HOUSE BILL 2675

State of Washington		63rd Le	egislature	203	2014 Regular Session		
By Representatives Scott, and Young	Shea,	Blake,	Moscoso,	Reykdal,	Sells,	Condotta,	

Read first time 01/24/14. Referred to Committee on Transportation.

AN ACT Relating to provisions applicable to off-road, nonhighway, and wheeled all-terrain vehicles and their drivers; amending RCW 38.52.180, 46.09.320, 46.09.360, 46.09.442, 46.09.450, 46.09.455, and 46.09.457; reenacting and amending RCW 46.09.310 and 46.09.310; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 Sec. 1. RCW 38.52.180 and 2011 c 336 s 791 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) There shall be no liability on the part of anyone including any 10 person, partnership, corporation, the state of Washington or any 11 political subdivision thereof who owns or maintains any building or 12 premises which have been designated by a local organization for emergency management as a shelter from destructive operations or 13 14 attacks by enemies of the United States for any injuries sustained by 15 any person while in or upon said building or premises, as a result of 16 the condition of said building or premises or as a result of any act or omission, or in any way arising from the designation of such premises 17 18 as a shelter, when such person has entered or gone upon or into said 19 building or premises for the purpose of seeking refuge therein during destructive operations or attacks by enemies of the United States or during tests ordered by lawful authority, except for an act of willful negligence by such owner or occupant or his or her servants, agents, or employees.

(2) All legal liability for damage to property or injury or death 5 to persons (except an emergency worker, regularly enrolled and acting 6 7 as such), caused by acts done or attempted during or while traveling to 8 or from an emergency or disaster, search and rescue, or training or 9 exercise authorized by the department in preparation for an emergency or disaster or search and rescue, under the color of this chapter in a 10 bona fide attempt to comply therewith, except as provided 11 in subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section regarding covered 12 13 volunteer emergency workers, shall be the obligation of the state of Washington. Suits may be instituted and maintained against the state 14 15 for the enforcement of such liability, or for the indemnification of persons appointed and regularly enrolled as emergency workers while 16 17 actually engaged in emergency management duties, or as members of any agency of the state or political subdivision thereof engaged in 18 19 emergency management activity, or their dependents, for damage done to 20 their private property, or for any judgment against them for acts done 21 in good faith in compliance with this chapter: PROVIDED, That the 22 foregoing shall not be construed to result in indemnification in any 23 case of willful misconduct, gross negligence, or bad faith on the part of any agent of emergency management: PROVIDED, That should the United 24 States or any agency thereof, in accordance with any federal statute, 25 26 rule, or regulation, provide for the payment of damages to property 27 and/or for death or injury as provided for in this section, then and in 28 that event there shall be no liability or obligation whatsoever upon 29 the part of the state of Washington for any such damage, death, or 30 injury for which the United States government assumes liability.

31 (3) No act or omission by a covered volunteer emergency worker 32 while engaged in a covered activity shall impose any liability for 33 civil damages resulting from such an act or omission upon:

34 (a) The covered volunteer emergency worker;

35 (b) The supervisor or supervisors of the covered volunteer 36 emergency worker;

37 (c) Any facility or their officers or employees;

1 (d) The employer <u>or sponsoring organization</u> of the covered 2 volunteer emergency worker;

3 (e) The owner of the property or vehicle where the act or omission4 may have occurred during the covered activity;

5 (f) Any local organization that registered the covered volunteer 6 emergency worker; and

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(g) The state or any state or local governmental entity.

8 (4) The immunity in subsection (3) of this section applies only 9 when the covered volunteer emergency worker was engaged in a covered 10 activity:

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(a) Within the scope of his or her assigned duties;

12 (b) Under the direction of a local emergency management 13 organization or the department, or a local law enforcement agency for 14 search and rescue; and

15 (c) The act or omission does not constitute gross negligence or 16 willful or wanton misconduct.

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(5) For purposes of this section:

(a) "Covered volunteer emergency worker" means an emergency worker as defined in RCW 38.52.010 who (i) is not receiving or expecting compensation as an emergency worker from the state or local government, or (ii) is not a state or local government employee unless on leave without pay status.

