
HOUSE BILL 1619

State of Washington

67th Legislature

2022 Regular Session

By Representatives Fitzgibbon, Hackney, Ryu, Berry, Wicks, Duerr, and Ramel

Prefiled 12/08/21.

1 AN ACT Relating to appliance efficiency standards; amending RCW
2 19.260.030, 19.260.040, and 19.260.050; reenacting and amending RCW
3 19.260.020 and 19.260.020; providing an effective date; and providing
4 an expiration date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 19.260.020 and 2019 c 286 s 2 are each reenacted and
7 amended to read as follows:

8 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter
9 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

10 (1) "Air compressor" means a compressor designed to compress air
11 that has an inlet open to the atmosphere or other source of air and
12 is made up of a compression element (bare compressor), a driver or
13 drivers, mechanical equipment to drive the compressor element, and
14 any ancillary equipment.

15 (2) "ANSI" means the American national standards institute.

16 (3) "Bottle-type water dispenser" means a water dispenser that
17 uses a bottle or reservoir as the source of potable water.

18 (4) "Commercial dishwasher" means a machine designed to clean and
19 sanitize plates, pots, pans, glasses, cups, bowls, utensils, and
20 trays by applying sprays of detergent solution, with or without
21 blasting media granules, and a sanitizing rinse.

1 (5) "Commercial fryer" means an appliance, including a cooking
2 vessel, in which oil is placed to such a depth that the cooking food
3 is supported by displacement of the cooking fluid rather than by the
4 bottom of the vessel. Heat is delivered to the cooking fluid by means
5 of an immersed electric element of band-wrapped vessel (electric
6 fryers) or by heat transfer from gas burners through either the walls
7 of the fryer or through tubes passing through the cooking fluid (gas
8 fryers).

9 (6) "Commercial hot food holding cabinet" means a heated, fully
10 enclosed compartment, with one or more solid or partial glass doors,
11 that is designed to maintain the temperature of hot food that has
12 been cooked in a separate appliance. "Commercial hot food holding
13 cabinet" does not include heated glass merchandising cabinets, drawer
14 warmers, or cook and hold appliances.

15 (7) "Commercial steam cooker" means a device with one or more
16 food-steaming compartments in which the energy in the steam is
17 transferred to the food by direct contact. Models may include
18 countertop models, wall-mounted models, and floor models mounted on a
19 stand, pedestal, or cabinet-style base.

20 (8) "Compensation" means money or any other valuable thing,
21 regardless of form, received or to be received by a person for
22 services rendered.

23 (9) "Compressor" means a machine or apparatus that converts
24 different types of energy into the potential energy of gas pressure
25 for displacement and compression of gaseous media to any higher-
26 pressure values above atmospheric pressure and has a pressure ratio
27 at full-load operating pressure greater than 1.3.

28 (10) "Cook and hold appliance" means a multiple mode appliance
29 intended for cooking food that may be used to hold the temperature of
30 the food that has been cooked in the same appliance.

31 (11) "CTA" means the consumer technology association.

32 (12) "Department" means the department of commerce.

33 (13) "Drawer warmer" means an appliance that consists of one or
34 more heated drawers and that is designed to hold hot food that has
35 been cooked in a separate appliance at a specified temperature.

36 (14) "Electric storage water heater" means a consumer product
37 that uses electricity as the energy source to heat domestic potable
38 water, has a nameplate input rating of twelve kilowatts or less,
39 contains nominally forty gallons but no more than one hundred twenty
40 gallons of rated hot water storage volume, and supplies a maximum hot

1 water delivery temperature less than one hundred eighty degrees
2 Fahrenheit.

3 (15) "General service lamp" has the same meaning as set forth in
4 the action published at 82 Fed. Reg. 7276, 7321-22 (January 19, 2017)
5 and modified by the action published at 82 Fed. Reg. 7322, 7333
6 (January 19, 2017).

7 (16) "Heated glass merchandising cabinet" means an appliance with
8 a heated cabinet constructed of glass or clear plastic doors which,
9 with seventy percent or more clear area, is designed to display and
10 maintain the temperature of hot food that has been cooked in a
11 separate appliance.

