HOUSE BILL 2178

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By Representatives Goodman and Simmons

AN ACT Relating to establishing a pathway off lifetime community custody for individuals with sex offense convictions; amending RCW 9.94A.507 and 9.94A.670; and adding a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9.94A 7 RCW to read as follows:

8 (1) (a) Individuals who are recommended as risk level I upon their release from confinement by the end-of-sentence review committee 9 10 under RCW 72.09.345 shall be discharged from community custody five 11 years after their return to the community if they meet the 12 eligibility requirements and have not committed a disqualifying event. The department shall review the relevant records to determine 13 if the individual meets the eligibility criteria and process them off 14 15 community custody if the individual is eligible.

(b) If the department determines that an individual recommended as level I does not meet the criteria for relief from lifetime community custody, or can identify a specific safety concern, the department shall send the individual's case file to the board for review. The department may make a referral to the board for review of a level I at least 90 days prior to discharge from community custody if the department has reasonable grounds to believe the person poses
 a significant risk of sexual recidivism.

3 (2)(a) Individuals who are recommended as risk level II by the 4 end-of-sentence review committee upon their release from confinement 5 may be eligible for discharge from community custody 10 years after 6 their return to the community if they meet the eligibility 7 requirements and have not committed a disqualifying event.

8 (b) The board must review the file of an individual recommended 9 as level II, submitted by the department to the board, to determine 10 if the individual qualifies for relief from community custody and may 11 extend the period of supervision for good cause shown. A review 12 hearing must be held by the board at least 120 days prior to the end 13 of the supervision period.

(c) If a disqualifying event occurs within the last five years of the first 10 years from an individual's release from confinement, the individual will not be eligible for discharge from supervision for an additional three years after the initial 10 years in the community have concluded. A review hearing by the board must be held at least 120 days prior to the discharge from supervision date.

(3) (a) Individuals who are recommended as risk level III by the end-of-sentence review committee upon their release from confinement may be eligible for discharge from community custody 15 years after their return to the community if they meet the eligibility requirements and have not committed a disqualifying event.

(b) The board must review the file of an individual recommended as level III, submitted by the department to the board, to determine if the individual qualifies for relief from community custody and may extend the period of supervision for good cause shown. A review hearing must be held at least 120 days prior to the discharge from supervision date.

31 (c) If a disqualifying event occurs within the last five years of 32 the first 15 years from an individual's release from confinement, the 33 individual will not be eligible for discharge from supervision for an 34 additional five years after the initial 15 years in the community 35 have concluded. A review hearing by the board must be held at least 36 120 days prior to the discharge from supervision date.

37 (4) For the purposes of this section, "disqualifying event" 38 means:

39 (a) The individual has been found guilty of any serious and risk-40 relevant violation of the conditions of community custody, as

1 determined by the board at an on-site hearing. The department shall 2 adopt rules defining "serious violation";

3 (b) The individual has been convicted of any new felony offense 4 or any misdemeanor sex offense as defined in RCW 9A.44.128 or 5 9.94A.030;

6 (c) The individual has not completed all recommended treatment as 7 required in the judgment and sentence and board conditions. The board 8 may waive this condition if there is a finding the failure to 9 complete all recommended treatment resulted from the individual's 10 indigence;

11 (d) The individual has been found to be noncompliant with 12 conditions of supervision on a repeated basis as documented by the 13 department and referred to the board. These violations must be 14 addressed on a formal basis by the board prior to release from 15 community custody; or

16 (e) The individual has been assessed to be at significant risk 17 for sexual recidivism on an empirically validated department-approved 18 dynamic risk assessment completed within 120 days of eligibility for 19 discharge.

(5) By December 1, 2024, and every December 1st of each year thereafter, and in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, the department shall submit a report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature that details the following:

24 (a) The number of individuals eligible for discharge from25 lifetime supervision;

26 (b) The number of individuals granted discharge from lifetime 27 supervision; and

(c) The number of individuals who, after discharge from lifetime supervision, are investigated for a recent overt act as defined by RCW 71.09.020 or new sex offense as defined by RCW 9A.44.128 or 9.94A.030.

