H-3735.1

13

14 15

16

17

## HOUSE BILL 2356

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

By Representatives Vick, Harris, and Hoff Prefiled 01/10/20.

- AN ACT Relating to reducing barriers to professional licensure 1 for individuals with previous criminal convictions; adding a new
- 3 chapter to Title 18 RCW; and providing an effective date.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: 4
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds that individuals 5 6 with prior criminal convictions, upon completing the terms of one's 7 sentence, have paid their debt to society, and should be given the opportunity to be regular and productive members of society by 8 seeking gainful employment. Recognizing the perils recidivism poses 9 10 to the individual, families, public safety, and general well-being, 11 the legislature should prioritize that removal of these barriers 12 which prevent these individuals from entering the workforce.
  - (2) It is the intent of the legislature to provide a reliable process for individuals with past criminal convictions to apply for a professional license, and to not be prevented from obtaining a professional license due to a prior criminal conviction which does not directly relate to the applicable profession, business, or trade.
- 18 Sec. 2. (1) An individual who has a criminal NEW SECTION. conviction may submit to the appropriate licensing authority a 19 20 preliminary application for a professional license, government

HB 2356 p. 1

- certification, or state recognition of the individual's personal qualifications for a determination as to whether the individual's criminal conviction would disqualify the individual from obtaining the occupational or professional license, government certification, or state recognition of the individual's personal qualifications from that licensing authority. The preliminary application may be submitted at any time, including prior to obtaining required education or paying any fee, other than the fee for the preliminary application under subsection (7) of this section.
  - (2) The preliminary application may include additional information about the individual's current circumstances, including the time since the offense, completion of the criminal sentence, other evidence of rehabilitation, testimonials, employment history, and employment aspirations.

- (3) Upon receipt of a preliminary application under subsection (2) of this section and a fee if required under subsection (7) of this section, the appropriate licensing authority shall make a determination of whether the individual's criminal conviction would disqualify the individual from obtaining a professional license, government certification, or state recognition of the individual's personal qualifications from that licensing authority.
- (4) The licensing authority shall issue its determination in writing within six months after receiving a preliminary application under subsection (2) of this section. If the licensing authority determines that the individual's criminal conviction would disqualify the individual, the licensing authority will provide a determination that includes findings of fact and conclusions of law and may advise the individual of any action the individual may take to remedy the disqualification. If the licensing authority finds that the individual has been convicted of a subsequent criminal conviction, or that the individual has failed to disclose a conviction, the licensing authority may rescind a determination upon finding that the subsequent criminal conviction would be disqualifying under subsection (3) of this section.
- (5) The individual may appeal the determination of the licensing authority. The appeal shall be in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (6) An individual whose preliminary application has been disqualified shall not file another preliminary application under this section with the same licensing authority within two years after the final decision on the previous preliminary application, except

p. 2 HB 2356

- that if the individual has taken action to remedy the disqualification as advised by the licensing board. If such action has been taken, the individual may file another preliminary application under this section with the same licensing authority six months after the final decision on the previous preliminary application.
- 7 (7) A licensing authority may charge a fee not to exceed one 8 hundred dollars for each preliminary application filed pursuant to 9 this section. The fee is intended to offset the administrative costs 10 incurred under this section.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** An individual's criminal conviction may not disqualify the individual from obtaining the professional 12 license, government certification, or state recognition of the 13 individual's personal qualifications in any instance where the 14 15 individual has requested and received a certificate of restoration of 16 opportunity under RCW 9.97.020. The appropriate licensing authority may disqualify the individual if it determines the individual's 17 18 criminal conviction is related to the occupation or profession.
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** This act takes effect July 1, 2021.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Sections 1 through 3 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 18 RCW.

--- END ---

p. 3 HB 2356