HOUSE BILL 1448

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Representatives Gregerson, Farivar, Parshley, Doglio, Obras, Mena, Fosse, Scott, Salahuddin, Bernbaum, Pollet, Ramel, Nance, Walen, Reeves, and Hill

1 AN ACT Relating to increasing representation and voter 2 local elections; amending participation in RCW 29A.60.221, 3 29A.52.112, 29A.52.220, 29A.24.010, 36.32.040, 36.32.050, 35A.12.040, 28A.343.320, 29A.04.410, 29A.12.080, and 29A.36.121; reenacting and 4 5 amending RCW 29A.36.170; adding a new section to chapter 29A.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29A.04 RCW; adding a new section to 6 7 chapter 52.14 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 53.12 RCW; 8 creating new sections; repealing RCW 29A.04.127; and providing an 9 expiration date.

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

11 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that jurisdictions 12 throughout the state have been discussing adopting ranked choice voting to elect their officials, with some jurisdictions exploring 13 14 the concept through resolutions and proposed charter amendments, 15 plaintiffs in Yakima county requesting it as a remedy under the 16 Washington voting rights act in July 2020, and Seattle voters having 17 already chosen it in November 2022. Without legislative guidance, 18 however, local governments and courts considering ranked choice 19 voting must independently develop their own unique methodology to 20 implement it.

1 The legislature wishes to ensure that state law provides 2 consistent and clear rules governing the use of ranked choice voting 3 in Washington. The legislature therefore intends for this act to 4 provide baseline definitions and legal requirements for ranked choice 5 voting elections throughout the state.

6 The legislature further intends to create a work group to aid the secretary of state in developing effective rules and implementation 7 materials for local governments that enact ranked choice voting 8 through popular vote, by action of their governing body, or as a 9 remedy under the Washington voting rights act. The work group will 10 also develop high quality voter education standards and support 11 materials to aid in the implementation of ranked choice voting 12 throughout the state. 13

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 29A.52
15 RCW to read as follows:

16 (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this 17 section, a county, city, town, school district, fire district, or 18 port district may conduct its elections using ranked choice voting. A 19 county, city, town, school district, fire district, or port district 20 that adopts ranked choice voting may, but need not, use ranked choice 21 voting for all offices in an election.

(2) A city, town, school district, fire district, or port district that has voters in more than one county may conduct an election using ranked choice voting only if:

(a) Another city, town, or district that lies entirely within at
least two of the counties in which the city, town, or district has
voters uses ranked choice voting; or

(b) A court orders the use of ranked choice voting as provided inthis section as a remedy under RCW 29A.92.110.

30 (3) Ranked choice voting may not be used in an election for an31 office for which two or fewer candidates are competing.

32 (4) An election using ranked choice voting must meet the 33 following requirements:

(a) The county auditor shall design the ballot to allow a voter
 to rank the candidates for a particular office in order of
 preference, including one write-in candidate;

37 (b) The county auditor must allow a voter to rank at least five 38 candidates per office. The secretary of state may adopt rules that 39 determine the maximum number of candidates per office that a voter is

1 allowed to rank on a ballot in order to accommodate technical 2 limitations from voting systems and ensure compatibility with all 3 ballot formats;

4 (c) A voter does not need to rank the maximum number of 5 candidates. The county auditor shall count a ballot regardless of how 6 many candidates the voter has ranked. The county auditor shall not 7 count votes for rankings made by a voter that are greater than the 8 maximum number of rankings allowed for each office;

9 (d) If a voter skips one or more numbers in ranking candidates, 10 or ranks an invalid write-in candidate, the county auditor shall 11 count any votes after the skipped number for the voter's next-highest 12 ranked candidates as if the voter had not skipped the number;

(e) If a voter provides the same number ranking to more than one candidate, the county auditor may not count that vote ranking for any candidate and may not count a vote for any subsequent number ranking for that office;

17 (f) The election must be one of two types of ranked choice voting elections. If the election is a single-winner contest, including an 18 election in which multiple positions with the same name, district 19 number, or title are dealt with as separate offices, the winner of 20 21 each contest must be determined using the instant runoff voting 22 method, as defined in this section and further provided in secretary 23 of state rules. If the election is a multiwinner contest in which the positions are not dealt with as separate offices, the winners must be 24 25 determined using the single transferable vote method, as defined in 26 this section and further provided in secretary of state rules;

(g) If the requisite number of officers have not been elected, or selected to continue to further rounds of vote tabulation, by reason of two or more persons having an equal and highest number of votes for the same office, the official empowered by state law to issue the original certificate of election shall resolve the tie as provided in RCW 29A.60.221.

