HOUSE BILL 2413

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

By Representative Fitzgibbon; by request of Department of Natural Resources

1 AN ACT Relating to funding for wildfire prevention and 2 preparedness activities; amending RCW 48.14.040; adding new sections 3 to chapter 76.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.02 RCW; 4 creating new sections; prescribing penalties; and providing an 5 expiration date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that the risk of catastrophic wildfire has significantly increased in recent years due 8 in large part to a forest health crisis that exists in the state of 9 10 Washington. In 2018, more than forty percent of wildfires occurred in western Washington, in 2019, over thirty percent of wildfires were 11 12 west of the Cascade mountains, and more than two million acres have 13 burned in the last five years alone. Communities in every corner of 14 the state have felt the impact of these wildfires, either through 15 direct loss of property or from the smoke resulting from wildfires 16 that poses a serious risk to the health of vulnerable populations and 17 the general public. Additionally, there are vulnerable populations, 18 as identified in RCW 19.405.020, that face greater barriers to a 19 healthy environment because of cumulative environmental hazards.

20 (2) The legislature finds that as a result of the wildfire and 21 forest health crisis, it is necessary to dedicate resources in all 1 areas of the state to restore our forests to health and to more 2 effectively respond to wildfires in order to better protect the 3 health and safety of children, families, communities, and our most 4 vulnerable populations from the effects of catastrophic wildfires.

(3) It is the intent of the legislature to take immediate action 5 6 to increase the resources required to implement the state's "20-year eastern forest health strategy," "10-year wildland fire protection 7 strategy," and "forest action plan" including, but not limited to, 8 restoring one million two hundred fifty thousand acres of diseased 9 and dying forestland, providing resources to local fire service 10 districts, adding additional wildland firefighters, enhancing and 11 12 improving the capability to attack wildfires with air resources, and providing communities and vulnerable populations with the resources 13 14 to prepare for wildfire.

(4) The legislature intends that these investments protect the 15 16 state economy, environment, and people. Funding dedicated to 17 implement the state's "20-year eastern forest health strategy," the "10-year wildland fire protection strategy," and the "forest action 18 plan" will promote reductions in fire frequency and intensity, 19 improve the state's ability to immediately and aggressively respond 20 to wildfires, reduce wildfire damage to real and personal property, 21 lessen postfire recovery costs and economic impacts, mitigate health 22 costs of asthma and other respiratory ailments due to wildfire smoke, 23 and provide investments for populations vulnerable to and impacted by 24 25 wildfire.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 76.04 27 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The wildfire prevention and preparedness account is created
 in the state treasury. All receipts identified in this section must
 be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only
 after appropriation.

32 (2) The moneys collected by the surcharge imposed under section 3
 33 of this act must be deposited in the account and appropriated for the
 34 following priorities:

35 (a) Funding fire preparedness activities consistent with the 36 goals contained in the "10-year wildland fire protection strategy" 37 including, but not limited to, funding for full-time firefighters and 38 investments in ground and aerial firefighting equipment and 39 technology; 1 (b) Fire prevention activities consistent with the "20-year eastern forest health strategy," the "10-year wildland fire 2 protection strategy," and the "forest action plan" including, but not 3 limited to, the national fire protection association's firewise USA 4 and the fire-adapted communities network programs to help communities 5 6 take action before, during, and after wildfires. If necessary or 7 advisable, the department may develop rules for the programs authorized under this subsection (2)(b); 8

(c) Activities to restore and improve forest health and reduce 9 vulnerability to drought, insect infestation, disease, and other 10 11 threats to healthy forests. These activities include forest management, such as thinning and use of prescribed fire, postfire 12 recovery activities, such as reforestation, and research and design 13 with respect to cross-laminate timber and other emerging products and 14 markets for those products. Funding priority must be given to 15 16 programs, activities, or projects aligned with the "20-year eastern 17 forest health strategy," the "10-year wildland fire protection strategy," and the "forest action plan" prioritized pursuant to RCW 18 19 76.06.200 and 79.10.530 across any combination of local, state, federal, tribal, and private ownerships; 20

(d) Funding of fire prevention, preparedness, or recovery activities for other state agencies consistent with the "20-year eastern forest health strategy," the "10-year wildland fire protection strategy," and the "forest action plan"; and

(e) Funding for the investment in and maintenance of tracking and reporting systems to ensure accountability and transparency in wildfire prevention and preparedness activities and costs.

(3) Appropriations for forest health activities in each bienniummust not be less than twenty-five million dollars.

30 (4) No expenditures from the wildfire prevention and preparedness31 account may be made without an appropriation.

32 (5) The legislature may direct the forest health advisory 33 committee established in RCW 76.06.200 and wildland fire advisory 34 committee established in RCW 76.04.179 to provide recommendations for 35 investments under this section.

36 (6) (a) The forest health advisory committee and wildland fire 37 advisory committee must use environmental justice or equity focused 38 tools, such as the Washington tracking network's environmental health 39 disparities tool, to identify highly impacted communities. Analysis

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1 of how to benefit these communities must be used as a factor in 2 determining recommendations for investments under this section.