12 (17) "High color rendering index fluorescent lamp" or "high CRI
13 fluorescent lamp" means a fluorescent lamp with a color rendering
14 index of eighty-seven or greater that is not a compact fluorescent
15 lamp.

16 (18) "Hot water dispenser" means a small electric water heater
17 that has a measured storage volume of no greater than one gallon.

18 (19) "Mini-tank electric water heater" means a small electric
19 water heater that has a measured storage volume of more than one
20 gallon and a rated storage volume of less than twenty gallons.

21 (20) "Point-of-use water dispenser" means a water dispenser that
22 uses a pressurized water utility connection as the source of potable
23 water.

24 (21) "Portable air conditioner" means a portable encased
25 assembly, other than a packaged terminal air conditioner, room air
26 conditioner, or dehumidifier, that delivers cooled, conditioned air
27 to an enclosed space, and is powered by single-phase electric
28 current. It includes a source of refrigeration and may include
29 additional means for air circulation and heating and may be a single-
30 duct or a dual-duct portable air conditioner.

31 (22) "Portable electric spa" means a factory-built electric spa
32 or hot tub, which may or may not include any combination of integral
33 controls, water heating, or water circulating equipment.

34 (23) "Pressure regulator" means a device that maintains constant
35 operating pressure immediately downstream from the device, given
36 higher pressure upstream.

37 (~~(24) ("Residential pool pump" means a pump used to circulate and
38 filter pool water in order to maintain clarity and sanitation.~~

39 (~~25~~)) "Residential ventilating fan" means a ceiling, wall-
40 mounted, or remotely mounted in-line fan designed to be used in a

1 bathroom or utility room whose purpose is to move objectionable air
2 from inside the building to the outdoors.

3 ~~((26))~~ (25) "Signage display" means an analog or digital device
4 designed primarily for the display for computer-generated signals
5 that is not marketed for use as a computer monitor or a television.

6 ~~((27))~~ (26) "Spray sprinkler body" means the exterior case or
7 shell of a sprinkler incorporating a means of connection to the
8 piping system designed to convey water to a nozzle or orifice.

9 ~~((28) "Uninterruptible power supply" means a battery charger
10 consisting of a number of convertors, switches, and energy storage
11 devices such as batteries, constituting a power system for
12 maintaining continuity of load power in case of input power failure.~~

13 ~~(29))~~ (27) "Water cooler" means a freestanding device that
14 consumes energy to cool or heat potable water, including cold only
15 units, hot and cold units, cook and cold units, storage-type units,
16 and on-demand units.

17 (28) "Air purifier," also known as "room air cleaner," means an
18 electric, cord-connected, portable appliance with the primary
19 function of removing particulate matter from the air and that can be
20 moved from room to room.

21 (29) "Commercial oven" means a chamber designed for heating,
22 roasting, or baking food by conduction, convection, radiation, or
23 electromagnetic energy, or any combination thereof.

24 (30) (a) "Electric vehicle supply equipment" means the conductors,
25 including the ungrounded, grounded, and equipment grounding
26 conductors, the electric vehicle connectors, attachment plugs, and
27 all other fittings, devices, power outlets, or apparatuses installed
28 specifically for the purpose of delivering energy from the premises
29 wiring to the electric vehicle. Charging cords with NEMA 5-15P and
30 NEMA 5-20P attachment plugs are considered electric vehicle supply
31 equipment.

32 (b) "Electric vehicle supply equipment" does not include the
33 conductors, connectors, and fittings that are part of a vehicle.

34 (31) "Industrial air purifier" means an indoor air cleaning
35 device manufactured, advertised, marketed, labeled, and used solely
36 for industrial use that is marketed solely through industrial supply
37 outlets or businesses and prominently labeled as "Solely for
38 industrial use. Potential health hazard: Emits ozone".

1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 19.260.020 and 2019 c 286 s 2 are each reenacted and
2 amended to read as follows:

3 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter
4 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

5 (1) "Air compressor" means a compressor designed to compress air
6 that has an inlet open to the atmosphere or other source of air and
7 is made up of a compression element (bare compressor), a driver or
8 drivers, mechanical equipment to drive the compressor element, and
9 any ancillary equipment.