33 (5) A county, city, town, or district that conducts a general 34 election for a single-winner contest using ranked choice voting must 35 hold a primary to winnow candidates for the election to a final list 36 of five candidates. The primary is not conducted using ranked choice 37 voting. Voters in the primary may vote for one candidate, and the top 38 five candidates will be certified as qualified to appear on the 39 general election ballot. A county, city, town, or district that conducts a general election for a multiwinner contest using ranked
 choice voting may not hold a primary.

3 (6) A county, city, town, or district that adopts ranked choice 4 voting must consult with its county auditor to determine the date 5 when ranked choice voting will be implemented, which must be within 6 two years following its adoption, unless a specific implementation 7 date is provided in a court order directing a jurisdiction to use 8 ranked choice voting as a remedy under RCW 29A.92.110.

9 (7) The county auditor whose county encompasses a county, city, 10 town, or district that adopts ranked choice voting is responsible for 11 the implementation of the system. If a city, town, or district has 12 voters in two or more counties, each county auditor in which the 13 city, town, or district has voters is responsible for its 14 implementation.

15 (8) The secretary of state, before May 1, 2026, and in 16 consultation with the ranked choice voting work group created in 17 section 15 of this act, shall adopt rules to administer this section. 18 The secretary's rules must address, at minimum:

(a) Procedures for administering an election that includes voters in more than one county as provided in subsection (2) of this section; and

(b) Procedures for tabulating votes under the instant runoff voting method and single transferable vote method as provided in subsection (4) of this section.

(9) The secretary of state shall develop educational materials for the public and provide training for county auditors to implement ranked choice voting in accordance with the work group recommendations described in section 15 of this act.

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(10) As used in this section:

30 (a) "Ranked choice voting" means a method of counting votes in 31 which votes are tabulated based on a voter's ranking of candidates in 32 order of preference as provided in this section.

33 (b) "Instant runoff voting method" means a method of counting 34 votes in which ballots are counted in rounds and the candidate 35 receiving the fewest number of votes is eliminated, continuing until 36 one candidate receives a majority of all votes counted in that round 37 and is declared the winner.

38 (c) "Single transferable vote method" means a method of counting 39 votes in which: (i) A winning threshold is calculated based on the number of
 votes cast and the number of seats to be filled, plus one;

(ii) Ballots are counted in rounds, and at the end of each round 3 any candidate who receives enough votes to pass the winning threshold 4 is declared elected. Any votes received by that candidate in excess 5 6 of the threshold to win are transferred to other candidates. After all such votes have been transferred so that no candidate has votes 7 exceeding the winning threshold, the candidate with the least number 8 of votes is eliminated, and their votes are transferred to other 9 candidates in the next round; and 10

(iii) The counting process stops when the number of elected candidates equals the number of seats to be filled, or the number of candidates remaining equals the number of seats not yet filled by an elected candidate.

(11) This section does not apply to any jurisdiction that, on the effective date of this section, uses ranked choice voting for one or more offices.

18 Sec. 3. RCW 29A.60.221 and 2004 c 271 s 176 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 (1) If the requisite number of any federal, state, county, city, or district offices have not been nominated in a primary by reason of 21 two or more persons having an equal and requisite number of votes for 22 23 being placed on the general election ballot, the official empowered 24 by state law to certify candidates for the general election ballot 25 shall give notice to the several persons so having the equal and requisite number of votes to attend at the appropriate office at the 26 time designated by that official, who shall then and there proceed 27 publicly to decide by lot which of those persons will be declared 28 nominated and placed on the general election ballot. 29

30 (2) If the requisite number of any federal, state, county, city, district, or precinct officers have not been elected by reason of two 31 or more persons having an equal and highest number of votes for one 32 and the same office, the official empowered by state law to issue the 33 original certificate of election shall give notice to the several 34 35 persons so having the highest and equal number of votes to attend at the appropriate office at the time to be appointed by that official, 36 who shall then and there proceed publicly to decide by lot which of 37 38 those persons will be declared duly elected, and the official shall

1 make out and deliver to the person thus duly declared elected a 2 certificate of election.