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(b) "Covered activity" means:

(i) Providing assistance or transportation authorized by the
department during an emergency or disaster or search and rescue as
defined in RCW 38.52.010, whether such assistance or transportation is
provided at the scene of the emergency or disaster or search and
rescue, at an alternative care site, at a hospital, or while in route
to or from such sites or between sites; or

30 (ii) Participating in training or exercise authorized by the 31 department in preparation for an emergency or disaster or search and 32 rescue.

(6) Any requirement for a license to practice any professional, mechanical, or other skill shall not apply to any authorized emergency worker who shall, in the course of performing his or her duties as such, practice such professional, mechanical, or other skill during an emergency described in this chapter. 1 (7) The provisions of this section shall not affect the right of 2 any person to receive benefits to which he or she would otherwise be 3 entitled under this chapter, or under the workers' compensation law, or 4 under any pension or retirement law, nor the right of any such person 5 to receive any benefits or compensation under any act of congress.

6 Sec. 2. RCW 46.09.310 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 23 s 2 are each 7 reenacted and amended to read as follows:

8 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 9 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Advisory committee" means the nonhighway and off-road vehicle
 activities advisory committee established in RCW 46.09.340.

(2) "Board" means the recreation and conservation funding boardestablished in RCW 79A.25.110.

14 (3) "Dealer" means a person, partnership, association, or
15 corporation engaged in the business of selling off-road vehicles at
16 wholesale or retail in this state.

17 (4) "Direct supervision" means that the supervising adult must be 18 in a position, on another wheeled all-terrain vehicle or specialty off-19 highway vehicle or motorbike or, if on the ground, within a reasonable 20 distance of the unlicensed operator, to provide close support, 21 assistance, or direction to the unlicensed operator.

(5) "Emergency management" means the carrying out of emergency functions related to responding and recovering from emergencies and disasters, and to aid victims suffering from injury or damage, resulting from disasters caused by all hazards, whether natural, technological, or human caused, and to provide support for search and rescue operations for persons and property in distress.

(6) "Highway," for the purpose of this chapter only, means the entire width between the boundary lines of every roadway publicly maintained by the state department of transportation or any county or city with funding from the motor vehicle fund. A highway is generally capable of travel by a conventional two-wheel drive passenger automobile <u>or other vehicles as allowed by law</u> during most of the year and in use by such vehicles.

35 (7) "Nonhighway road" means any road owned or managed by a public 36 agency, a primitive road, or any private road for which the owner has 37 granted an easement for public use for which appropriations from the

1 motor vehicle fund were not used for (a) original construction or 2 reconstruction in the last twenty-five years; or (b) maintenance in the 3 last four years.

4 (8) "Nonhighway road recreation facilities" means recreational
5 facilities that are adjacent to, or accessed by, a nonhighway road and
6 intended primarily for nonhighway road recreational users.

7 (9) "Nonhighway road recreational user" means a person whose 8 purpose for consuming fuel on a nonhighway road or off-road is 9 primarily for nonhighway road recreational purposes, including, but not 10 limited to, hunting, fishing, camping, sightseeing, wildlife viewing, 11 picnicking, driving for pleasure, kayaking/canoeing, and gathering 12 berries, firewood, mushrooms, and other natural products.

(10) "Nonhighway vehicle" means any motorized vehicle including an ORV when used for recreational purposes on nonhighway roads, trails, or a variety of other natural terrain.

16 Nonhighway vehicle does not include:

17 (a) Any vehicle designed primarily for travel on, over, or in the 18 water;

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(b) Snowmobiles or any military vehicles; or

(c) Any vehicle eligible for a motor vehicle fuel tax exemption or
rebate under chapter 82.36 RCW while an exemption or rebate is claimed.
This exemption includes but is not limited to farm, construction, and
logging vehicles.

(11) "Nonmotorized recreational facilities" means recreational trails and facilities that are adjacent to, or accessed by, a nonhighway road and intended primarily for nonmotorized recreational users.

28 (12) "Nonmotorized recreational user" means a person whose purpose 29 for consuming fuel on a nonhighway road or off-road is primarily for 30 nonmotorized recreational purposes including, but not limited to, 31 walking, hiking, backpacking, climbing, cross-country skiing, 32 snowshoeing, mountain biking, horseback riding, and pack animal 33 activities.