10 (2) "ANSI" means the American national standards institute.

11 (3) "Bottle-type water dispenser" means a water dispenser that
12 uses a bottle or reservoir as the source of potable water.

13 (4) "Commercial dishwasher" means a machine designed to clean and
14 sanitize plates, pots, pans, glasses, cups, bowls, utensils, and
15 trays by applying sprays of detergent solution, with or without
16 blasting media granules, and a sanitizing rinse.

17 (5) "Commercial fryer" means an appliance, including a cooking
18 vessel, in which oil is placed to such a depth that the cooking food
19 is supported by displacement of the cooking fluid rather than by the
20 bottom of the vessel. Heat is delivered to the cooking fluid by means
21 of an immersed electric element of band-wrapped vessel (electric
22 fryers) or by heat transfer from gas burners through either the walls
23 of the fryer or through tubes passing through the cooking fluid (gas
24 fryers).

25 (6) "Commercial hot food holding cabinet" means a heated, fully
26 enclosed compartment, with one or more solid or partial glass doors,
27 that is designed to maintain the temperature of hot food that has
28 been cooked in a separate appliance. "Commercial hot food holding
29 cabinet" does not include heated glass merchandising cabinets, drawer
30 warmers, or cook and hold appliances.

31 (7) "Commercial steam cooker" means a device with one or more
32 food-steaming compartments in which the energy in the steam is
33 transferred to the food by direct contact. Models may include
34 countertop models, wall-mounted models, and floor models mounted on a
35 stand, pedestal, or cabinet-style base.

36 (8) "Compensation" means money or any other valuable thing,
37 regardless of form, received or to be received by a person for
38 services rendered.

39 (9) "Compressor" means a machine or apparatus that converts
40 different types of energy into the potential energy of gas pressure

1 for displacement and compression of gaseous media to any higher-
2 pressure values above atmospheric pressure and has a pressure ratio
3 at full-load operating pressure greater than 1.3.

4 (10) "Cook and hold appliance" means a multiple mode appliance
5 intended for cooking food that may be used to hold the temperature of
6 the food that has been cooked in the same appliance.

7 (11) "CTA" means the consumer technology association.

8 (12) "Department" means the department of commerce.

9 (13) "Drawer warmer" means an appliance that consists of one or
10 more heated drawers and that is designed to hold hot food that has
11 been cooked in a separate appliance at a specified temperature.

12 (14) "Electric storage water heater" means a consumer product
13 that uses electricity as the energy source to heat domestic potable
14 water, has a nameplate input rating of twelve kilowatts or less,
15 contains nominally forty gallons but no more than one hundred twenty
16 gallons of rated hot water storage volume, and supplies a maximum hot
17 water delivery temperature less than one hundred eighty degrees
18 Fahrenheit.

19 (15) "General service lamp" has the same meaning as set forth in
20 the action published at 82 Fed. Reg. 7276, 7321-22 (January 19, 2017)
21 and modified by the action published at 82 Fed. Reg. 7322, 7333
22 (January 19, 2017).

23 (16) "Heated glass merchandising cabinet" means an appliance with
24 a heated cabinet constructed of glass or clear plastic doors which,
25 with seventy percent or more clear area, is designed to display and
26 maintain the temperature of hot food that has been cooked in a
27 separate appliance.

28 (17) "High color rendering index fluorescent lamp" or "high CRI
29 fluorescent lamp" means a fluorescent lamp with a color rendering
30 index of eighty-seven or greater that is not a compact fluorescent
31 lamp.

32 (18) "Hot water dispenser" means a small electric water heater
33 that has a measured storage volume of no greater than one gallon.

34 (19) "Mini-tank electric water heater" means a small electric
35 water heater that has a measured storage volume of more than one
36 gallon and a rated storage volume of less than twenty gallons.

37 (20) "Point-of-use water dispenser" means a water dispenser that
38 uses a pressurized water utility connection as the source of potable
39 water.