3 (3) For a tie occurring at any point in the counting process of 4 an election conducted using ranked choice voting as provided in 5 section 2 of this act, the official empowered by state law to certify 6 candidates for the general election ballot shall resolve the tie 7 using the lot method described in this section. If the tie occurs 8 before the final round of counting, the tie must be resolved as 9 expeditiously as possible.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 29A.04 11 RCW to read as follows:

"Primary" or "primary election" means a procedure for winnowing 12 13 candidates for public office to a final list of two as part of a special or general election, or to a final list of five in a county, 14 15 city, town, or district election that uses ranked choice voting as provided in section 2 of this act. Each voter has the right to cast a 16 17 vote for any candidate for each office without any limitation based on party preference or affiliation, of either the voter or the 18 candidate. 19

20 Sec. 5. RCW 29A.36.170 and 2013 c 143 s 1 and 2013 c 11 s 45 are 21 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

For any office for which a primary was held, only the names of 22 23 the top two candidates will appear on the general election ballot unless the election will be conducted using ranked choice voting as 24 provided in section 2 of this act, in which case only the names of 25 26 the top five candidates will appear on the general election ballot; 27 the name of the candidate who received the greatest number of votes will appear first and the candidate who received the next greatest 28 29 number of votes will appear second. No candidate's name may be 30 printed on the subsequent general election ballot unless he or she receives at least one percent of the total votes cast for that office 31 at the preceding primary, if a primary was conducted. On the ballot 32 at the general election for an office for which no primary was held, 33 the names of the candidates shall be listed in the order determined 34 pursuant to RCW 29A.36.131. 35

36 Sec. 6. RCW 29A.52.112 and 2014 c 7 s 1 are each amended to read 37 as follows: (1) A primary is a first stage in the public process by which
 voters elect candidates to public office.

3 (2) Whenever candidates for a partisan office are to be elected, 4 the general election must be preceded by a primary conducted under 5 this chapter, unless the general election is a multiwinner contest 6 using ranked choice voting as provided in section 2 of this act.

7 <u>(3)</u> Based upon votes cast at the primary, the top two candidates, 8 or the top five candidates in a primary for a single-winner general 9 election conducted using ranked choice voting as provided in section 10 <u>2 of this act</u>, will be certified as qualified to appear on the 11 general election ballot((, unless only one candidate qualifies as 12 provided in RCW 29A.36.170)).

13 (((3))) (4) No primary may be held for any single county partisan 14 office to fill an unexpired term if, after the last day allowed for 15 candidates to withdraw, only one candidate has filed for the 16 position.

17 (((4))) (5) For partisan office, if a candidate has expressed a 18 party preference on the declaration of candidacy, then that 19 preference will be shown after the name of the candidate on the 20 primary and general election ballots as set forth in rules of the 21 secretary of state. A candidate may choose to express no party 22 preference. Any party preferences are shown for the information of 23 voters only and may in no way limit the options available to voters.

24 Sec. 7. RCW 29A.52.220 and 2013 c 195 s 1 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

(1) No primary may be held for any single position in any nonpartisan office if, after the last day allowed for candidates to withdraw, there are no more than two candidates filed for the position. The county auditor shall as soon as possible notify all the candidates so affected that the office for which they filed will not appear on the primary ballot.

32 (2) No primary may be held for <u>an office in a county, city, town,</u>
 33 <u>or district that is conducting a multiwinner general election using</u>
 34 <u>ranked choice voting as provided in section 2 of this act.</u>

35 <u>(3) No primary may be held for</u> the office of commissioner of a 36 park and recreation district or for the office of cemetery district 37 commissioner.

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(((3))) (4) Names of candidates for offices that do not appear on
 the primary ballot shall be printed upon the general election ballot
 in the manner specified by RCW 29A.36.131.