32 Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.507 and 2008 c 231 s 33 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

34 (1) An offender who is not a persistent offender shall be35 sentenced under this section if the offender:

36 (a) Is convicted of:

(i) Rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape ofa child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree,

1 rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by 2 forcible compulsion;

3 (ii) Any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual 4 motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, 5 homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the 6 second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second 7 degree, assault of a child in the first degree, assault of a child in 8 the second degree, or burglary in the first degree; or

9 (iii) An attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection 10 (1)(a); or

(b) Has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(((31)(b))) <u>(37)</u>, and is convicted of any sex offense other than failure to register.

14 (2) An offender convicted of rape of a child in the first or 15 second degree or child molestation in the first degree who was 16 seventeen years of age or younger at the time of the offense shall 17 not be sentenced under this section.

(3) (a) Upon a finding that the offender is subject to sentencing
under this section, the court shall impose a sentence to a maximum
term and a minimum term.

(b) The maximum term shall consist of the statutory maximum sentence for the offense.

(c) (i) Except as provided in (c) (ii) of this subsection, the minimum term shall be either within the standard sentence range for the offense, or outside the standard sentence range pursuant to RCW 9.94A.535, if the offender is otherwise eligible for such a sentence.

(ii) If the offense that caused the offender to be sentenced 27 under this section was rape of a child in the first degree, rape of a 28 29 child in the second degree, or child molestation in the first degree, and there has been a finding that the offense was predatory under RCW 30 31 9.94A.836, the minimum term shall be either the maximum of the 32 standard sentence range for the offense or twenty-five years, whichever is greater. If the offense that caused the offender to be 33 sentenced under this section was rape in the first degree, rape in 34 the second degree, indecent liberties by forcible compulsion, or 35 36 kidnapping in the first degree with sexual motivation, and there has been a finding that the victim was under the age of fifteen at the 37 time of the offense under RCW 9.94A.837, the minimum term shall be 38 39 either the maximum of the standard sentence range for the offense or twenty-five years, whichever is greater. If the offense that caused 40

1 the offender to be sentenced under this section is rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree with forcible compulsion, indecent 2 liberties with forcible compulsion, or kidnapping in the first degree 3 with sexual motivation, and there has been a finding under RCW 4 9.94A.838 that the victim was, at the time of the offense, 5 6 developmentally disabled, mentally disordered, or a frail elder or vulnerable adult, the minimum sentence shall be either the maximum of 7 the standard sentence range for the offense or twenty-five years, 8 whichever is greater. 9

10 (d) The minimum terms in (c)(ii) of this subsection do not apply 11 to a juvenile tried as an adult pursuant to RCW 13.04.030(1)(e) (i) 12 or (v). The minimum term for such a juvenile shall be imposed under 13 (c)(i) of this subsection.

14 (4) A person sentenced under subsection (3) of this section shall 15 serve the sentence in a facility or institution operated, or utilized 16 under contract, by the state.

17 (5) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the 18 department under this section, the court shall, in addition to the 19 other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community 20 custody under the supervision of the department and the authority of 21 the board for any period of time the person is released from total 22 confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence.

(6) (a) As part of any sentence under this section, the court
shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed
by the board under RCW 9.95.420 through 9.95.435.

(b) An offender released by the board under RCW 9.95.420 is 26 subject to the supervision of the department until the expiration of 27 the maximum term of the sentence, or as authorized by section 1 of 28 29 this act. The department shall monitor the offender's compliance with conditions of community custody imposed by the court, department, or 30 31 board, and promptly report any violations to the board. Any violation 32 of conditions of community custody established or modified by the board are subject to the provisions of RCW 9.95.425 through 9.95.440. 33

34 Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.670 and 2009 c 28 s 9 are each amended to read 35 as follows:

36 (1) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the 37 definitions in this subsection apply to this section only.

38 (a) "Sex offender treatment provider" or "treatment provider"39 means a certified sex offender treatment provider or a certified

1 affiliate sex offender treatment provider as defined in RCW
2 18.155.020.

3 (b) "Substantial bodily harm" means bodily injury that involves a 4 temporary but substantial disfigurement, or that causes a temporary 5 but substantial loss or impairment of the function of any body part 6 or organ, or that causes a fracture of any body part or organ.