1 (21) "Portable air conditioner" means a portable encased
2 assembly, other than a packaged terminal air conditioner, room air
3 conditioner, or dehumidifier, that delivers cooled, conditioned air
4 to an enclosed space, and is powered by single-phase electric
5 current. It includes a source of refrigeration and may include
6 additional means for air circulation and heating and may be a single-
7 duct or a dual-duct portable air conditioner.

8 (22) "Portable electric spa" means a factory-built electric spa
9 or hot tub, which may or may not include any combination of integral
10 controls, water heating, or water circulating equipment.

11 (23) "Pressure regulator" means a device that maintains constant
12 operating pressure immediately downstream from the device, given
13 higher pressure upstream.

14 ~~(24) ("Residential pool pump" means a pump used to circulate and
15 filter pool water in order to maintain clarity and sanitation.~~

16 ~~(25))~~ "Residential ventilating fan" means a ~~((ceiling, wall-
17 mounted, or remotely mounted in-line))~~ fan ~~((designed to be used in a
18 bathroom or utility room))~~ whose purpose is to ~~((move objectionable
19 air from inside the building to the outdoors))~~ actively supply air to
20 or remove air from the inside of a residence. A "residential
21 ventilating fan" may also be designed to filter incoming air.
22 "Residential ventilating fan" includes, but is not limited to:
23 Ceiling and wall-mounted fans, or remotely mounted in-line fans,
24 designed to be used in a bathroom or utility room; and supply fans
25 designed to provide air to the indoor space.

26 ~~((26))~~ (25) "Signage display" means an analog or digital device
27 designed primarily for the display for computer-generated signals
28 that is not marketed for use as a computer monitor or a television.

29 ~~((27))~~ (26) "Spray sprinkler body" means the exterior case or
30 shell of a sprinkler incorporating a means of connection to the
31 piping system designed to convey water to a nozzle or orifice.

32 ~~((28) "Uninterruptible power supply" means a battery charger
33 consisting of a number of convertors, switches, and energy storage
34 devices such as batteries, constituting a power system for
35 maintaining continuity of load power in case of input power failure.~~

36 ~~(29))~~ (27) "Water cooler" means a freestanding device that
37 consumes energy to cool or heat potable water, including cold only
38 units, hot and cold units, cook and cold units, storage-type units,
39 and on-demand units.

1 (28) "Air purifier," also known as "room air cleaner," means an
2 electric, cord-connected, portable appliance with the primary
3 function of removing particulate matter from the air and that can be
4 moved from room to room.

5 (29) "Commercial oven" means a chamber designed for heating,
6 roasting, or baking food by conduction, convection, radiation, or
7 electromagnetic energy, or any combination thereof.

8 (30)(a) "Electric vehicle supply equipment" means the conductors,
9 including the ungrounded, grounded, and equipment grounding
10 conductors, the electric vehicle connectors, attachment plugs, and
11 all other fittings, devices, power outlets, or apparatuses installed
12 specifically for the purpose of delivering energy from the premises
13 wiring to the electric vehicle. Charging cords with NEMA 5-15P and
14 NEMA 5-20P attachment plugs are considered electric vehicle supply
15 equipment.

16 (b) "Electric vehicle supply equipment" does not include the
17 conductors, connectors, and fittings that are part of a vehicle.

18 (31) "Industrial air purifier" means an indoor air cleaning
19 device manufactured, advertised, marketed, labeled, and used solely
20 for industrial use that is marketed solely through industrial supply
21 outlets or businesses and prominently labeled as "Solely for
22 industrial use. Potential health hazard: Emits ozone".