4 Sec. 8. RCW 29A.24.010 and 2003 c 111 s 601 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 <u>(1)</u> Not less than thirty days before the first day for filing 7 declarations of candidacy under RCW 29A.24.050 for legislative, 8 judicial, county, city, town, or district office, where more than one 9 position with the same name, district number, or title will be voted 10 upon at the succeeding election, the filing officer shall designate 11 the positions to be filled by number, except as provided in 12 <u>subsection (3) of this section</u>.

13 (2) The positions so designated shall be dealt with as separate 14 offices for all election purposes. With the exception of the office 15 of justice of the supreme court, the position numbers shall be 16 assigned, whenever possible, to reflect the position numbers that 17 were used to designate the same positions at the last full-term 18 election for those offices.

19 <u>(3) In an election conducted using ranked choice voting as</u> 20 provided in section 2 of this act in which there is more than one 21 position with the same name, district number, or title, the county, 22 city, town, or district shall choose whether the filing officer will 23 designate the positions to be filled by number and deal with 24 positions as separate offices.

25 Sec. 9. RCW 36.32.040 and 2018 c 113 s 205 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the qualified electors of each county commissioner district, and they only, shall nominate from among their own number, candidates for the office of county commissioner of such commissioner district to be voted for at the following general election. Such candidates shall be nominated in the same manner as candidates for other county and district offices are nominated in all other respects.

34 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, where 35 the commissioners of a county composed entirely of islands with a 36 population of less than thirty-five thousand have chosen to divide 37 the county into unequal-sized commissioner districts pursuant to the 38 exception provided in RCW 36.32.020, the qualified electors of the

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1 entire county shall nominate from among their own number who reside 2 within a commissioner district, candidates for the office of county 3 commissioner of such commissioner district to be voted for at the 4 following general election. Such candidates shall be nominated in the 5 same manner as candidates for other county offices are nominated in 6 all other respects.

7 (3) <u>A county may conduct an election for county commissioners</u>
8 <u>using ranked choice voting as defined in section 2 of this act.</u>

9 <u>(4)</u> The commissioners of any county may authorize a change to 10 their electoral system pursuant to RCW 29A.92.040.

11 Sec. 10. RCW 36.32.050 and 2018 c 301 s 7 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

(1) Except as provided otherwise in subsection (2) of this section or this chapter, county commissioners shall be elected by the qualified voters of the county and the person receiving the highest number of votes for the office of commissioner for the district in which he or she resides shall be declared duly elected from that district.

(2) Beginning in 2022, in any noncharter county with a population of four hundred thousand or more, county commissioners must be nominated and elected by the qualified electors of the commissioner district in which he or she resides. The person receiving the highest number of votes at a general election for the office of commissioner for the district in which he or she resides must be declared duly elected from that district.

26 <u>(3) A county may conduct an election for county commissioners</u>
27 using ranked choice voting as provided in section 2 of this act.

28 (a) A county that deals with commissioner positions as separate 29 offices and adopts ranked choice voting using the instant runoff 30 voting method as provided in section 2 of this act shall hold a 31 primary to winnow the list of candidates in the district to five.

32 (b) A county that chooses not to deal with commissioner positions 33 as separate offices and instead adopts ranked choice voting in a 34 multiwinner contest using the single transferable vote method as 35 provided in section 2 of this act may not hold a primary for those 36 positions.

37 Sec. 11. RCW 35A.12.040 and 2015 c 53 s 52 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

1 (1) Officers shall be elected at biennial municipal elections to be conducted as provided in chapter 35A.29 RCW. The mayor and the 2 councilmembers shall be elected for four-year terms of office and 3 until their successors are elected and qualified and assume office in 4 accordance with RCW 29A.60.280. At any first election upon 5 6 reorganization, councilmembers shall be elected as provided in RCW 35A.02.050. Thereafter the requisite number of councilmembers shall 7 be elected biennially as the terms of their predecessors expire and 8 shall serve for terms of four years. ((The)) Except as provided in 9 subsection (2) of this section, the positions to be filled on the 10 city council shall be designated by consecutive numbers and shall be 11 12 dealt with as separate offices for all election purposes. Election to positions on the council shall be by majority vote from the city at 13 large, unless provision is made by charter or ordinance for election 14 by wards. The mayor and councilmembers shall qualify by taking an 15 16 oath or affirmation of office and as may be provided by law, charter, 17 or ordinance.