7 (c) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 8 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 9 a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or 10 guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or 11 guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

12 (2) An offender is eligible for the special sex offender 13 sentencing alternative if:

(a) The offender has been convicted of a sex offense other than a 14 violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious 15 16 violent offense. If the conviction results from a guilty plea, the 17 offender must, as part of his or her plea of guilty, voluntarily and affirmatively admit he or she committed all of the elements of the 18 crime to which the offender is pleading guilty. This alternative is 19 not available to offenders who plead guilty to the offense charged 20 21 under North Carolina v. Alford, 400 U.S. 25, 91 S.Ct. 160, 27 L.Ed.2d 162 (1970) and State v. Newton, 87 Wash.2d 363, 552 P.2d 682 (1976); 22

(b) The offender has no prior convictions for a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state;

26 (c) The offender has no prior adult convictions for a violent 27 offense that was committed within five years of the date the current 28 offense was committed;

29 (d) The offense did not result in substantial bodily harm to the 30 victim;

31 (e) The offender had an established relationship with, or 32 connection to, the victim such that the sole connection with the 33 victim was not the commission of the crime; and

34 (f) The offender's standard sentence range for the offense 35 includes the possibility of confinement for less than eleven years.

36 (3) If the court finds the offender is eligible for this 37 alternative, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state 38 or the offender, may order an examination to determine whether the 39 offender is amenable to treatment.

1 (a) The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the 2 following:

3 (i) The offender's version of the facts and the official version4 of the facts;

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(ii) The offender's offense history;

6 (iii) An assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant 7 behaviors;

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(iv) The offender's social and employment situation; and

(v) Other evaluation measures used.

10 The report shall set forth the sources of the examiner's 11 information.

(b) The examiner shall assess and report regarding the offender's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

16 (i) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;

17 (ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 18 description of planned treatment modalities;

19 (iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding 20 living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family 21 members and others;

22 (iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and

(v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions and affirmative conditions, which must include, to the extent known, an identification of specific activities or behaviors that are precursors to the offender's offense cycle, including, but not limited to, activities or behaviors such as viewing or listening to pornography or use of alcohol or controlled substances.

(c) The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The examiner shall be selected by the party making the motion. The offender shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

35 (4) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider 36 whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this 37 alternative, consider whether the alternative is too lenient in light 38 of the extent and circumstances of the offense, consider whether the 39 offender has victims in addition to the victim of the offense, 40 consider whether the offender is amenable to treatment, consider the

1 risk the offender would present to the community, to the victim, or to persons of similar age and circumstances as the victim, and 2 consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a 3 treatment disposition under this section. The court shall give great 4 weight to the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a 5 6 treatment disposition under this section. If the sentence imposed is contrary to the victim's opinion, the court shall enter written 7 findings stating its reasons for imposing the treatment disposition. 8 The fact that the offender admits to his or her offense does not, by 9 itself, constitute amenability to treatment. If the court determines 10 that this alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a 11 sentence or, pursuant to RCW 9.94A.507, a minimum term of sentence, 12 within the standard sentence range. If the sentence imposed is less 13 14 than eleven years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence as provided in this section. 15

16 (5) As conditions of the suspended sentence, the court must 17 impose the following:

(a) A term of confinement of up to twelve months or the maximum 18 19 term within the standard range, whichever is less. The court may order the offender to serve a term of confinement greater than twelve 20 21 months or the maximum term within the standard range based on the 22 presence of an aggravating circumstance listed in RCW 9.94A.535(3). 23 In no case shall the term of confinement exceed the statutory maximum sentence for the offense. The court may order the offender to serve 24 25 all or part of his or her term of confinement in partial confinement. An offender sentenced to a term of confinement under this subsection 26 is not eligible for earned release under RCW 9.92.151 or 9.94A.728. 27

28 (b) A term of community custody equal to the length of the 29 suspended sentence, ((the length of the maximum term imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.507,)) or three years, whichever is greater, and require 30 31 the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department under RCW 9.94A.703. <u>A supervision termination hearing shall be</u> 32 scheduled with the sentencing court within the last 60 days of the 33 34 presumed expiration of community custody to determine if the individual should be released from community custody. 35

36 (c) Treatment for any period up to five years in duration. The 37 court, in its discretion, shall order outpatient sex offender 38 treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A 39 community mental health center may not be used for such treatment 40 unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender

treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court. If any party or the court objects to a proposed change, the offender shall not change providers or conditions without court approval after a hearing.