23 **Sec. 3.** RCW 19.260.030 and 2019 c 286 s 3 are each amended to
24 read as follows:

25 (1) This chapter applies to the following types of new products
26 sold, offered for sale, or installed in the state:

27 (a) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;

28 (b) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water
29 dispensers;

30 (c) ~~((Residential pool pumps and portable))~~ Portable electric
31 spas;

32 (d) Tub spout diverters;

33 (e) Commercial hot food holding cabinets;

34 (f) Air compressors;

35 (g) Commercial fryers, commercial dishwashers, and commercial
36 steam cookers;

37 (h) Computers and computer monitors;

38 (i) Faucets;

39 (j) High CRI fluorescent lamps;

- 1 (k) Portable air conditioners;
- 2 (l) Residential ventilating fans;
- 3 (m) Showerheads;
- 4 (n) Spray sprinkler bodies;
- 5 (o) ~~((Uninterruptible power supplies;~~
- 6 ~~(p)))~~ Urinals and water closets;
- 7 ~~((q)))~~ (p) Water coolers;
- 8 ~~((r)))~~ (q) General service lamps; ~~((and~~
- 9 ~~(s)))~~ (r) Electric storage water heaters;
- 10 (s) Air purifiers other than industrial air purifiers;
- 11 (t) Commercial ovens; and
- 12 (u) Electric vehicle supply equipment.

13 (2) This chapter applies equally to products whether they are
14 sold, offered for sale, or installed as stand-alone products or as
15 components of other products.

16 (3) This chapter does not apply to:

17 (a) New products manufactured in the state and sold outside the
18 state;

19 (b) New products manufactured outside the state and sold at
20 wholesale inside the state for final retail sale and installation
21 outside the state;

22 (c) Products installed in mobile manufactured homes at the time
23 of construction; or

24 (d) Products designed expressly for installation and use in
25 recreational vehicles.

26 **Sec. 4.** RCW 19.260.040 and 2019 c 286 s 4 are each amended to
27 read as follows:

28 Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, the minimum
29 efficiency standards specified in this section apply to the types of
30 new products set forth in RCW 19.260.030 as of the effective dates
31 set forth in RCW 19.260.050.

32 (1) The department may adopt by rule a more recent version of any
33 standard or test method established in this section, including any
34 product definition associated with the standard or test method, in
35 order to maintain or improve consistency with other comparable
36 standards in other states.

37 (2) (a) The standby energy consumption of bottle-type water
38 dispensers, and point-of-use water dispensers, dispensing both hot

1 and cold water, manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall not
2 exceed 1.2 kWh/day.

3 (b) The test method for water dispensers shall be the
4 environmental protection agency energy star program requirements for
5 bottled water coolers version 1.1.

6 (3) (a) The standby energy consumption of hot water dispensers and
7 mini-tank electric water heaters manufactured on or after January 1,
8 2010, shall be not greater than 35 watts.

9 (b) This subsection does not apply to any water heater:

10 (i) That is within the scope of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6292(a)(4) or
11 6311(1);

12 (ii) That has a rated storage volume of less than 20 gallons; and

13 (iii) For which there is no federal test method applicable to
14 that type of water heater.

15 (c) Hot water dispensers shall be tested in accordance with the
16 method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20,
17 section 1604 in effect as of July 26, 2009.

18 (d) Mini-tank electric water heaters shall be tested in
19 accordance with the method specified in the California Code of
20 Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of July 26, 2009.

21 (4) The following standards are established for (~~residential~~
22 ~~pool pumps and~~) portable electric spas:

23 (a) (~~Residential pool pumps manufactured on or after January 1,~~
24 ~~2010, and until July 18, 2021, must meet requirements specified in~~
25 ~~the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in~~
26 ~~effect as of July 26, 2009. Beginning July 19, 2021, residential pool~~
27 ~~pumps must meet requirements specified in the dedicated-purpose pool~~
28 ~~pump rule published by the United States department of energy on~~
29 ~~January 18, 2017, (82 Fed. Reg. 5650) and effective on May 18, 2017.~~

30 (~~(b) Through December 31, 2019, portable electric spas~~
31 ~~manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, must meet requirements~~
32 ~~specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section~~
33 ~~1605.3 in effect as of July 26, 2009.)) Beginning January 1, 2020,~~

34 portable electric spas must meet the requirements of the American
35 national standard for portable electric spa energy efficiency (ANSI/
36 APSP/ICC-14 2014). Beginning January 1, 2024, portable electric spas
37 must meet the requirements specified in the California code of
38 regulations, title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of January 1,
39 2022.