18 (2) If a city or town uses ranked choice voting as provided in 19 section 2 of this act, the city or town shall choose whether the 20 council positions to be filled will be designated by number and dealt 21 with as separate offices.

22 Sec. 12. RCW 28A.343.320 and 2015 c 53 s 11 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

24 <u>(1)</u> Candidates for the position of school director shall file 25 their declarations of candidacy as provided in Title 29A RCW.

((The)) (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, 26 27 the positions of school directors in each district shall be dealt with as separate offices for all election purposes, and where more 28 than one position is to be filled, each candidate shall file for one 29 30 of the positions so designated: PROVIDED, That in school districts 31 containing director districts, or a combination of director districts and director at large positions, candidates shall file for such 32 director districts or at large positions. Position numbers shall be 33 assigned to correspond to director district numbers to the extent 34 35 possible.

36 (3) If the school board uses ranked choice voting as provided in 37 section 2 of this act, the school board shall choose whether to deal 38 with the positions of school directors as separate offices for 39 elections purposes. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 52.14
 RCW to read as follows:

A board of fire commissioners may conduct an election for fire commissioner using ranked choice voting as provided in section 2 of this act.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 53.12 7 RCW to read as follows:

8 A port commission may conduct an election for port commissioner 9 using ranked choice voting as provided in section 2 of this act.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. (1) A ranked choice voting work group is 11 created.

12 (2) The work group shall consist of:

13 (a) A member from the association of Washington cities, chosen by14 the association;

15 (b) A member from the Washington state association of county 16 auditors, chosen by the association; and

(c) A member from an organization with expertise in ranked choice voting. The governor shall solicit applications and choose the organization for the work group. The organization shall choose its member for the work group.

(3) The work group shall advise and aid the secretary of state in drafting rules to implement this act, as provided in section 2 of this act.

24 (4) The work group shall advise and aid the secretary of state in developing implementation and support materials for local governments 25 26 that choose to enact ranked choice voting as provided in section 2 of 27 this act. These materials must be informed by known best practices for ranked choice voting, such as best practices for ballot design, 28 29 voter education, and election results reporting. Examples of support materials that may be developed by the work group include: Sample 30 ballots; formats and timelines for reporting election results; and 31 poll worker trainings. When developing such materials, the work group 32 may consult similar materials developed by other jurisdictions that 33 34 have previously implemented ranked choice voting.

35 (5) The work group shall also develop voter education materials 36 for local governments that choose to enact ranked choice voting as 37 provided in section 2 of this act. Examples of support materials that 38 may be developed by the work group include: Voter education

1 materials, such as flyers, brochures, video explainers, and graphics; 2 candidate trainings; media trainings; and poll worker trainings. 3 These materials must be developed by May 1, 2026.

(6) In carrying out its duties under subsection (5) of this 4 section, the work group must consult with and provide meaningful 5 6 opportunity for input from academics and other scholars of elections, 7 association of Washington cities, the Washington state the association of counties, voting rights and election reform 8 organizations, organizations representing traditionally 9 underrepresented communities in Washington, tribes, and community 10 11 stakeholders.

12 (7) The work group must provide a report to the appropriate 13 committees of the legislature by June 1, 2026, detailing its 14 activities and recommendations.

15 (8) This section expires December 1, 2026.

16 Sec. 16. RCW 29A.04.410 and 2020 c 337 s 1 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

18 <u>(1)</u> Every county, city, town, and district, and the state is 19 liable for its proportionate share of the costs when such elections 20 are held in conjunction with other elections held under RCW 21 29A.04.321 and 29A.04.330, except as provided in subsection (2) of 22 this section.

23 (2) The costs of implementing a ranked choice voting election, as 24 provided in section 2 of this act, borne by a county must be 25 apportioned under this section to the jurisdiction using ranked 26 choice voting. Implementation costs that must be apportioned under 27 this subsection include the costs associated with:

28 (a) Obtaining, upgrading, or developing any tabulation system
29 components necessary for ranked choice voting, including hardware and
30 software;

31 (b) The use or maintenance of any tabulation system components 32 necessary for ranked choice voting;

33 (c) Hiring, training, and maintaining employees or other 34 personnel needed to conduct ranked choice voting elections; and

35 (d) Voter education and outreach associated with ranked choice 36 voting.