34 (13) "Organized competitive event" means any competition, 35 advertised in advance through written notice to organized clubs or 36 published in local newspapers, sponsored by recognized clubs, and 37 conducted at a predetermined time and place. (14) "ORV recreation facilities" include, but are not limited to,
 ORV trails, trailheads, campgrounds, ORV sports parks, and ORV use
 areas, designated for ORV use by the managing authority.

4 (15) "ORV recreational user" means a person whose purpose for 5 consuming fuel on nonhighway roads or off-road is primarily for ORV 6 recreational purposes, including but not limited to riding an all-7 terrain vehicle, motorcycling, or driving a four-wheel drive vehicle or 8 dune buggy.

9 (16) "ORV sports park" means a facility designed to accommodate 10 competitive ORV recreational uses including, but not limited to, 11 motocross racing, four-wheel drive competitions, and flat track racing. 12 Use of ORV sports parks can be competitive or noncompetitive in nature.

13 (17) "ORV trail" means a multiple-use corridor designated by the 14 managing authority and maintained for recreational use by motorized 15 vehicles.

16 (18) "Primitive road" means a linear route managed for use by four-17 wheel drive or high-clearance vehicles that is generally not maintained 18 or paved, a road designated by a county as primitive under RCW 19 36.75.300, or a road designated by a city or town as primitive under a 10 local ordinance.

21 (19) "Wheeled all-terrain vehicle" means (a) any motorized 22 nonhighway vehicle with handlebars that is fifty inches or less in width, has a seat height of at least twenty inches, weighs less than 23 24 one thousand five hundred pounds, and has four tires having a diameter 25 of thirty inches or less, or (b) a utility-type vehicle designed for 26 and capable of travel over designated roads that travels on four or more low-pressure tires of twenty psi or less, has a maximum width less 27 28 than seventy-four inches, has a maximum weight less than two thousand pounds, has a wheelbase of one hundred ((ten)) thirty inches or less, 29 30 and satisfies at least one of the following: (i) Has a minimum width of fifty inches; (ii) has a minimum weight of at least nine hundred 31 32 pounds; or (iii) has a wheelbase of over sixty-one inches.

33 Sec. 3. RCW 46.09.310 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 23 s 3 are each 34 reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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(1) "Advisory committee" means the nonhighway and off-road vehicle
 activities advisory committee established in RCW 46.09.340.

3 (2) "Board" means the recreation and conservation funding board4 established in RCW 79A.25.110.

5 (3) "Dealer" means a person, partnership, association, or 6 corporation engaged in the business of selling off-road vehicles at 7 wholesale or retail in this state.

8 (4) "Direct supervision" means that the supervising adult must be 9 in a position, on another wheeled all-terrain vehicle or specialty off-10 highway vehicle or motorbike or, if on the ground, within a reasonable 11 distance of the unlicensed operator, to provide close support, 12 assistance, or direction to the unlicensed operator.

(5) "Emergency management" means the carrying out of emergency functions related to responding and recovering from emergencies and disasters, and to aid victims suffering from injury or damage, resulting from disasters caused by all hazards, whether natural, technological, or human caused, and to provide support for search and rescue operations for persons and property in distress.

19 (6) "Highway," for the purpose of this chapter only, means the 20 entire width between the boundary lines of every roadway publicly 21 maintained by the state department of transportation or any county or 22 city with funding from the motor vehicle fund. A highway is generally 23 capable of travel by a conventional two-wheel drive passenger 24 automobile <u>or other vehicles as allowed by law</u> during most of the year 25 and in use by such vehicles.

(7) "Nonhighway road" means any road owned or managed by a public agency, a primitive road, or any private road for which the owner has granted an easement for public use for which appropriations from the motor vehicle fund were not used for (a) original construction or reconstruction in the last twenty-five years; or (b) maintenance in the last four years.

(8) "Nonhighway road recreation facilities" means recreational
 facilities that are adjacent to, or accessed by, a nonhighway road and
 intended primarily for nonhighway road recreational users.

35 (9) "Nonhighway road recreational user" means a person whose 36 purpose for consuming fuel on a nonhighway road or off-road is 37 primarily for nonhighway road recreational purposes, including, but not

limited to, hunting, fishing, camping, sightseeing, wildlife viewing, 1 picnicking, driving for pleasure, kayaking/canoeing, and gathering 2 3 berries, firewood, mushrooms, and other natural products.