7 (d) Specific prohibitions and affirmative conditions relating to 8 the known precursor activities or behaviors identified in the 9 proposed treatment plan under subsection (3)(b)(v) of this section or 10 identified in an annual review under subsection (8)(b) of this 11 section.

12 (6) As conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose 13 one or more of the following:

14 (a) Crime-related prohibitions;

15 (b) Require the offender to devote time to a specific employment 16 or occupation;

(c) Require the offender to remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

20 (d) Require the offender to report as directed to the court and a 21 community corrections officer;

(e) Require the offender to pay all court-ordered legal financialobligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030;

24 (f) Require the offender to perform community restitution work; 25 or

26 (g) Require the offender to reimburse the victim for the cost of 27 any counseling required as a result of the offender's crime.

(7) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment.

(8) (a) The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the offender's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, offender's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the offender's relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at sentencing.

38 (b) The court shall conduct a hearing on the offender's progress 39 in treatment at least once a year. At least fourteen days prior to 40 the hearing, notice of the hearing shall be given to the victim. The

victim shall be given the opportunity to make statements to the court regarding the offender's supervision and treatment. At the hearing, the court may modify conditions of community custody including, but not limited to, crime-related prohibitions and affirmative conditions relating to activities and behaviors identified as part of, or relating to precursor activities and behaviors in, the offender's offense cycle or revoke the suspended sentence.

(9) At least fourteen days prior to the treatment termination 8 hearing, notice of the hearing shall be given to the victim. The 9 victim shall be given the opportunity to make statements to the court 10 11 regarding the offender's supervision and treatment. Prior to the 12 treatment termination hearing, the treatment provider and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and 13 parties regarding the offender's compliance with treatment and 14 monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination 15 16 from treatment, including proposed community custody conditions. The 17 court may order an evaluation regarding the advisability of 18 termination from treatment by a sex offender treatment provider who may not be the same person who treated the offender under subsection 19 (5) of this section or any person who employs, is employed by, or 20 21 shares profits with the person who treated the offender under subsection (5) of this section unless the court has entered written 22 23 findings that such evaluation is in the best interest of the victim and that a successful evaluation of the offender would otherwise be 24 25 impractical. The offender shall pay the cost of the evaluation. At 26 the treatment termination hearing the court may: (a) Modifv conditions of community custody, and either (b) terminate treatment, 27 28 or (c) extend treatment in two-year increments for up to the 29 remaining period of community custody.

(10) (a) If a violation of conditions other than a second 30 31 violation of the prohibitions or affirmative conditions relating to 32 precursor behaviors or activities imposed under subsection (5)(d) or (8) (b) of this section occurs during community custody, the 33 department shall either impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 34 9.94A.633(1) or refer the violation to the court and recommend 35 revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in subsections 36 (7) and (9) of this section. 37

38 (b) If a second violation of the prohibitions or affirmative 39 conditions relating to precursor behaviors or activities imposed 40 under subsection (5)(d) or (8)(b) of this section occurs during

1 community custody, the department shall refer the violation to the 2 court and recommend revocation of the suspended sentence as provided 3 in subsection (11) of this section.

4 (11) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time 5 during the period of community custody and order execution of the 6 sentence if: (a) The offender violates the conditions of the 7 suspended sentence, or (b) the court finds that the offender is 8 failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement 9 time served during the period of community custody shall be credited 10 to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

(12) If the offender violates a requirement of the sentence that is not a condition of the suspended sentence pursuant to subsection (5) or (6) of this section, the department may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 9.94A.633(1).

(13) The offender's sex offender treatment provider may not be 15 16 the same person who examined the offender under subsection (3) of this section or any person who employs, is employed by, or shares 17 profits with the person who examined the offender under subsection 18 (3) of this section, unless the court has entered written findings 19 that such treatment is in the best interests of the victim and that 20 successful treatment of the offender would otherwise be impractical. 21 22 Examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by certified sex offender treatment providers or 23 certified affiliate sex offender treatment providers under chapter 24 25 18.155 RCW unless the court finds that:

(a) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to
 move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the
 certification requirements; or

(b) (i) No certified sex offender treatment providers or certified affiliate sex offender treatment providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and

33 (ii) The evaluation and treatment plan comply with this section 34 and the rules adopted by the department of health.

(14) If the offender is less than eighteen years of age when the charge is filed, the state shall pay for the cost of initial evaluation and treatment.

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