1 (~~(c) Through December 31, 2019, portable electric spas must be~~
2 ~~tested in accordance with the method specified in the California Code~~
3 ~~of Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of July 26,~~
4 ~~2009.)~~) (b) Beginning January 1, 2020, portable electric spas must be
5 tested in accordance with the method specified in the American
6 national standard for portable electric spa energy efficiency (ANSI/
7 APSP/ICC-14 2014). Beginning January 1, 2024, portable electric spas
8 must be tested in accordance with the method specified in the
9 California code of regulations, title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as
10 of January 1, 2022.

11 (5) (~~(a) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding~~
12 ~~cabinets manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall be no~~
13 ~~greater than 40 watts per cubic foot of measured interior volume.~~

14 ~~(b) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding cabinets~~
15 ~~shall be determined using ANSI/ASTM F2140-11 standard test method for~~
16 ~~the performance of hot food holding cabinets (test for idle energy~~
17 ~~rate dry test). Commercial hot food holding cabinet interior volume~~
18 ~~shall be calculated using straight line segments following the gross~~
19 ~~interior dimensions of the appliance and using the following~~
20 ~~equation: Interior height x interior width x interior depth. Interior~~
21 ~~volume shall not account for racks, air plenums, or other interior~~
22 ~~parts.)~~) Commercial hot food holding cabinets must meet the
23 qualification criteria of the energy star program requirements
24 product specification for commercial hot food holding cabinets,
25 version 2.0.

26 (6) Commercial dishwashers included in the scope of the
27 environmental protection agency energy star program product
28 specification for commercial dishwashers, version 2.0, must meet the
29 qualification criteria of that specification.

30 (7) Commercial fryers included in the scope of the environmental
31 protection agency energy star program product specification for
32 commercial fryers, version 2.0, must meet the qualification criteria
33 for that specification.

34 (8) Commercial steam cookers must meet the requirements of the
35 environmental protection agency energy star program product
36 specification for commercial steam cookers, version 1.2.

37 (9) Computers and computer monitors must meet the requirements in
38 the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3(v) as
39 adopted on May 10, 2017, and amended on November 8, 2017, as measured

1 the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in
2 effect as of January 1, 2018, as measured in accordance with the test
3 methods prescribed in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20,
4 section 1604 in effect as of January 1, 2018:

- 5 (a) Showerheads;
- 6 (b) Tub spout diverters;
- 7 (c) Showerhead tub spout diverter combinations;
- 8 (d) Lavatory faucets and replacement aerators;
- 9 (e) Kitchen faucets and replacement aerators;
- 10 (f) Public lavatory faucets and replacement aerators;
- 11 (g) Urinals; and
- 12 (h) Water closets.

13 ~~(16) ((Uninterruptible power supplies that utilize a NEMA 1-15P
14 or 5-15P input plug and have an AC output must have an average load
15 adjusted efficiency that meets or exceeds the values shown on page
16 193 of the prepublication final rule "Energy Conservation Program:
17 Energy Conservation Standards for Uninterruptible Power Supplies"
18 issued by the United States department of energy on December 28,
19 2016, as measured in accordance with test procedures prescribed in
20 Appendix Y to Subpart B of Part 430 of Title 10 of the Code of
21 Federal Regulations "Uniform Test Method for Measuring the Energy
22 Consumption of Battery Chargers" in effect as of January 11, 2017.~~

23 ~~(17))~~ Water coolers included in the scope of the environmental
24 protection agency energy star program product specification for water
25 coolers, version 2.0, must have an on mode with no water draw energy
26 consumption less than or equal to the following values as measured in
27 accordance with the test requirements of that program:

- 28 (a) 0.16 kilowatt-hours per day for cold-only units and cook and
29 cold units;
- 30 (b) 0.87 kilowatt-hours per day for storage type hot and cold
31 units; and
- 32 (c) 0.18 kilowatt-hours per day for on demand hot and cold units.

33 ~~((18))~~ (17) General service lamps must meet or exceed a lamp
34 efficacy of 45 lumens per watt, when tested in accordance with the
35 applicable federal test procedures for general service lamps
36 prescribed in 10 C.F.R. Sec. 430.23 in effect as of January 3, 2017.