4 (10) "Nonhighway vehicle" means any motorized vehicle including an 5 ORV when used for recreational purposes on nonhighway roads, trails, or a variety of other natural terrain. б

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Nonhighway vehicle does not include:

(a) Any vehicle designed primarily for travel on, over, or in the 8 9 water;

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(b) Snowmobiles or any military vehicles; or

(c) Any vehicle eligible for a motor vehicle fuel tax exemption or 11 rebate under chapter 82.38 RCW while an exemption or rebate is claimed. 12 13 This exemption includes but is not limited to farm, construction, and 14 logging vehicles.

(11) "Nonmotorized recreational facilities" means recreational 15 trails and facilities that are adjacent to, or accessed by, a 16 17 nonhighway road and intended primarily for nonmotorized recreational 18 users.

(12) "Nonmotorized recreational user" means a person whose purpose 19 for consuming fuel on a nonhighway road or off-road is primarily for 20 21 nonmotorized recreational purposes including, but not limited to, 22 walking, hiking, backpacking, climbing, cross-country skiing, 23 mountain biking, horseback riding, snowshoeing, and pack animal 24 activities.

25 (13) "Organized competitive event" means any competition, 26 advertised in advance through written notice to organized clubs or 27 published in local newspapers, sponsored by recognized clubs, and 28 conducted at a predetermined time and place.

29 (14) "ORV recreation facilities" include, but are not limited to, 30 ORV trails, trailheads, campgrounds, ORV sports parks, and ORV use areas, designated for ORV use by the managing authority. 31

32 (15) "ORV recreational user" means a person whose purpose for consuming fuel on nonhighway roads or off-road is primarily for ORV 33 34 recreational purposes, including but not limited to riding an all-35 terrain vehicle, motorcycling, or driving a four-wheel drive vehicle or 36 dune buggy.

37 (16) "ORV sports park" means a facility designed to accommodate

competitive ORV recreational uses including, but not limited to,
 motocross racing, four-wheel drive competitions, and flat track racing.
 Use of ORV sports parks can be competitive or noncompetitive in nature.

4 (17) "ORV trail" means a multiple-use corridor designated by the
5 managing authority and maintained for recreational use by motorized
6 vehicles.

7 (18) "Primitive road" means a linear route managed for use by four-8 wheel drive or high-clearance vehicles that is generally not maintained 9 or paved, a road designated by a county as primitive under RCW 10 36.75.300, or a road designated by a city or town as primitive under a 11 local ordinance.

"Wheeled all-terrain vehicle" means (a) 12 (19) any motorized 13 nonhighway vehicle with handlebars that is fifty inches or less in width, has a seat height of at least twenty inches, weighs less than 14 one thousand five hundred pounds, and has four tires having a diameter 15 of thirty inches or less, or (b) a utility-type vehicle designed for 16 and capable of travel over designated roads that travels on four or 17 18 more low-pressure tires of twenty psi or less, has a maximum width less 19 than seventy-four inches, has a maximum weight less than two thousand pounds, has a wheelbase of one hundred ((ten)) thirty inches or less, 20 21 and satisfies at least one of the following: (i) Has a minimum width 22 of fifty inches; (ii) has a minimum weight of at least nine hundred 23 pounds; or (iii) has a wheelbase of over sixty-one inches.

24 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.09.320 and 2011 c 171 s 24 are each amended to read 25 as follows:

26 ((The department shall issue a certificate of title to the owner of 27 an off-road vehicle. The owner shall pay the fee established under RCW 28 46.17.100. Issuance of the certificate of title does not qualify the 29 vehicle for registration under chapter 46.16A RCW.)) (1) The 30 application for a certificate of title of an off-road vehicle must be made by the owner or owner's representative to the department, county 31 auditor or other agent, or subagent appointed by the director on a form 32 furnished or approved by the department and must contain: 33

34 <u>(a) A description of the off-road vehicle, including make, model,</u> 35 <u>vehicle identification number, type of body, and model year of the</u> 36 <u>vehicle;</u> 1 (b) The name and address of the person who is the registered owner 2 of the off-road vehicle and, if the off-road vehicle is subject to a

3 security interest, the name and address of the secured party; and

(c) Other information the department may require.

5 (2) The application for a certificate of title must be signed by 6 the person applying to be the registered owner and be sworn to by that 7 person in the manner described under RCW 9A.72.085.