37 <u>(3)</u> Whenever any county, city, town, or district, or the state 38 holds any primary or election, general or special, on an isolated date, all costs of such elections must be borne by the county, city,
 town, or district concerned, or the state as appropriate.

3 <u>(4)</u> The purpose of this section is to clearly establish that the 4 county is not responsible for any costs involved in the holding of 5 any city, town, district, state, or federal election.

6 (5) In recovering such election expenses, including a reasonable 7 proration of administrative costs, the county auditor shall certify the cost to the county treasurer with a copy to the clerk or auditor 8 of the city, town, or district concerned, or the secretary of state 9 as appropriate. Upon receipt of such certification relating to a 10 11 city, town, or district, the county treasurer shall make the transfer 12 from any available and appropriate city, town, or district funds to the county current expense fund or to the county election reserve 13 fund if such a fund is established. Each city, town, or district must 14 be promptly notified by the county treasurer whenever such transfer 15 16 has been completed. However, in those districts wherein a treasurer, 17 other than the county treasurer, has been appointed such transfer procedure does not apply, but the district shall promptly issue its 18 warrant for payment of election costs. State and federal offices are 19 to be considered one entity for purposes of election cost proration 20 21 and reimbursement.

22 Sec. 17. RCW 29A.12.080 and 2013 c 11 s 22 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

No <u>voting system or</u> voting device shall be approved by the secretary of state unless it:

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(1) Secures to the voter secrecy in the act of voting;

(2) Permits the voter to vote for any person for any office andupon any measure that he or she has the right to vote for;

(3) Correctly registers all votes cast for any and all personsand for or against any and all measures;

31 (4) Provides that a vote for more than one candidate cannot be 32 cast by one single operation of the voting device or vote tally 33 system except when voting for president and vice president of the 34 United States <u>or in an election using ranked choice voting</u>; and

35 (5) ((Except for functions or capabilities unique to this state, 36 has)) Has been tested and certified by an independent testing 37 authority designated by the United States election assistance 38 commission, except:

(a) For functions or capabilities unique to this state; or

1 (b) For stand-alone components of voting systems that have been 2 tested by an independent testing authority designated by the United 3 States election assistance commission but that cannot be officially 4 "certified" because the authority can certify only complete voting 5 systems.

6 Sec. 18. RCW 29A.36.121 and 2013 c 11 s 42 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

(1) The positions or offices on a primary consolidated ballot 8 9 shall be arranged in substantially the following order: United States 10 senator; United States representative; governor; lieutenant governor; 11 secretary of state; state treasurer; state auditor; attorney general; commissioner of public lands; superintendent of public instruction; 12 insurance commissioner; state senator; state representative; county 13 officers; justices of the supreme court; judges of the court of 14 appeals; judges of the superior court; and judges of the district 15 16 court. ((For)) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, for all other jurisdictions on the primary ballot, the offices in 17 18 each jurisdiction shall be grouped together and be in the order of the position numbers assigned to those offices, if any. 19

20 (2) The order of the positions or offices on a general election 21 ballot shall be substantially the same as on a primary ballot except 22 that state ballot issues must be placed before all offices. The offices of president and vice president of the United States shall 23 24 precede all other offices on a presidential election ballot. The positions on a ballot to be assigned to ballot measures regarding 25 local units of government shall be established by the secretary of 26 27 state by rule.

(3) All offices that are elected using ranked choice voting as 28 29 provided in section 2 of this act must be grouped together, appearing consecutively and in an order consistent with subsections (1) and (2) 30 31 of this section. The county auditor may, in the auditor's discretion, place the grouping of offices elected using ranked choice voting at 32 any place on the ballot, except that the grouping of offices may not 33 be placed before any office that is required to come before it under 34 subsections (1) and (2) of this section. 35

 NEW SECTION.
 Sec. 19.
 RCW 29A.04.127 (Primary) and 2005 c 2 s 5

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 & 2003 c 111 s 122 are each repealed.

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