3 (b) For the purposes of (a) of this subsection, "highly impacted 4 communities" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 19.405.020.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 48.02 6 RCW to read as follows:

7 (1) Beginning July 1, 2021, each property and casualty insurer, 8 except a medical professional liability business, must collect a 9 wildfire surcharge of five dollars per policy in this state during 10 the previous calendar year. However, the minimum wildfire surcharge 11 payment from any one property and casualty insurer in the state must 12 not be less than one thousand dollars per year.

(2) Beginning July 15, 2021, wildfire surcharge payments are due and payable by July 15th of each year. Any property and casualty insurer failing to pay the wildfire surcharge by July 31st must pay the same penalties as the penalties for failure to pay taxes when due under RCW 48.14.060. The wildfire surcharge required by this section is in addition to all taxes and fees now imposed or that may be subsequently imposed.

(3) All moneys collected under this section must be deposited in
 the wildfire prevention and preparedness account created in section 2
 of this act.

(4) (a) Each property and casualty insurer may annually collect wildfire surcharges remitted in preceding years by means of a policyholder surcharge on premiums charged for property and casualty insurance. The recoupment is at a uniform rate reasonably calculated to collect the wildfire surcharge remitted by the insurer.

(b) If an insurer fails to collect the entire amount of the recoupment in the first year under this section, it may repeat the recoupment procedure provided for in this subsection in succeeding years until the wildfire surcharge is fully collected or a de minimis amount remains uncollected. Any such de minimis amount may be collected as provided in (d) of this subsection.

34 (c) The amount and nature of any recoupment must be separately 35 stated on either a billing or policy declaration sent to an insured. 36 The amount of the recoupment must not be considered a premium for any 37 purpose, including the premium tax or agents' commissions.

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1 (d) An insurer may elect not to collect the wildfire surcharge 2 from its insured. In such a case, the insurer may recoup the wildfire 3 surcharge through its rates, if the following requirements are met:

4 (i) The insurer remits the amount of surcharge not collected by 5 election under this subsection; and

6 (ii) The surcharge is not considered a premium for any purpose, 7 including the premium tax or agents' commissions.

8 (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 9 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

10 (a) "Property and casualty insurer" means every insurer, as 11 defined in RCW 48.01.050, having a certificate of authority to do 12 property and casualty business in this state.

(b) "Receipts" means net direct premiums consisting of direct 13 gross premiums, as defined in RCW 48.18.170, paid for insurance 14 written or renewed upon risks or property resident, situated, or to 15 16 be performed in this state, less return premiums and premiums on 17 policies not taken, dividends paid or credited to policyholders on direct business, and premiums received from policies or contracts 18 19 issued in connection with qualified plans as defined in RCW 48.14.021. 20

21 Sec. 4. RCW 48.14.040 and 2008 c 217 s 7 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

(1) If pursuant to the laws of any other state or country, any 23 licenses, fees, deposits, or other obligations or 24 taxes, prohibitions, in the aggregate, or additional to or at a net rate in 25 26 excess of any such taxes, licenses, fees, deposits or other 27 obligations or prohibitions imposed by the laws of this state upon 28 like foreign or alien insurers and their appointed insurance producers or title insurance agents, are imposed on insurers of this 29 30 state and their appointed insurance producers or title insurance 31 agents doing business in such other state or country, a like rate, obligation or prohibition may be imposed by the commissioner, as to 32 any item or combination of items involved, upon all insurers of such 33 other state or country and their appointed insurance producers or 34 35 title insurance agents doing business in this state, so long as such laws remain in force or are so applied. 36

37 (2) For the purposes of this section, an alien insurer may be 38 deemed to be domiciled in the state wherein it has established its 39 principal office or agency in the United States. If no such office or

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1 agency has been established, the domicile of the alien insurer 2 ((shall be)) is deemed to be the country under the laws of which it 3 is formed.

4 (3) For the purposes of this section, the regulatory surcharge
5 imposed by RCW 48.02.190 ((shall)) and the wildfire surcharge imposed
6 by section 3 of this act may not be included in the calculation of
7 any retaliatory taxes, licenses, fees, deposits, or other obligations
8 or prohibitions imposed under this section.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 76.04 10 RCW to read as follows:

(1) By July 1, 2025, and in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, the joint legislative audit and review committee, in consultation with the department and the office of the insurance commissioner, must report to the legislature on the following:

15 (a) The effectiveness of the expenditures made pursuant to 16 section 2 of this act;

17 (b) The amount raised by the wildfire surcharge created in 18 section 3 of this act; and

19 (c) The number and type of policies the wildfire surcharge 20 created in section 3 of this act applies to.

(2) The joint legislative audit and review committee must include recommendations on any adjustments that may be necessary or advisable to the wildfire surcharge created in section 3 of this act, or the mechanism of funding dispensation as created in section 2 of this act.

26 (3) This section expires July 1, 2026.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. This act may be known and cited as the 28 wildfire prevention and preparedness act.

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