8 (3) The owner must pay the fee established under RCW 46.17.100.

9 <u>(4) Issuance of the certificate of title does not qualify the off-</u> 10 <u>road vehicle for registration under chapter 46.16A RCW.</u>

11 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.09.360 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 23 s 11 are each 12 amended to read as follows:

13 (((1))) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this chapter, any city, town, county, or other political subdivision of this state, or 14 15 any state agency, may regulate the operation of nonhighway vehicles on 16 public lands, waters, and other properties under its jurisdiction, and 17 on streets, roads, or highways within its boundaries by adopting 18 regulations or ordinances of its governing body, provided such regulations are not less stringent than the provisions of this chapter. 19 20 However, the legislative body of a city or town with a population of 21 less than three thousand persons may, by ordinance, designate a street 22 or highway within its boundaries to be suitable for use by off-road 23 vehicles. The legislative body of a county may, by ordinance, 24 designate a road or highway within its boundaries to be suitable for 25 use by off-road vehicles.

26 (((2) For purposes of this section, "off-road vehicles" does not 27 include wheeled all-terrain vehicles.))

28 Sec. 6. RCW 46.09.442 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 23 s 4 are each amended 29 to read as follows:

30 (1) Any wheeled all-terrain vehicle operated within this state must 31 display a metal tag to be affixed to the rear of the wheeled all-32 terrain vehicle. The initial metal tag must be issued with an original 33 off-road vehicle registration and upon payment of the initial vehicle 34 license fee under RCW 46.17.350(1)(s). The metal tag must be replaced 35 every seven years at a cost of two dollars. Revenue from replacement

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1 metal tags must be deposited into the nonhighway and off-road vehicle 2 activities program account. The department must design the metal tag, 3 which must:

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(a) Be the same size as a motorcycle license plate;

5 (b) Have the words "RESTRICTED VEHICLE" listed at the top of the 6 tag;

7 (c) Contain designated identification through a combination of
8 letters and numbers; and

9 (d) Leave space at the bottom left corner of the tag for an off-10 road tab issued under subsection (2) of this section((; and

11 (e) Leave space at the bottom right corner of the tag for an on-12 road tab, when required, issued under subsection (3) of this section)).

13 (2) A person who operates a wheeled all-terrain vehicle must have and proper off-road vehicle registration, with the 14 current a 15 appropriate off-road tab, and pay the annual vehicle license fee as provided in RCW 46.17.350(1)(s), which must be deposited into the 16 nonhighway and off-road vehicle activities program account. The off-17 18 road tab must be issued annually by the department upon payment of 19 initial and renewal vehicle license fees under RCW 46.17.350(1)(s).

(3) A person who operates a wheeled all-terrain vehicle upon a public roadway must have a current and proper on-road vehicle registration, with the appropriate on-road tab, which must be of a bright color that can be seen from a reasonable distance, and pay the annual vehicle license fee as provided in RCW 46.17.350(1)(r). The onroad tab must be issued annually by the department upon payment of initial and renewal vehicle license fees under RCW 46.17.350(1)(r).

27 (4) A wheeled all-terrain vehicle may not be registered for28 commercial use.

29 Sec. 7. RCW 46.09.450 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 23 s 15 are each 30 amended to read as follows:

31 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, it is lawful to 32 operate an off-road vehicle upon:

33 (a) A nonhighway road and in parking areas serving designated off-34 road vehicle areas if the state, federal, local, or private authority 35 responsible for the management of the nonhighway road authorizes the 36 use of off-road vehicles; 1 (b) A street, road, or highway as authorized under RCW 46.09.360; 2 ((and))

3 (c) Any trail, nonhighway road, or highway within the state while 4 being used under the authority or direction of an appropriate agency 5 that engages in emergency management, as defined in RCW 46.09.310, or 6 search and rescue, as defined in RCW 38.52.010, or a law enforcement 7 agency, as defined in RCW 16.52.011, within the scope of the agency's 8 official duties; and

9 <u>(d) Any public roadway, trail, nonhighway road, or highway</u> 10 providing a means of ingress or egress within or to a campground 11 <u>located in a state park or parkway administered by the state parks and</u> 12 recreation commission pursuant to chapter 79A.05 RCW.

