The relief sought may include both 2 injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is 3 necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such 4 litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees. The remedies herein 5 shall not be the exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission 6 may pursue any other remedies available under federal or the 7 defaulting member state's law.

(b) A member state may initiate legal action against the 8 commission in the United States district court for the District of 9 Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its 10 11 principal offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the 12 compact and its promulgated rules. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is 13 14 necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees. 15

16 (c) No person other than a member state shall enforce this 17 compact against the commission.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATE, WITHDRAWAL, AND 19 AMENDMENT. (1) The compact shall come into effect on the date on 20 which the compact statute is enacted into law in the seventh member 21 state ("effective date").

(a) On or after the effective date of the compact, the commission shall convene and review the enactment of each of the first seven member states ("charter member states") to determine if the statute enacted by each such charter member state is materially different than the model compact.

(i) A charter member state whose enactment is found to be materially different from the model compact shall be entitled to the default process set forth in section 10 of this act.

30 (ii) If any member state is later found to be in default, or is 31 terminated or withdraws from the compact, the commission shall remain 32 in existence and the compact shall remain in effect even if the 33 number of member states should be less than seven.

34 (b) Member states enacting the compact subsequent to the seven 35 initial charter member states shall be subject to the process set 36 forth herein and commission rule to determine if their enactments are 37 materially different from the model compact and whether they qualify 38 for participation in the compact.

(c) All actions taken for the benefit of the commission or in 1 furtherance of the purposes of the administration of the compact 2 prior to the effective date of the compact or the commission coming 3 into existence shall be considered to be actions of the commission 4 unless specifically repudiated by the commission. The commission 5 6 shall own and have all rights to any intellectual property developed on behalf or in furtherance of the commission by individuals or 7 entities involved in organizing or establishing the commission, as 8 may be further set forth in rules of the commission. 9

10 (d) Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the 11 commission's initial adoption of the rules and bylaws shall be 12 subject to the rules and bylaws as they exist on the date on which 13 the compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been 14 previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and 15 effect of law on the date the compact becomes law in that state.

16 (2) Any member state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a 17 statute repealing the same.

(a) A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until 180days after enactment of the repealing statute.

20 (b) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the 21 withdrawing state's respiratory therapy licensing authority to comply 22 with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of 23 this compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal.

24 (c) Upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing from this 25 compact, a state shall immediately provide notice of such withdrawal 26 to all licensees and compact privilege holders (of which the 27 commission has a record) within that state. Notwithstanding any subsequent statutory enactment to the contrary, such withdrawing 28 state shall continue to recognize all licenses granted pursuant to 29 this compact for a minimum of 180 days after the date of such notice 30 31 of withdrawal.

32 (3) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to 33 invalidate or prevent any licensure agreement or other cooperative 34 arrangement between a member state and a nonmember state that does 35 not conflict with the provisions of this compact.

36 (4) This compact may be amended by the member states. No 37 amendment to this compact shall become effective and binding upon any 38 member state until it is enacted into the laws of all member states. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY. (1) This compact and the commission's rule-making authority shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes and the implementation and administration of the compact. Provisions of the compact expressly authorizing or requiring the promulgation of rules shall not be construed to limit the commission's rule-making authority solely for those purposes.

(2) The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any 8 phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is held by a 9 court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the constitution of 10 11 any member state, a state seeking participation in the compact, or of 12 the United States, or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional by a 13 14 court of competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any other government, 15 16 agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

17 Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this (3) section, the commission may deny a state's participation in the compact or, in 18 accordance with the requirements of section 10 of this act, terminate 19 20 a member state's participation in the compact, if it determines that a constitutional requirement of a member state is a material 21 departure from the compact. Otherwise, if this compact shall be held 22 to be contrary to the constitution of any member state, the compact 23 24 shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining member 25 states and in full force and effect as to the member state affected 26 as to all severable matters.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. CONSISTENT EFFECT AND CONFLICT WITH OTHER 28 STATE LAWS. (1) Nothing herein shall prevent or inhibit the 29 enforcement of any other law of a member state that is not 30 inconsistent with the compact.

31 (2) Any laws, statutes, regulations, or other legal requirements 32 in a member state in conflict with the compact are superseded to the 33 extent of the conflict, including any subsequently enacted state 34 laws.

(3) All permissible agreements between the commission and themember states are binding in accordance with their terms.

37 (4) Other than as expressly set forth herein, nothing in this38 compact will impact initial licensure.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. Sections 1 through 13 of this act 2 constitute a new chapter in Title 18 RCW.

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