37 (18) Air purifiers other than industrial air purifiers must meet
38 the qualification criteria of the environmental protection agency
39 energy star program product specification for room air cleaners,
40 version 2.0.

1 (19) Commercial ovens included in the scope of the energy star
2 program requirements product specification for commercial ovens,
3 version 2.2, must meet the qualification criteria of that
4 specification.

5 (20) Electric vehicle supply equipment included in the scope of
6 the energy star program requirements product specification for
7 electric vehicle supply equipment, version 1.1, must meet the
8 qualification criteria of that specification. Electric vehicle supply
9 equipment operated by electric vehicle service providers subject to
10 chapter 19.94 RCW is exempt from this requirement.

11 **Sec. 5.** RCW 19.260.050 and 2019 c 286 s 6 are each amended to
12 read as follows:

13 (1) The following products, if manufactured on or after January
14 1, 2010, may not be sold or offered in the state unless the
15 efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency
16 standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040:

- 17 (a) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;
- 18 (b) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water
19 dispensers;
- 20 (c) (~~Residential pool pumps and portable~~) Portable electric
21 spas;
- 22 (d) Tub spout diverters; and
- 23 (e) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.

24 (2) The following products, if manufactured on or after January
25 1, 2010, may not be installed for compensation in the state on or
26 after January 1, 2011, unless the efficiency of the new product meets
27 or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040:

- 28 (a) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;
- 29 (b) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water
30 dispensers;
- 31 (c) (~~Residential pool pumps and portable~~) Portable electric
32 spas;
- 33 (d) Tub spout diverters; and
- 34 (e) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.

35 (3) The following products, if manufactured on or after January
36 1, 2021, may not be sold or offered for sale, lease, or rent in the
37 state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the
38 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040:

- 39 (a) Commercial dishwashers;

- 1 (b) Commercial fryers;
- 2 (c) Commercial steam cookers;
- 3 (d) Computers or computer monitors;
- 4 (e) Faucets;
- 5 (f) Residential ventilating fans that meet the standard specified
- 6 in RCW 19.260.040(13)(a);
- 7 (g) Spray sprinkler bodies;
- 8 (h) Showerheads;
- 9 (i) ~~((Uninterruptible power supplies;~~
- 10 ~~(j)))~~ Urinals and water closets; and
- 11 ~~((k)))~~ (j) Water coolers.
- 12 (4) The following products, if manufactured on or after January
- 13 1, 2024, may not be sold or offered for sale, lease, or rent in the
- 14 state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the
- 15 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040:
- 16 (a) Air purifiers other than industrial air purifiers;
- 17 (b) Commercial ovens;
- 18 (c) Electric vehicle supply equipment; and
- 19 (d) Residential ventilating fans that meet the standard specified
- 20 in RCW 19.260.040(13)(b).
- 21 (5) Standards for the following products expire January 1, 2020:
- 22 (a) Hot water dispensers; and
- 23 (b) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water
- 24 dispensers.
- 25 ~~((5))~~ (6) A new air compressor manufactured on or after January
- 26 1, 2022, may not be sold or offered for sale in the state unless the
- 27 efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency
- 28 standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040.
- 29 ~~((6))~~ (7) A new portable air conditioner manufactured on or
- 30 after February 1, 2022, may not be sold or offered for sale in the
- 31 state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the
- 32 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040.
- 33 ~~((7))~~ (8) New general service lamps manufactured on or after
- 34 January 1, 2020, may not be sold or offered for sale in the state
- 35 unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the
- 36 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040.
- 37 ~~((8))~~ (9) No new high CRI fluorescent lamps may be sold or
- 38 offered for sale in the state after January 1, 2023, unless the
- 39 efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency
- 40 standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. The department may establish

1 by rule an earlier effective date, not before January 1, 2022, if the
2 state of California adopts a comparable standard with an effective
3 date before January 1, 2023.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** Section 1 of this act expires January 1,
5 2024.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** Section 2 of this act takes effect January
7 1, 2024.

8 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** If any provision of this act or its
9 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
10 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
11 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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