13 (2) An off-road vehicle operated on a nonhighway road or on a 14 street, road, or highway as authorized under RCW 46.09.360 and this 15 section is exempt from both registration requirements of chapter 46.16A 16 RCW and vehicle lighting and equipment requirements of chapter 46.37 17 RCW.

18 (3) It is unlawful to operate an off-road vehicle upon a private 19 nonhighway road if the road owner has not authorized the use of off-20 road vehicles.

21 (4) Nothing in this section authorizes trespass on private 22 property.

(5) The provisions of RCW 4.24.210(5) apply to public and private landowners who allow members of the public to use public facilities accessed by a highway, street, or nonhighway road for recreational offroad vehicle use.

27 Sec. 8. RCW 46.09.455 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 23 s 6 are each amended 28 to read as follows:

(1) A person may operate a wheeled all-terrain vehicle upon any public roadway of this state, ((not including)) nonhighway road((s and)), or trail((s)), ((having a speed limit of thirty-five miles per hour or less)) subject to the following restrictions and requirements:

33 (a) A person may not operate a wheeled all-terrain vehicle upon 34 state highways that are listed in chapter 47.17 RCW; however, a person 35 may operate a wheeled all-terrain vehicle upon a segment of a state 36 highway listed in chapter 47.17 RCW if the segment is within the limits 1 of a city or town ((and the speed limit on the segment is thirty-five 2 miles per hour or less)) as designated by the legislative authority of 3 the city or town;

4 (b) A person operating a wheeled all-terrain vehicle may not cross 5 a public roadway, ((not including)) nonhighway road((s and)), or trail((s)), with a speed limit in excess of thirty-five miles per hour, 6 7 unless the crossing begins and ends on a public roadway, ((not including)) nonhighway road((s and)), or trail((s)), or an ORV trail, 8 with a speed limit of thirty-five miles per hour or less and occurs at 9 10 an intersection of approximately ninety degrees, except that the operator of a wheeled all-terrain vehicle may not cross at 11 an 12 uncontrolled intersection of a public highway listed under chapter 13 47.17 RCW;

(c)(i) A person may not operate a wheeled all-terrain vehicle on a public roadway, nonhighway road, or trail within the boundaries of a county((, not including nonhighway roads and trails,)) with a population of fifteen thousand or more unless the county by ordinance has approved the operation of wheeled all-terrain vehicles on county roadways, ((not including)) nonhighway roads, and trails.

(ii) The legislative body of a county with a population of fewer than fifteen thousand may, by ordinance, designate roadways or highways within its boundaries to be unsuitable for use by wheeled all-terrain vehicles.

(iii) Any public roadways, ((not including)) nonhighway roads ((and)), or trails(($_{7}$)) authorized by a legislative body of a county under (c)(i) of this subsection or designated as unsuitable under (c)(ii) of this subsection must be listed publicly and made accessible from the main page of the county web site.

(iv) This subsection (1)(c) does not affect any roadway that was designated as open or closed as of January 1, 2013;

(d)(i) A person may not operate a wheeled all-terrain vehicle on a public roadway, nonhighway road, or trail within the boundaries of a city or town((, not including nonhighway roads and trails,)) unless the city or town by ordinance has approved the operation of wheeled allterrain vehicles on city or town roadways, ((not including)) nonhighway roads, and trails.

37 (ii) Any public roadways, ((not including)) nonhighway roads

1 ((and)), or trails((7)) authorized by a legislative body of a city or 2 town under (d)(i) of this subsection must be listed publicly and made 3 accessible from the main page of the city or town web site.

4 (iii) This subsection (1)(d) does not affect any roadway that was 5 designated as open or closed as of January 1, 2013;

6 (e) Any person who violates this subsection commits a traffic 7 infraction.

8 (2) Local authorities may not establish requirements for the 9 registration of wheeled all-terrain vehicles.

10 (3)(a) A person may operate a wheeled all-terrain vehicle upon any 11 public roadway, trail, nonhighway road, or highway within the state 12 while being used under the authority or direction of an appropriate 13 agency that engages in emergency management, as defined in RCW 14 46.09.310, or search and rescue, as defined in RCW 38.52.010, or a law 15 enforcement agency, as defined in RCW 16.52.011, within the scope of 16 the agency's official duties.

17 (b) A person may operate a wheeled all-terrain vehicle upon any 18 public roadway, trail, nonhighway road, or highway providing a means of 19 ingress or egress within or to a campground located in a state park or 20 parkway administered by the state parks and recreation commission 21 pursuant to chapter 79A.05 RCW.

(4) A wheeled all-terrain vehicle is an off-road vehicle for thepurposes of chapter 4.24 RCW.

24 Sec. 9. RCW 46.09.457 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 23 s 7 are each amended 25 to read as follows:

(1) A person may operate a wheeled all-terrain vehicle upon any public roadway of this state, ((not including)) nonhighway road((s and)), or trail((s)), subject to the following equipment and declaration requirements:

30 (a) A person who operates a wheeled all-terrain vehicle must comply31 with the following equipment requirements:

32 (i) Headlights meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.030 and 33 46.37.040 and used at all times when the vehicle is in motion upon a 34 highway;

(ii) One tail lamp meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.525 and
 used at all times when the vehicle is in motion upon a highway;

however, a utility-type vehicle, as described under RCW 46.09.310, must have two tail lamps meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.070(1) and to be used at all times when the vehicle is in motion upon a highway;

(iii) A stop lamp meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.200;

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(iv) Reflectors meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.060;

6 (v) During hours of darkness, as defined in RCW 46.04.200, turn 7 signals meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.200. Outside of hours of 8 darkness, the operator must comply with RCW 46.37.200 or 46.61.310;

9 (vi) A mirror attached to either the right or left handlebar, which 10 must be located to give the operator a complete view of the highway for 11 a distance of at least two hundred feet to the rear of the vehicle; 12 however, a utility-type vehicle, as described under RCW 46.09.310(19), 13 must have two mirrors meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.400;

14 (vii) A windshield meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.430, 15 unless the operator wears glasses, goggles, or a face shield while 16 operating the vehicle, of a type conforming to rules adopted by the 17 Washington state patrol;

18 (viii) A horn or warning device meeting the requirements of RCW 19 46.37.380;

20 (ix)

(ix) Brakes in working order;

(x) A spark arrester and muffling device meeting the requirements
 of RCW 46.09.470; and

(xi) For utility-type vehicles, as described under RCW
46.09.310(19), seatbelts meeting the requirements of RCW 46.37.510.

(b) A person who operates a wheeled all-terrain vehicle upon a
 public roadway must provide a declaration that includes the following:

27 (i) Documentation of a safety inspection to be completed by a licensed wheeled all-terrain vehicle dealer or motor vehicle repair 28 29 shop in the state of Washington that must outline the vehicle 30 information and certify under oath that all wheeled all-terrain vehicle equipment as required under this section meets the requirements 31 32 outlined in state and federal law. A person who makes a false statement regarding the inspection of equipment required under this 33 section is guilty of false swearing, a gross misdemeanor, under RCW 34 35 9A.72.040;

36 (ii) Documentation that the licensed wheeled all-terrain vehicle 37 dealer or <u>motor vehicle</u> repair shop did not charge more than fifty 1 dollars per safety inspection and that the entire safety inspection fee
2 is paid directly and only to the licensed wheeled all-terrain vehicle
3 dealer or motor vehicle repair shop;

4 (iii) A statement that the licensed wheeled all-terrain vehicle
5 dealer or motor vehicle repair shop is entitled to the full amount
6 charged for the safety inspection;

7 (iv) A vehicle identification number verification that must be 8 completed by a licensed wheeled all-terrain vehicle dealer or motor 9 <u>vehicle</u> repair shop in the state of Washington; and

10 (v) A release signed by the owner of the wheeled all-terrain 11 vehicle and verified by the department, county auditor or other agent, 12 or subagent appointed by the director that releases the state from any 13 liability and outlines that the owner understands that the original 14 wheeled all-terrain vehicle was not manufactured for on-road use and 15 that it has been modified for use on public roadways.

16 (2) This section does not apply to emergency services vehicles, 17 vehicles used for emergency management purposes, or vehicles used in 18 the production of agricultural and timber products on and across lands 19 owned, leased, or managed by the owner or operator of the wheeled all-20 terrain vehicle or the operator's employer.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. Section 2 of this act expires July 1, 2015.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. Section 3 of this act takes effect July 1,
2015.

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